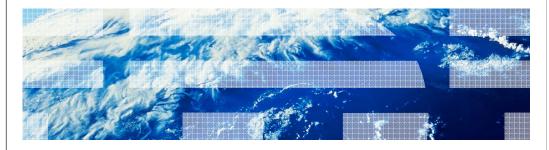
z/OS V1R13

DFSMSrmm: Simplified monitoring and management



Section

Retention date in the volume and data set search results

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irm

Overview

Problem Statement / Need Addressed

 If a resource is retained by VRS, the search results list for volumes or data sets might show retained resources with an expiration date that is already passed.

Solution

 Display the retention date instead of the expiration date in the search results list, if the volume or data set is VRS retained.

Benefit / Value

 Storage administrators can more easily determine from the search results list why a volume is retained, without viewing the volume and data set details.

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Usage and invocation

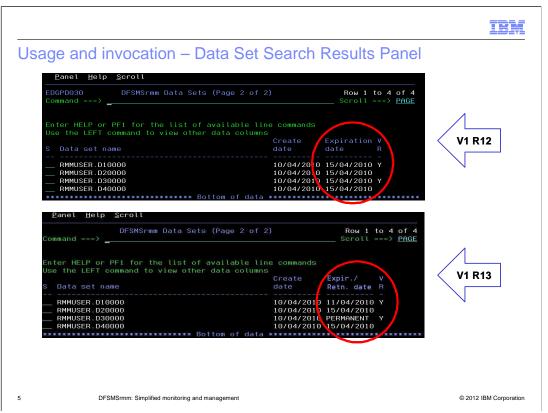
- The Search Volume and Search Dataset dialog results list will show the retention date, when a resource is VRS retained.
- The Search Dataset TSO subcommand will return the REXX variables EDG@RTDT and EDG@RTDJ in any case
- The 'Search Dataset' command issued via API will return the RTDJ SFI (X'88C000'), like it was returned by the 'Search Dataset Extended' command before already

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The TSO output is not changed. If you issue SearchDataset or SearchVolume commands via TSO, the displayed ,Expiration date' will always be the real Expiration date, no matter, if the resource is VRS retained or not.

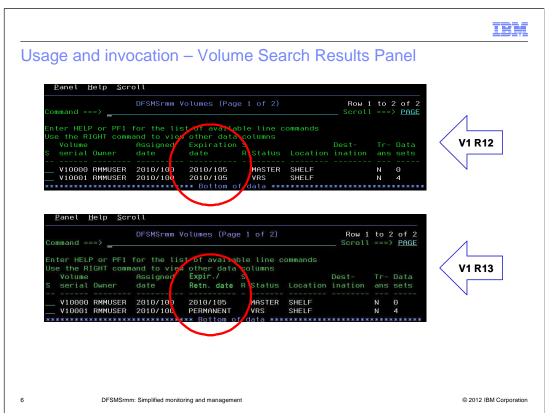
The date is only displayed according to the VRS status in the dialog.



In z/OS® V1R13 VRS the volume search results ISPF panel will show the retention date for volumes retained by VRS, otherwise the expiration date will be shown.

It will be displayed either in the format as it is setup in the dialog configuration or as a special date.

Keywords for special dates may be WHILECATALOG, CATRETPD, PERMANET, CYCL/99999 or CYCL/00001.



In z/OS V1R13 VRS the volume search results ISPF panel will show the retention date for volumes retained by VRS, otherwise the expiration date will be shown.

It will be displayed either in the format as it is setup in the dialog configuration or as a special date.

Keywords for special dates may be WHILECATALOG, CATRETPD, PERMANET, CYCL/99999 or CYCL/00001.

Session Summary

For Volume and Data Set Searches the RMM dialog will display the retention date instead of the expiration date, if the listed resource is retained by VRS.

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		IBM
	0545045456555	
	SEARCHDATASET Extensions	
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Overview

Problem Statement / Need Addressed

 The SEARCHDATASET subcommand has limited ability for searching through the attributes of data sets.

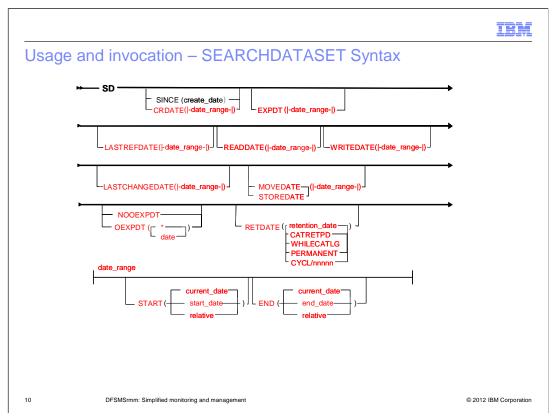
Solution

 Additional operands are added enabling more extensive searches including many on specific date ranges.

■ Benefit / Value

- Search more efficiently in a large number of data sets.

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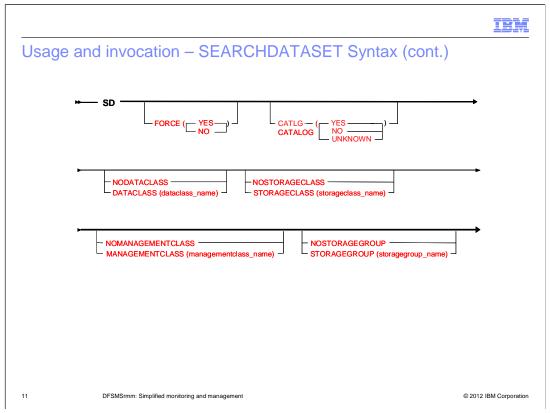
This is the new SEARCHDATASET syntax with relative date operands, based on a date range.

Relative dates are n days (-n), n months (-nM) or n years (-nY) back in time from the current date. Default is the current date.

Note, that the new CRDATE operand is an alternate to the existing SINCE operand.

OEXPDT (original expiration date) is mutually exclusive to NOOEXPDT. You can search for a specific date, any date or data sets having no original expiration date.

RETDATE (retention date) is added with support for special dates: CATRETPD, WHILECATLG, PERMANENT, CYCL/nnnnn.



