

A project of Volunteers in Asia

How to Build a Pit Latrine

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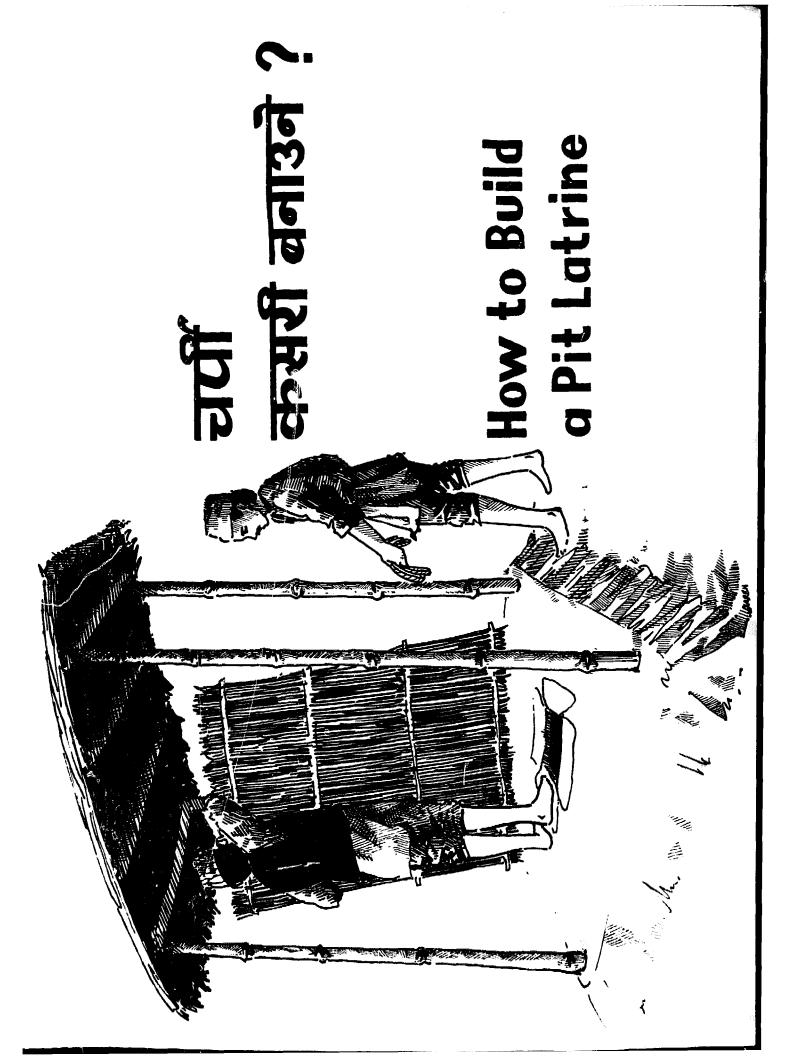
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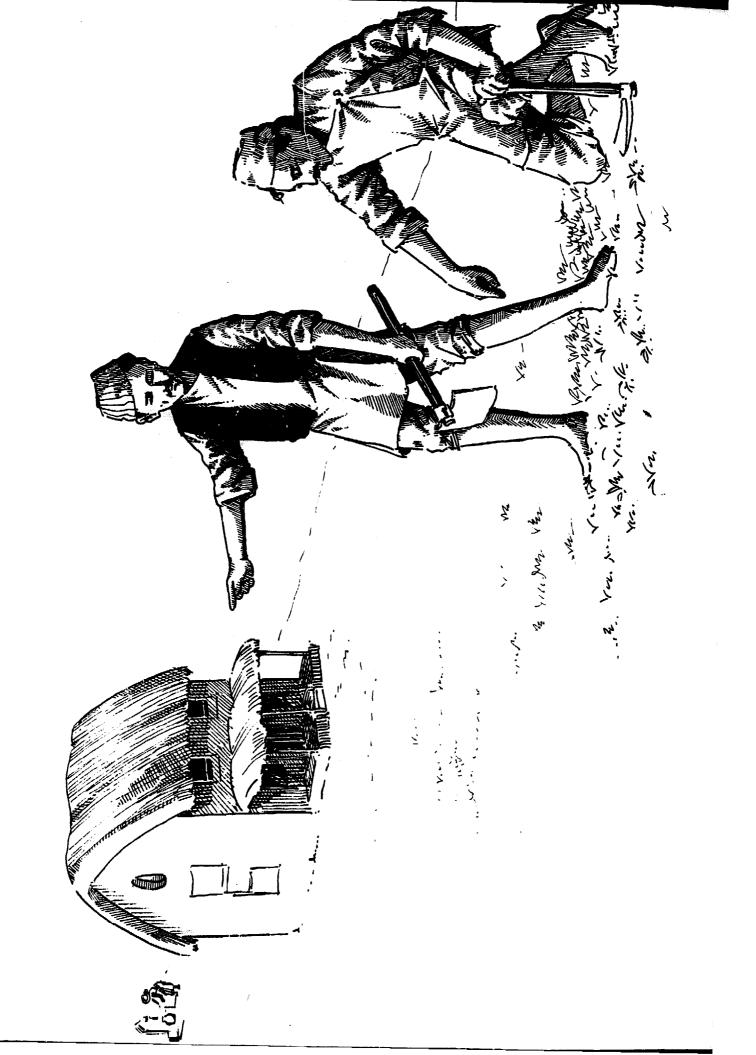
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१ आफु बसने घर र खाने पातीको मुहान देखि अन्दाजी २५ कदम टाढा चर्ची बनाउनु पर्छ। सकभर पातीको मुहान देखि चर्पी तलितर बनाउनु पर्छ। यसी गर्दा, त्यो मुहान फाहरबाट बच्ढछ।

1. BUILD THE LATRINE ABOUT 25 STEPS AWAY FROM YOUR HOUSE AND DRINKING WATER SOURCE. IF POSSIBLE THE LATRINE SHOULD BE BUILT BELOW THE WATER SOURCE. THIS IS TO PREVENT THE LATRINE POLLUTING THE WATER SOURCE AND THEREFORE MAKING PEOPLE ILL.



