HPS Service Pack 20 FLASH/Readme

<u>TOC</u>

This is IBM pSeries High Performance Switch (HPS) Service Pack 20 to support new GFW and PT code levels; and new HPSNM code levels.

This Service Pack details updates to these components:

Hardware Management Console (HMC) 3.3.7 - Build level 20060207.1 Global Firmware (GFW) 3H060626 / 3J060626 Power Subsystem Microcode (PT Code) 26A9 SwitchNetwork Manager (SNM) 1.3.7.0 HPS/SNI LP Software (CSS) (AIX52) 1.1.3.9 HPS/SNI LP Software (CSS) (AIX53) 1.2.0.5 AIX 5L Version 5.2 5.2.0.95 AIX 5L Version 5.3 5.3.0.50 AIX LPs (HPC) as listed in the **Detailed LP Level Check** VSD LAPI HPS **PPE** LoadL **GPFS** CSM

This Service Pack also contains general guidelines for upgrading the components listed in Section 3: "Component update/download information".

These guidelines are intended to be a supplement to the other IBM documents referred to in this document. We strongly advise that you have the referenced documents available before you begin the upgrade process. A list of referenced documents can be found in

Section 1:Supporting Documentation.

RSCT

The Code Levels listed in <u>Section 3: "Component update/download information"</u> reflect the levels available at the time of this Service Pack release.

Some components support only a single version, notably the Microcode for GFW and the Power Subsystem. Subsequent released versions are expected to be backward compatible.

The procedure outlined in <u>Section 4: "Recommended Installation Sequence (Overview)"</u> is the standard sequence of installation.

Non-standard sequences and/or undocumented code levels may cause unforseen problems. In this event please contact your Customer Service Representative.

If you are upgrading to this Service Pack from a service pack that is earlier than SP9, then installing CSM1.4 is required.

The recommended AIX service level for AIX 5L version 5.2 is TL 08 SP01 The recommended AIX service level for AIX 5L version 5.3 is TL 05 The Maintenance package contains CSM 1.4 which requires RPM update openCIMOM 0.8(5.2).

Because '/var' is a system data repository, system administrators should check periodically to maintain /var such that there is at least 30 Mb free [use 'df -k']. If it is more than 75% full, look for the directories that contain the most data. [use 'du /var | sort -n']

Table of Contents:							
÷	Preface						
÷	Supporting Documentation						
÷	Software Updates/Performance Enhancements						
÷	Component update/download information						
÷	Recommended installation sequence (Overview)						
÷	Installation Guidelines						
÷	Known problems/workarounds/Restrictions						
÷	Service Pack fix list (by component)						
Sectio	on 1: Supporting Documentation						
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18.	Hardware Management Console for pSeries Installation and Operations GuideHardware Management Console for pSeries Maintenance Guide (SA38-0603-05)pSeries High Performance Switch (HPS) Planning, Installation and Service Guide (GA22-7951-01) (HPS Guide)IBM eServer pSeries 690Switch Network Interface for eServer pSeries High Performance Switch Guide and Reference (SC23-4869-01)AIX 5.2 documentationAIX 5L Version 5.2 Installation Guide and ReferenceAIX 5L Version 5.2 Performance Management GuideReliable Scalable Cluster Technology (RSCT) LibraryGeneral Parallel File System (GPFS) LibraryIBM Parallel Environment for AIX 5L Installation Version 4 Release 1.1IBM LoadLeveler for AIX 5L and Linux Using and Administering Version 3 Release2LoadLeveler 3.2 documentationPSeries and AIX Information CenterAIX 5L Version 5.3 documentationSystem management guides						
19.	Installation guides						

Section 2: Software Updates/Performance Enhancements

- 1. New SNM/FNM Features
- 2. MPI and LAPI Performance Enhancements
- 3. Support for Node Switch Board (NSB) and Intermediate Switch Board (ISB) failure
- 4. Application Striping and Fail-Over of packets across multiple interfaces for fault resilience
- 5. Application Checkpoint/Restart and preemption
- 6. The Web-based System Manager Remote Client a.k.a WebSM PC CLIENT may need to be reinstalled
- 7. RDMA (remote direct-memory access) transport on HPS

1. New SNM Features: back to toc

New features and functions(on The Switch Network Management Panel):

Introduced in HMC 1.3.1.0 - Service Pack 9

For details of operation please see Chapter 4. System management components and Appendix E. Switch Network Manager (SNM) in pSeries High Performance Switch (HPS) Planning, Installation and Service Guide (GA22-7951-02) (HPS Guide)

Features:

HMC Fail-over: FNM/SNM daemon ("Enable SNM Software in Normal Mode") runs on up to four HMCs in the cluster.

Verification mode: "Enable SNM Software for Switch Network Verification" used to check out the cluster.

Functions :

On the **Switch Network Management Panel** there are three(3) new tasks and one(1) renamed task:

NEW: "Select Logical Topology", "Display Cluster Components", "Enable SNM Software for Switch Network Verification"

RENAMED: "Enable SNM Software for Normal Mode" used to be "Enable SNM Software"

*** Select Logical Topology this introduces a requirement to set the logical topology of your system before enabling SNM software. If the logical topology has not been set, neither of the tasks to Enable SNM Software will be selectable. This is required. See note 1.

Note: If you are using the SNM Fail-over support introduced in the Software Update release, the logical topology must be set on each HMC where you enable SNM software.

Display Cluster Components shows the frames and cages of the cluster components with which SNM can communicate. This task can only be used if SNM software is **NOT** enabled. The lsswcomp command provides the same function as the "Display Cluster Components" task. Enable SNM Software for Switch Network Verification task is used to check out the cluster by NOT removing bad links or routes. The main purpose is to discover cable mis-wires and defective hardware. No Routing is modified or loaded. It is NOT intended to be used in a working environment. Enable SNM Software for Normal Mode. select this to run SNM in a normal, working environment. This is required. See note 1. Notes:

1) *** If you are upgrading from Service Pack 8 or less, then these steps are

REQUIRED for an initial installation of FNM/SNM:

First Select Logical Topology then

Enable SNM Software for Normal Mode.

See "Enable SNM Software" in the HPS Guide.

2) The systems topology selected needs the number of NSB' and ISB's calculated on a per plane basis.

Ex: For a configuration with two NSB's and two planes, there is one NSB per plane with 16

endpoints per plane. This equates to: 1 Network, 2 Planes, 1NSB_OISB_16EP.

2. MPI and LAPI PerformanceEnhancements: back to toc

LAPI and MPI host communication stacks have been tuned, based on experience, for lower latency. These changes complement the communication performance improvements released in part 1. They are being released as one package with the LAPI and MPI striping function. Note: Beginning with the Service Pack 9:

- a single MPI user-space job which wants to use HPS adapters in both of two switch planes **must set MP_EUIDEVICE=sn_all**(or csss). In previous releases, a single MPI/us job with multiple tasks per node could use adapters from two planes by setting

MP_EUIDEVICE=sn_single (or css0).

- A job which sets MP_EUIDEVICE=sn_single will only be able to use half of the HPS adapters on the nodes where it runs.

- A job must set MP_EUIDEVICE=sn_all in order to use all the HPS adapters in the nodes it is using.

3. Support for Node Switch Board (NSB) and Intermediate Switch Board (NSB) failure: back to toc

The SNM daemon has been enhanced to ensure that the failure of an NSB and an ISB will be handled appropriately. The main enhancement is that the Switch Network Manager daemon gathers and downloads multiple path table updates into a single transaction instead of one update per transaction. An entire switch board failure or recovery will generate multiple of path entries changes. Therefore handling these updates in groups involves many fewer transactions. These can be processed in a more timely fashion and place a smaller load on SNM and the service network.

4. Application striping and fail-over of packets across multiple interfaces for

fault resilience: back to toc

Striping provides a method for a single task of a parallel application to utilize multiple SNI links. This allows a single link to fail without the application using the link being terminated because there is an alternate path to all other tasks of the application. The striping method implemented is designed to provide resilience to switch or interface/link failure and is not designed to provide an increase in the aggregate network bandwidth as seen by tasks.

This link failure resilience function requires support in LoadLeveler, Parallel Environment and the host communication stack for MPI and LAPI. When an interface/link recovers, the striping function will ensure that the link is used again. Another goal of this striping design is to evenly distribute traffic over multiple switch networks to maintain a balance in the communications load.

KNOWN ISSUES/CONCERNS

- In non-striping mode you only get half the links on a p655 system using a 2 plane configuration when setting MP_EUIDEVICE=sn_single. You must use MP_EUDEVICE= csss or sn_all to get all links.

- Performance degradation for single task per link of 3% for unidirectional and 5% for exchange

bandwidth at large messages. However, multiple tasks per link get full link bandwidth. - Striping currently limited to two links per task. Multiple tasks can use all links as long as there are more tasks than half the links available.

Note that when using RDMA, there is no large message performance penalty for striping. In fact striping greatly improves large message RDMA bandwidth. The above performance degradation occurs only in packet mode.

5. Checkpoint/Restart and Preemption: back to toc

Checkpoint/restart provides a way to stop and resume applications at some later time. It is a very useful tool in managing the clusters workload since applications can be check-pointed to allow other applications to run or the system made inactive for a maintenance window.

Preemption is also provided so a running application can be suspended to allow another higher priority application to execute right away.

6. The Web-based System Manager Remote Client a.k.a WebSM PC CLIENT

back to toc

If the Web SM is updated, it is recommended that the existing code be reinstalled on your remote server or PC to ensure that the WebSM is compatible with this HMC Build.

To install the PC Client software on your remote server or PC go to: http://<hmc-hostname>/remote_client.html . The two versions you see there are the "legacy" websm client - "install shield" and "The future of websm clients." - webstart. Both versions can exist simultaneously on your client workstation

Install shield:

If there is a currently installed install shield version of WebSM, it **must** be **UNinstalled** before the new version is installed.

Uninstall : From Start -> Control Panel -> Add/Remove Programs -> Web-based System Manager Remote Client click "Change/Remove" and follow instructuions. **Failure to uninstall will result in undefined behavior of the WebSM PC Client.**

Install : Go to: http://<hmc-hostname>/remote_client.html -> "Install Shield" -> select the Operating System where the program will be running.

Select "Open" to immediately install on the machine on which the browser is running. Selecting "Save" will allow you to store the install program for installation at a later time. NOTE: This is a 100 Mb file so either process will require about 15 minutes. Once saved it is a self extracting file that can be used to upgrade multiple PC's.

Webstart:

The webstart installation is a two part installation first - install the 1.4.2 JVM that is has the webstart code. second - invokes the launch code and gets the initial classes downloaded from the HMC.

A feature of the webstart client is that when the client is launched, it will check for new jar files on the HMC and download them, so subsequent update of the HMC server code do not

require the webstart client code to be constantly updated .

There may be an issue of having multiple jvms on the client workstation and the default jvm path not pointing to the IBM 1.4.2 jvm. Webstart does not work well with the sun 1.4.2 jvm, so some cleanup of multiple jvms on your workstation may be needed.

The Java Web Start version requires multiple logins on launching. You have to login to the original HMC whenever you try to connect even if you're just downloading the webstart .jsp files.

If you are getting the .jsp files from a regular AIX box, you will have one less login. You dont experience this in the non-webstart websm because you are not connecting to the webserver to download the .jsp files. Trying to 'cancel out' will result in multiple (up to 16) re-presentations of the login verification box.

1) Install Java Web Start:

Java Web Start for Linux Install Java Web Start on a Linux platform. Once installed, return to this page to download the Remote Client. Java Web Start for Windows Install Java Web Start on a Windows platform. Once installed, return to this page to download the Remote Client.

2) Download Web-based System Manager Remote Client for Java Web Start: Remote Client Download Web-based System Manager Remote Client for Java Web Start on Linux and Windows systems.

The images are quite large, so it may take some time for the download to complete.

7. RDMA transport on HPS

back to toc

Summary:

The IBM eServer pSeries High Performance Switch (HPS) with Remote Direct Memory Access (RDMA) enabled delivers 1.8GB/s of unidirectional bandwidth across a single link and over 3.5GB/s over 2 links to a single MPI task for some applications. Bidirectional bandwidth measures almost 3.0GB/s over a single link and over 5.9GB/s for a single MPI task striping over 2 links.

These measurements were achieved on 2 nodes containing 1.9GHz, Power 4+ based processors with 32 CPUs and 2 HPS adapters, and links on each of the 2 nodes. Large pages and cache-line aligned buffers were used for the MPI measurements. These results indicate nearly linear scaling of large message striping performance. A single link is able to deliver over 1.65GB/s of bandwidth over TCP/IP.

back to toc

Advantages of RDMA transport:

• Decouples the CPU from the movement of data allowing for better overlap of computation and communication.

- Reduces the computational load of the CPU by off-loading segmentation and reassembly of messages to the network adapter, thereby reducing the number of packet arrival interrupts.
- Reduces the stress on the memory subsystems by reducing the number of bus crossings one I/O bus crossing versus the traditional 2 memory bus and 1 I/O bus crossing when not using RDMA.
- Enables the protocols to efficiently stripe a message (or different messages) from a single task across multiple network interfaces to exploit the available communication bandwidth in parallel without engaging multiple CPUs.
- Provides improved raw transport performance. In cases where the transport bottleneck is the copy rate (memory bandwidth), RDMA helps eliminate that bottleneck.

How can applications better exploit RDMA?

To exploit the overlap potential of RDMA, applications should make use of non-blocking calls and schedule communication as early as possible to extract the full overlap potential. For MPI/LAPI applications the RDMA transport kicks in for large messages (to justify the setup costs of RDMA).

Applications that reuse the same communication buffers will benefit further from RDMA since the setup cost is amortized over larger number of transfers.

For applications that send large messages asynchronously, enabling striping should help the applications realize superior transport bandwidth.

RDMA transport is **disabled** by default in this code release in order to insure that customers r unning production workloads that do not need RDMA operate without change.

Note : When RDMA is enabled by changing the device attribute **rdma_xlat_limit** to a value greater than 0, it is possible for an RDMA enabled job to surpass the AIX pin limit which may lead to a hung system. If this pin limit is exceeded slowly enough the parallel application will catch a SIGDANGER signal and kill the job. However, if this pin limit is exceeded too rapidly, AIX may resort to killing processes, including systems processes, which may cause system to appear to be hung. This situation may be prevented by setting the rdma_xlat_limit to a number which is smaller than 4096 times the sum of the number of large and small pages on the system.

back to toc

RDMA Usage:

By default, the RDMA capability of the SNI adapters is turned off.