FORCE finds data sets, which are changed by CHANGEDATASET, and the requested change was only made because FORCE was specified.

CATLG or CATALOG searches data sets based on the catalog status:

- CATLG(YES) finds data sets that are currently cataloged
- CATLG(NO) finds data sets that have been uncataloged
- CATLG(UNKNOWN) finds not yet cataloged data sets

DATACLASS, STORAGECLASS, MANAGEMENTCLASS and STORAGEGROUP searches for data sets, that do have such an attribute, or when NO is prepended data sets are found that do not have this attribute.

Usage and invocation - Examples

- List all data sets that were last read or written a month ago or newer:
 - SD LASTREFDATE(START(-1M)) OWNER(*) LIMIT(*)
- List all data sets, whose last CDS change is 1 year ago or older and that have no original expiration date set:
 - SD LASTCHANGEDATE(START(1900/001) END(-1Y)) + NOOEXPDT OWNER(*) LIMIT(*)
- List all data sets that are retained forever and cataloged:
 - SD RETDATE(PERMANENT) CATLG(YES) OWNER(*) LIMIT(*)
- List all data sets, defined with data class "DC000001", but no storage class:
 - SD DATACLASS(DC000001) NOSTORAGECLASS OWNER(*) LIMIT(*)

PSMSrmm: Simplified monitoring and management

Usage and invocation — Dial Company | Property | Proper

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Session Summary

- Benefit from relative dates and date ranges for data set searches
- Support to search for special retention dates and the original expiration date
- Support to search based on the catalog status and DC, MC, SC and SG

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SMSrmm: Simplified monitoring and management

		IBM
	TVEVTDUDOE E D	
	TVEXTPURGE Extra Days	
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TRM

Overview

■ Problem Statement / Need Addressed

 If DFSMShsm tapes are expired by the EDGTVEXT HSM exit, extra days for retention can only be defined with an EXTRADAYS VRS.

Solution

 With the parmlib option TVEXTPURGE(EXPIRE(days)) a number of extra days can be defined with no additional consideration.

■ Benefit / Value

- No extra effort for defining and applying a new VRS.

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FSMSrmm: Simplified monitoring and managemen



Usage and invocation - PARMLIB OPTION TVEXTPURGE

EXPIRE(*days*) — Use the EXPIRE(*days*) option to set the volume expiration date to the current date + *days* for volumes to be purged.

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Usage and invocation - LISTCONTROL Output

```
System options:
PARMLIB Suffix = $$
Operating mode = P
Retention period: Default = 44
Catalog = 12
Nours

Control data set name
Journal file data set name
Journal threshold = RMMUSER.APAR.JOURNAL
Journal threshold = 50%

MAXHOLD value = 250
BLP = RMM
TVEXT purge = EXPIRE
days = 3
Uncatalog = S

VRS job name = 2

Message case = M
```

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Session Summary

With the parmlib option TVEXTPURGE(EXPIRE(days)) a number of extra days can be defined with no additional consideration.

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FSMSrmm: Simplified monitoring and managemen



TRM

Overview

Problem Statement / Need Addressed

 By looking at the expiration date of the volume or data set it is hard to understand how it was set: Does it come from OCE or from VOLCAT, during conversion or export, or did RMM set or change it due to parmlib OPTIONS.

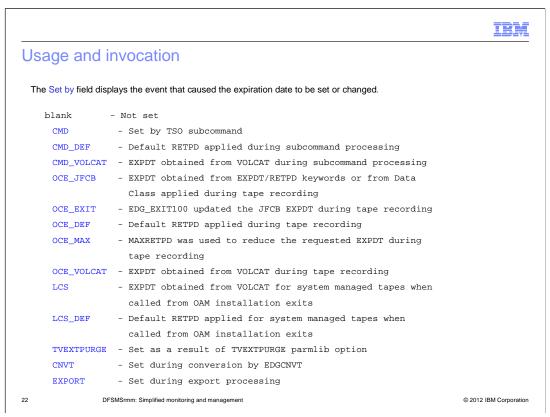
Solution

- DFSMSrmm now records details of what event caused the EXPDT to be set or changed.

■ Benefit / Value

 It is now easy to determine the event that caused the expiration date to be set or changed.

DFSMSrmm: Simplified mor



The **Expiration date** is the date when the volume/data set will expire.

It can be **set** from the value specified, for example, by the user, or by Data Class, or by the EDG_EXIT100 installation exit, ... and if no value is specified DFSMSrmm uses the default retention period.

Subsequently the EXPDT can be changed by command



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Usage and invocation - Example: TSO LISTDATASET

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Usage and invocation - ISPF Panel Volume Details

```
EDGPT110 DFSMSrmm Volume Details - A03401
Command ===>

Volume . . . . : A03401 VOL1 volser : Rack number : Media name . . : 3480 Status . . : MASTER More: +

Volume type . . : PHYSICAL Stacked count . . . . : 0
WorldWide ID . . : Worm . : NO
Retention date . : Expiration date . . . : 2022/003
Set retained . : NO Set by . . . . : OPEN_JFCB
Hold . . . . . : NO Original expiration date . : 2022/003
Retention method . : EXPDT
Set by . . . : CMD_DEF

Description . . :

Data set name . : 'GW'
...
```

