





Why MbSE? Streamlining the Development of Complex Systems

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What is Model-based Systems Engineering?

- *Model-based Systems Engineering* (MbSE) is a structured a pproach for the development of complex systems across the mechanical, electrical, electronic and software disciplines
 - Helps ensure that all requirements are fulfilled; that functio nal behaviors are realized while non-functional constraints are met
 - Employs models as the primary artifacts throughout the sy stems development lifecycle
 - Facilitates improved communication among stakeholders o n a systems development team
 - Provides a disciplined way to manage complexity through a bstraction





Complex systems are everywhere



<u>tem</u>.



Aerospace and Defense

e.g. Flight control Weapons Navigation Guidance Communications Autonomous systems

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Automotive

e.g. Power train Safety Entertainment Comfort and convenience Instrumentation Communications



Electronics ...

e.g. Medical Industrial Consumer Transport Telecommunications

...



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Agenda



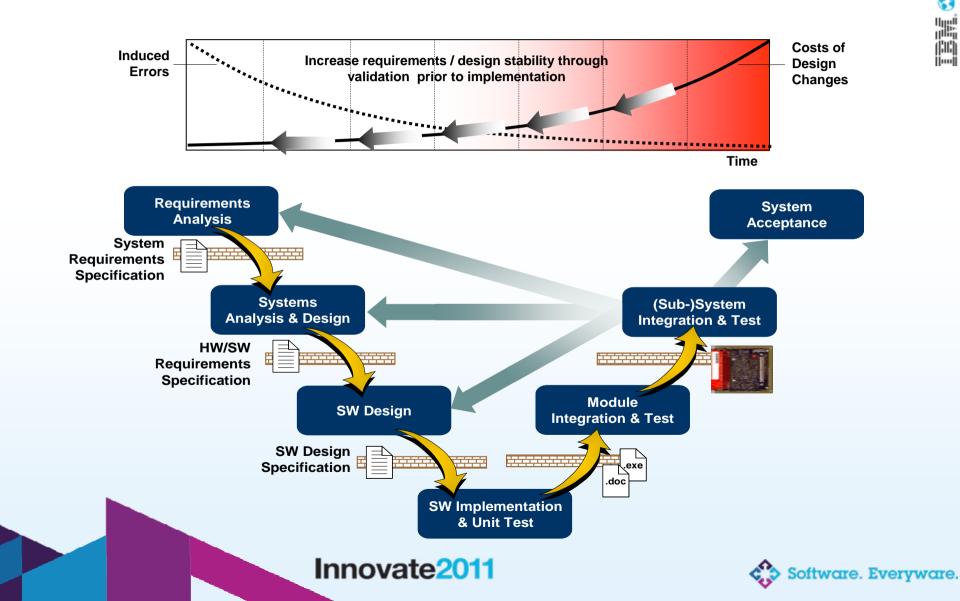
Model-based systems engineering in a model-driven development lifecycle

- Essential SysML artifacts of the Rational MbSE approach
- Task flow in Rational *Harmony[™] for Systems Engineering*
- Deploying MbSE with Rational® Rhapsody®
- Documentation of Rational Harmony[™] for Systems Engineering



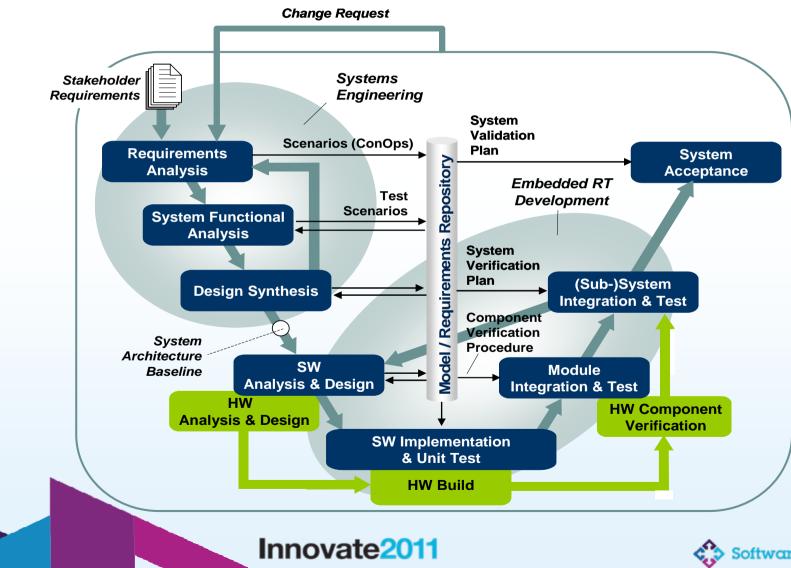


Document driven development of embedded systems The "Throw-it-over-the-Fence" approach



