



# New IBM Rational Project Management Solution: Concepts and Overview

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PPM04



#### Introduction

- IBM Rational is developing a new project and portfolio management (PPM) solution that is optimized for Software and System Delivery (SSD) projects
- The new solution includes
  - ▶ Rational Insight for Performance Management,
  - Rational Focal Point for Project and Program Management
  - Rational Focal Point for Project Portfolio Management
- This solution is based on the IBM(R) Jazz(TM) platform
- This talk presents the concepts underlying the solutions and gives an overview of each of their components
- It is intended for executives and managers who are responsible for evaluating, selecting, monitoring, and controlling SSD projects



## **Topics**

- Overview of the new Rational PPM solution
  - ▶ For detailed product information attend the relevant RSC 2009 PPM sessions
- Optimizing PPM for Software and Systems Delivery
- Demos
- Q & A





## **PPM Overview**



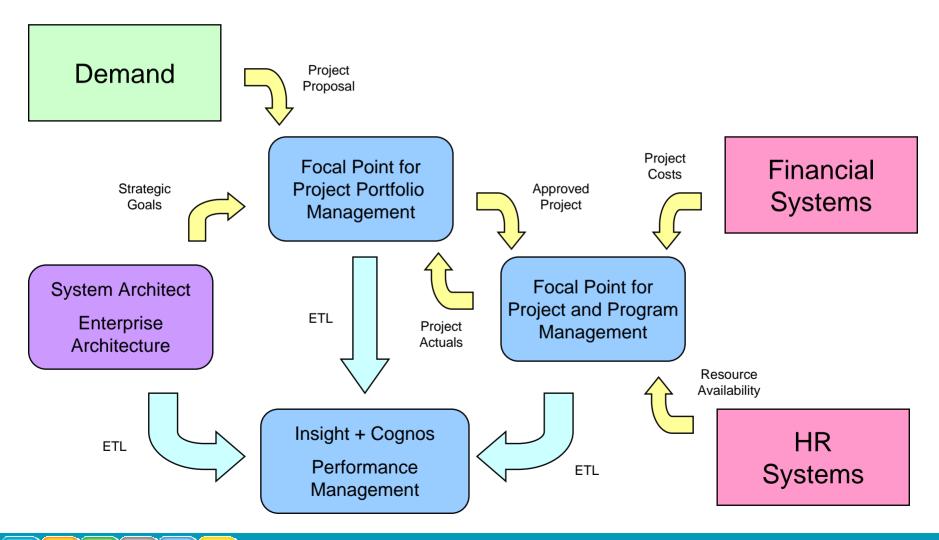
#### **PPM** overview

- Rational is adding new PPM products to its Software and System Delivery (SSD) platform:
  - Rational Insight for Performance Management
  - Rational Focal Point for Project and Program Management
  - ▶ Rational Focal Point for Project Portfolio Management
- These new products are:
  - Extensions of existing Rational PPM capabilities
  - Optimized for SSD projects
  - Integrated with each other as well as other Rational products
    - System Architect for enterprise architecture and strategic goals
  - Open to integration with third-party products via REST services
  - Based either directly on Jazz or align with the Jazz Integration Architecture





#### PPM context diagram





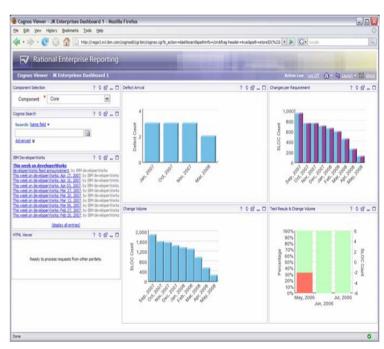
# Performance management

- Performance management enables organizations to apply quantitative management techniques to their SSD projects
- Define metrics (KPIs) that are aligned with business goals
- Automatically collect metrics from operational repositories and store them in a data warehouse for reporting and analysis
- Monitor metrics versus targets within allowed variances
- Diagnose root cause of variances and take corrective action
- Quantify benefit of practices and tools
- Track trends over time



