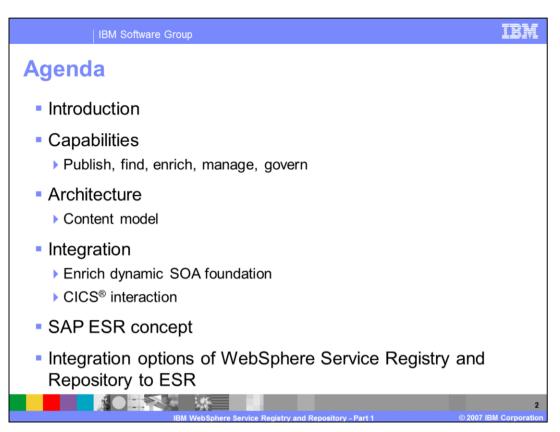
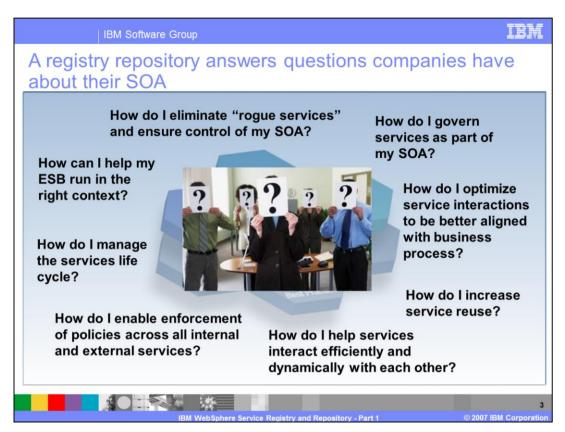


This IBM WebSphere® Service Registry and Repository presentation is part of the SAP Integration Workshop. This presentation will give you an introduction to the WebSphere Service Registry and Repository. Also it will highlight the SAP ESR and the possible interoperation of both repositories.



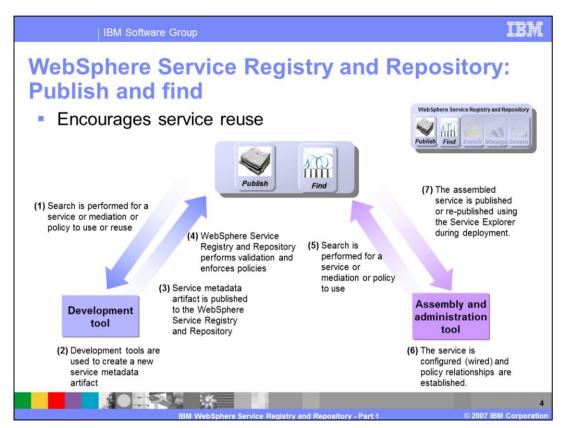
An introduction of the WebSphere Service Registry and Repository is presented before taking a deeper look into the different capabilities and the architecture.

The agenda continues with the general discussion of integration options which leads to the SAP ESR and the direct integration options for this product.



The WebSphere Service Registry and Repository was built as an answer for a lot of the questions you see in this slide.

Increased use of services in companies has created new possibilities of reusable components in a business environment, but also has lead to new problems with how to handle, provide and govern these services.

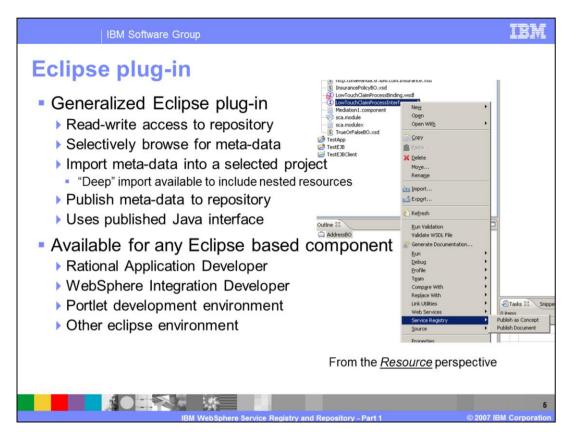


WebSphere Service Registry and Repository governs services by promoting visibility, consistency, and reducing redundancy in a SOA.

