

IBM Software Group

DB2 for z/OS Version 8 and Beyond

Curt Cotner, IBM Fellow ibm.com/software/db2zos

DB2 Information Management Software

@business on demand software



Greatest Hits: DB2 for z/OS V8

✓ High availability



- Scalability or very large database
- ✓ Java and the web
- Queries and data warehouses
- Migrating or porting applications
- Application packages

2



Continuous Availability



-Online Schema Evolution: database changes with ALTER instead of DROP / CREATE e.g. ADD partition

- -System-Level Log Point Recovery
- **–Data Partitioned Secondary Indexes**
- -Improved LPL Recovery

-Additional online zparms



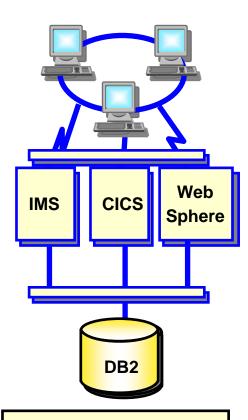
Scalability and Very Large Database

- **Add partitions**
- **Separate partitioning & clustering**
- **Index improvements**
- **4096** Partitions
- **Q**Rotate partitions
- **Extend columns**
- **Optimization improvements**
- **Omegane Memory and scale increased**





Java and the web



Strategic Open Access Enterprise Server

- **–Application Connectivity for JAVA**
- –Improve data sharing member routing
- -LOCATION aliases at requester & server
- -Extended function, standards
- -Reduced processing
- -Stored Procedure Enhancements
- –Java Universal Driver



Queries and data warehouses

- Optimization Improvements Improved techniques Enhanced data □Visual Explain Enhanced index options Materialized Query Tables New Partitioning options
- >QMF improvements
- SQL enhancements





Migrating and porting applications



- -Multi-row INSERT, FETCH & -Dynamic Scrollable UPDATE
- -GET DIAGNOSTICS
- -INSERT within SELECT
- -IDENTITY Column enhancements
- -SEQUENCES
- -XML Publishing -CURRENT PACKAGE PATH
- -SQL Procedure Language

- **Cursor, Common Table Expression**, Recursion
- -Scalar Fullselect
- -Materialized Query Table
- -UNICODE SQL, Multiple **CCSIDs**
- -Long names, long statements...



Enterprise Applications & : DB2 for z/OS

-64 bit virtual storage

- -Unicode
- -Schema evolution
- -System-level backup and recovery
- -Multi-row fetch & insert
- -Multiple DISTINCT
- 8.45 certified Clauses



4.6 certified

7.8 certified

- –Lock Contention on volatile Tables
- -Fast Retrieval of Most Recent Value

- –Longer Table Names & Column Names
- -Additional statistics
- -Convert Column Type
- -Altering CLUSTER Option
- -Adding Columns to Index
- –Index-only Access Path for VARCHAR
- **–Adding New Partitions**
- -Separate Clustering from Partitioning

DB2 for z/OS Version 8 is

SQL OLTP Leadership: name lengths, statements,

scrolling, expressions, predicates, diagnostics, ...

Break through limitations: storage, partitions, log

Performance enhancements: index, materialized query tables, more efficient IO, multi-row

Database changes without an outage: add

partition, rotate partition, backup / restore

Integration

zSeries, z/OS & ESS platform

Middleware stack



Reengineered for e-business on demand

Rational.

WebSphere.

DB2

Lotus

Tivoli



DB2 for z/OS Version 8 News

- New function
 - -Cross loader with LOBs
 - -Built in functions ASCII, TIMESTAMPDIFF
 - -DSN1COPY with 1000 OBIDs
- ^{now} ∕ –**QMF** with multirow fetch
 - **–Online Check Index**
 - -z/OS 1.7 up to 7257 extents
 - –LOAD, UNLOAD with LOBs
 - -IBM System z9 Integrated Information Processor (IBM zIIP)
 - New and updated books: Library refresh April 2005, Mar 2006 Messages, Codes became separate books August 2005
 - -Redbooks: Design Guidelines for High Performance and Availability, Business Value, Performance Topics, WebSphere, MLS, Disaster Recovery, others updated ...
 - -Customer information on the web