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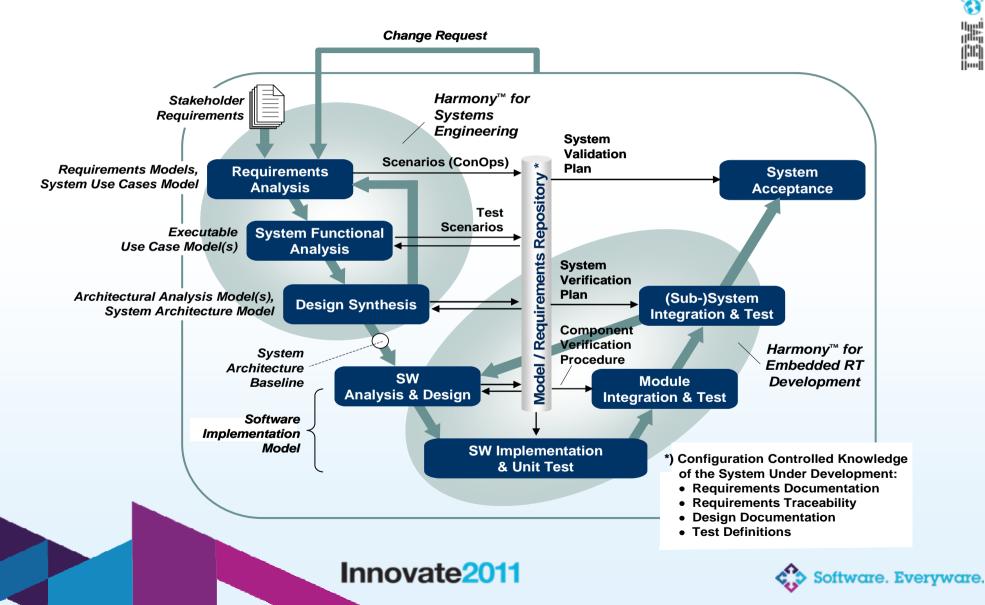
Integrated system / embedded software development Design iterations in the "V" development lifecycle



Software. Everyware.

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Integrated system / software development process Model-driven development of embedded systems

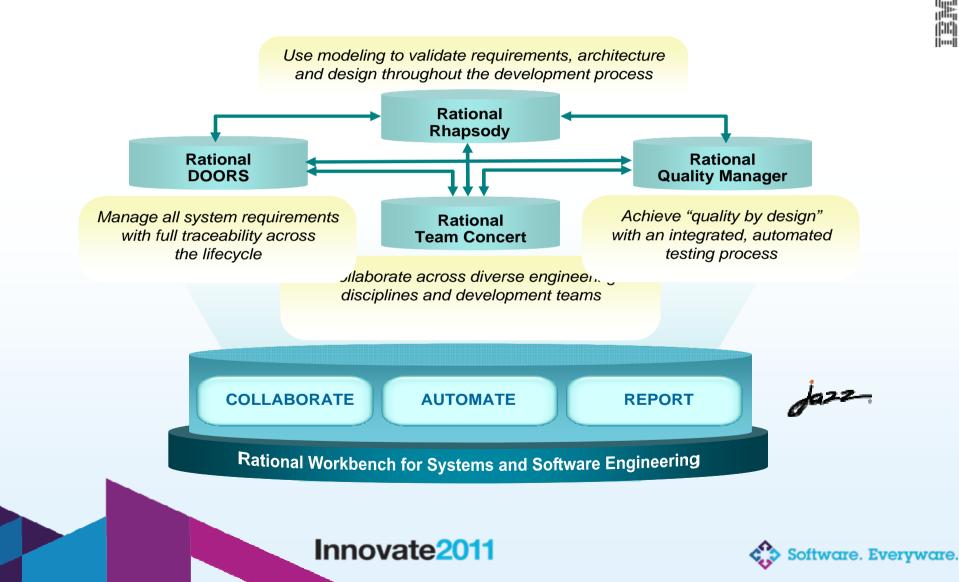


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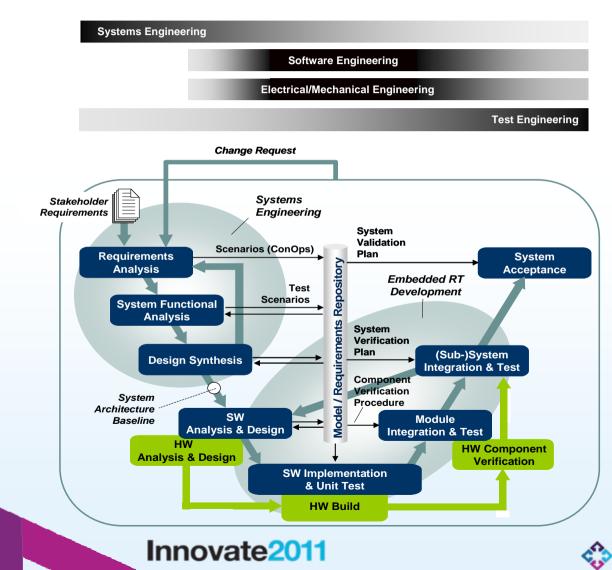
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Rational Workbench for Systems and Software Engineering Built on a core solution set

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Integrated system / software development process Domains involved in the different phases of the model-driven development