WebSphere Registry and Repository maintains service integrity and authorized changes to deployed services. It fosters a rich interaction with all stages of an SOA life cycle.

The repository also provides rich service metadata capabilities and exposes key access points through standardized APIs.

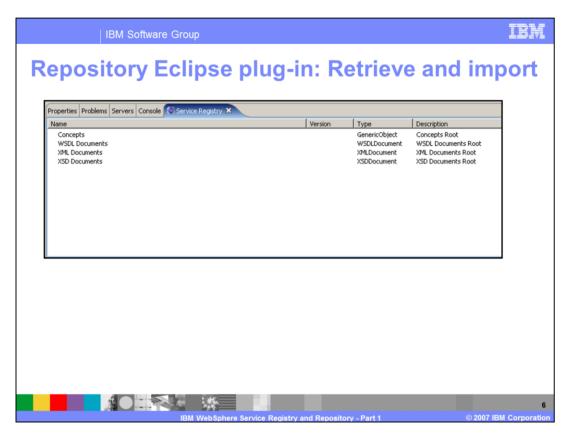
SOA focused service life cycle include such phases as service inception, service reuse, service version handling, and service retirement.



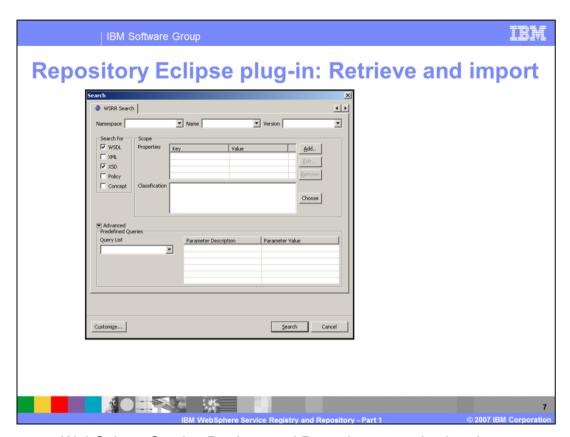
The IBM tools support a tight WebSphere Service Registry and Repository interoperation.

There is an Eclipse plug-in to directly publish and consume documents from a repository when creating a service.

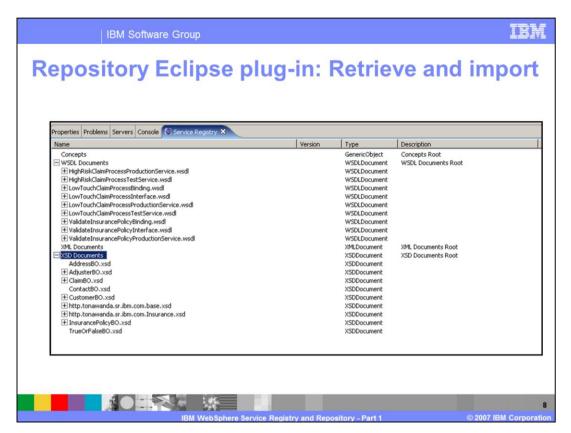
This plug-in uses a published Java interface and is compatible with nearly all Eclipse environments.



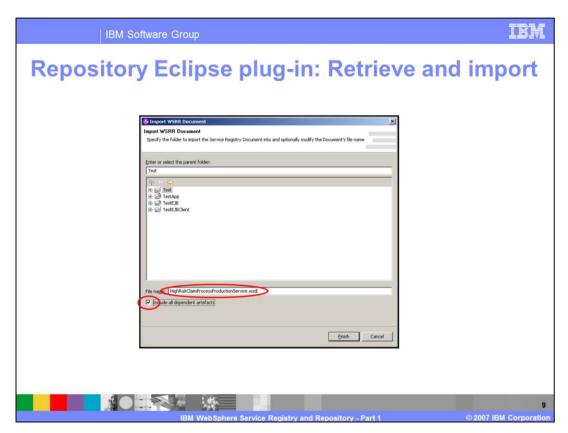
These are the steps used in this Eclipse plug-in.