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Usage and invocation - ISPF Panel Data Set Details

```
EDGPD110
                                     DFSMSrmm Data Set Details
Command ===>
Data set name . . : 'GW'

Volume serial . . : A03401 Physical file sequence number . . : 1

Owner . . . . : RMMUSER Data set sequence number . . . : 1
                                                                                                More:
Job name . . . : RMMUSERJ
Step name . . . : TAPEIO1
Program name . . : TAPEIO
                                                               Record format . . . : FB
                                                              Block size . . . . : 80
                                                              Logical record length : 80
DD name . . . . : TAPE
Create date . . .: 2010/029 YYYY/DDD Block count . . . . : 2

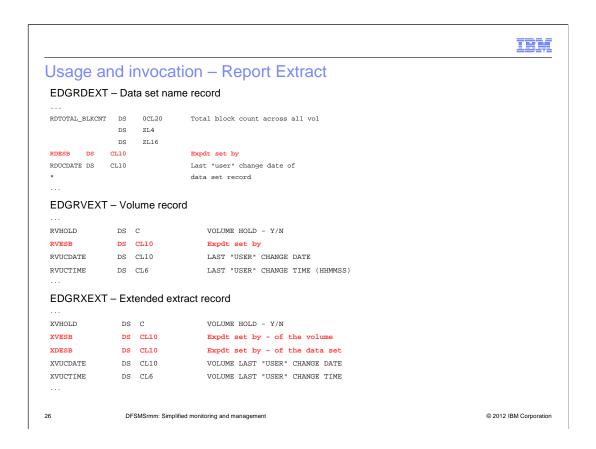
      Create time . . . : 01:46:26
      Total block count . . : 2

      Create time . . : 01:46:26
      Total block count . . : 2

      System id . . . : SYS63
      Data set size (KB) . : 1

                                                               Percent of volume . . : 0
Expiration date . : 2022/003 YYYY/DDD Device number . . . : 0590
Set by . . . : OCE_JFCB
Original . . . : 2022/003 YYYY/DDD. . .
```

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Session Summary

 DFSMSrmm now also records details of what event caused the EXPDT to be set or changed.

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SMSrmm: Simplified monitoring and management

Exclude data sets from VRSEL

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Overview

Problem Statement / Need Addressed

 All data in the RMM inventory is managed by dynamic VRS policies. With every housekeeping run the retention for a volume or a data set can change.

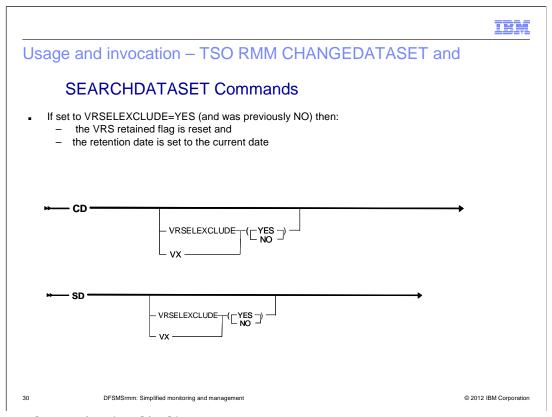
Solution

- Exclude single data sets from VRSEL.

Benefit / Value

- VRSEL Overhead Reduced by eliminating certain types of data from VRSEL processing.
- Controlling Data set Support When a volume or volume set is VRS retained, and you
 exclude one or more of the data sets from VRSEL, you can have the volume
 managed just by those data sets not excluded from VRSEL.

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VRSELEXCLUDE|VX(YES|NO)

Use this operand to override DFSMSrmm VRSEL processing.

You can specify this for any data set on a volume which is managed by the VRSEL retention method.

The data set vrselexclude attribute is set for all data sets on volumes managed by the EXPDT retention method, and if already retained as a vital record, the vital record attribute is reset and the retention date set to the current date.

When a data set spans volumes you should set the VRSELEXCLUDE attribute for each data set record – one data set record for each of the volumes on which the data set resides.

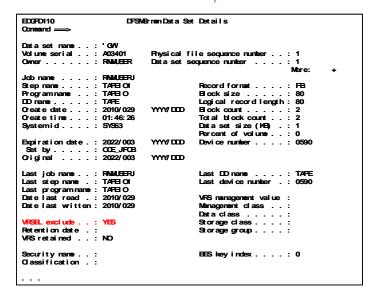
Specify YES to exclude a data set from VRSEL processing.

Specify NO to ensure a data set is included in VRSEL processing.

Authorization requires either CONTROL access to STGADMIN.EDG.MASTER, or UPDATE access to STGADMIN.EDG.CD.VX



Usage and invocation – ISPF Panel Updates List Data Set



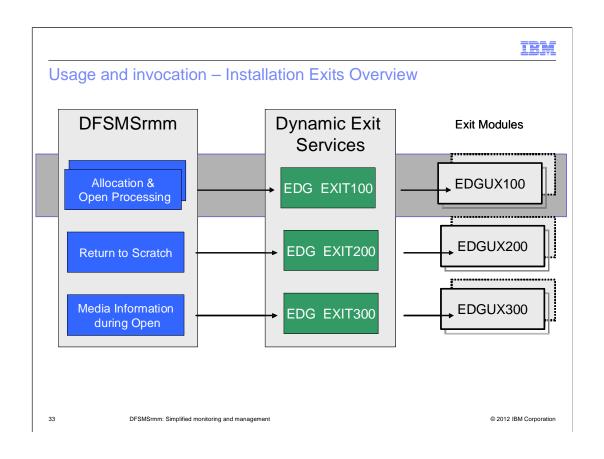
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Usage and invocation – ISPF Panel Updates Change Data Set

EDGPD810 DPSM8rmm Change Data Set Details Command ⇒							
Data set name : 'RNMU	Data set name : 'RNMUSER TEST'11'						
Volume serial : V10001	10001 Physical file sequence number : 1						
Owner : RMMUSE	ER Data set se	quence number 0 More:					
+							
Job name							
Step name :		Record format					
Program name		Block size 0					
DD nane :		Logical record length 0					
Create date 2010/0	06/22 YYYY/MM/DD	Block count 0					
Create time 02:01:	:57	Total block count 0					
Systemid EZU000	00	Percent of volume : 0					
		Device number					
Last job name : RMAUSE	₽U	Last DD name : TAPE					
Last step name : TAPEIO	OI .	Last device number . : 0590					
Last program name: TAPEIO	0						
Date last read . : 2010/0	029	VRS management value					
Date last written: 2010/0	029	Management class					
		Data class					
VRSEL exclude YES		Storage class					
Retention date .:		Storage group					
VRS retained: NO							
Security name		BESkey index : 0					
Classification .:							

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Usage and invocation - Exit Support VRSELEXCLUDE

- A new option is provided via EDG_EXIT100 to request overriding DFSMSrmm VRSEL processing for specific data sets as they are created or re-written.
- The data set VRSELEXCLUDE attribute is set for all data sets on volumes managed by the EXPDT retention method, and is not affected by this support. If a data set is already retained as a vital record, the vital record attribute is reset and the retention date set to the current date.

