IRM

ISPF Productivity Tool

This reference card was developed to assist customers who are new to the latest release of IBM's ISPF Productivity Tool product.

This card presents a limited subset of the entire command set of ISPF Productivity Tool. It is intended to provide quick answers to many of the "How do I..." questions a new user may have.

"The following paragraph does not apply to the United Kingdom or any other country where such provisions are

inconsistent with local law: INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MACHINES CORPORATION PROVIDES THIS PUBLICATION "AS

IS" WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF NON-INFRINGEMENT, MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Some states do not allow disclaimer of express or implied warranties in certain transactions, therefore, this statement may not apply to you.

This information could include technical inaccuracies or typographical errors. Changes are periodically made to the information herein; these changes will be incorporated in new editions of the publication. IBM may make improvements and/or changes in the product(s) and/or the program(s) described in this at any time without notice."

For Use with ISPF Productivity Tool Version 6 Release 1

© Copyright International Business Machines Corporation 2009. All rights reserved. Revised February, 2009

How to get help with IPT

IPT?	See all Global IPT commands.
Assist (or A)	When in an object list, display all
	Object List commands available.
Assist <cmd></cmd>	When in an object list, display
	the syntax and examples of a
	specific command.
Assist (Or A)	When in an MSL, display all MSL
	commands available.
Assist <cmd></cmd>	When in an MSL, display the
	syntax and examples of a
	specific command.

A complete set of ISPF Productivity Tool manuals can be

obtained, free of charge, from the IBM ISPF Productivity Tool website below:

www.ibm.com/software/awdtools/ispfproductivitytool

How to Build and Maintain an Object List OL <DSNpat> Build an object list from cataloged datasets. Example: OL IBMIPT.*.SIQILPA OLC Build an object list from multiple data set patterns. A menu is shown to enter multiple patterns. OLDD <ddname> Build an object list from data sets allocated to a specific DD name. OLDD lists all DD and data sets allocated to your ISPF session. Provide a pop-up menu to select 0/ **or** what kind of Object List to build OL/ POPulate From an Object List command line, POPulate will provide a pop-up menu to select what kind of objects you wish to add to your existing Object List Save an Object List so it SAVE becomes permanent List all Object Lists. From this 0* or OL* list vou can: (S) - Select the object list (R) - Rename the object list (D) – Delete the object list UPD Update an object list. The Object List can be maintained using the ISPF editor Alternative to UPD /i insert a line command: /in insert n lines /d delete a line /dn delete n lines /dd delete consecutive lines /r replicate the line /rn replicate line n times /x hide a line /xn hide n lines /xx hide consecutive lines Build an object list from the last OH or 100 data sets accessed OT H Build an object list of Tape OLT <DSNpat> datasets OLM <DSNpat> Build an object list of Migrated datasets OLVS Build an object list of VSAM datasets OLV <VOLpat> Build an object list from a VTOC. <DSNpat> Uncataloged data sets are included. OLG <DSNpat> Build an object list from a list of Generation data sets Build an object list of PDSEs OLE <DSNPat> List volume information OLDA <VOLpat>

How to Display and Mask Objects in an Object List

Note: Some commands below, such as FILTER. temporarily mask OLIST lines. These lines will not be processed by the MAIN OLIST commands.

OLIST commands.
Show only objects that match the Filter string.
Remove Filter command; show
all entries of the object list
Show only objects that do not
match the previous filter string.
Remove Filter/Flip command;
show all entries in the object list
CLASS will display the data set
type. VOLUME will display the
data set volume. Use F6 to
toggle between CLASS and
VOLUME.
Access the z/OS catalog, and
update the VOLUME or CLASS
information shown in the object
list
After the VALIDate command,
the RESET DEL command will
remove entries tagged as "-NOT
FND-" because they were not
found in the catalog or the
volume.
Sort object list by column name,
(DSN, MEM, VOL, COM, CL,
Or TYP) Ascending Or
Descending sequence
5 - 1 - 1
Initiate a panel to allow changes
to Object List default actions.
Control display of migrated
datasets. Settings are retained
between ISPF sessions.
Control display of TSO
commands . Settings are
retained between ISPF sessions.
Set default action of line
command "S" to Browse, View,
or Edit.
When viewing an Object list,
place your cursor under the
heading Hotbar: Press Enter
to open the Hotbar fields for
changes.
or System Data Sets