२ जोत्नी आकारकी दुई हात चौडाई भएको खाल्डा खत्न चिनो त्नगाउनु होस। यो आकारको खाल्डो अस्भन्दा बित्रयो हुन्छ।

2. MARK THE GROUND SO AS TO DIG A CIRCULAR PIT ABOUT 2 "HAAT" WIDE. A "HAAT" IS AN ARMLENGTH, ABOUT 18 INCHES. A CIRCULAR PIT WILL BE STRONGER THAN A SQUARE PIT.



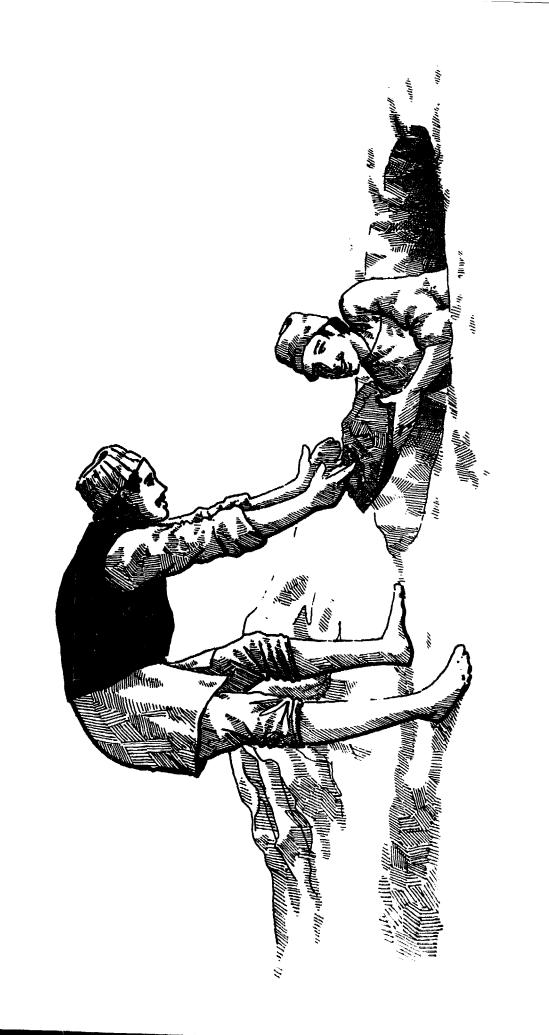
३ गोलो आकारको रवाल्डो रवन्तु हास । रवाल्डो रवन्दा माटो एकालिर मात्र थुपार्तुम् किनभने पिछ रवाल्डो ढाक्ने बेला मा काम लाग्छ ।

^{3.} AS YOU DIG THE PIT, PUT ALL THE EARTH ON ONE SIDE. YOU WILL NEED IT LATER TO MAKE THE COVER.



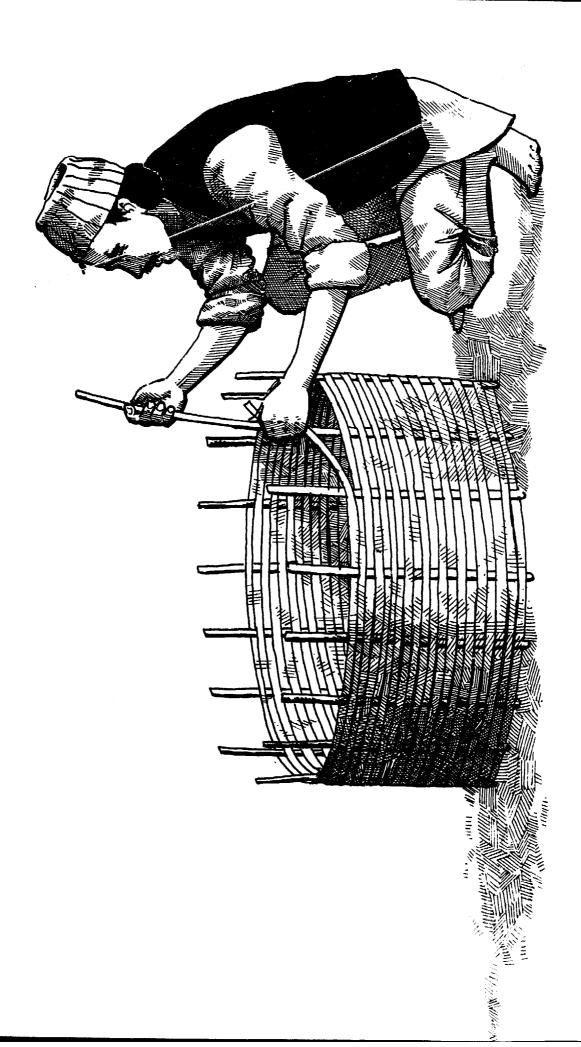
8. स्वाल्डो अन्दाजी एक मान्छे जाति अध्यवा चार हात गहिंगे स्वन्नु होस् ।

DIG THE PIT ABOUT ONE MAN OR FOUR "HAAT" DEEP (ABOUT 6 FEET.)