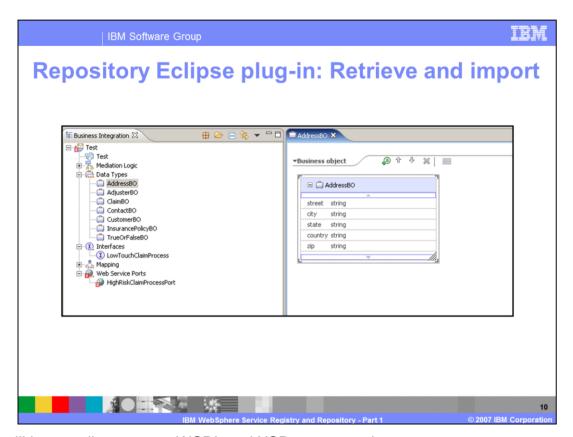
First, open a WebSphere Service Registry and Repository search wizard.



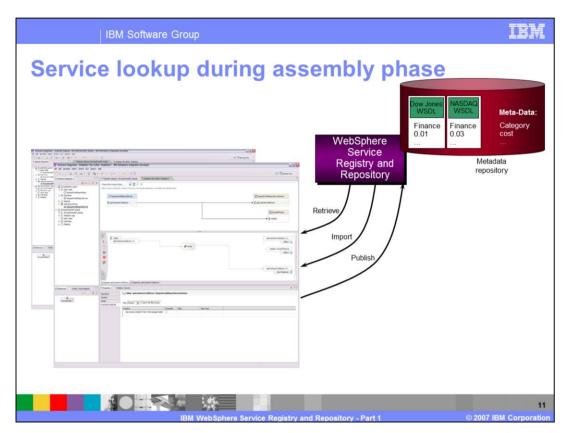
Then you can browse the documents in the registry.



Finally you define the project to import into.

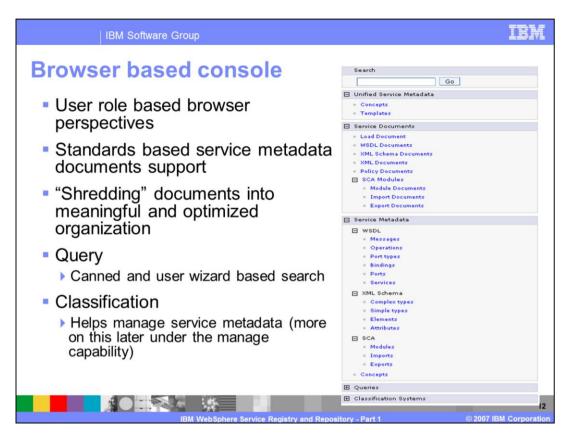


This will import all necessary WSDL and XSD to your project.

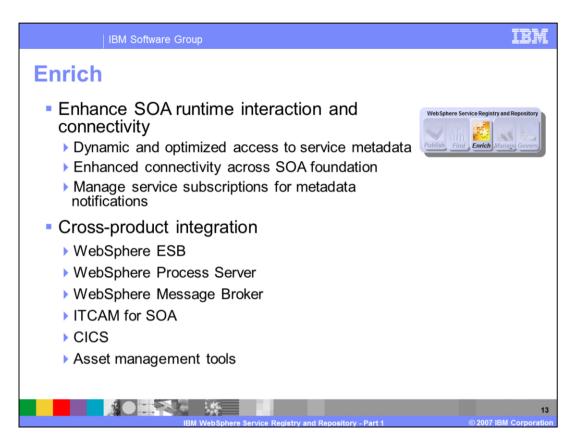


Also the built-in mapping view in WebSphere Integration Developer allows you to start a service lookup during the assembly phase to find the right service to use.

This combines the mapping and endpoint selection into one step.