Building C	<u> Object Lists</u>	for System Data Sets
LISTSys	LINK	Build OLIST of all LINKLIST
		libraries
LISTSys	LPA	Build an OLIST of all Link Pack
		Area Libraries
LISTSys	APF	Build an OLIST of all APF
		libraries
LISTSys	PARM	Build an OLIST of all z/OS
		Parmlib libraries
LISTSys	ALL	Build an OLIST of all System
LISTSys	PARM	Build an OLIST of all APF libraries Build an OLIST of all z/OS Parmlib libraries

	Data Sets above	View	View a data set. See note above.		10 (List members changed in
OLBK or OLBO	Build an OLIST of all	Edit	Edit a data set. See note above.		last 10 days)
	BookManager data sets.	HDELETE	Delete migrated data sets	FLIP	Exclude all displayed member
	-		without waiting for recall.		names and reveal all hidden
	<u>) an OLIST – Main Commands</u>	HLIST	Display archived information		members.
Find <str></str>	Find an object list entry.		about a data set.	REFresh	Refresh member selection list
<kywd></kywd>	Keywords: ALL, FIRST,	MAPpds	Display a data map of a PDS		from directory
	LAST, NEXT, PREV, WORD		library. In a PDS, deleted	RESet	Remove filters, unexclude
FindText <str></str>	Find Text in the list of sequential,		members are retained until the		excluded members, sort by
<kywd> Or</kywd>	PDS, or PDSE files in the object		library is compressed. MAPpds		member name, clear the rename
FT <str> <kywd></kywd></str>	list. Keywords: ALL, FIRST,		depicts deleted members as		field (feedback message),
	LAST, NEXT, PREV, WORD.	COPY	synonyms. Copy selected members from a		remove pending line commands,
	Hexadecimal and DBCS finds	COPY	PDS or PDSE to another data	SORT <field></field>	and overlaying text notes. Sort the MSL by NAME, LIB,
FindMem <memnm></memnm>	supported. Find a member in any of the		set	<pre><order></order></pre>	VV.MM, CREATED, CHANGED,
<kywd></kywd>	PDS or PDSE files in the object	COPYALL	Copy all members from a PDS or		SIZE, INIT, MOD, OF USERID
	list. Keywords: ALL, FIRST,		PDSE to another data set	UNFilter <all></all>	Remove the current filter,
	NEXT	MOVE	Move selected members from a	on field all	revealing the previous filter.
#f-#1	Line commands may be entered		PDS or PDSE to another data		revealing the previewe inter-
<lpre>lne-cmd></lpre>	as Main commands, acting on		set	MSL Main Commands	i de la companya de l
	many lines in the object list.	MOVEALL	Move all members from a PDS	COMPress <libl></libl>	Compress a PDS.
	#f is the line number of the first		or PDSE to another data set	DSNname <dsn></dsn>	Switch to a new PDS or PDSE.
	object or * (all objects).	? <cmd></cmd>	Display a TSO command or	EMPty <libl></libl>	Remove all members of a PDS
	#1 is the line number of the last		CLIST with dataset object name		or PDSE.
	object or * (to end of the list)		and member.	EXPDIR <1ib>	Expand PDS directory to
	Example 1: 2-5 INFO - invoke		Example: ?LISTDS - display a	<blocks blks=""></blocks>	accommodate more members.
	"INFO" for objects #2 to #5		panel with a LISTDS command	Find <mem></mem>	Find (or locate) a member name.
	Example 2: 101 D - invoke "D"	9. 4TH-10.75	ready for execution.		When the argument of FIND is
	(delete) for object #101	% <exec></exec>	Invoke a TSO CLIST or Rexx		unquoted, the FIND command locates the member name.
	Example 3: 23-* R - invoke "R"		Exec on a dataset object. %MYCMD - execute Rexx or	Find <txt></txt>	Find text within first or all
	(rename) for all objects from #23		CLIST MYCMD on current dataset	FindText <txt< td=""><td>members. FIRST, ALL, PREV</td></txt<>	members. FIRST, ALL, PREV
	until the end of the list		object.	FT <txt></txt>	or LAST may be used to locate
	Example 4: * HRECALL -		object.		the text string. Hexadecimal or