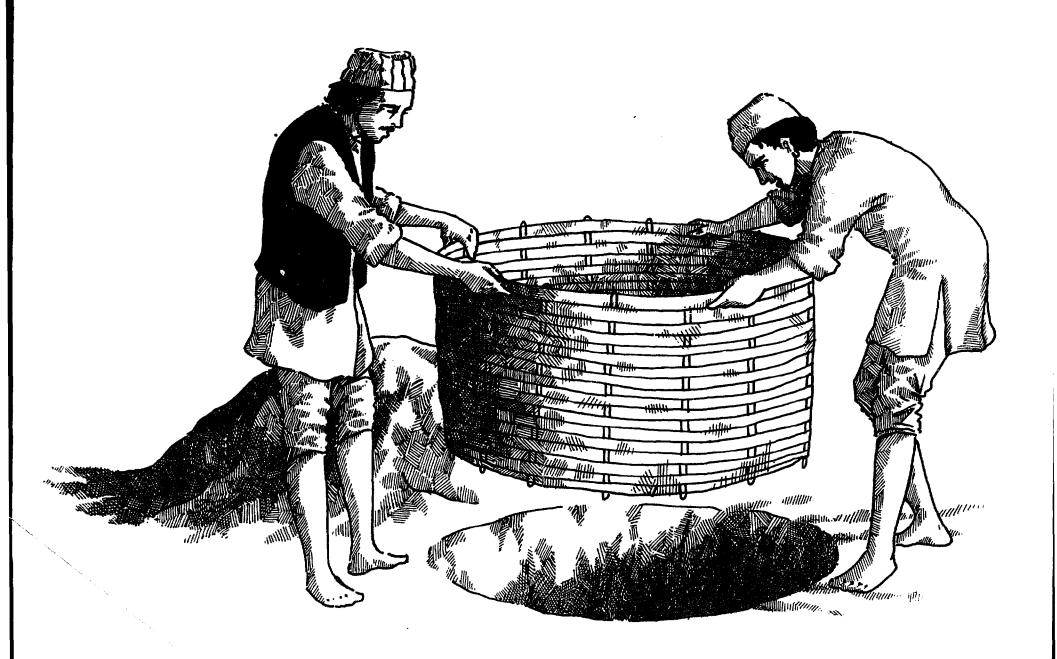
थ्र, दुई हात अञ्लो र गोलो आकारको भकारी बनाउनु होस ।

5. WE WILL DESCRIBE TWO WAYS OF LINING THE PIT. THE FIRST IS TO MAKE A CIRCULAR "BHAKARI" ABOUT TWO HAAT HIGH. (A "BHAKARI" IS A WOVEN BAMBOO MAT.)



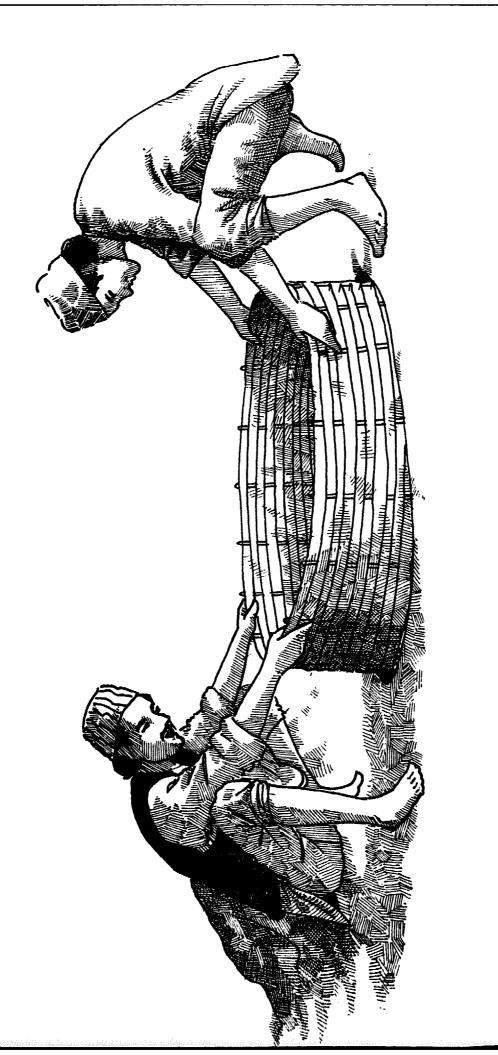
६ खालडोको गोलाई र भकारीको गोलाई बराबरी हुनु पर्छ। यो भकारीले पर्खालको काम गर्छ। यसले खाल्डो भासिन दिदेन।

6. THE CIRCUMFERENCE OF THE "BHAKARI" SHOULD BE THE SAME AS THE CIRCUMFERENCE OF THE PIT. THE LINING IS TO PREVENT THE SOIL SLIPPING INTO THE PIT AND SO WILL HELP TO PREVENT THE LATRINE COLLAPSING.