## Rational Insight for performance management

- A Web portal, based on the Cognos 8 BI reporting engine, to manage reports, queries, dashboards, portlets, alerts, users, and security
- A data warehouse (DB2, Oracle, or SQL Server) used to store and aggregate product data for historical and analytical reporting
- An ETL framework to Extract, Transform and Load data from IBM and other products into the data warehouse
- An open REST-based adapter framework to retrieve product data in a standard XML schema
- An ODBC/JDBC driver to facilitate ETL and realtime reporting against live operational data in Rational products
- A zero-footprint Web-based report designer
- Comprehensive set of customizable OOTB reports, dashboards, and DW schema





## Project and program management

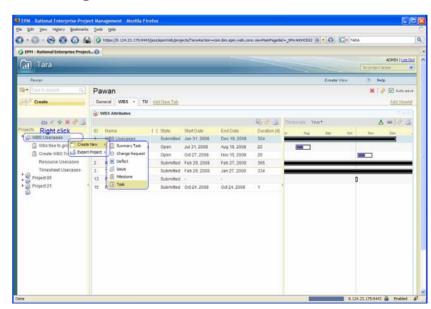
- Projects are time-bounded work efforts that produce a unique result
- Programs are related sets of projects that can be beneficially managed together
  - Shared resources
  - Dependencies
- The primary concern here is project execution within the established time, cost, and quality constraints
- Risk here refers to operational risk an event that might occur and negatively impact the project





#### Rational Focal Point for Project and Program Management

- A Web-based project and program management solution, optimized for SSD projects, built on Jazz
- Extends the Rational Team Concert work items with project management attributes for cost, schedule, etc.
- Supports WBS, risk management, human resource search and assignment, critical path scheduling, Gantt charts, time tracking
- Integrates with Rational ClearQuest and other change management systems
- Integrates with Rational Focal Point for portfolio management and Rational Insight for performance management
- Supports import/export of Microsoft Project 2007 XML
- Provides REST services for integration with other applications and tools





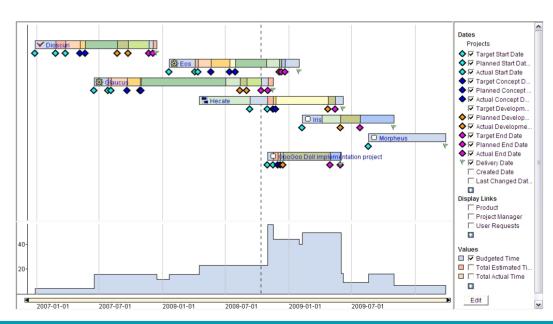
# Project portfolio management

- Portfolios are sets of related projects and programs that can be beneficially managed together from an investment viewpoint
- The primary concern of portfolio management is aligning these investments with strategic business goals and maximizing the value, within established risk criteria
- Risk here refers to investment risk
  - Investment risk is the uncertainty of realizing the project value
- Portfolio management is a financial discipline, not an engineering discipline
- Portfolio management includes both project initiation and periodic review to ensure ongoing alignment and value
  - Review may result in project acceleration, deferment, or termination



