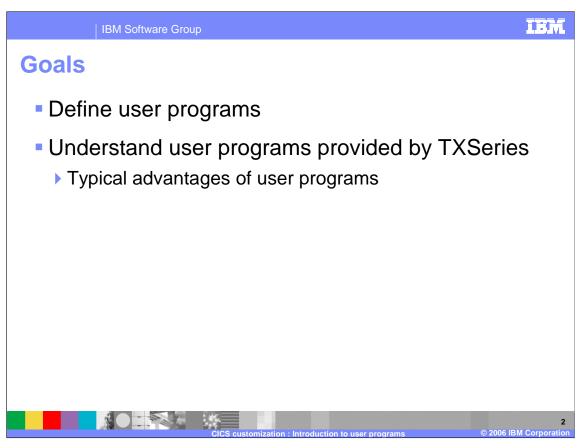
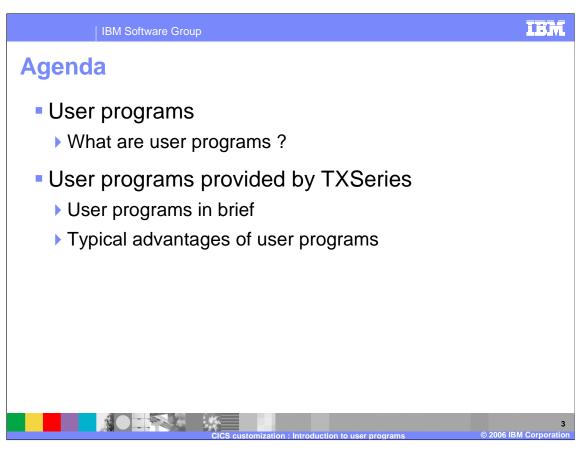


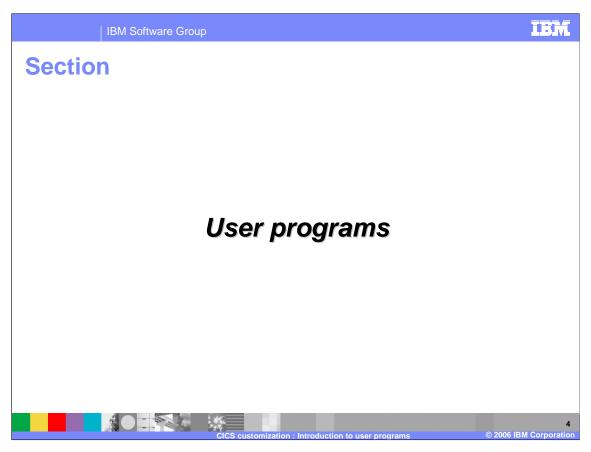
This presentation will cover the CICS customization technique referred to as User Programs.



The goal of this presentation is to provide an overview of User Programs, help you to understand specific user programs provided by TXSeries, and outline the advantages of employing user programs.



The agenda for this presentation is to first define user programs and then describe the user programs provided with TXSeries and the advantages they offer.



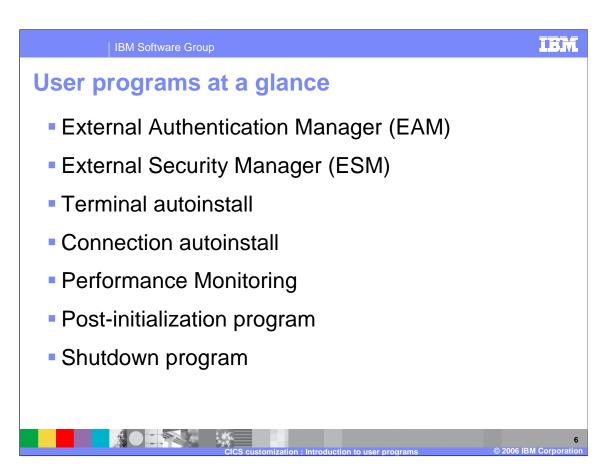
This section covers the concept of User programs and the benefits they provide.

#### What is a user program?

- User programs are customized programs that are invoked by the CICS system for a specific purpose.
  - It allows you to modify the CICS system without changing any of its standard user interfaces.
  - ▶ CICS provides the default user program:
    - It can be customized or replaced to suit the requirements of an installation.



User programs are user replaceable modules that make it possible for you to modify the system without changing any of its standard user interfaces. For many of the user programs, CICS provides a default user program which can be customized or replaced to suit your requirements.



The user programs provided with TXSeries are listed here.



This section covers the details of each of the User Programs provided by TXSeries.