	invoke command HRECALL for	MSL Settings			DBCS strings may be used with
	ALL objects	Confirm On/Off	Activate/deactivate the member-		the FindText command.
Work with Objects in	e en OLIST , Line Commende		delete confirmation screen.	Global	Provide a panel to invoke Global
A <dsn></dsn>	<u>n an OLIST – Line Commands</u> Allocate a data set.	ISET M Or	Modify user defaults for the		FIND or CHANGE commands,
C <dsn></dsn>	Catalog the data set	SET M	Member Selection List		and override the GLOBAL
F <dsn></dsn>	Free unused space	SET G or	Modify user defaults for the		settings during the operation.
EXPDIR <dsn></dsn>	Expand PDS Directories	ISET G	GLOBAL command, or	Global	Issue an ISPF Edit command
EMPTY <dsn></dsn>	Remove all members of the PDS		FINDTEXT command	<edit-command></edit-command>	such as FIND or CHANGE on all
	or PDSE data set	TAILOR	TAILOR will define and execute		or selected members.
Info <dsn></dsn>	Display information	<define> <? ></define>	a string of MSL commands.		Example 1: GLOBAL FIND
R <dsn></dsn>	Rename a data set		TAILOR D – Define Tailor strings		`SYSIN' (Find 'SYSIN' in all
S <dsn></dsn>	Perform default action on data		Example of Strings: FILTER CHANGED -3;SORT		members)
_	set. (Browse, View, or Edit)		USERID (show only members		Example 2: GLOBAL CHANGE 'SISIN' 'SYSIN' ALL
U <dsn></dsn>	Uncatalog the data set		changed in the last 3 days, sort		(Change all members, all
Z <dsn></dsn>	Compress the PDS data set		list by userid)		occurrences of 'SISYIN' to
Tsocmd	Any TSO command with a data set as the first parameter can be				(SYSIN')
	entered as a line command.	MSL – Specifying a	list of members	INFO	Display data set information for
	Example: HRECALL		ds below, such as FILTER,	-	the library or libraries being
Browse	Browse a data set. Note: IPT	temporarily mask MS	L members. These members will not		processed.
DICMPC	can be customized to Browse.	1	MAIN MSL commands.	Locate value	Navigate to the MSL entry with
	View, or Edit data sets such as	eXclude <name></name>	Remove one or more members	<field></field>	the value in the identified field.
	DB2 tables or VSAM files, using		from the MSL		Field defaults to member name.
	products such as File Manager.	FILter <field></field>	Select members to be displayed.		Example: L BAD – Navigate the
	Other data sets such as USS	<value></value>	Example 1: FILTER *PAY* (List		member BAD or next member.
	Files, or SCLM data sets can be		members with "PAY"	Locate 'text'	Equivalent to FindText command
	browsed using IPT.		Example 2: FILT CHANGED -	Locate number	Navigate to the Nth, + or -

#/+/-

<request>

SCLMPARM

```
member of the MSL.
                      Example 1: Locate 33 #
SC <members>
                      Issue SCLM requests on the
                      specified members.
                      Specify SCLM parameter
                      defaults to be used with current
                      project library type.
```

MSL Main Hierarchy Commands

An object list may identify an ISPF hierarchy, as shown

below: =Project Group1 Group2 Group3 Group4 Type The commands below are used for ISPF hierarchies. Switch MSL to a library whose Project <projname> high level qualifier (the project) is different. Current library: DNET424.ADLAB.SOURCE. To change libraries to DNET328.ADLAB.JCL, use PROJECT DNET328 LIB <num> <grp> Change the ISPF/PDF library concatenation to a different Group, or add a new library to the concatenation. Switch MSL to process a library TYPE <type-name> whose type is indicated by this command. Current library: DNET424.ADLAB.SOURCE. To change libraries to DNET424.ADLAB.JCL. use TYPE JCL