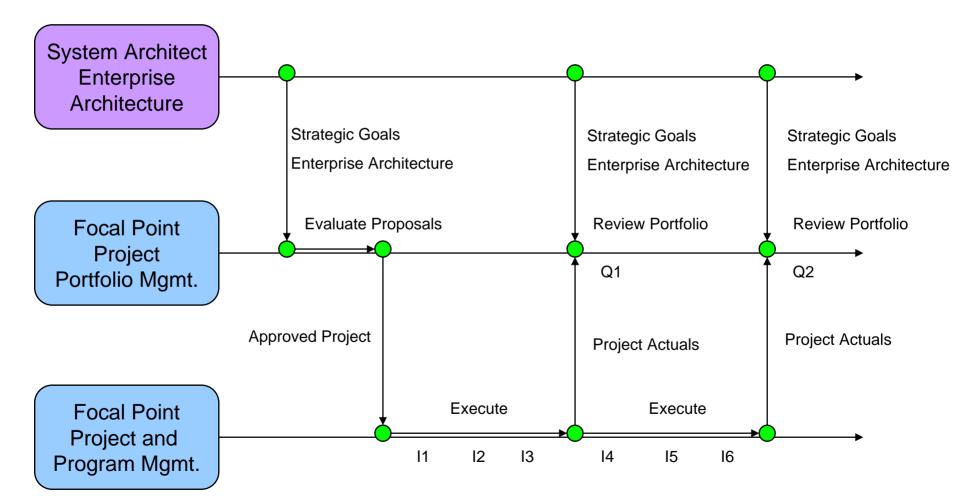
# Rational Focal Point for Project Portfolio Management

- Rational Focal Point supports demand management, high level resource analysis, evaluation and selection of project proposals, and their periodic review.
- Provides support to maintain the inventory of projects with their KPIs.
- Capabilities to balance and align the portfolio with strategy and market needs.
- Implemented with a top-down approach using strategy and business plans as criterion for portfolio analysis.
- Project Portfolio Mgmt. bundled with Project and Program Mgmt. provides a complete solution for project and project portfolio management
- Approved proposals flow from portfolio to project for execution.
   Project status flows from project to portfolio for periodic portfolio reviews





# Project portfolio management: project selection and periodic review processes





# Jazz integration architecture

- The primary integration mechanism among the products is REST services
  - Each tool manages a set of Web resources
  - Resources have representations, e.g. XML, JSON
  - Resources are accessed via HTTP methods GET/PUT/POST/DELETE
- Open resource representations are being jointly developed with industry partners at Open Services for Lifecycle Collaboration: open-services.net
  - ▶ PPM scenarios are initially focusing on estimation and measurement
- Jazz Foundation Server provides common services
  - Identity
  - Admin
  - Query
  - etc.





# Optimizing PPM for Software and Systems Delivery





## Why optimize PPM for SSD projects?

- Rational's mission is to
  - "Help organizations automate, integrate and govern the business process of software and systems delivery".
- SSD is in Rational's DNA:
  - ▶ thought leaders, engineers, products, sales force, customers
- Project management integrates and unifies Rational products across the entire development lifecycle
  - Requirements, architecture, change, software configuration, build, and quality management tools each address part of the lifecycle
  - A common notion of "project" across all these tools ties these different aspects together
- SSD projects have unique characteristics that can be beneficially supported by specialized PPM tools
- Rational PPM products must therefore be highly aligned with SSD in order to accomplish our mission and leverage our core competencies



## What differentiates SSD projects?

- Project portfolio management
  - Enterprise architecture
  - Investment risk
- Project and program management
  - WBS/CM unification
  - Process enactment
- Performance management
  - Development intelligence
  - Software estimation
- We are building a PPM solution that integrates these differentiating features of SSD to help managers align and steer their projects





# Optimizing Project Management for Software and Systems Delivery





# Work breakdown structure in project management

- Projects managers create a work breakdown structure (WBS) to decompose the work of the project ultimately into tasks that can be precisely specified, estimated, assigned, and tracked
- Tasks and their dependencies and be visualized using Gantt charts, PERT charts, network diagrams, etc.
- The WBS can be analyzed to yield schedule information, e.g. critical path
- Cost and effort are rolled up from the task level to the project level