IBM System z9, z/OS & DB2 for z/OS

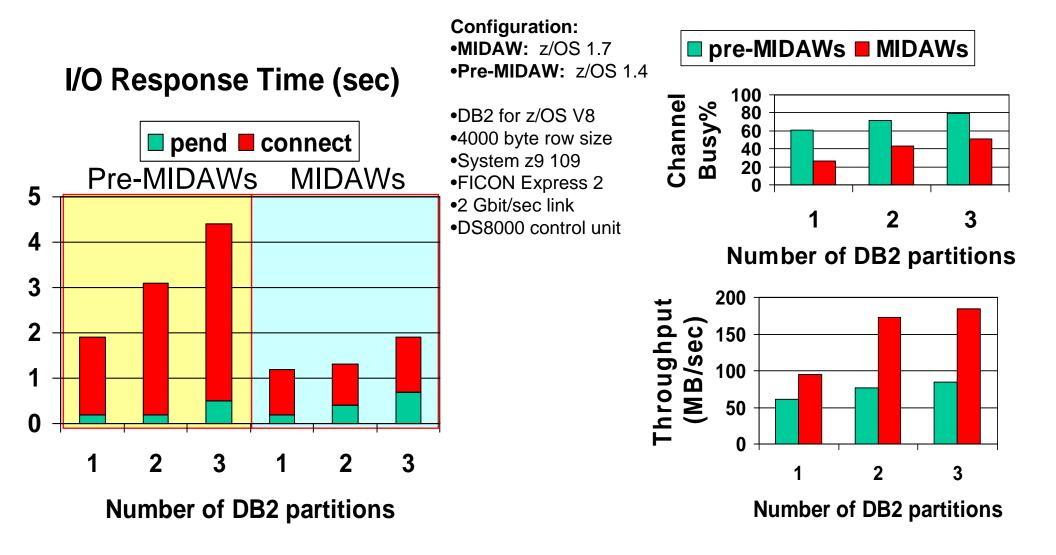
 System z9 Integrated Information Processor (zIIP)
 Enhanced Cryptography
 Enhanced channels (MIDAW)
 Faster Processors
 Up to 54 Processors
 More memory, better value; 64 bit virtual storage

Backup and restore Multilevel Security ✓Unicode conversion Compression ✓ zSeries **Application Assist** Processor ✓ z/Architecture new instructions WLM enhanced

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Parallel DB2 Table Scan, EF 4K (single channel)

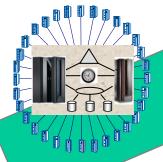




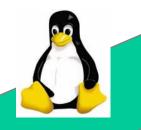
Technology Evolution with Mainframe Specialty Engines

Building on a strong track record of technology innovation with specialty engines, IBM intends to introduce the System z9 Integrated Information Processor

Centralized data sharing across mainframes



Internal Coupling Facility (ICF) 1997



Integrated Facility for Linux (IFL) 2001

Support for new workloads and open standards

System z9 Application Assist Processor (zAAP) 2004

> Incorporation of JAVA into existing mainframe solutions

IBM System z9 Integrated Information Processor (IBM zIIP) planned for 2006

> Designed to help improve resource optimization for eligible data workloads within the enterprise

New IBM System z9 Integrated Information Processor

(IBM zIIP)

- New specialty engine for the System z9 mainframe (planned for 2006) designed to help:
 - Customers integrate data across the enterprise
 - Improve resource optimization and lower the cost of ownership for eligible data serving workloads
- z/OS manages and directs work between the general purpose processor and the zIIP
 - Number of zIIPs per z9-109 not to exceed number of standard processors
 - No changes anticipated to DB2 for z/OS V8 applications
- DB2 for z/OS V8 will be first user of the zIIP with
 - System z9 109
 - z/OS 1.6 or later
 - DB2 for z/OS V8





IBM

DB2 V8 and IBM zIIP can add value to database work

- Portions of the following DB2 for z/OS V8 workloads may benefit from zIIP*:
 - 1 ERP, CRM, Business Intelligence or other enterprise applications
 - Via DRDA over a TCP/IP connection





- 2 Data warehousing applications*
 - Requests that utilize star schema parallel queries
- 3 DB2 for z/OS V8 utilities*
 - Internal DB2 utility functions used to maintain index maintenance structures

* The zIIP is designed so that a program can work with z/OS to have all or a portion of its enclave Service Request Block (SRB) work directed to the zIIP. The above types of DB2 V8 work are those executing in enclave SRBs, of which portions can be sent to the zIIP.