Use the chdev (or optionally /usr/sni/aix52/chgsni) command to turn on RDMA by setting rdma_xlat_limit to a value greater than 0x0.

The rdma_xlat_limit attribute controls amount of memory allowed for RDMA, per LPAR. The default value of the rdma_xlat_limit attribute is 0x0, effectively turning RDMA off. When using RDMA it is recommended that this attribute value be set to value equal to 75% of small page memory.

This will allow all of the large pages on the system and most of the small pages to be mapped to the sni adapters.

PLEASE NOTE: This odm attr (rdma_xlat_limit) is changed for ALL sni's in an LPAR with just the single command.

For the change to take effect, the LPAR must be rebooted. The RDMA option MUST be turned ON OR OFF across the entire cluster. If it is not, SNI adapters will not communicate due to version mismatch failures!

NOTES:

When RDMA is turned on, the IP protocol automatically uses the RDMA capability. For user space jobs, an additional LoadLeveler keyword (bulkxfer=yes) must be set in the LoadLeveler job control file to indicate that this job is requesting RDMA. This allows users to run both RDMA and non-RDMA jobs on the system. For the most current details see: LoadLeveler 3.2 documentation updates; Addition of support for Bulk Data Transfer ... For more information, please see the "LoadLeveler Using and Administration Guide".

To enable RDMA:/usr/sbin/chdev -l sniX -a rdma_xlat_limit=XLAT_LIMIT ; where XLAT_LIMIT is 75% or less of the small page memory.

Regarding the use of memory by RDMA and TLP.

Real memory is divided into 2 categories - Small Pages and Large pages. It is the users responsibility to achieve an optimal balance between the the 2 categories based on the expected and/or experienced needs of both SNI adapters memory requirements expressed in TLP and applications use of Small Pages as expressed in RDMA. TLP can allocate up to 75% of real memory.

RDMA can pin and map up to 75% of small page application memory.

Total Real Memory is a function of N(bytes of real mem) = T(bytes of reaL mem allocated to TLP) + S(bytes of real mem allocated to Small Pages) Small Page memory is a function of S(bytes of real mem allocated to Small Pages) = N(bytes of real mem) - T(bytes of reaL mem allocated to TLP) Large Page memory is a function of T(bytes of reaL mem allocated to TLP) = N(bytes of real mem) - S(bytes of real mem allocated to Small Pages)

The amount of small page memory can be calculated as follows: lsattr -E -l sys0 -a realmem returns the number of kbytes real memory, call this number A. vmo -o lgpg_regions returns the number of large pages, call this number B.

```
Then A*1024 - B*16*1024*1024 is the amount of small page memory in bytes. Ex:
```

#!/bin/ksh

real_mem=`lsattr -E -l sys0 -a realmem|awk '{print \$2}'` lgpg_regions=`vmo -o lgpg_regions|awk '{print \$3}'` A=\$((real_mem * 1024)) B=\$((lgpg_regions * 16*1024*1024)) print "Real Mem=\$A, TLP=\$B; Small pages=\$((A - B))"

Real Mem=32212254720, TLP=4294967296; Small pages=27917287424

The rdma_xlat_limit will limit the amount of memory that a user application can pin and map for use with RDMA.

This pinning and mapping only survives as long as the job it executing. After it exits the memory is unpinned and freed.

See also **<u>Regarding the use of memory by TLP</u>** in Section 5: Installation Guidelines: step 3b. <u>back to toc</u>

Section 3: Component update/download information

Component	Service pack updates	Download sites
HMC back to toc	The HMC code level for this Service Pack is HMC V3R3.7	HMC corrective service
	Choose HMC_Update_V3R3.6.zip APAR IY72718 PTF U803789	HMC p4 updates
	This Service Pack does not update this component.	
	Note: CD images cannot be downloaded directly from this site.	
	Contact your IBM Sales Representative or Business Partner, and order Hardware Feature Code (MES) 0960 for the initial upgrade CDs.	
	NOTE: If you plan to use the removeable media, please read the Important Notice regarding the use of the Format Removable Media task: <u>HMC p4 updates</u>	

SNM/FNM back to toc	The SNM code level for this Service Pack is SNM Version: 1.3.7.0-1 updates this component. STATUS RPM Version: 1.3.7.0 SNM Version: IBMhsc.SNM-1.3.7.0-1.i386	HMC corrective service OR <u>SNM Service Pack</u>
CEW	The Einmurge level for this Service Deals is	Miercende deumland
GFW back to toc	The Firmware level for this Service Pack is ROM Level (alterable) 3H060626 (P690) ROM Level (alterable) 3J060626 (P655) Ucode Version = 0x50b101100000000 built on 11/16/05 at 17:00 This code is machine specific. use option 1: 1) Download microcode by machine type and model For p690 models select "7040-681" choose "Version 3H060626 " For p655 models select "7039-651" choose "Version 3J060626" This Service Pack updates this component. Note that GFW is available in IBM CORE 3-4 days earlier than the above mentioned website. Please contact your IBM CE for the GFW in IBM CORE if not available on website. Refer to this website for detailed download and unpacking procedures: http://techsupport.services.ibm.com/server/ mdownload/downproc.html	<u>Microcode download</u> (<u>Systems)</u>

Power Subsystem Microcode back to toc	The Power Subsystem Microcode level for this Service Pack is 26a9. Go to "Power Subsystem for 7039-651 (p655) and servers containing the 7045-SW4 (High Performance Switch)" This Service Pack does not update this component. Code is the same for both p690 and p655: ptcode-1.78.26a9-1.i386.rpm Note that Power Subsystem Microcode is available in IBM CORE upto 1 week earlier than the above mentioned website. Please contact your IBM CE for the Power Subsystem Microcode in IBM CORE if not available on website.	Download microcode (Other)
AIX back to toc	The AIX52 level for this Service Pack is 5.2.0.95 AIX52: 5200-09-00 This Service Pack does update this component.	pSeries support fixes
AIX back to toc	The AIX53 level for this Service Pack is 5.3.0.50 AIX53: 5300-05-00 This Service Pack does update this component.	pSeries support fixes
CSM openCIMOM back to toc	CSM 1.4 requires RPM update openCIMOM 0.8(5.2) If you are APPLYING software for csm.server 1.4.1.1, please install the following images from the AIX Installation Media Volume 2: tcl tk expect conserver-8.1	openCIMOM_ update

AIX Licensed Program (LP)

back to toc

The LP fileset fix levels listed in the <u>Detailed LP Level Check</u> table below indicate the latest available levels at the time this HPS Service Pack was released. They are available from the website: <u>pSeries support fixes</u> Order by individual APAR OR Order ALL Fixes for this HPS Service Pack: <u>APAR IY90133</u>

As a convenience, the table contains an "order the latest" APAR number for each of the LPs. Clicking on the LP Component link will open a new page on the 'pSeries support fixes' website. There you will be

presented with an opportunity to get the latest available fixes for that component.

Alternatively, clicking on the forementioned Order ALL Fixes link will open a new page on the 'pSeries support fixes' website. There you will be presented with an opportunity to get all the latest available fixes for this Service Pack.

The selected APAR package will contain fix levels that are the same or higher than the levels listed below.

To check the LP service levels, on each logical partition issue:

lslpp -Lc | egrep "vsd|LAPI|HPS|sni|ppe|LoadL|mmfs|rsct|csm|essl|pessl" | cut -d : -f 2,3 |sed 's/://

	Table of AIX52 and AIX53 LPs					
LPP	AIX V	AIX Version				
	AIX52	AIX53				
VSD	4.1.0	4.1.0				
LAPI	2.3.3	2.4.2				
HPS/ SNI (CSS)	1.1.3	1.2.0				
PE	4.1.1 4.2.2	4.1.1 4.2.2				
LoadL	3.2.0 3.3.2	3.3.2				
GPFS	2.1.0 2.2.1 2.3.0	2.3.0 3.1.0				
CSM	1.4.1	1.4.1				
CSM	1.5.1	1.5.1				
RSCT	2.3.9	2.4.5				
ESSL	4.2.0	4.2.0				

PESSL	3.2.0	3.2.0

List of which components are compatible with which AIXversion.

Detailed LP Level Check

back to toc

LPP	Release	Component ID	APAR	Level check
VSD back to toc	410	5765G2602	IY90117	rsct.vsd.cmds 4.1.0.16 rsct.vsd.rvsd 4.1.0.14 rsct.vsd.vsdd 4.1.0.17 rsct.vsd.vsdrm 4.1.0.7
LAPI AIX52 only back to toc	233	5765G2601	IY90118	rsct.lapi.nam 2.3.3.2 rsct.lapi.rte 3.3.3.6 rsct.lapi.samp 2.3.3.0
LAPI AIX53 only	242	5765G2601	IY90119	rsct.lapi.rte 2.4.2.6 rsct.lapi.samp 2.4.2.0 rsct.lapi.nam 2.4.2.0
HPS/ SNI AIX52 only back to toc	113	5765G2400	IY90120	<pre>devices.chrp.IBM.HPS.rte 1.1.3.9 devices.common.IBM.sni.rte 1.1.3.7 devices.common.IBM.sni.ml 1.1.3.2 devices.common.IBM.sni.ntbl 1.1.3.1 devices.chrp.IBM.HPS.hpsfu 1.1.3.0</pre>
HPS/ SNI AIX53 only	120	5765G2400	IY90121	devices.common.IBM.sni.rte 1.2.0.5 devices.common.IBM.sni.ml 1.2.0.2 devices.common.IBM.sni.ntbl 1.2.0.0 devices.chrp.IBM.HPS.rte 1.2.0.5 devices.chrp.IBM.HPS.hpsfu 1.2.0.0
PPE back to toc	411	5765F8300	IY90122	<pre>ppe.perf 4.1.1.4 ppe.poe 4.1.1.10 ppe.pvt 4.1.1.0 ppe.dpcl 3.3.4.0 ppe.loc.license 4.1.0.0 ppe.man 4.1.1.2</pre>

PPE	422	5765F8300	IY90123	ppe.poe 4.2.2.5 ppe.man 4.2.2.2 ppe.perf 4.2.2.1 ppe.pvt 4.2.2.0 ppe.loc.license 4.2.0.0 ppe.dpcl 3.3.3.0
LoadL AIX52 only back to toc	320	5765E6900	IY90124	LoadL.full 3.2.0.21 LoadL.so 3.2.0.20 LoadL.tguides 3.2.0.1 LoadL.loc.license 3.2.0.0
LoadL	332	5765E6900	IY90125	LoadL.full 3.3.2.5 LoadL.so 3.3.2.5 LoadL.tguides 3.3.1.0 LoadL.loc.license 3.3.0.0
GPFS AIX52 only back to toc	210	5765F64AP	IY84773	<pre>mmfs.base.cmds 3.5.0.13 mmfs.base.rte 3.5.0.22 mmfs.gpfs.rte 2.1.0.25</pre>
GPFS AIX52 only	221	5765F64AP	IY90126	<pre>mmfs.base.cmds 3.6.1.10 mmfs.base.rte 3.6.1.13 mmfs.gpfs.rte 2.2.1.12 mmfs.gpfsdocs.data 3.6.1.4</pre>
<u>GPFS</u>	230	5765F64AP	IY90127	gpfs.base 2.3.0.16 gpfs.docs.data 2.3.0.8 gpfs.msg.en_US 2.3.0.11
<u>GPFS</u>	310	5765F64AP	IY90128	gpfs.base 3.1.0.5 gpfs.docs.data 3.1.0.5 gpfs.msg.en_US 3.1.0.4
CSM back to toc	141	5765E88AP	IY90129	csm.core 1.4.1.15 csm.server 1.4.1.15 csm.dsh 1.4.1.15 csm.gui.dcem 1.4.1.12 csm.client 1.4.1.13 csm.hams 1.4.1.11 csm.gui.websm 1.4.1.10 csm.diagnostics 1.4.0.11 RPMS: expect 5.32-1 openCIMOM 0.8-1 openssl 0.9.7d-2 AIX-rpm 5.2.0.40-1

1				tc] 8 3 3-1
				+k 8 3 3 - 1
				Conserver 8 1 7-2
<u>CSM</u>	151	5765E88AP	1490130	CSM.Server 1.5.1.3
				CSM.Client 1.5.1.2
				csm.core 1.5.1.3
				CSM.deploy 1.5.1.2
				CSM.dSn 1.5.1.3
				Csm.bluegene 1.5.1.1
				csm.diagnostics 1.5.1.0
				Csm.ess1 1.5.1.0
				csm.gpis 1.5.1.0
				csm.gui.dcem 1.5.1.0
				csm.gui.websm 1.5.1.0
				csm.hams 1.5.1.1
				Csm.11 1.5.1.0
				csm.pe 1.5.1.0
				csm.pessl 1.5.1.0
				RPMS:
				expect 5.32-1
				openCIMOM 0.8-1
				openssl 0.9.7d-2
				AIX-rpm 5.2.0.40-1
				tcl 8.3.3-1
				tk 8.3.3-1
				conserver 8.1.7-2
RSCT	239	5765F07AP	IY90131	devices.chrp.base.ServiceRM 1.2.0.90
1.001			11,0101	rsct.basic.hacmp 2.3.9.2
AIX52				rsct.basic.rte 2.3.9.4
only				rsct.basic.sp 2.3.9.0
				rsct.compat.basic.hacmp 2.3.9.0
back to toc				rsct.compat.basic.rte 2.3.9.0
				rsct.compat.basic.sp 2.3.9.0
				rsct.compat.clients.hacmp 2.3.9.0
				rsct.compat.clients.rte 2.3.9.0
				rsct.compat.clients.sp 2.3.9.0
				rsct.core.auditrm 2.3.9.0
				rsct.core.errm 2.3.9.1
				rsct.core.fsrm 2.3.9.0
				rsct.core.gui 2.3.9.1
				rsct.core.hostrm 2.3.9.2
				rsct.core.lprm 2.3.9.0
				rsct.core.rmc 2.3.9.4
				rsct.core.sec 2.3.9.3
				rsct.core.sensorrm 2.3.9.0
				rsct.core.sr 2.3.9.1
				rsct.core.utils 2.3.9.4