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FSMSrmm: Simplified monitoring and management



Usage and invocation - Tailor Installation Exit EDG_EXIT100

- Copy the sample EDGUX100 exit module and use the copy as a base for your exit module.
 - Only perform your processing when the PL100_CAN_VRSELEXCLUDE bit is on.
 - Set PL100_SET_VRSELEXCLUDE bit to B'1' for data sets. If you do **not** request VRSELEXCLUDE the default for the retention method will be used.
 If the installation exit sets PL100_SET_VRSELEXCLUDE then any VRS management value set in PL100_VRS is ignored.
 - You do not need to set the PL100_SET_VRSELEXCLUDE bit when you also request to set the
 retention method to EXPDT: DFSMSrmm always sets the VRSELEXCLUDE attribute for data
 sets managed by the EXPDT retention method.
- Make any other changes required such as setting the retention method when creating the first file on the tape, or clearing the EXPDT.

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DFSMSrmm: Simplified monitoring and management

Usage and invocation – EDG_EXIT100 Sample VX Table

- The sample EDGUX100 exit module includes an example of setting the VRSELEXCLUDE attribute.
 - The order in which the table entries are listed is important because the exit scans the table until it
 finds the first entry where the job name, data set name and program name masks match the
 current request. You can change the priority of matching by changing the order of the table
 entries

```
VXTAB DS 0F START OF VRSELEXCLUDE TABLE

SPACE 1

DC CL8'*' JOBNAME

DC CL44'RMMUSER.VX.*' DATA SET NAME

DC CL8'*' PROGRAM NAME

SPACE 1

DC CL8'VX END' END OF VX TABLE MARKER
```

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The VXTAB table contains:

jobname

One-to-eight alphanumeric or national characters including % and *.

% can be used to ignore a positional character in the job name.

* can be used to ignore all remaining characters in the job name. A jobname of * means that the entry applies to all jobs.

data set name

Can be up to forty-four characters, following z/OS data set naming conventions, including % and *.

The character % can be used to ignore a positional character in the data set name.

The character * can be used to ignore all remaining characters in the data set name. A data set name of * means that the entry applies to all data sets.

The use of the character * is not the same as in the generic data set names supported by DFSMSrmm for vital records specifications and search data set masks. Here the * works like the characters *.*might in a generic data set name mask.

Program name

A value up to eight alphanumeric character including % and *.

% can be used to ignore a positional character in the program name.

* can be used to ignore all remaining characters in the program name. A program name of * means that the entry applies to all programs.

Tip: DFSMSrmm provides a second sample for EDGUX100. This sample is called EDGCVRSX. It is different from the EDGUX100 sample because the special date, retention method, VRSELEXCLUDE, and pooling function is table driven and you can change the table dynamically. Refer to SAMPLIB member EDGCMM01 and the IBM Red book Converting to Removable Media Manager: A Practical Guide for documentation on using EDGCVRSX for EDGUX100.

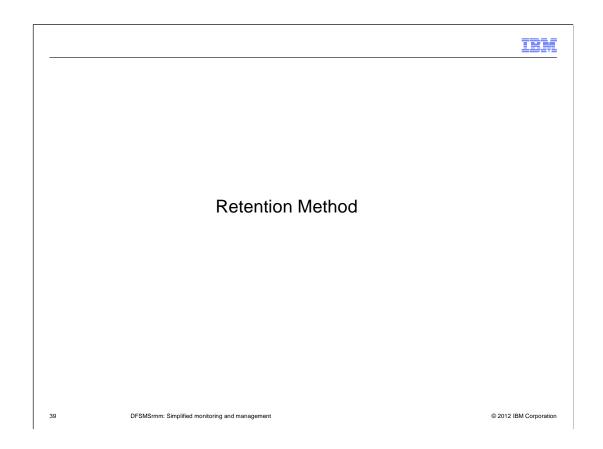
Migration and coexistance

- There are no migration concerns introduced by this support.
- z/OS releases lower than V1R13 require the PTF for coexistence APAR OA32984 to be installed before exploitation of new functions is attempted on V1R13.
- Standard coexistence recognizes and supports:
 - Data set level VRSELEXCLUDEVRSEL processing on releases below z/OS V1.13 skips these data sets

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FSMSrmm: Simplified monitoring and managemen

Session Summary	
 VRSELEXCLUDE enablement helps to avoid batch VRS policy management by eliminating data sets from VRSEL processing. 	3



TRM

Overview

Problem Statement / Need Addressed

 Currently, all data in the RMM inventory is managed by dynamic VRS policies. With every housekeeping run the retention for a volume or a data set can change.

Solution

 Optionally assign a retention method at the time a tape data set is created enabling a choice of whether data is managed by expiration date or by VRS policies.

■ Benefit / Value

 This enables use of simpler retention policies and helps to avoid batch VRS policy management. As a result, the retention information for expiration date retained data can be known when a tape data set is created.

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FSMSrmm: Simplified monitoring and managemen



Usage and invocation - Parmlib Option

Parmlib Member EDGRMMxx

OPTION Command: RETENTIONMETHOD

 Use this operand to set the system-wide retention method for new tape volume sets created during OCE processing, and for tape volumes added to the DFSMSrmm CDS.

DFSMSrmm: Simplified monitoring and manage



Usage and invocation - Description

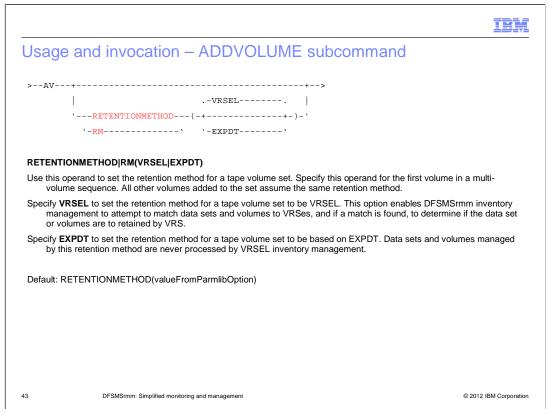
VRSEL

- Specify VRSEL to set the default retention method for new tape volume sets to be VRSEL. This option enables DFSMSrmm inventory management to attempt to match data sets and volumes to VRSes, and if a match is found, to determine if the data set or volumes is to be retained by VRS.
- The VRSEL retention method is controlled by all the other VRS related options in parmlib including OPTION RETAINBY MOVEBY.

