

Pulse2011



A Hitchhiker's Guide to Storage Clouds What Storage Professionals Need To Know About Cloud

Trevor Foley
Storage Solutions Specialist

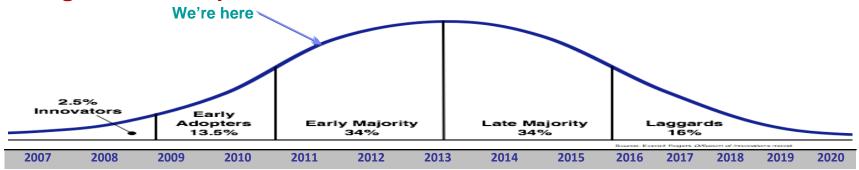


Abstract

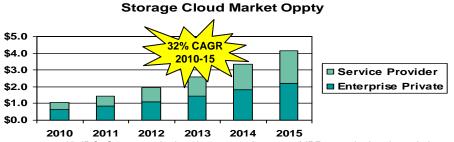
- Cloud computing is all the rage in IT, promising to streamline services and reduce costs. But cloud raises many questions for storage pros. Is the data in the cloud adequately protected? Can or should you use public cloud services for backup and disaster recovery? How do you build your own storage cloud?
- Virtual server and storage technologies, the enabling technologies for Cloud, have dramatically changed the data centre, reducing hardware, energy and facilities costs. However, these solutions have made data and storage management exponentially more complex, creating new questions: where is the data, how do you manage it, how do you best utilize your existing storage resources?



Storage Cloud Adoption



Why Cloud: An overview of the Cloud technology adoption model shows we have just completed the "early adopter" stage. Market share winners and losers will be determined as the early majority adopts Cloud solutions.



Sources: 1) IBM Market Insights Assessment, with IDC, Gartner and other data source inputs and IPR consultation through August 2010

2) STG Data Center Analysis GMV 1H11

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What is a cloud?

- Access to applications or IT resources from anywhere through connected devices and a simplified UI
- Applications reside in massively-scalable data centers
- Compute resources automatically provisioned and shared to achieve significant economies of scale
- 'Pay-as-you-go' usage model
 - Better predict and manage expenses
 - Simplify operations
 - Turn CapEx into OpEx

Common Examples of Cloud Services

- Sales Automation: Salesforce.com
- Marketing Automation: Constant Contact
- Smartphone Apps

'Unlimited' Compute Resources Abstraction / Virtualization Dynamic Allocation





Why cloud computing, and why now?

- Global economy
- Server sprawl
- Low utilization
- Rising operational costs
- Ballooning energy costs and demands
- Increasing system and network availability requirements
- Environmental compliance requirements
- Government mandates
- Heightened consumer demand for greater social responsibility
- Increasing consumer demand for more information and richer user experiences





Common attributes of cloud computing

- Flexible pricing Fit to needs
- Elastic scaling One size does not fit all
- Rapid provisioning Greater quality control
- Advanced virtualization
- A better user experience



Private cloud

- Owned and managed by the enterprise
- Limits access to enterprise and partner network
- Drives efficiency, standardization and best practices
- Retains high degree of control, privacy and security
- Enables business to more easily customize services
- Reduces deployment time for new services
- Accessed from "inside" the firewall



Public cloud

- Owned and managed by service provider
- Limits access to subscribers
- Delivers select set business process, application or infrastructure services on a "pay per use" basis
- Highly standardized
- Limited customization options
- Accessed from "outside" the firewall



Cloud Deployment Options



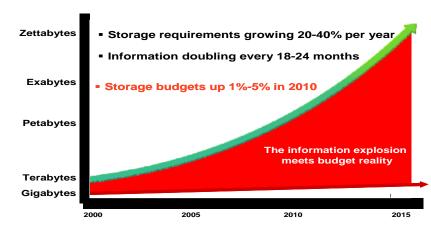
- Build your own private cloud
- Subscribe to a private cloud
- Subscribe to a public cloud
- •All of the above (hybrid cloud)?





Why should storage administrators care about cloud computing?