				<pre>rsct.crypt.3des 2.3.9.0 rsct.crypt.aes128 2.3.9.0 rsct.crypt.aes256 2.3.9.0 rsct.crypt.des 2.3.9.0 rsct.crypt.rsa1024 2.3.9.0 rsct.crypt.rsa512 2.3.9.0 rsct.exp.cimrm 2.3.9.0 rsct.opt.storagerm 2.3.9.3</pre>
RSCT AIX53 only back to toc	245	5765F07AP	IY90132	<pre>devices.chrp.base.ServiceRM 1.3.0.45 rsct.core.auditrm 2.4.5.0 rsct.core.fsrm 2.4.5.0 rsct.core.gui 2.4.5.1 rsct.core.hostrm 2.4.5.1 rsct.core.lprm 2.4.5.0 rsct.core.sec 2.4.5.2 rsct.core.sensorrm 2.4.5.0 rsct.core.errm 2.4.5.3 rsct.core.errm 2.4.5.1 rsct.opt.storagerm 2.4.5.1 rsct.basic.rte 2.4.5.4 rsct.basic.hacmp 2.4.5.2 rsct.compat.basic.hacmp 2.4.5.0 rsct.compat.basic.rte 2.4.5.0 rsct.compat.clients.rte 2.4.5.0 rsct.compat.clients.sp 2.4.5.0</pre>
Parallel ESSL back to toc	320	5765F8400		<pre>pessl.loc.license 3.2.0.0 pessl.man.en_US 3.2.0.0 pessl.rte.mp 3.2.0.0 pessl.rte.up 3.2.0.0 pessl.rte.common 3.2.0.0 pessl.rte.rs1 3.2.0.0 pessl.rte.rs2 3.2.0.0 pessl.rte.smp 3.2.0.0</pre>
ESSL	420	5765F8200	PK02186	essl.loc.license 4.2.0.0 essl.man.en_US 4.2.0.0 essl.rte.mp 4.2.0.0 essl.rte.up 4.2.0.0 essl.rte.common 4.2.0.2 essl.rte.rs1 4.2.0.2 essl.rte.rs2 4.2.0.0 essl.rte.smp 4.2.0.2

 Install HMC Software backnose Install HMC Software backnose Important Preliminary steps: Check if HMC is at HMC V3R3.0 or higher before you can install this update (required). Check if BIOS update is required on HMC. Check if BIOS update is required on HMC. Check if BIOS hyperthreading is to be disabled on HMC. Disable the SNM/FNM software from the Switch Network Management Panel. Perform one of the following installation tasks: New Install HMC from Recovery CD OR Install Upgrade from Recovery CD OR Update from .zip file (web) Level Check: Verify that the HMC Code Level is the <u>current level</u> shown in Section 3: Component update/download information 2 Install SNM Software Mextons For detailed information, link to the specified SNM ReadMe from the HMC page under the SNM tab. For a thorough Discussion of the SNM GUI Control panel , please see: Appendix E. Switch Network Manager (SNM) in pSeries High Performance. Switch Planning, Installation, and Service. Level Check: Verify that the SNM Code Level is the <u>current level</u> shown in Section 3: Component update/download information 3 Install HPS/SNI LP Software MMCORTANT: If you are upgrading from Service Pack 6 or below - do not reboot logical partitions (LPARs) until after Step 4 Install GFW is complete! See Problem #1 in the "Known Problems" section of this document for more information. Level Check: Verify that the HPS Code Level is the <u>current level</u> as shown in Section 3: Component update/download information 3 Install HPS./SNI LP Software backnose IMPORTANT: If you are upgrading from Service Pack 6 or below - do not reboot logical partitions (LPARs) until after Step 4 Install GFW is complete! See Problem #1 in the "Known Problems" section of this document for more infor	~	
1 Install HMC. Software Important Preliminary steps: - Check if HICs is at HMC V3R3.0 or higher before you can install this update (required). - Check if BIOS update is required on HMC. - Check if BIOS hyperthreading is to be disabled on HMC - Disable the SNM/FNM software from the Switch Network Management Panel. Perform one of the following installation tasks: - New Install HMC from Recovery CD OR - Install Upgrade from Recovery CD OR - Update from .zip file (web) Level Check: Verify that the HMC Code Level is the current level shown in Section 3: Component update/download information 2 Install SNM Software Install SNM Software For detailed information, link to the specified SNM ReadMe from the HMC page under the SNM tab. For a thorough Discussion of the SNM GUI Control panel , please see: Appendix E. Switch Network Manager (SNM) in pSeries High Performance. Switch Planning, Installation, and Service. Level Check: Verify that the SNM Code Level is the current level shown in Section 3: Component update/download information 3 Install HPS/SNI LP Software IMPORTANT: If you are upgrading from Service Pack 6 or below - do not reboot logical partitions (LPARs) until after Step 4 Install GFW is complete! See Problem #1 in the "Known Problems" section of this document for more information. Level Check: Verify that the HPS Code Level is the current level as shown in Section 3: Component update/download information	Sec	tion 4: Recommended installation sequence (overview):
 Install SNM Software backtotes For detailed information, link to the specified SNM ReadMe from the HMC page under the SNM tab. For a thorough Discussion of the SNM GUI Control panel , please see: Appendix E. Switch Network Manager (SNM) in pSeries High Performance. Switch Planning, Installation, and Service Level Check: Verify that the SNM Code Level is the <u>current level</u> shown in <u>Section 3</u>: Component update/download information Install HPS/SNI LP Software back to toe IMPORTANT: If you are upgrading from Service Pack 6 or below - do not reboot logical partitions (LPARs) until after Step 4 Install GFW is complete! See Problem #1 in the "Known Problems" section of this document for more information. Level Check: Verify that the HPS Code Level is the <u>current level</u> as shown in <u>Section 3</u>: Component update/download information 	1	Install HMC Software back to toc Important Preliminary steps: - Check if HMC is at HMC V3R3.0 or higher before you can install this update (required). - Check if BIOS update is required on HMC. - Check if BIOS hyperthreading is to be disabled on HMC - Disable the SNM/FNM software from the Switch Network Management Panel. Perform one of the following installation tasks: - New Install HMC from Recovery CD OR - Install Upgrade from Recovebry CD OR - Update from .zip file (web) Level Check: Verify that the HMC Code Level is the <u>current level</u> shown in <u>Section 3:</u> <u>Component update/download information</u>
 3 Install HPS/SNI LP Software back to toc IMPORTANT: If you are upgrading from Service Pack 6 or below - do not reboot logical partitions (LPARs) until after Step 4 Install GFW is complete! See Problem #1 in the "Known Problems" section of this document for more information. Level Check: Verify that the HPS Code Level is the <u>current level</u> as shown in <u>Section 3:</u> Component update/download information 	2	Install SNM Software back to toc For detailed information, link to the specified SNM ReadMe from the HMC page under the SNM tab. For a thorough Discussion of the SNM GUI Control panel , please see: Appendix E. Switch Network Manager (SNM) in pSeries High Performance Switch Planning, Installation, and Service Level Check: Verify that the SNM Code Level is the <u>current level</u> shown in <u>Section 3:</u> Component update/download information
	3	Install HPS/SNI LP Software back to toc IMPORTANT: If you are upgrading from Service Pack 6 or below - do not reboot logical partitions (LPARs) until after Step 4 Install GFW is complete! See Problem #1 in the "Known Problems" section of this document for more information. Level Check: Verify that the HPS Code Level is the <u>current level</u> as shown in <u>Section 3:</u> <u>Component update/download information</u>

4	Install GFW back to toe Using the recommended AIX command line (update_flash) method with a locally available GFW img file. Level Check: Verify that the GFW Code Level is the <u>current level</u> shown in <u>Section 3:</u> <u>Component update/download information</u> For detailed download and unpacking procedures: <u>http://techsupport.services.ibm.com/server/mdownload/downproc.html</u>
5	Install Power Subsystem Microcode on each frame back to toc Level Check: Verify that the Power Code Level is the <u>current level</u> shown in <u>Section 3</u> : <u>Component update/download information</u>
6	Install AIX base updates plus any PTFs on each node back to toc Level Check: See Section 3: AIX download info for the recommended AIX service level for this Service Pack.
7	Install AIX LP updates on each node back to toe Note: CSM LP's need to download and install openCIMOM-0.8-1 RPM update. If you are APPLYING software for csm.server 1.4.1.1 Please install the following images from the AIX Installation Media Volume 2: tcl tk expect conserver-8.1 Level Check: see "Detailed LP Level Check"

Section 5: Installation Guidelines:

HMC Installation Guidelines:

1 back to	Install HMC Software
toc	Important Fremmary steps.
	• Verify HMC Code level - at V3R3.0 or higher before installing this update
	(required).
	<u>Check if BIOS update is required on HMC.</u>
	• <u>Check if BIOS hyperthreading is to be disabled on HMC</u>
	Disable the SNM/FNM software from the Switch Network Management Panel. Customer Decision regarding install ungrade or undete
	• <u>Customer Decision regarding instan, upgrade or update.</u>
	Perform one of the following installation tasks:
	<u>New Install HMC from Recovery CD</u> OR
	Install Upgrade from Recovery CD OR
	• <u>Update from .zip file</u> (web)
	The UNC installed with this Section Dedukes an and to d UNC WebSM DC CUIENT
	To reinstall this version:
	Uninstall - reinstall HMC WebSM PC CLIENT (Install Shield version)
	Level Check: Verify that the HMC Code Level is the <u>current level</u> shown in <u>Section 3:</u>
	Component update/download mornation
	Important Preliminary steps:
 1a	Important Preliminary steps: Verify HMC Code level
1a back to toc	Important Preliminary steps: Verify HMC Code level Installation of HMC Recovery CD requires an upgrade install if you are installing an existing UMC where version is D2 V2 (or less
1a back to toc	Important Preliminary steps: Verify HMC Code level Installation of HMC Recovery CD requires an upgrade install if you are installing an existing HMC whose version is R3 V2.6 or less. Please read HMC corrective service for important information regarding HMC
1a back to toc	Important Preliminary steps: Verify HMC Code level Installation of HMC Recovery CD requires an upgrade install if you are installing an existing HMC whose version is R3 V2.6 or less. Please read HMC corrective service for important information regarding HMC Recovery CD's.
1a back to toc	Important Preliminary steps: Verify HMC Code level Installation of HMC Recovery CD requires an upgrade install if you are installing an existing HMC whose version is R3 V2.6 or less. Please read HMC corrective service for important information regarding HMC Recovery CD's. Contact your IBM Sales Representative or Business Partner to order HMC
1a back to toc	Important Preliminary steps: Verify HMC Code level Installation of HMC Recovery CD requires an upgrade install if you are installing an existing HMC whose version is R3 V2.6 or less. Please read HMC corrective service for important information regarding HMC Recovery CD's. Contact your IBM Sales Representative or Business Partner to order HMC Machine Specific CDs
1a back to toc	Important Preliminary steps: Verify HMC Code level Installation of HMC Recovery CD requires an upgrade install if you are installing an existing HMC whose version is R3 V2.6 or less. Please read HMC corrective service for important information regarding HMC Recovery CD's. Contact your IBM Sales Representative or Business Partner to order HMC Machine Specific CDs Check if BIOS update is required on HMC
1a back to toc 1b back to	Important Preliminary steps: Verify HMC Code level Installation of HMC Recovery CD requires an upgrade install if you are installing an existing HMC whose version is R3 V2.6 or less. Please read HMC corrective service for important information regarding HMC Recovery CD's. Contact your IBM Sales Representative or Business Partner to order HMC Machine Specific CDs Check if BIOS update is required on HMC. There is a mandatory Bios upgrade required for these HMC PC's:
1a back to toc	Important Preliminary steps: Verify HMC Code level Installation of HMC Recovery CD requires an upgrade install if you are installing an existing HMC whose version is R3 V2.6 or less. Please read HMC corrective service for important information regarding HMC Recovery CD's. Contact your IBM Sales Representative or Business Partner to order HMC Machine Specific CDs Check if BIOS update is required on HMC. There is a mandatory Bios upgrade required for these HMC PC's: 7315-C03, 7310-C03, 7315-CR2, 7310-CR2
1a back to toc 1b back to toc	Important Preliminary steps: Verify HMC Code level Installation of HMC Recovery CD requires an upgrade install if you are installing an existing HMC whose version is R3 V2.6 or less. Please read HMC corrective service for important information regarding HMC Recovery CD's. Contact your IBM Sales Representative or Business Partner to order HMC Machine Specific CDs Check if BIOS update is required on HMC. There is a mandatory Bios upgrade required for these HMC PC's: 7315-C03, 7310-C03, 7315-CR2, 7310-CR2 If your HMC model is not alisted, skip this step.
1a back to. toc 1b back to. toc	Important Preliminary steps: Verify HMC Code level Installation of HMC Recovery CD requires an upgrade install if you are installing an existing HMC whose version is R3 V2.6 or less. Please read HMC corrective service for important information regarding HMC Recovery CD's. Contact your IBM Sales Representative or Business Partner to order HMC Machine Specific CDs Check if BIOS update is required on HMC. There is a mandatory Bios upgrade required for these HMC PC's: 7315-C03, 7310-C03, 7315-CR2, 7310-CR2 If your HMC model is not alisted, skip this step. If you are updating the HMC on a listed model, then you must first update the BIOS of them HMC model.
1a back to toc	Important Preliminary steps: Verify HMC Code level Installation of HMC Recovery CD requires an upgrade install if you are installing an existing HMC whose version is R3 V2.6 or less. Please read HMC corrective service for important information regarding HMC Recovery CD's. Contact your IBM Sales Representative or Business Partner to order HMC Machine Specific CDs Check if BIOS update is required on HMC. There is a mandatory Bios upgrade required for these HMC PC's: 7315-C03, 7310-C03, 7315-CR2, 7310-CR2 If your HMC model is not alisted, skip this step. If you are updating the HMC on a listed model, then you must first update the BIOS of that HMC model. The BIOS and install instructions can be obtained by linking to the "BIOS Updates" for the referenced machine from the HMC Power4servers Page.
1a back to toc	Important Preliminary steps: Verify HMC Code level Installation of HMC Recovery CD requires an upgrade install if you are installing an existing HMC whose version is R3 V2.6 or less. Please read HMC corrective service for important information regarding HMC Recovery CD's. Contact your IBM Sales Representative or Business Partner to order HMC Machine Specific CDs Check if BIOS update is required on HMC. There is a mandatory Bios upgrade required for these HMC PC's: 7315-C03, 7310-C03, 7315-CR2, 7310-CR2 If your HMC model is not alisted, skip this step. If you are updating the HMC on a listed model, then you must first update the BIOS of that HMC model. The BIOS and install instructions can be obtained by linking to the "BIOS Updates" for the referenced machine from the HMC Power4servers Page.
1a back to toc	Important Preliminary steps: Verify HMC Code level Installation of HMC Recovery CD requires an upgrade install if you are installing an existing HMC whose version is R3 V2.6 or less. Please read HMC corrective service for important information regarding HMC Recovery CD's. Contact your IBM Sales Representative or Business Partner to order HMC Machine Specific CDs Check if BIOS update is required on HMC. There is a mandatory Bios upgrade required for these HMC PC's: 7315-C03, 7310-C03, 7315-CR2, 7310-CR2 If your HMC model is not alisted, skip this step. If you are updating the HMC on a listed model, then you must first update the BIOS of that HMC model. The BIOS and install instructions can be obtained by linking to the "BIOS Updates" for the referenced machine from the HMC Power4servers Page. This BIOS will also ship as part of Feature Code 0960.
1a back to toc	Important Preliminary steps: Verify HMC Code level Installation of HMC Recovery CD requires an upgrade install if you are installing an existing HMC whose version is R3 V2.6 or less. Please read HMC corrective service for important information regarding HMC Recovery CD's. Contact your IBM Sales Representative or Business Partner to order HMC Machine Specific CDs Check if BIOS update is required on HMC. There is a mandatory Bios upgrade required for these HMC PC's: 7315-C03, 7310-C03, 7315-CR2, 7310-CR2 If your HMC model is not alisted, skip this step. If you are updating the HMC on a listed model, then you must first update the BIOS of that HMC model. The BIOS and install instructions can be obtained by linking to the "BIOS Updates" for the referenced machine from the HMC Power4servers Page. This BIOS will also ship as part of Feature Code 0960.

