

IMS Database Buffer • Handlers (A Performance • & Tuning Point of View) •

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Introduction & Agenda

- ▲ Discussion is limited to
 - OSAM and VSAM full function buffer handlers
 - A performance and tuning perspective

▲ Agenda

- ► A high-level view of the execution environment
- Selected bufferhandler functions related to performance
- Use of the IMS Monitor for analysis and tuning



The Execution Environment



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MVS ADDRESS SPACE



Standalone Batch and CICS with Local DL/I

▲ Buffer handler activities

- Satisfy requests from the action modules for data or services
- Responsible for all data base reads and writes

Standalone Batch and CICS with Local DL/I

- ▲ Buffer handler contention: Standalone batch
 - OSAM SB overlapped read caught in progress
 - ▶ VSAM background write with other VSAM read/write activity
- ▲ Buffer handler contention: CICS local DL/I
 - Same as for standalone batch
 - Plus, activity initiated by other 'concurrent' transactions









Online Contention

▲ Buffer handler activities

- Satisfy requests from the action modules for data or services
- Responsible for all data base reads and writes

▲ Contention

- Locking of DB resources
- Logging
- Access to buffer pool resources or services
 - Same as for CICS local DL/I
 - Plus, multiple TCB access to buffer handler resources

▲ IMS Monitor reporting of buffer pool contention

- ▷ OSAM: NOT IWAIT time
- ▶ VSAM: DB IWAIT time

Buffer Pool Management

▲ Each buffer in a subpool has a prefix

- ▶ IBPRF (OSAM)
- ▶ IDABUGC (VSAM)

▲ Prefix contents includes

- ▶ Buffer ID
- ▶ LRU chain pointer
- MRU chain pointer
- Relative block number of buffer contents
- ▶ Waiting PST anchor
- Buffer attributes
- ▶ and more ...

Buffer Attributes

▲ Owned

- ► For example, set when position established in a buffer
 - Released when call completed or move to another buffer (Batch exception (standalone and BLDS))
 - A dependent region can only own one buffer at a time in a subpool
 - Multiple dependent regions can own the same buffer

▲ Busy (OSAM), Locked (VSAM)

► For example, set when read or write in progress into or from a buffer

▲ Locked (OSAM and VSAM)

► For example, write error and no storage for write error buffer

Buffer Attributes

▲ Altered

▶ Set by action module when update call changes the contents of a buffer

▲ New ID pending (OSAM only)

▶ Buffer prefix to be replaced because new block is being read in

▲ Empty

► For example, buffer invalidated (data sharing)

Action Module Requests of the Buffer Handlers

▲ Requests of the OSAM buffer handler

- Search pool for block in range
- Release ownership of a buffer
- ► Locate a single block by RBN
- Locate byte
- Create new block
- Write blocks altered by PST (purge BQEL chain)
- Mark buffer altered
- Byte locate and mark altered
- Mark buffer empty
- Purge the pool because of application checkpoint
- Purge the pool due to ABEND
- Buffer forced write

Action Module Requests of the Buffer Handlers

▲ Requests of the VSAM buffer handler

- Locate a logical record by block RBA
- Locate a logical record by byte RBA
- Purge all buffers of the current PST if an I/O error occurs
- Search a subpool for an RBA within a certain range
- Mark buffer altered
- Background write
- Locate a logical record and mark buffer altered
- Purge all buffers at request of ABEND STAE routine
- Purge subpools when CHKP or sync point occurs
- ▶ Locate a logical record whose key is EQ to or GT a given key
- Locate the first logical record of a data base
- Erase a logical record
- Insert a logical record within a KSDS
- Add a logical record to an ESDS

Action Module Requests of the Buffer Handlers

▲ Requests of the VSAM buffer handler ...

- ► Get the next logical record in a data base
- ▶ Release PST ownership of a buffer
- Mark all buffers invalid
- ► Locate the given logical record for image copy
- Get the next logical record for image copy

Managing Contention

▲ OSAM buffer handler

- Subpool latch
- Buffer attributes
- Compare and swap

▲ VSAM buffer handler

- Compare and swap
- Buffer attributes
- ▶ Latching



Selected Buffer Handler • Functions •



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Buffer Pool Purge

- Buffer pool purge writes all buffers altered by a dependent region to the appropriate data base data sets
 - Purge is caused by transaction sync point or BMP CHKP/SYNC call
 - Buffers to be written are chained together (BQEL chain)
 - Chain is anchored to the PST
- BQEL chains are an efficient way to find all buffers to be written



Buffer Pool Purge ...