OMEGAMON for DB2 and DB2 Performance Monitor/Expert – Convergence: Available Now

Best of breed DB2 monitoring, analysis, and tuning solution

DB2 Performance OMEGAMON XE for Expert V2 **DB2** Performance Expert on z/OS V3.1 OMEGAMON XE **OMEGAMON XE for** for DB2 V300 **DB2** Performance **DB2** Performance Monitor on z/OS V3.1 Monitor V8 DB2 Buffer Pool DB2 Buffer Pool Analyzer V3.1 Analyzer V2



Vnext DB2 Technology Themes

Enable high-volume transaction processing for next wave of Web applications

- Extend the lead in transaction processing availability, scalability and performance
- Reduce cost of ownership and zSeries-specific skill needs
- Improve data warehousing and OLTP reporting



DB2 SQL

z z/OS V7 common LUW Linux, Unix & Windows V8.2



Range partitioning

Inner and Outer Joins, Table Expressions, Subqueries, GROUP BY, Complex Correlation, Global Temporary Tables, CASE, 100+ Built-in Functions, Limited Fetch, Insensitive Scroll Cursors, UNION Everywhere, MIN/MAX Single Index Support, Self Referencing Updates with Subqueries, Sort Avoidance for ORDER BY, and Row Expressions, Call from trigger, statement isolation

Updateable UNION in Views, ORDER BY/FETCH FIRST in subselects & table expressions, GROUPING SETS, ROLLUP, CUBE, INSTEAD OF TRIGGER, EXCEPT, INTERSECT, 16 Built-in Functions, MERGE, Native SQL Procedure Language, SET CURRENT ISOLATION, BIGINT data type, file reference variables, SELECT FROM UPDATE, DELETE & MERGE, multi-site join, 2M Statement Length, GROUP BY Expression, Sequences, Scalar Fullselect, Materialized Query Tables, Common Table Expressions, Recursive SQL, CURRENT PACKAGE PATH, VOLATILE Tables, Star Join Sparse Index, Qualified Column names, Multiple DISTINCT clauses, ON COMMIT DROP, Transparent ROWID Column, FOR READ ONLY KEEP UPDATE LOCKS, SET CURRENT SCHEMA, Client special registers, long SQL object names, SELECT from INSERT

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DB2 SQL

z z/OS V8 common LUW Linux, Unix & Windows V8.2



Multi-row INSERT, FETCH & multi-row cursor UPDATE, Dynamic Scrollable Cursors, GET DIAGNOSTICS, Enhanced UNICODE for SQL, join across encoding schemes, IS NOT DISTINCT FROM, Session variables, range partitioning

Inner and Outer Joins, Table Expressions, Subqueries, GROUP BY, Complex Correlation, С 0 m m 0 n

Global Temporary Tables, CASE, 100+ Built-in Functions including SQL/XML, Limited Fetch, Insensitive Scroll Cursors, UNION Everywhere, MIN/MAX Single Index Support, Self Referencing Updates with Subgueries, Sort Avoidance for ORDER BY, and Row Expressions, 2M Statement Length, GROUP BY Expression, Sequences, Scalar Fullselect, Materialized Query Tables, Common Table Expressions, Recursive SQL, CURRENT PACKAGE PATH, VOLATILE Tables, Star Join Sparse Index, Qualified Column names, Multiple DISTINCT clauses, ON COMMIT DROP, Transparent ROWID Column, Call from trigger, statement isolation, FOR READ ONLY KEEP UPDATE LOCKS, SET CURRENT SCHEMA, Client special registers, long SQL object names, SELECT from INSERT

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Updateable UNION in Views, ORDER BY/FETCH FIRST in subselects & table expressions, GROUPING SETS, ROLLUP, CUBE, INSTEAD OF TRIGGER, EXCEPT, INTERSECT, 16 Built-in Functions, MERGE, Native SQL Procedure Language, SET CURRENT ISOLATION, BIGINT data type, file reference variables, SELECT FROM UPDATE, DELETE & MERGE, multi-site join



DB2 SQL

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z z/OS V8 Vnext common LUW Linux, Unix & Windows V8.2



Multi-row INSERT, FETCH & multi-row cursor UPDATE, Dynamic Scrollable Cursors, GET DIAGNOSTICS, Enhanced UNICODE for SQL, join across encoding schemes, IS NOT DISTINCT FROM, Session variables, range partitioning, TRUNCATE, DECIMAL FLOAT, VARBINARY, optimistic locking, FETCH CONTINUE, ROLE, MERGE