# User programs - In brief

- External Authentication Manager (EAM) user program:
  - ▶ Performs CICS user security checks
    - Default EAM used by CICS is UD (User Definition)
  - Can be replaced with RACF or any other security product through LDAP.
  - Provides a predefined interface module that is parameter driven. You have to customize the parameters accordingly
  - Samples supplied under:
  - <install>/samples/eam
  - Region configuration: EAMLoad



The default External Authentication Manager (EAM) program, **cics\_eam**, is supplied as part of CICS. You can implement it in its unmodified form, or you can customize it to meet the particular requirements of your application. The initial configuration of a CICS region sets the EAMLoad attribute in the Region Definitions (RD) to **no**. This action specifies that internal authentication is performed. If you want to override internal authentication, you must modify the EAM program to perform the required user authentication checks. After you have modified the program, you must place the generated executable load module into the required load library, so that it is available for use by the CICS system. You must then set the EAM attributes in the RD to make your program available to the region.

#### **User programs – In brief (cont.)**

- External Security Manager (ESM) user program:
  - Performs CICS resource authorization
  - Default ESM in CICS is implemented through a set of 10 keys and TSLCheck/RSLCheck
  - Can be replaced with other security products such as RACF to perform resource authorization
  - Provides a predefined interface module that is parameter driven. You have to customize the parameters accordingly
  - Samples supplied under:
    - <install>/samples/eam
  - Region configuration: EAMLoad



The default External Security Manager (ESM) program, **cics\_esm**, is supplied as part of CICS. You can implement it in its unmodified form, or you can customize it to meet your particular requirements. In its unmodified form, the ESM simply returns CICS\_ESM\_RETURN\_OK to every security check, indicating that authorized access has been granted to the transaction or resource. The initial configuration of a CICS region sets the **ESMLoad** attribute in the Region Definitions (RD) to **no**, therefore specifying that internal security checking is performed. If you want to override internal security checking, you must modify the ESM program to perform the security checks that you require. After modification, you must place the generated executable load module into the required load library, so that it is available for use by the CICS system. You must then set the ESM attributes in the RD to make your program available to the region.

User programs – In brief (cont.)

Terminal autoinstall user program:

Controls process of dynamically adding / removing terminals from WD database

Default user program in CICS would generate the terminal name from the supplied net name

Can be replaced

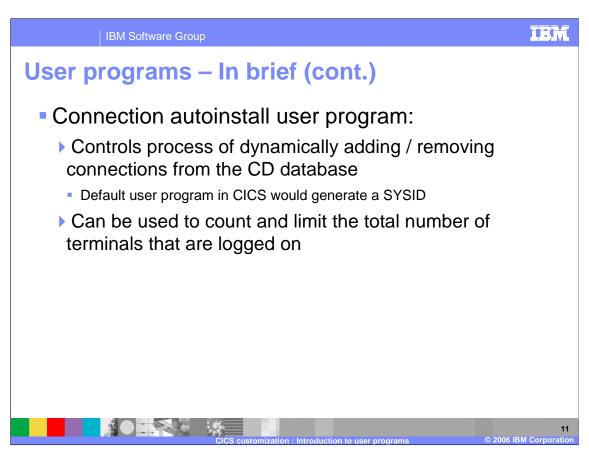
Not invoked for shipped terminals

Can be used to count and limit the total number of terminals that are logged on

The terminal autoinstall user program is called when the terminal is installed and added to the terminal definitions (WD), and also when the terminal is uninstalled and removed from the WD. You can customize the user program to carry out any processing that you may require. For example, you can count and limit the total number of terminals that are logged on, or you can keep utilization information about the terminal.

The terminal autoinstall user program is not called when a shipped terminal is installed. A shipped terminal is one that has a terminal definition associated with it when it is sent from the local CICS system. The **IsShippable** attribute in the WD stanza must be set to **yes** for the terminal definition to be shipped with the install request from the local system.

The default user program supplied by TXSeries generates the 4-character terminal identifier (TERMID) when a terminal install is requested, and is taken from the supplied NETNAME. You can customize the user programs to generate terminal identifiers in a way through which you can identify or map it to real terminal users. However, the terminal identifier generated should remain unique within the CICS system.



The connection autoinstall user program is called when a connection is installed and added to the CD, and also when the connection is uninstalled and removed from the CD.

You can customize the user program to carry out any processing that you require. For example, you can count and limit the total number of connections that are logged on, or you can keep utilization information about the connections.

The default user program supplied by TXSeries generates the 4-character system identifier (SYSID) when a connection install is requested, and is taken from the hostname. You can customize the user programs to generate the system identifier. However, the system identifiers generated should remain unique within the CICS system.

## **User programs – In brief (cont.)**

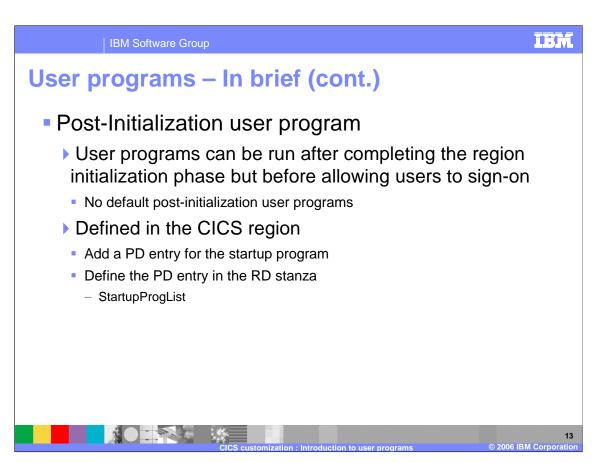
- Performance Monitoring User Program
  - Allows user programs to pass data in user fields to the monitoring facility
  - CICS calls the programs under the following condition:
  - During task start-up
  - During task exit
  - To process the EXEC CICS ENTER command
  - To stop the user clocks and return the user data monitoring transient data queue
  - To restart the user clocks At the end of a task, to clean up the user data
  - Defined in the MD stanza
    - UserMonitorModule



With the help of the performance monitoring user program, you can monitor your application specific performances along with other standard CICS specific performance monitoring.