▲ Write to log required for all changes not yet physically logged

▲ Altered OSAM DB buffers written to DBDSs using BQEL chain

- In RBA sequence by volume
- Buffers on same track chained together
- Multiple blocks per SIO
- Overlap writes by volume and subpool

▲ VSAM subpools also purged using BQEL chain

- Overlapped with OSAM purge
- ▶ Single CI per SIO in BQEL chain sequence

▲ Blocks/Cls still available in subpool(s)



Tuning Comments

- ▲ Large blocksize best for sequential readers and updaters
- ▲ Maintain data base record locality of reference
 - ► Tailor blocksize to data base record size
 - Set SCAN=0 and provide freespace (consider use of FBFF)
 - Timely DB reorganization
- ▲ OSAM users should checkpoint for performance
- ▲ Purge is automatic with IMS V6 and standalone batch
- ▲ Background write most effective for writing VSAM CIs



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VSAM Background Write

▲ Background write attempts to overlap read & write activity

Specified on OPTIONS statement (DFSVSAMP DD or DFSVSMxx member)

OPTIONS BGRT=YES | NO | (YES,n)

▲ Do not set background write percentage too high

- Background write steals altered buffers and may cause LWA
- If too high, may cause rewrites of the same CIs which may otherwise be avoided`

Buffer Stealing: OSAM

OWNED	<u>PSTLR</u>	<u>BUSY</u>	ALTERED	USE LEVEL				
BUFFER MARKE	BUFFER MARKED EMPTY							
NO	EQ OR 0	NO	NO	0				
NO	NE	NO	NO	1				
NO	EQ	YES	-	2				
NO	NE	YES	-	3				
NO	EQ	NO	YES	4				
NO	NE	NO	YES	5				
YES	-	-	NO	6				
YES	-	-	YES	7				
CURRENTLY RE	EADING DATA			8				
BUFFER HAS NI	D PENDING SITU	ATION	~ ~	9				
BUFFER IS LOC	KED DUE TO A V	VRITE ERR	OR	10				

WHERE: PSTLR = DEPENDENT REGION LAST REFERENCING THIS BUFFER

USE LEVEL = DETERMINES STEAL PRIORITY

'-' = NOT CHECKED 'NE' = NOT EQUAL 'EQ' = EQUAL

The steal routine searches a subpool in LRU sequence

The subpool latch is held unless CICS or batch

Buffer Stealing: OSAM

<u>PSTLR</u>	<u>BUSY</u>	<u>ALTERED</u>	USE LEVEL				
BUFFER MARKED EMPTY							
EQ OR 0	NO	NO	0				
NE	NO	NO	1				
EQ	YES	-	2				
NE	YES	-	3				
EQ	NO	YES	4				
NE	NO	YES	5				
-	-	NO	6				
-	-	YES	7				
ADING DATA	_		8				
D PENDING SITU	ATION	~ ~	9				
KED DUE TO A V	VRITEERR	OR	10				
	PSTLR ED EMPTY EQ OR 0 NE EQ NE EQ NE - - - - ADING DATA D PENDING SITU KED DUE TO A V	PSTLRBUSYEQ OR 0NOEQ OR 0NONENOEQYESNEYESEQNONENO	PSTLRBUSYALTEREDDEMPTYEQ OR 0NONOEQ OR 0NONONENONOEQYES-EQNOYESEQNOYESNENOYESADING DATA-YESD PENDING SITUATIONYESKED DUE TO A WRITE ERROR-				

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Buffer Stealing: OSAM ...

▲ The subpool is searched in three increments

- ▶ For any increment, a use level 0 buffer ends the search immediately
 - **<u>1st increment</u>**: Buffers with use level 0 to 5 are eligible.
 - 1. If batch or CICS local DL/I, the increment is two.
 - 2. For online and DBCTL,
 - A) If less than 15 dependent regions, then 2 X no. of scheduled regions = 1st increment

else, 30 = 1st increment

- B) If 1st increment greater than the no. of buffers in subpool, then half the no. of buffers = 1st increment
- <u>2nd increment</u>: Buffers with use level of 0 to 5 are eligible.

