The following instructions are for installing IBM® SPSS® Statistics - Essentials for Python on UNIX Server operating systems.

Overview

IBM® SPSS® Statistics - Essentials for Python provides you with tools you need to start developing custom Python applications for use with IBM® SPSS® Statistics. It includes the following:

- ▶ The IBM® SPSS® Statistics Integration Plug-In for Python for SPSS Statistics 20
- ► A set of custom procedures, implemented in Python, for use in SPSS Statistics

Install the IBM SPSS Statistics application

IBM® SPSS® Statistics - Essentials for Python is designed for the following applications:

IBM SPSS Statistics Server for UNIX

There are no additional operating system and hardware requirements. The components installed with Essentials for Python work with any valid IBM® SPSS® Statistics license.

If you have not already done so, follow the instructions provided with the software to install one of the SPSS Statistics applications on the computer where you will install Essentials for Python.

Download and install Python 2.7

Version 20 of IBM® SPSS® Statistics - Essentials for Python requires Python version 2.7 (version 2.7.1 is recommended). Install Python on the computer where you will install Essentials for Python. It is available from *http://www.python.org*. You can type python -V at the command prompt to check which version of Python is the default on your computer. Python.org distributes source code for UNIX if your system does not have Python 2.7. You must compile the source and then install Python.

- ▶ Login with sufficient permissions to create and install files in the chosen locations.
- Create a temporary directory where you will uncompress and unpack the Python source. For example, at a command prompt type:

mkdir ~/pysource

▶ Download the source from *http://www.python.org* and save it to the temporary directory.

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• Change to the temporary directory. For example, at a command prompt type:

cd ~/pysource

Uncompress and unpack the Python source to the temporary directory. For example, at a command prompt type:

tar xzf Python-2.7.1.tgz

• Change to the source directory. For example, at a command prompt type:

cd Python-2.7.1

Following are platform-specific instructions for building Python. We recommend that you follow these instructions, but as an alternative, you can follow the instructions provided by Python.org. If you decide to build and install Python using the instructions from Python.org, be sure to configure Python with the --enable-shared argument, as in: ./configure --enable-shared. For Linux, it is recommended to also configure Python with the --enable-unicode=ucs2 argument.

If you need to interrupt the build process while it is running, follow the instructions in the section To rerun the Python 2.7 build process before you restart the build.

AIX

▶ To ensure that the appropriate compiler is on the path, execute the following command:

export PATH=/opt/gnu/bin:\$PATH:.:/usr/vacpp/bin

► In the file *Makefile.pre.in* (located at the root of the Python source directory) change "\$(LDSHARED)" to "\$(BLDSHARED)" on line 418. For example:

sed '418s/\$(LDSHARED)/\$(BLDSHARED)/g' Makefile.pre.in >ftemp.pre.in rm -f Makefile.pre.in mv ftemp.pre.in Makefile.pre.in

► In the file *setup.py* (located at the root of the Python source directory) insert the following at the specified lines:

insert 'os.environ["LDFLAGS"]="-brtl -L. -lpython2.6" ' at line 19

insert ' if platform in ["aix3", "aix4", "aix5"]:' at line 1549

insert ' return' at line 1550

For example:

```
sed '19i\
os.environ["LDFLAGS"]="-brtl -L. -lpython2.6" ' setup.py >ftemp1.py
sed '1549i\
    if platform in ["aix3", "aix4", "aix5"]:' ftemp1.py >ftemp2.py
sed '1550i\
    return' ftemp2.py > ftemp3.py
rm -f setup.py ftemp1.py ftemp2.py
mv ftemp3.py setup.py
```

▶ Use the following command to create the file *python.exp* under the *Modules* folder:

echo "python.exp" > ./Modules/python.exp

• Configure Python using the following command:

./configure -with-universal-archs="64-bit" -enable-universalsdk -with-gcc="xlc_r -q64" -with-cxx="xlc_r -q64" -disable-ipv6 AR="ar -X64" CFLAGS="-qrtti=all -qopt=3 -qstrict -qlibansi -qthreaded -bexpall -brtl" LDFLAGS="-L. -bexpall -WI,-brtl -qrtti=all -bshared" CXX="xlc_r -q64" -enable-shared -prefix=<PYTHON_HOME>

where **<PYTHON_HOME>** is the location where Python 2.7.1 is to be installed—typically, */usr/local*.

Modify the resulting Makefile with the following changes:

Change "LDLIBRARY= libpython\$(VERSION).a" to "LDLIBRARY= libpython\$(VERSION).so" at line 156. Change "\$(BLDLIBRARY)" to "\$(LIBRARY)" at line 405.