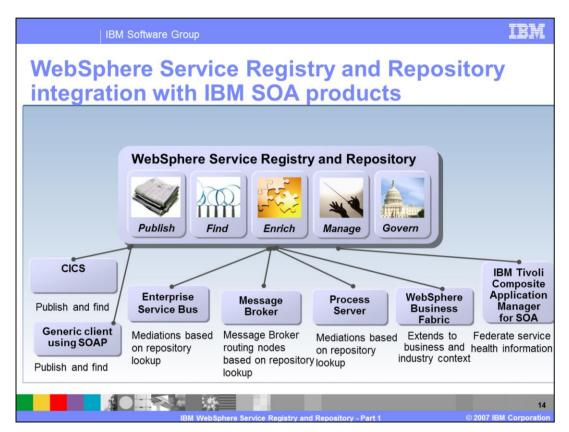


The WebSphere Service Registry and Repository also offers a Web browser based console. This console is role based and offers different views and details to the created user roles. It also allows searching for service documents.



The WebSphere Service Registry and Repository enriches the WebSphere SOA landscape. It offers dynamic and optimized access to services and service metadata. Also it manages subscriptions to services and notifies on each change of metadata.

But the most important benefit is the direct cross-product integration of different products. Because every product is connected to the WebSphere Service Registry and Repository and uses it as service registry, all products can use the same services.



Here you see the different integration aspects to the IBM SOA products. CICS and a SOAP client can publish and find services.

The WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus and WebSphere Process Server can create mediations based on WebSphere Service Registry and Repository lookups.

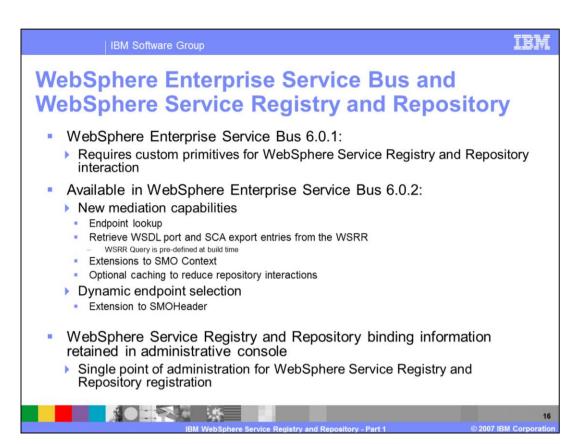
The Message Broker can create routing nodes based on a WebSphere Service Registry and Repository lookup.

The WebSphere Business Fabric extends the services with a business or industry context.

The IBM Tivoli Composite Application Manager for SOA federates service health information.

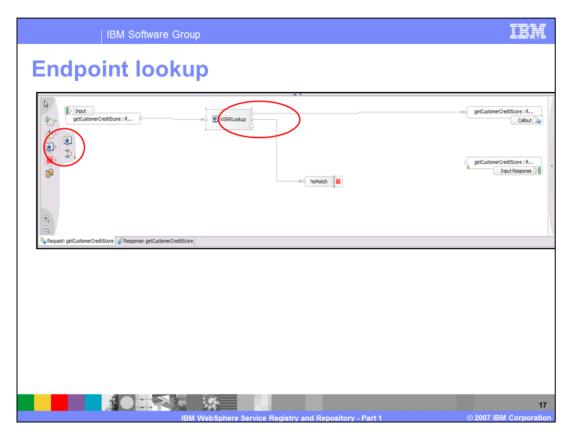


This section takes a deeper look into the interaction from WebSphere Service Registry and Repository and WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus.

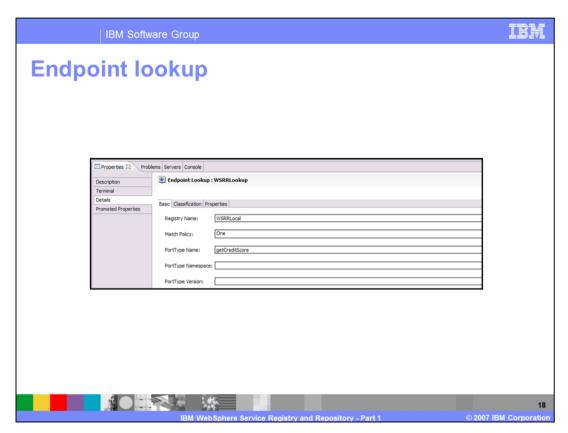


In an interaction with WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus 6.0.1, a custom primitive was needed. In 6.0.2, new mediation capabilities were introduced to enhance the endpoint lookup and retrieving WSDL files from the repository. The SMO context was also extended.

