



IBM Software Group

IBM WebSphere Partner Gateway V6.2

SFTP support



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WebSphere® Partner Gateway 6.2 provides SFTP functionality for receiving and sending documents. This presentation is about SFTP support in WebSphere Partner Gateway 6.2.

Goals

- This presentation aims to provide details of SFTP support provided in WebSphere Partner Gateway V6.2.



The goal of this presentation is to provide the details of using SFTP in WebSphere Partner Gateway V6.2.

Agenda

- Overview
- Receiving files using SFTP
- Sending files using SFTP
- Summary and references



This presentation will cover the overall SFTP functionality provided in WebSphere Partner Gateway. It also includes the security aspects. It will then cover the details of configuration steps that must be carried out for receiving and sending files using SFTP. It will end with a summary of topics covered and references.

Section

Overview



This section will provide a overview of SFTP support in WebSphere Partner Gateway.

Overview

- WebSphere Partner Gateway V6.2 provides support for SFTP protocol
- Benefits
 - ▶ WebSphere Partner Gateway can connect to SFTP server for sending and retrieving documents
 - ▶ Connection pooling functionality is available
 - ▶ Support for username/password authentication, private key authentication, and server authentication.



SFTP stands for Secure File Transfer Protocol. It is different from FTP (File Transfer Protocol). It provides the functionality of message integrity, confidentiality, and authentication. It also provides multiplexing of documents using different channels. In WebSphere Partner Gateway, there is an additional benefit of connection pooling, as the SFTP functionality is provided using J2C resource adapter.

SFTP

- SFTP stands for secure file transfer protocol
- It supports client authentication and server authentication
- It has three layers:
 - ▶ Transport layer protocol - provides server authentication, confidentiality, and integrity
 - ▶ User authentication protocol – provides client authentication
 - ▶ Connection protocol – provides multiplexing using multiple channels

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Both client and server authentication can be used. Client authentication can be based on username and password, or private key and passphrase. SFTP protocol consists of three layers - transport layer protocol, user authentication protocol, and connection protocol. Transport layer protocol provides server authentication, confidentiality, and message integrity. In server authentication, client authenticates the server to verify that it is connecting to the correct server. The documents exchanged between client and server should be confidential and should be protected from any eavesdropping. This is achieved using encryption. Message integrity means that the message or document reaches the destination without modification, that is, the document that is sent and received are the same and is not tampered. This is achieved using message digests.

User authentication protocol provides client authentication.

Connection protocol provides the multiplexing of documents using different channels.

Scenarios

- Receiving document from internal partner
- Sending document to internal or external partner
- Receiving document from external partner
 - ▶ Although this scenario is possible, it is not recommended because the SFTP receiver polls the SFTP server. Over the internet, polling can not be a good mechanism. Alternate configuration is that a SFTP server is hosted along with WebSphere Partner Gateway . External partner should send the document to the SFTP server. WebSphere Partner Gateway should poll the relevant folders in local SFTP server using File Directory receiver.

This slide mentions the scenarios in which SFTP protocol can be used in WebSphere Partner Gateway. An internal partner is a trading partner that either hosts the hub, or is a central trading partner in the trading community, and does business with other trading partners in the trading community. Hence, an internal trading partner can be within the enterprise hosting the hub.

An external trading partner is a trading partner doing business with an internal trading partner.

Authentication

- **Client authentication**
 - ▶ Username / password – Client authenticates to the server using username and password.
 - ▶ Private key / passphrase – Client authenticates to the server using private key. Server contains the public key of the user.
- **Server authentication**
 - ▶ Server authenticates to client using private key, and client verifies against the public key of the server. The public key of the server is stored in the host key file in the client.
- **Algorithms supported with FreeSSHd 2.2.0 server**
 - ▶ aes128-cbc for key exchange.
 - ▶ hmac-md5 for MAC.



If server authentication is disabled, the client will trust any server and will connect to it if other connection parameters are correct. It is recommended to always enable server authentication.

Section

Receiving files using SFTP



This section will provide details of configuration for receiving files using SFTP.

