

Using IBM Rational® ProjectConsole for Microsoft Project Reporting & Measurement
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A technical discussion of IBM Rational® ProjectConsole, a member of the IBM Rational® Team Unifying Platform
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IBM Rational® Team Unifying Platform: Using IBM Rational® ProjectConsole for Microsoft Project Reporting &Measurements

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IBM Rational software White Paper

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Introduction

This white paper is intended for IBM Rational ProjectConsole end-users to help them incorporate Microsoft Project 2002 Professional desktop edition data into a data collection and then be able to automatically generate ongoing up-to-date project progress measurement reports and indicators (charts, gauges, etc.). Stakeholders want easy access to project progress information and are interested in reviewing measures that indicate that the rate of newly identified work is declining as the end of the project approaches. Based on where a project stands at any given point in time, there are different data points to see the status of the project. This paper provides a sampling of key project measurement reports and indicators that can be derived from a Microsoft Project plan.

Key Project Stakeholders include Upper Level Executive Management, Department Managers, Project Managers, Product Managers, Development Managers, Technical Managers, and Project Team Members. All of these types of stakeholders want an easy and efficient way to gather and disseminate project team status and measurement information. Key Project Stakeholders are interested in going to a centralized location to view current project status measures. Project Team Members want an efficient way to report current status to their managers and a centralized location where they can be kept up-to-date on current project status and can access current project artifacts.

The project tracking measures shown in this paper are not meant to be comprehensive, but are meant to serve as an example of the types of measures that can be generated using Microsoft Project data with IBM Rational ProjectConsole. As you become more comfortable with IBM Rational ProjectConsole, you can expand upon this set of measures. Our experience shows that you typically are much better off starting small and satisfying specific information needs and then expanding, rather than trying to adopt a large number of measures from the beginning.

There are more possible measurable objects and attributes that come from Microsoft Project than can be covered in this paper. Furthermore, each organization has distinct and different needs with regard to project progress tracking data.

Although tracking your Microsoft Project plan can provide insight into your schedules, cost, and effort, it is highly recommend that you use ProjectConsole to also track additional measures from your underlying software development artifact repositories – for example, defect and change request trends, requirements trends, use case development trends, testing trends, and design and coding trends – to get a more complete status of your project. In addition, ProjectConsole also allows you to roll-up data from multiple projects to provide an organization or enterprise status views.

This white paper begins by presenting some basic project reporting measures that are typically generated using Microsoft Project to monitor the ongoing progress of a project. Then, the process of how to create a Microsoft Project data collection using IBM Rational ProjectConsole in order to generate a set of similar, but automatically updated, set of Microsoft Project progress reports and indicators is explained. Finally, some sample measurement reports and indicators are presented based on a Microsoft Project data collection using ProjectConsole.

Incorporating Microsoft Project Measurement Reporting into IBM Rational ProjectConsole

This section describes the process for importing current Microsoft Project data into a ProjectConsole Data Collection and then describe types of Microsoft Project Measures and Indicators that can be automatically generated and published to a ProjectConsole website.

Please note that ProjectConsole v2003 supports collecting and reporting from Microsoft Project Professional edition by processing the .mpp file. Microsoft Project Server is not directly supported, although ProjectConsole can indirectly support Microsoft Project Server through exposing the .mpp file.

Creating Microsoft Project Web Reports in IBM Rational ProjectConsole

To create Microsoft Project Web Reports using ProjectConsole, the following steps must be performed:

1. First, you must have a Microsoft Project Plan that has been created with a number of identified tasks from which project data will be collected. Basic planning fields must be identified for each task such as Duration, Resources, Predecessors, Cost Per Resource and Established Baselines. After establishing a Baseline, the plan must be maintained on an on-going basis to reflect current progress in terms of Actual Work Hours Performed and/or Percent Completion of each task. The following is an example of a basic Microsoft Project Plan:

	% Comp	Task Name	Duration	Work Hours	Start	Finish	Pred.	Resource Names
2	42%	<input type="checkbox"/> Project Management	68.2 days	588 hrs	Mon 5/3/99	Thu 8/5/99		
3	100%	<input type="checkbox"/> Conceive New Project	3 days	40 hrs	Mon 5/3/99	Wed 5/5/99		
4	100%	Identify and Assess Risks	2 days	16 hrs	Mon 5/3/99	Tue 5/4/99		Project Manager
5	100%	Develop Business Case	1 day	8 hrs	Tue 5/4/99	Tue 5/4/99	4	Project Manager
6	100%	Initiate Project	1 day	8 hrs	Wed 5/5/99	Wed 5/5/99	5	Project Manager
7	100%	Project Approval Review	1 day	8 hrs	Wed 5/5/99	Wed 5/5/99	6FF	Project Reviewer
8	100%	<input type="checkbox"/> Evaluate Project Scope and Risk	3 days	32 hrs	Thu 5/6/99	Mon 5/10/99	4,3	
9	100%	Identify and Assess Risks	3 days	24 hrs	Thu 5/6/99	Mon 5/10/99		Project Manager
10	100%	Develop Business Case	1 day	8 hrs	Fri 5/7/99	Fri 5/7/99	9	Project Manager
11	75%	<input type="checkbox"/> Develop Software Development Plan	10.2 days	104 hrs	Mon 5/31/99	Mon 6/14/99	52SS,8	
12	75%	Develop Measurement Plan	5 days	40 hrs	Mon 5/31/99	Mon 6/7/99		Project Manager
13	75%	Develop Risk Management Plan	1 day	8 hrs	Tue 6/1/99	Mon 6/7/99	12	Project Manager
14	75%	Develop Product Acceptance Plan	1 day	8 hrs	Wed 6/2/99	Tue 6/8/99	13	Project Manager
15	75%	Develop Problem Resolution Plan	1 day	8 hrs	Thu 6/3/99	Wed 6/9/99	14	Project Manager
16	75%	Define Project Organization and Staffing	1 day	8 hrs	Fri 6/4/99	Wed 6/9/99	15	Project Manager
17	75%	Define Monitoring & Control Processes	1 day	8 hrs	Mon 6/7/99	Thu 6/10/99	16	Project Manager
18	75%	Plan Phases and Iterations	1 day	8 hrs	Tue 6/8/99	Fri 6/11/99	17	Project Manager
19	75%	Compile Software Development Plan	1 day	8 hrs	Wed 6/9/99	Mon 6/14/99	18	Project Manager
20	75%	Project Planning Review	1 day	8 hrs	Wed 6/9/99	Mon 6/14/99	19FF	Project Reviewer
21	25%	<input type="checkbox"/> Plan for Next Iteration	3 days	24 hrs	Mon 6/14/99	Thu 6/17/99	11	
22	25%	Develop Iteration Plan	1 day	8 hrs	Mon 6/14/99	Tue 6/15/99		Project Manager
23	25%	Develop Business Case	1 day	8 hrs	Tue 6/15/99	Wed 6/16/99	22	Project Manager
24	25%	Iteration Plan Review	1 day	8 hrs	Wed 6/16/99	Thu 6/17/99	23	Project Reviewer
25	25%	<input type="checkbox"/> Manage Iteration	20 days	200 hrs	Thu 6/17/99	Thu 7/15/99	21	
26	25%	Acquire Staff	5 days	40 hrs	Thu 6/17/99	Thu 6/24/99		Project Manager
27	25%	Initiate Iteration	5 days	40 hrs	Thu 6/24/99	Thu 7/1/99	26	Project Manager
28	25%	Assess Iteration	5 days	40 hrs	Thu 7/1/99	Thu 7/8/99	73FF,2	Project Manager

2. The next step is to create Microsoft Project Templates using the ProjectConsole Template Builder for each desired Web report. Each template defines the data and the format for each defined Web report.
3. Each Web report template then needs to be saved in both MS Word format and Saved as a Web Page from within the Template Builder program.
4. Once saved, both the MS Word and HTML document versions need to be moved into the ProjectConsole Microsoft Project Templates directory.

5. After moving the template files into the ProjectConsole Template directory, the ProjectConsole administrator can then add the templates to the navigation tree in the ProjectConsole website. The Project Web Reports can then be generated on an on demand basis by the end-user.

Please refer to the ProjectConsole Template Builder and ProjectConsole website online documentation for details on how to perform each of the steps identified above.

Creating Microsoft Project Measurement Indicators in IBM Rational ProjectConsole

To create measurement indicators (charts, gauges, stop-lights) based on Microsoft Project data, a data collection must first be generated. To run a Microsoft Project data collection with ProjectConsole the following steps must be performed:

1. First, you must have a Microsoft Project Plan that has been created with a number of identified tasks from which project data will be collected. Basic planning fields must be identified for each task such as, Duration, Resources, Predecessors, Cost Per Resource and Established Baselines. After establishing a Baseline, the plan must be maintained on an on-going basis to reflect current progress in terms of Actual Work Hours Performed and/or Percent Completion of each task.
2. Use ProjectConsole Dashboard Designer to create a Microsoft Project Source Template defining all of the desired Microsoft Project fields to be collected.
3. Define the desired Dimension and Measure tables into which data is to be collected.
4. Define the data mappings from the created Dimension and Measure tables to the Source Template fields.
5. Create a Scheduled Collection Task.
6. Run the Scheduled Collection Task. Don't forget to run the post-Microsoft Project collection transformation script that is provided by ProjectConsole. This transformation script performs calculation on the collected data to derived additional measures such as aggregating the number of tasks that are complete.

After an MSP Data Collection has been created, the ProjectConsole Dashboard can be used to create the desired Charts and Graphs based on the data that has been collected from the Microsoft Project plan.

Please refer to the ProjectConsole Dashboard Designer, Dashboard, and website documentation for details on how to perform each of the steps identified above.

Additionally, the Rational ProjectConsole Tutorial provides extensive step-by-step instructions on how to collect data from Microsoft Project. These instructions are in *Section 9 – Collecting Microsoft® Project Data* of the tutorial.

Sample Microsoft Project Measures using IBM Rational ProjectConsole

This section describes and shows a wide range of sample Microsoft Project trend analysis measurement reports that can be generated using IBM Rational ProjectConsole.

ProjectConsole can be used to produce current Microsoft Project Web Based Reports, which represent the status of the project at any point in time, Graphical Trend Analysis and Distribution Charts that show the progress of selected project measures over a period of time, and Graphical Gauges and Stoplight indicators that show color status with respect to threshold values.

To produce the desired Web based reports, templates are created using the ProjectConsole Template Builder. To produce the desired charts, gauges, and stoplight indicators, a data collection source template must be created using the Dashboard Designer component of ProjectConsole.

The difference between these two types of templates is that the ProjectConsole Template Builder creates templates to read data from the Microsoft Project file and produce a formatted report. Whereas, the Dashboard Designer Source Template creates a template to read data from a Microsoft Project file and puts the data into the measurement warehouse database which the ProjectConsole Dashboard can use to generate Charts, Gauges, and Stoplight indicators based on the collected data.

Examples of current Web Based Reports representing any given point in time include Task Entry Reports, Work Hours Variance Reports, Task Summary Reports, Task Tracking Reports, Task Assignment by Resource Reports, Cost Variance Reports, Earned Value Reports, Late Tasks Reports, Schedule Variance Reports, Late Milestone Tasks Reports, and Milestone Tasks Reports.

Examples of Graphical Trend Analysis and Distribution Charts representing the progress of the project over time include trends of Actual Work Hours vs. Planned Work Hours, Actual Cost vs. Budgeted Cost, % Completion over Time, Actual Duration vs. Planned Duration, Earned Value vs. Budgeted Cost, Actual Cost of Work Performed vs. Budgeted Cost of Work Performed, and Budgeted Cost of Work Performed vs. Budgeted Cost of Work Scheduled, Cost Performance Index, Schedule Performance Index, Cost Variance, and Schedule Variance.