1c back to toc	Check if BIOS hyperthreading is to be disabled on HMC. Many of the rack mounted HMC's (8187-KUH, 7315-C03) have a BIOS option to enable hyperthreads.
	You must disable this setting before upgrading to HMC3.3.5
1d back to toc	Customer Decision regarding install, upgrade or update. Beginning with HMC Version 3 Release 3.2, (Service Pack 10) the Ext3 (JFS) filesystem will be enabled if customers perform a New Install/ Upgrade to this new level of code by using the HMC Recovery CDs. The Ext3 filesystem is a journaled filesystem and is more reliable and less prone to corruption in case of unexpected loss of power on the HMC.
	Please note the difference between Upgrade and Update:
	 Upgrade is done via cd load as described in - <u>Perform an Install New / Upgrade</u> Update is done via downloading a zip file as described in step - <u>Perform an Update</u>
	NOTES:
	• Updating to HMC Version 3 Release 3.3 or later using the Install Corrective Service will not enable this feature.
	For Upgrade Installation
	The following steps must be taken, prior to rebooting the HMC for the Upgrade process:
	 <><>Ensure that the user's home directories are not filled up with debug data. (The Upgrade partition only has 2GB in free space to preserve the upgrade data.) -
	• <>Ensure that HMC debug is turned off. This can be achieved by running the command pedbg -d off. (With debug enabled, certain log files will be locked for writing and will prevent the Save Upgrade Data task to complete successfully.)
	• Perform Save Upgrade Data task from the Software Maintenance Panel on the HMC console. The Perform a Save Upgrade Data task should be run immediately before doing the reboot of the HMC with volume 1 of the recovery CD. If the HMC reboot does not go to the install menu of volume 1 of the recovery CD, you should repeat the save upgrade task.
	 The procedure for both Installation and Upgrade is identical except: For New Installation: When asked to perform an Install/Recovery or Upgrade, select Install/RecoveryF8. For Upgrade Installation: When asked to perform an Install/Recovery or Upgrade, select Upgrade F1.
	Installation steps:
10 - C	

1e	Disable the SNM/FNM software from the Switch Network Management Panel.
toc	Disable SNM Software on ALL HMC's attached to the cluster:
	Selecting the "Disable SNM Software" task option opens a task dialog box that stops
	the SNM deemon for both verification mode and normal mode
	See: Appendix E. Switch Network Manager (SNM) in pSeries High Performance
	See. <u>Appendix E. Switch Network Manager (SINM) in psenes right Performance</u>
	Switch Planning, Installation, and Service
	Do this on ALL HMC's attached to the cluster.
lf	Perform a New Install / Upgrade :
back to	The HMC Recovery CD package is now a set of 2 CDs. Follow these steps
	to upgrade:
	http://techsupport.services.ibm.com/server/hmc/power4/fixes/mcode/ptf
	<u>v3r35Recover.html</u>
	- Reboot the HMC with volume 1 of the recovery CD inserted in the DVD Ram drive.
	NOTE: If the HMC fails to boot volume 1 of the recovery CD, the boot sequence in
	the HMC BIOS may need to be changed so that the DVD/CDROM is before the
	hard disk in the startup sequence
	If you have run the save upgrade data task before the startup sequence was set correctly
	then you should rerun the save upgrade data task before installing the HMC with
	volume 1 of the recovery CD.
	- Select F8 for New Installation
	OR
	- Select F1 for an Upgrade installation. (NOTE: This is NOT the same as an
	On the next screen to confirm your selection. Select El
	The Install/Upgrade process will proceed until
	At some point you will be prompted to insert the second CD
	- At some point you will be prompted to insert the second CD.
	- Remove the CD from the DVD Ram drive and hit enter when the install is
	completed.
1g	Perform an Update
back to	If you are UPDATING from Service Pack 7 (HMC V3 R3.0) or higher and
	choose to do the UPDATE:
	Install HMC PTF HMC_Update_V3R3.6.zip
	Install from the HMC support link ONLY if the HMC is at a Release 3 Version 3.X
	level (3.3.X):
	http://techsupport.services.ibm.com/server/hmc/power4/fixes/mcode/v3r30.html
	In HMC 3.3 updates and fixes
	- Select the 'Package' HMC Update V3R3.6.zip
	- Use the HMC> Install Corrective Service option to install.
	- Reboot HMC after successful installation.
	You may install this UPDATE directly from the web via ''HMC Install
	Corrective Service''.
	See step 3 Install Update, in HMC Readme -

http://techsupport.services.ibm.com/server/hmc/power4/fixes/mcode/ptf_ v3r36mc.html At the HMC interface, follow these steps to install the update: 1. Select Software Maintenance 2. Select Install Corrective Service 3. Select HMC 4. Select Download corrective service from remote system 5. Enter the specified information in the following fields: Remote Site: ftp.software.ibm.com Patch File: /software/server/hmc/updates/ HMC_Update_V3R3.6.zip User ID: anonymous Password: <your email address> The HMC interface retrieves the update package from the remote FTP server and begins the install process. Reboot the HMC after the installation of the update has completed. Rebooting ensures that all changes are available immediately. After the HMC is rebooted, to Verify a successful update: Select Help in the top menu bar. Select About the Hardware Maintenance Console for pSeries. On the "About" splash panel, check for the following information: The Version is 3 The Release is 3.6 Web-based System Manager Remote Client a.k.a WebSM PC CLIENT 1h back to toc After the HMC Install New / Upgrade or Update is complete, the Install Shield version of the Web-based System Manager Remote Client a.k.a WebSM PC CLIENT may need to be reinstalled on your remote server or PC. Follow these simple instructions: uninstall, if present, existing Websm client via Control Panel "Add/Remove Programs" by selecting "Web-Based System Manager Remote Client" and clicking on 'Change/Remove". **To Install**: Using your preferred web browser visit the just recently installed HMC at this URL: http://<hmc-hostname>/remote_client.html (down load and install may take 10 to 20 minutes.) For pertinent information see : Section 2: Software Updates/Performance Enhancements For complete details refer to: Hardware Management Console for pSeries Installation and Operations Guide (SA38-0590-07) - Chapter 9. Installing and Using the Remote Client

1

1i	HMC Level Check:
back to	Command Line :
	lshmc -V shows:
	Version: 3
	Release: 3.6
	HMC Build level 20050706.1
	GUI:
	Menu "Help" > "About Hardware Management Console" shows:
	Version: 3
	Release: 3.6
	HMC Build level 20050706.1
back to toc	HMC Important Notes:
	- Install the HMC code by following the instructions in the HPS Guide.
	- Have your IBM CE download the most recent copy of the HPS guide from IBM
	CORE to get updated HPS install information.
	- Also you should review the HMC information on the web page where you downloaded
	This Samiles Deals DEOLUDES.
	- This Service Fack REQUIRES.
	HMC V3.3.0 (required since Service Fack 0 release) HMC V3.3.0 is a NEW BASE release of the HMC introduced in Service Deck 6 that
	uses a new imbedded kernel
	This version MAY OVERWRITE root directories (for / /home/root and /home/hscroot)
	deleting any scripts that may be there
	- This version MAY delete the Power Subsystem Microcode RPM images on your HMC
	and you will have to reacuire it for future installs
	- The HMC is now installed using 2 CD's -
	The login available at virtual console Ω (via the CTPL ALT E1 key sequence) is no long
	- The login available at virtual console 0 (via the CTRL-ALT-FT key sequence) is no long
	- New Installation and PTF undate installation are supported for this release
	- Upgrade installation is only supported when upgrading from HMC 3.2.X or greater.
	As part of any system change - it is recommended to have a hard copy of network
	connections. 8 port/ran box
	configurations and Switch Group IP's.
	- Network connections are on the GUI: HMC Maintenance Panel => System
	Configuration => Customize Network
	Settings:
	IP Address and Netmask for Ethernet0 and Ethernet1, Default Gateway, Nameserver,
	Domain
	- 8 port RAN box configurations are on the GUI: HMC Maintenance Panel => System
	Configuration => Configure
	Serial Adapter:
	Option 2 shows the current configuration

longer

- Switch Group IP's are on the GUI: Switch Management => Switch Utilities => Switch Group Configuration

Known problems and issues with the HMC V3 R3.0 Environment:

- wu-ftp will be removed from the HMC distribution. One will be able to ftp out of
- the HMC but not into the HMC. The 'scp' command is available if you enable
- secure shell (ssh).
- The websm PC client has a performance decline when downloading the plugin classes
- from the server. The first time an operation is performed using the client, the task
- may be slow to launch. Subsequent use of the task, will respond as normal.

Retain Tip on how to use pesh:

To give IBM support personnel the ability to retrieve certain trace/debug information on the HMC, the customer should create a user "hscpe" and assign a password. IBM support can contact the customer to get the password, and then remotely connect to the HMC (with customer consent).

This allows IBM support to perform additional functions, such as viewing logs or starting trace to diagnose problems on the HMC. This user has access similar to the "hscroot" user on HMC. When accessing the HMC remotely via ssh, the "hscpe" user is put into the restricted shell environment. To bypass the restricted shell, pesh command is provided. pesh command can only be run by the "hscpe" user, allowing this user to pass in the serial number of the HMC. If the serial number is correct, the user is required to enter a password obtained from IBM Support. If the password is correct, then the user is then put into the un-restricted shell as user "hscpe".

Example:

pesh 23A345K (enter the serial number in upper case letters)

You will be prompted for a password. Enter password that was provided by IBM Support in lower case

letters.

The HMC serial number can be queried using the command, " $lshmc - v \mid grep SE$ " or read from the label that is on the front of the HMC.

Use the command "date" to verify that the date of the HMC is for the day you intend to use the pesh command.

Starting with HMC Version 3 Release 3.0 and Version 4 Release 1.0, user can also access the restricted shell terminal on the local HMC, by right mouse click on the desktop and selecting the Terminal--rshterm task. If one login at the HMC as user hscpe, the pesh command can also be run from the restricted shell terminal.

For HMC Version 3 Release 3.0 and below, the "hscpe" user id can be created with any role, however, in order to use some of the High Performance Switch (HPS) debug commands, the Service Rep role needs to be selected.

For new HMC installation(s) follow the instructions as described in IBM Hardware Management Console for pSeries Installation and Operations Guide. To understand how to connect the rs422/rs232 cables see the HPS Guide: Chapter 6; Step 6, "Install the Hardware Management Console (HMC)" thru