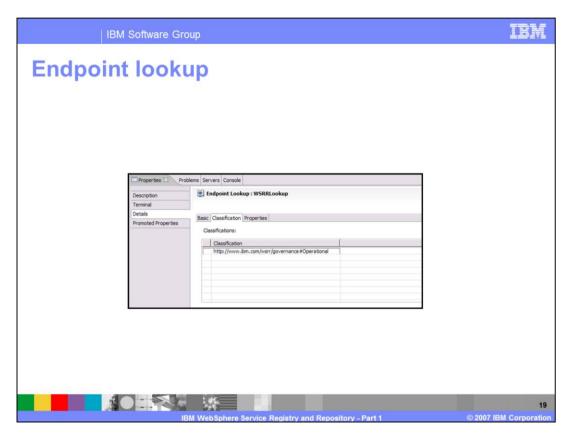
The complete WebSphere Service Registry and Repository binding information is configured in the administrative console, so there is a single point of administration.



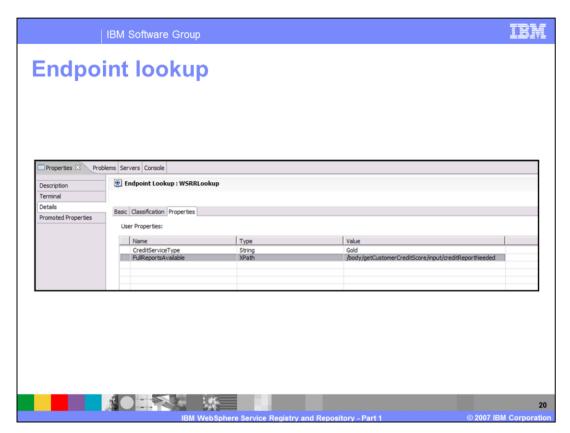
The combination of WebSphere Enterprise Service Bus and WebSphere Service Registry and Repository allows an endpoint lookup. This can be easily added in the flow editor.



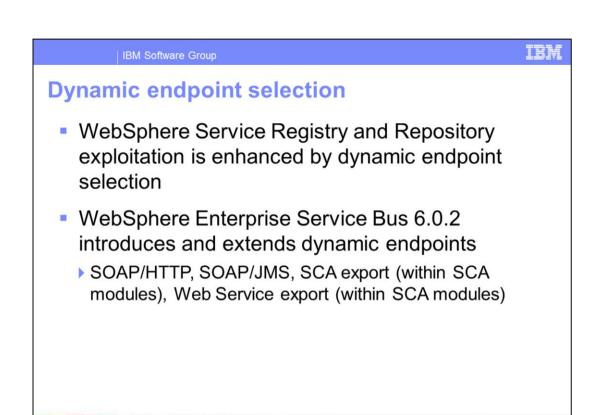
After that it gets configured to hit the right WebSphere Service Registry and Repository system.



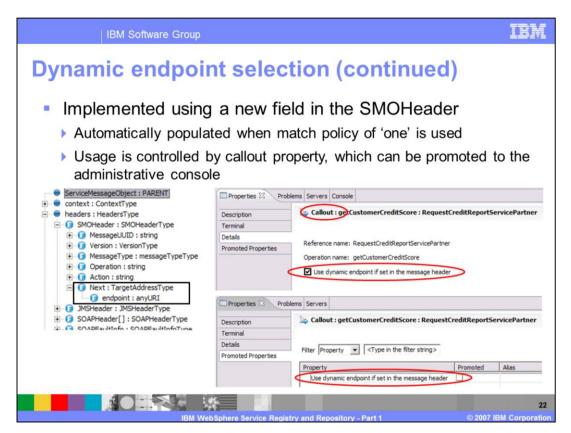
Then additional selection criteria can be added...



And special user properties or XPath can be leveraged to retrieve special services. The tools completely support these configurations.



