

# **Breakthrough Analytics Performance** with **BLU Acceleration**

#### Answers At The Speed Of Thought To Help You Outperform The Competition



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# Businesses Of All Types Use Analytics To Accelerate Decision Making At The Point Of Impact

To <u>predict</u> and treat high-risk patients to proactively intervene at time of visit

To <u>identity</u> and prevent fraud in real time To provide <u>targeted</u> <u>cross sells</u> that drive additional sales when offered <u>at time of sale</u>

To <u>predict</u> correct order levels at time of purchase





# Make Sense out of BigData with IBM Watson Foundations



Analyze all data, from any source, with the right technology

# **DB2 with BLU Acceleration**

## Fast Answers. Simply Delivered.

#### What is DB2 with BLU Acceleration?

- In-memory analytic database
- Multiple IBM innovations
  - In-memory processing of columnar data without the limitations of memory size
  - Analyze compressed data with actionable compression
  - CPU Acceleration
- Ready for Analytics: Cloud, On premise, SAP, Cognos, and more
- Agile warehousing via BLU for Cloud
- www.ibmBLUhub.com



**BLU** Acceleration

Analyze more data faster and more efficiently

### Sompetitive Project Office

#### **DB2 with BLU Acceleration** *What more can businesses do with BLU?*

How many more questions could your business answer if they could get answers this much faster?



Speed of Thought Analytics

- Analyze data literally as fast as you can ask questions
- "We've tested DB2 10.5 with BLU Acceleration and found that it can be up to 43x faster with an analytic workload..." - Randy Wilson, Lead DB2 for LUW DBA





What can you do for your

business with an extra month?

- Maximizes business value from existing infrastructure; no need to rip and replace
- "We project this will save us 42 days per year in lower administration and tuning efforts" – Brenda Boshoff, Sr. DBA



Where could you invest the 10x savings to drive more business value?

Simple

BLU Acceleration

Agile



- Deploy on-premise or via the cloud with only a fraction of the computing resources
- "Using DB2 10.5 with BLU Acceleration, our storage consumption went down by about 10x" - Kent Collins, Database Solutions Architect



#### What Makes BLU Acceleration Different? Unmatched Innovations From IBM Research & Development Labs

#### **Next Generation In-Memory**

In-memory columnar processing with dynamic movement of data from storage



#### **Analyze Compressed Data**

Patented compression technique that preserves order so data can be used without decompressing





#### **CPU Acceleration**

Multi-core and SIMD parallelism (Single Instruction Multiple Data)





#### **Data Skipping**

Skips unnecessary processing of irrelevant data



# First, let's compare *column* organization of data with traditional *row* organization of data



## **Row Organized Data is Well Suited and Efficient** for Transactional Workloads (OLTP)

- Traditional systems typically organize data into rows or "records"
- One or more rows are combined into "pages" and stored on disk
- A record contains a value for each column, stored together on the same page
- One I/O operation (to disk or RAM) can retrieve all column values for a record
- Great for transactional workloads
  - When MANY columns are accessed for SPECIFIC records.
  - Indexes are required to improve performance when accessing specific records

| Row Organized Customer Table          |         |       |        |     |     |  |
|---------------------------------------|---------|-------|--------|-----|-----|--|
|                                       | CUST_ID | FIRST | LAST   | AGE | SEX |  |
| Row 1                                 | 466     | Steve | Miller | 49  | М   |  |
| Row 2                                 | 467     | Pat   | Smith  | 32  | F   |  |
| Row 3                                 | 478     | Tina  | Jones  | 27  | F   |  |
| Row                                   | 479     | Rick  | Miller | 42  | М   |  |
| Row N                                 | 481     | Tom   | Smith  | 36  | М   |  |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |         |       |        |     |     |  |

Each colored row represents a data page 

Query: Select FIRST, LAST, AGE, SEX from Customer where CUST ID=466 466 Steve Miller 49 Μ

#### Efficient!

Query needed 4 columns, I/O retrieved the entire page, the entire row, and all the required column values for a record.



## Row Organized Data Can be Inefficient for Analytic Workloads

- Analytics queries often operate on only a small number or even a single column value across a very large number of rows
  - For example: MIN, MAX, SUM, COUNT, AVG
- Retrieving all column values is inefficient when only a small number of columns (maybe just 1) are needed





## Column Organized Data is Better Suited and More Efficient for Analytic Workloads

- BLU Acceleration organizes data into columns
- Column values for many records are combined into "pages" and stored on disk
- One I/O operation (to disk or RAM) can retrieve a column value for many rows
- Great for analytical workloads
  - When SPECIFIC columns are accessed for MANY records
  - No indexes required columns are essentially "self indexing"