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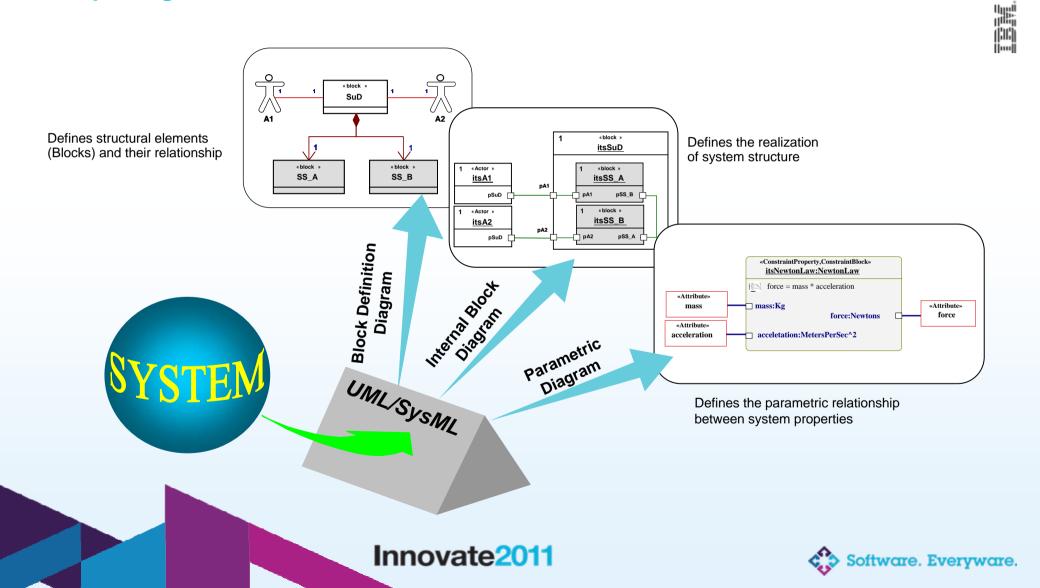


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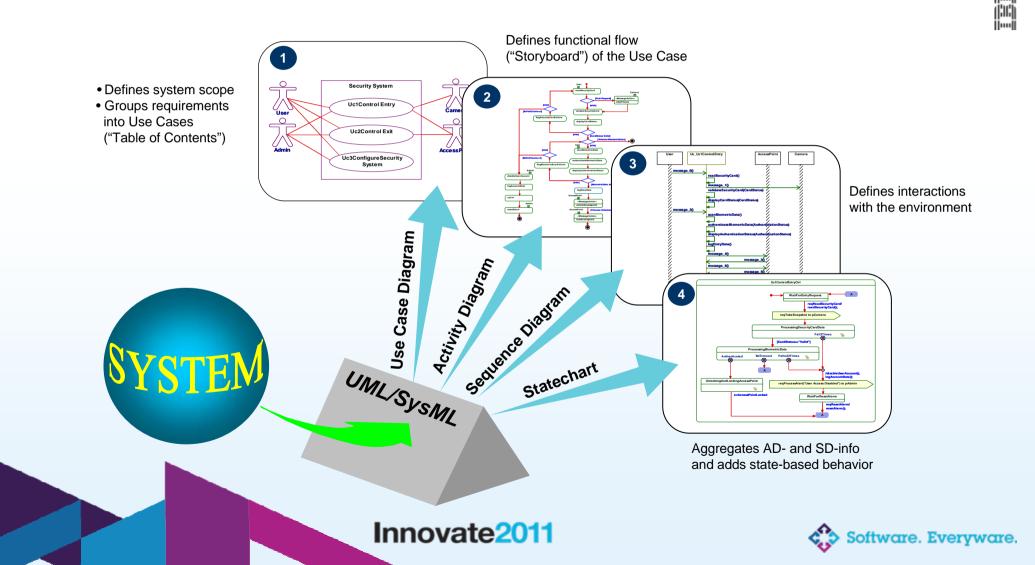




SysML artifacts in Rational Harmony[™] for Systems Engineering Capturing the static view



Capturing system behavior in a model-based approach Example: Creating an executable use case model



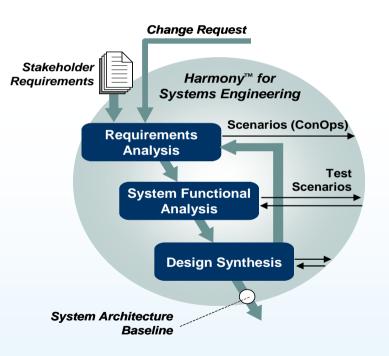


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Key objectives of the Rational *Harmony*[™] for Systems Engineering workflow



- Identify / derive required system functionality
- Identify associated system states and operational modes
- Allocate required system functionality to a system architecture taking into account non-functional aspects of the requirements