	Step 16. "Verify Installation is Complete""
	For "Code load requirements for existing server frames" see Chapter 6
	For p655 "Code load requirements for existing p655 server frames"
	For p690 "Code load requirements for existing p690 server frames"
	SNM/FNM Installation Guidelines back to toc
2	Install SNM Software
2a	Disable SNM Software on ALL HMC's attached to the cluster.
	The SNM/FNM software should already be disabled from procedure 1e.
	If not, Disable the SNM Software on ALL HMC's attached to the cluster now.
2b	Install SNM update - required on all of the HMCs in the cluster.
back to	(The version of SNM distributed with the HMC code is not the most current version.)
	To install the corrective service directly from the Internet, use the HMC Corrective Service GUI-
	Domoto Sito, to shown out convices the com
	Patch File: /eserver/pseries/hmc/fixes/ <snm file="" undate="" zin=""></snm>
	User ID: anonymous
	Password: <your address="" email=""></your>
	The HMC GUI retrieves the update package and begins the install process.
2c	Reboot all HMCs to complete SNM software update.
2c	Reboot all HMCs to complete SNM software update. Note: Do not reboot HMCs until the corrective service has been successfully installed on all
2c	Reboot all HMCs to complete SNM software update. Note: Do not reboot HMCs until the corrective service has been successfully installed on all HMCs.
2c 2d	Reboot all HMCs to complete SNM software update. Note: Do not reboot HMCs until the corrective service has been successfully installed on all HMCs. After the HMC is rebooted verify that the corrective service update was successful.
2c 2d back to	Reboot all HMCs to complete SNM software update.Note: Do not reboot HMCs until the corrective service has been successfully installed on all HMCs.After the HMC is rebooted verify that the corrective service update was successful.DO NOT ENABLE SNM SOFTWARE AT THIS TIME
2c 2d back to toc	Reboot all HMCs to complete SNM software update. Note: Do not reboot HMCs until the corrective service has been successfully installed on all HMCs. After the HMC is rebooted verify that the corrective service update was successful. DO NOT ENABLE SNM SOFTWARE AT THIS TIME Level Check:
2c 2d back to toc	Reboot all HMCs to complete SNM software update. Note: Do not reboot HMCs until the corrective service has been successfully installed on all HMCs. After the HMC is rebooted verify that the corrective service update was successful. DO NOT ENABLE SNM SOFTWARE AT THIS TIME Level Check: Select Switch Network Management from the Switch Management folder in the Navigation
2c 2d back to toc	Reboot all HMCs to complete SNM software update. Note: Do not reboot HMCs until the corrective service has been successfully installed on all HMCs. After the HMC is rebooted verify that the corrective service update was successful. DO NOT ENABLE SNM SOFTWARE AT THIS TIME Level Check: Select Switch Network Management from the Switch Management folder in the Navigation area. The Status line, the last line on the Switch Network Management panel, should show:
2c 2d back to toc	Reboot all HMCs to complete SNM software update. Note: Do not reboot HMCs until the corrective service has been successfully installed on all HMCs. After the HMC is rebooted verify that the corrective service update was successful. DO NOT ENABLE SNM SOFTWARE AT THIS TIME Level Check: Select Switch Network Management from the Switch Management folder in the Navigation area. The Status line, the last line on the Switch Network Management panel, should show: Current STATUS RPM Version.
2c 2d back to toc	Reboot all HMCs to complete SNM software update. Note: Do not reboot HMCs until the corrective service has been successfully installed on all HMCs. After the HMC is rebooted verify that the corrective service update was successful. DO NOT ENABLE SNM SOFTWARE AT THIS TIME Level Check: Select Switch Network Management from the Switch Management folder in the Navigation area. The Status line, the last line on the Switch Network Management panel, should show: Current STATUS RPM Version. Management Properties > Management > 'SNM Version' column will show:
2c 2d back to toc	Reboot all HMCs to complete SNM software update. Note: Do not reboot HMCs until the corrective service has been successfully installed on all HMCs. After the HMC is rebooted verify that the corrective service update was successful. DO NOT ENABLE SNM SOFTWARE AT THIS TIME Level Check: Select Switch Network Management from the Switch Management folder in the Navigation area. The Status line, the last line on the Switch Network Management panel, should show: Current STATUS RPM Version. Management Properties > Management > 'SNM Version' column will show: Current SNM Version.'SNM Version'
2c 2d back to toc	Reboot all HMCs to complete SNM software update. Note: Do not reboot HMCs until the corrective service has been successfully installed on all HMCs. After the HMC is rebooted verify that the corrective service update was successful. DO NOT ENABLE SNM SOFTWARE AT THIS TIME Level Check: Select Switch Network Management from the Switch Management folder in the Navigation area. The Status line, the last line on the Switch Network Management panel, should show: Current STATUS RPM Version. Management Properties > Management > 'SNM Version' column will show: Current SNM Version.'SNM Version'
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2c 2d back to toc	Reboot all HMCs to complete SNM software update. Note: Do not reboot HMCs until the corrective service has been successfully installed on all HMCs. After the HMC is rebooted verify that the corrective service update was successful. DO NOT ENABLE SNM SOFTWARE AT THIS TIME Level Check: Select Switch Network Management from the Switch Management folder in the Navigation area. The Status line, the last line on the Switch Network Management panel, should show: Current STATUS RPM Version. Management Properties > Management > 'SNM Version' column will show: Current SNM Version.'SNM Version' NOTES: Refer to the pSeries High Performance Switch (HPS) Planning, Installation and Service Guide (GA22-7951-01) (HPS Guide) for more details on the Switch Network Manager:
2c 2d back to toc	Reboot all HMCs to complete SNM software update. Note: Do not reboot HMCs until the corrective service has been successfully installed on all HMCs. After the HMC is rebooted verify that the corrective service update was successful. DO NOT ENABLE SNM SOFTWARE AT THIS TIME Level Check: Select Switch Network Management from the Switch Management folder in the Navigation area. The Status line, the last line on the Switch Network Management panel, should show: Current STATUS RPM Version. Management Properties > Management > 'SNM Version' column will show: Current SNM Version.'SNM Version' NOTES: Refer to the pSeries High Performance Switch (HPS) Planning, Installation and Service. Guide (GA22-7951-01) (HPS Guide) for more details on the Switch Network Manager: Review - Chapter 4. System management components:
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2c 2d back to toc	Reboot all HMCs to complete SNM software update. Note: Do not reboot HMCs until the corrective service has been successfully installed on all HMCs. After the HMC is rebooted verify that the corrective service update was successful. DO NOT ENABLE SNM SOFTWARE AT THIS TIME Level Check: Select Switch Network Management from the Switch Management folder in the Navigation area. The Status line, the last line on the Switch Network Management panel, should show: Current STATUS RPM Version. Management Properties > Management > 'SNM Version' column will show: Current SNM Version.'SNM Version' NOTES: Refer to the pSeries High Performance Switch (HPS) Planning, Installation and Service Guide (GA22-7951-01) (HPS Guide) for more details on the Switch Network Manager: Review - Chapter 4. System management components; Chapter 6. Installation: Bringing the network online: Step 1: Enable SNM Review - Appendix E. Switch Network Manager (SNM) - The SNM Graphical User Interface
2c 2d back to toc	Reboot all HMCs to complete SNM software update. Note: Do not reboot HMCs until the corrective service has been successfully installed on all HMCs. After the HMC is rebooted verify that the corrective service update was successful. DO NOT ENABLE SNM SOFTWARE AT THIS TIME Level Check: Select Switch Network Management from the Switch Management folder in the Navigation area. The Status line, the last line on the Switch Network Management panel, should show: Current STATUS RPM Version. Management Properties > Management > 'SNM Version' column will show: Current SNM Version.'SNM Version' NOTES: Refer to the pSeries High Performance Switch (HPS) Planning, Installation and Service Guide (GA22-7951-01) (HPS Guide) for more details on the Switch Network Manager: Review - Chapter 4. System management components; Chapter 6. Installation: Bringing the network online: Step 1: Enable SNM Review - Appendix E. Switch Network Manager (SNM) - The SNM Graphical User Interface
2c 2d back to toc	Reboot all HMCs to complete SNM software update. Note: Do not reboot HMCs until the corrective service has been successfully installed on all HMCs. After the HMC is rebooted verify that the corrective service update was successful. DO NOT ENABLE SNM SOFTWARE AT THIS TIME Level Check: Select Switch Network Management from the Switch Management folder in the Navigation area. The Status line, the last line on the Switch Network Management panel, should show: Current STATUS RPM Version. Management Properties > Management > 'SNM Version' column will show: Current SNM Version.'SNM Version' NOTES: Refer to the pSeries High Performance Switch (HPS) Planning, Installation and Service. Guide (GA22-7951-01) (HPS Guide) for more details on the Switch Network Manager: Review - Chapter 4. System management components; Chapter 6. Installation: Bringing the network online: Step 1: Enable SNM Review - Appendix E. Switch Network Manager (SNM) - The SNM Graphical User Interface The SNM GUI does NOT update its view automatically. You MUST refresh the display via the GUI mean "Beload" button _ the 5th icon from the left

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	OR from the "Menu">"View">"Reload" function OR
	simply press the 'F5' key
	HPS/SNI LP Installation Guidlines back to toc
3	Install HPS/SNI LP Software.
3a back to toc	Application of AIX provides base level HPS. Apply HPS/SNI LP Base fileset images to LPARs. (see "AIX LPs" in Section 3: Update/Download Information) Leave SNM Software disabled. To verify that the service levels for HPS/SNI LP's , on each LPAR issue:
	lslpp -Lc egrep "HPS sni" cut -d : -f 2,3 sed 's/:/ /' or
	dsh "lslpp -Lc egrep \"HPS sni\" cut -d : -f 2,3 sed 's/:/ /' " dshbak more
	Refer to Section 3 - Detailed LP Level Check for correct levels.
	If you are upgrading from Service Pack 6 or lower: do not reboot logical partitions (LPARs) . See note 1. Go to Step 3b
	If you are upgrading from Service Pack 7 or higher: Verify 64 bit kernel is currently in use. Verify the TLP settings. See Note 2. Reboot LPARs. You should reboot the LPARs as soon as possible to properly integrate the changes and to avoid disruption of current functionality. Go to procedure # 4 Install GFW.
	Notes:
	It is strongly recommended that users read and become familiar with the items covered in this sections notes: (<u>HPS/SNI Notes</u>)
	1. If you are upgrading from Service Pack 6 or below, do not reboot logical partitions (LPARs) until after procedure #4 "Install GFW" is complete. Rebooting prematurely will generate "phantom" SNI devices! See Problem #1 in the "Known Problems" section of this document for more information.
	 2. If you are upgrading from Service Pack 7 or higher you should already have set up LPARs to boot the 64 bit kernel and enabled Technical Large Page (TLP) option. as described in step 3b. Verify 64 bit kernel is currently in use (on an LPAR): bootinfo -K 64
	Verify the TLP settings: vmo -a grep lg lgpg_size = 16777216 lgpg_regions=YYY where YYY is the amount of technical large pages to export (Ex: lgpg_regions = 256)

3b

back toc

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	soft_min_lgpgs_vmpool = 0
	IBM pSeries HPS now requires that you set up LPARs with 64 bit kernel and enable
to	Technical Large Page (TLP) option.
	After successful installation of HPS Filesets from levels at Service Pack 6 or lower, 64 bit
	kernel and technical large page support option must be enabled.
	To sot up your I PAPs with 64 bit karpal:
	1) Check which kernel is currently in use: bootinfo -K
	a response of "32" is a 32bit Kernel
	2) ln -fs /usr/lib/boot/unix 64 /unix
	3) ln -fs /usr/lib/boot/unix_64 /usr/lib/boot/unix
	4) Determine which rootyg hdisk contains the boot logical volume (usually hd5).
	This hdisk will be your "ipldevice".
	a) lspv grep rootvg
	hdisk0 009b982332a1f9b8 rootvg active
	hdisk1 009b982332a2321a rootvg active
	b) lspv -l hdisk0 grep hd5
	hd5 1 1 01000000 N/A
	(hdisk0 is your ipldevice)
	5) Issue: bosboot -ad /dev/ <ipldevice> (eg. bosboot -ad /dev/hdisk0)</ipldevice>
	6) Reboot: shutdown -Fr 7) Navify (4 hit bornal is muring often reheat)
	bootinfo K
	64
	@ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @

Regarding the use of memory by TLP Also refer to **Regarding the use of memory by RDMA and TLP** in Section 2 item # 7

RDMA transport on HPS

To setup Large Page Option: (For configuration details, see Large Page Support in AIX 5L Version 5.2 Performance Management Guide.)

The number of TLP depends on customer configuration and relates to the number of windows required for each adapter(sni) plus any Large Pages page used by other applications.

Setup Large Page Option using the vmo command for each node or node group: vmo -r -o v_pinshm=1 -o lgpg_size=16777216 -o lgpg_regions=YYY where YYY is the amount of Technical Large Pages to export.

For Example: To setup a node with 8 sni adapters: 16MB Large Page: lgpg_size = 16777216 256 Large Pages: lgpg_regions = 256 dsh <nodelist> "echo y|vmo -r -o v_pinshm=1 -o lgpg_size=16777216 -o lgpg_regions=256" (Use, echo y|vmo because otherwise vmo will prompt for verification to run bosboot) Would generate this response:

Setting v_pinshm to 1 in nextboot file

Setting lgpg_size to 16777216 in nextboot file Setting lgpg_regions to 256 in nextboot file Warning: some changes will take effect only after a bosboot and a reboot Run bosboot now? bosboot: Boot image is 19624 512 byte blocks. Warning: changes will take effect only at next reboot

NOTE: The vmtune sample program is being phased out and is not supported in future releases. It is replaced with the vmo command (for all the pure VMM parameters) and the ioo command (for all the I/O related parameters) which can be used to set most of the parameters that were previously set by vmtune. The -v flag has been added to vmstat to replace the -A flag which display counter values instead of tuning parameters. For AIX 5.2, a compatibility script calling vmo and ioo is provided to help the transition.

To Check that Large Page Option is set:

vmo -a|grep lg
 lgpg_size = 16777216
 lgpg_regions = YYY <where YYY is the amount of Technical Large Pages to
 export>
 soft_min_lgpgs_vmpool = 0

HPS/SNI Notes

back to toc

1. Notes on using TLP (Large Page) Settings in an HPC environment:

It is strongly recommended that users familiarize themselves with TLP basics and configuration options available to them, at this location. Federation switch adapter requires TLP usage and

these TLP requirements are documented (see "Here is a formula to calculate the required TLP"

in the HPS/SNI LPs section below) in a latter section of this document. You should also consult the section on Large page feature on AIX in The AIX 5L Version 5.2 Performance Management Guide

NOTE: Users need to be aware of the usage of the LoadLeveler pre-emption features with TLP (Large Pages) - specifically the fact that jobs that are using TLP that are pre-empted will essentially "lock up" the real memory the TLP's use, which is pinned by AIX. Unwise use of TLPs with LoadLeveler pre-emption can result in exhausting real memory available for jobs. If one wants LoadLeveler to schedule jobs based on the availability of large page, (especially if the job is going to run in mandatory Large Page mode) he/she may consider making use of the LoadLeveler consumable resource feature. The consumable resource function, which has already been around for several years, is documented in the LoadLeveler manual.

2. Notes on tuning Virtual Memory Settings in an HPC environment:

Customers should be advised that the AIX VMM parameters (set by the vmo command)

	minfree and maxfree will most likely have to be adjusted (increased) in an HPC environment based on your cluster size, the amount of system memory, and number of processors per CEC. These settings when tuned properly will ensure enough memory remains available for core cluster infrastructure applications (RSCT, GPFS, LL). The recommended initial value for these tunables are minfree = 10000 and maxfree = 12000. Users are strongly urged to consult the following AIX documentation on virtual memory and vmstat tools and tune their system accordingly.
	memperf1.htm#i50853
	The AIX 5L Version 5.2 Performance Management Guide should also be consulted.
	NOTE: Tuning these settings have been shown to help users avoid conditions where core cluster applications shut down and restart due to extensive blockage caused by "out of memory" issues. Keep in mind that all cluster applications should be designed and cluster tuned accordingly as to avoid oversubscribing to the real memory available.
	GFW Installation Guidelines
4 back to toc	Install GFW. The recommended installation is the AIX command line method - update_flash - using locally available GFW img file .
	 Important Preliminary Notes: Notes on updating GFW code (system firmware) from the AIX command line Document Reference: pSeries High Performance Switch Planning, Installation, and Service. For "Code load requirements for existing p690 and p655 server frames" please see the section in Chapter 6 titled "Step 3: p690 GFW code load" or "Step 3: p655 GFW code load" respectively in the HPS guide.
	To understand how to connect the rs422/rs232 cables see the HPS Guide: Chapter 6; Step 6, "Install the Hardware Management Console (HMC)" thru Step 16. "Verify Installation is Complete"" For "Code load requirements for existing server frames" see Chapter 6 For p655 "Code load requirements for existing p655 server frames" For p690 "Code load requirements for existing p690 server frames"
	For each CEC on which you want to install the GFW code - One partition running AIX must have "Service Authority" set. Linux does not support microcode download at this time. The "Service Authority" is set on one LPAR per CEC in the LPAR's profile "other" tab. This designates the LPAR as authorized to provide update images to the CSP. All partitions except the one with "Service Authority" must be shut down. The partition with "Service Authority" must own the device from which the microcode update image will be read.