Receiving documents using SFTP

- A SFTP receiver in WebSphere Partner Gateway polls a particular directory in the SFTP server. This directory in the SFTP server is called the remote event directory. The receiver retrieves the documents and stores the document in the local event directory. It then polls the local event directory and places the file in the local archive directory. From the local archive directory, the document is processed further.
- Poll interval is the time in milli-seconds after which the receiver polls the local event directory. Hence, receiver polls the local event directory every $(\text{Poll interval} / 1000)$ seconds. A *Poll Cycle* is the polling of local event directory and processing of files.
- SFTP Poll frequency is the number of poll cycles after which the receiver polls to the remote event directory on the SFTP server. Hence, receiver polls the SFTP server every $((\text{Poll Period} / 1000) * \text{Poll Frequency})$ seconds.
- Poll quantity is the number of documents the receiver processes in each poll cycle.



This slide explains how SFTP adapter works and other concepts like poll interval, poll frequency, poll cycle, and poll quantity.

Receiving documents using SFTP

- The steps to configure WebSphere Partner Gateway to receive documents using SFTP are as follows:
 - ▶ Create a receiver of type SFTP.
 - ▶ Provide required information – host name of the SFTP server, port number, remote directory from which to receive files.
 - ▶ If username/password authentication is required, provide username and password.
 - ▶ If private key authentication is required, provide username, private key file path, and passphrase.
 - ▶ Provide poll interval, which is the value in milli-seconds after which receiver polls the local event directory.
 - ▶ If server authentication is required, enable it and provide the path of the host key file for server authentication.



This slide explains the steps to configure an SFTP receiver.

Receiving documents using SFTP (continued)

- ▶ Provide poll frequency, which is the number of poll cycles after which the receiver polls the SFTP server.
- ▶ Provide poll quantity, which is the amount of events (that is, documents), the SFTP receiver will process for each poll to the local event directory.
- ▶ Provide retry interval, which is the amount of time WebSphere Partner Gateway waits between retries
- ▶ Provide retry limit, which is the number of times WebSphere Partner Gateway retries to send the document. The number of retries is actually the value provided multiplied by the value of number of transport level retries configured in WebSphere Partner Gateway .

Receiving documents using SFTP

The screenshot shows a configuration window for an SFTP receiver. The 'Receiver Name' is 'sftp-receiver-1'. The status is 'Enabled'. The transport is 'SFTP'. Under 'Receiver Configuration', the 'Operation Mode' is 'Production'. The 'SFTP Host IP / Host Name' is 'panurag.in.ibm.com', 'Port Number' is '22', and 'Remote Event Directory' is '/documents'. The 'Authentication Type' is 'Private Key', with 'User Id' 'anurag', 'Private Key File' 'c:\anurag-privkey', and 'Pass Phrase' masked with dots. Polling settings include 'SFTP Poll Interval' (2000), 'Poll Frequency' (5), and 'Poll Quantity' (50). Retry settings are 'Retry Interval' (10) and 'Retry Limit' (3). 'EIS Encoding' is empty, 'Enable Server Verification' is 'Enabled', and 'Host Key File' is 'c:\sftp-server-host-key-file'. The 'Handlers' section shows 'Configuration Point Handlers' set to 'Select One'.



This slide shows a screen capture of an SFTP receiver in edit mode.

Receiving documents using SFTP

- The private key file should be in OpenSSH format. For example,
-----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----Proc-Type: 4,ENCRYPTEDDEK-Info: DES-
EDE3-CBC,
<Base64 Encoded key>
-----END RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
- The public key should be configured in the SFTP server. For FreeSSHd server, the public key file should have the same name as the SFTP server user name, without any extension. The host key file should be in these formats:
ssh-rsa
<Base64 Encoded key>
<some comment like rsa-key-20081010>
- Server authentication host key file should be in these formats:
localhost,127.0.0.1 ssh-rsa
<Base64 Encoded key>
- The keys can be generated using PuttyGen tool.



This slide describes the details of the formats supported for private key, public key, and host key file. The OpenSSH format is supported by the PuttyGen tool.

Receiving documents using SFTP

- If any property in the receiver is modified, the server/cluster should be restarted.
 - ▶ In simple mode, bcgserver server should be restarted.
 - ▶ In simple distributed mode, bcgserver cluster should be in distributed mode.
 - ▶ In fully distributed mode, BCGReceiver cluster should be restarted.



This slide mentions an important point regarding editing of properties of SFTP receiver.

Section

Sending files using SFTP



This section will provide details of configuration for sending files using SFTP.

Sending documents using SFTP

- Create a destination of type SFTP in the external or internal partner profile.
 - ▶ Provide required information – host name of the SFTP server, port number, remote directory to which to send files
 - ▶ If username/password authentication is required, provide username and password
 - ▶ If private key authentication is required, provide username, private key file path, and passphrase
 - ▶ Provide retry count, which is the number of times WebSphere Partner Gateway retries to send the document. The number of retries is actually the value provided multiplied by the value of number of transport level retries configured in WebSphere Partner Gateway.