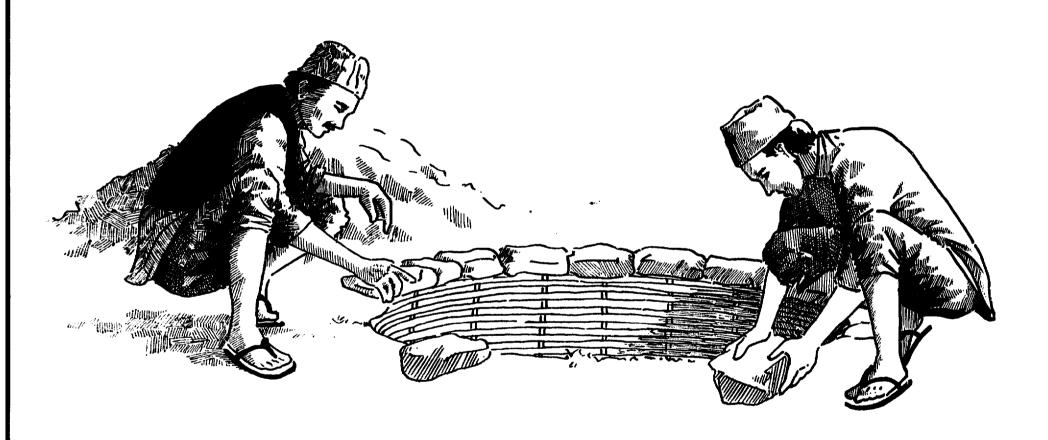
७ भकारी रवाल्डोमाटम्म मिल्ने गरी राखनु होस ।

7. PUSH THE "BHAKARI" FIRMLY INTO THE PIT.



८ भकारी खाल्डोमा रारव्दा यसको माधिकलो भाग जमीन संग मिलेको हुनु पर्छ । भकारी घुसारे पिछ खाल्डोको चौरितर ठूलो ढुङ्गाहरू रारव्नुस्। युसो गर्नाले वर्षा महिनामा पानी खाल्डा भित्र परन पाउँदेन ।

^{8.} WHILE PUTTING THE "BHAKARI" IN THE PIT ITS UPPER PART SHOULD BE LEVEL WITH THE GROUND. AFTER INSERTING THE "BHAKARI" PUT SOME LARGE STONES ALL AROUND THE PIT. THIS WAY WATER WON'T GET INSIDE DURING THE MONSOON.



४. जहाँ पुर्स्नो माटो हुन्छ त्यहाँ भकारीको सट्टा ढुङ्गा राखे हुन्छ । ढुङ्गा राखेन हो भने खाल्डी खन्दा माधाबाट ढुई हात तलसम्म मात्र अन्ति फराकिलो गरी खन्तुस ।

9. INSTEAD OF A "BHAKARI" YOU CAN ALSO USE STONES. IF YOU USE STONES DIG THE UPPER TWO HAAT UPPER TWO HAAT OF THE PIT A LITTLE WIDER. (STONES SHOULD BE USED WHEN THE SOIL STABILITY IS POOR.)



१०, खाल्होको फेद देखि ने पक्का गरी दुङ्गा ओछयाँउँ माधिसम्म ल्याउन ।

^{10.} THE DRY STONE SHOULD BE FROM THE BASE TO THE TOP OF THE PIT AND THE STONES SHOULD BE WELL SET.



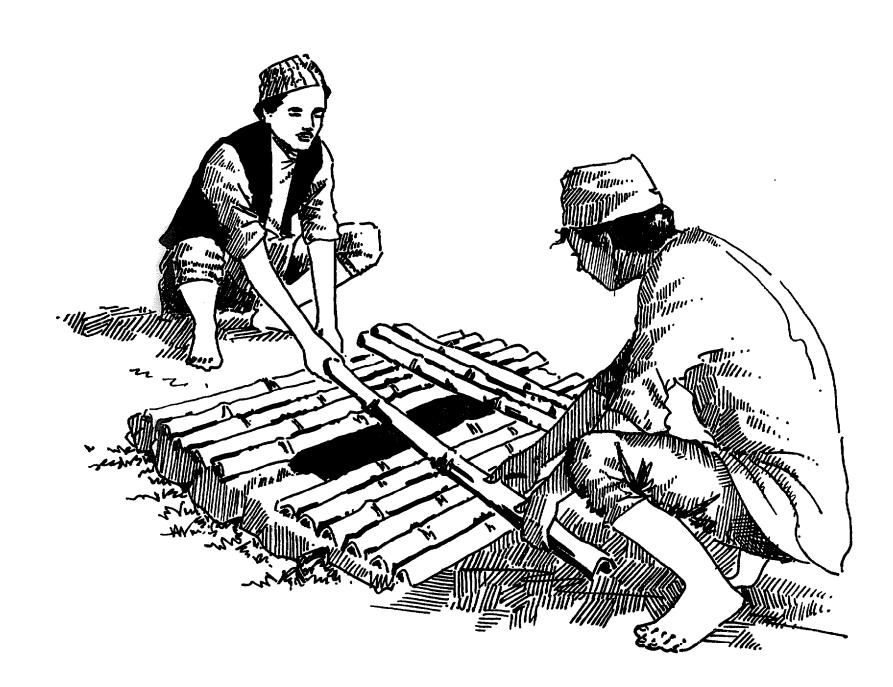
भ,रवाल्डोको मुख वरिपरि एक बित्ता जित अग्लो गारो लगाउनुस । यस्ले चर्पाको भुई राम्रो र बलियो पार्छ ।

11. BUILD THE WALL ABOUT ONE SPAN HIGHER THAN THE GROUND ALL AROUND THE MOUTH OF THE PIT. (A SPAN IS THE DISTANCE FROM THE TIP OF THE THUMB TO THE TIP OF THE LITTLE FINGER - ABOUT 9 INCHES.) THIS WILL GIVE A GOOD BASE TO THE LATRINE HOUSE.