	In the required devices are not in the partition with "Service Authority", the customer of system administrator must reassign the appropriate resources to it. This requires rebooting the partition with "Service Authority". If the firmware on a full system partition is being updated, no special steps are required to perform the firmware update using the service aid. Ensure the GFW image file is not corrupted/truncated before you begin the update_flash process. Check that /var and /tmp directories are not above 50% full on the partition with the service authority. The update process can range from 20 minutes to 2 hours, depending on system configuration. The system reboots itself during the update process. Since SNM is disabled during this process, the SNI adapter interfaces will NOT be configured, or will be incorrectly configured when the LPAR(s) reactivate. It is recommended that you use the `update_flash -f` command as opposed to the shutdown -Fu method. AIX52 APAR IY49146 is required for update_flash to work correctly. Level Check by running this command on the partitions: instfix -ik IY49146 The `update_flash` command will reboot the CEC(s) and will activate the LPAR(s). You may find some more detailed instructions provided on the website with the latest image: Http://techsupport.services.ibm.com/server/mdownload2/7040681F.html To install GFW update using Diskette method: For p690 systems follow the instructions in the HPS guide on "Step 3: p690 GFW (system firmware code load)" in chapter 6.
	for existing p655 server frames", Step 3. GFW (system firmware) code load.
	For a possible condition of the formation of the formatio of the formation of the formation of the formation of
4a	For a possible Charter of a possible
4a 4b	For a possible Control of a possible Chapter 6, "Code load requirements" for existing p655 server frames", Step 3. GFW (system firmware) code load. back to toe Installation steps: (using the recommended AIX command line (update_flash) method) SNM Software should be still disabled. Verify from the SNM GUI Panel. For each CEC on which you want to install GFW code, shutdown all partitions except the one with service authority.

	dsh [-N <nodegrp>] "echo \"/usr/lpp/diagnostics/bin/update_flash -qf tmp/<gfw img<br="">file>\" at now" job root.1102366157.a at Mon Dec 6 15:49:17 2004 job root.1102366120.a at Mon Dec 6 15:48:40 2004 job root.1102366242.a at Mon Dec 6 15:50:42 2004</gfw></nodegrp>
4d	After the LPAR(s) are 'Running', Power OFF the CEC(s) from the GUI or using CSM rpower - not from EPO red switch.
4e back to toc	Once the CEC(s) are powered off - follow these steps to enable the SNM/FNM Software from the GUI: 1. Select Switch Network Management from the Switch Management folder in the Navigation area. 2a Select Logical Topology on a 'per plane' basis. Select the number of Planes and select the Logical Topology on a per plane basis (Number of Endpoints on a plane) . Ex: 2 Frames and 2 Switches with NO Switch-to-Switch Links is 2 planes; 1NSB_0ISB_16EP (16 Endpoints) Ex: 2 Frames and 2 Switches with ANY Switch-to-Switch Links is 1 plane; 2NSB_0ISB_32EP (32 Endpoints)
	 2b Enable SNM Software for Normal Operation OR 2b Enable SNM Software for Switch Network Verification. 3. After Enable SNM Software task completes, verify current HMC and SNM version as needed via the Management Properties task: HMC version is under the "Version" tab. SNM version is under the Management tab, "SNM Version" column. This should show the current version as given in <u>Section 3 Download Info</u>.
	NOTES: The "Enable SNM Software for Switch Network Verification" task is used during new system setup/installation or after reconfiguration to initialize and check out the system by NOT removing bad links or routes. The main purpose is to discover cable mis-wires and defective hardware. No Routing is modified or loaded. It is NOT intended to be used in a working environment. Refer to the HPS Guide for more details on defining the Switch Network Topology: Paview. Chapter 4. System management components: Step 1: Enable SNM
	Review - Chapter 4. System management components; Step 1: Enable SNM Review - Appendix E. Switch Network Manager (SNM) - The SNM Graphical User Interface The GUI Does NOT update its view automatically. You MUST refresh the display via the GUI menu "Reload" button (5th icon from the left) OR from the "Menu">"View">"Reload" function OR
	simply press the 'F5' key back to toc
4f	Power up CEC(s) from the HMC GUI and activate logical partition(s).

4f

4g	Enable technical large page support - Required for levels greater than Service Pack 6. Note: Refer to " <u>HPS/SNI</u> " sub-section in the "Installation Guidelines" section for details on technical large page setup.
4h back to toc	Determining the level of firmware on the processor subsystem Firmware level is indicated as: 3xyymmdd.img; where x = a firmware designation such as J or H - J = p655, H=p690 yy = year, mm = month, and dd = day of the release similar to 3J060626 Check the GFW microcode level from either A VTERM to the main SP Menu. This should show the correct level on the top line. OR You can also check the GFW level from the AIX command line on the active LPAR(s): lscfg -vp grep alter grep "\.3" You should see: ROM Level (alterable) < GFW img level> - or - ROM Level (alterable) < GFW img level> where < GFW img level> is the level given in Section 3 GFW Download Info.
4i back to toc	Determining the level of HPS adapter microcodeThe HPS adapter microcode (ucode) is shipped as part of the GFW update image.Level Check the ucode to make sure you do not have to reinstall GFW.To Level Check the ucode:From an AIX52 partition, issue:/usr/sni/aix52/debugtools/sni_get_ucode_version -l snizFrom an AIX53 partition, issue:/usr/sni/aix53/debugtools/sni_get_ucode_version -l snizwhere z = sni interface number on your system anywhere from 0 thru 7 (Eg. sni0)which can be seen in "netstat -in" output.This should show the current version as given in Section 3 GFW Download Info.NOTE: You will need to reinstall the GFW update if you:- neglected to disable SNM during the GFW update- or if you added/replaced an HPS adapter. Otherwise, the HPS ucode may not havebeen applied correctly.
	Power Subsystem Microcode Installation Guidelines
5	Install Power Subsystem Microcode on each frame by following these steps:
5a back to toc	Download the Power Subsystem Microcode: from : https://techsupport.services.ibm.com/server/mdownload/other.html to an ftp server. Install via the HMC GUI through the Software Maintenance -> Frame panels. Receive Corrective Service Install Corrective Service If you are upgrading from Service Pack 9 or above, the installation of Power Subsystem Microcode rpm is complete. Proceed to step 5d to level check installed version.

5b	If you are upgrading from Service Pack 8 or lower, the new Power Subsystem Microcode requires the switches to be recycled for the changes to become effective. Power cycle switch(s): From the HMC GUI select "Switch Network Management > Switch Topology View" For each switch plane - select "Selected > Power <off" - refresh GUI to verify power status - select "Selected <power <on"<br="">- refresh GUI to verify power status Repeat procedure on all switch planes.</power></off"
5c	Recycle SNM daemon using the HMC GUI: select Switch Network Management > Disable SNM Software refresh display: Menu > File > Refresh >Enable SNM Software.
back to toc	Notes: 1. Reccommended procedure for a complete power-cycle of the cluster ("EPOW") - a.k.a. Cold Boot Procedure In the event that power-cycling the HPS switch boards (5b) is not enough - as a last resort after trying 5b and failing - the following procedure is suggested: For a complete discussion of the subject : See pSeries High Performance Switch Planning, Installation, and Service; Chapter 9. Service procedures; Managed system power on and power off (LPAR reboot); p. 170) The 10 minute wait is for switch frames to stabilize. Suggested Procedure: - shutdown all the lpars - rpower -a cec_off - stop fimd - EPOW off all the CECs and the ISB frame - start fimd - EPOW on the ISB frame and the NSB frames - wait 10 minutes, EPOW everyone else on - check for flashing lights on the (optical) risers in the ISBs - rpower -a cec_on - tail /var/hsc/log/*lint.log until that stops - run hps_check.pl - activate all the lpars

5d	Level Check					
	After completing the ptcode installation, go to the HMC GUI and verify successful					
back to	installation:					
	 Select: Software Maintenance> Frame> Install Corrective Service Verify that the <u>"Installed Version"</u> matches the version you just installed 					
	(Important: This window may not automatically refresh when installation completes.					
	Manually refresh the window as necessary					
50	Varify HDS is Functioning					
	At this point the basic UDS installation is complete. You should now be able to ping					
	At this point the basic HPS instantation is complete. Tou should now be able to ping					
	A general check is a good ping all script. The HPS Documentation covers this topic in					
	the host based verification tool.					
	- Post Installation Task 2. (pSeries High Performance Switch Planning, Installation,					
	and Service; "Run the host-based verification tools", p116)					
	If SNM Software is not running then :					
	The "Switch Management" Switch Network Management views : Switch Topology					
	View, and End Point View will not be populated and there is a dialog message indicating					
	that and you will not be able to ping over the switch.					
	hps_check.pl is not available in a closed box without the root password.					
	It should show the links as Timed and MPA Available :					
	Lpar Name Lpar# Sni# => Adapter# Csp# Cronus# => Frame Cage					
	Chip Port : Timed? MPA TOD					
	c661f1rp02 1 0 0 2 5 1 1 5 2 YES YES SLV					
	c661f1rp02 1 1 1 3 4 4 4 5 2 YES YES BAK					
	AIX Installation Guidelines					
	back to toc					
6	Install AIX base updates on each node by following these steps.					
	Sac Section 2: AIX download info for the recommended AIX cornica level for this					
	See Section 5. All download hillo for the recommended All service level for this					
	Service Pack.					
	En complete instructions on the installation masses have also access					
	For complete instructions on the installation procedures please see:					
	Document Reference: <u>AIX 5L Version 5.2 Installation Guide and Reference</u>					

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6a	Download and install the recommended AIX 5L version service level for this Service Pack						
toc							
	To download:						
	Go to <u>http://www-1.ibm.com/servers/eserver/support/pseries/aixfixes.html</u>						
	In the "Search By" drop down box Select "APAR or abstract"						
In the "Search String" text box enter the specific fix as given in Section 3: AIX d							
	info						
	Click in "GO"						
This should return a text how with the specific fix requested							
Select that package and click on "Add to my download list"							
	You can view by clicking on "view my download list"						
1 ou cui view by cheking on view my download list							
	Repeat these steps for any additional fixes or PTFs						
	When all the indicated fixes are in the download list click on "continue"						
	Specify your "Current level" (oslevel -r will give you the current level of AIX)						
	After "Select a download server"						
	click on "Continue" and follow instructions for downloading the selected file sets.						
	Please read the "Memo to Users" in the Download fixes page for installation info and fix						
	info.						
6b	Level check AIX by running this command on the logical partition(s):						
	lslpp -ha bos.mp64						
	Varify that filesets are at or above the given in Section 2: AIX download info for the						
	verify that mesets are at or above the given in <u>Section 5. Arx dowinoad into</u> for the						
	recommended AIX service level for this Service Pack.						
AIX LP Installation Guidelines							
	back to toc						
7	Install AIX LP updates on each node by following these steps.						
	Level Check: see "Detailed LP Level Check"						
	Notes: CSM I P's need to download and install openCIMOM-0.8-1 RPM update						
	Document Reference: AIX 51 Version 5.2 Installation Guide and Reference						
	(SC23-4389-03)						
	IBM RSCT: Administration Guide						
	As noted in the Installation Guide in order to use CSM I P's you need to download						
	and install openCIMOM-0.8-1 RPM undate						
	You can download openCIMOM from the following web site:						
	http://www_l ibm com/servers/aix/products/aixos/linux/download html						
	Salast "Baskaga" OpenCIMOM "Version" 0.8 (5.2) (For AIX 5.2)						
	For complete details and Chapter 4 Installing the management convert from Chapter 4.						
	For complete details see: Chapter 4. Instanting the management server, Step 6. Download						
	Open Source Software of USM Guide.						
	Document Reference:						
	IBM Cluster Systems Management for AIX 5L Planning and Installation Guide						
	AIX 5L Version 5.2 Installation Guide and Reference						
	IBM Reliable Scalable Cluster Technology Administration Guide						

	DPCL is no longer a part of the IBM PE for AIX licensed program.					
	Instead, DPCL is now available as an open source offering that supports PE.					
For more information and to download the DPCL open source project go to:						
	http://oss.software.ibm.com/developerworks/opensource/dpcl					
	Document Reference:					
	IBM Parallel Environment for AIX 5L Installation Version 4 Release 1.1					
	Chapter 1. Introducing PE 4.1.1					
	back to toc					
7a	Download and install the applicable IBM Virtual Shared Disk(VSD) LAPI HPS PPE					
Load eveler GPES Parallel ESSI ESSI CSM and RSCT PTE undates						
back to	Apply the listed APARs which are needed for this Service Pack					
toc	They are available from the website:					
	http://www-1 ibm.com/servers/eserver/support/pseries/aivfixes.html					
	If you are upgrading to this Service Pack from a service pack that is earlier than SP9, then					
	installing CSM1.4 is required.					
	The Maintenance package contains CSM 1.4 which requires RPM update openCIMOM 0.8					
	(5.2).					
7b	To verify that the service levels for your LP's are current for this Service Pack, on each					
	logical partition issue:					
	lslpp -Lc egrep "vsd LAPI HPS sni ppe LoadL mmfs rsct csm essl pessl" cut -d : -f 2,3 sed					
	and check the levels against those listed in Detailed LP Level Check					
7c	RSCT Migration Issues:					
	See Problem 2: "hagsglsm is not reporting the local switch membership group"					
	For more information, refer to:					
	RSCT Administration Guide: Chapter 3. Creating and Administering an RSCT Peer Domain:					
	Migration					
	back to toc					
Section	n 6: Known problems/workarounds/Restrictions					
back to toc						
PRORI	EMS					
"Phante	om" SNI devices may appear after upgrade from pre-Service Pack 7					
hagsgle	sm is not reporting the local switch membership group					
	and a reaction of the room of the monoclosely Broup					
RESTR	RICTIONS:					
No switch should be powered off while the SNM software is running.						
Rules for swapping cables for fault isolation						
Improved performance is more sensitive to bad links						
HPS Cluster recommended LPAR reboot procedure						
	<u>+</u>					

Striping mode Restrictions

1. "Phantom" SNI devices may appear after upgrade from pre-Service Pack 7

Users Affected: Users upgrading systems from SP6 or earlier with existing SNI devices

Problem Description:

Changes in the HPS switch microcode and driver demand that it is absolutely necessary to install the HPS fileset updates and the GFW firmware updates without rebooting logical partitions before the system firmware is successfully installed. Rebooting the LPAR(s) prematurely will cause "phantom" SNI devices to be created on the partition(s).

