

This presentation will look at the simple configuration of a stand-alone application server to enable WebSphere[®] Process Server for z/OS V7 or WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus for z/OS V7 function. You should look at the <u>z/OS installation and configuration</u> <u>overview</u> and the <u>z/OS DB2[®] configuration</u> presentations as prerequisites to this one.

	IBM
Goals	
 Describe WebSphere Process Server for z/OS V7 and WebSphere Enterprise Servic for z/OS V7 configuration process using a simple configuration scenario 	e Bus
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The goal of this presentation is to take you through the necessary steps to complete the configuration of WebSphere Process Server for z/OS V7 and WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus for z/OS V7 in a simple configuration scenario. This configuration involves a stand-alone WebSphere environment.



This slide shows an already-configured stand-alone application server that has been augmented with the SCA, XML and SDO feature packs. This presentation begins with that server as the base and explains how to configure it to include the WebSphere Process Server or WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus function. Note that if you have the WebSphere Process Server for z/OS product, you can configure the server with either WebSphere Process Server, which includes the WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus function or WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus only. If you have the WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus for z/OS product, your only option is to configure the server with WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus function.



Before you get too far in the configuration process, you need to decide if you will use Derby or DB2 for the databases that are needed for WebSphere Process Server or WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus. If you are putting together a sandbox system to explore some of the features in the products, Derby is a good choice and no further planning is necessary. If you plan on putting this configuration into production or you will eventually federate the server into a Network Deployment cell, you must use DB2. If you are using DB2 in your configuration, you should review the <u>z/OS DB2 configuration</u> presentation and talk to your DB2 administrator about the DB2 artifacts that are needed. The slide shows the many databases that are needed for the various components that can be configured. The naming conventions for these databases should be discussed and decided on pretty early in the configuration process.



The first step in the WebSphere Process Server for z/OS or WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus for z/OS configuration process is to run the Augment in the WebSphere Customization Tools. You need to run this against the Application server node that you already created. You see in the 'Augment Selection' box that you can either augment with WebSphere Process Server or WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus. To prime the values you are prompted for during the augment, specify the response file that was created by the WebSphere Customization Tools during your application server create. It is found in the 'profiles' directory for the Customization Location that you used. You will see the rest of the WebSphere Customization Tools panels on the next few slides.

WebSphere Cust	omization Tools configuration panels (1 of 5	
Profile Management Tool 7.0		
Farget Data Sets Application server with WebSphere Process Ser	rver	
Specify a high-level qualifier for the target z/O High-level qualifier (HLQ): HONKEN.WASV70.S7BASEA.WPSV7	DS data sets that will contain the generated jobs and instructions.	bad
The generated batch jobs and instructions w HLQ.CMTL - a partitioned data set with fixeq HLQ.DATA - a partitioned data set with van Note: A multi-level high-level qualifier can be	Profile Management Tool 7.0 Base File Systems Application server with WebSphere Process Server Configuration file system Mount point: /etc/wasv7config/s7basea/s7nodea Directory path name relative to mount point: AppServer	
	WebSphere Application Server product file system Product file system directory (or path name of intermediate symbolic link): [/etc/wasv7config/s7basea/s7nodea_wassmpe Note: Refer to the online information center for more information on intermediate View the online information center	mbolic ed
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The next screen will ask you for a location to upload the jobs and response file that are created for you. You are able to specify the same data set that was used for the base application server if you prefer since no members are overwritten. If you specified a response file, the base file system information should be filled in correctly to use the product code your application server was originally created with. However, it is primed with an absolute path to the product code however. This should be changed to a symbolic link instead, if that is what you used for your application server configuration.



The next piece of information you are asked for is information on where the WebSphere Process Server for z/OS product code is installed. Creating an intermediate symbolic link is highly recommended. If an intermediate symbolic link is specified, the BPZDOLNK job is generated to create it for you. Information for the cell/server/node and host name is primed from the response file you specified and need not be changed.



If you have security enabled on the node that you are augmenting with WebSphere Process Server or WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus, you need to provide an administrative user ID and password. This will result in the adminUserName and adminPassword keywords being populated in the response file and the values are used to create some authentication aliases that are required. In order to configure business process choreography during augmentation, you should check the box to have a sample Business Process Choreographer configured. You will see the configureBPC equals true keyword added to your response file when checked. Note that if you are using DB2, you will need to manually add some parameters to your response file. Without the manual adds, you will end up with a Derby database configured for use with Business process choreography.