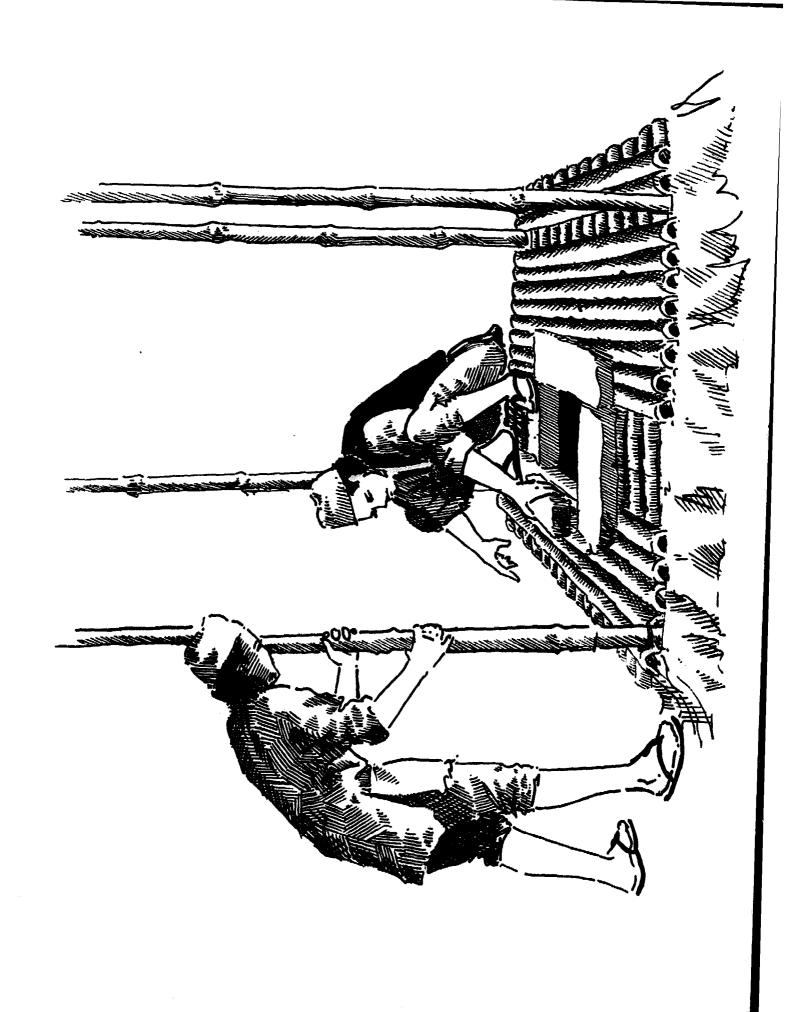
सिको कर्टराले खालडो ढाकनुस्। स्वालडोकोबीचमा क हात लामो र एक बित्ता जित चाडा दिशा गर्ने प्वाल रुवनुस्। बॉसको सट्टा काठको फल्याक वा लामोढुड्डा रुक्ते पित स्वालडो ढाकत स्रिकत्छ।

OVER THE PIT WITH PIECES OF SPLIT BAMBOO. IN THE MIDDLE OF IE COVER LEAVE A HOLE FOR DEFECATING ONE "HAAT" LONG AND LITTLE LESS THAN A SPAN WIDE. INSTEAD OF BAMBOO THE COVER AN ALSO BE MADE OF PLANKS OR LONG STONES.



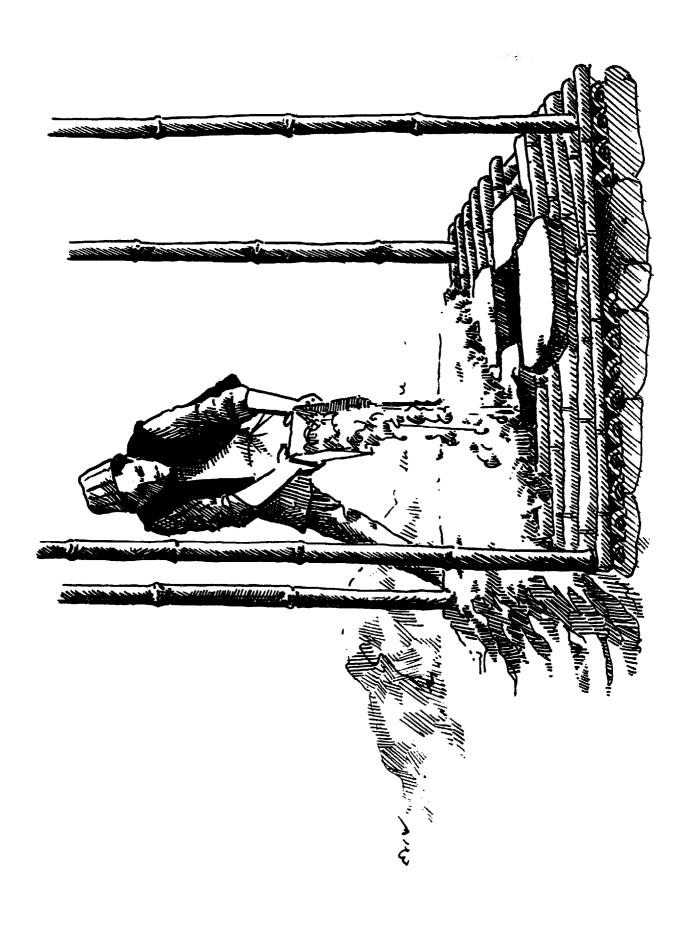
43, प्वालको विरिषिर चेप्टा दुङ्गाहरू रारजुस । दुङ्गारारताले सफा गर्न स्वितलो हुन्छ । छाप्रो बनाउनको लाग चारे कुनामा रवम्बा गाड्नुस् । प्वालको छेउबाट पछाडिको बार एक बित्ता जीत पर रारठनुस् ।

^{13.} PUT SOME FLAT STONES AROUND THE HOLE. BY PUTTING STONES IT WILL BE EASIER TO CLEAN. TO MAKE THE HUT, PUT FOUR POLES AT THE FOUR CORNERS. THE REAR WALL SHOULD BE A LITTLE LESS THAN A SPAN AWAY FROM THE EDGE OF THE HOLE.