IBM Rational ProjectConsole Web Reports

Project Summary Report

This report shows a project's key Dates, Duration, Work, and Cost Summary Variance information showing Planned, Baseline, Actual, and Baseline-to-Actual Variance information. The purpose of this report is to give key project stakeholders a quick summary of all of the key indicators of the project's progress.

Project Summary Report

Project Name: [detail_inception_iter](#)

Dates

Start:	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	Finish	8/5/1999 9:36:00 AM
Baseline Start:	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	Baseline Finish:	8/2/1999 5:00:00 PM
Actual Start:	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	Actual Finish:	NA
Start Variance:	0 days	Finish Variance:	2.2 days

Duration

Scheduled:	68.2 days	Remaining:	30.92 days
Baseline:	66 days	Actual:	37.28 days
Variance:	2.2 days	Percent Complete	55%

Work

Scheduled:	1985.92 hrs	Remaining:	980 hrs
Baseline:	1929.92 hrs	Actual:	1005.92 hrs
Variance:	56 hrs	Percent Complete	51%

Costs

Scheduled:	\$113,625.60	Remaining:	\$55,768.00
Baseline:	\$109,425.60	Actual:	\$57,857.60
Variance:	\$4,200.00		

Task Entry Web Report

This report is used as a basic starting point for reviewing and identifying all high-level and detailed project tasks. It gives stakeholders a quick status of the progress of each task. The report shows a list of defined tasks with the following information:

- Task ID – Microsoft Project's identifier number
- Percent Complete – Current status of the task indicated by percentage of the task's duration that has been completed
- Task Name – Name of the task
- Duration – Total span of active working time for a task
- Work Hours – Total amount of time scheduled
- Start Date – Date when a task is scheduled to begin
- Finish Date – Date when a task is scheduled to be completed
- Predecessors – Task ID for the predecessor tasks on which the task depends before it can be started or finished.
- Assigned Resources – List of all names assigned to the task

Task Entry Report

Project Name: [detail_inception_iter](#)

Task ID	Percent Complete	Task Name	Duration	Work Hours	Start Date	Finish Date	Pred.	Resources
1	55%	Inception Phase	68.2 days	1985.92 hrs	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	8/5/1999 9:36:00 AM		
2	38%	Project Management	68.2 days	588 hrs	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	8/5/1999 9:36:00 AM		
3	100%	Conceive New Project	3 days	40 hrs	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/5/1999 5:00:00 PM		
4	100%	Identify and Assess Risks	2 days	16 hrs	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/4/1999 5:00:00 PM		Project Manager
5	100%	Develop Business Case	1 day	8 hrs	5/4/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/4/1999 5:00:00 PM	4	Project Manager
6	100%	Initiate Project	1 day	8 hrs	5/5/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/5/1999 5:00:00 PM	5	Project Manager
7	100%	Project Approval Review	1 day	8 hrs	5/5/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/5/1999 5:00:00 PM	6	Project Reviewer
8	100%	Evaluate Project Scope and Risk	3 days	32 hrs	5/6/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/10/1999 5:00:00 PM	4 3	
9	100%	Identify and Assess Risks	3 days	24 hrs	5/6/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/10/1999 5:00:00 PM		Project Manager
10	100%	Develop Business Case	1 day	8 hrs	5/7/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/7/1999 5:00:00 PM	9	Project Manager
11	97%	Develop Software Development Plan	10.2 days	104 hrs	5/31/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/14/1999 9:36:00 AM	52 8	
12	100%	Develop Measurement Plan	5 days	40 hrs	5/31/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/7/1999 12:00:00 PM		Project Manager
13	100%	Develop Risk Management Plan	1 day	8 hrs	6/1/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/7/1999 5:00:00 PM	12	Project Manager

Task Schedule Report

This report provides more detail on schedules and is useful in determining whether the project has any slack time in the schedule. The report lists the defined tasks along with the following information:

- Start Date – Date when a task is scheduled to begin
- Finish Date – Date when a task is scheduled to be completed
- Late Start – The latest date that a task can start without delaying the finish of the project
- Late Finish – The latest date that a task can finish without delaying the finish of the project
- Free Slack – The amount of time that a task can be delayed without delaying the start date of a successor task. Or if the task has no successors, this is the amount of time that the task can be delayed without delaying the entire project’s finish date.
- Total Slack – The amount of time that a task can be delayed without delaying the project end date. Tasks on the critical path are identified by having a Total Slack equal to zero days. Non-critical path tasks have a Total Slack of greater than zero days. Negative slack values occur when one task has a finish-to-start dependency with a successor task, but the successor task has a Must Start On constraint that is earlier than the end of the first task. In addition, negative slack can also occur when a task is scheduled to finish after its deadline date.

Task Schedule Report

Project Name: [detail_inception_iter](#)

Task ID	Task Name	Start Date	Finish Date	Late Start	Late Finish	Free Slack (Days)	Total Slack (Days)
1	Inception Phase	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	8/5/1999 9:36:00 AM	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	8/5/1999 9:36:00 AM	0	0
2	Project Management	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	8/5/1999 9:36:00 AM	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	8/5/1999 9:36:00 AM	0	0
3	Conceive New Project	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/5/1999 5:00:00 PM	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/5/1999 5:00:00 PM	0	0
4	Identify and Assess Risks	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/4/1999 5:00:00 PM	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/4/1999 5:00:00 PM	0	0
5	Develop Business Case	5/4/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/4/1999 5:00:00 PM	5/4/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/4/1999 5:00:00 PM	0	0
6	Initiate Project	5/5/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/5/1999 5:00:00 PM	5/5/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/5/1999 5:00:00 PM	0	0
7	Project Approval Review	5/5/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/5/1999 5:00:00 PM	5/5/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/5/1999 5:00:00 PM	0	0
8	Evaluate Project Scope and Risk	5/6/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/10/1999 5:00:00 PM	5/6/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/10/1999 5:00:00 PM	0	0
9	Identify and Assess Risks	5/6/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/10/1999 5:00:00 PM	5/6/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/10/1999 5:00:00 PM	0	0
10	Develop Business Case	5/7/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/7/1999 5:00:00 PM	5/7/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/7/1999 5:00:00 PM	0	0
11	Develop Software Development Plan	5/31/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/14/1999 9:36:00 AM	5/31/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/24/1999 3:24:00 PM	0	4128
12	Develop Measurement Plan	5/31/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/7/1999 12:00:00 PM	5/31/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/7/1999 12:00:00 PM	0	0
13	Develop Risk Management Plan	6/1/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/7/1999 5:00:00 PM	6/1/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/7/1999 5:00:00 PM	0	0

Cost Variance Web Report

This report provides stakeholders with the status of high-level, as well as detailed budgeted vs. actual costs of the project. The report shows a list of defined tasks along with the following information:

- Fixed Cost – Set cost for the task
- Fixed Cost Accrual – Accrual method (Start, End, Prorated) of when the cost is incurred
- Total Cost – Calculated cost over the life of the project
- Baseline Cost – Total planned cost
- Cost Variance – Difference between the baseline cost and total cost
- Actual Cost – Costs incurred for work performed
- Remaining Cost – Remaining scheduled expenses that will be incurred in completing the remaining work

Cost Variance Report

Project Name: [detail_inception_iter](#)

Task ID	Task Name	Fixed Cost	Fixed Cost Accrual	Total Cost	Baseline Cost	Cost Variance	Actual Cost	Remaining Cost
1	Inception Phase	\$0.00	Prorated	\$113,625.60	\$109,425.60	\$4,200.00	\$57,857.60	\$55,768.00
2	Project Management	\$0.00	Prorated	\$40,500.00	\$36,300.00	\$4,200.00	\$16,980.00	\$23,520.00
3	Conceive New Project	\$0.00	Prorated	\$2,800.00	\$2,200.00	\$600.00	\$2,800.00	\$0.00
4	Identify and Assess Risks	\$0.00	Prorated	\$1,200.00	\$600.00	\$600.00	\$1,200.00	\$0.00
5	Develop Business Case	\$0.00	Prorated	\$600.00	\$600.00	\$0.00	\$600.00	\$0.00
6	Initiate Project	\$0.00	Prorated	\$600.00	\$600.00	\$0.00	\$600.00	\$0.00
7	Project Approval Review	\$0.00	Prorated	\$400.00	\$400.00	\$0.00	\$400.00	\$0.00
8	Evaluate Project Scope and Risk	\$0.00	Prorated	\$2,400.00	\$1,200.00	\$1,200.00	\$2,400.00	\$0.00
9	Identify and Assess Risks	\$0.00	Prorated	\$1,800.00	\$600.00	\$1,200.00	\$1,800.00	\$0.00
10	Develop Business Case	\$0.00	Prorated	\$600.00	\$600.00	\$0.00	\$600.00	\$0.00
11	Develop Software Development Plan	\$0.00	Prorated	\$7,600.00	\$5,200.00	\$2,400.00	\$7,380.00	\$220.00
12	Develop Measurement Plan	\$0.00	Prorated	\$3,000.00	\$600.00	\$2,400.00	\$3,000.00	\$0.00
13	Develop Risk Management Plan	\$0.00	Prorated	\$600.00	\$600.00	\$0.00	\$600.00	\$0.00
14	Develop Product Acceptance Plan	\$0.00	Prorated	\$600.00	\$600.00	\$0.00	\$600.00	\$0.00
15	Develop Problem Resolution Plan	\$0.00	Prorated	\$600.00	\$600.00	\$0.00	\$600.00	\$0.00
16	Define Project Organization and Staffing	\$0.00	Prorated	\$600.00	\$600.00	\$0.00	\$600.00	\$0.00
17	Define Monitoring & Control Processes	\$0.00	Prorated	\$600.00	\$600.00	\$0.00	\$600.00	\$0.00
18	Plan Phases and	\$0.00	Prorated	\$600.00	\$600.00	\$0.00	\$480.00	\$120.00

Schedule Variance Web Report

This report provides stakeholders information related to whether or not the project and specific tasks are on schedule and how much variance there is in the schedule. The report shows a list of Tasks along with the following additional information:

- Start Date – Date when a task is scheduled to begin
- Finish Date – Date when a task is scheduled to be completed
- Baseline Start Date – Planned beginning date for the task at the time you baseline your plan
- Baseline Finish Date – Planned end date for the task at the time you baseline
- Start Variance – Difference between the baseline start and the currently scheduled start date
- Finish Variance – Difference between the baseline finish and the currently scheduled finish date

Schedule Variance Report

Project Name: [detail_inception_iter](#)

Task ID	Task Name	Start Date	Finish Date	Baseline Start Date	Baseline Finish Date	Start Variance	Finish Variance
1	Inception Phase	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	8/5/1999 9:36:00 AM	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	8/2/1999 5:00:00 PM	0 days	2.2 days
2	Project Management	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	8/5/1999 9:36:00 AM	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	8/2/1999 5:00:00 PM	0 days	2.2 days
3	Conceive New Project	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/5/1999 5:00:00 PM	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/5/1999 5:00:00 PM	0 days	0 days
4	Identify and Assess Risks	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/4/1999 5:00:00 PM	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/3/1999 5:00:00 PM	0 days	1 day
5	Develop Business Case	5/4/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/4/1999 5:00:00 PM	5/4/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/4/1999 5:00:00 PM	0 days	0 days
6	Initiate Project	5/5/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/5/1999 5:00:00 PM	5/5/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/5/1999 5:00:00 PM	0 days	0 days
7	Project Approval Review	5/5/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/5/1999 5:00:00 PM	5/5/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/5/1999 5:00:00 PM	0 days	0 days
8	Evaluate Project Scope and Risk	5/6/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/10/1999 5:00:00 PM	5/6/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/7/1999 5:00:00 PM	0 days	1 day
9	Identify and Assess Risks	5/6/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/10/1999 5:00:00 PM	5/6/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/6/1999 5:00:00 PM	0 days	2 days
10	Develop Business Case	5/7/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/7/1999 5:00:00 PM	5/7/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/7/1999 5:00:00 PM	0 days	0 days
11	Develop Software Development Plan	5/31/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/14/1999 9:36:00 AM	5/31/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/9/1999 5:00:00 PM	0 days	2.2 days
12	Develop Measurement Plan	5/31/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/7/1999 12:00:00 PM	5/31/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/31/1999 5:00:00 PM	0 days	4.5 days
13	Develop Risk Management Plan	6/1/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/7/1999 5:00:00 PM	6/1/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/1/1999 5:00:00 PM	0 days	4 days
14	Develop Product Acceptance Plan	6/2/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/8/1999 12:00:00 PM	6/2/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/2/1999 5:00:00 PM	0 days	3.5 days
15	Develop Problem	6/3/1999	6/9/1999	6/3/1999	6/3/1999	0 days	3.1 days

Late Tasks Web Report

This report shows a list of all tasks where the Finish Date is now beyond the originally Planned Baseline Finish Date. This report provides stakeholders information related to tasks that are currently behind schedule along with the current variance of the late tasks. Refer to the previous Schedule Variance Report for an explanation of the columns.