No. buffers = (no. buffers/1st increment) - 1st increment

- **<u>3rd increment</u>**: Buffers with use level of 8 or lower are eligible.

The 3rd increment is the remaining buffers.

EXAMPLE 1:

60 BUFFERS, 15 DEPENDENT REGIONS

1ST INCREMENT = 30 BUFFERS 2ND INCREMENT = 28 BUFFERS 3RD INCREMENT = 2 BUFFERS

EXAMPLE 2:

500 BUFFERS, 40 DEP. REGIONS

1ST INCREMENT = 30 BUFFERS 2ND INCREMENT = 454 BUFFERS 3RD INCREMENT = 16 BUFFERS

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Tuning Comments

- ▲ Use multiple subpools to minimize latch contention
- ▲ If altered buffer steals are occurring and system is transaction driven
 - Increase the size of the subpool until eliminated

▲ If altered buffer steals are occurring and batch or NMD BMP

- Ensure subpool is large enough to eliminate LWA
 - Reported as NOT IWAIT time by IMS Monitor
- Replace all altered buffer steals with OSAM Queued Write
 - Ensure SYNC or CHKP frequency is adequate
- IMS V6 should eliminate all altered buffer steals for standalone batch (OSAM Background Write)



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Buffer Stealing: VSAM

- ▲ Steal a buffer for a CI to be read into a buffer
- ▲ Steal algorithm consists of two increments
- ▲ 1st Increment: Search 40% of buffers in subpool
 - Search criteria
 - Not owned
 - Not altered
 - Not busy reading or writing
 - Not locked
 - ► First buffer to meet criteria ends the search

▲ 2nd Increment: Entire subpool searched for eligible buffer

- Search criteria
 - First buffer found that is not owned or locked ends the search



Tuning Comments

▲ Transaction driven systems

Ensure subpool is large enough to avoid altered buffer steals

▲ Batch or NMD BMP

- Ensure subpool is large enough to avoid
 - Altered buffer steals
 - Buffer rewrites
- Use background write to eliminate altered buffer steals

Locate Block/Cl Within Range

- ▲ Action module request to satisfy HD request for space
- Search Algorithm
 OSAM and VSAM pools may be scanned to satisfy the HD Space
 - 1. Most desirable block
 - 2. Second most desirable block (effective with FBFF=)
 - 3. Block/CI in the buffer pool on same cylinder (scan)
 - 4. Block/CI on same track per bit map
 - 5. Block/CI on same cylinder per bit map
 - 6. Block/CI in buffer pool within SCAN= cylinders (scan forward then backward)
 - 7. Block/CI within SCAN= per bit map
 - 8. Any block/CI in buffer pool at end of data set (scan forward then backward)
 - 9. Any block/CI at end of data set per bit map
 - 10. Any block/Cl in data set per bit map

Locate Block/CI Within Range ...

▲ Scan processing is reflected in NOT IWAIT time

- Invoked for ISRTs and some variable length REPLs
- Scan pathlength can be severe. Largely dependent upon number of unsuccessful 'hits' (space not found)

▲ Tuning actions to consider

- ▶ Use freespace (FSPF and/or FBFF)
- Only virtual storage buffers are searched
 - Good reason to use HIPERSPACE
 - Good reason to use multiple smaller subpools
- Reorganize to reset freespace (best solution)



Relationship to IVIS Monitor



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Call Summary - PSB3 (BMP)