The failure signature is:

1) There are twice the number of snX and sniX devices as expected in the "lsdev -C|grep sn" output.

(where X = sni or sn interface number on your system anywhere from 0 thru 7 -- e.g. sni0 or sn0)

2) All the sn interfaces are in the Defined state.

3) Upper half of the sniX devices are in "Available" state (higher numbered devices) and lower half of the sniX devices are in "Defined" state (lower numbered devices).

4)All the sniX devices could also be in the "Defined" state.

Common causes of "phantom" sniX devices:

If you re-boot LPARs after upgrading HPS filesets, but prior to a successful GFW upgrade.

Failure during GFW upgrade after updating HPS filesets.

These events/scenarios will cause all LPARs on a CEC to reboot without upgrading the GFW via AIX command line method (i.e. update_flash command)

- If you have a corrupted/truncated GFW image file.

- If either /var or /tmp is too full.

- If an LPAR other than the Set Service Authority LPAR is in "Running" state during update_flash

- If an LPAR other than the Set Service Authority LPAR is used to run the update_flash command

Note: There may be other factors that cause LPARs to reboot after the HPS fileset is upgraded and before the GFW is successfully updated.

Recovery Procedure:

1) Complete the GFW update.

- Verify that the firmware updates on all CEC(s) was successful.

2) Recover the sniX and snX devices. (Note: To recover requires at least 1 reboot. Two reboots are required if the sniX devices are busy)

2a) Remove all the SNI devices after naking note of any customization to the SNI devices such as num_windows, driver_debug, etc . Use "lsattr -El sniX" so that they can be re-applied after the recovery procedure.

NOTE: This procedure will reset all values back to the defaults:

To remove each logical sniX do this:

for X in 0 1 2 3; do rmdev -d -l sni\$X; done

If the rmdev fails for any devices (e.g. device is busy), then unconfigure the device driver as follows.

Otherwise, go to step 2b.

- rename the configuration method for the device:

mv /usr/sni/aix52/cfgsni /usr/sni/aix52/cfgsni.orig

- reboot each LPAR that failed

- run the rmdev loop again

- restore the original configuration methods name:

mv /usr/sni/aix52/cfgsni.orig /usr/sni/aix52/cfgsni

2b) Remove ONLY the phantom top half of the snX devices:

The lower half are real snX devices and have the ipaddr and netmask attributes in the odm.

You don't want to delete these, nor do you have to. For the top HALF of logical snX devices do this: for X in 2 3; do rmdev -d -l sn\$X; done

3) Reboot the LPAR(s) --> shutdown -Fr

4) Restore any customization to the SNI devices (e.g. num_windows, driver_debug, etc ...)

2. hagsglsm is not reporting the local switch membership group

Component:rsct

Systems Affected: All rsct Users at Service Pack 9

Description: In order to complete the migration of a peer domain and update the active RSCT version to a new level, you must enter the runact command:

runact -c IBM.PeerDomain CompleteMigration Options=0"

This command should be run after every RSCT release upgrade.

For a more complete discussion see: "Avoiding Domain Partitioning When Migrating From RSCT 2.2.1.x or 2.3.0.x" in IBM Reliable Scalable Cluster Technology Administration Guide; Chapter 3. Creating and Administering an RSCT Peer Domain; Migration

Restrictions

1. No switch should be powered off while the SNM software is running.

Component: SNM - Switch Network Management Systems Affected: High Performance Switch (HPS) users applying from pre-Service Pack 7 Implications:

- A CEC frame with a switch in it CANNOT be EPOWed.

- If a CEC has to be power cycled, power down the CEC and not the frame.

- If a CEC frame with a switch needs to be EPOWed, power down the frame, kill the SNM daemon after 5 minutes, power up the frame and restart the SNM daemon.

- If one or more switches need to be recycled, power down the switches, power them back up and then recycle the SNM daemon after 5 minutes.

2. Rules for swapping cables for fault isolation

Component: SNM - Switch Network Management

Systems Affected: All HPS Users applying from pre-Service Pack 7

Description:

Only swap SNI attached cables at the switch ports to which they are attached.

Do not swap switch to switch cables with other switch to switch cables nor with SNI attached cables.

Do not swap cables on the SNI ports.

Do not swap cables between switches.

If adapters are accidentally "miswired" during the process of swapping cables, recable the adapters to their original positions.

3. Improved performance is more sensitive to bad links

Problem Description: The protocol (MPI or LAPI) will timeout if the job runs on bad links and the link routes are not fixed. If the link failure turns into adapter failure then the job gets terminated.

Solution: To resolve this issue monitor Service Focal Point for bad links and fix them.

4. HPS Cluster recommended LPAR reboot procedure

Component: HPS/SNI

Systems Affected: All HPS Users applying from pre-Service Pack 7

Description:

To ensure the HPS switch links are properly shutdown and re-enabled, it is recommended that you use the commands below, to recycle and reboot all LPAR/AIX images in your cluster:

"shutdown -F" <-- to shutdown LPAR

"shutdown -Fr" or "dsh -av shutdown -Fr" <-- to reboot LPAR or multiple LPARs simultaneously If not followed, en masse reboot will certainly result in one IPC1:37:CC MP Fatal event per link.

Use of the "reboot" command or "rpower" commands will not shutdown the HPS switch links in an orderly fashion - when more than one frame at a time is cycled concurrently the SNM daemon may hang and Service Focal Point could end up with artificial errors. If when these commands must be run concurrently on multiple LPARS, it is recommended that you use them one frame at a time in your cluster.

When the HMC GUI is used to cycle an LPAR, it is recommended that you use the "shutdown" option to recycle the LPAR, not the "reset" option. The "shutdown" option will ensure that the HPS switch links are shutdown and re-enabled cleanly - whereas the "reset" option(s) will essentially use the rpower command (and not do an orderly shutdown).

NOTE: Use of the rpower or HMC GUI reset options should be reserved as a "last resort" for LPARS that are not responding to a shutdown command.

5. Striping mode Restrictions

Component: HPS/SNI

Description:

- Striping currently limited to eight links per task. Multiple tasks can use all links as long as there are more tasks than half the links available.

- Performance degradation for single task per link of 3% for unidirectional and 5% for exchange bandwidth at large messages. However, multiple tasks per link get full link bandwidth.

- In non-striping mode you only get half the links on a p655 system using a 2 plane configuration when setting MP_EUIDEVICE=sn_single. You must use MP_EUDEVICE= csss or sn_all to get all links.

HMC		
<u>SNM</u>		
GFW		
VSD		
LAPI 233		
LAPI 242		
HPS 113		
HPS 120		
PPE 411		
PPE 422		
LoadL 320		
LoadL 331		
GPFS 210		
GPFS 221		
GPFS 230		
CSM 141		
RSCT 239		
RSCT 245		
back to toc		

HMC

refer to the HMC web site for specific: <u>http://www14.software.ibm.com/webapp/set2/sas/f/hmc/home.html</u>

SNM

For a list of abstracts see the SNM readme at <u>http://techsupport.services.ibm.com/server/hmc/power4/fixes/mcode/v3r30.html</u> click on the 'view' link.

<u>GFW</u>

Refer to the following links for complete list of abstracts for GFW fixes in HPS Service Pack 7 or higher: http://techsupport.services.ibm.com/server/mdownload/7040681F.html - for Regatta H http://techsupport.services.ibm.com/server/mdownload/7039651F.html - for Regatta IH

<u>VSD</u>

4.1.0.14

on purple at LLNL we're seeing that the trace file for IBM.vsd VSD.SNAP GETS ERROR WHEN REMOTE FS NAMED /TMP IS MOUNTED VSD.SNAP ERROR IN THE SUBROUTINE GET_CSS_STUFF NODE PANIC IN VSD DURING FAILOVER IN VSDD:SUSVSD. VSD 2-node recovery is failing

4.1.0.15

panic:SndRmt vsdkt threadentry VSD system panic in RcvRmt

4.1.0.17

Invalid recv message handling Device Support Enhancements vsd hangup

LAPI

2.3.3.5

LAPI interrupts disabled when MP_MSG_API=MPI,LAPI

2.4.2.4

LAPI assert running dual protocol mpi/lapi in striped mode

2.4.2.5 INCORPORATE NEW LAPI ENV VARIABLES IN NEXT SERVICE

2.4.2.6

64bit IP xfer_putv seg v in REG_fmemcpy new P DWD: LAPI must handle GS_REOPEN_FAIL 2EB: MPI_Init() seg fault w/ multiple instanc Linux: Am_xfer hang in shared memory RCXT_READ_IOCTL

HPS/SNI

113 1.1.3.7 SNIDD PANIC IN XMEMDMA64() CRASH IN MLTDD

1.1.3.8

64K page support Preemption issues RCXT_READ_IOCTL

1.1.3.9

GA8 update the hom_to_laddr map RDMA lgpg BW ~6% lower on AIX 53E RDMA lgpg BW ~6% lower on AIX 53E RAS: SNI REPORT ERRPT WHEN INSUFFICIENT LARG

cfg error flow crash w/xmalloc_debug

120 1.2.0.1 increase time-out to address lapi_init() ntbl msg catalog says block instead of bulk t

1.2.0.2 SNIDD PANIC IN XMEMDMA64() CRASH IN MLTDD ASC purple: zdebugdrv fileset needs a post_u

1.2.0.3 64K page support Preemption issues RCXT_READ_IOCTL med page test cases

1.2.0.4 Export IB version of hal.h 64K page support Preemption issues RCXT_READ_IOCTL med page test cases

1.2.0.5 GA8 update the hom_to_laddr map RDMA lgpg BW ~6% lower on AIX 53E

1.2.0.6 RAS: SNI REPORT ERRPT WHEN INSUFFICIENT LARG cfg error flow crash w/xmalloc_debug

Parallel Environment

4.1.1 POE CANNOT INHERIT LARGE LIMITS

4.2.2.2

SAMPLES SCRIPT /USR/LPP/PPE.POE/SAMPLES/AFS/BUILDAFS FAILS TO POE GENERATES NULL CHARACTERS ON MP_PRIORITY=YES - FIX REQUI POE FAILS WHEN TOTALVIEW FAST CONDITIONAL BREAKPOINT USED THE PARTITION MANAGER DAEMON (PMDV4) TERMINATED WITH A CORE DU ASCI: MP_BUFFER_MEM second argument being ignored

4.2.2.3

MP_PRINTENV PRINTS MISLEADING INFO ABOUT MP_INSTANCES FAILURE TO CREATE LIGHT WEIGHT CORE FILES. Update AIX Trace hooks in MPCI

INCORPORATE NEW LAPI ENV VARIABLES IN NEXT SERVICE timing issues in rset attachment

4.2.2.4

Linux: Memory Leak in MPI_Datatype create/fre MPI_BCAST() FAILS WITH COMMUNICATION TIMEOUT RCXT_READ_IOCTL MPI_TESTSOME AND MPI_WAITSOME FAIL. MPI_CART_CREATE FAILS

4.2.2.5

HANDLE MORE EFFICIENTLY REDIRECTED STDIN WHE TOTALVIEW BROKEN WITH PE 4.2.2 rSAN PTF5 broke

Loadleveler

3.2.0.18

IN THE LOADL JCF FILE THE DEPENDENCY STATEMENT IS ONLY 1024 CH WHEN USING API SCHEDULER AND USING LLMODIFY CMD TO CHANGE THE WHEN A MACHINE IS REMOVED FROM AN LL CLUSTER BUT IS STILL RUIN

3.2.0.19

Problem with preemption in presence of adapter failures/errors. INVALID OPTION COMBINATIONS FOR LLQ COMMAND SHOULD FAIL WITH E LOADL_CONFIG VARIABLE NOT WORKING PROPERLY. JOB NOT REJECTED IF INITAIL DIRECTORY IS MISSING WHEN RUNNING LOADL_CONFIG VARIABLE NOT WORKING PROPERLY. LYN build breaks in building on the changes in the track 133815

3.3.2.1

INVALID OPTION COMBINATIONS FOR LLQ COMMAND SHOULD FAIL WITH E PREEMPT TIMES NOT PRESERVED IF NEGOTIATOR DOWN/UP-WALLCLOCK HI WHEN A JOB IS MOVED FROM ONE LOADLEVELER CLUSTER TO ANOTHER VI BGL: LoadL_Neg coredumps with V1R2M1_020_2006-060110/ppc build Memory error in query api for CLASSES WHEN SPEED SET TO LESS THEN 1 IN ADMIN FILE THE JOB CPU IS CAL llq -s top dog message JOB CONTROL FILES ARE NOT CHANGED AS SPECIFIED BY THE REMOTE C RHEL 4 X86: file /tmp/startd_unix_dgram_socket is not deleted. LL signals to mpirun not interpreted correctly THE PRESENCE OF FILE LOADL CM WILL CAUSE PROBLEMS LLSTATUS AND LL jobs do not start if ownr field exists & PART STATE=FREE Need to update loadleveler.pm for IBM globus Need to update GT4 document. JOB STEP ID MACHINE NAME PART MISSING FROM LLSUMMARY OUTPUT. Neg. crash during user constraints sys initiated premption run LL keywords processing nonnumeric characters w/o errors Doing ctrl-C on down node during "llctl -g start" exits command 2EB:LoadL_starter coredumps due to corrupt stack 2EB :llstatus -a shows "NOT READY" with dynamic adapter setup