# Change management in software development

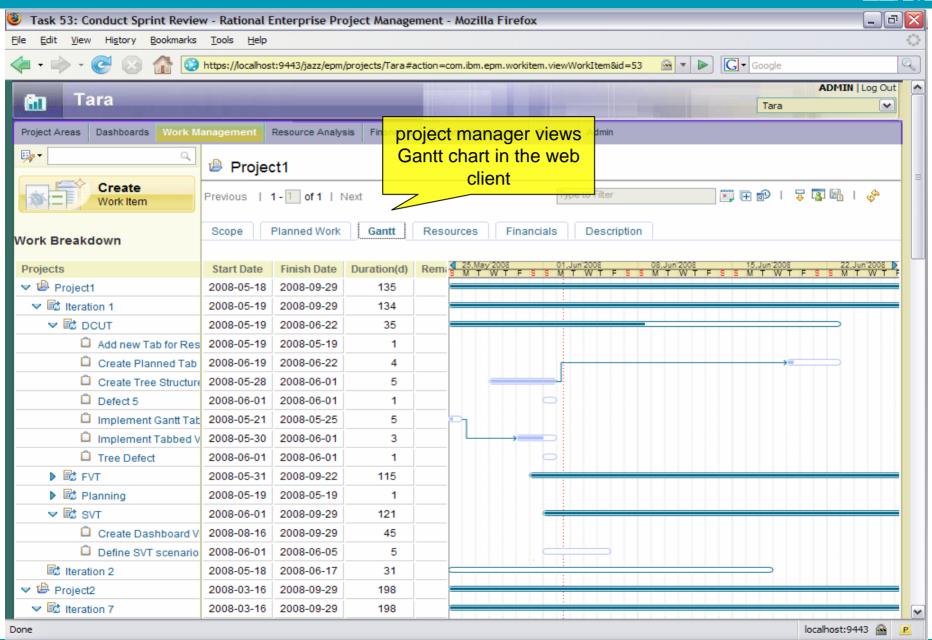
- Software development teams rely heavily on change management (CM) systems to manage defect and feature tasks
- CM systems are often linked to software configuration management (SCM) systems, e.g. unified change management (UCM)
- Rational ClearQuest, Rational Team Concert, Rational Change, Bugzilla, Atlassian JIRA are examples of CM systems
- CM systems are flexible enough to manage generic tasks, but lack some traditional WBS features



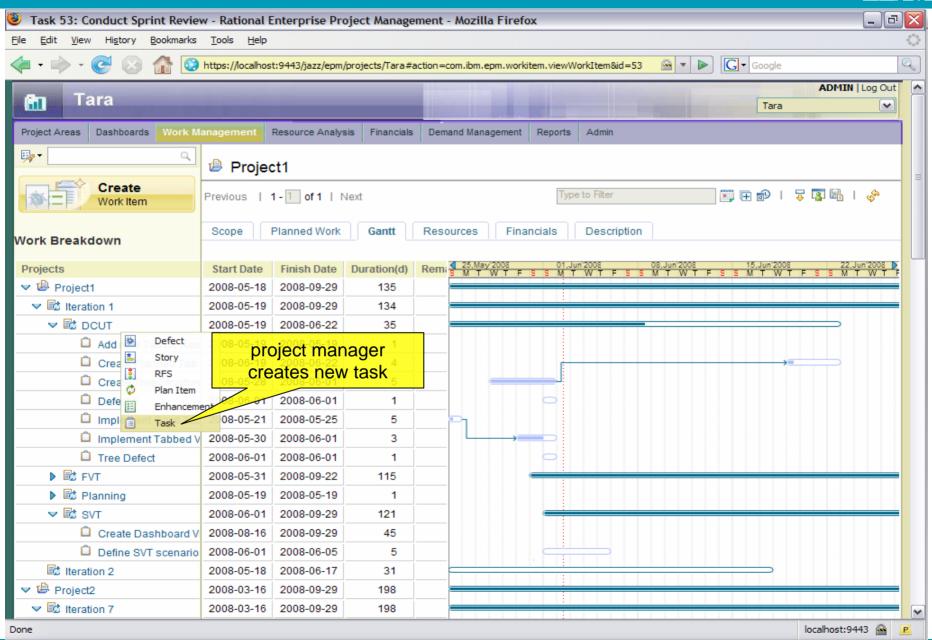
#### WBS/CM unification

- If a software project uses different tools for WBS and CM then
  - ▶ The project manager will have to poll the team for their status
  - ▶ The project manager will have to update the WBS to reflect the CM tasks
  - ▶ The WBS will diverge from the CM system
  - The WBS will cease to reflect the truth
- Therefore in our PPM solution the tasks that developers see in the CM system are the same as the tasks the project manager sees in the WBS
- Project managers assign tasks in WBS and developers see their assignments in the CM system
- Developers report their status in the CM system and project managers see that status in the WBS