For example:

```
sed '156s/LDLIBRARY= libpython$(VERSION).a/LDLIBRARY= libpython$(VERSION).so/g' Makefile >temp1
sed '405s/$(BLDLIBRARY)/$(LIBRARY)/g' temp1 > temp2
rm -f Makefile temp1
mv temp2 Makefile
```

Run make and make install to build and install Python 2.7.1.

Solaris

To specify necessary compiler settings and ensure the compiler is on the path, execute the following commands:

```
export CC="cc -xarch=v9"

export CXX="CC -xarch=v9"

export BASECFLAGS="-xarch=v9 -mt -x02"

export CXXFLAGS="-xarch=v9 -mt -x02"

export FC="g77 -m64 -02"

export FFLAGS="-m64 -02"

export LDFLAGS="-m64 -02"

export LDSHARED="cc -G -xarch=v9"

export BLDSHARED="cc -G -xarch=v9"

export BLDSHARED="cc -G -xarch=v9"

export FSHARED="g77 -shared -m64"

export FSHARED="g77 -shared -m64"

export PATH=/opt/sfw/bin:/opt/sfw/sbin:/usr/ccs/bin:/usr/sbin:/etc:

/usr/xpg4/bin:/usr/X/bin:/space/SunStudio/SUNWspro/lib:/opt/sfw/lib:$LD_LIBRARY_PATH
```

Configure Python using the following command:

./configure -enable-shared -prefix=<PYTHON_HOME>

where **<PYTHON_HOME>** is the location where Python 2.7.1 is to be installed—typically, */usr/local*.

Run make and make install to build and install Python 2.7.1.

Linux and zLinux

► If you will be using the IBM® SPSS® Statistics - Integration Plug-In for Python with the 64-bit version of IBM® SPSS® Statistics Server for UNIX, then execute the following commands to ensure the compiler is on the path and to configure Python:

export PATH=/usr/local340/bin:\$PATH::/usr/local/bin export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/usr/local340/lib64:/usr/local/lib64:\$LD_LIBRARY_PATH ./configure -enable-shared -enable-unicode=ucs2 -prefix=<PYTHON_HOME>

or:

► If you will be using the Integration Plug-In for Python with the 32-bit version of SPSS Statistics Server for UNIX, then execute the following commands to ensure the compiler is on the path and to configure Python:

```
export PATH=/usr/local340/bin:$PATH:.:/usr/local/bin
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/usr/local340/lib:/usr/local/lib:$LD_LIBRARY_PATH
./configure CC="gcc -m32" LDFLAGS="-m32" -enable-shared -enable-unicode=ucs2 -prefix=<PYTHON_HOME>
```

where **<PYTHON_HOME>** is the location where Python 2.7.1 is to be installed—typically, */usr/local*.

• Run make and make install to build and install Python 2.7.1.

HP-UX

► To specify necessary compiler settings and ensure the compiler is on the path, execute the following commands:

```
export CC=cc
export CXX=aCC
export BASECFLAGS="+DD64"
export LDFLAGS="+DD64 -L. -lxnet"
export PATH=/usr/local/bin:$PATH:/opt/aCC/bin
export SHLIB_PATH=/usr/lib:/lib:$SHLIB_PATH
```

where **<PYTHON_HOME>** is the location where Python 2.7.1 is to be installed—typically, */usr/local*.

• Configure Python using the following command:

./configure -without-gcc -enable-shared -prefix=<PYTHON_HOME>

▶ Modify the resulting Makefile with the following changes:

Change "+DD64 -L. -lxnet" to "-L. -L/usr/lib/hpux64 -lxnet" at line 66.

Change "-DNDEBUG -0" to "-DNDEBUG" at line 59.

For example:

```
sed '66s/+DD64 -L. -lxnet/-L. -L\usr\lib\hpux64 -lxnet/g' Makefile > temp1
sed '59s/-DNDEBUG -O/-DNDEBUG/g' temp1 >temp2
rm -f Makefile
rm -f temp1
mv temp2 Makefile
```

▶ Run make and make install to build and install Python 2.7.1.

Configure the environment for Python and test Python

Python expects certain environment variables to be set. For convenience you may want to put these commands in a profile file so that they will be set upon login.

► Add the Python library location to the *LD_LIBRARY_PATH* environment variable (or whichever environment variable is appropriate for shared libraries on your operating system). In the following, *<PYTHON_HOME>* is the location where Python 2.7.1 is installed—typically, */usr/local*.