Late Tasks Report

Project Name: [detail_inception_iter](#)

Task ID	Task Name	Start Date	Finish Date	Baseline Start Date	Baseline Finish Date	Start Variance	Finish Variance
1	Inception Phase	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	8/5/1999 9:36:00 AM	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	8/2/1999 5:00:00 PM	0 days	2.2 days
2	Project Management	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	8/5/1999 9:36:00 AM	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	8/2/1999 5:00:00 PM	0 days	2.2 days
4	Identify and Assess Risks	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/4/1999 5:00:00 PM	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/3/1999 5:00:00 PM	0 days	1 day
12	Develop Measurement Plan	5/31/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/7/1999 12:00:00 PM	5/31/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/31/1999 5:00:00 PM	0 days	4.5 days
13	Develop Risk Management Plan	6/1/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/7/1999 5:00:00 PM	6/1/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/1/1999 5:00:00 PM	0 days	4 days
14	Develop Product Acceptance Plan	6/2/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/8/1999 12:00:00 PM	6/2/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/2/1999 5:00:00 PM	0 days	3.5 days
15	Develop Problem Resolution Plan	6/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/9/1999 8:48:00 AM	6/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/3/1999 5:00:00 PM	0 days	3.1 days
16	Define Project Organization and Staffing	6/4/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/9/1999 3:24:00 PM	6/4/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/4/1999 5:00:00 PM	0 days	2.8 days
21	Plan for Next Iteration	6/14/1999 9:36:00 AM	6/17/1999 9:36:00 AM	6/10/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/14/1999 5:00:00 PM	2.2 days	2.2 days
22	Develop Iteration Plan	6/14/1999 9:36:00 AM	6/15/1999 9:36:00 AM	6/10/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/10/1999 5:00:00 PM	2.2 days	2.2 days
23	Develop Business Case	6/15/1999 9:36:00 AM	6/16/1999 9:36:00 AM	6/11/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/11/1999 5:00:00 PM	2.2 days	2.2 days
24	Iteration Plan Review	6/16/1999 9:36:00 AM	6/17/1999 9:36:00 AM	6/14/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/14/1999 5:00:00 PM	2.2 days	2.2 days
25	Manage Iteration	6/17/1999 9:36:00 AM	7/15/1999 9:36:00 AM	6/15/1999 8:00:00 AM	7/12/1999 5:00:00 PM	2.2 days	2.2 days
--	Acquire Staff	6/17/1999	6/24/1999	6/15/1999	6/21/1999	2.2 days	2.2 days

Milestone Tasks Web Report

This report provides stakeholders information related to the status of milestone tasks. The report shows a list of tasks that are defined to be milestone tasks along with the following information:

- Milestone – Boolean field to indicate whether the task is a milestone
- Percent Complete – Current status of the task indicated by percentage of the task’s duration that has been completed
- Duration – Total span of active working time for a task
- Work Hours – Total amount of time scheduled
- Start Date – Date when a task is scheduled to begin
- Finish Date – Date when a task is scheduled to be completed

Milestone Tasks Report

Project Name: [detail_inception_iter](#)

Task ID	Milestone	Percent Complete	Task Name	Duration	Work Hours	Start Date	Finish Date
1	True	55%	Inception Phase	68.2 days	1985.92 hrs	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	8/5/1999 9:36:00 AM
4	True	100%	Identify and Assess Risks	2 days	16 hrs	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/4/1999 5:00:00 PM
5	True	100%	Develop Business Case	1 day	8 hrs	5/4/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/4/1999 5:00:00 PM
6	True	100%	Initiate Project	1 day	8 hrs	5/5/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/5/1999 5:00:00 PM
7	True	100%	Project Approval Review	1 day	8 hrs	5/5/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/5/1999 5:00:00 PM

Late Milestone Tasks Web Report

This report provides stakeholders information related to the status of late milestone tasks that are not yet finished along with their % Completion status. The report shows a list of milestone tasks that are late along with the following information:

- Percent Complete – Current status of the task indicated by percentage of the task’s duration that has been completed
- Start Date – Date when a task is scheduled to begin
- Finish Date – Date when a task is scheduled to be completed
- Baseline Finish Date – Planned end date for the task at the time you baseline
- Finish Variance – Difference between the baseline finish and the currently scheduled finish date

Late MilestoneTasks Report

Project Name: [detail_inception_iter](#)

Task ID	Milestone	Percent Complete	Task Name	Start Date	Finish Date	Baseline Finish Date	Finish Variance
1	True	55%	Inception Phase	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	8/5/1999 9:36:00 AM	8/2/1999 5:00:00 PM	2.2 days
4	True	100%	Identify and Assess Risks	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/4/1999 5:00:00 PM	5/3/1999 5:00:00 PM	1 day

Work Hours Variance Web Report

This report provides stakeholders with information related to the current status of the work effort involved in completing the project and individual tasks. The report contains a list of defined tasks along with the following information:

- Work Hours – Total amount of time scheduled on the task
- Baseline Work Hours – Total planned hours scheduled for a task
- Actual Work Hours – Amount of work that has already been performed
- Work Hours Variance – Difference between the task’s baseline work and the currently scheduled work
- Remaining Work Hours - Amount of time still required to complete the task
- Percent Complete Work Hours – Current status of the task expressed in percent of the task’s duration that has been completed

Work Hours Variance Report

Project Name: detail_inception_iter

Task ID	Task Name	Work Hours	Baseline Work Hours	Actual Work Hours	Work Hours Variance	Remaining Work Hours	Percent Complete Work Hours
1	Inception Phase	1985.92 hrs	1929.92 hrs	1005.92 hrs	56 hrs	980 hrs	51%
2	Project Management	588 hrs	532 hrs	233.6 hrs	56 hrs	354.4 hrs	40%
3	Conceive New Project	40 hrs	32 hrs	40 hrs	8 hrs	0 hrs	100%
4	Identify and Assess Risks	16 hrs	8 hrs	16 hrs	8 hrs	0 hrs	100%
5	Develop Business Case	8 hrs	8 hrs	8 hrs	0 hrs	0 hrs	100%
6	Initiate Project	8 hrs	8 hrs	8 hrs	0 hrs	0 hrs	100%
7	Project Approval Review	8 hrs	8 hrs	8 hrs	0 hrs	0 hrs	100%
8	Evaluate Project Scope and Risk	32 hrs	16 hrs	32 hrs	16 hrs	0 hrs	100%
9	Identify and Assess Risks	24 hrs	8 hrs	24 hrs	16 hrs	0 hrs	100%
10	Develop Business Case	8 hrs	8 hrs	8 hrs	0 hrs	0 hrs	100%
11	Develop Software Development Plan	104 hrs	72 hrs	100.8 hrs	32 hrs	3.2 hrs	97%
12	Develop Measurement Plan	40 hrs	8 hrs	40 hrs	32 hrs	0 hrs	100%
13	Develop Risk Management Plan	8 hrs	8 hrs	8 hrs	0 hrs	0 hrs	100%
14	Develop Product Acceptance Plan	8 hrs	8 hrs	8 hrs	0 hrs	0 hrs	100%
15	Develop Problem Resolution Plan	8 hrs	8 hrs	8 hrs	0 hrs	0 hrs	100%
16	Define Project Organization and Staffing	8 hrs	8 hrs	8 hrs	0 hrs	0 hrs	100%
17	Define Monitoring & Control Processes	8 hrs	8 hrs	8 hrs	0 hrs	0 hrs	100%
18	Plan Phases and Iterations	8 hrs	8 hrs	6.4 hrs	0 hrs	1.6 hrs	80%
19	Compile Software Development Plan	8 hrs	8 hrs	7.2 hrs	0 hrs	0.8 hrs	90%
20	Project Planning Review	8 hrs	8 hrs	7.2 hrs	0 hrs	0.8 hrs	90%
21	Plan for Next Iteration	24 hrs	24 hrs	20.8 hrs	0 hrs	3.2 hrs	87%
22	Develop Iteration Plan	8 hrs	8 hrs	6.4 hrs	0 hrs	1.6 hrs	80%

Task Summary Web Report

This report provides stakeholders with a summary view of cost, effort, and percent complete to date for the project and individual tasks. The report shows a list of tasks along with the following additional information:

- Duration – Total span of active working time for a task
- Start Date – Date when a task is scheduled to begin
- Finish Date – Date when a task is scheduled to be completed
- Percent Complete – Current status of the task indicated by percentage of the task's duration that has been completed
- Cost – Calculated total cost over the life of the project
- Work Hours – Total amount of time scheduled

Task Summary Report

Project Name: [detail_inception_iter](#)

Task ID	Task Name	Duration	Start Date	Finish Date	Percent Complete	Cost	Work Hours
1	Inception Phase	68.2 days	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	8/5/1999 9:36:00 AM	55%	\$113,625.60	1985.92 hrs
2	Project Management	68.2 days	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	8/5/1999 9:36:00 AM	38%	\$40500.00	588 hrs
3	Conceive New Project	3 days	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/5/1999 5:00:00 PM	100%	\$2,800.00	40 hrs
4	Identify and Assess Risks	2 days	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/4/1999 5:00:00 PM	100%	\$1,200.00	16 hrs
5	Develop Business Case	1 day	5/4/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/4/1999 5:00:00 PM	100%	\$600.00	8 hrs
6	Initiate Project	1 day	5/5/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/5/1999 5:00:00 PM	100%	\$600.00	8 hrs
7	Project Approval Review	1 day	5/5/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/5/1999 5:00:00 PM	100%	\$400.00	8 hrs
8	Evaluate Project Scope and Risk	3 days	5/6/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/10/1999 5:00:00 PM	100%	\$2,400.00	32 hrs
9	Identify and Assess Risks	3 days	5/6/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/10/1999 5:00:00 PM	100%	\$1,800.00	24 hrs
10	Develop Business Case	1 day	5/7/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/7/1999 5:00:00 PM	100%	\$600.00	8 hrs
11	Develop Software Development Plan	10.2 days	5/31/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/14/1999 9:36:00 AM	97%	\$7,600.00	104 hrs
12	Develop Measurement Plan	5 days	5/31/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/7/1999 12:00:00 PM	100%	\$3,000.00	40 hrs
13	Develop Risk Management Plan	1 day	6/1/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/7/1999 5:00:00 PM	100%	\$600.00	8 hrs
14	Develop Product Acceptance Plan	1 day	6/2/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/8/1999 12:00:00 PM	100%	\$600.00	8 hrs
15	Develop Problem Resolution Plan	1 day	6/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	6/9/1999 8:48:00 AM	100%	\$600.00	8 hrs
16	Define Project	1 day	6/4/1999	6/9/1999	100%	\$600.00	8 hrs

Task Tracking Web Report

This report provides stakeholders with actuals information. This report shows a list of the tasks along with the following additional information:

- Actual Start Date – Date when the task actually began
- Actual Finish Date – Date when the task actually completed
- Percent Complete – Current status of the task expressed in percent of the task’s duration that has been completed
- Actual Duration – Span of actual working time for a task so far
- Remaining Duration – Amount of time required to complete the task
- Actual Cost – Costs incurred for work performed
- Actual Work Hours – Amount of work that has already been performed

Task Tracking Report

Project Name: [detail_inception_iter](#)

Task ID	Task Name	Actual Start Date	Actual Finish Date	Percent Complete	Actual Duration	Remaining Duration	Actual Cost	Actual Work Hours
1	Inception Phase	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	NA	55%	37.28 days	30.92 days	\$57,857.60	1005.92 hrs
2	Project Management	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	NA	38%	25.86 days	42.34 days	\$16,980.00	233.6 hrs
3	Conceive New Project	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/5/1999 5:00:00 PM	100%	3 days	0 days	\$2,800.00	40 hrs
4	Identify and Assess Risks	5/3/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/4/1999 5:00:00 PM	100%	2 days	0 days	\$1,200.00	16 hrs
5	Develop Business Case	5/4/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/4/1999 5:00:00 PM	100%	1 day	0 days	\$600.00	8 hrs
6	Initiate Project	5/5/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/5/1999 5:00:00 PM	100%	1 day	0 days	\$600.00	8 hrs
7	Project Approval Review	5/5/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/5/1999 5:00:00 PM	100%	1 day	0 days	\$400.00	8 hrs
8	Evaluate Project Scope and Risk	5/6/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/10/1999 5:00:00 PM	100%	3 days	0 days	\$2,400.00	32 hrs
9	Identify and Assess Risks	5/6/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/10/1999 5:00:00 PM	100%	3 days	0 days	\$1,800.00	24 hrs
10	Develop Business Case	5/7/1999 8:00:00 AM	5/7/1999 5:00:00 PM	100%	1 day	0 days	\$600.00	8 hrs
11	Develop Software Development Plan	5/31/1999 8:00:00 AM	NA	97%	9.89 days	0.31 days	\$7,380.00	100.8 hrs

Task Assignment Web Report

This report is useful in identifying what tasks have been assigned to which resource. The report shows a list of assigned tasks grouped by Resource Name along with the following information:

- Work Hours – Total amount of time scheduled for the resource for the assigned task
- Actual Work Hours – Amount of work that has already been performed by the resource for the assigned task
- Remaining Work Hours - Amount of time still required to complete the task by the resource for the assigned task
- Budgeted Cost – Total scheduled cost for the resource for the assigned task
- Actual Cost – Costs incurred for work performed by the resource for the assigned task
- Remaining Cost – Remaining scheduled expenses that will be incurred in completing the remaining work for the resource for the assigned task

Task Assignment Resource Report

Project Name: [detail_inception_iter](#)

Resource Name: [Architect](#)

. Currently, no tasks have been associated with this resource.

Resource Name: [Architecture Reviewer](#)

. Currently, no tasks have been associated with this resource.

Resource Name: [Business-Process Analyst](#)

Task ID	Task Name	Work Hours	Actual Work Hours	Remaining Work Hours	Budgeted Cost	Actual Cost	Remaining Cost
122	Develop Business-Modeling Guidelines	8 hrs	8 hrs	0 hrs	\$440.00	\$440.00	\$0.00

Resource Name: [Business Designer](#)

. Currently, no tasks have been associated with this resource.

Resource Name: [Business-Model Reviewer](#)

. Currently, no tasks have been associated with this resource.

Resource Name: [Code Reviewer](#)

. Currently, no tasks have been associated with this resource.

Resource Name: [Configuration Manager](#)

Task ID	Task Name	Work Hours	Actual Work Hours	Remaining Work Hours	Budgeted Cost	Actual Cost	Remaining Cost
137	Establish CM Policies	8 hrs	8 hrs	0 hrs	\$560.00	\$560.00	\$0.00
136	Write CM Plan	8 hrs	8 hrs	0 hrs	\$560.00	\$560.00	\$0.00
141	Setup CM Environment	8 hrs	8 hrs	0 hrs	\$560.00	\$560.00	\$0.00
156	Create Deployment	48 hrs	9.6 hrs	38.4 hrs	\$3,360.00	\$672.00	\$2,688.00

Earned Value Web Report

This report provides stakeholders with insight into the current Earned Value of the project. Earned Value analysis is useful in that it focuses on schedule and budget performance as compared to baseline plans. The purpose of earned value analysis is to measure the project's progress, and help predict its outcome. Earned value analysis addresses the question: For the current performance results we are getting on the project, are we getting our money's worth? Earned value analysis allows stakeholders to determine two important things: 1) the true cost of project results to date, and 2) the performance trend that is likely to continue for the remainder of the project.

The report shows a list of defined tasks along with the following information:

- Baseline Cost – Total planned cost for a task. Also known as Budget at Completion (BAC).
- Budgeted Cost of Work Performed (BCWP) – Cumulative value of the task's time-phased percent complete multiplied by the task's time-phased baseline cost. It is calculated up to the status date. Also known as Earned Value (EV).
- Budgeted Cost of Work Scheduled (BCWS) – Cumulative time-phased baseline costs up to the status date.
- Actual Work Hours – Amount of work that has already been performed
- Actual Cost – Costs incurred for work performed
- Actual Cost of Work Performed (ACWP) – Costs incurred for work already done on the task, up to the status date.
- Cost Performance Index (CPI) – Ratio of budgeted to actual cost – $CPI = BCWP / ACWP$. The Schedule Performance Index (SPI) column is the ratio of performed to scheduled work – $SPI = BCWP / BCWS$.
- Schedule Performance Index (SPI) – Ratio of budgeted to actual cost – $CPI = BCWP / ACWP$. The Schedule Performance Index (SPI) column is the ratio of performed to scheduled work – $SPI = BCWP / BCWS$.

Earned Value Report

Project Name: [detail_inception_iter](#)

Task ID	Task Name	Baseline Cost	Budgeted Cost of Work Planned (BCWP)	Budgeted Cost of Work Scheduled (BCWS)	Actual Work Hours	Actual Cost	Actual Cost of Work Performed (ACWP)	Cost Performance Index (CPI)	Schedule Performance Index (SPI)
1	Inception Phase	\$109425.60	\$53,657.60	\$109425.60	1005.92 hrs	\$57,857.60	\$57,857.60	0.927408	0.490357
2	Project Management	\$36,300.00	\$12,780.00	\$36,300.00	233.6 hrs	\$16,980.00	\$16,980.00	0.752650	0.352066
3	Conceive New Project	\$2,200.00	\$2,200.00	\$2,200.00	40 hrs	\$2,800.00	\$2,800.00	0.785714	1.000000
4	Identify and Assess Risks	\$600.00	\$600.00	\$600.00	16 hrs	\$1,200.00	\$1,200.00	0.500000	1.000000
5	Develop Business Case	\$600.00	\$600.00	\$600.00	8 hrs	\$600.00	\$600.00	1.000000	1.000000
6	Initiate Project	\$600.00	\$600.00	\$600.00	8 hrs	\$600.00	\$600.00	1.000000	1.000000
7	Project Approval Review	\$400.00	\$400.00	\$400.00	8 hrs	\$400.00	\$400.00	1.000000	1.000000
8	Evaluate Project Scope and Risk	\$1,200.00	\$1,200.00	\$1,200.00	32 hrs	\$2,400.00	\$2,400.00	0.500000	1.000000
9	Identify and Assess Risks	\$600.00	\$600.00	\$600.00	24 hrs	\$1,800.00	\$1,800.00	0.333333	1.000000
10	Develop Business Case	\$600.00	\$600.00	\$600.00	8 hrs	\$600.00	\$600.00	1.000000	1.000000
11	Develop Software Development Plan	\$5,200.00	\$4,980.00	\$5,200.00	100.8 hrs	\$7,380.00	\$7,380.00	0.674797	0.957692
12	Develop Measurement Plan	\$600.00	\$600.00	\$600.00	40 hrs	\$3,000.00	\$3,000.00	0.200000	1.000000
13	Develop Risk Management Plan	\$600.00	\$600.00	\$600.00	8 hrs	\$600.00	\$600.00	1.000000	1.000000
14	Develop Product Acceptance Plan	\$600.00	\$600.00	\$600.00	8 hrs	\$600.00	\$600.00	1.000000	1.000000
15	Develop Problem Resolution Plan	\$600.00	\$600.00	\$600.00	8 hrs	\$600.00	\$600.00	1.000000	1.000000
16	Define Project Organization and Staffing	\$600.00	\$600.00	\$600.00	8 hrs	\$600.00	\$600.00	1.000000	1.000000
17	Define Monitoring & Control Processes	\$600.00	\$600.00	\$600.00	8 hrs	\$600.00	\$600.00	1.000000	1.000000
18	Plan Phases and Iterations	\$600.00	\$480.00	\$600.00	6.4 hrs	\$480.00	\$480.00	1.000000	0.800000

Resource Web Report

This report provides stakeholders with a list of all resources that have been assigned to the project along with how much has been spent and how much is remaining to be spent for each resource. The report shows a list of available Project Resources along with the following information:

- **Baseline Cost** – Total planned cost for a resource. The Baseline Cost is also referred to as budget at completion (BAC), and earned value field. The formula for calculating Baseline Cost = (Work * Standard Rate) + (Overtime Work * Overtime Rate) + Per Use Cost.
- **Baseline Work** – Planned person-hours scheduled for a resource
- **Remaining Cost** – Remaining scheduled expenses that will be incurred in completing all remaining work for the resource
- **Remaining Work** – Sum of all remaining work values in person-hours for all of the resource's assignments
- **Per Use Cost** – Set fee for the use of a resource

Resource Leveling should be done to resolve any resource over-allocations. Resource Leveling is important to insure that the project plan is realistic.

Resources Report

Project Name: [detail_inception_iter](#)

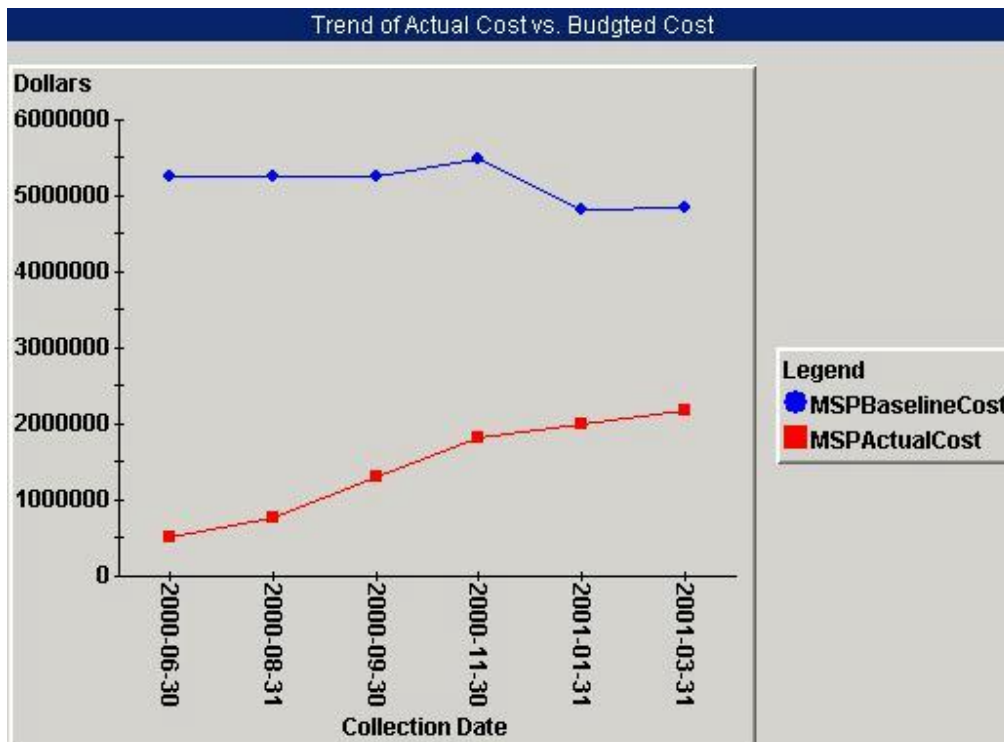
Resource Name	Baseline Cost	Baseline Work	Remaining Cost	Remaining Work	Per Use Cost
Architect	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00
Architecture Reviewer	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00
Business-Process Analyst	\$440.00	8 hrs	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00
Business Designer	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00
Business-Model Reviewer	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00
Code Reviewer	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00
Configuration Manager	\$11,760.00	168 hrs	\$8,736.00	124.8 hrs	\$0.00
Course Developer	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00
Database Designer	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00
Deployment Manager	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00
Design Reviewer	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00
Designer	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00
Implementer	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00
Integration Tester	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00
Performance Tester	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00
Process Engineer	\$3,120.00	48 hrs	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00
Project Manager	\$29,100.00	388 hrs	\$17,400.00	232 hrs	\$0.00
Requirements Reviewer	\$2,880.00	64 hrs	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00
Stakeholder	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00
System Administrator	\$1,920.00	48 hrs	\$1,344.00	33.6 hrs	\$0.00
System Analyst	\$13,085.60	237.92 hrs	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00
System Integrator	\$9,000.00	200 hrs	\$6,480.00	144 hrs	\$0.00
System Tester	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00
Technical Writer	\$280.00	8 hrs	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00
Test Designer	\$640.00	16 hrs	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00
Tool Smith	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00
Use-Case Specifier	\$2,880.00	64 hrs	\$1,080.00	24 hrs	\$0.00
User-Interface Designer	\$3,960.00	72 hrs	\$1,320.00	24 hrs	\$0.00
Project Reviewer	\$7,200.00	144 hrs	\$6,120.00	122.4 hrs	\$0.00
Architectsys	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00	0 hrs	\$0.00
Change Control Manager	\$7,280.00	104 hrs	\$5,040.00	72 hrs	\$0.00
Any Worker	\$4,200.00	168 hrs	\$3,000.00	120 hrs	\$0.00
Software Architect	\$10,400.00	160 hrs	\$4,992.00	76.8 hrs	\$0.00
Tool Specialist	\$1,280.00	32 hrs	\$256.00	6.4 hrs	\$0.00

Microsoft Project Trend Reports Using IBM Rational ProjectConsole

All of the trend charts and gauge indicators shown below were generated using IBM Rational ProjectConsole from a Microsoft Project Data Collection.

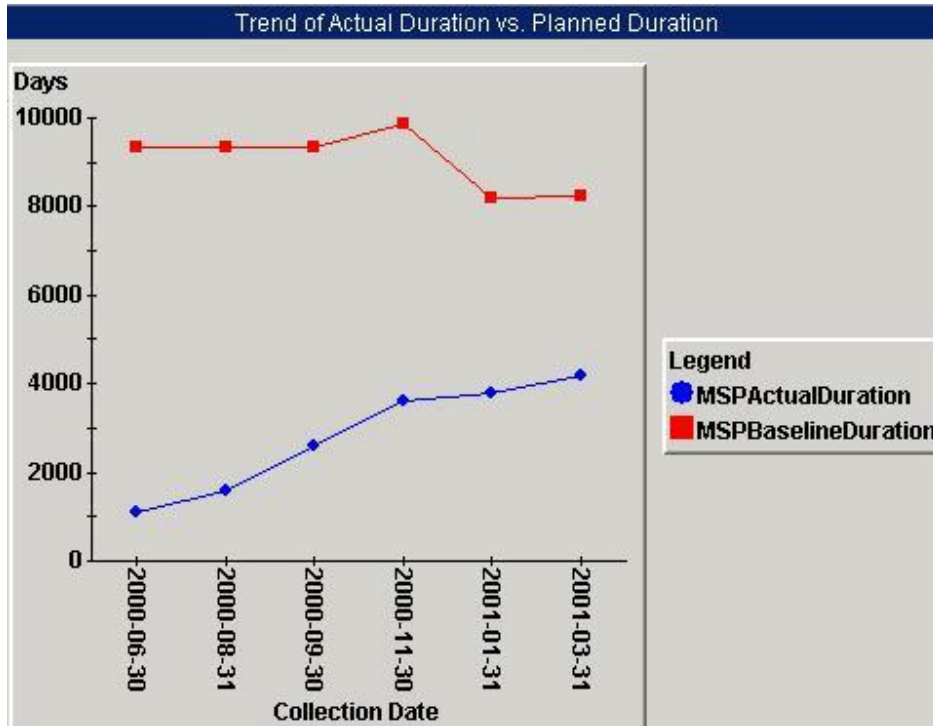
Actual vs. Budgeted Costs Trend Analysis Indicator

This indicator shows the trend of Actual Costs (MSPActualCost) vs. Budgeted Cost (MSPBaselineCost) over the life of the project. As the project progresses, the trend of Actual Costs should get closer but not exceed the original Budgeted Costs if the project is to remain within budget.



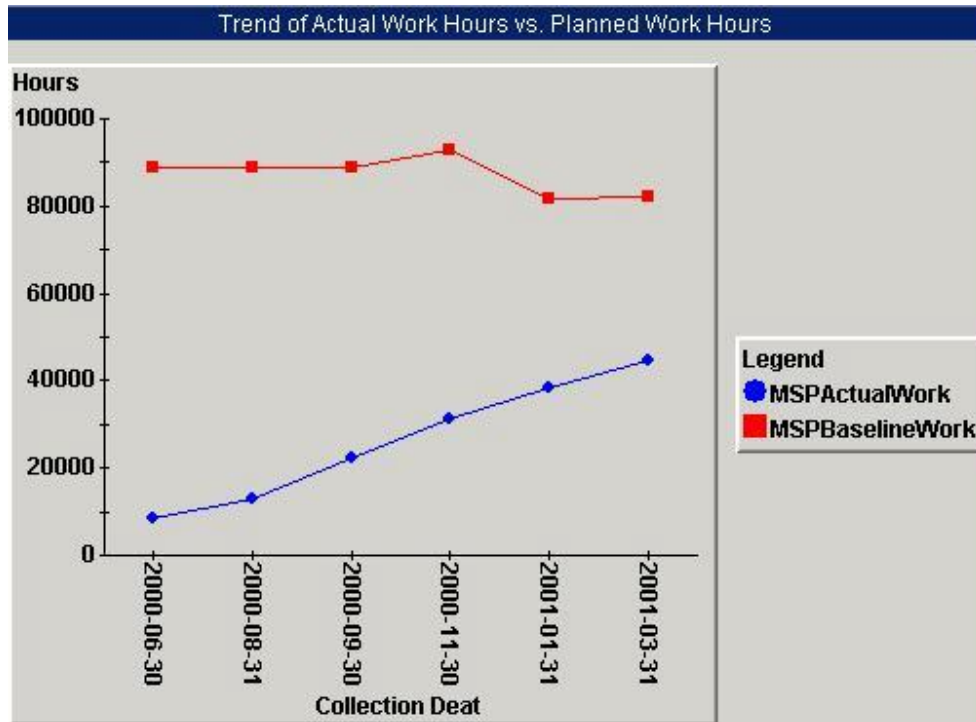
Actual vs. Planned Duration Trend Analysis Indicator

This indicator shows the trend of Actual Duration (MSPActualDuration) vs. Planned Duration (MSPBaselineDuration) over the life of the project. As the project progresses, the Actual Duration will get close to, but should not exceed the Planned Duration if the project is to remain on schedule.



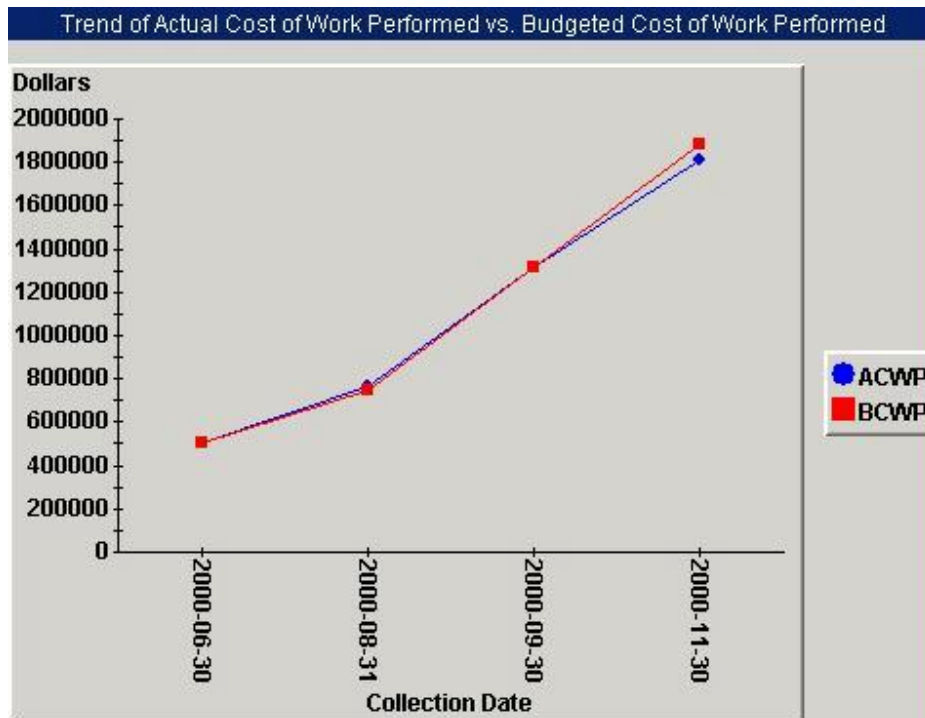
Actual vs. Planned Work Hours Trend Analysis Indicator

This indicator shows a trend of Actual Work Hours (MSPActualWork) vs. Planned Work (MSPBaselineWork) Hours over the lifetime of the project. As the project progresses, the number of Actual Work Hours will get close to, but should not exceed the number of originally Planned Work Hours if the project is to remain on schedule and within budget. If the Actual Work Hours begin to exceed the number of Planned Work Hours, this would signal that a Change Order is required in order to continue the project.



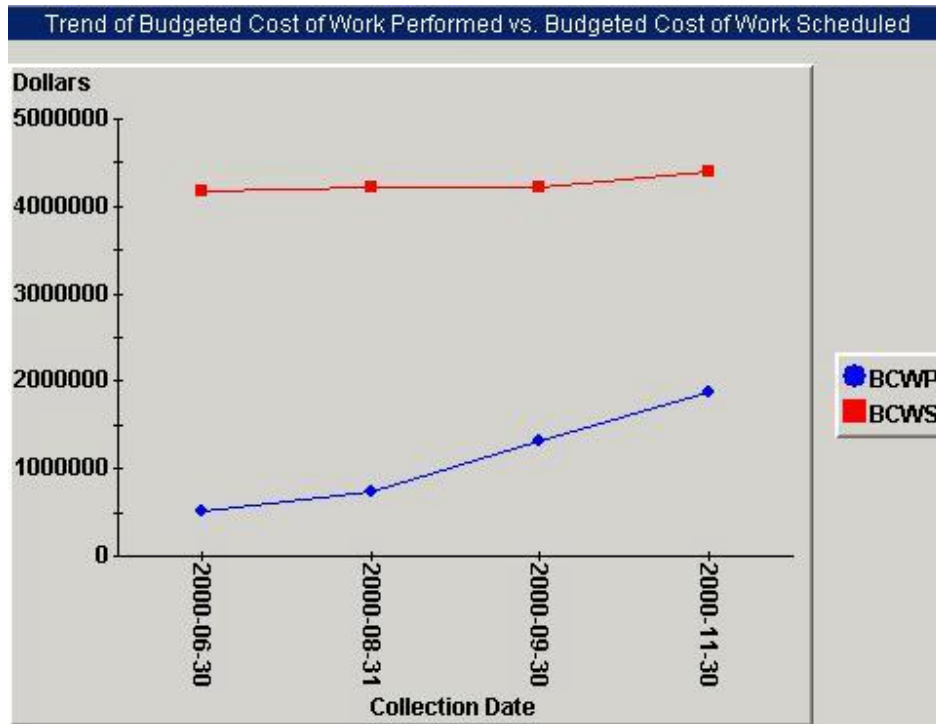
Actual Cost of Work Performed vs. Budgeted Cost of Work Performed Trend Analysis Indicator

This indicator shows the trend of Actual Cost of Work Performed (ACWP) and Budgeted Cost of Work Performed (BCWP) over the life of the project. As the project progresses the ACWP will get close to, but should not exceed the BCWP. If the ACWP does exceed the BCWP, this would indicate that a Change Order might be required in order to continue the project.



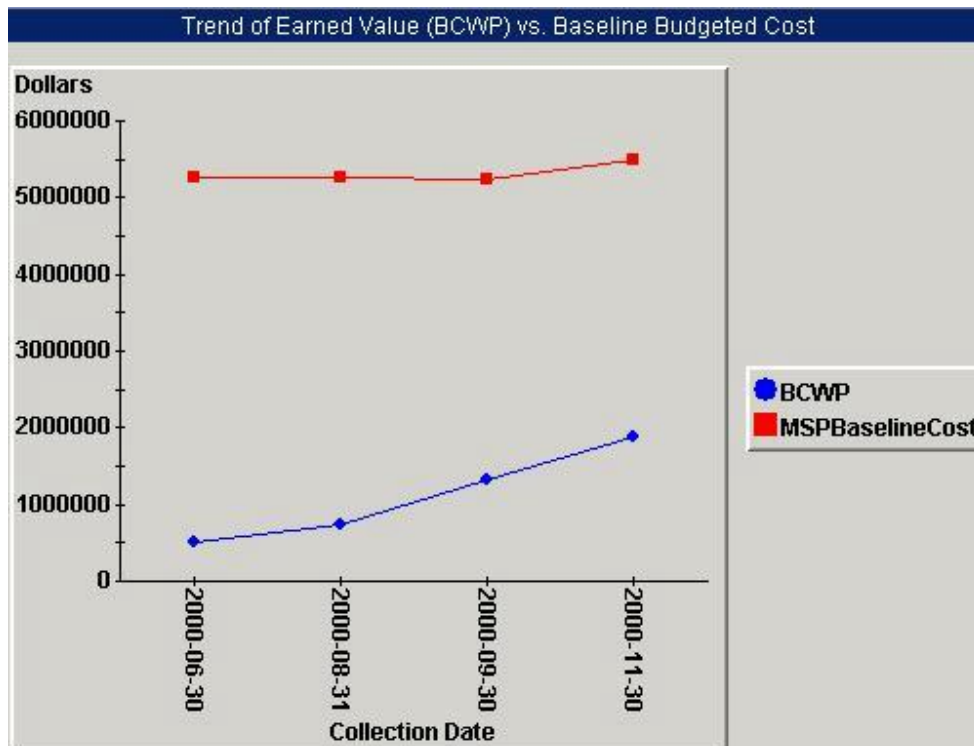
Budgeted Cost of Work Planned vs. Budgeted Cost of Work Scheduled Trend Analysis Indicator

This indicator shows the trend of Budgeted Cost of Work Planned (BCWP) vs. Budgeted Cost of Work Scheduled (BCWS) over the life of the project. As the project progresses, the BCWP will become closer, but should never exceed the BCWS. If the BCWP does exceed the BCWS this would be an indication that a Change Order is required for additional budgeted work hours in order to finish the project.



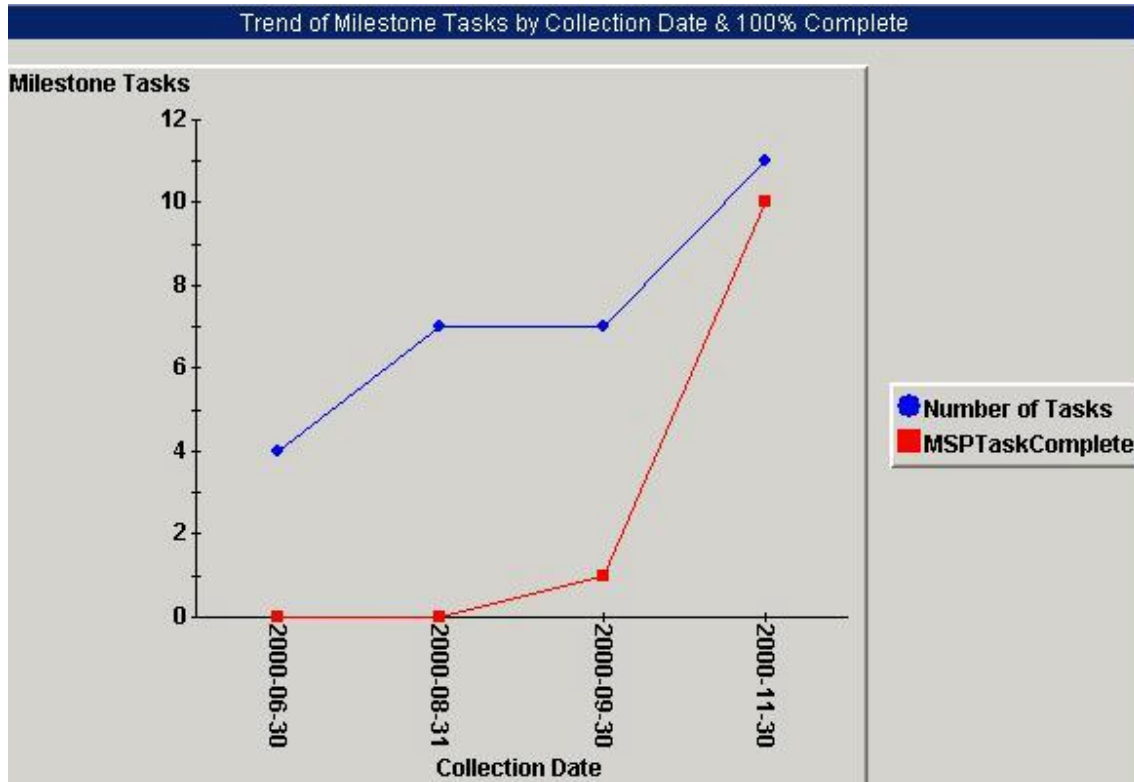
Earned Value vs. Budgeted Cost Trend Analysis Indicator

This indicator shows the trend of Earned Value (BCWP) vs. the Original Baseline Budgeted Cost (MSPBaselineCost) over the life of the project. BCWP (Budgeted Cost of Work Performed) is used synonymously with Earned Value. Over the course of the project, the Earned Value will approach but should not exceed the Original Budgeted Cost. If the Earned Value does exceed the Baseline Budgeted Cost, this is an indication that a Change Order is required for additional funding in order to finish the project.



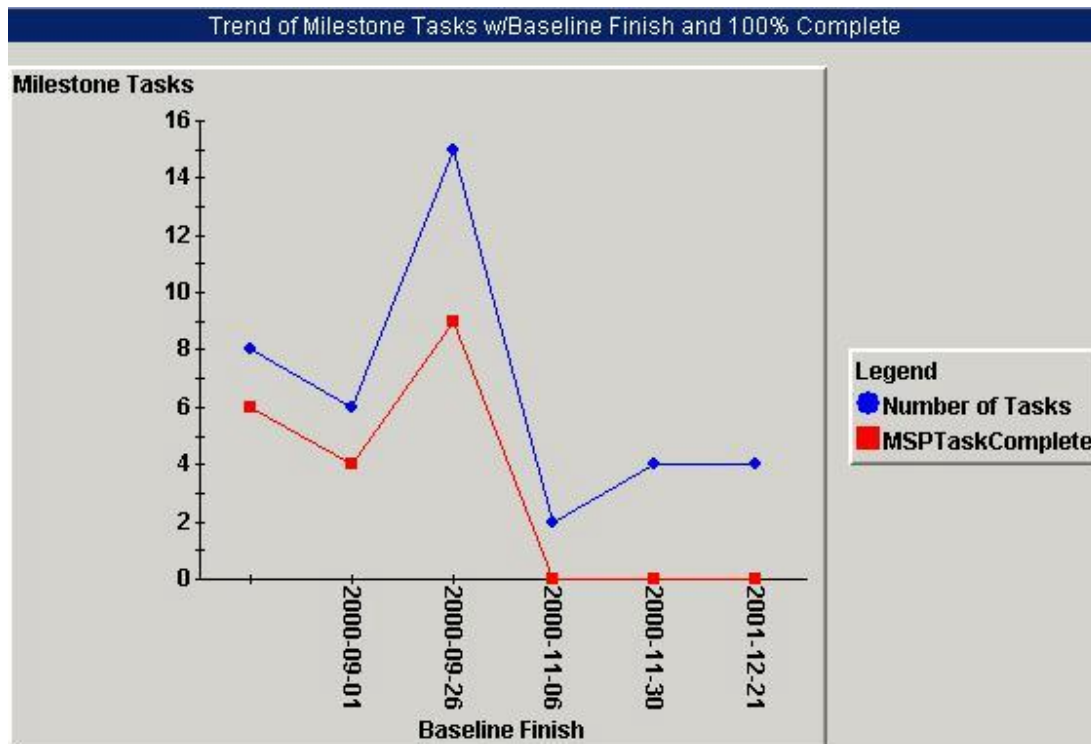
Completed Milestones by Collection Date Trend Analysis Indicator

This indicator shows a trend of the total number of Milestone Tasks (Number of Tasks) and Completed Number of Milestone Tasks (MSPTaskComplete) by Collection Date. Of course, a steady increase in the Number of Milestone Tasks approaching the total Milestone Tasks indicates good progress.



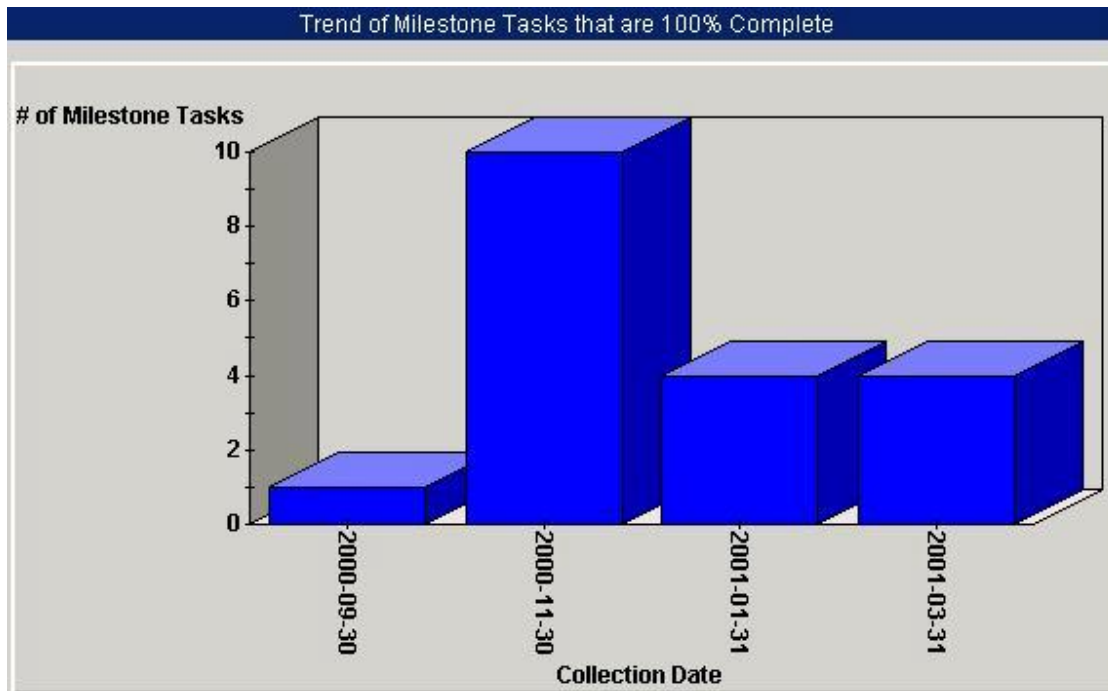
Completed Milestones by Baseline Finish Date Trend Analysis Indicator

This indicator shows the number of Total number of Milestone Tasks (Number of Tasks) and Completed Milestone Tasks (MSPTaskComplete) by Baseline Finish Date. There is a subtle difference between this chart and the previous chart. The subtlety is that this chart is based on the Baseline Finish Date and projects a trend out into the future, whereas the previous chart is based on Collection Date and shows a trend of historical data only. Notice that in this chart, the number of completed Milestone Tasks drops to zero with the 11/6/2000 data point. This trend is showing that all data points after 11/6 are in the future.



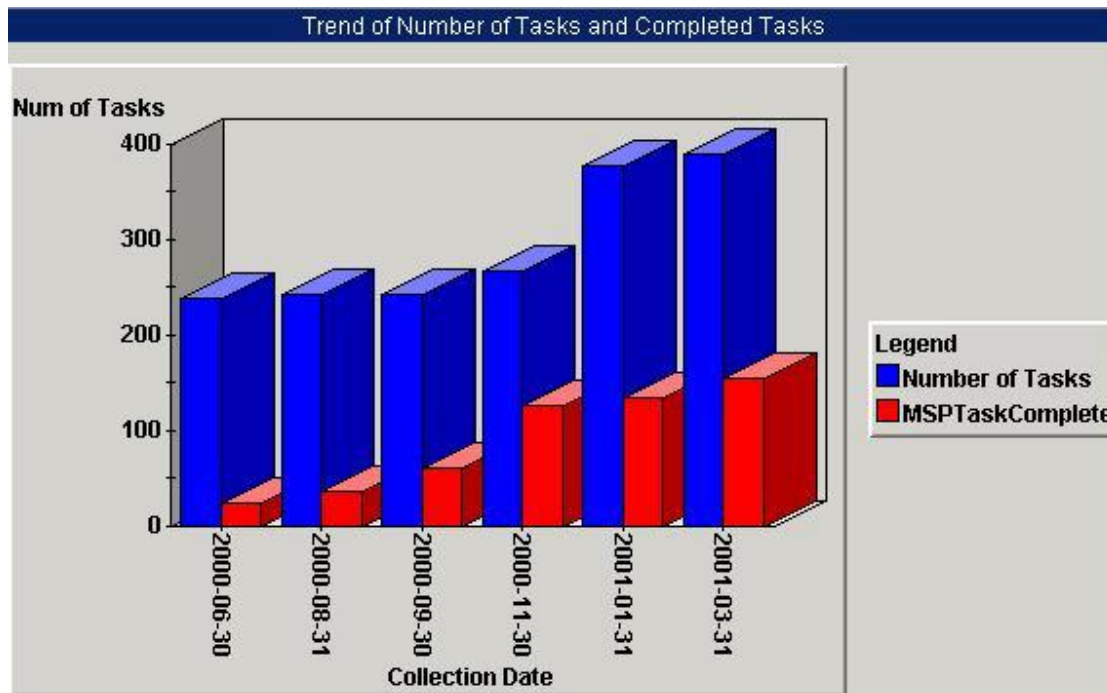
Completed Milestone Tasks Trend Analysis Indicator

This indicator shows the trend of Completed Milestone Tasks by Collection Date. The example shown would indicate a problem (possibly rework is being introduced) since the number of completed tasks dropped. Ideally, the number would increase over time.



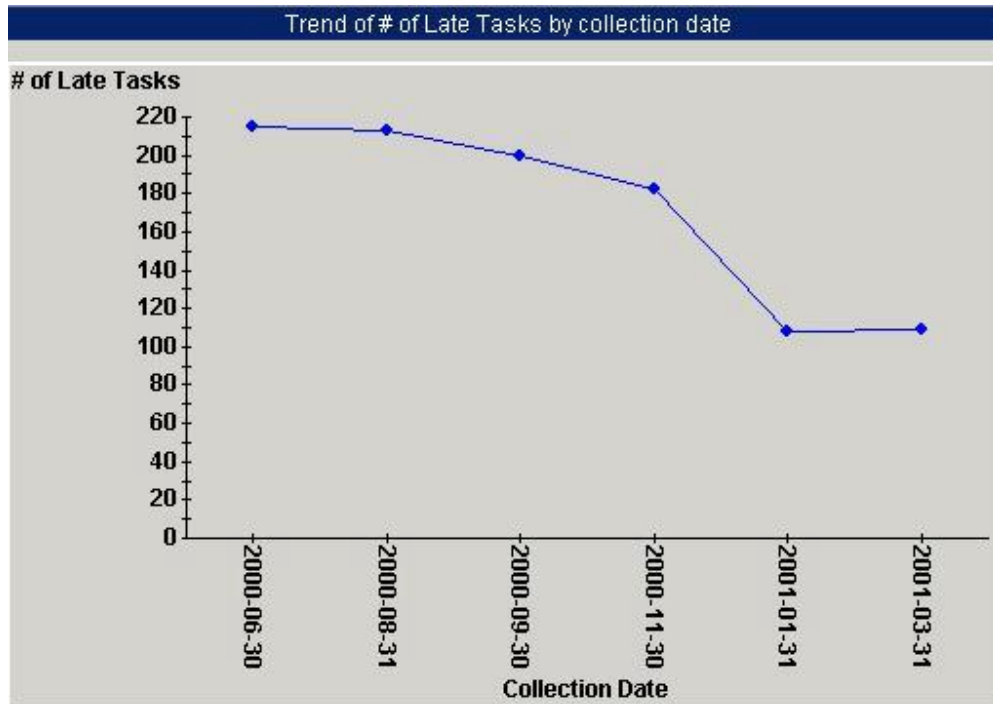
Number of Tasks vs. Completed Tasks Trend Analysis Indicator

This indicator shows the trend of the project Total Number of Tasks compared against the total number of Completed Tasks (MSPTaskComplete) by Collection Date. Over time, the number of Completed Tasks should approach the Total Number of Tasks.



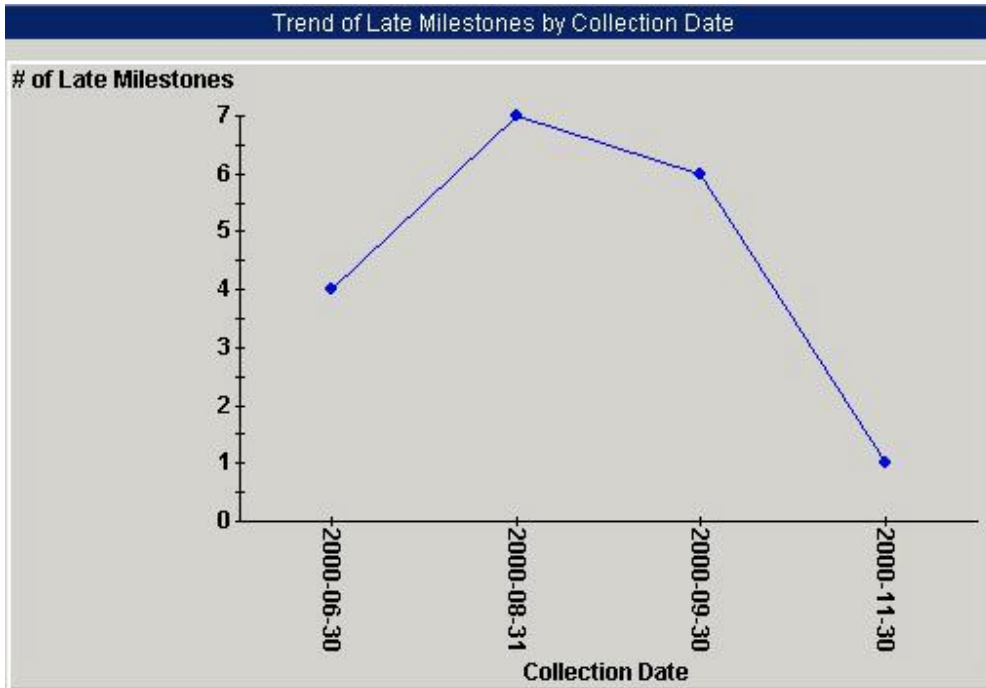
Late Tasks Trend Analysis Indicator

This indicator shows a trend of the number of Late Tasks by Collection Date. A Late Task is defined as a task in which the current Finish Date is beyond the originally planned Baseline Finish Date.



Late Milestone Tasks Trend Analysis Indicator

This indicator shows the trend of the number of Late Milestone Tasks by Collection Date. A Late Milestone Task is defined as a Task that is identified as a Milestone Task where the current Finish Date is beyond the originally planned Baseline Finish Date.

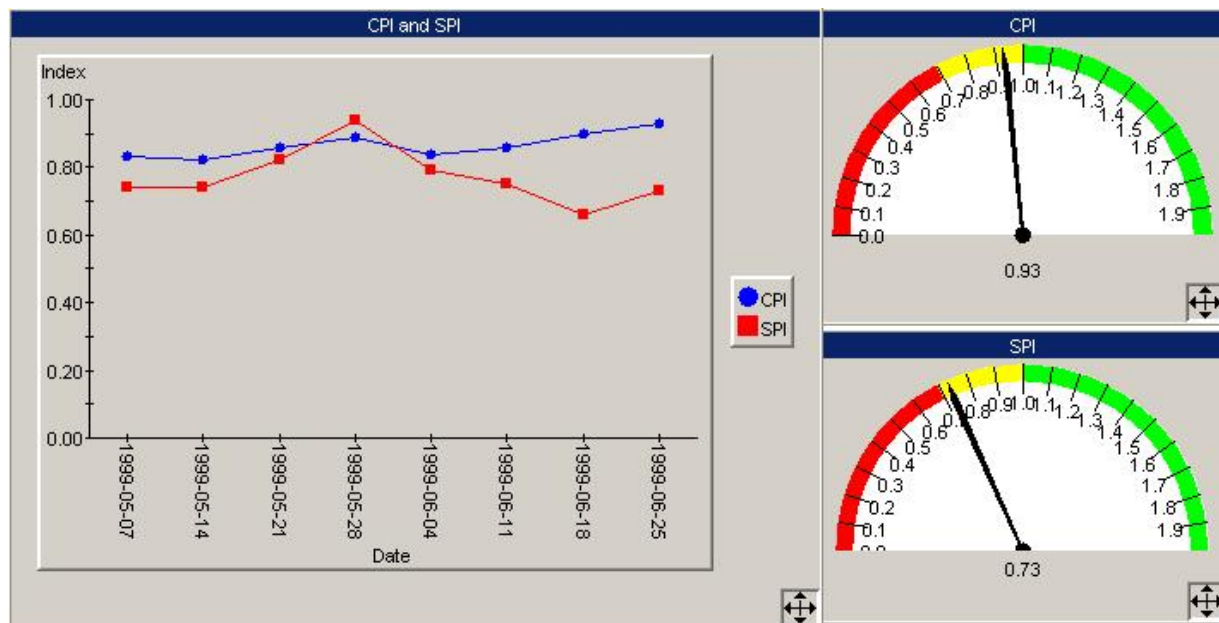


Cost Performance Index (CPI) and Schedule Performance Index (SPI) Trend Analysis Indicators

The chart indicator shows the trend of the CPI and SPI by Collection Date. The gauge indicators show a visual color status of CPI and SPI.

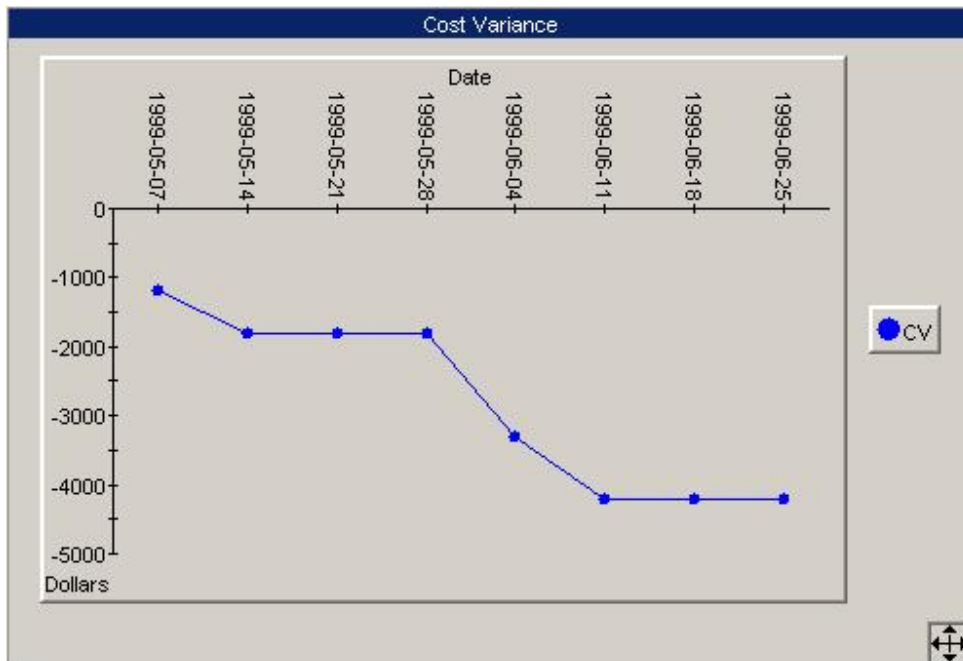
The CPI provides an indication of whether the project or activity is currently spending more than the budgeted cost or less than the budgeted cost. The value of CPI should stay close to 1. If the value falls below 1, then the project is spending more than what was budgeted. If the value is above 1, then the project is spending less than the amount budgeted. The measure can be shown in a trend chart to show progress as well as in a gauge to show the current value with respect to the index (1). The formula for calculating CPI is $BCWP / ACWP$.

The SPI provides an indication of whether the project or activity is currently ahead of schedule or behind schedule. The value of SPI should stay close to 1. If the value falls below 1, then the project or activity is behind schedule. If the value is above 1, then the project or activity is ahead of schedule. The measure can be shown in a trend chart to show progress as well as in a gauge to show the current value with respect to the index (1). The formula for calculating SPI is $BCWP / BCWS$.



Cost Variance (CV) Trend Analysis Indicator

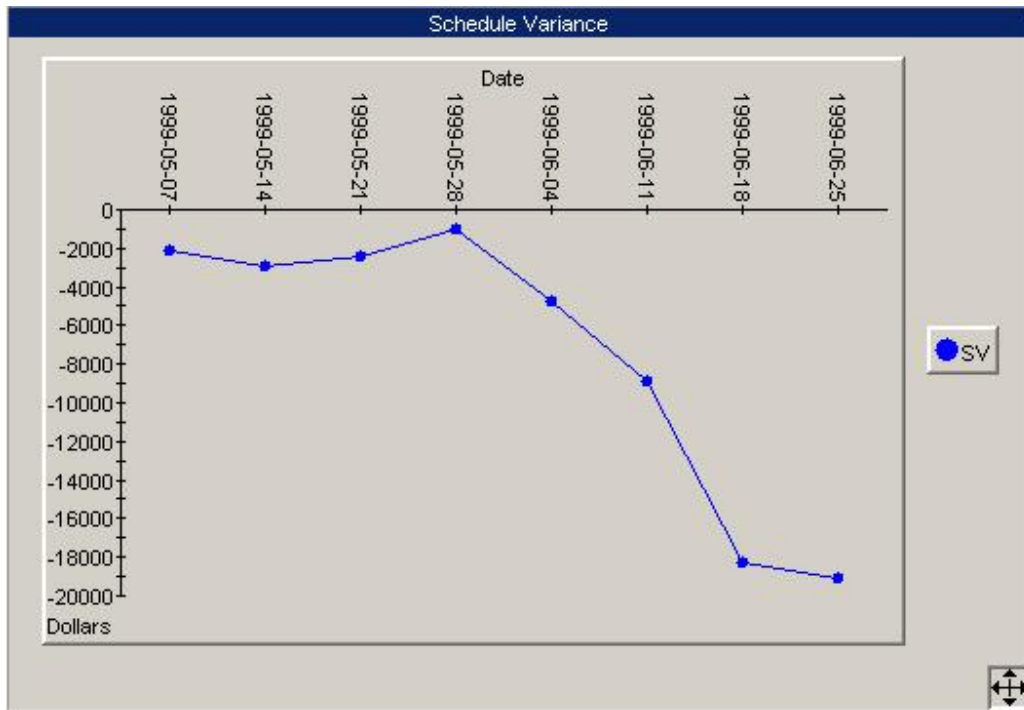
This indicator provides an indication of whether the value of work accomplished is either more or less than what was planned. The value of CV should stay close to 0. If the value falls below 0 (negative), you have spent more than you expected to get the work done – i.e., you have a cost overrun. If the value is above 0 (positive), you have spent less than expected to get the work done – i.e., you are ahead of budget. The formula for calculating CV is $BCWP - ACWP$.



Schedule Variance (SV) Trend Analysis Indicator

This indicator provides an indication of whether the value of work accomplished is either more or less than what was planned. The value of CV should stay close to 0. If the value falls below 0 (negative), then the value of the work actually done is less than planned and you are behind schedule. If the value is above 0 (positive), then the value of the work actually done is more than planned and you are ahead of schedule.

The formula for calculating SV is $BCWP - BCWS$.



Summary

This paper introduces key measures that can be used to measure the progress of a project using data from a Microsoft Project plan.

Project measurement examples shown within this paper were generated, initially from Microsoft Project, and subsequently using IBM Rational ProjectConsole, which is a member of the IBM Rational Team Unifying Platform. IBM Rational ProjectConsole can gather information from any IBM Rational Suite tool, from Microsoft Project, and from other third-party tools via text collections (e.g., comma-separated-value files). Therefore, to achieve the goal of having necessary information visible in ProjectConsole, the information must come from one of those sources.

IBM Rational ProjectConsole enables a software development team to automatically quantify the current project status and assess development trends of their project with up-to-date measures. On a specified scheduled or on-demand basis, measurement data is collected from the IBM Rational Suite's development environment, and from selected 3rd party tools, and then stored in the measurement warehouse. The resulting analysis is then visually presented in graphical charts, gauges, and spotlight indicators to indicate project status at a glance.

By viewing graphical indicators, team members can quickly understand the true status of the progress and quality of their project. ProjectConsole provides all members with the ability to analyze the individual discipline measures, low-level details, planned-versus-actual measures, historic data, trend charts or cross discipline measures to get a better view across the entire project. These capabilities enable the software development team to take prompt corrective actions, realize the cause for late deliverables, set realistic project expectations, forecast future project milestones, and ultimately, put the entire team in a better position to objectively and accurately measure project progress and quality.

About IBM Rational software

IBM Rational software, formerly an independent company and now one of the IBM Software brands, offers a comprehensive software development solution. The IBM Rational software platform combines software engineering best practices, market-leading tools, and expert professional services, all of which drive rapid and continuous improvement in software development capability for on demand businesses.

In addition, IBM Rational software offers more than 20 years experience in promoting and delivering integrated and open software systems, both of which are key characteristics of the on demand operating environment.

Integrated – IBM Rational software has contributed considerable thought leadership and expertise in the areas of Service Oriented Architecture (SOA), enterprise and software architecture, and heterogeneous platform support.

Open – IBM Rational software has a long history in developing and supporting the goals of open computing. This includes development of the Unified Modeling Language (UML), now a standard for modeling applications, database designs, and business processes. IBM Rational software has promoted and participated in the development of a wide variety of open computing standards. It offers support for major programming languages and operating platforms, and it provides an extensive set of application programming interfaces for third-party tools interoperation.

Thousands of companies around the world have realized the benefits of the approach advocated by IBM Rational software. Their processes are results-oriented; the artifacts they produce are well designed and reusable; and they are working at higher levels of capability now required by the on demand era.

References

- [1] – Royce, W., *Software Project Management A Unified Framework*, Addison Wesley, 1998
- [2] – Chatfield, C. & Johnson, T., *Microsoft Project 2000 Step-by-Step*, Microsoft Press, 2000
- [3] – IBM Rational ProjectConsole Software and User Documentation version 2003
- [4] – Microsoft Project 2000, 2002 Software



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Tivoli® software helps you manage the technology that runs your e-business infrastructure.

WebSphere® software helps you extend your existing business-critical process to the Web.

Rational® software helps you improve your software development capability with tools, services, and best practices.

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Rational software from IBM helps organizations create business value by improving their software development capability. The Rational software development platform integrates software engineering best practices, tools, and services. With it, organizations thrive in an on demand world by being more responsive, resilient, and focused. Rational's standards-based, cross-platform solution helps software development teams create and extend business applications, embedded systems and software products. Ninety-eight of the Fortune 100 rely on Rational tools to build better software, faster.

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