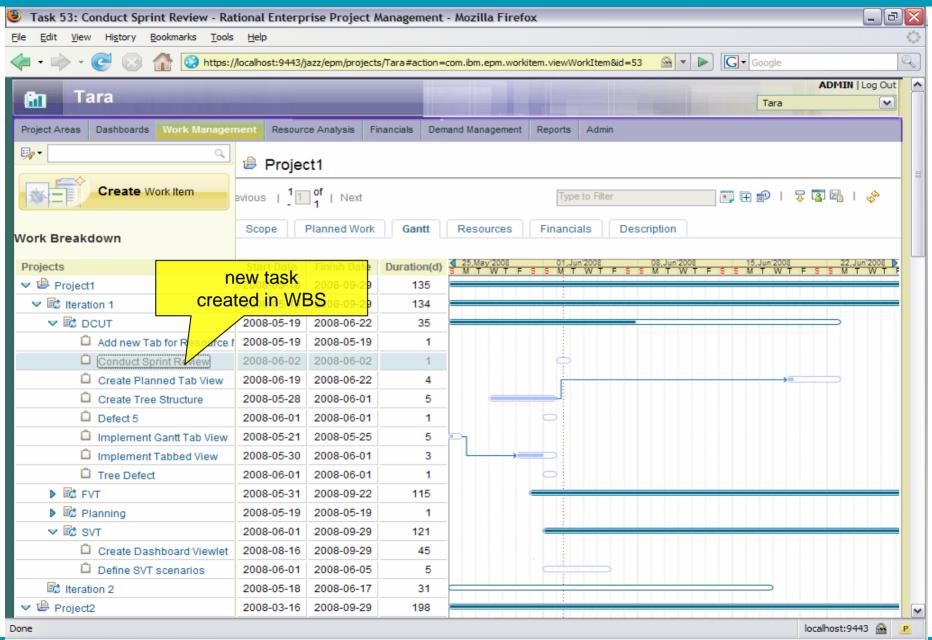




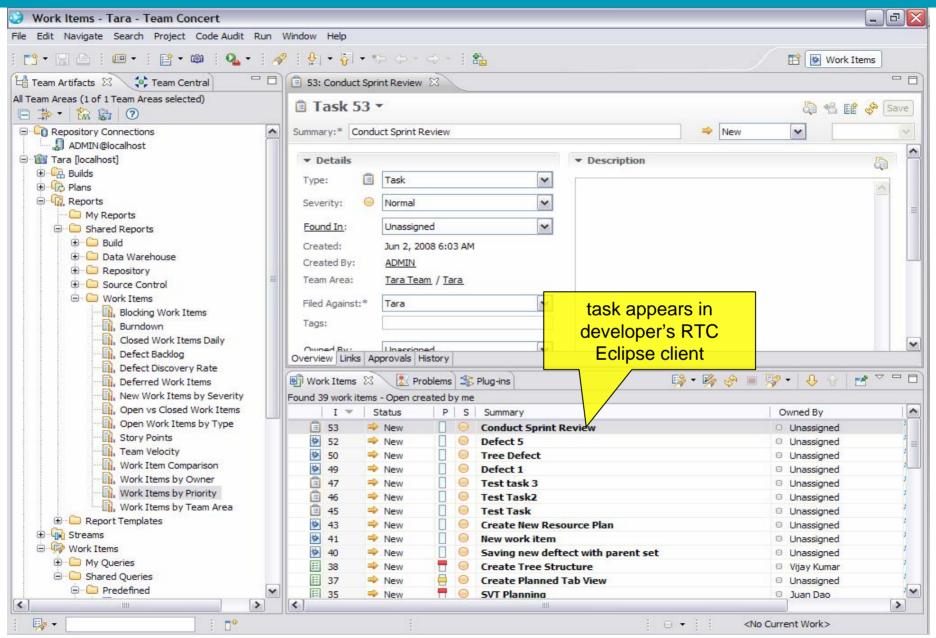
















# Microsoft Project interoperability

- Many project managers and related tools work with MS Project documents
  - Our PPM solution therefore supports interoperability with MS Project
- For project creation, import an MS Project file into our project management system
- For status reporting and review, export an MS Project file from our project management system
- We use the MS Project 2007 XML format
  - No Windows dependencies
- We provide a public REST service API to access projects using MS Project 2007
  XML format



## Projects and operations

- Work can be divided into two broad categories which are managed very differently:
  - Projects
  - Operations
- Projects are time-bounded work efforts that produce a unique result
  - e.g. engineering, construction
- Operations are recurring work efforts that are repetitive in nature
  - e.g. manufacturing, accounting, order processing



# Operationalizing SSD

- SSD is, in general, project work
- However, we'd like it to be more repeatable and predictable
  - Rational's mission is to "Help organizations automate, integrate, and govern the business process of SSD."
  - ▶ The goal Capability Maturity Model (CMMI) is, in a sense, to operationalize SSD organizations, see Level 3 Defined
  - For the more repeatable types of work, asset reuse and factory automation concepts are being applied
- Our PPM solution incorporates process adoption, management and enactment
  - ▶ Measured Capability Improvement Framework (MCIF) adopt
  - Rational Method Composer define and manage
  - Jazz Process Engine enact



## Processes and practices

- Our industry has seen many methodologies and processes proposed for SSD
  - e.g. Rational Unified Process, Extreme Programming, The Eclipse Way, Agile Development
- These processes are often too complicated for organizations to fully adopt
- These processes are composed of many smaller sub-processes or best practices
  - ▶ e.g. Extreme Programming defines 12 practices (Pair Programming, Refactoring, ...)
- Best practices are often common to many larger processes, are focused on some narrower problem area, and are easier to adopt
  - e.g. iterative development produces working code earlier, helps prioritization, and reduces schedule risk
- Rational Measured Capability Improvement Framework helps organizations assess their needs for improvement, select targeted practices, and monitor their adoption