IMS MONI	TOR ***	*CALL	SUMMARY****	TRACE	START	122 14	:22:06	TRACE SI	OP 122 1	4:26:14	
		CALL	LEV	STAT			IWAITS/	ELA	PSED TIME.	NOT I	WAIT TIME
PSB NAME	PCB NAME	FUNC	NO.SEGMENT	CODE	CALLS	IWAIT	S CALL	MEAN	MAXIMUM	MEAN	MAXIMUM
 PSB3	I/O PCB	СНКР	()		31	189	6.09	26377	61297	12712	42903
		LOG	()		310	0	0.00	742	75482	742	75482
		I/O 1	PCB SUBTOTAL		341	189	0.55	3073		1830	
	PSB3DB2	ISRT	(02)TRANRTE		3027	56	0.01	1941	200579	1831	200579
		ISRT	(01) TRANROOT		36	9	0.25	4358	29540	2364	7094
		GU	(00)	GE	36	12	0.33	8225	57002	3166	57002
		REPL	(01) TRANROOT		35	0	0.00	822	3512	822	3512
		GU	(01) TRANROOT		35	0	0.00	1054	11196	1054	11196
		DL/I	PCB SUBTOTAL		3169	77	0.02	2018		1832	
	PSB3DB1	GU	(01)SCRCHPAD		3026	4946	1.63	23933	578509	3278	520010
		GU	(00)	GE	1	2	2.00	22173	22173	1282	1282
		DL/I	PCB SUBTOTAL		3027	4948	1.63	23933		3277	
	PSB3DB3	GU	(01)DB3ROOT		37	12007	324.51	1529514	56406152	107264	3863552
		GN	(00)	GB	1	1142	1142.00	4087572	4087572	351127	351127
		GN	(01)DB3ROOT		823	819	0.99	3099	22523	1115	18879
		DL/I	PCB SUBTOTAL		861	13968	16.22	73438		6083	
		PSB 1	IOTAL		7398	19182	2.59	19345		2918	

7398 CALLS X 19.4 MS/CALL = 143.5 SECS TOTAL PSB CALL ELAPSED

7398 CALLS X 2.9 MS/CALL = 21.6 SECS TOTAL PSB NOT IWAIT ELAPSED

(ADDITIONAL CALCULATIONS AND NOTES ARE CONTINUED ON THE NEXT FOIL.)

Call Summary - PSB3 (BMP) ...

IMS	MONI	FOR	***	*CALL	SUMMARY	* * * *	TRAC	E START	122 1	14:2	22:06	TRACE ST	OP 122 14	4:26:14	
				CALL	LEV		STAT				IWAITS	/ELA	PSED TIME.	NOT I	WAIT TIME
PSB	NAME	PCB	NAME	FUNC	NO.SEG	MENT	CODE	CALLS	IWAI	ITS	CALL	MEAN	MAXIMUM	MEAN	MAXIMUM
PSB3	3	I/0	PCB	CHKP	()			31	18	39	6.09	26377	61297	12712	42903
				LOG	()			310		0	0.00	742	75482	742	75482
				I/O E	PCB SUBT	OTAL		341	18	39	0.55	3073		1830	
		PSB3	BDB2	ISRT	(02)TRA	NRTE		3027	5	56	0.01	1941	200579	1831	200579
				ISRT	(01)TRA	NROOT		36		9	0.25	4358	29540	2364	7094
				GU	(00)		GE	36	1	12	0.33	8225	57002	3166	57002
				REPL	(01)TRA	NROOT		35		0	0.00	822	3512	822	3512
				GU	(01)TRA	NROOT		35		0	0.00	1054	11196	1054	11196
				DL/I	PCB SUB	TOTAL		3169	7	77	0.02	2018		1832	
		PSB3	BDB1	GU	(01)SCR	CHPAD		3026	494	46	1.63	23933	578509	3278	520010
				GU	(00)		GE	1		2	2.00	22173	22173	1282	1282
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		PSB3	BDB3	GU	(01)DB3	ROOT		37	1200	07	324.51	1529514	56406152	107264	3863552
				GN	(00)		GB	1	114	42 :	1142.00	4087572	4087572	351127	351127
				GN	(01)DB3	ROOT		823	81	19	0.99	3099	22523	1115	18879
				DL/I	PCB SUB	TOTAL		861	1396	58	16.22	73438		6083	
				PSB 1	TOTAL			7398	1918	32	2.59	19345		2918	
	GU (()1) S	SCRCH	PAD	3026	5 CALI	ls x	23.93	33 MS/	CAI	L = 72	SECS			
	GU (()1) I	DB3RO	OT	31	7 CALI	ls x 1	1,529.51	14 MS/	CAL	L = 57	SECS			
	GN (()()		GB	-	CALI	X	4,087.5	72 MS/	CAL	L = 4	SECS			