CICS calls the user program under the conditions listed on the slide. For example, you can define user clocks or counters that would be used to time your application functions or logic.

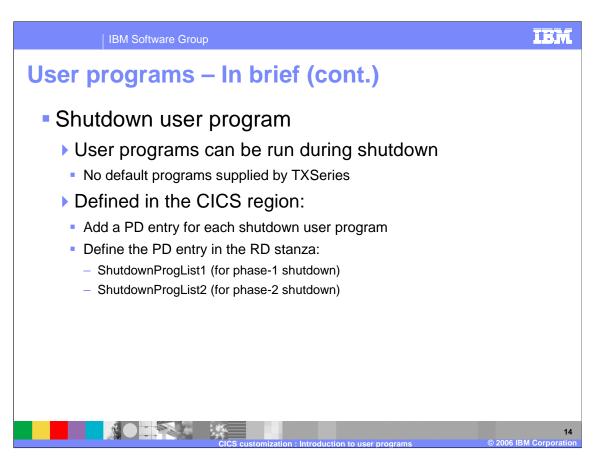
The user program must be defined with the CICS region in the MD stanza, by setting the UserMonitorModule attribute.



Post-initialization programs are user-written programs that CICS runs sequentially and automatically, after completing the initialization phase but before allowing users to sign-on.

Post-initialization programs that are user-written allow you to implement functions that are specific to your system, and show your unique requirements. For example, you can issue an EXEC CICS START command from within a post-initialization program to perform a long-running background task. When writing these programs, however, you must remember that they run before CICS is generally available to users. This imposes particular limitations on their functions.

The startup user program must be defined with the CICS region in the RD stanza, by setting the StartupProgList attribute.

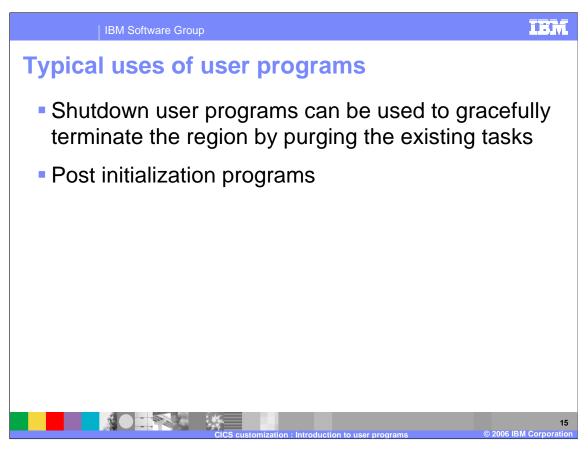


Shutdown programs are user-written programs that CICS runs sequentially and automatically, during the first and second quiescent stages of normal shutdown processing.

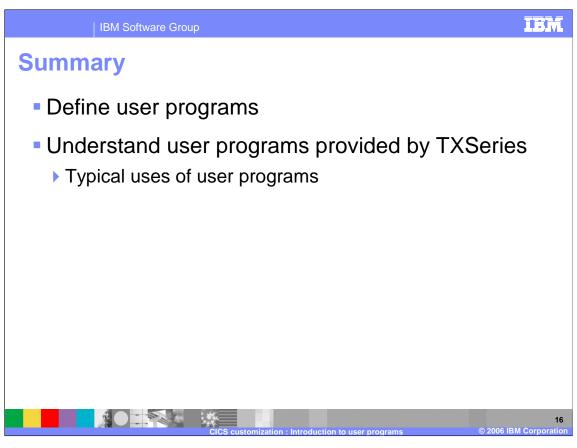
The shutdown user program must be defined with the CICS region in the RD stanza, by setting the ShutdownProgList1 and ShutdownProgList2 attributes.

You can run up to 10 programs in each quiescent stage in this way. If this limit is too small for your processing requirements, you can run more by using the EXEC CICS LINK and EXEC CICS XCTL commands within each program.

During normal CICS shutdown processing, CICS waits for all the user transactions to complete before shutting down the region. This could take a long time, especially when there are terminal users that left their system logged on, or when there are long running transactions. In such cases you can use the shutdown program to inquire a list of current tasks and accordingly PURGE/FORCEPURGE, allowing you to gracefully shutdown the region.



Listed here are some typical uses for user programs.



In summary, this presentation provided a definition of user programs, including the user programs provided with TXSeries and typical uses.



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CICS customization : Introduction to user programs

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