EXPDT

- Specify EXPDT to set the default retention method for new tape volume sets to be based on EXPDT. Data sets and volumes managed by this retention method are never processed by VRSEL inventory management.
- The EXPDT retention method manages at the volume level: each volume is considered separately for expiration, and each file on a volume can increment the volume expiration date.
- All files of a multi volume data set on a volume set managed by the EXPDT retention method have the same expiration date and time.
- When you specify the EXPDT retention method the DFSMSrmm inventory management EXPROC processing always attempts to return volumes to scratch on the same run as the volume is released (Note: this is as if the SCRATCHIMMEDIATE attribute is set for the volume).
- Default: RETENTIONMETHOD(VRSEL)

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You can specify the RETENTIONMETHOD operand regardless of status and volume type, but the retention method is only implemented for non-scratch volumes.

Once a retention method is defined for a non-scratch volume it is not overridden to the system-wide default during OPEN output processing, but can be changed by installation exit EDG_EXIT100.

Volumes in a set always assume the retention method of the first volume in the set.

RETENTIONMETHOD and PREVVOL are mutually exclusive.



Usage and invocation - CHANGEVOLUME subcommand

RETENTIONMETHOD|RM(VRSEL|EXPDT)

Use this operand for any volume to set the retention method for a tape volume set. Specify this operand only for the first volume in a volume set. All other volumes in the set assume the same retention method.

Specify **VRSEL** to set the retention method for a tape volume set to be VRSEL. This option enables DFSMSrmm inventory management to attempt to match data sets and volumes to VRSes, and if a match is found, to determine if the data set or volumes are to retained by VRS.

Specify **EXPDT** to set the retention method for a tape volume set to be based on EXPDT. Data sets and volumes managed by this retention method are never processed by VRSEL inventory management.

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RETENTIONMETHOD is mutually exclusive with PREVVOL and NOPREVVOL operands.

(Note: to remove a volume from a volume set and also change the retention method requires two subcommands. For example: RMM CV volser NOPREVVOL, and RMM volser RM(EXPDT)

Authorization requires either CONTROL access to STGADMIN.EDG.MASTER, or UPDATE access to STGADMIN.EDG.CV.RM



Usage and invocation - SEARCHVOLUME subcommand

RETENTIONMETHOD|RM (VRSEL|EXPDT)

Use this operand to restrict the returned volumes based on the retention method.

- Specify VRSEL to select volumes with the VRSEL retention method.
- Specify EXPDT to select volumes with the EXPDT retention method.

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IBM

Usage and invocation - LISTCONTROL OPTION Output

```
System options:

PARMLIB Suffix = PA
Operating mode = P Retention period: Default = 0 Maximum = NOLIMIT
Catalog = 12 hours

Retention method: Method = VRSEL

Control data set name = RMMUSER.APAR.MASTER
Journal file data set name = RMMUSER.APAR.JOURNAL

Journal threshold = 50% Journal transaction = NO

Catalog SYSID = Notset

Scratch procedure name = EDGXPROC

Backup procedure name = EDGXPROC

Backup procedure name = IPL date check = N Date format = J RACF support = N

SMF audit = 248 SMF security = 249 CDS id = CDS1

MAXHOLD value = 100 Lines per page = 54 System ID = SYS63

BLP = NORMM TVEXT purge = EXPIRE Notify = N

days = 3

...
```

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Usage and invocation - EDG_EXIT100 Retention Method Support

You can use the EDG_EXIT100 installation exit to set the retention method to be used for new tape data. When you create a new tape volume set, or rewrite an existing set from the first file you can override the system default retention method.

```
ENTIST DS OF
* start of RDS entries
           EDGCVRSG DSN=RMMUSER.RMEXPDT.*,
RM=EXPDT,
                                                                                         Х
                  RO=NO,
                  RETPD=5
          EDGCVRSG DSN=*,
                  RM=NONE,
                  RO=NO,
                  RETPD=5
* start of keyword dates from EDGC5LDR
          EDGCVRSG KEYDATE=98010,
VRSVAL=D98010
           EDGCVRSG KEYDATE=99000,
VRSVAL=D99000
           EDGCVRSG KEYDATE=99010,
VRSVAL=D99010
           EDGCVRSG KEYDATE=99110,
                  VRSVAL=D99110
           EDGCVRSG KEYDATE=99201,
VRSVAL=D99201
ENTLAST EDGCVRSG DSN='*',RO='NO'
```

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Usage and invocation – Expiry date equalization (1 of 2)

- RMM maintains a consistent data set expiration date and time for data set on volumes managed by the EXPDT retention method under at these times:
 - During O/C/EOV processing. The expiration time is rounded up to whole hour to help avoid I/O to the RMM CDS. This is done for the first data set record for a data set, and only repeated if data set creation continues onto a new volume and the then current time exceeds the rounded up value.
 - When you specify EXPDT/RETPD on ADDDATASET or CHANGEDATASET subcommands.
 - During CHANGEVOLUME PREVVOL
 - When the retention method of the volume set is changed from VRSEL to EXPDT
 - During conversion, regardless of retention method, the expiration date of the first data set record of a multi volume data set is propagated to all other data set records of the data set.

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Usage and invocation – Expiry date equalization (2 of 2)

VRSEL retention method

- Data sets on volumes managed by the VRSEL retention method are unchanged.

EXPDT retention method

 All files of a multi volume data set on a volume set managed by RM(EXPDT) have the same expiration date and time.



