

Access Management Landscape Fraud and mobility

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The IBM

SecurityStudio Tackling the illusion of absolute security

Agenda

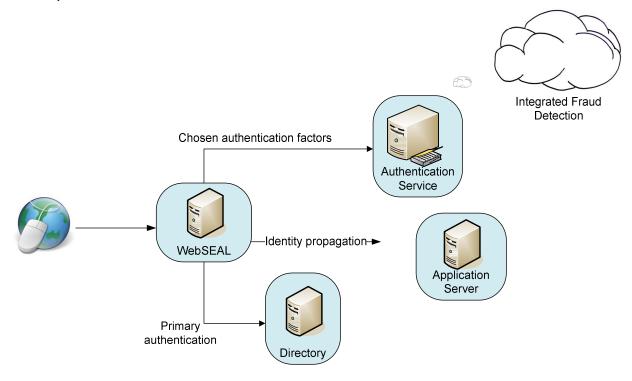


- Traditional browser based fraud mitigation techniques
- Authorization and Authentication today
- Mobility
- Authorization++ and Authentication++
- Feedback and Comments
 - As security SMEs, customers and consumers of technology

Access Management delivering value

Hunii

- Financial loss from phishing attacks exceed US\$3B each year
 - Notwithstanding the loss of brand value
- Customers demand real-time risk based authorization as part of transaction approval
 - No longer is a delay in processing transactions acceptable to customers
- Access Management solution integrates risk analysis techniques integrated to deliver a dynamic, low cost solution that reduces financial loss



Improved consumer trust is a tangible outcome of any solution

Access Management must now consider mobility

- Users are now demanding access through multiple devices
 - Creates an issue around binding identities to numerous devices with varying levels of security compliance
- Devices are context rich, creating an opportunity for greater authentication choice
 - Poor password authentication usability is becoming unacceptable to business
- Device and environment context is driving new identification and authentication workflows

Device Registration

John Smith joins as a new employee. His device has to be registered to enable it complies with IT security policies.

Protect and Secure Data/Apps.

John loses his device.

Administrator can remotely lock or wipe the device data

Secure access with strong/risk based auth

Depending on where John accesses his apps, authentication requirements are adapted based on risk. Mobile access requires stronger authentication

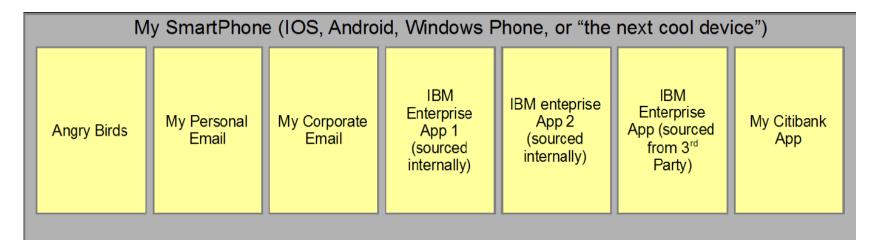
Simplify, strengthen and track access

Upon satisfactory authentication, John can access applications through his mobile device

Mobility brings many challenges







Outstanding questions that need to be addressed

Who owns the security policies for the device or the application?

How do I authenticate for the IBM apps? How do I authenticate to the Citibank app?

I want to be able to play Angry Birds without IBM or Citibank authentication of the device

How do we make the security appropriate to the application (family?) that I want to access

When I lose the device, how do I handle informing Application Providers?

How do I make it easy to update IBM applications?

Where is the data stored (centrally, or by app), and is the data encrypted?