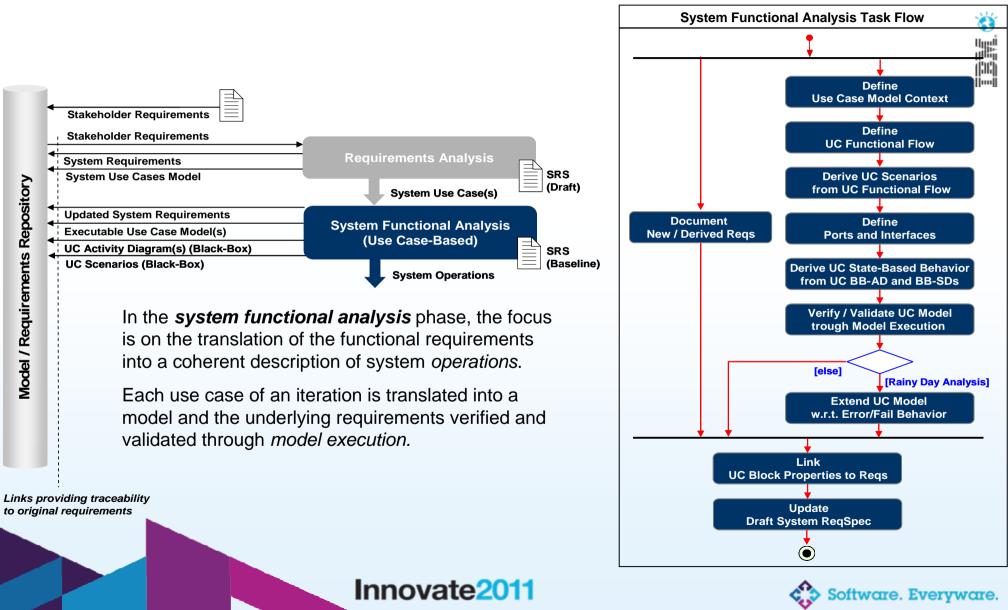


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Rational *Harmony*[™] for Systems Engineering **Requirements analysis Requirements Analysis Task Flow** hund [System Use Cases defined] Stakeholder Requirements [else] m **Stakeholder Requirements** Analvze/Refine Stakeholder Requirements Stakeholder Regs **Requirements Analysis** System Requirements Stakeholder SRS System Use Cases Model Requirements Model / Requirements Repository (Draft) Specification System Use Case(s) Link Generate In the *requirements analysis* phase, the focus Stakeholder Regs System Regs to System Regs is on the analysis of the process inputs. System Stakeholder requirements are translated into system Requirements Specification (Draft) requirements that define Define - what the system must do System Use Case (functional requirements) and Link - how well it must perform **Functional / Performance Regs to System Use Case** (quality of service requirements). Once the requirements are sufficiently [Next Use Case] [else] understood they are grouped into Use Cases. **Prioritize and Group** Links providing traceability System Use Cases to original requirements



Rational Harmony[™] for Systems Engineering System functional analysis



Stakeholder Requirements **Stakeholder Requirements Requirements** Analysis System Requirements SRS **Use Cases Model** (Draft) Model / Requirements Repository System Use Case(s) **Updated System Requirements System Functional Analysis** SRS Executable Use Case Model(s) (Use Case-Based) (Baseline) UC Scenarios (Black-Box) System Operations **Design Synthesis** - Architectural Analysis Architectural Design

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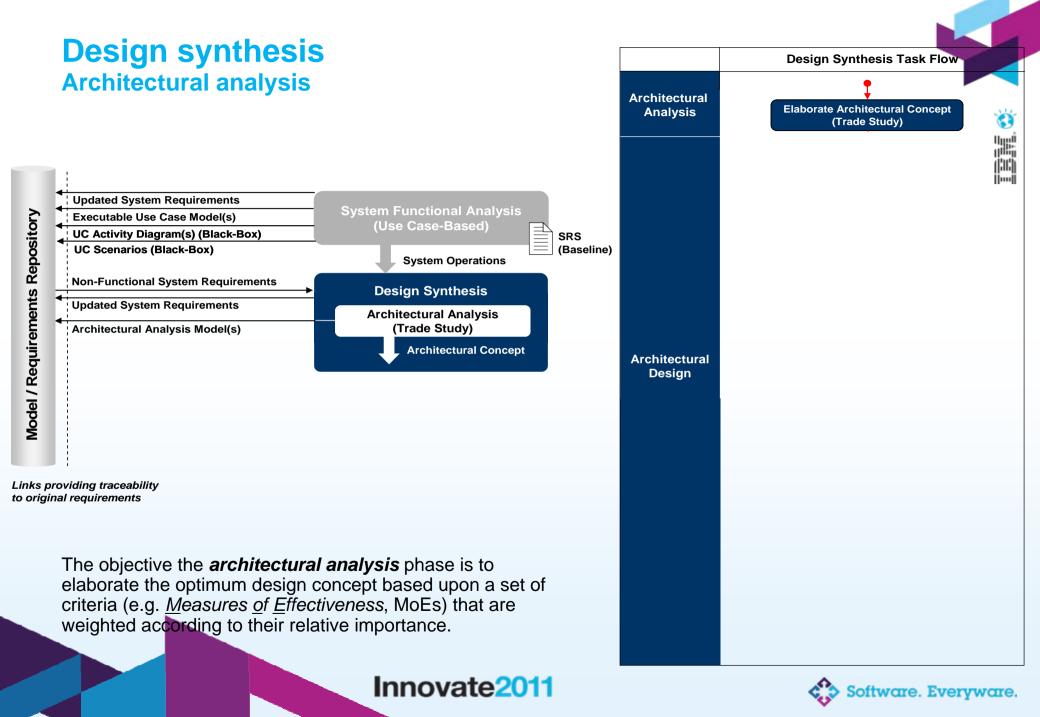
In the *design synthesis* phase, the focus is on the development of a system architecture capable of performing the required operations within the limits of the prescribed performance constraints.

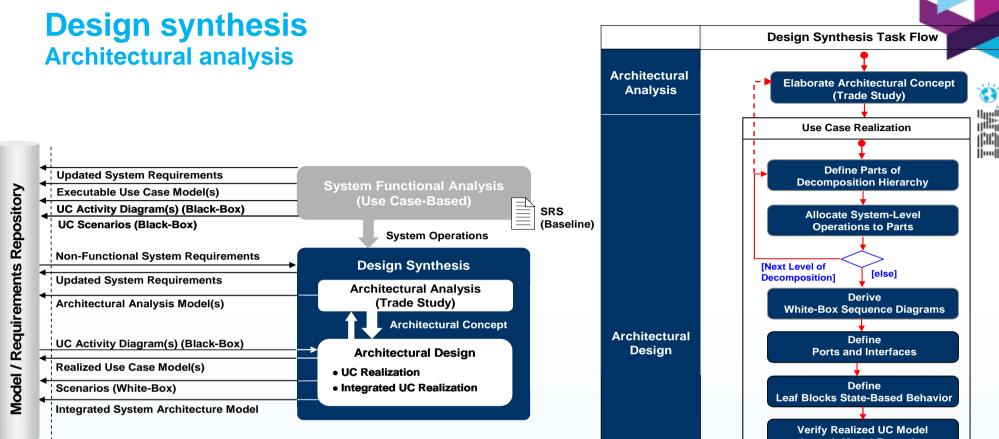
Links providing traceability to original requirements

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Rational *Harmony*[™] for Systems Engineering **Design synthesis**

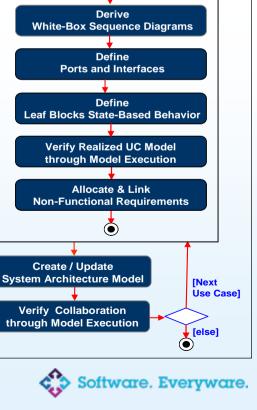




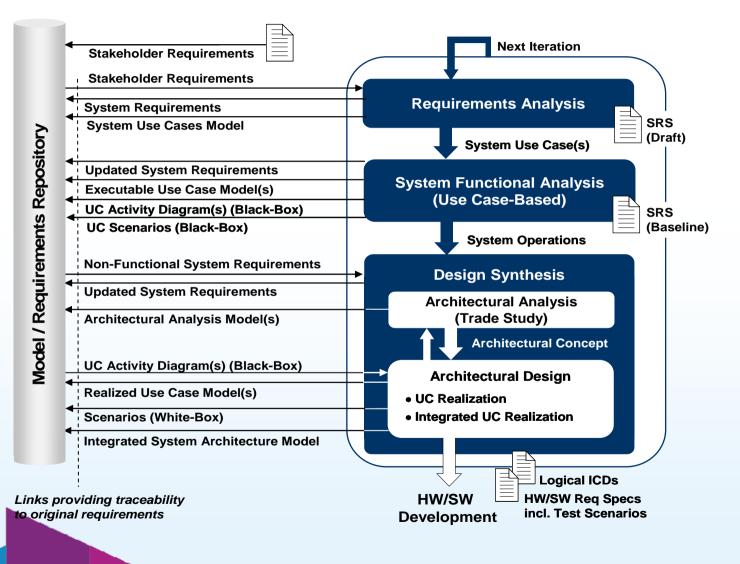
Links providing traceability to original requirements

The focus of the *architectural design* phase is on the allocation of the functional requirements (= system operations) and non-functional requirements to an architectural structure.

The architectural design is performed *incrementally* for each use case of an iteration by transitioning from the black-box view to the white-box view – also referred to as *use case realization*.



Rational *Harmony*[™] for Systems Engineering

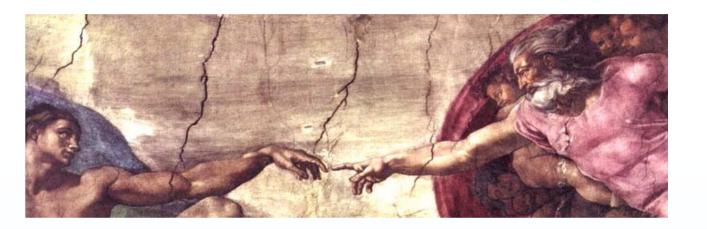


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Systems engineering handoff to the subsequent system development



In a model-driven development the key artifact of the handoff from systems engineering to the subsequent system development is the <u>baselined</u> executable model.

This model is the repository from which specification documents (e.g. HW/SW requirements specifications, ICDs, ...) are generated.

Scope and content of the hand-off is dependent on the characteristics of the project and the organizational structure systems engineering is embedded.

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Systems engineering handoff to the subsequent system development

The hand-off packages typically are composed of baselined executable CI model(s) which contain

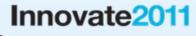
 The definition of allocated operations including their links to the

associated system functional and performance requirements

 The definition of the associated state-based behavior, captured

in a statechart diagram

- The allocated and linked non-functional requirements
- The definition of ports and *logical* interfaces
- Test scenarios, derived from system-level use case scenarios









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Deploying model-based systems engineering Project specific model-based Systems Engineering Handbook

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Model-based Systems Engineering

2.2 Model-based Systems Engineering Workflow

The model-based systems engineering workflow applied in the xxxx project is a specialization of the Harmony/SE workflow outlined in the previous chapter. This chapter outlines the details of the MbSE workflow. It starts with a general overview. Then, for each phase the associated tasks and associated work products are described in detail.

2.2.1 MbSE Workflow Overview

Fig. 2.2-1 provides an overview of the MbSE workflow. It shows for each of the SE phases the generated models together with the associated *Rhapsody* projects. How the different projects are managed from the configuration point of view will be detailed in section 4.

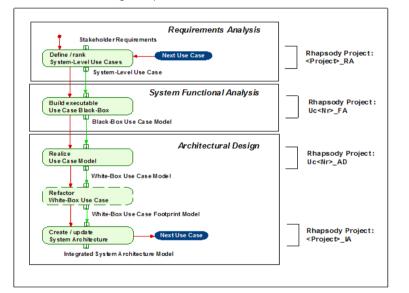


Fig. 2.2-1 Model-based Systems Engineering Workflow in the xxxx Project

The MbSE workflow is use case based. It starts with the definition of the system use cases. They are listed in the requirements package of the *Rhapsody* project <*ProjecNamet>***RA** (ref. Section 4). The system use cases are ranked according to their importance for the development of

Model-Based Systems Engineering Handbook

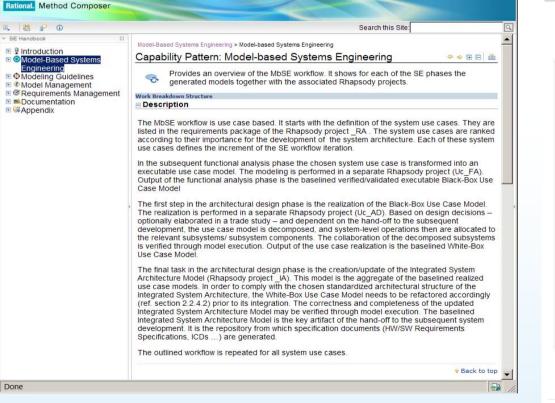
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MbSE Handbook Standardizing the MbSE workflow and Rhapsody tool usage

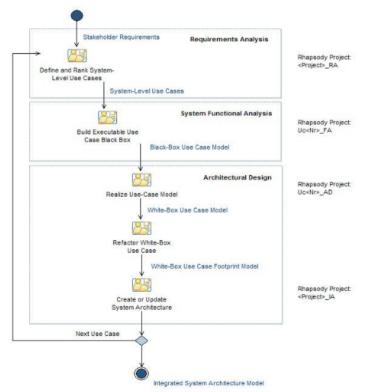




The Alternative: MbSE Handbook in RMC



Workflow

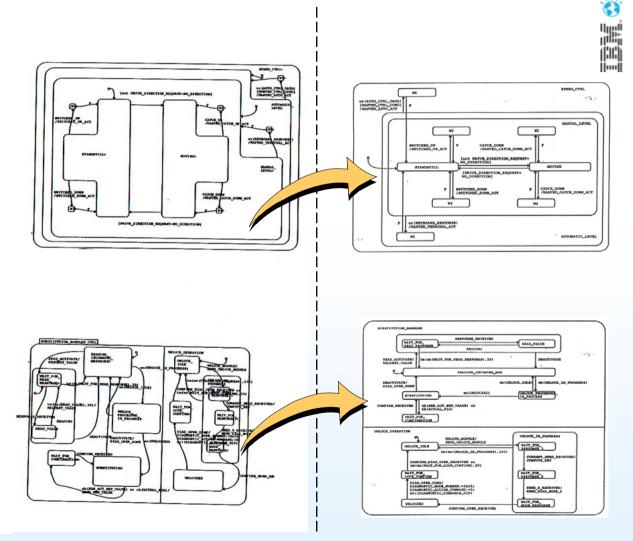




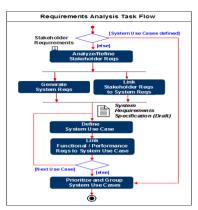
MbSE Handbook Standardizing the usage of the modeling language

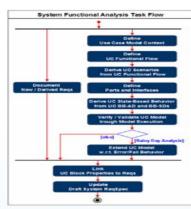


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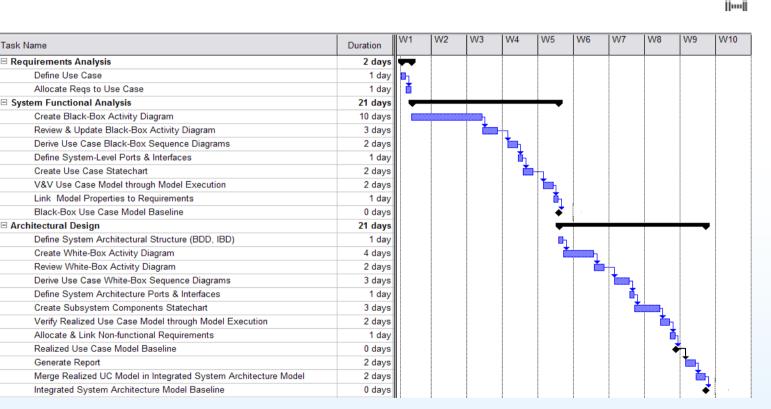






Deploying model-based systems engineering Managing the modeling activities: Project plan









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Rational Harmony[™] for Systems Engineering Deskbook **Rational Rhapsody® tool focused documentation**

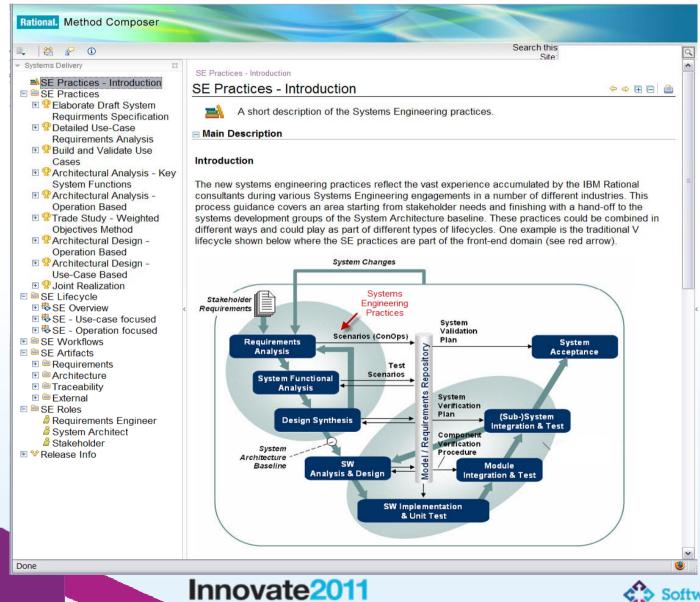


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Rational Systems Engineering Practices captured in RMC



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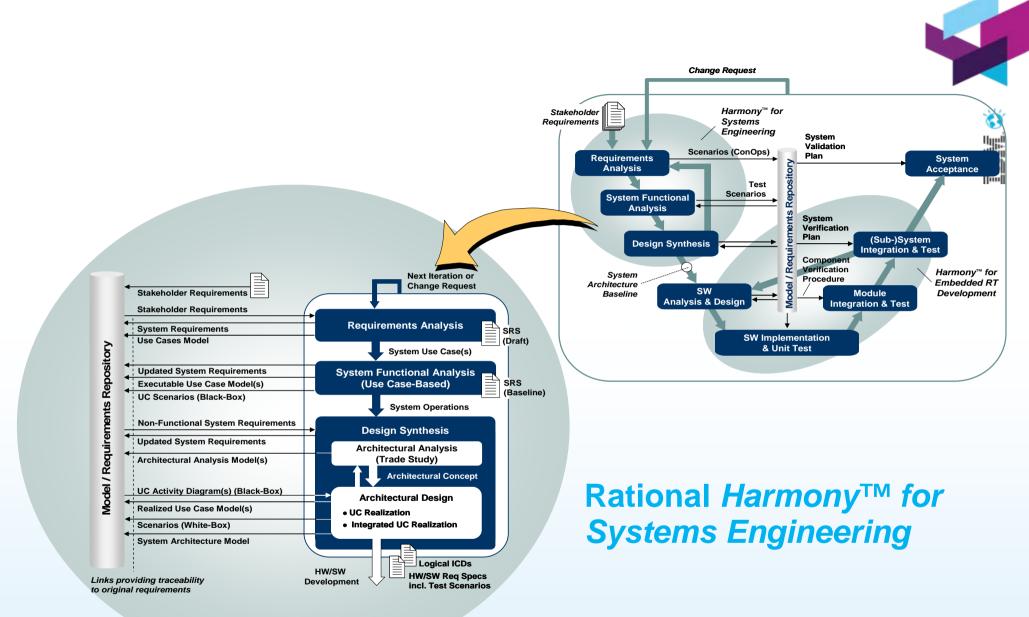


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Why MbSE? Experiences summary

- 60% Reduction in time to develop a specification
 - Due to improved clear up rate of issues
 - Improved communication
 - Models act as means of negotiating understanding between customer and supplie r
- Improved understanding of interfaces between contractors
 - Interfaces particularly complex as the boundary between the interfacing systems was not on the perceived physical boundary of the systems
- Improvements in HW/SW of 60% less errors
 - Due to better understanding of requirements
 - Tying the model and code together
- Use of a General Systems Architecture (library of reference models) has resulted in a reduction of 75% of the time taken to do initial bid work
 - 1 year to 3 months
 - Leads to reduced bid costs
 - Rapid response to bids