#### Column Organized Customer Table

|   | CUST_ID | FIRST | LAST   | AGE | SEX   |
|---|---------|-------|--------|-----|-------|
| _ | Col A   | Col B | Col C  | Col | Col N |
|   | 466     | Steve | Miller | 49  | М     |
|   | 467     | Pat   | Smith  | 32  | F     |
|   | 478     | Tina  | Jones  | 27  | F     |
|   | 479     | Rick  | Miller | 42  | М     |
|   | 481     | Tom   | Smith  | 36  | М     |

Each colored column represents a data page

Query:

Select AVG(AGE) from Customer



Query needed 1 column to compute average age, I/O retrieved just one column

## **BLU Acceleration is Integrated into DB2 10.5**

#### **BLU Acceleration**



- One setting to optimize the system for BLU Acceleration
- Automatically configures DB2 for optimal analytics performance
- Easily convert tables from roworganized to column-organized
- Simple to create BLU tables
  - "organize by column"

#### DB2 WORKLOAD=ANALYTICS

- Makes column-organized tables the default table type
- Enables automatic workload management
- Enables automatic space reclaim
- Page and extent size configured for analytics
- Memory for caching, sorting and hashing, utilities are automatically initialized based on the server size and available RAM
- Compression is always on



# DB2 BLU Acceleration Illustration: 10TB query in Seconds or Less

- The System: 32 cores, 1TB memory, 10TB table with 100 columns and 10 years of data
- The Query: What were our average, total, and number of "sales" in 2010 by month?
  - SELECT MONTH, AVG(SALES), SUM(SALES), COUNT(\*) from MYTABLE where YEAR = '2010' group by MONTH
- The Result: In seconds or less as each CPU core examines the equivalent of just 8MB of data



## **DEMO: DB2 10.5 with BLU Acceleration**

- Two fact tables each loaded with 500M records
  - Uncompressed data size = 55GB
  - ▶ BLU table, 9.6GB compressed (5.7x), 5GB buffer pool
  - Row-organized table, 14.52GB compressed (3.8x), 12GB buffer pool
  - Compare performance of BLU Acceleration table vs. traditional row-organized table

|  | BLU          |
|--|--------------|
|  | Acceleration |
| Query Description  | Advantage    |
| Query 1  |              |
| <b>Count</b> the total number of records in the fact table (500 million) | 14 X         |
| Query 2  |              |
| Calculate the average profit per sale for all 500 million records        | <b>8 X</b>   |

# BLU Acceleration Allows Super Fast Analytics While Simplifying Deployment and Maintenance

- BLU Acceleration is SIMPLE and EASY to use!
  - BLU column-organized tables provide great analytics performance while making things simpler and easier for DBAs
  - BLU Acceleration provides great performance, no tuning required
    - Alleviates the need for traditional warehouse performance structures
    - Administrators spend more time on application capability
- LOAD and then... run queries
  - No indexes
  - No REORG (it's automated)
  - No RUNSTATS (it's automated)
  - No Materialized Query Tables or materialized views
  - No partitioning or Multi-Dimensional Cluster indexes
  - No optimizer hints

## **BLU Acceleration Beats the Competition**

What about SAP HANA and Oracle Exadata? They've made bold performance claims... BLU Acceleration is better, faster, simpler, and costs less. We'll show you test results to prove it.



#### Service Oriented Finance CIO



## The BI Day Serial Execution Test Measures Time for One User to Complete Individual Reports



# **Examples of Simple and Complex Queries**

#### Example of a typical **simple** query: 2-3 parameters compared

- QUERY 2A Simple\_GoBusinessView\_Dashboard select distinct "Product\_forecast"."YEAR" "Year1" from "GOSL"."PRODUCT\_FORECAST" "Product\_forecast"