IMS MONIT	FOR ****	*PROGRAM I/O***	TRACE START	122 14:22:06	TRACE	STOP 122	14:26:14	PAGE 0104
				WAIT TIME				
PSBNAME	PCB NAM	E IWAITS	TOTAL	MEAN	MAXIMUM	DDN/FUNC	MODULE	
PSB3	PSB3DB1	2865	47733904	16661	129201	DB1DB	VBH	
		2083	14790495	7100	91334	DB1IX	VBH	
	PCB TOTAL	L 4948	62524399	12636				
	I/O PCH	B 166	350945	2114	5269	DB2DB	VBH	
		23	72652	3158	20337	DB2IX	VBH	
	PCB TOTAL	L 189	423597	2241				
	PSB3DB2	71	525609	7402	38252	DB2DB	VBH	
		6	62877	10479	34396	DB2IX	VBH	
	PCB TOTAL	L 77	588486	7642				
	PSB3DB3	19	105500	5552	27646	DB3IX	VBH	
		13949	57887258	4149	127107	DB3DB	VBH	
	PCB TOTAL	L 13968	57992758	4151				
	PSB TOTAL	L 19182	121529240	6335				

	TOTAL	
PCB NAME	IWAIT TIME	DDNAME
PSB3DB1	47.7 SECS	DB1DB
	14.8	DB1IX
PSB3DB3	57.9	DB3DB
TOTAL	120.4 SECS	

Selected DDNAMES are

- 99% of total IWAIT time
- Identify which DB buffer pools to tune
- Identify portion of DASD subsystem to analyze



FIX IND	EX/BLOCK	DATA		Y/Y/Y
SHARED	RESOURCE	POOL	ID	XXXX
SHARED	RESOURCE	POOL	TYPE	D
SUBPOOL	ID			3
SUBPOOL	BUFFER S	SIZE		4096
NUMBER	HIPERSPAC	CE BUF	FERS	0
TOTAL B	UFFERS IN	I SUBE	POOL	2000

NUMBER OF RETRIEVE BY RBA CALLS RECEIVED BY BUF HNDLR NUMBER OF RETRIEVE BY KEY CALLS NUMBER OF LOGICAL RECORDS INSERTED INTO ESDS NUMBERR OF LOGICAL RECORDS INSERTED INTO ESDS NUMBER OF LOGICAL RECORDS ALTERED IN THIS SUBPOOL NUMBER OF TIMES BACKGROUND WRITE FUNCTION INVOKED NUMBER OF SYNCHRONIZATION CALLS RECEIVED NUMBER OF WRITE ERROR BUFFERS CURRENTLY IN THE SUBPOOL LARGEST NUMBER OF WRITE ERRORS IN THE SUBPOOL NUMBER OF VSAM GET CALLS ISSUED NUMBER OF VSAM SCHBFR CALLS ISSUED NUMBER OF TIMES CTRL INTERVAL REQUESTED ALREADY IN POOL NUMBER OF CTRL INTERVALS READ FROM EXTERNAL STORAGE NUMBER OF VSAM WRITES INITIATED BY IMS/ESA NUMBER OF VSAM WRITES TO MAKE SPACE IN THE POOL NUMBER OF VSAM READS FROM HIPERSPACE BUFFERS NUMBER OF VSAM WRITES TO HIPERSPACE BUFFERS NUMBER OF FAILED VSAM READS FROM HIPERSPACE BUFFERS NUMBER OF FAILED VSAM WRITES TO HIPERSPACE BUFFERS





FIX INDEX	/BLOCK/DATA	A Y/Y/Y
SHARED RE	SOURCE POOI	ID XXXX
SHARED RE	SOURCE POOI	D TYPE D
SUBPOOL I	D	3
SUBPOOL B	UFFER SIZE	4096
NUMBER HI	PERSPACE BU	JFFERS 0
TOTAL BUF	FERS IN SUB	3POOL 2000

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SUBPOOI	BUFFER S	SIZE		4096
NUMBER	HIPERSPAC	CE BUE	FERS	0
TOTAL E	BUFFERS IN	N SUBE	POOL	2000