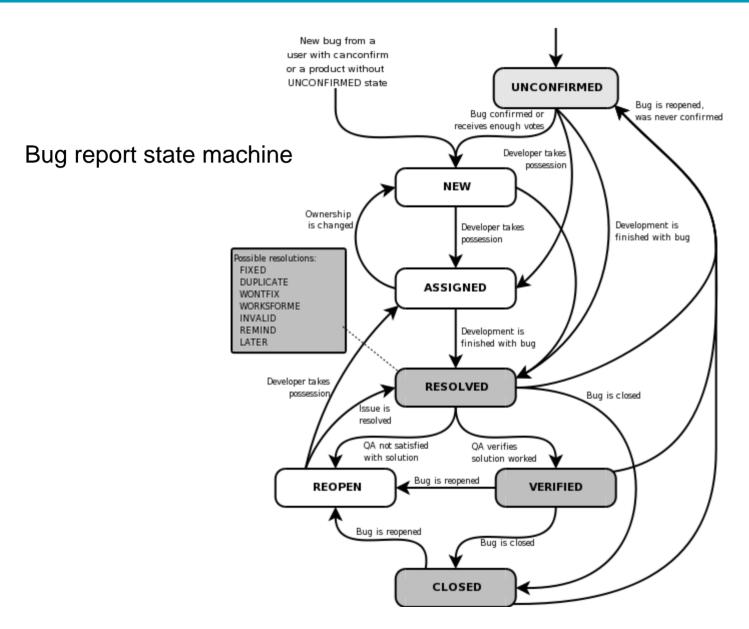


#### Tasks and state machines

- Processes specify the tasks that people perform on artifacts (aka work products) to achieve some result
- A process may be applied repeatedly within a project, e.g. fix a bug
- A project manager could explicitly add all the process steps to the WBS, however
  - ▶ The WBS would get large and complex
  - Some important relations between the tasks would be lost
- A more suitable approach for SSD projects is to focus on the artifacts
  - Describe the artifact lifecycle as a state machine
  - Use role-based permissions to govern the state transitions
  - Use the current state as an indicator of progress
  - Treat the tasks as "virtual" WBS elements
- Therefore, we should stop elaboration of the WBS at the level where processes can be enacted by artifact state machines











#### **RACI** matrices

- RACI is a technique for defining roles and decision rights in a process
  - ▶ R who is Responsible for doing the work
  - ▶ A who is Accountable for the work getting done, usually who Approves the work
  - ▶ C who must be Consulted about the work
  - ▶ I who must be Informed about the work

Fix bug	Assign	Resolve	Verify	Close
Manager	А			Ι
Lead	R	А	l	А
Developer	I	R	А	R
Architect		С		
Reporter		I	R	I



#### Process enactment directions

- Process enactment is ability to implement processes in a project through the use of tool guidance and active assistance or enforcement
- In the Jazz platform, process enactment is accomplished by components that listen to artifact lifecycle events and execute pre- and post-conditions checks
  - Process enactment is configured in a process specification
  - Artifact lifecycles are modeled as state machines
  - Role-based permissions are defined on the state transitions
- Rational Method Composer is becoming more integrated with the Jazz platform
- In SSD, the project manager can therefore promote the uniform adoption of processes by enacting them in the platform



## Development intelligence

- Metrics that describe the lifecycle of SSD artifacts can be extracted from tool repositories and loaded into a data warehouse for further analysis, e.g.
  - Requirements activity
  - Source code growth
  - Defect discovery and resolution
  - Build health
  - Testing activity
- We can apply Business Intelligence techniques to SSD metrics to yield Development Intelligence
  - Dashboards, alerts, cross-tabs, drill up/down/through apply equally well to SSD metrics
  - Project managers can monitor metrics, compare them with estimates, detect unacceptable variances, determine root causes, take corrective actions
  - ▶ More advanced analysis can be performed the SSD analog of data mining
    - We can tap academic research on Mining Software Repositories





## Development intelligence tools

- Measuring and displaying software metrics is well-established idea, e.g.:
  - Rational Project Console
  - Telelogic Dashboard
- Rational Team Concert has integrated reports and dashboards
- We are taking this capability to the next level by integrating IBM Cognos 8 BI into our products
  - Rational Insight extensible, cross-domain enterprise reporting
  - Domain-specific Rational products, e.g. Rational Quality Manager custom product reporting
- We are working with IBM Research to develop new development intelligence capabilities and integrate them into our PPM solution



#### **Software Estimation**

- Measuring software metrics is the first step towards quantitative management (CMMI Level 4), but is in itself not sufficient
- Project control requires a knowledge of the expected value, and the acceptable limits of variation for any metric
- There is a mature body of knowledge (30+ years) on the topic of estimating software projects
  - We are working with leading business partners
    - Galorath SEER
    - PRICE Systems TruePlanning
    - QSM SLIM
  - We are working together at Open Services for Lifecycle Collaboration
- Software estimates can be improved by calibrating models based on your organization's actual performance
  - e.g. tracking team velocity in Agile projects
  - "All models are wrong, but some are useful." George Box





## Summary

- Rational's DNA is SSD projects
- PPM is a key organizing concept across the SSD lifecycle
- Our mission is to optimize PPM for SSD

















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