#### Example of a typical **Complex** query: 100-150 parameters compared

-- QUERY 3A Complex TPA PDF with "Order method dimension14" as ( select "Order method dimension"."ORDER METHOD KEY" "ORDER METHOD KEY", min("Order method dimension"."ORDER METHOD EN") "Order method" from "GOSLDW"."ORDER METHOD DIMENSION" "Order method dimension" group by "Order method dimension"."ORDER METHOD KEY"), "Product line15" as ( select "Product line"."PRODUCT LINE CODE" "PRODUCT LINE CODE", min("Product line"."PRODUCT LINE EN") "Product line" from "GOSLDW"."PRODUCT LINE" "Product line" group by "Product line"."PRODUCT LINE CODE"). "Sales territory dimension12" as ( select "Sales territory dimension"."COUNTRY KEY" "COUNTRY KEY", "Sales territory dimension"."COUNTRY CODE" "COUNTRY CODE", "Sales territory dimension"."SALES TERRITORY KEY" "SALES TERRITORY KEY", "Sales territory dimension"."SALES TERRITORY CODE", "SALES TERRITORY CODE", "Sales territory dimension"."COUNTRY EN" "COUNTRY EN", "Sales territory dimension"."FLAG IMAGE" "FLAG IMAGE31", "Sales territory dimension"."SALES TERRITORY EN" "SALES TERRITORY EN" from "GOSLDW"."SALES TERRITORY DIMENSION" "Sales territory dimension"), "Gender lookup13" as ( select "Gender lookup". "GENDER CODE" "GENDER CODE", min("Gender lookup". "GENDER") "GENDER" from "GOSLDW"."GENDER LOOKUP" "Gender lookup" where "Gender lookup"."LANGUAGE" = 'EN' group by "Gender lookup"."GENDER CODE"), "Retailer model " as ( select "Retailer dimension11"."RETAILER SITE KEY" "Retailer site key", "Sales territory dimension12"."SALES TERRITORY KEY" "Sales territory key", "Sales territory dimension12"."SALES TERRITORY EN" "Sales territory" from "GOSLDW"."RETAILER DIMENSION" "Retailer dimension11", "Sales territory dimension12", "Gender lookup13" where "Retailer dimension11"."GENDER CODE" = "Gender lookup13"."GENDER CODE" and "Retailer dimension11"."COUNTRY KEY" = "Sales territory dimension12"."COUNTRY KEY") select "Order method dimension14"."ORDER METHOD KEY" "Order method0key", "Order method dimension14"."Order method1", "Product line15"."PRODUCT LINE CODE" "Product linekey", "Product line15"."Product line" "Product line0", "Retailer model "."Sales territory key" "Retailer territorykey", "Retailer model "."Sales territory" "Sales territory", cast("Time dimension17"."CURRENT YEAR" as char(4)) "Yearkey", cast("Time dimension17"."QUARTER KEY" as char(6)) "Quarterkey", cast("Time dimension17"."MONTH KEY" as char(6)) "Monthkey", sum("Sales fact18"."GROSS PROFIT") "Gross profit" from "Order method dimension14", "Product line15", "Retailer model ", "GOSLDW"."TIME DIMENSION" "Time dimension17", "GOSLDW"."SALES FACT" "Sales fact18", "GOSLDW"."PRODUCT TYPE" "Product type19", "GOSLDW"."PRODUCT DIMENSION" "Product dimension20" where "Order method dimension14". "ORDER METHOD KEY" = "Sales fact18". "ORDER METHOD KEY" and "Product dimension20". "PRODUCT KEY" = "Sales fact18". "PRODUCT KEY" and "Product type19"."PRODUCT TYPE CODE" = "Product dimension20"."PRODUCT TYPE CODE" and "Product line15"."PRODUCT LINE CODE" = "Product type19"."PRODUCT LINE CODE" and "Time dimension17"."DAY KEY" = "Sales fact18"."ORDER DAY KEY" and "Retailer model "."Retailer site key" = "Sales fact18"."RETAILER SITE KEY" group by "Order method dimension14"."ORDER METHOD KEY", "Order method dimension14"."Order method", "Product line15"."PRODUCT LINE CODE", "Product line15"."Product line", "Retailer model "."Sales territory key", "Retailer model "."Sales territory", cast("Time dimension17"."CURRENT YEAR" as char(4)), cast("Time dimension17"."QUARTER KEY" as char(6)), cast("Time dimension17"."MONTH KEY" as char(6))



1/12 the Cost

## BLU Acceleration Beats Competitor on the SAME Hardware in Single User Tests



# BI Day Deep Analytics Test Measures Throughput for Concurrent Mix of Data Intensive Queries



02 - Breakthrough Analytics Performance with DB2 10.5 and BLU Acceleration



#### **BLU Acceleration** on POWER8 S824 Beats Pre-Integrated Database Competitor V4 in **Deep Analytics** Workloads





# Actionable Compression Minimizes Storage, Reduces I/O and Maximizes Performance

- Approximate Huffman encoding yields great compression
  - The more frequent a value is repeated, the fewer bits needed to store



Encoding is order preserving so data is "actionable" in its compressed form

# Only BLU Acceleration Enables Query Processing Directly on Compressed Data

- Actionable Compression: Encoded values do not need to be decompressed during query evaluation
  - Predicates, group by, aggregations, joins, etc work directly on encoded data SELECT COUNT (\*) FROM T1 WHERE LAST NAME = 'JOHNSON'





## Oracle Exadata Hybrid Columnar Compression Sacrifices Performance

- A compression technique, **not a columnar database** 
  - A set of row oriented pages are rearranged, grouping columns together, then compressed into a 'compression unit'
  - All columns for any given row are stored in a "compression unit", which is the smallest unit of I/O
  - No ability to read just one column value for many rows
- Not actionable data is decompressed on storage and sent to database nodes for query processing
  - During Exadata "smart scan", decompression process consumes CPU resources in the storage servers
  - Rows are reconstructed out of the compression units
  - Uncompressed rows are returned to database servers