Inner and Outer Joins, Table Expressions, Subqueries, GROUP BY, Complex Correlation, Global Temporary Tables, CASE, 100+ Built-in Functions including SQL/XML, Limited Fetch, Insensitive Scroll Cursors, UNION Everywhere, MIN/MAX Single Index Support, Self Referencing Updates with Subqueries, Sort Avoidance for ORDER BY, and Row Expressions, 2M Statement Length, GROUP BY Expression, Sequences, Scalar Fullselect, Materialized Query Tables, Common Table Expressions, Recursive SQL, CURRENT PACKAGE PATH, VOLATILE Tables, Star Join Sparse Index, Qualified Column names, Multiple DISTINCT clauses, ON COMMIT DROP, Transparent ROWID Column, Call from trigger, statement isolation, FOR READ ONLY KEEP UPDATE LOCKS, SET CURRENT SCHEMA, Client special registers, long SQL object names, SELECT from INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE & MERGE, INSTEAD OF TRIGGER, Native SQL Procedure Language, BIGINT, file reference variables, XML, FETCH FIRST & ORDER BY in subselect and fullselect, caseless comparisons, INTERSECT, EXCEPT, not logged tables

Updateable UNION in Views, GROUPING SETS, ROLLUP, CUBE, 16 Built-in Functions, SET CURRENT ISOLATION, multi-site join, MERGE



DB2 for z/OS Vnext SQL, DB2 family & porting



- -XML
- MERGE
- •SELECT FROM UPDATE, DELETE, MERGE
- TRUNCATE
- INSTEAD OF TRIGGER
- BIGINT, VARBINARY, DECIMAL FLOAT
- Native SQL Procedure Language
- Optimistic locking

- LOB File reference variable & FETCH CONTINUE
 FETCH FIRST & ORDER BY
 - in subselect and fullselect
 - INTERSECT & EXCEPT
 - ROLE & trusted context
- Many new built-in functions, caseless comparisons
- Index on expression
- Improved DDL consistency
 CURRENT SCHEMA



Native SQL Procedural Language

- Eliminates generated C code and compilation
- Fully integrated into the DB2 engine
- Extensive support for versioning:
 - VERSION keyword on CREATE PROCEDURE
 - CURRENT ROUTINE VERSION special register
 - ALTER ADD VERSION
 - ALTER REPLACE VERSION
 - ALTER ACTIVATE VERSION
- BIND PACKAGE with new DEPLOY keyword

ZIIP

enabled



Optimistic Locking Support

- Built-in timestamp for each row or page
 - Automatically updated by DB2
 - Allows simple timestamp predicate to validate that row has not changed since last access
- Eliminates need for complex predicates on WebSphere CMP updates, improves performance



XML Processing Paradigms

XML has become the "data interchange" format between B2B/B2C, inter- and intra-enterprise environments.

XML View Of Relational Data

- SQL data viewed and updated as XML
 - Done via document shredding and composition
- DTD and Schema Validation

XML Documents As Monolithic Entities

- Atomic Storage And Retrieval
- Search Capabilities

XML As A Rich Data Type

- Full Storage and Indexing
- Powerful Query Capabilities

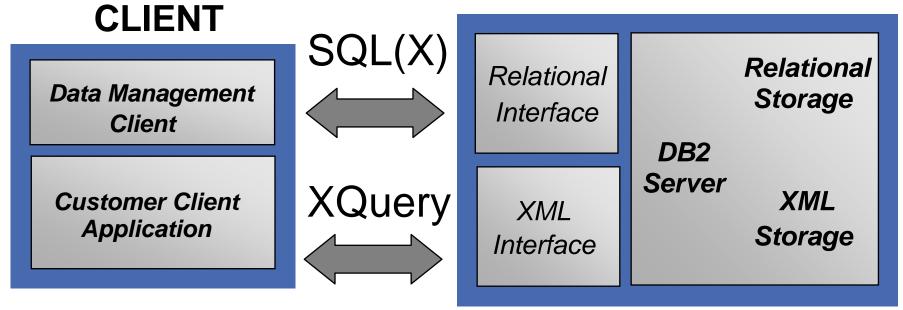




XML Capabilities Inside the Engine

Performance, Performance, Performance

SERVER



Native storage Schema Index functions utilities



XML Support

- Support XML data type
- Store the XML document natively
- DDL --
 - CREATE/ALTER Table with XML type column
 - Implicitly create XML Auxiliary objects (tablespace/table/index) one per XML column
 - Index support
 - Created by users
 - uses XPath to determine which nodes in the XML document to index. CREATE INDEX dependentName ON deptTable(deptDocs) GENERATE KEY USING XMLPATTERN '/department/empl/dependent/name' ATOMIC AS SQL VARCHAR(20);
- INSERT/UPDATE/DELETE
 - INSERT with VALUES and SUBSELECT
 - No Subdocument update



XML Support -- Query

- Enhanced V8 XML Constructors (XML Publishing Functions)
- SQL/XML Functions and Predicates
 - XMLParse Convert a XML text to XML value
 - XMLSerialize Converts XML to non-XML type
 - XMLQuery executes an XPath expression against an XML value.

SELECT XMLQUERY ('//item[USPrice = \$price] ' PASSING PO.POrder,

T.price AS "price") FROM PurchaseOrders PO, T;

XMLCast - Cast XML to other types or other types to XML

 XMLExists - a predicate, which returns TRUE if the XPath expression evaluates to a non-empty sequence SELECT PO.pid FROM PurchaseOrders PO, T

WHERE XMLEXISTS('//item[USPrice = \$price] ' PASSING

PO.POrder, T.price AS "price")



XML Support (continued...)

- XPATH
 - Supported Features from XPath 2.0:
- Utility Support
 - LOAD/UNLOAD, CHECK DATA/INDEX, COPY, REBUILD, RECOVER, REORG, etc.
- XML Schema Support
 - XSR XML Schema Repository
 - Catalog Tables to store XML schemas
 - Stored procedures to register XML schemas
- XMLVALIDATE() SQL/XML function
 - Test XML values for validity against XML schema
 - Obtain default values and schema normalized values from XML schema



TRUNCATE Statement

- Allows fast delete of all rows in a given table (simple, segmented, or partitioned)
- Very useful for nightly refresh of summary tables, warehouses, etc.

TRUNCATE TABLE TABLE-NAME < DROP STORAGE | REUSE STORAGE> < RESTRICT WHEN DELETE TRIGGERS | IGNORE DELETE TRIGGERS>

< IMMEDIATE>



Decimal Floating Point

New datatype NUMBER

–Well suited to typical customer financial calculations

- -Similar to "calculator" mathematics
 - •Eliminates rounding errors by using base 10 math
 - •Has up to 34 digits of precision
 - •Floating point convenience with fixed point precision!!!

–Hardware support will be provided in the next zSeries processor generation (new IEEE standard)

•Software emulation provided for other models





MERGE

- Array MERGE operation
- Targets OLTP applications like SAP

MERGE INTO account AS T USING VALUES (:hv_id, :hv_amt) FOR 5 ROWS AS S(id,amt) ON T.id = S.id WHEN MATCHED THEN UPDATE SET balance = T.balance + S.amt WHEN NOT MATCHED THEN INSERT (id, balance) VALUES (S.id, S.amt) NOT ATOMIC CONTINUE ON SQLEXCEPTION



SQL Improvements – Family Compatibility

- INSTEAD OF triggers
- SELECT FROM UPDATE
- SELECT FROM DELETE
- SELECT FROM MERGE
- BIGINT and VARBINARY data types
- ORDER BY and FETCH FIRST in subselect



DDF Improvements

- 64-bit exploitation by DDF
 - Special "shared private" with xxxDBM1 to eliminate many of the data moves on SQL operations
- Support for IPv6 and SSL
- VTAM definition is now optional
- Elimination of PRIVATE protocol requester
 - Includes tools for identifying which packages need to be bound at remote servers



DB2 Vnext Themes

- Enable high-volume transaction processing for next wave of Web applications
- Extend the lead in transaction processing availability, scalability and performance
- Reduce cost of ownership and zSeries-specific skill needs
- Improve reporting



Schema Evolution – Database Definition On Demand

- Fast replacement of one table with another
- Rename column and index
- Alter index to change page size
- Table space that can add partitions, for growth
- Improve ability to rebuild an index online
- Online reorganization with no BUILD2 phase
- Modify early code without requiring an IPL
- Alter table space and index logging



CLONE Tables

- Allows fast replacing production data without renames and rebinds
 - A capability to support online load replace
- CREATE TABLE to create a Clone Table
 - All indexes are also cloned
 - Table and Index data are not copied
 - Base and Clone tables share the same table space and index names
 - Underlying data sets are differentiated by a data set instance number



CLONE Tables...

- A clone table can only be created
 - On a single table in a table space (partitioned or non-partitioned)
 - No RI or Trigger on the base table
 - No new index can be created on a base table that has a clone
- Use insert or load to populate clone tables
- Utilities (except RUNSTATS) can operate on clone tables with a new CLONE keyword



Partition by Growth

• New partitioning scheme:

Single table tablespace, where each partition contains a segmented pageset (allows segmented to increase from 64GB to 16TB or 128 TB with 32K pages)

-Eliminates need to define partitioning key and assign key ranges

–A new partition is created when a given partition reaches DSSIZE (defaults to 64G)

–Retains benefits of Utilities and SQL parallelism optimizations for partitioned tables



CREATE TABLE ... APPEND(YES)

• New APPEND option:

-Maximizes performance for "INSERT at end"

–Avoids overhead of attempting to preserve clustering sequence





Relief for Sequential Key INSERT

- New page sizes: 8K and 16K for INDEX pages

 Fewer page splits for long keys
 More key values per page
- INSERT at the end of the key range used to result in 50% free space in each index page

-Enhanced support dynamically adapts page split boundary to minimize wasted space in index pages



LOB Performance/Scalability

- Elimination of LOB locks LRSN and page latching is used instead for consistency checks
- New network flows for delivering LOBs

–JDBC, SQLJ, and CLI will let server determine whether to flow LOB values or LOCATORs based on size thresholds

-Significant reduction in network traffic

–Greatly reduces frequency of FREE LOCATOR statements



Other Performance / Availability Items

- Insert performance APPEND INDEX LOG
- INDEX on expression
- LOB performance, function, scalability
- Log latch contention relief
- CPU reductions in LOAD and REORG
- Online REBUILD INDEX
- FETCH FIRST n ROWS improvements
 - Can now be specified in a subquery or fullselect
 - ORDER BY now exploits FETCH FIRST n ROWS, so that work files are not created (less I/O)



DB2 Vnext Themes

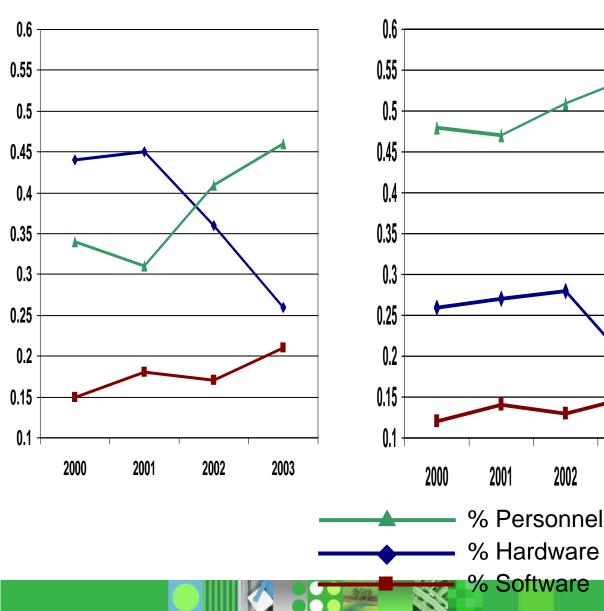
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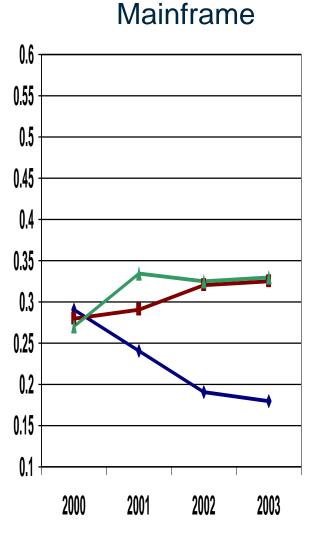


Cost Of Ownership Trends INTEL

2003

UNIX





Meta Group Survey Data



Compliance/Auditing Pressure

- Regulatory compliance initiatives are impacting IT organizations in most countries/industries, and changing fast
 - Sarbanes-Oxley
 - Basel II
 - FDA: Food and Drug Administration 21 DFR Part 11
 - COPPA: Children's Online Privacy Protection Act of 2000
 - DPA: Data Protection Act (UK)
 - HIPAA: Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996
 - PIPEDA: Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act (Canada)
 - SEC Rule 17a-4: Records to be preserved by certain exchange members, brokers, dealers
 - USA Patriot Act: Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism of 2001
- Focus is on both external threats (hackers) and internal employees



Security in DB2 for z/OS Vnext

- Some key implementations
- Data Encryption
- Roles
- Network Trusted Contexts
- Instead of Triggers
- Improved auditing
- Secure Socket Layer





Protecting data on disk

- We will allow encryption for the key disk resources used by DB2:
 - Tables
 - LOBs
 - Indexes
 - Image copies
 - Logs
 - Archive logs

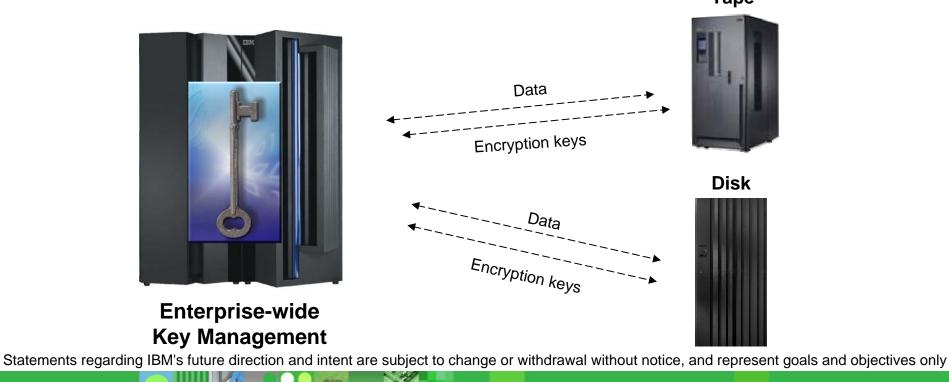




Future Directions –

Extending Encryption to IBM TotalStorage

- Statement of Direction: To address customers' growing concern with data security, IBM is announcing a statement of direction for the development, enhancement and support of encryption capabilities within storage environments such that the capability does not require the use of host server resources.
- This includes the intent to offer, among other things, capabilities for products within the IBM TotalStorage[®] portfolio to support outboard encryption and to leverage the centralized key management functions planned for z/OS ICSF.
 Tape





Database ROLEs

ROLE is a "virtual authid"

-Assigned via TRUSTED CONTEXT

–Provides additional privileges only when in a trusted environment using existing primary AUTHID.

-Can optionally be the OWNER of DB2 objects

CREATE ROLE PROD_DBA; GRANT DBADM ... TO PROD_DBA;

CREATE TRUSTED CONTEXT DBA1 ... DEFAULT ROLE PROD_DBA OWNER(ROLE);



Database ROLEs Examples

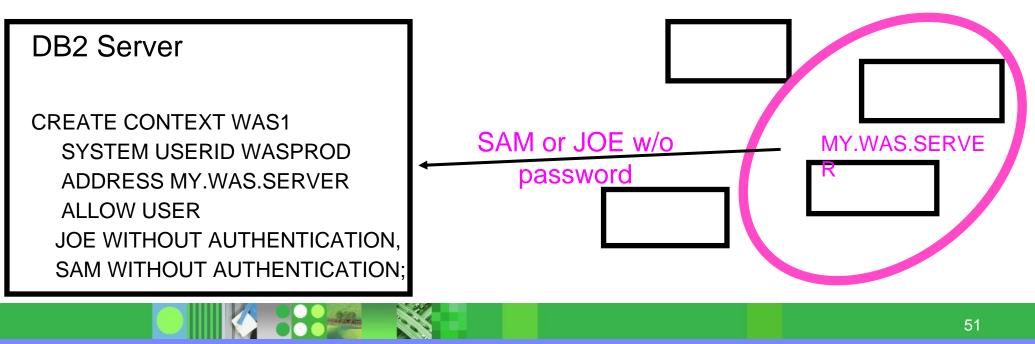
- Dynamic SQL access to DB2 tables using JDBC or CLI, but only when running on a specific server.
- DBA can be temporarily assigned a DBA ROLE for weekend production table admin work – no table access at other times.
- DBA uses a ROLE for CREATE statements, so that the ROLE owns the objects he or she creates.
- Project librarian assigned a BIND ROLE only when running on the production code library server – can't BIND from any other server.



Trusted Security Context

Identifies "trusted" DDF, RRS Attach, or DSN application servers

- Allows selected DB2 authids on connections without passwords
 - reduces complexity of password management
 - reduces need for an all-inclusive "system authid" in app servers
 - more visibility/auditability of which user is current running
 - > enables mixed security capabilities from a single app server

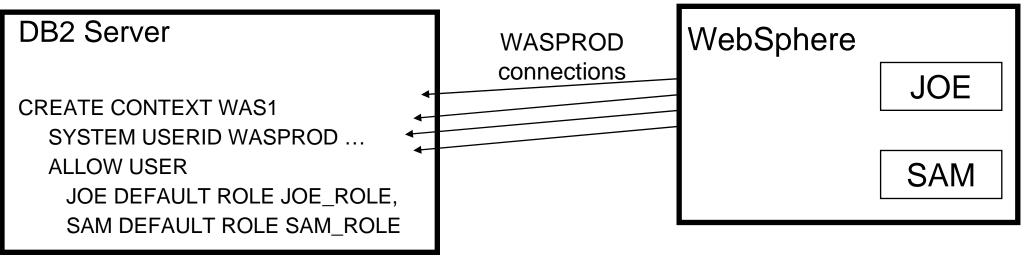




Trusted Security Context / ROLE WebSphere example

 WebSphere connection pool can be created with one DB2 AUTHID
 WebSphere can reuse pooled connections to DB2 with different AUTHIDs

- DB2 AUTHIDs can be given privileges that are only available when executing in WebSphere:
 - e.g. dynamic SQL access for JDBC only when using WebSphere





Auditing: DB2 Trace Filtering

• New filtering capabilities for –START TRACE that INCLUDE or EXCLUDE based on these keywords:

-USERID -- client userid

- -WRKSTN -- client workstation name
- -APPNAME -- client application name
- -PKGLOC -- package LOCATION name
- -PKGCOL -- package COLLECTION name
- -PKGPROG -- PACKAGE name
- -CONNID -- connection ID
- -CORRID -- correlation ID
- -ROLE end user's database ROLE



Volume-based COPY/RECOVER

- FlashCopy technology used to capture entire content of disk volumes
- RECOVER modified to enable object-level recovery from volume FlashCopy
- Eliminates labor associated with setting up COPY jobs for each database / table space



Converged TEMP Space

- Single source for all temporary space in DB2, replacing: DSNDB07, temp databases, workfile database
- Access is virtualized for small amounts of data, eliminating cost of work file creation (reduced CPU and I/O)
- Supports 4K and 32K page sizes, with automatic selection of the appropriate page size



DDL Porting Improvements

- Automatic selection of DATABASE and TABLESPACE when DDL omits these keywords
- Automatic CREATE of UNIQUE index for PRIMARY KEY
- Deprecated simple table space, default to segmented



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- Improve data warehousing and OLTP reporting



Data Warehousing, Reporting and Optimizer Improvements

- Cross query block optimization
- Histogram statistics exploitation
- Generalize sparse index and in-memory data cache method
- Dynamic Index ANDing for Star Schema
- EXCEPT and INTERSECT
- Many other SQL improvements

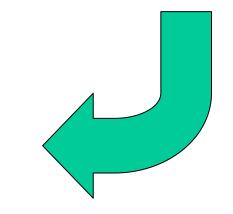


DB2 Performance Monitoring

Performance objectives Automated exception detection Automated tracing

Omegamon & DB2 PM convergence Manual exception processing Manual tracing Manual analysis Manual correction

Automated analysis Correction recommendations



Automated correction



TCO Improvements – DBA tools

- Autonomic Policy-based SQL query management/monitoring:
 - Automatic collection of performance data for long running queries
 - Automated query monitoring for the most frequent/expensive queries
 - REOPT(SMART)
 - Real time statistics exploitation by Optimizer
- Optimization Service Center (Web-based DBA admin no 3270 screens)
 - DBA tool suite for tuning/managing SQL queries (Stats Advisor, Index Advisor, Query Rewrite Advisor, Query Workload Monitor, Resource Estimator, Query Formatter, Visual Explain, Visual Plan Hint, IBM Service Doc Generator, Partitioning/Clustering Advisor)
- Query Performance Warehouse
 - Execution history of queries
 - Identification of query patterns
 - Identification of usage patterns for tables/indexes



DB2 for z/OS Vnext

Integration

Availability

□Scalability

Productivity

Total cost of ownership

XML, Unicode, LOBs SQL for DB2 family Portable SQL

Data Definition On Demand



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