For example, for AIX, at the UNIX prompt type:

export LIBPATH=<PYTHON_HOME>/lib:\$LIBPATH

Or, for Linux or Solaris, at the UNIX prompt type:

export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=<PYTHON_HOME>/lib:\$LD_LIBRARY_PATH

Or, for HP-UX, at the UNIX prompt type:

export SHLIB_PATH=<PYTHON_HOME>/lib:\$SHLIB_PATH

▶ Test Python to make sure that it can run. For example, at the UNIX prompt type:

cd /usr/local/bin

./python2.7

You should see a message from Python and the Python prompt (for example, >>>). You can end the Python session by pressing the Ctrl+D key combination and you can remove the Python source directory to recover disk space.

Download and install IBM SPSS Statistics - Essentials for Python

Be sure to use a version of IBM® SPSS® Statistics - Essentials for Python that is compatible with the version of IBM® SPSS® Statistics on your machine. Within a major version of SPSS Statistics, such as 20, you must use a version of Essentials for Python that has the same major version. It is not necessary to uninstall previous versions of Essentials for Python before installing a newer version.

For users who are working in distributed mode (with SPSS Statistics Server) please install Essentials for Python on both the client and server machines.

Download version 20 of Essentials for Python, available from the SPSS community at http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/spssdevcentral. Be sure to download the version of Essentials for Python for the operating system of your SPSS Statistics application.

Note: The following steps document the silent installer using a response file. You can also execute the installer directly to launch a graphic version of the installer. You will need an X Window System to do so.

- Change to the directory where you downloaded Essentials for Python.
- ▶ Using a text editor, create a response file named *installer.properties*.
- ► Add the following properties and associated values to the response file:

```
INSTALLER_UI=silent
USER_SPSS_HOME=<IBM SPSS Statistics location>
USER_PYTHON_HOME=<Python 2.7 home directory>
LICENSE_ACCEPTED=true
```

where <IBM SPSS Statistics location> is the installation location of IBM SPSS Statistics and <Python 2.7 home directory> is the installation location of Python 2.7. For example:

```
USER_SPSS_HOME=/opt/IBM/SPSS/StatisticsServer20
USER_PYTHON_HOME=/opt/Python2.7
```

Note that LICENSE ACCEPTED=true specifies acceptance of the license agreement.

- Save *installer.properties* to the directory containing the *.bin* file for Essentials for Python and change to that directory.
- ▶ Run the installer with the following command:

./<installer_name>

where *<installer_name>* is the name of the *.bin* file for Essentials for Python. *Note*: You must run the previous command as root, either by logging in as root or using the sudo command.

Note: To use a different response file (other than *installer.properties*), run the installer with the following command:

./<installer_name> -f <response file name>

Configure the environment for the IBM SPSS Statistics - Integration Plug-In for Python

The IBM® SPSS® Statistics - Integration Plug-In for Python requires additions to the *LD_LIBRARY_PATH* environment variable. For convenience you may want to put these settings in a profile file so that they will be set upon login. In the following, *<SPSS_HOME>* is the location where version 20 of the IBM® SPSS® Statistics application is installed.

Add the SPSS Statistics library path location to the LD_LIBRARY_PATH environment variable (or whichever environment variable is appropriate for shared libraries on your operating system). For example, for Linux or Solaris, at the UNIX prompt type:

export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=<SPSS_HOME>/lib:\$LD_LIBRARY_PATH

Optionally, for the AIX operating system, define the LDR_CNTRL environment variable. For example, at the UNIX prompt type:

export LDR_CNTRL=MAXDATA=0x7000000

Test the plug-in to make sure that it can run. For example, assuming that Python 2.7 is installed in /usr/local, then at the UNIX prompt type:

cd /usr/local/bin

./python2.7

And from the Python prompt (for example, >>>) type:

import spss

You should not see any error messages. You can end the Python session by pressing the Ctrl+D key combination.

To rerun the Python 2.7 build process

If you have to stop the Python build process before it completes, you need to delete the files that were created by the process before attempting to rerun the process. For example, assuming that the Python 2.7 source is located in ~/pysource, from the UNIX prompt type:

cd ~/pysource

make clean

Before you start using the IBM SPSS Statistics - Integration Plug-In for Python

After you install IBM® SPSS® Statistics - Essentials for Python, you will be able to start developing Python applications with the IBM® SPSS® Statistics - Integration Plug-In for Python. Documentation for the plug-in is provided in *Python Integration Package for IBM SPSS Statistics.pdf*, located in the *bin/lang/en/help/programmability* directory under the directory where IBM® SPSS® Statistics is installed. It describes how to use the plug-in and all of the functions available with the plug-in.