## BLU Next Generation In-Memory Processing: Ultra Efficient Memory Usage for Analytics

- Your data is growing quickly, even with great compression your data will still be larger than available RAM
- BLU dynamic in-memory processing means performance is still great even when data is many times larger than RAM
  - Data does not need to fit into RAM
- New algorithms for prefetching and caching compressed column data
- Only column data relevant to queries occupies RAM, other data stays on disk until it is needed
  - Analytical queries typically access only a subset of columns
  - A small amount of RAM can cache a very large percentage of relevant data
  - Column data is moved in and out of cache in pages

## **BLU Acceleration Utilizes Memory Efficiently and Predictably**

Graph of Free Memory during a Single User Test

- 96GB of compressed data (550GB uncompressed)
- System "primed" prior to test to load data into memory

#### DB2 10.5 x3850 (512GB total)



#### Time

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## Is SAP HANA Enterprise Ready?



# SAP HANA's release frequency is PAINFUL

# AVERAGE RATE = every 20 days

28 hours



Simple load & go in-memory support

No change to applications needed

### DB2 with BLU Delivers Clear Advantages for SAP Environments



#### **Accelerated Performance**

 Over 2x better, 24 core performance for SAP SD benchmark than nearest competitive result<sup>1</sup>

#### **Business Proven**



#### Lower Risk

- Accelerates SAP BW without application upgrade
- 10+ year track record of SAP optimization

#### **Lower Cost**



#### **Transparent Scalability**

**Faster Time to Value** 

- Active data can be larger than available memory
- Automated workload management with shared-everything resource pools



#### **Lower Acquisition Costs**

- Leverage existing investments
- No need to buy additional HW



#### Lower Operating Costs

- Option for lower cost, near line storage
- Mature technology not requiring frequent patching

(1.0) IBM Power System S824 on the two-tier SAP SD standard application benchmark running SAP enhancement package 5 for the SAP ERP 6.0 application; 4 processors / 24 cores / 96 threads, POWER8; 3.52GHz, 512 GB memory, 21,212 SD benchmark users, running AIX® 7.1 and DB2® 10.5, dialog response: 0.98 seconds, line items/hour: 2,317,330, dialog steps/hour: 6.952,000 SAPS: 115,870 database response time (dialog/update): 0.011 sec / 0.019sec, CPU utilization: 99%, Certification #: \* Results valid as of 3/24/14. \* Certification # not available at press time. Source: http://www.sap.com/benchmark. (1.1) Fujitsu RX300 S8 on the two-tier SAP SD standard application benchmark running SAP enhancement package 5 for the SAP ERP 6.0 application; 2 processors / 24 cores / 48 threads. Intel Xeon E5-2697 processor 2.70 GHz, 256 GB memory, 10.240 SD benchmark users, running Windows Server 2012 SE and SQL Server 2012, Certification #: 2013024

## **Oracle In-Memory – Late, Costly, Complex**

|                                 | BLU Acceleration   | Oracle In-Memory Cache   |  |
|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Available Now?                  | Yes. Delivering value to clients since 2Q 2013                         | Recently released for Linux and Solaris in July 2014   |  |
| Column Format<br>Persistence    | Yes. Fully persisted on disk and cached in memory                      | No. Only cached in memory. Must be fully recreated at a database restart.  |  |
| Can Data be Larger than Memory? | Yes. Truly Load and Go   | No. Yet another option. DBAs must decide when/how to use and must manage memory carefully. Not simple                              |  |
| Superior Storage<br>Savings     | Yes. 10x or higher compression.<br>Compressed on disk and in<br>memory | No. Store the data twice in memory. Claim 2x-4x compression in memory while requiring full table to be stored on disk with indexes |  |
| Actionable<br>Compression       | Yes. The broadest range of operations can act on compressed data today | No. In fact, Oracle documentation talks<br>about the performance impact for choosing<br>higher levels of compression in-memory     |  |
| Added Cost                      | Included in both AESE and AWSE   | Yes. Yet another add on, only available on top of Enterprise Edition   |  |



#### **Terabyte Pricing for DB2 with BLU Acceleration** *Much more power for much lower cost*

#### **Terabyte Pricing:**

- Pay for only the data you analyze
- Leverage compression to reduce the amount of licensed data (e.g. 20TB compressing to only 2TB)
- Independent of hardware
- Low, predictable licensing cost
- Add more cores and memory without affecting the licensing cost





# BLU Acceleration is Available in the Cloud BLUforCloud.com

### DB2 BLU for Cloud Self-service Data Warehousing & BI in the Cloud

#### The same benefits of DB2 with BLU Acceleration, plus

- Complete analytics solution, deployed in under an hour
- Powerful database & analytic capabilities at a fraction of the cost
- No infrastructure investment
- Cognos Business Intelligence included
- Expert-built schemas for business insight