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IBM

Usage and invocation – New TSO Subcommand Return/Reason Code

Return Code	Reason Code	Message Number	Issuing Command	Description
12	266	3363	CV, AV	Retention method can only be specified for the first volume in a set

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FSMSrmm: Simplified monitoring and management

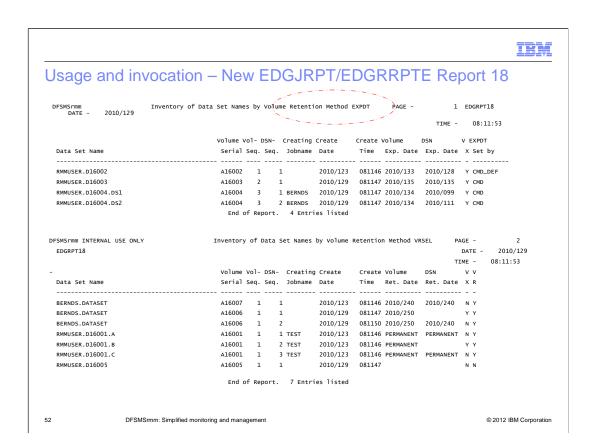
TRM

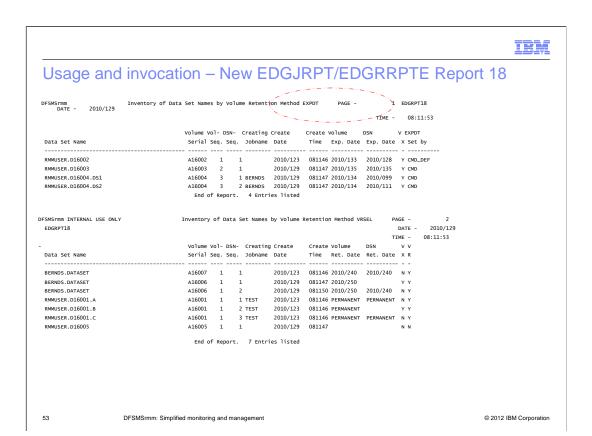
Usage and invocation – Authorization

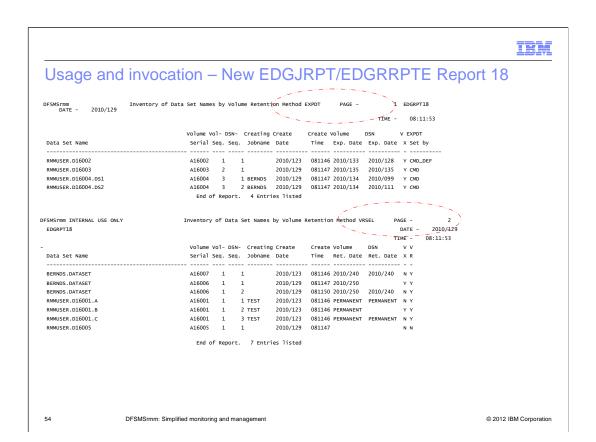
Define the resource	To Control the
STGADMIN.EDG.CV.RMminlength	Updating of retention method. Supporting CV RETENTIONMETHOD RM

When you Define	With Access	Then
STGADMIN.EDG.CV.RM minlength	Entity not defined	Based on STGADMIN.EDG.MASTER access.
	UPDATE	Allows any volume to be updated

DFSMSrmm: Simplified monitoring and management







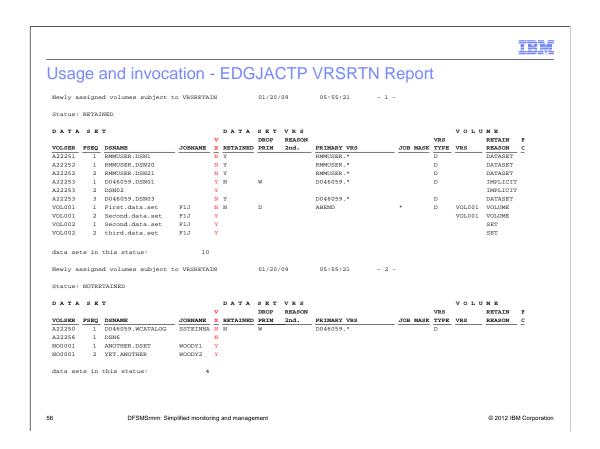
IBM

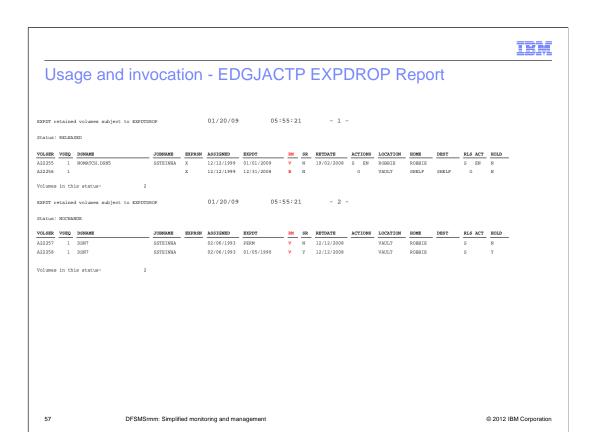
Usage and invocation - EDGJACTP

- VRSRETN Report
 - A new data column is added to include the data set VRSEXCLUDE attribute.
 - Note that the VRSRETN and VRSRETNS reports are produced only for volumes that are managed by the VRSEL retention method.
- EXPDROP Report
 - A new data column is added to include the retention method

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Usage and invocation – Retention method considerations

- You do not need to run VRSEL processing unless any volumes are defined with the VRSEL retention method. Only EXPROC processing is required to handle expiration of all volumes managed by the EXPDT retention method.
- EXPROC processing provides a summary of volumes by retention method. See the MESSAGE file example below.
- The expiration date of volumes is set during OPEN processing, so for volumes managed by the EXPDT retention method no special considerations exist for open data sets – they are managed based on the volume EXPDT.
- Volumes containing data sets closed by ABEND processing or which are DELETEd are handled as if no special ABEND/DELETED VRS had been defined. i.e. All retention is based only on the volume EXPDT.
- Volumes managed by the EXPDT retention method are included only in the EXPDTDROP limit. VRSRETAIN and VRSDROP limits apply only to volumes managed by VRSEL retention method.