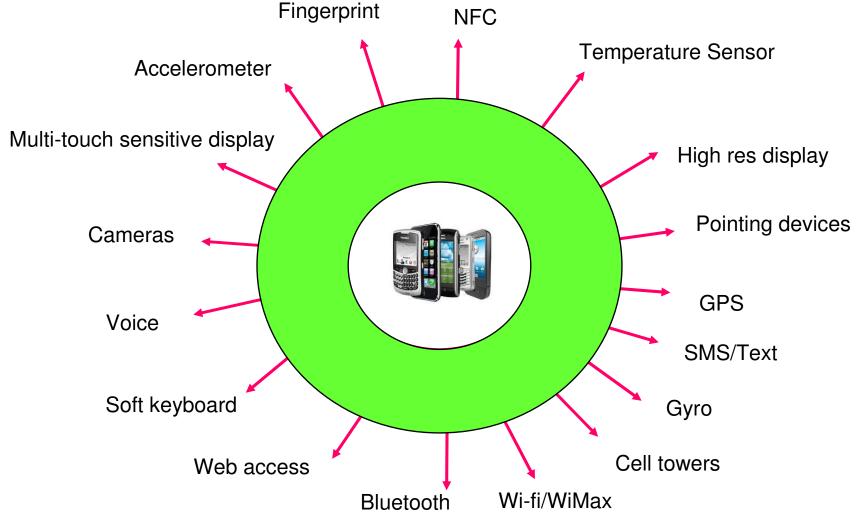
What happens when I install an application that contains a virus or Trojan Horse?

Mobility also brings many opportunities



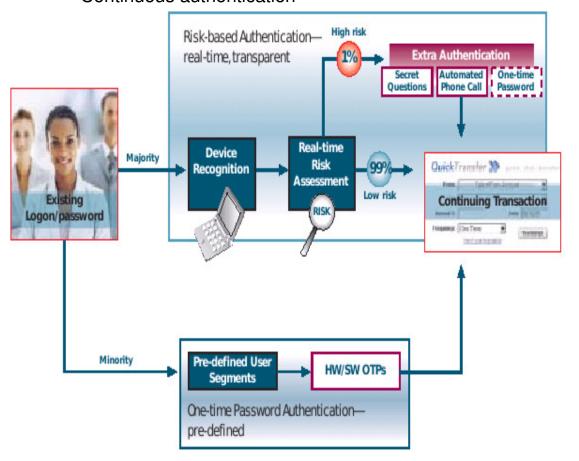
Context needs to be considered within both authentication and authorization workflows





Where does Risk Based Auth* fit?

- Risk based authorization drives outcomes based on historical patterns of behaviour
 - Passive device focuses on the authorization aspects (which may drive authentication)
- Risk based authentication drives contextual identification (and registration)
 - With mobile devices, the focus extends to include contextual authentication
 - Continuous authentication



Device fingerprint + Behavioral pattern + Other parameters = Risk Score

Other parameters could be face/Iris scan, voice

Risk Score influences the second factor for authentication (the first could be a password)

Risk based Authentication allows or deny access based on the risk score.



Mobile Security Examples

- Glen carries a number of devices that he uses to access his IBM applications
 - These devices include personal and work devices
 - Being a mobile employee, Glen accesses applications from different locations
 - Glen hangs out with other mobile employees



Person Logging in	Device	Face Recognition	Voice Recognition	Location	1 st Access	Subsequent Access
Glen	Glen's iPAD		NA	Gold Coast	Grant Access	
Glen	Glen's iPhone		Glen's Voice	Gold Coast	Enroll new Device & Grant Access	
Glen	Glen's iPhone		NA	Gold Coast		Grant Access

Mobile Security - Demo Scenarios Continued





Person Logging in	Device	Face Recognition	Voice Recognition	Location	1 st Access	Subsequent Access
Paul	Glen's iPAD		NA	Sydney	Deny Access	
Sie ii	Glen's iPAD		Glen's Voice	Sydney	Enroll & Grant Access	
Glen	Glen's iPAD		NA	Sydney		Grant Access
Paul	Glen's iPAD		NA	Sydney	Alert Glen– Someone else tried to access	

Technology Components

- Components required need to be extensible and interoperable
 - RBA modules have a role in both influencing and driving authentication
- A combination of technologies are applicable for addressing the policy management requirement
 - Risk score is combination of situational, contextual, and historical information
- For financial use cases, results in strong binding of user to transaction
 - Mitigating risk requires greater assurance