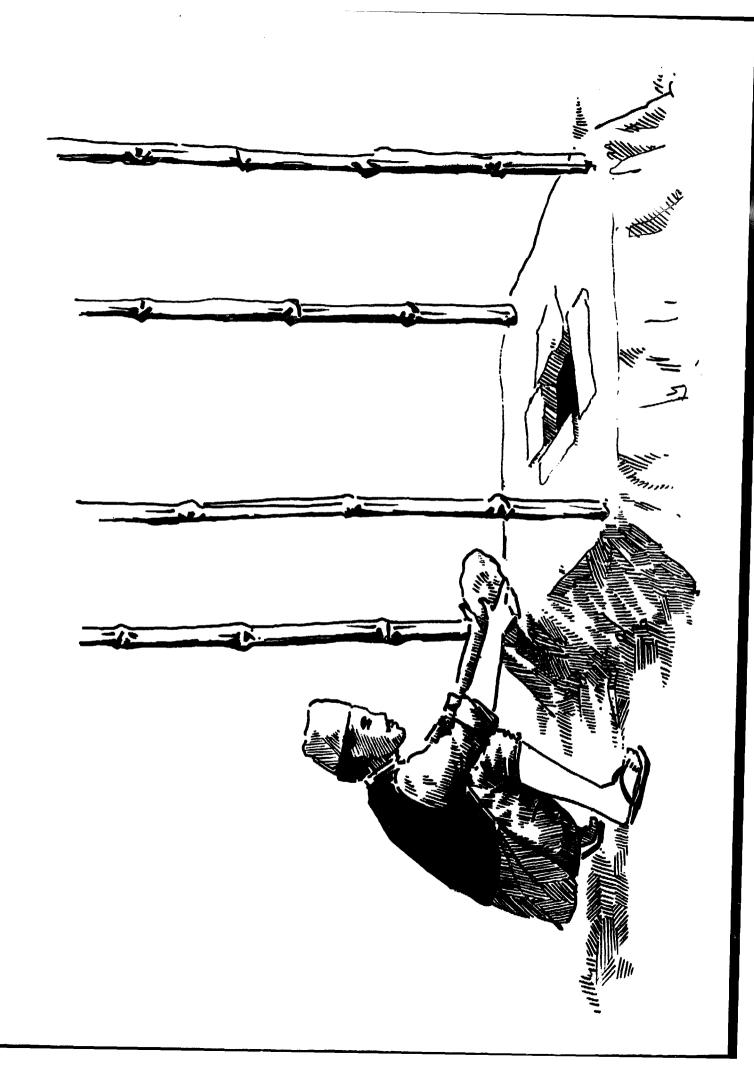
%, रवालडो लाई बॉसको कप्टेरा वा ढुङ्गा वा काठको फल्याकले ढाके पछि माटाले पुर्तुस्। यसो गर्नाले चपीको भुई सफा देखिन्छ।

^{14.} AFTER COVERING THE PIT WITH BAMBOO, PLANKS OR STONES, SPREAD EARTH OVER IT. THIS WILL GIVE A GOOD FINISH TO THE FLOOR OF THE LATRINE.



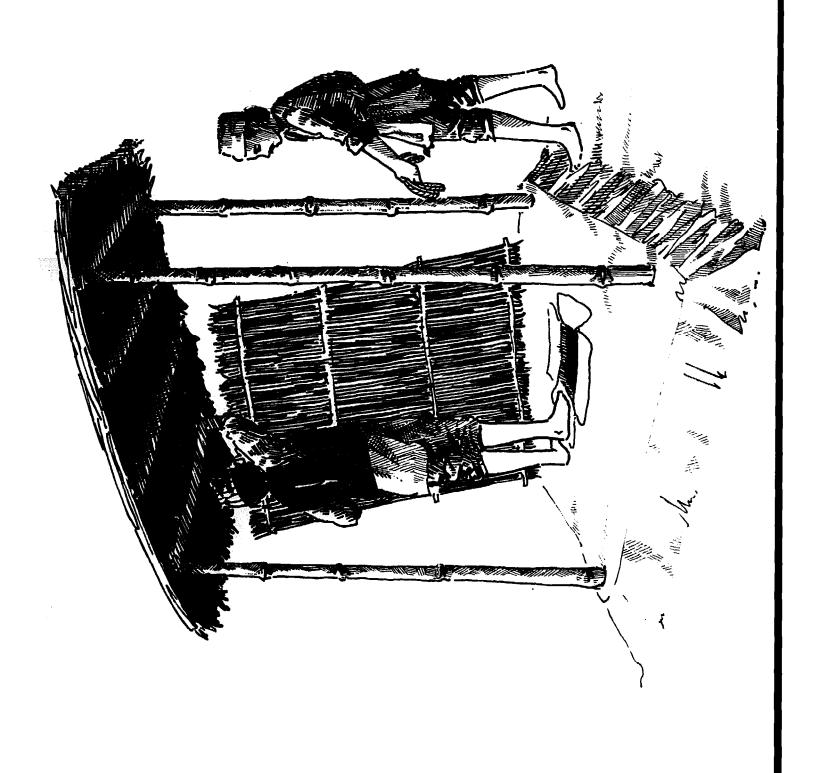
% माटोले पुर्दा बेर्परी थिचेरं बलियो बनाउनुस । अब छाप्रो बनाउनु पर्छ ।