Download and install auxiliary Python modules for IBM SPSS Statistics

IBM SPSS has created a number of Python modules that build on, and in some cases extend, the functionality provided with the IBM® SPSS® Statistics - Integration Plug-In for Python. These modules are optional and require the Integration Plug-In for Python in order to function. The

modules *spssdata*, *spssaux*, *namedtuple*, and *extension* are included with IBM® SPSS® Statistics - Essentials for Python. Additional modules are available for download from the SPSS community at *http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/spssdevcentral*.

You may want to read the article *How to Use Downloaded Python Modules*, also available from the SPSS community. In addition, you may need to download updated versions of auxiliary modules to take advantage of the new features available with IBM® SPSS® Statistics 20. Check the SPSS community for updates.

Running multiple versions of IBM SPSS Statistics and the IBM SPSS Statistics - Integration Plug-In for Python

You can have multiple versions of IBM® SPSS® Statistics Server for UNIX on a single machine along with a separate version of the IBM® SPSS® Statistics - Integration Plug-In for Python for each. For information on working with multiple versions, see the documentation for the plug-in.

Uninstalling IBM SPSS Statistics - Essentials for Python components

- ► Start a terminal program.
- Change the directory to Uninstall_IBM_SPSS_Statistics_Essentials_for_Python_20 in the IBM® SPSS® Statistics installation directory.
- At the command prompt, type:

./Uninstall_IBM_SPSS_Statistics_Essentials_for_Python_20

Important: You must have permissions to remove the installation directory, or the uninstallation process will fail.

Custom Python procedures packaged with Essentials for Python

IBM® SPSS® Statistics - Essentials for Python includes a set of custom procedures, implemented in Python, that provide functionality beyond what is available with built-in SPSS Statistics procedures. All custom procedures, except for FUZZY, are available from the SPSS Statistics menus, once Essentials for Python is installed. All custom procedures (including FUZZY) are available from SPSS Statistics command syntax. The following table provides the menu location, the associated command name, and a brief summary for each of the custom procedures. Commands are run in the same manner as any built-in command such as FREQUENCIES.

Menu location	Command name	Description
none	FUZZY	Perform exact or fuzzy case-control matching.
File>Collect Variable Information	GATHERMD	Build a dataset of variable information from multiple datasets.
Data>Compare Datasets	SPSSINC COMPARE DATASETS	Compare two open datasets.
Transform>Create Dummy Variables	SPSSINC CREATE DUMMIES	Create a set of dummy variables representing the values of a variable.

Utilities>Merge Viewer Tables	SPSSINC MERGE TABLES	Merge the contents of one pivot table in the Viewer into another.
Utilities>Modify Output Titles	SPSSINC MODIFY OUTPUT	Modify output titles.
Utilities>Modify Table Appearance	SPSSINC MODIFY TABLES	Modify the appearance of pivot tables.
Transform>Programmability Transformation	SPSSINC TRANS	Apply a Python function to case data.
Analyze>Descriptive Statistics>TURF Analysis	SPSSINC TURF	Perform a TURF (Total Unduplicated Reach and Frequency) analysis.

Notes

- Help for each of the procedures accessible from the menus is available from the Help button on the associated dialog box. The help is not, however, integrated with the SPSS Statistics Help system.
- Complete syntax help for each of the commands listed above is available by executing the command and including the /HELP subcommand—for example:

SPSSINC COMPARE DATASETS /HELP.

The command syntax help is not, however, integrated with the SPSS Statistics Help system and is not included in the *Command Syntax Reference*.

- If the Analyze>Descriptive Statistics menu is not present in your IBM® SPSS® Statistics product, then please look on the Custom menu for the TURF analysis dialog.
- The dialogs were created with the Custom Dialog Builder in SPSS Statistics. You can view the design for any of the dialogs and/or customize them using the Custom Dialog Builder, available from Utilities>Custom Dialogs>Custom Dialog Builder. To view the design for a dialog, choose File>Open Installed from within the Custom Dialog Builder.
- The syntax commands are implemented as extension commands. The implementation code (Python modules) and XML specification files for these extension commands can be found in the *extensions* directory under the SPSS Statistics Server installation directory.

If you have specified alternate locations for extension commands with the *SPSS_EXTENSIONS_PATH* environment variable then the files will be located in the first writable location in that variable instead of in the *extensions* directory.

Other extension commands that are not included in Essentials for Python are available for download from the SPSS community. Newer versions of the Python procedures packaged with Essentials for Python may also be available there.