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Migration and coexistence

- There are no migration concerns introduced by this support.
- Sharing z/OS releases lower than V1R13 requires the PTF for coexistence APAR OA32984 to be installed before exploitation of new functions is attempted on V1R13.
- Standard coexistence recognizes and supports:
 - Volume level RETENTIONMETHOD DFSMSrmm EXPROC processing only processes volumes with the VRSEL retention method
 - All files of a multi volume data set on a volume set managed by RM(EXPDT) have the same expiration date and time.
 - DFSMSrmm coexistence maintains the data set records in synch both while tape data sets are processed and when an RMM ADD or CHANGE subcommand is issued.

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Session summary

Volume Retention Method enables use of simpler retention policies and helps to avoid batch VRS policy management. As a result, the retention information for expiration date retained data can be known when a tape data set is created.

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Section		
	Data set attribute copy function	

TRM

Overview

Problem Statement / Need Addressed

 Tape copy applications use RMM subcommands to update data set and volume meta data after a copy is completed. BUT not all data set and volume attributes can be copied via RMM subcommands. Retention of the source and target data sets is subject to VRS processing and results are not always predictable.

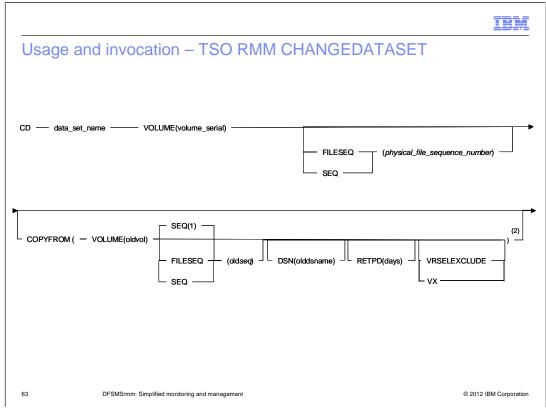
Solution

- A new data set subcommand option, that supports the copying all applicable attributes and controlling the retention of the source data set.
- Installation exit EDG_EXIT100 Option to provide Source Data Set KeyUsing the installation exit you can avoid issuing the subcommands needed for copying data set attributes
 - · Avoids need for CD commands after the copy completes
 - When all files are copied, use RMM CV volser RETENTIONMETHOD(EXPDT) RETPD(retpd)

Benefit / Value

- Copy applications which exploit EDG_EXIT100 to identify data set attributes at OPEN time should benefit from the new processing.
- Whether by using subcommands or the user exit copied data sets inherit all required attributes without the copy application knowing what all the attributes are.

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2.) This operand can only be specified by a user with CONTROL access to the STGADMIN.EDG.MASTER security resource. Owner authorization does not apply.

RMM CD data_set_name VOLUME(volser) SEQ(1|seq) COPYFROM(2)(VOLUME(oldvol) FILESEQ|SEQ(1|oldseq) [DSN(olddsname)] [RETPD(daysUntilFromDatasetIsNolongerRetained)] [VRSELEXCLUDE])

data_set_name VOLUME SEQ|FILESEQ

Is like SD CHAIN. It identifies a single volume data set or any part of a multi-volume data set.

Validation is done to ensure that the source and target data sets are the same, refer to 2.1.2.2.1 Validation for details.

You use the CHANGEDATASET subcommand once for each target data set record. For multi-volume data sets this means that you must issue the subcommand for each part of the multi-volume data set. i.e. Once for each volume the target data set is written on. For example:

Data set MIKE.EXAMPLE is the only file on volume MW0001 is copied from physical tape into a virtual tape system. It is a single input volume but now multiple output volumes: VT0001, VT0002, and VT0003. When the data has been copied, you would issue the following commands to copy the input data set record attributes to each of the output data set records:

RMM CD 'MIKE.EXAMPLE') VOLUME(VT0001) COPYFROM(VOLUME(MW0001))

RMM CD 'MIKE.EXAMPLE') VOLUME(VT0002) COPYFROM(VOLUME(MW0001))

RMM CD 'MIKE.EXAMPLE') VOLUME(VT0003) COPYFROM(VOLUME(MW0001))

DSN(olddsname)

This sub-operand identifies the source data set record from which attributes are to be copied. You can optionally use a different data set name as the target. The default is that the *olddsname* matches *data set name*

VOLUME(oldvol)

This sub-operand identifies the source data set record from which attributes are to be copied. There is no default value.

SEQ|FILESEQ(oldseq)

This sub-operand identifies the source data set record from which attributes are to be copied. It specifies the physical file sequence number. Use this operand to identify the relative position of the source data

set on the *oldvol*. The minimum allowable decimal value is 1. The maximum allowable decimal value is 65535. The default value is 1. [RETPD(daysUntilFromDatasetIsNolongerRetained)]

This suboperand causes rmm to update the original data set record expiration date.

There is no default value. By default the original data set is not updated. The value can be 0 to 93000.

[VRSELEXCLUDE]

Usage and invocation – CHANGEDATASET COPYFROM

- When you specify any other CHANGEDATASET subcommand operands the processing sequence in DFSMSrmm is that the COPYFROM operand is processed first, then the additional operands.
- This means that additional operands can specify data that overrides the attributes copied.

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Usage and invocation – Authorization

Define the resource	To Control the
STGADMIN.EDG.CD.COPYFROM.dsname minlength	Copying of data set attributes from data set dsname to another data set, and to affect the retention of the source data set.

minlength

If you use a generic profile, the minimum non-generic profile name checked for by DFSMSrmm is 'STGADMIN.EDG.CD.'

Note: The *dsname* included in the authorization check is a maximum of the first 14 characters of the dsname. The resource name is limited by the maximum length of 39 characters for FACILITY class profiles.

When you Define	With Access	Then
STGADMIN.EDG.CD.COPYFROM.dsname	Entity not defined	Based on STGADMIN.EDG.MASTER access.
	READ	You are permitted to copy attributes and update retention for identically named data sets.
	UPDATE	You are permitted to copy attributes and update retention for any two data set records.

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Usage and invocation – Copying data set attributes

- After copying the data set attributes, all data set records of the target data set make the data set appear to be the original.
- DFSMSrmm copies all attributes which are not related to the physical aspects of the data set, volume and tape drive. All other attributes are copied.
- Those attributes related to retention are subject to update by the next run of inventory management. The intention is that the copied data set will be retained in the same way as the source data set.
- When you use the COPYFROM subcommand operand the last change information of the target data set is also updated during command processing to reflect that the command was processed.
- After the attributes are copied there will be no trace of the copy application or the batch job used to perform the copy because all target data set attributes reflect the creation and use of the source data set.