15. AFTER SPREADING THE DIRT, COMPACT IT FIRMLY. NOW WE HAVE TO BUILD THE HUT.



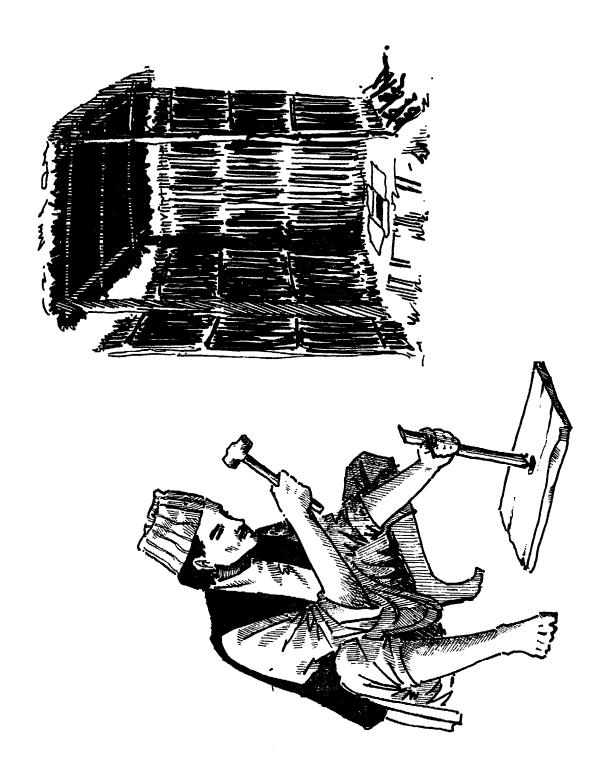
% चर्पाको तीन तिर खर, पराल, चित्रा वा स्याउला मध्ये जुन पाइन्ध्र त्यसको बार बनाउनुस। धाना र वारको बीचमा हावा परने सानो ठाउँ रारुठनुस्।

^{16.} MAKE WALLS ON THREE SIDES WITH REEDS, STRAW, WOVEN MATTING, GRASS OR WHATEVER IS AVAILABLE. PUT A DOOR ON ONE SIDE. BETWEEN THE WALLS AND THE ROOF LEAVE A SMALL SPACE FOR AIR.



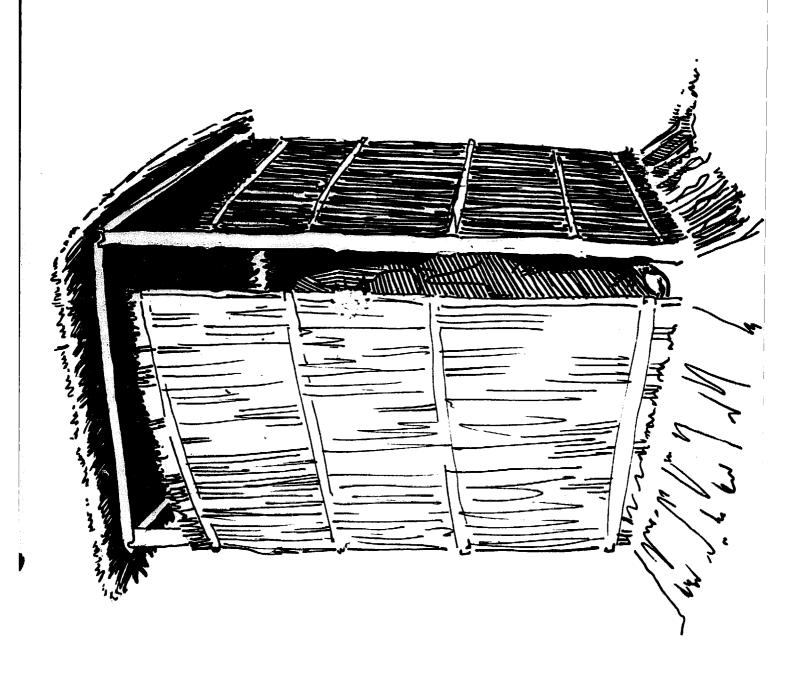
१७ चर्पीको दिशा गर्ने प्रवाललाई राम्ररी ढाक्ते काठको ढकनी बनाउनुस्। यसो गर्नाले चर्पा जन्हाउँदेन र भिंगा पनि भन्कन पाउँदेन।

¹⁷ MAKE A WOODEN LID TO COVER THE HOLE NICELY. THIS WAY IT WON'T SMELL AND FLIES WON'T COME BUZZING AROUND.



१८ अव ढोका तयार भयो । ढोका वन्द गरी आराम साथ दिसा गर्नु होस् ।

18. ALTERNATIVELY YOU CAN ATTACH A WOODEN COVER TO THE SQUATTING HOLE. NOW THE PIT LATRINE IS READY !!



% दिसा गरेपछि साबुन वा स्वरातीले हात राम्रीधुनुस। यसो गर्दा आफु सफा रहिन्छ र असलाई रोग पनि सर्देन।

19. AFTER DEFECATING, WASH YOUR HANDS WELL WITH SOAP OR ASHES. THIS WILL PREVENT YOU SPREADING DISEASE TO OTHER PEOPLE.



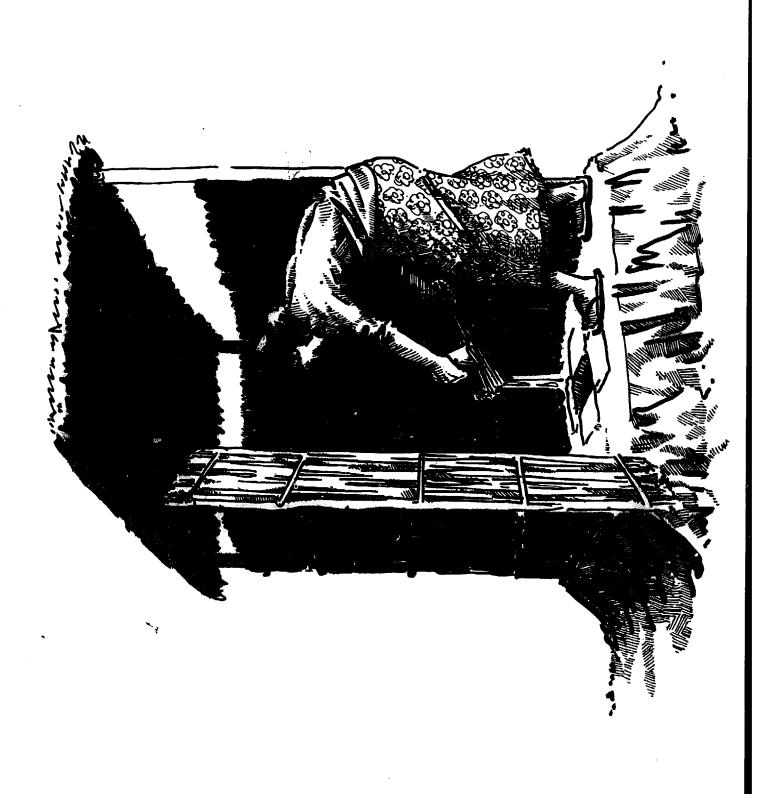
१० बच्चाहरूलाई चर्पीमा दिसा गर्ने बाती ब्रुगालनुस। प्वालमा बच्चाहरूलाई रवस्त न दिन र चर्पी फोहर हुन त दिन आमाबाबुले हेर विचार गर्नु पर्छ।

^{20.} TEACH YOUR CHILDREN TO USE THE PIT LATRINE. PARENTS SHOULD TAKE CARE OF THE CHILDREN SO THAT NO ONE FALLS IN THE PIT OR MAKES THE PIT LATRINE DIRTY.



२१. संधे चर्पा स्पका रारुन पर्छ। यसो गर्हा भिंगाआँ होन र साथे दुर्गन्ध पनि हट्छ।

^{21.} ALWAYS KEEP THE PIT LATRINE CLEAN. THIS WILL PREVENT SMELLS AND FLIES.



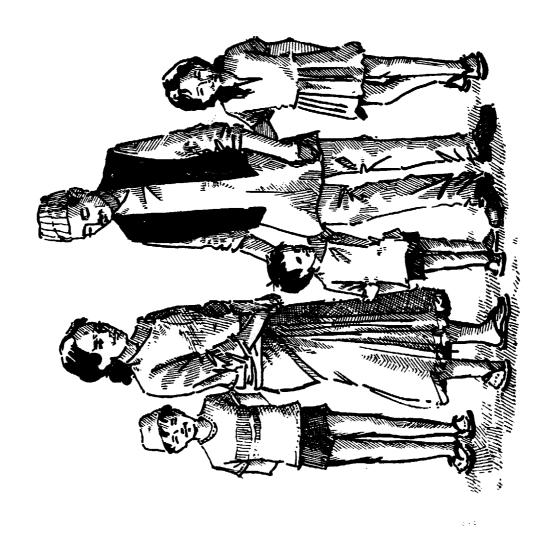
२३ बेला बेलामा चर्यीमा श्वराती वा सुकेको पातहरू हाल्ने अरेमा चर्यी गरहाँडेदन ।

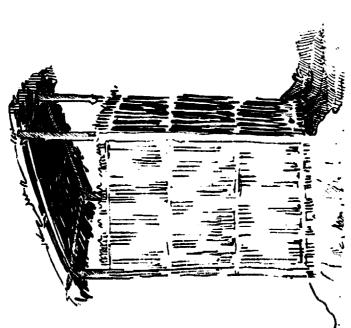
22. IF YOU PUT ASHES, EARTH OR DRY LEAVES IN THE PIT FROM TIME TO TIME IT WON'T SMELL.



२३, चार वर्ष सम्म तपाईको परिवारको लागि अकी चर्षा बनाउनु पर्देत । र रोगहरू पनि फैलन पाउँदेनन् ।

^{23.} YOUR FAMILY WON'T HAVE TO MAKE ANOTHER PIT LATRINE FOR FOUR YEARS AND WILL PREVENT DISEASES FROM SPREADING.









श्री ५ को सरकार शिक्षा तथा संस्कृति मन्त्रालय तथा युनिसेफ ,नेपाल Nonformal Education Programme HMG' Ministry of Education and Culture & UNICEF, Nepal