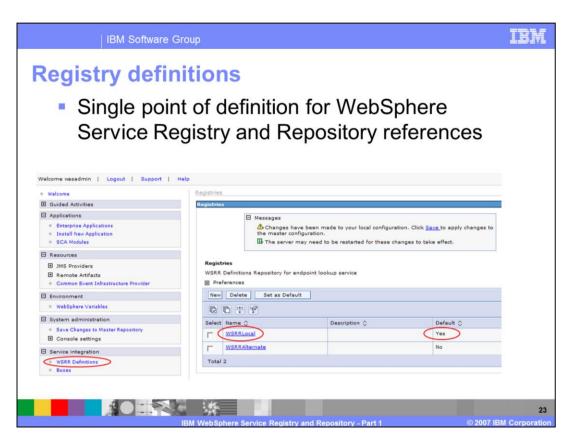
Another feature of the WebSphere Service Registry and Repository is the dynamic endpoint selection.



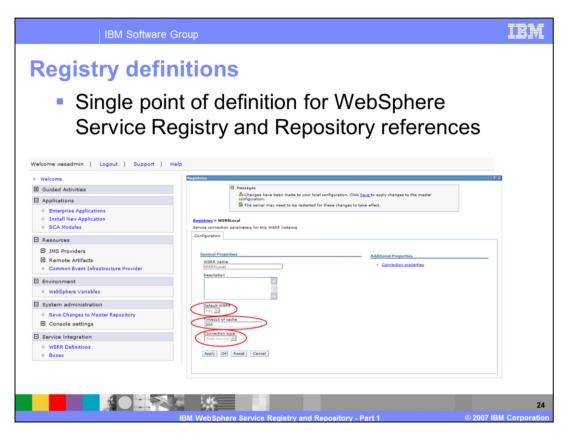
So the endpoint gets selected during run time by using different selection parameters.

In this way the application can for example configure additional parameters like "Gold service", but the real endpoints are configured and administered in the WebSphere Service Registry and Repository.

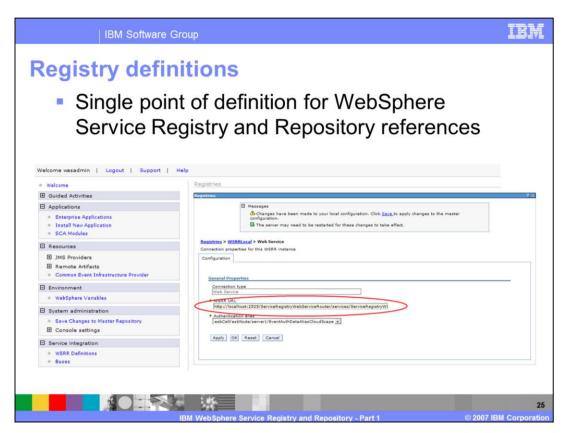
If the endpoints change, the application does not need to be changed and redeployed.



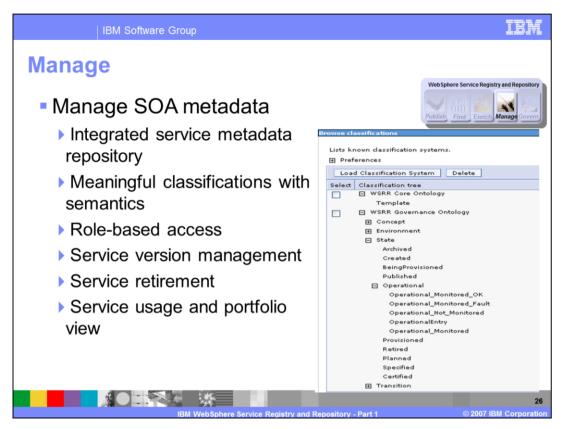
The configuration of the WebSphere Service Registry and Repository reference is done in the administrative console.



The standard options for default, timeout or connection type configuration are used.



The connection type needs a WebSphere Service Registry and Repository URL.