MSL Line Commands

А	(alias)	Create a member Alias
В	(browse)	Browse a member
С	(copy)	Copy a member
D	(delete)	Delete a member
Е	(edit)	Edit a member
Н	(where)	Show in which libraries
		member(s) reside
Ι	(ISPEXEC)	Issue an ISPEXEC command
J	(submit)	Submit the member to batch
Κ	(SCLM)	Issue SCLM requests such as
		BUILD, DELETĖ, INFO, LOCK,
		PARSE, PROMOTE, MIGRATE
		or UNLOCK
L	(Load Map)	Display Load module information
М	(move	Move a member
Ρ	(print)	Print a member
R	(rename)	Rename a member
S	(select)	Perform Default action on a
		member (Browse/View/Edit)
Т	(TSO)	Issue TSO command with
		Member as the first argument
V	(view)	View a member
W	(preview)	Preview a member
Х	(exclude)	Remove a member from the
		MSL list.
Ζ	(stats)	Create, list or remove statistics
		for a member
=	(repeat)	Repeat previous command
00	(Clist/Rexx)	Execute a Rexx or CLIST

command

IPT History Command List

IPT automatically saves last 100 TSO commands. The commands below are available using option 6. Switch to ISPF option 6 /IS /EH Edit History Command List /EP Edit Permanent Command List /SAV Save TSO command History Restore TSO command History /RES Switch to IPT Permanent /P Command List Execute the Nth command n ?n Display the Nth command

IPT Permanent Command List

Save up to 100 permanent TSO commands. When in the permanent command list (/P), the following commands are available: /EP Edit Permanent Command List /SAV Save Permanent Commands /RES Restore Permanent Commands

Anywhere in TSO, the	following commands are available: Switch to the Permanent
	Command List
TSO ?	Switch to the History Command
	List
TSO n	Execute the Nth Permanent
	Command
EXn	Execute the Nth Permanent
(n is 1 through 9)	command.
TSO = or	Display the last command
EX=	

Point and Shoot

IPT provides for cursor-activated functions for many of the commands. Two methods may be used to invoke Point and Shoot commands:

- Type the command, place your cursor on the field and press Enter.
- Assign a PF key to an IPT command. Then • pace your cursor the field and press the assigned PF kev. Example 1: Sort Place cursor on a column using an MSL or heading and press ENTER.

OLIST column Example 2: List Enter OLI on command line and VTOC Info place cursor on displayed data set, and hit ENTER. Example 3: Edit, Enter BR or VI or ED on Browse or View a command line, place cursor on dataset whose name displayed data set and press is displayed ENTER.

Restore Deleted PDS members

To restore deleted	Use the MSL command MAP to
members:	list all members and deleted
	members. Next, view and
	restore the deleted members
	using the v and R MSL line
	commands. When finished

restoring. use PF3 to exit from MAP mode and rename the restored members to the desired names.

Customizing IPT

_

TSET

IPT Glossary

OLIST.

MSL

Type ISET from any panel to change IPT default behavior of any of the categories below: MSL, OLIST, GLOBAL, PRINT, DSLIST, TSO, EDIT, INTERFACE, DIAGNOSE, LIBRARY, BOOKMGR
<i>Object list.</i> An Object List is a series of references to your data stores. An Object List may contain sequential, VSAM, PDS, or PC files, DB2 tables, imbedded OLISTS, SCLM hierarchies, Panvalet or Librarian files, Unix System Service files, DD name references, and user defined processes. OLISTS may be temporary or permanent. <i>Member Selection List.</i> A
member selection list is similar to the ISPF member list presented when opening a PDS or PDSE. However, an IPT Member Selection List provides enhancements, which perform complex functions, minimizing keystrokes and navigation required to perform a task.

Troubleshooting

No IPT commands are recognized

Try IPTON (or IPT ON) from the primary option menu. F3 to invoke IPT

Notes: