# Helping Government and Education with Security and Compliance

Background

zSecure's role



# In the battle for information security, the public sector is more vulnerable and more of a target.

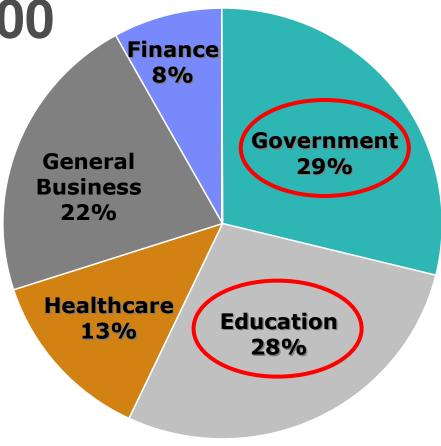
Over 50% of data security breaches reported since 2005 were through state and local government and educational institutions.

Security is constantly number one or two on NASCIO's priority list for strategies, management processes and solutions.

#### 2006.

More than 300 breaches.

More than 20 million people.



## Between January 2003 and August 2004 the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania experienced cyber attacks that resulted in the following business impacts:



Millions in revenue lost due to interruptions in government operations

Hundreds of hours in productivity lost due to resource reallocation to address security vulnerabilities and system outages

The inability to use technology to address these types of attacks because of disparate and non-aligned technology solutions and insufficient enterprise-wide standardization and planning

### In May 2006 personal records of 26.5 million veterans were compromised



An employee routinely took records home – and the laptop was stolen

Senior management remained unaware for two weeks

\$2000 theft may cost \$100M to remedy

#### July 2007.

#### Yuba County Health and Human Services

A laptop stolen from a building contained personally identifiable information of individuals whose cases were opened before May 2001. The laptop was being used as a backup system for the county's computer system. The data include Social Security Numbers, birth dates, driver's license numbers and other private information.

### A ten day period.

Flexible Benefits Administrators, Virginia Beach A former employee allegedly stole Virginia Beach city and school district employees' personal information and used it to commit prescription fraud. Police discovered a list of names and Social Security Numbers at the employees home

#### Reported.

**USMC/Penn State** 

Names and Social Security Numbers of Marines were found through Google Internet search engine

Hidalgo County Commissioner's Office The private medical information, including Social Security Numbers and treatment details of people who sought medical assistance from the county was posted on the Hidalgo County website.

St Vincent Hospital, Indianapolis

A security lapse compromised names, addresses and Social Security Numbers.

University of Michigan

University databases were hacked. Names, addresses, Social Security Numbers, birth dates, and in some cases, the school districts where former students were teaching were exposed.

Jackson Local Schools, Ohio

The Social Security Numbers of present and former Jackson Local Schools' employees were at risk of public access on a county maintained Web site.

Connecticut
General Assembly
Transportation
Committee

Social Security Numbers of former employees of defunct L.G. Defelice Inc. posted on CT transportation committee website.

### Objective – don't be "that guy".

#### **GLBA / PCI**

#### Wells Fargo

Lost server caused first \$M notice cost

#### **DSW**

Wireless attack \$6.5m reserve on 10K records

#### **Privacy**

#### TJX

45m stolen customer records

#### **Choice Point**

\$10 million FTC fine

#### SOX

#### **ALL**

Poor planning wastes \$M

#### X REIT

Could not complete a planned merger because of poor controls

#### e-discovery

#### Intel

Failure to produce email and other records => fine

#### **Qwest**

Disgruntled IT staff recovered CEO's email

```
[23:56] <ccs4santa> hey
[23:56] <ccs4santa> u selling fullz and cc# with cvv2?
[00:03] <makdollar> ues
[00:04] <ccs4santa> how much for a fullz?
[00:13] <makdollar> 100$
[00:14] <ccs\santa> ok..how much for card number and ccv2 info?
[00:15] <makdollar> same
[00:16] <ccs4santa> ok..you also sellin bank logins...boa / wells / EU / UK?
[00:17] <makdollar> yes
[00:17] <ccs4santa> bank logins vary or...?
[00:18] <makdollar> wht?
[00:20] <ccs4sant  how much for bank logins?
[00:21] <makdolla 320$
             [23:43] <phukincc> how bout bank logins? (boa, wells)
             [23:43] <CrueL> wells 3 logins . boa 2 logins
             [23:44] <CrueL> bussiness accts balances are all above 10k+
             [23:44] <CrueL> no scrnsht plz
             [23:44] <CrueL> rippers ask for it!
             [23:44] <phukincc> yeah that goes without saying
             [23:44] <phukincc> ?
             [23:45] <phukincc> how much per wells and boa acct?
             [23:45] <CrueLX 100$ each login
             [23:46] <phukincc> mmmkay...the cvv2 that you have are like u posted?
             [23:46] <phukincc> *are like what you posted?
```

## The pace of regulation is increasing

Needs more and better compliance

Health Insurance Portability and Accountability

Federal Information Security Management

**Gramm Leach Bliley** 

Family Educational Rights and Privacy

Payment Card Industry Data Standards

Sarbanes-Oxley

State regulations

Privacy and consent around dissemination of medical information

Requirements and best practices – not YET for states, BUT...

Privacy in financial institutions BUT lending to students counts

Privacy around dissemination of student information

Security standards for credit card transactions – affects any merchant, stringency based on volumes

Controls over financial reporting for public companies

Specific and growing

## The types of incidents vary...

Lost or stolen laptops, computers, or other storage devices

Backup tapes lost in transit

Hackers breaking into systems

Employees stealing or allowing access to information

Poor business practices (e.g. postcards with SSNs

Malware of all kinds

Improper disposition of equipment

## But what do states say are their top risks?

Inadequate statewide policies, standards, and guidelines

Inability to stay current with existing policies and laws

Failure to comply with policies, regulations, and laws

Limited training and education for employees and contractors

Increased risks, threats and vulnerabilities

### State officials are focusing.

Session Description/CPE Field of Study Session Title/Speaker(s) Electronic Receipts This presentation addresses the current NASAConmonwealth of Pennsylvania: Merchant electronic payments landscape, and the benefits that the government sector can Services Overview achieve through efficient credit card Conference, Vice President, Manager of PNC Bank acceptance. The presentation will focus on the strategies the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania has implemented to adapt Agendayment Card Industry (PCI) Compliance

Agendayment Card Industry (PCI) Compliance

Manager NOVA Information Systems, Inc., a to the changing payments landscape. Also, this presentation will outline the August 200 Payment Card Industry Data Security Standards. These standards protect credit Moderator: Harvey Eckert, Commonwealth cardholder data, ensuring that merchants, Controller (PA) and service providers maintain the highest information security standard. All entities that store, process, or transmit card data are required to be compliant with these payment card industry standards for security. CPE field of study: Finance

### State legislators are taking action.

AR SB 1167	NE LB 876 Section 87-
AZ SB 1338	803
CA SB 1386	NV SB 347, Business AB 334 Government
CO HB1119	NH RSA 359-C:20
CT SB 650	NJ A4001
DE HB 116	NY 4254-A
FL HB 481	NC SB 1048
GA SB 230	ND SB 2251
HI SB2290	OH HB 104
ID Title 28-51	OK 74.49.3113.1
ILLINOIS	PA SB 712
(H.B. 1633)	RI H 6191
IN SB 503	TN SB 2220
KS SB196	TX SB 122
LA SB 205	UT 13-44-202
ME LD 1671	VT 9-62 §2435
MI SB 309	WA SB 6043
MN HF 2121, Business, HF 225, Government	WI 895.507
MT HB 732	

13 At 2/07

#### **Ensuring that legislative language is established**

Updating and revising existing policies

Continuing education and training awareness for information security and privacy

Developing more tools for risk selfassessment

Developing Information Security roles and responsibilities

Developing Internet usage policy and guidelines

Coordinating efforts to align operational recovery and business continuity plans

## What are some typical initiatives?

Reduce malicious code targeting desktops and servers

## What benefits are they looking for?

Protect mission critical, legally and personally sensitive information

Reduce drags on productivity

**Enhance systems stability and availability** 

Increase flexibility and reduce complexity though standardization

**Proactive assessments** 

Broad awareness programs around physical and information security

Reduce exposure to liabilities and costs of remediation



## What can you do?



### A sound security program does many things...

#### Focuses on HR

Hiring and retention policies for IT/security staff and end users Adequate staffing, authority, responsibility, succession Key training policies

Termination procedures

#### Reviews network architecture

Segmentation
Critical devices
User rights and permissions

#### Performs electronic testing

Firewalls and routers
Devices visible to the Internet
Network segmentation
Active/inactive modems
OS levels and patches
Anti virus software

#### Institutionalizes InfoSec

IT in enterprise governance
Management philosophy
Enterprise culture
Periodic training and review for all
Policy development

#### Reviews business policies and procedures

Backup and failover contingency
Redundancy, disaster recovery and continuity
planning
Current equipment inventory
Vendor, partner and provider SLAs and liability
User rights and permissions
End user computing policies

#### Inspects physical security

Door locks and alarms Security cameras and monitoring Visitor access logs HVAC, fire suppression, etc Racks and cabling

#### Think about your current security position and programs

What is your biggest information security concern?

Have you experienced a data breach? How did it affect you?

Does your organization have the skills and experience to handle security breaches? What are your current resource constraints?

How would you handle a computer security incident? What is the state of your incident response plan?

Are you affected by legislation or regulation around security and data protection - HIPAA, PCI (where do you accept credit cards?) etc?

What kind of security assessments do you conduct on a regular basis?

How do you assure stakeholders that your network and information stores are secure?

### Improving information security programs

#### Watch: Monitor and act

Central management of security events

Correlation of events into threats

Action to prevent malicious threats

#### **Assess** the environment

Detailed analysis of security posture enables understanding of exposures

**Governance management** 

Scheduled and ad hoc assessments

#### Control access to assets

Control and manage user identities and privileges

Manage access authorities

Manage policies

#### **Defend** outside and inside

Pre-emptive perimeter protection against external threats

Protection inside the enterprise against malicious insiders

#### Tivoli zSecure Suite

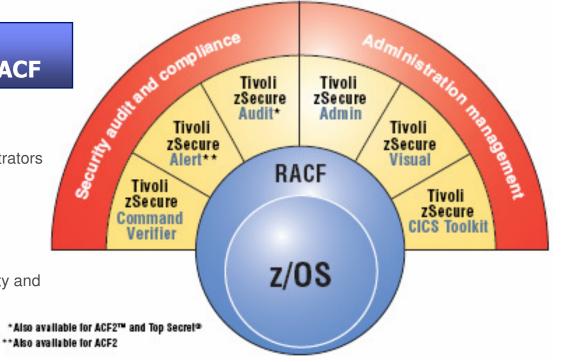
Security Management and Administration for z/OS and RACF

Administration and provisioning:

- Reduce administration time, effort and cost
- Reduce training time needed for new administrators

Audit, monitoring and compliance:

- Helps to pass audits more easily
- Can improve security posture
- Save time and costs through improved security and incident handling
- Can increase operational effectiveness



#### **Components**

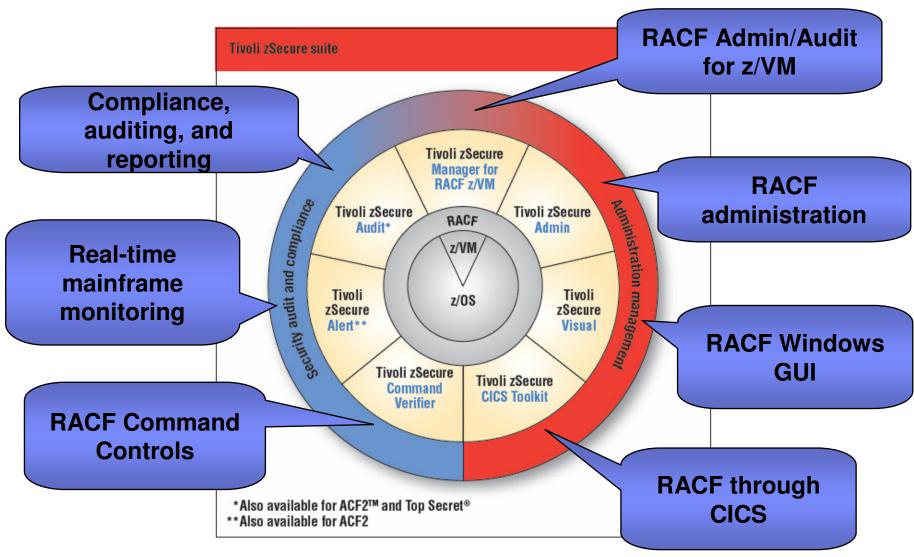
Administration and provisioning:

- zSecure Admin enhances user management
- zSecure Visual offers a Microsoft® Windows® GUI
- zSecure CICS Toolkit for simplified CICS security management

Audit, monitoring and compliance:

- **zSecure Audit** provides event detection, analysis & reporting and system integrity audit & analysis
- zSecure Alert provides intrusion detection and alerting
- zSecure Command Verifier offers automated security monitoring

#### **Tivoli zSecure Suite**



Note: ACF2 and Top Secret are either registered trademarks or trademarks of CA, Inc. or one of its subsidiaries.

#### Tivoli zSecure Admin

A user-friendly layer on top of RACF which enables security administration, user management and compliance management on the mainframe

- Admin can help you quickly identify problems in RACF, such as missing or inconsistent definitions, enabling you to fix or prevent mistakes before they become a threat to security and compliance, thus reducing the chances of breaches.
- Admin enables you to automate recurring, time-consuming security tasks. By implementing a repeatable process for security management, Admin can help you reduce errors and improve the overall quality of service, ensuring you are addressing your compliance requirements.
- Admin enables you to display data from the active (live) RACF database. Administrators can view current information, including recent changes by other administrators. An administrator can immediately verify the effect of the changes that have just been made, without having to wait for a refresh of an unloaded RACF database.

#### IBM Tivoli zSecure Audit

Compliance and audit solution that enables you to analyze, detect, and report security, z/OS, and Unix Systems Services exposures as well as cross reference events with RACF and system information

- Once auditing and analyzing of the z/OS and critical information, is completed,
   Audit prioritizes and highlights security concerns. Problems are ranked by audit priority, and describes the potential security breach or exposure.
- Audit analyzes SMF from the live SMF data sets or from extracted SMF data.
   By using live data sets, information from the active system can immediately be viewed interactively after an event has taken place.
- Audit allows you to send Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)
  messages to an enterprise management console for policy exceptions or
  violations that indicate a security breach or weakness.
- Audit can identify changes in the individual members of partitioned data sets, thus identifying potential areas where proper policies have not been followed.

#### zSecure Alert

Real-time mainframe threat monitoring allowing you to monitor intruders and identify mis-configurations that could hamper your compliance efforts

- Threat knowledge base with parameters from your active configurations, which helps isolate relevant attack patterns, detect multiple types of attacks and configuration threats. Knowledge of these configuration mistakes and attacks can help you take action before others can exploit them.
- Broad range of monitoring capabilities, including monitoring sensitive data for misuse on z/OS, RACF, and UNIX subsystems. Monitoring critical data aids in maintaining data integrity and staying ahead of potential security policy violations
- Easily send critical alerts to enterprise audit, compliance and monitoring solutions. Alert can automatically send security information from the mainframe into TCIM, TSOM and network and enterprise consoles. This provides timely alerts which helps you respond quickly to prevent further damage, ease organization-wide inclusion of the mainframe in audit and compliance reports.

#### zSecure Command Verifier

Policy enforcement solution that enforces compliance to organization and regulatory policies by preventing erroneous commands, and helps reduce the risk of security breaches

- Automates the process of ensuring mandatory values are used in RACF and prohibits the use of inappropriate default values. Using these controls, ensures important policy and naming requirements are maintained in your security environment.
- Automatically verifies command keywords against your specified policies as soon as a RACF command is issued, which enforces compliance on RACF to help reduce the risks of security breaches.
- Command Audit Trail feature stores changes to profiles in the RACF database.
   Quickly determine which administrator made which changes without requiring labor intensive investigation of log files, with no guessing about timeframes or searching for the information.
- By providing access to the specific commands users require to do their jobs, you reduce the risks associated with accidental or malicious actions of
   privileged users.

#### zSecure Visual

Enables efficient and effective RACF administration with a direct, easy-to-use, graphical interface which uses fewer resources and provides richer functionality.

- Through a user-friendly GUI you can decentralize RACF administration, enabling tasks to be performed at various levels. This provides the experienced RACF administrator the ability to focus on higher-value activities that help improve both security and compliance.
- Central administrators can customize the administrative commands shown on the interface. This provides the ability for a person to view only the commands they are allowed to perform, reducing the risk of incorrect commands and insider breaches.
- New users can be added to the system simply by duplicating standard user templates. This feature helps reduce the risk of giving incorrect authorizations to a new user — an administrator can only use existing templates and assign authorizations to groups within their scope.

#### zSecure CICS Toolkit

Allows you to perform mainframe administrative tasks from a CICS environment, freeing up native RACF resources

- RACF administration from a CICS environment. CICS Toolkit menu enables users to stay within the CICS application, rather than forcing them into another environment, to issue security commands to the mainframe.
- Web-enablement of the CICS-RACF API. By leveraging this sophisticated API,
   Web applications can use RACF functions for security administration,
   authentication and access control.
- The API facilitates access checks of more than 2,000 resources, enabling you to easily replace an application's internal security with RACF security. CICS Toolkit also reduces the burden of maintenance programming and administration from CICS application developers, freeing them to focus on improving functionality.

#### zSecure RACF Offline

zSecure Admin RACF Offline product provides the possibility to issue most RACF commands against an inactive RACF database

#### **Highlights:**

 zSecure Admin RACF Offline provides the capability to issue RACF command against an offline RACF database. This allows you to make major changes to a RACF environment and review the changes before implementing them into production. This can decrease the chance of mistakes creating security exposures.

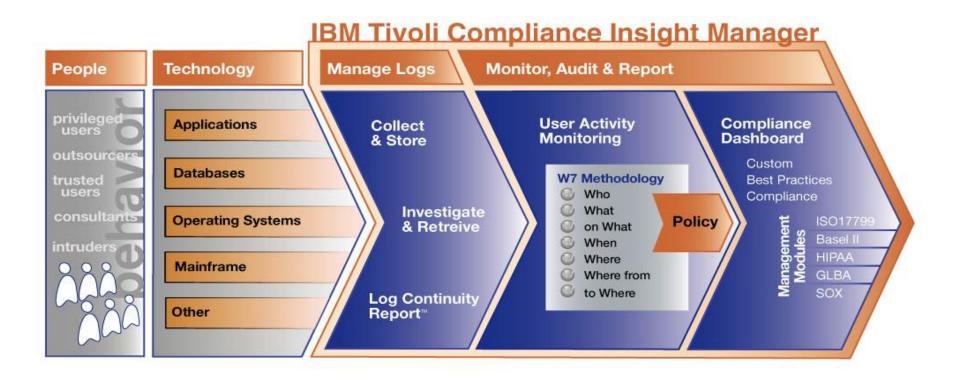
#### Tivoli zSecure Manager for RACF z/VM

Allows you to perform mainframe administration and audit functions for RACF in the z/VM environment

- zSecure Manager for RACF z/VM can help you quickly identify problems in RACF on z/VM, such as missing or inconsistent definitions, enabling you to fix or prevent mistakes before they become a threat to security and compliance.
- zSecure Manager for RACF z/VM provides various analyses: displaying views of vital z/VM information, indicating where problems may occur, monitoring privileged users and requesting information about individual definitions in RACF.

### zSecure Compliance Insight Manager Enabler for z/OS

- Connect the mainframe to an enterprise compliance dashboard for reporting across applications, databases and operating systems
  - Auditors no longer need z/OS expertise to monitor activities



#### Conclusion

Technology has some strong solutions – but policy and culture remain critical

Ensuring that legislative language is established

Updating and revising existing policies

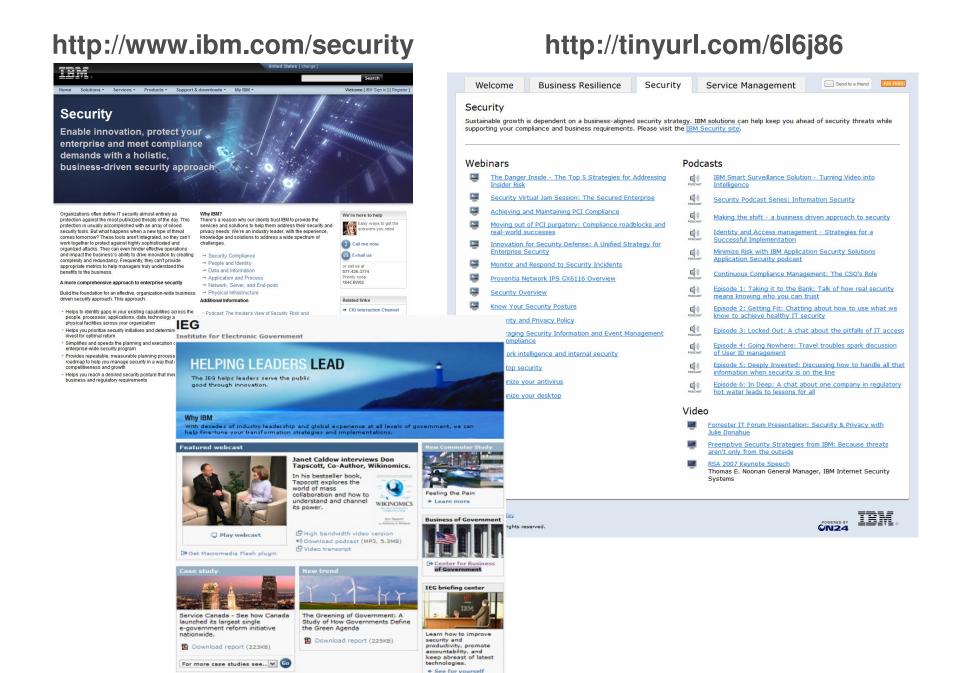
Continuing education and training awareness for information security and privacy

Developing more tools for risk selfassessment

Developing Information Security roles and responsibilities

Developing Internet usage policy and guidelines

Coordinating efforts to align operational recovery and business continuity plans



http://www.ibm.com/industries/government/ieg