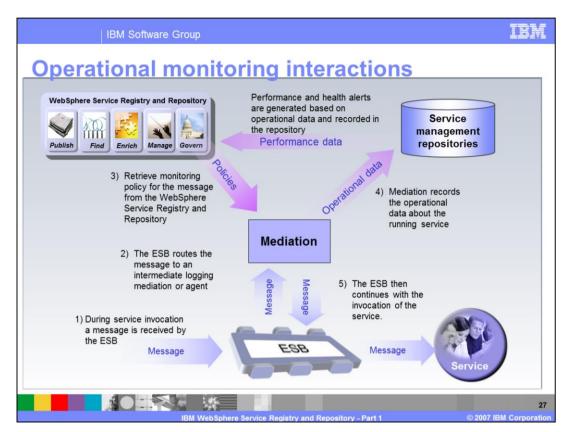


The WebSphere Service Registry and Repository has an integrated service metadata repository to store meaningful classifications with semantics.

This makes it much easier to manually find a special service or tools supported.

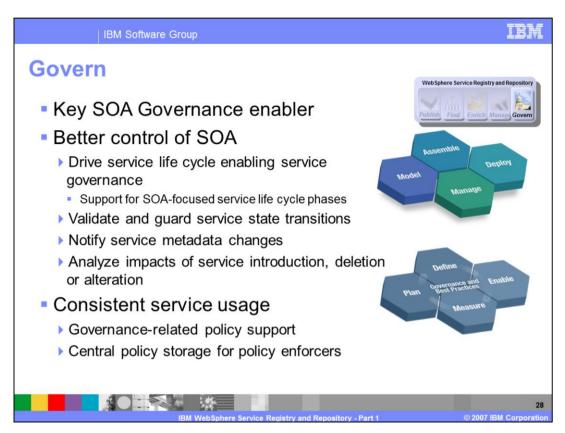
The WebSphere Service Registry and Repository supports a role-based access so that the accessible services can be configured rights can be edited on the services.

A complete service version management, retirement and usage view is included in the WebSphere Service Registry and Repository also.



The service registry is accessed by monitoring mediations to determine which services are to be monitored and to acquire any monitoring requirements such as filters to apply. An example of such a filter is to monitor submitOrder requests that originate only from certain partners. This allows different services, say from a new external partner, to be monitored differently from those of more established partners. During runtime, mediations can act on the collected data to affect filtering and routing decisions.

Service management tools capture and assess the performance of services against business and operational performance objectives. This information will be linked to service descriptions in the WebSphere Service Registry and Repository and accessed by mediations at runtime to affect dynamic routing, filtering and other kinds of decisions, providing operational flexibility.

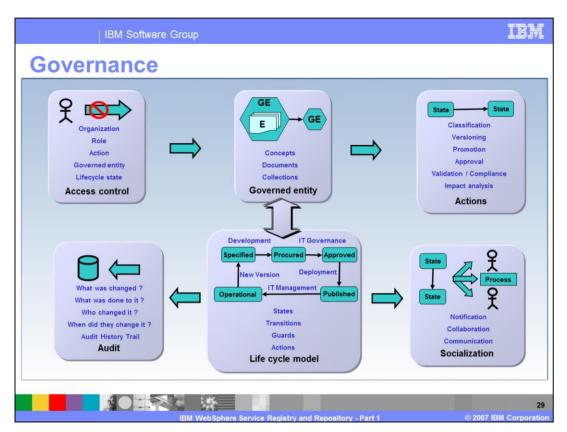


It is not enough to create services and store the connection data; the whole lifecycle of a service need to be monitored.

A service can get introduced, measured, used and sunset without losing the overview.

This governance is a key enabler of SOA.

The defined SOA focused service life cycle include phases such as service inception, service reuse, service version handling, service retirement, service promotion, service availability, service funded, and so on.



This slide shows a high level view of governance as it applies to the service registry and repository.

The WebSphere Service Registry and Repository governance module provides a simple configurable life cycle model that can be used to manage governed entities (services and other assets) through an SOA life cycle. This is represented as a state machine with the states indicating the position of the service or asset in its life cycle. Transitions are used to validate changes to the governed entities and apply access control before performing the action represented by the transition. Following a successful transition the governed entity then adopts a new state.

During governance processes, users will perform actions on the governed entities (like services and assets) in the WebSphere Service Registry and Repository subject to access control. These actions are constrained by the life cycle model thus ensuring governance and changes in state are socialized to other users or systems where needed, and audited for assurance of the governance processes.

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