- Need a smarter way to address the growing gap between data and budget
- By 2014 more than 50% of all new storage capacity will be deployed in a public cloud*
- 80% of new enterprise applications will be written for use in a cloud, at least as an option*





^{*} Source: IDC Directions2011, March 2011



Storage Management in Public Compute Clouds

Good news:

- You don't have to worry about storage management
- The cloud vendor handles it all

Bad news:

- You do have to worry about data management
- Do you have enough bandwidth to handle the added traffic?
- Is the vendor making multiple copies for backup and DR?
- What are the data access, retention, and recovery SLAs?
- Is the data secure and encrypted? Who has the keys?
- Bottom line: Ensure your vendor is using a scalable, enterprise-class data protection and recovery solution
 - TSM can protect up to 2 billion data objects in a single server
 - Built-in data deduplication reduces cloud service costs



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Storage Management in Private Compute Clouds

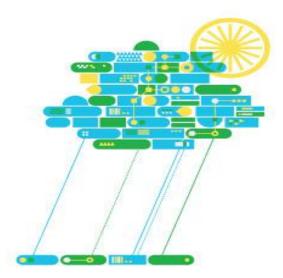
- You'll need to manage the storage systems and the data, but in a more virtualized environment
- Virtualized servers (e.g. VMware) are the enabling technology for cloud
 - They provide the elasticity and fast provisioning required by cloud computing
- Virtual servers require advanced solutions for data protection
 - Need to ensure new VMs are protected, but need to avoid "agent sprawl"
 - Traditional in-guest backup can result in severe performance problems
- Virtualized storage and centralized storage management are also key enablers





Backup-as-a-Service Clouds

- Ideal for small-to-midsize companies and for remote / branch offices
 - Eliminates the need for some on-site technical staff
 - Pay per capacity on a monthly basis
 - Enables predictable expense control
- Considerations:
 - Support RPO and RTO for each data type?
 - Are you OK giving your data to a 3rd party?
 - Are they making multiple copies in different locations (as you would)?
 - How do you get your data back if the vendor goes bankrupt?

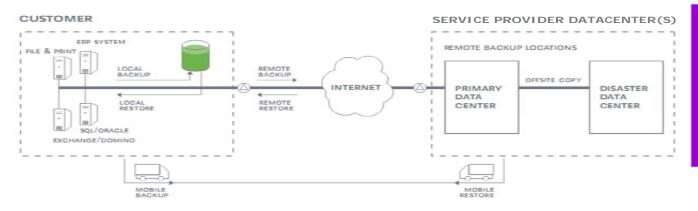






Backup-as-a-Service Clouds

- Many backup-as-a-service options are available
 - IBM Information Protection Services: click here in slideshow mode
- Many use Tivoli Storage Manager as the backbone of their offerings
 - Scalability, functionality, performance, resilience, reliability
- See www.front-safe.com and levitar.com.au/services/cloud/



"IBM delivers the technology; we deliver the business model; and our resellers can go to market with the very best backup solution there is" -- Peter M. Nielsen, CEO, Front-safe A/S





Case Study: Global Data Vault

- Challenge
 - Help clients decrease the time and cost of recovering from service outages and disasters
- Solution
 - A fully-managed secure backup service based on IBM Tivoli® Storage Manager family software
- Benefits
 - Enabled delivery of enterprise level business continuity services to small and medium-sized businesses; reduced client recovery times from days to under 30 minutes; improved governance

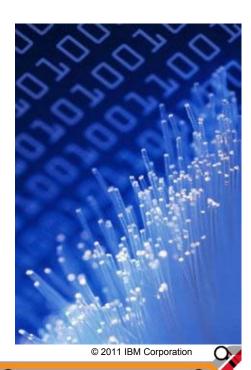
"The Software as a Service model provides companies with the staffing and technology needed to help ensure business continuity in the event of an outage or data loss. And working with IBM, we can deliver an enterprise-class solution that was previously out of reach for most small and medium sized businesses." -- Jeffrey Beallor, President, Global Data Vault, Toronto





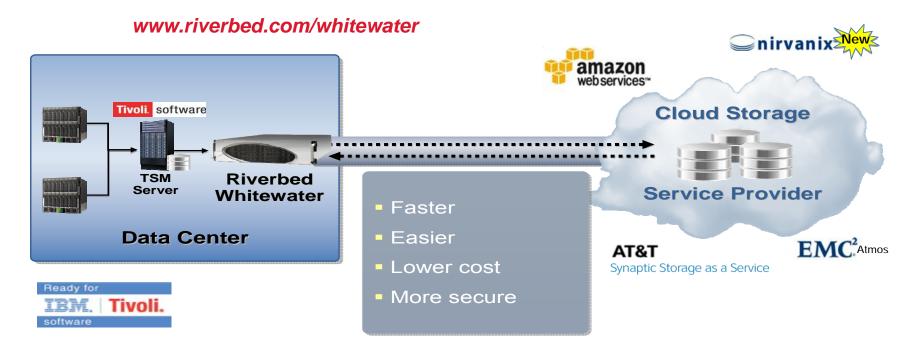
Extending In-House Backup to the Cloud

- Use public clouds as the nth storage tier
 - For disaster recovery copies
 - For long-term retention and archive --- hidden benefits!!
 - Or for any other purpose supported by the available bandwidth and vendor SLAs
- Same concerns as mentioned earlier:
 - Bandwidth to handle backups and restores
 - Data security: access control and encryption
 - Service resilience, reliability, scalability, longevity
- Probably need a Cloud Service Gateway
 - Eliminate the 'chattiness' of IP-based networks
 - Locally-controlled security
 - Cache frequently-accessed data locally





Cloud Accelerator: Riverbed Whitewater







Server Virtualization

Virtual Machines (VMs) are a primary technology building block of Cloud infrastructures



- They are also making their way into production application environments
 - The overall cost savings are very compelling
 - Many companies require strong justification for NOT using a VM
- But what about Storage Management?