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Usage and invocation – Data set attributes not copied

Command operand	Extract file field	REXX Variable/SFI
No cmd operand		
dsname	RDDSNAME	EDG@DSN
VOLUME	RDVOLSER	EDG@VOL
SEQ FILESEQ	RDDSNSEQ	EDG@FILE
LABELNUMBER	RDLABNO	EDG@DSEQ
TOTALBLKCOUNT	RDTOTAL_BLKCNT	EDG@BLKT
PERCENT	RDPERCENT	EDG@DPCT
DEVNUM	RDUNITAD	EDG@DEV
LRECL	RDLRECL	EDG@LRCL
RECFM	RDRECFM	EDG@RCFM
BLKSIZE	RDBLK\$Z	EDG@BLKS
BLKCOUNT	RDBLKCNT	EDG@BLKC
owner	RDOWNDSN	EDG@OWN
data set size	RDDSSIZE, RDSIZE	EDG@DSS6
catalog status	RDCAT	EDG@CTLG
STORAGECLASS	RDSCNAME	EDG@SC
storage group	RDSGNAME	EDG@SG
DATACLASS	RDDCNAME	EDG@DC
start block ID	n/a	n/a
end block ID	n/a	n/a
last device number	RDLDEVN	EDG@LDEV
BESKEY	RDBESKEY	EDG@BESK
VRSELEXCLUDE	RDVEX	EDG@VEX Note: This attribute is not copied unless both the source and target volumes are managed by RM(VRSEL)
ABEND	RDABEND	EDG@ABND Note: This attribute is not copied unless it is set. The source setting is merged with the target setting.

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Usage and invocation - Installation exit support

A new option is provided via EDG_EXIT100 to notify RMM that the data set being created is being copied from another.

During OPEN processing the exit can identify the source data set from which rmm will obtain all existing data set attributes which will be used for the new data set. DFSMSrmm EOV processing ensures that the attributes are copied to all new data set records when the output data set becomes a multi-volume data set.

```
PL100_CAN_COPYFROM EQU X'08'
PL100_SET_COPYFROM EQU X'04'
PL100_COPYFROM_DSN DS CL44
PL100_COPYFROM_VOLSER DS CL6
PL100_COPYFROM_DSEQ XL4
PL100_COPYFROM_OWNER DS CL8 ...
```

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Usage and invocation – Installation Exit Exploitation

- Dynamic Exit Available since z/OS V1R11
 - Add exit module dynamically prior to the first copy
 - Pass source data set key via exit Dsname, file sequence, volser
 - Select required retention method and VRSELEXCLUDE for target via exit
 - During OPEN &CLOSE the attributes are copied from source to target Data Set record
 - · Physical attributes are set based on volume and drive used
 - Delete exit module at end of processing / all copies completed
 - Your copy application must communicate with your exit module
 - When processing successful use the RMM API to:
 - Issue RMM commands for source data sets and volumes, for example:
 - RMM DV volser RELEASE

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- RMM CV volser RETENTIONMETHOD(EXPDT) RETPD(4)

O

RMM CD sourcedsn VOLUME(sv) SEQ(ss) VRSELEXCLUDE(YES)

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Usage and invocation - Installation exit note

Note: It is your responsibility to provide the correct source data set details. If you pass the wrong source COPYFROM data set details, one of the follow applies:

- If you do not provide valid values for PL100_COPYFROM_DSN, PL100_COPYFROM_VOLSER, and PL100_COPYFROM_DSEQ your request is ignored.
- 2. If the data set record is not already defined in the DFSMSrmm CDS processing continues but WTO EDG4063I is issued to the job log and the system log.
- 3. If the data set record is found all relevant attributes are copied.

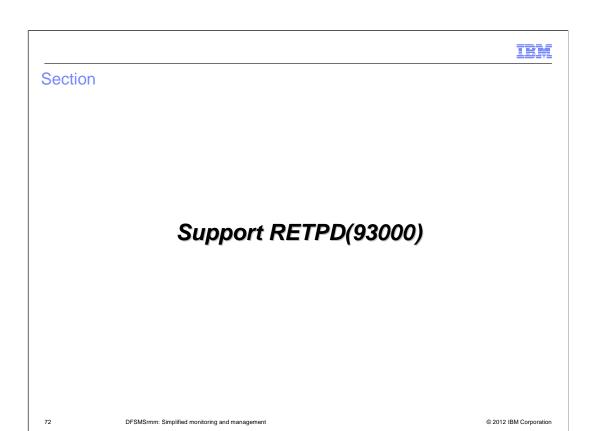
DFSMSrmm: Simplified monitoring and management

Session summary

- Copy applications which exploit EDG_EXIT100 to identify data set attributes at OPEN time should benefit from the new processing (performance, attributes which can be copied, selection of retention and retention policy) as an additional API request to drive the Data Attributes Copying after the tape data copying itself can be avoided.
- The ChangeDataset subcommand with COPYFROM parameter ensures that all attributes for a copied data set are set correctly with only one single subcommand.

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Overview

- Problem Statement / Need Addressed
 - Longer periods being implemented in DFSMS constructs.
- Solution
 - Support RETPD(93000) and MAXRETPD(93000) in all places in RMM.
- Benefit / Value
 - Support system wide retention period limit.

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Usage and invocation – TSO RMM subcommands

- ADDDATASET
- ADDVOLUME
- CHANGEDATASET
- CHANGEVOLUME
- GETVOLUME
- The new maximum retention period is 93000.

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000)	in all	

Session summary

 With z/OS V1R13, DFSMSrmm does support RETPD(93000) and MAXRETPD(93000) in all places.

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Appendix - References

Books and references

 DFSMSrmm Managing and Using Removable Media 	SC26-7404-12
■ DFSMSrmm Application Programming Interface	SC26-7403-11
■ DFSMSrmm Implementation & Customization Guide	SC26-7405-12
■ DFSMSrmm Diagnosis Guide	GY27-7619-11
■ DFSMSrmm Reporting	SC26-7406-11

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