			IBM
WebSpher	e Customization To	ols configuration panels (4 of	f 5)
Profile Management	t Tool 7.0		
Business Space Config Application server with Web	guration Sphere Process Server		
Business Space powered by Business Process Manageme the Human Task Manageme	WebSphere is a browser-based graphical user interfa ent portfolio. In addition to configuring Business Space nt widgets in Business Space.	ice that lets application users customize content from products in the WebSp for your runtime environment, you can configure Lotus Webform Server to	here work with
Important: If the Commor database is used for config deployment environments. Configure Business Spac Configure Webform Enter the HTTP loce	n database you use for WebSphere Process Server d uring Business Space. You cannot federate this profile the CONFIGUREBSpace=t Server stion of the Webform Server translator:	es not match the supported databases for Business Space, a Derby Embedd into a deployment environment, because Derby Embedded is not supported	ed for
Enter the Webform	Profile Management Tool 7.0		
	Business Rules Manager Configuration Application server with WebSphere Process Server		Browse
For more information about View the online information	Business Rules Manager is a web application that c	ustomizes the business rule templates for your business application needs.	
	Configure the Business Rules Manager	configureBRM=true	
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The next couple of screens will allow you to specify that you want to configure the Business Space and Business Rules Manager components. The properties that are generated in the response file are shown on the slide.



A database design tool (DDT) is available to generate a design file that is used to create the database tables required by WebSphere Process Server and WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus. The DDT generates the design file from a user specified properties file or user interactive input. The DbDesignGenerator shell script is a command that is new to Version 7 that is used to run the DDT. For more information on using this tool, see the presentation titled **z/OS DB2 configuration**. If you are augmenting your node to run WebSphere Process Server or WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus with DB2 you want to check the box to indicate that a design file should be used. You will then indicate the name of the design file which you will see on the next slide. If you are augmenting your node to run WebSphere Process Server or WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus with Derby, you should leave the check box unchecked and provide the information in the WebSphere Customization Tools configuration panels. You will also see an example of that.



If you are using DB2 as your database, be sure to specify a database design file which is shown here. You have not created the database design file yet, so remember this name for later and name the output of the DbDesignGenerator what you have input here. The 'Delay execution of database scripts' check box should also be checked. Most likely, your DB2 administrator will have to run the scripts for you. A portion of the design file specified is shown in the box on the slide. The information in the database design file is used during augmentation to create the needed providers and data sources. The design file is also used to generate the DDL or SQL needed to configure the needed database objects. Using the design file then provides consistency between the resources defined to WebSphere Process Server or WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus and what is defined in DB2. This reduces configuration errors and is highly recommended during augmentation.

Profile Management Tool 7.0 If 'U Database Configuration Application server with WebSphere Process Server	se a database design file' is re prompted for database ir	s unchecked, formation here
Various components use WebSphere Process Server common datab Choose a database product:	base. Choose a database type and enter the information bas	sed on that type.
Derby Embedded		
Common database pamer	Profile Management Tool 7.0	
Common database name: WPRCSDB	 Profile Management Tool 7.0 Job Statement Definition 	Finally, Job Statement for
Common database name: WPRCSDB	Profile Management Tool 7.0 Job Statement Definition Application server with WebSphere Process Server	Finally, Job Statement fo generated jobs
Common database name: WPRCSDB Common Event Infrastructure database name: CEIDB Delay execution of database scripts (must select if using a remo	OP Profile Management Tool 7.0 Job Statement Definition Application server with WebSphere Process Server All the customization jobs that will be tailored for y update the job name for you in all the generated the comment lines with continuation lines.	Finally, Job Statement for generated jobs
Common database name: WPRCSDB Common Event Infrastructure database name: CEIDB Delay execution of database scripts (must select if using a remo Use a file store for Messaging Engines (MEs).	Profile Management Tool 7.0 Job Statement Definition Application server with WebSphere Process Server update the job name for you in all the generated the comment lines with continuation lines. //jobname JOB ((ACCTNO, ROOM))	Finally, Job Statement fo generated jobs
Common database name: WPRCSDB Common Event Infrastructure database name: CEIDB Delay execution of database scripts (must select if using a remo Use a file store for Messaging Engines (MEs). Use this database for Messaging Engines (MEs).	Profile Management Tool 7.0 Job Statement Definition Application server with WebSphere Process Server update the job name for you in all the generated the comment lines with continuation lines. //jobname JOB ((ACCTNO, ROOM)) MSGCLASS=A, NOTIFY=&SYSUE	Finally, Job Statement fo generated jobs

If you are using Derby in your configuration, which is a good starting point, you will have left the 'Use a database design file' box unchecked. You will then be prompted on the next screen for information on the databases. The only information needed here is a name for the Common Event Infrastructure database. That is all the information needed for augmentation. The last screen will ask you for job card information for the generated jobs.



Once all the information has been provided, you can 'Process' the definition to upload jobs and data to the z/OS host. Tentatively starting in fix pack 2, jobs will be created to run the augmentation itself. Until then though, you will see a job to create a symbolic link, if used, and a response file that has been populated with the information you provided in the WebSphere Customization Tools.



Now that you have processed your profile, you can submit the BPZDOLNK job to create a symbolic link to the WebSphere Process Server for z/OS or WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus for z/OS product code. This symbolic link should be specified in the next step as the smproot parameter when you run zWPSInstall or zWESBInstall. The zWPSInstall or zWESBInstall script will create symlinks in your WebSphere Application Server configuration to the WebSphere Process Server or WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus product code. This is really a task for the system administrator, since it is somewhat of an extension of the SMP/E install. You should use a WebSphere Administrator user ID to run the script. The zWPSInstall script will also add plug-ins to the administrative console for new functions needed for the WebSphere Process Server or WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus. Be sure to back up your file system before running the script.



This slide shows the zWPSInstall script being run from JCL. You can also run it from the USS environment. Note that the symbolic link created by BPZDOLNK is specified for the smproot parameter.



After running the zWPSInstall script, the WebSphere Application Server configuration is updated with new directories with links to the WebSphere Process Server or WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus product files, and with new links within existing directories.



If you are using DB2, now that you have run the 'install', you can create the database design file. The 'install' has created the needed links for the shell script in the <WAS_HOME> directory. The database design file is needed to run the augment job. For more information on running the DbDesignGenerator tool, see the <u>z/OS DB2</u> <u>configuration</u> presentation.

The response file created using the WebSphere Customization Tools is used as input to the augment job. If you are using DB2 and configuring the business process choreographer, however, you need to manually update the response file that was created in the BPZRSPA member with some additional parameters. The additional parameters all start with 'bpc' and are shown on the slide. They can also be copied from the sample standAloneProfilesDB2 response file that is shipped with the product and found in the zos.config directory.

	IBM
Configure stand-alone – 'augment'	
 Run the zWPSConfig or zWESBConfig shell script 	
cp "//'HLQ.DATA(BPZRSPA)" /u/s7admin/standAloneProfile.rsp	
<app_server_root>/bin/zWPSConfig.sh</app_server_root>	
-response /u/s7admin/standAloneProfile.rsp	
-augment	
 - 'augment' will create resources and install applications needed to run the WebSp Process Server or WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus - Needs to be run from the <app_server_root>/bin directory as 'WSADMIN'</app_server_root> 	ohere
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Before actually running the augment, you will first need to copy the response file from the DATA PDS BPZRSPA member into the HFS as seen on the slide. You can use TSO OPUT to copy the response file to the HFS instead. Use the zWPSConfig or zWESBConfig script to augment your node with the WebSphere Process Server or WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus function. This is found in the bin directory of your app_server_root. You should again run the script from a WebSphere administrator user ID. The only parameter you need to specify other than 'augment', which takes no value, is the 'response' parameter to indicate where the response file can be found.



Here is an example of running the augment function using JCL. This also shows using TSO OPUT to copy the response file to the HFS.



Once your augment job has run successfully, you have to look at what post configuration tasks are needed. If you configured using Derby, you are done. Everything, including your databases, has been automatically configured and you are ready to start using the WebSphere Process Server or WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus function. If you configured using DB2, you most likely have some SQL to run in order to configure your database or databases. To do this, you can use createDB.sh. If you do not plan on using createDB.sh to actually run the SQL, you can still use it to generate tailored SQL for CEI and to provide you with concatenated SQL. You will notice that tailored SQL for CEI does not get generated when you run DbDesignGenerator. DbDesignGenerator also creates multiple SQL files for each component. createDB will concatenate the SQL into one file for each component and creatie tailored SQL for CEI. For more information, see the presentation titled **z/OS DB2 configuration**. The last thing you need to do is fix the messaging engine schema names to match what you created in DB2.

			IBM
Con	figure stand-alone – fix messaging eng	ines	
■ Cha	nge schema name on each messaging engine		
	Application servers > <servername> > Messaging eng store</servername>	gines > <mename>></mename>	Message
	Application servers > s7sr01a > Messaging engines > s7nodea.s7sr01a-BPC.s7basea	<u>.Bus</u> > Data store	
	Ine persistent store for messages and other state managed by the messaging engine Configuration	2.	7
	General Properties UUID B3380A5B08F6287A * Data source JNDI name kdbr/com.ibm.vs.sib/c7.nodea.s7sr01a-RPC.s7basea.Bus	Related Items = <u>JAAS - J2C</u> authantication data	
	Schema name [S7518 Authentication alias BPCME_00_Auth_Alias		
	Create tables		
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There are some default schema names that are used to create the messaging engines during augment. Since they most likely do not match the naming conventions you chose, you need to go into each messaging engine definition and change the schema name to match what you configured your database with. It is important to have the schema name here match. It is used to qualify your table names. The path to get here is shown on the slide.



The simple configuration of WebSphere Process Server for z/OS V7.0 and WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus for z/OS V7.0 is done on a stand-alone application server. If using Derby, the configuration is fully automated. If using DB2, it can be highly automated. There are some manual tasks that are necessary in the DB2 case. This presentation looked in detail at the steps necessary to configure a simple configuration on z/OS.



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