Virtual servers have changed the game ...



"Virtualized servers have been a boon to the systems side of the house, but a bane for storage managers."

Hot Technologies for 2011, STORAGE Magazine, Dec 2010 (link)

Virtual Machines are easy to create, move and decommission.

But what happens to the data and the storage capacity assigned to these VMs?





Tivoli Storage Productivity Center

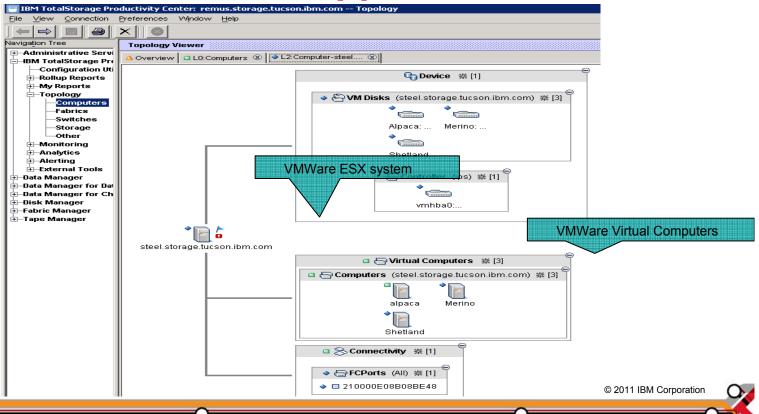
- Simplifies storage deployment, configuration and management
- Helps optimize storage performance & space utilization
- Centralizes end-to-end management of storage and SAN fabric
- Helps automate storage tasks associated with provisioning and replication
- Frees your IT staff to focus on mission critical tasks







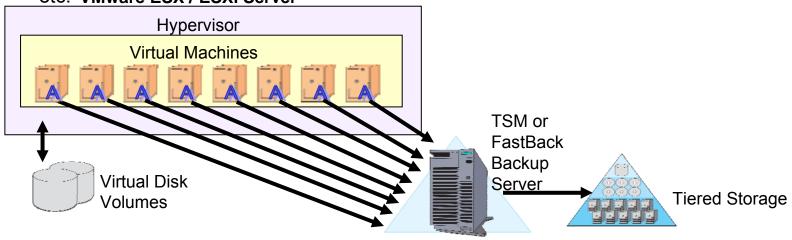
TPC for Data VMWare Support

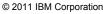




Traditional in-guest backup and recovery model

- Install a backup agent in the guest OS, just like a physical server
- Run and manage backups just like in a physical server environment
- Downside: deploying, managing, maintaining 'backup agent sprawl'
- Downside: can put a serious drain on processor, memory, I/O resources
 - From running multiple backups at once; file system scans during incremental backups;
 etc. VMware ESX / ESXi Server



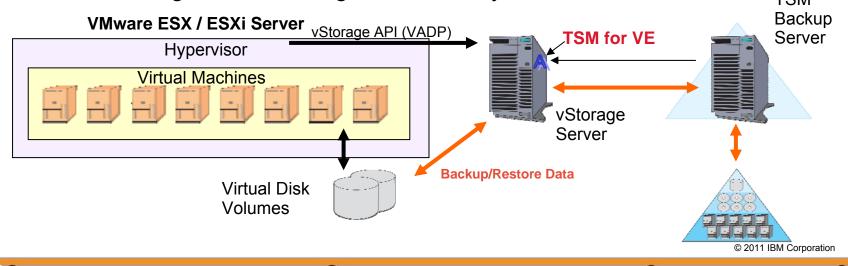




VMware vStorage APIs for Data Protection

■ Data is accessed directly from the VM storage and passed directly to the backup server (single hop, data is not stored on the vStorage Server)

Changed Block Tracking allows incremental backups (with periodic fulls)
 without forcing a scan of the guest OS file system





Questions?





Why IBM



- IBM has the global resources to help solve the IT and service management problems of even the largest organizations, almost anywhere they do business
- IBM is on solid financial footing and will be here to support our customers for the long term
- IBM continues to invest heavily in research and development, providing customers with product roadmaps that will continue to add value to their relationship with IBM
- IBM offers the broadest range of products, services and financing options to help customers realize significant return on their investment





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