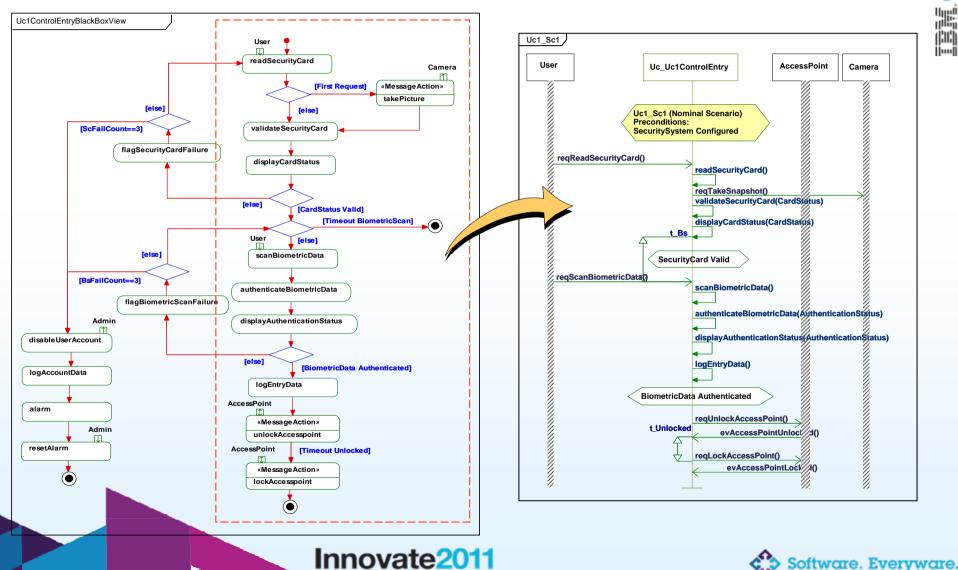


Backup



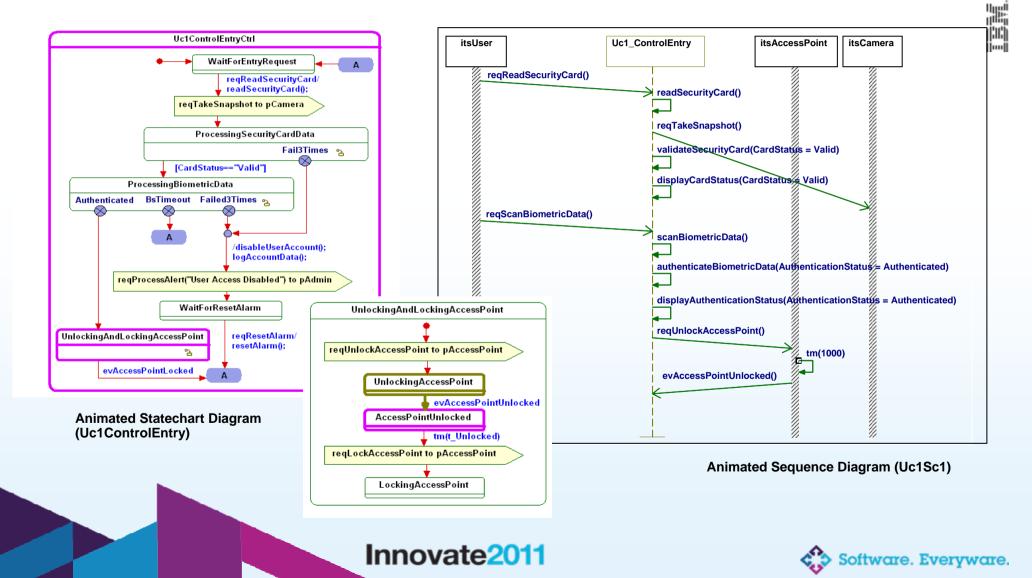


Case study Derivation of a use case scenario from a use case black-box activity diagram

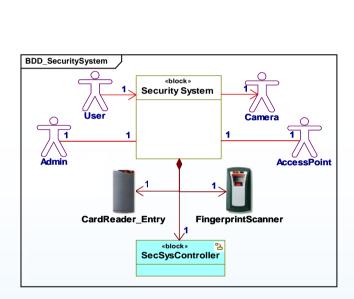


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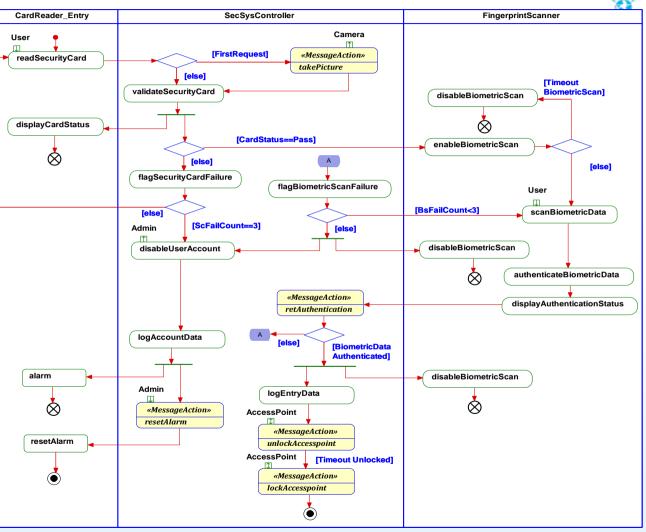
Case study Model verification and validation through model execution (Rational *Rhapsody* tool)



Case study – Uc1 (Control Entry) realization Allocation of system-level operations to parts (subsystems)



Chosen system architecture captured in a Block Definition Diagram



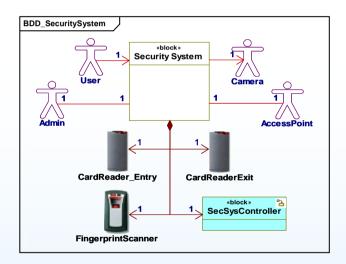
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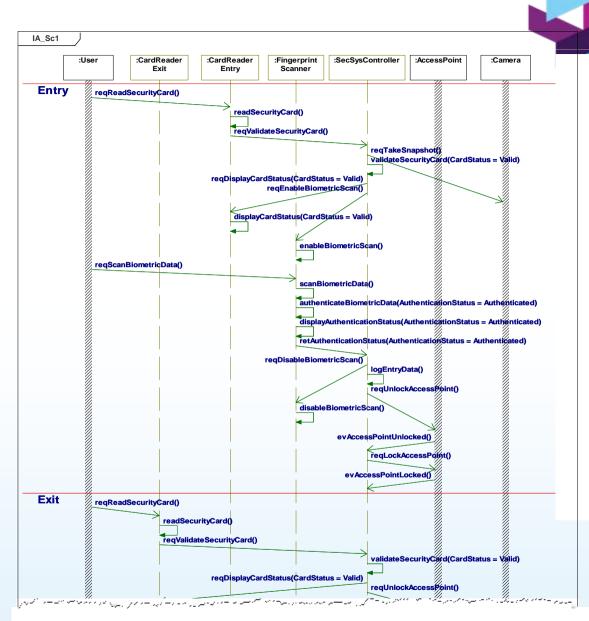
Uc1ControlEntry White-Box Activity Diagram



Case study

Integrated System Architecture verification through model execution





Animated Sequence Diagram (Uc1, Uc2 Nominal Flows)





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