NUMBER OF RETRIEVE BY RBA CALLS RECEIVED BY BUF HNDLR NUMBER OF RETRIEVE BY KEY CALLS NUMBER OF LOGICAL RECORDS INSERTED INTO ESDS NUMBERR OF LOGICAL RECORDS INSERTED INTO ESDS NUMBER OF LOGICAL RECORDS ALTERED IN THIS SUBPOOL NUMBER OF TIMES BACKGROUND WRITE FUNCTION INVOKED NUMBER OF SYNCHRONIZATION CALLS RECEIVED NUMBER OF WRITE ERROR BUFFERS CURRENTLY IN THE SUBPOOL LARGEST NUMBER OF WRITE ERRORS IN THE SUBPOOL NUMBER OF VSAM GET CALLS ISSUED NUMBER OF VSAM SCHBFR CALLS ISSUED NUMBER OF TIMES CTRL INTERVAL REQUESTED ALREADY IN POOL NUMBER OF CTRL INTERVALS READ FROM EXTERNAL STORAGE NUMBER OF VSAM WRITES INITIATED BY IMS/ESA NUMBER OF VSAM WRITES TO MAKE SPACE IN THE POOL NUMBER OF VSAM READS FROM HIPERSPACE BUFFERS NUMBER OF VSAM WRITES TO HIPERSPACE BUFFERS NUMBER OF FAILED VSAM READS FROM HIPERSPACE BUFFERS NUMBER OF FAILED VSAM WRITES TO HIPERSPACE BUFFERS





DATA BASE BUFFER POOL

FIX PREFIX/BUFFERS	N/N
SUBPOOL ID	
SUBPOOL BUFFER SIZE	4096
TOTAL BUFFERS IN SUBPOOL	250





DATA BASE BUFFER POOL

FIX PREFIX/BUFFERS	N/N
SUBPOOL ID	
SUBPOOL BUFFER SIZE	4096
TOTAL BUFFERS IN SUBPOOL	250





DATA BASE BUFFER POOL

FIX PREFIX/BUFFERS	N/N
SUBPOOL ID	
SUBPOOL BUFFER SIZE	4096
TOTAL BUFFERS IN SUBPOOL	250

NUMBER OF LOCATE-TYPE CALLS NUMBER OF REOUESTS TO CREATE NEW BLOCKS NUMBER OF BUFFER ALTER CALLS NUMBER OF PURGE CALLS NUMBER OF LOCATE-TYPE CALLS, DATA ALREADY IN OSAM POOL NUMBER OF BUFFERS SEARCHED BY ALL LOCATE-TYPE CALLS NUMBER OF READ I/O REOUESTS NUMBER OF SINGLE BLOCK WRITES BY BUFFER STEAL ROUTINE NUMBER OF BLOCKS WRITTEN BY PURGE NUMBER OF LOCATE CALLS WAITED DUE TO BUSY ID NUMBER OF LOCATE CALLS WAITED DUE TO BUFFER BUSY WRT NUMBER OF LOCATE CALLS WAITED DUE TO BUFFER BUSY READ NUMBER OF BUFFER STEAL/PURGE WAITED FOR OWNERSHIP RLSE NUMBER OF BUFFER STEAL REQUESTS WAITED FOR BUFFERS TOTAL NUMBER OF I/O ERRORS FOR THIS SUBPOOL NUMBER OF BUFFERS LOCKED DUE TO WRITE ERRORS QUOTIENT : TOTAL NUMBER OF OSAM READS + OSAM WRITES =

TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSACTIONS





DATA BASE BUFFER POOL

FIX PREFIX/BUFFERS	N/N
SUBPOOL ID	
SUBPOOL BUFFER SIZE	4096
TOTAL BUFFERS IN SUBPOOL	250

DIFFERENCE 79993 NUMBER OF LOCATE-TYPE CALLS NUMBER OF REQUESTS TO CREATE NEW BLOCKS 0 ► FORMAT LOGICAL CYLINDER NUMBER OF BUFFER ALTER CALLS 3005 NUMBER OF PURGE CALLS 974 NUMBER OF LOCATE-TYPE CALLS, DATA ALREADY IN OSAM POOL 75091 93021 NUMBER OF BUFFERS SEARCHED BY ALL LOCATE-TYPE CALLS USED TO CALCULATE NUMBER OF READ I/O REQUESTS 4581 A HIT RATIO 0 NUMBER OF SINGLE BLOCK WRITES BY BUFFER STEAL ROUTINE NUMBER OF BLOCKS WRITTEN BY PURGE 1623 ALTERED BUFFER STEALS NUMBER OF LOCATE CALLS WAITED DUE TO BUSY ID NUMBER OF LOCATE CALLS WAITED DUE TO BUFFER BUSY WRT 0 **BLOCKS WRITTEN** 0 NUMBER OF LOCATE CALLS WAITED DUE TO BUFFER BUSY READ BY SYNCPT NUMBER OF BUFFER STEAL/PURGE WAITED FOR OWNERSHIP RLSE 0 NUMBER OF BUFFER STEAL REQUESTS WAITED FOR BUFFERS 0 **BUFFER HANDLER** TOTAL NUMBER OF I/O ERRORS FOR THIS SUBPOOL θ-CONTENTION NUMBER OF BUFFERS LOCKED DUE TO WRITE ERRORS 0 OUOTIENT : TOTAL NUMBER OF OSAM READS + OSAM WRITES = 0.00 BUFFER POOL TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSACTIONS TOO SMALL



DATA BASE BUFFER POOL

N/N
4096
250

	DI	FFERENCE	
NUMBER OF L	OCATE-TYPE CALLS	79993	
NUMBER OF R	EQUESTS TO CREATE NEW BLOCKS	0	
NUMBER OF B	UFFER ALTER CALLS	3005	FORMAT LOGICAL CYLINDER
NUMBER OF P	URGE CALLS	974	
NUMBER OF L	OCATE-TYPE CALLS, DATA ALREADY IN OSAM POOL	75091	
NUMBER OF B	UFFERS SEARCHED BY ALL LOCATE-TYPE CALLS	93021 —	
NUMBER OF R	EAD I/O REQUESTS	4581	—► USED TO CALCULATE
NUMBER OF S	INGLE BLOCK WRITES BY BUFFER STEAL ROUTINE	0	A HIT RATIO
NUMBER OF B	LOCKS WRITTEN BY PURGE	1623	
NUMBER OF L	OCATE CALLS WAITED DUE TO BUSY ID	3	ALTERED BUFFER STEALS
NUMBER OF L	OCATE CALLS WAITED DUE TO BUFFER BUSY WRT	0	
NUMBER OF L	OCATE CALLS WAITED DUE TO BUFFER BUSY READ	0	BLOCKS WRITTEN
NUMBER OF B	UFFER STEAL/PURGE WAITED FOR OWNERSHIP RLSE	0	BY SYNCPT
NUMBER OF B	UFFER STEAL REQUESTS WAITED FOR BUFFERS	0	
TOTAL NUMBE	R OF I/O ERRORS FOR THIS SUBPOOL	0	BUFFER HANDLER
NUMBER OF B	UFFERS LOCKED DUE TO WRITE ERRORS	0	CONTENTION
QUOTIENT :	TOTAL NUMBER OF OSAM READS + OSAM WRITES =	0.00	
	TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSACTIONS		BUFFER POOL
			TOO SMALL

OSAM Statistics (V6)

▲ Improved statistics for OSAM pools

- OSAM caching activity counts
 - Blocks read from CF (read from DASD avoided)
 - Blocks expected but not read (not in CF read from DASD)
 - Blocks written to CF (total writes to CF)
 - Blocks written to CF (writes of changed data to CF)
 - Blocks not written because storage class full (not used)
 - Blocks invalidated with XI (found in buffer pool not valid)
 - XI calls issued (may cause buffers on other IMSs to be invalidated)
- Sequential buffering counts
 - Anticipatory reads (read ahead 10 blocks)
 - Immediate (synchronous) reads (block not in SBH buffers read 10 blocks)





▲ Discussed the full function buffer handlers to some degree

- Selected specific buffer handler functions and activities
- A Discussion was in light of performance and possible tuning options
- ▲ Related buffer handler activity to the IMS Monitor reports