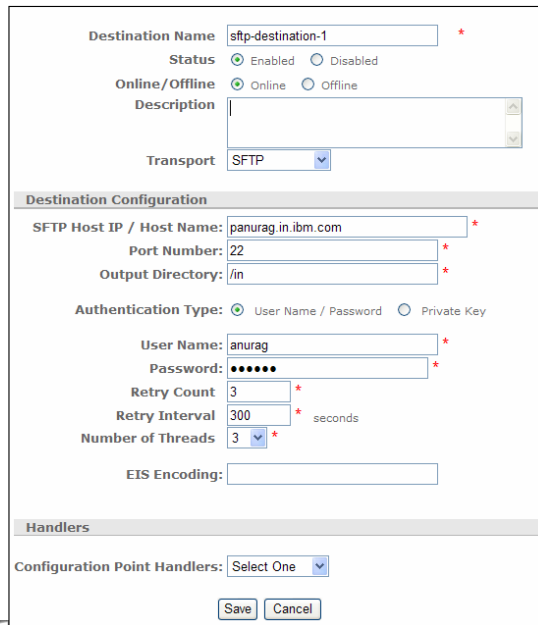


This slide explains the configuration required for configuring a destination for SFTP to send documents using SFTP.

Sending documents using SFTP (continued)

- ▶ Provide retry interval, which is the amount of time WebSphere Partner Gateway waits between retries.
- ▶ Provide number of threads, which is the number of threads running simultaneously for each SFTP destination, thereby increasing throughput. Configuring too many threads can cause performance degradation because of context switching between too many threads.
- ▶ Restart the server/cluster after saving the configuration.
 - In simple mode, restart bcgserver server
 - In simple distributed mode, restart bcgserver cluster
 - In fully distributed mode, restart BCGDocMgr cluster

Sending files using SFTP



The screenshot shows a configuration dialog box for an SFTP destination. The dialog is titled "Destination Name" and contains several sections:

- Destination Name:** sftp-destination-1 *
- Status:** Enabled Disabled
- Online/Offline:** Online Offline
- Description:** [Empty text box]
- Transport:** SFTP (dropdown menu)

Destination Configuration

- SFTP Host IP / Host Name:** panurag.in.ibm.com *
- Port Number:** 22 *
- Output Directory:** /in *
- Authentication Type:** User Name / Password Private Key
- User Name:** anurag *
- Password:** [Masked with dots] *
- Retry Count:** 3 *
- Retry Interval:** 300 * seconds
- Number of Threads:** 3 *
- EIS Encoding:** [Empty text box]

Handlers

- Configuration Point Handlers:** Select One (dropdown menu)

Buttons: Save, Cancel

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This slide shows a screen capture of an SFTP destination in edit mode.

Section

Summary



This section will provide a brief summary of this presentation.

Summary

- This presentation covered details on
 - ▶ Support for SFTP in WebSphere Partner Gateway
 - Scenarios
 - Security
 - ▶ Receiving files using SFTP in WebSphere Partner Gateway
 - ▶ Sending files using SFTP in WebSphere Partner Gateway



This presentation covered the SFTP support in WebSphere Partner Gateway V6.2. Various scenarios in which SFTP can be used, security functionality provided and details of configuration for receiving and sending documents using WebSphere Partner Gateway were discussed.

Section

References



This section will provide relevant references.

References

- SFTP internet drafts
 - ▶ SSH Protocol Architecture –
<http://tools.ietf.org/id/draft-ietf-secsh-architecture-13.txt>
 - ▶ SSH Transport Layer Protocol
<http://tools.ietf.org/id/draft-ietf-secsh-transport-15.txt>
 - ▶ Diffie-Hellman Group Exchange for the SSH Transport Layer Protocol
<http://tools.ietf.org/id/draft-ietf-secsh-dh-group-exchange-02.txt>
 - ▶ SSH Connection Protocol
<http://tools.ietf.org/id/draft-ietf-secsh-connect-16.txt>
 - ▶ SSH Authentication Protocol
<http://tools.ietf.org/id/draft-ietf-secsh-userauth-16.txt>



The slide provides the links to the RFCs relevant to SFTP support in WebSphere Partner Gateway 6.2.

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