Linux: llextRPD missing from PPC/Red Hat, Opteron builds 2EB: ifconfig ib0 down, llq -s does not report reason 2EB: LoadL_startd crashes processing incorrect info from RSCT

3.3.2.2

shows no adapters w/rsct at 2.3.5 starter crashed during checkpoint command defect created to remove changes from 133937

3.3.2.3

llctl purgeschedd hang w/Idle jobs in queue LOADLEVELER API PROGRAM MAY GET STALE INFORM LOADLEVELER API PROGRAM MAY GET STALE INFORM Checking for schedds on xloadl displays incor **CONSUMABLECPUS VALUE INCORRECT AFTER CPU REP** RMC adapter change causes kernel extension re incorrect dispatch time in stored status file errno not getting passed to dprintf Affinity: LL crash when a affinity job preemp **EXCESSIVE PRINTING IN NEGOTIATORLOG, SCHEDLO** Schedd died on c555 redhat cluster with jobs llckpt hangs when starter dies during command 2 default machine stanzas results in strange LLSTATUS -A SHOWS INCORRECT VALUE FOR RCXT B Valgrind reports invalid file descriptor in s Available initiators, per llclass, changes du LL Mercury PTF2 needs to show correct level LLQ RUNNING STEPS VALUE INCORRECT AFTER E JO 2EB:strange characters printed for fs size wi llstatus shows aggregate address on 2nd ether dprintf causes Neg. crash with API ext sched Need to remove redundand routing of aggregate SCHEDD LOOPS WHEN A REMOTE SCHEDD WITH A CON Defect 131940 breaks cluster copy file functi BG: jobs on bgldd1 stays in Pending state 2EB:Startd crash due to bad IB info Co-existance fails in a multi-cluster environ 2EB:StartLog prints out negative network id w Let llctl use value specified by LOADL_RSH_CO NERSC: Startd window load failure with csss Serialization missing when accessing stanza B Need to update error messages for IB error log entry has incorrect data

3.3.2.5

VACATE RECORDS MISSING FROM HISTORY FILE LL API scheduler cannot schedule sn_all jobs FROM LLSTATUS -A ADAPTER INFORMATION AT THE Memory Leak in LoadL_master when other daemon WORKAROUND FOR WLM DEFECT RETURNING MEMORY U unmatched adapter resources seen (incorr

STRIPED ADAPTER DATA CAN BECOME CORRUPTED Schedd cored in Semaphore::p (this=0xb8) Valgrind test on startd shows memory errors Negotiator log is not generated when we h DEFAULT_WALL_CLOCK_LIMIT DEFAULTS TO WRONG H

GPFS

2.1.0.30

DCR FOR CONFIGURING ML0 TO DELETE ML ROUTES CSS PING LATENCY WHEN IPSEC IS ENABLED DSI CRASH DURING BOOT WITH CRUISER/CORSAIR A CS_SW_GET_SVCREQ_ER NODE OFF SWITCH /ETC/PASSWD AND GROUPS PERMISSIONS NOT SET B LAPI_INTERRUPT_OFF DCR REQUEST FOR CSS IP DRIVER TO RUN AT INTC

2.2.1.16

<u>GPFS</u>

2.3.0.12 KERNEL HANG IN KSFSREMOTERETRY AND KXSENDFLOCK

2.3.0.14

dump kthreads fails on sles 9 with complaint assert:(RepDiskAddr)bgP->synched == srcRepDA LNX86 GPFS 64bit EM64T: recall daemons cores deadlock related to dmapi on c559 cluster MMAP http patch link in site.mcr not valid AIX 5.3 tl4+sp2 mmap large files gives unexp SGI Altix Port fgets is stuck in the kernel causing gpfs to assert:err != E HOLE, file mnode.C, line 509 Clear the disk magic number when deleted trace daemon: device open failed Missing config variables to dump AIX 5.3 TL4-SP2 mmap1 test fails on gpfs only PERFORMANCE DEGRADATION CAUSED BY MANY MOUNTS waiters:Disk lease thread GPDFailurNotifyCond CHANGE_LOCK_SHARK_M WAITING FOR RO LOCK **Relinguished region cursors** Allow multiple -E on mmstartup DM application failed with segv Unmount/shutdown hung waiting for ialloc segm VERITAS BACKUP OF AIX ACL DOES NOT WORK ON GP OUOTAMSGRELINOUISH THREAD WAITING FOR THE FLU NFSV4 ACL EXTENDED ATTRIBUTES EXISTS FLAG **REMOTE MOUNT NOT WORKING AFTER PTF13**

2.3.0.15 RVSD SUBSYSTEM MAY GO DOWN BEFORE GPFS UNMOU Node paniced during copying a dir :logAssertF DEADLOCK ON FCLEAR WITH SNAPSHOTS SLOW UNTAR PERFORMANCE OVER EXISTING FILES

<u>CSM</u>

1.4.1.12 ASCI purple: preprpnode failed on due to currupted ACL file DWD: serialize RMC messages MM: lsnode status not sync with rmcdomainstatus MM: update ConnectivityNames comparison routine dsh PATH errors received when running on an HMC IBM.HWCTRLRMD MEMORY LEAK 1350-Fixed:CSM forces kernel-smp in ks templ for RHEL4U1 32-bit RMC status is not right, IBM.CSMAgentRM failed Add RSAII SSL (10) and MANAGEMENT MODULE SSL (9) Types IBM.HWSVRRM generated core dump on HMC GA6 level. It made CRHS dsh -S issues error messages dsh DSH_PATH should not be used if HMC is in target list dsh AllNodes file in DSH context should be written to users dir RHEL-ES, AS, WS: DISPLAYMAC SCRIPT ERRORS FROM GETADAPTERS COMMA hardware server shouldnt auto start on AIX MS DSH NODE RCP rem shell needs to be used with -e and -E flag CFMUPDATENODE: KERBEROS COULDNT GET CREDENTIALS FOR THE SERVER: CFMUPDATENODE GETS WRONG NODE STATUS SOMETIMES WHEN NAMES ARE CSM.DSH 1.4.1.11 BROKEN WITH NOHUP Update VRMF for csm rcat PTF 12 Defect 130418 breaks dsh return code Linux hardware control errors Regatta CEC events cause NullPointerException

1.4.1.13

MM:DMSRM need to invoke SyncConfig more properly CSM 1.4.1.10 DOESNT CREATE A CORRECT INITRD FOR THE MACHINE WI MM:fld:long host name could cause acl corruption? rpower returns 'LCD1 = LCD2 is blank' when both LCDs are blank THE DCP -R DOESNT WORK WITH -P FLAG. NETBOOT NOT USING INSTALLADAPTERGATEWAY VALUE DSH -N WITH NODE RANGE COMMAN DELIMITED NOT WORKING AS DOCUMEN DSH WITH NOHUP DOES NOT RUN IN BACKGROUND NEED TO PUT /OPT/CSM/MAN BEFORE /USR/SHARE/MAN IN AIX 5.2 IBM.HWCTRLRM needs to stop the hdwr_svr daemon when exiting. THE CSM_NODE_PREFIX ENVIRONMENT VARIABLE IS NO LONGER WORKING THE NODEGRP COMMAND NO LONGER SUPPORTS A NODE GROUP ADDING TO Update VRMF for csm_rcat PTF 13 man dcp error after unset MANPATH AIX: K5 env, CFM fails when issued by updatenode

1.4.1.14

Add power_on/power_off/power_state operands to frame cmd frame command displays (extra) invalid cages RPOWER CAN RETURN INCORRENT RESULTS IF CEC NAME AND LPAR NAME "frame" command does not see FedSw coredump occurs while running rpower,chbmcconsusr for devices RPOWER: LCD EVENTS SHOULD ONLY STORE LCD DATA (NOT POWER STATU IMsgCMD fails to be retrieved in nodecmds.NodeUtils.map file dsh fails for devices defined with ip address frame -i powers OFF Cec-only frame without warning HWSDAGENT SHOULD IGNORE INVALID ADAPTER IPS rconsole leaves zombie telnet sessions Update VRMF for csm_rcat PTF 14 mgmtsvr fails to change management server

1.5.1.1

DCmonitorinstall():current status and status history need added rfwflash does not work with JS21 blades dsh fails for devices defined with ip address attribute validity checking needed for clusterinfo and nodeinfo DC.log should not get created in CSM environment copycds need to prompt user if no CD or ISO mounted mgmtsvr fails when the managed node has csm.server installed A typo "x64 64" in csmsetupks manpage Confusing getadapters messages from csmsetupyast Need to add Click-to-accept to FSP direct attach RHEL: installing an i386 node from an x86 64 MS failed DSH NO LONGER PASSES -N TO RSH WHICH BREAKS PIPES 'systemid [-c] -s' does not work AIX/IVM:SLES9SP3 installation failed when installing packages IBGA7ST:csmstat shows PowerStatus unknown THE CSMSETUPNIM COMMAND CHECKS FOR HOSTNAMES ON NODE GROUPS TH getadapters auto stanza file cannot be read Scripts in csm.ivm.server and csm.ivm.client are not running setbootdisk does not work on JS20 with --noreboot HMC not disconnecting stream server in all required cases HAMS started, setupy ast failed while using UUID method for instal support direct cross subnet installs Update CSM 1.5.1.1 README getatapters does not set machine_type=install Update VRMF for CSM 1.5.1.1 mgmtsvr fails when the managed node has csm.server installed installms/copycds/copycsmpkgs does not work with the real CDs AIX: Rejecting csm.server 1.5.1.1 breaks root part

1.5.1.2

MM: lsnode -p shows inconsistence between two SLES10: csm.client include an obsolete versio IBM.HWCTRLRM DAEMON HAS MEMORY LEAKAGE IN A getadapter without -D should not set adapter csm.deploy overwrites user's dhcpsd.cn DSH -D OPTION DOES NOT OVERRIDE DSH_NODE_LIS

AIX->SLES9SP3:copycds can't copy some files w 1350-6A:hmc_nodecond fails on openpower fw 24 CSMAgentRM to refetch device tree dump during 1Q8 - Code drop for IPMI 2.0 support hdwr_svr wasnt converting the IP address leng 1350-6A: Install fails to find profile on mau FSP library causes IBM.HWCTRLRM to core dump NO WAY TO SPECIFY INTERFACES WITH DHCPD FILE check and remove resources with dup LPAR ID DSH BROKEN WITH REDIRECTED STANDARD INPUT. 1Q8 - Add SOL Support NETBOOT PRODUCES 2651-799 TIMEOUT ERROR ON N Reverse discovered slots (to A=1,B=0) for Dis 1Q8 - IPMI 2.0 follow-on 1350-6A:rrwflash -r did not reboot LS20s afte

1.5.1.3

1350-4C:Nodegrp noderange syntax (preceding -THE STATUS OF AN MS THAT IS ALSO AN MN GOES MM:fld:CSMAgentRM ran out memory after being updatehwdev -I fails if the HMC devices are d LX: IBM.DMSRM core dump during application of 1350-6A:Two agetty lines in inittab with SLES **RMRHWS CAN FAIL AND GIVE NO INDICATION** 1Q8 - bmc2d core dumps when closing console rfwflash fails to update more than one CEC in 1Q8 - SysRq in serial console not working UPDATENODE FAILS IF PING PORT IS BLOCKED Add preinstall support for x3550, x3650, x366 Add Crichton Blade preinstall support Use of adapters other than en1 for blade inst rfwflash -a -t power does not work with ML an ssh setup failure /csminstall fills up, but still says OK DB2 error when monitoring Blue Ge frame10 node1 not seen by fnm. reventlog command not returning SP logs! Unable to use cd1 when creating resources Incorrect report when the run failed. ADDING IMMEDIATELY POWER OFF OPTION ON CSM R rmpeer does'nt work and returns no err if pee Install httpd failed on RHEL4U3(x86 64) when rfis0629a build breaks **CFMUPDATENODE -F FLAG DOESNT WORK RIGHT IF F** bmc2d dumps core when closing multiple consol rmnode failed because /etc/dhcpd.conf does no DSH SOMETIMES LOSES BLANK LINES IN THE OUTPU Porting:CSM supports RHEL3U8 on x/pSeries **Update CSM README for 1.5.1.3** pLinux: setbootdisk not set boot device corre **RH: UUID installs fail when gateway or namese**

CSM prompts for wrong CD names for SLES 9 HWS should compare MTMs in CRHS only rfwflash not working with multiple targets of Incorrect message function called Porting: CSM supports RHEL4U4 GA on x/pSeries

<u>RSCT</u>

2.3.9.1

WEBSM REPORTING WRONG NODE DOWN FOR SWITCHRESPONDS LX: Local disk isn't harvested when machine has shared disks OHK: Name field should better not contain / CT: 22 out of 112 nodes ctrmc become inoperative after update Name of AgFS should change to resource id when fsid/label blank 2EB: isNodeStopped is not reset when joining LX: reset disk results in agfs opstate change to 4 0A0: Code Review Comments - Halt Callback 0A0:5 seconds delay of notification for hags ConfigRM fails occationally on startup OpState can hang in the Pending Online state Intermittent: processes dealing with IBM.Partition hang Failure to disable cthagsglsm when no HPC adapters exist 0HK AX: Core.0 creates when online AgFS Source and destination overlap in memcpy() 0HK: re-wording of some messages in IBM.StorageRM.msg RSCT when adapter is bad loops resending down notice to domain 0HK AX: Reset does not take VG offline and leave OpState=4 OpState stuck online after daemon bounce is ONLINE Allow including libsysfs.h without changing it KMUX: A memory leak bug IBGA7ST:lsrcrc IBM.NetworkInterface OpState show more interface THL update for address swap between two interfaces fails CPU USAGE INCREASES WITH RSCT 2.4.1.4 Set VRMF for Debussy/Debussy52 PTF 1 Harvest appears to leak memory Different trace category causes the improper trace output Improper trace category - continue 134938 0A0: Disk registration causes crash with 64-bit kernel hats sends duplicate incarnation numbers to hags 2EB: rsct info on ib interfaces missing on 24 nodes

2.3.9.2

MM: ConfigRM core dump during transition CCommand signal handling 0A0: Daemon makes NIM singleton, NIM enters i Handling AgFS on the full disk WebSM changes for LastEvent attribute CT: rsct.opt.storagerm.bff only apply on user message catalog corrections HostRM core when more than 3 attrs changed 2 chkpii errors

CT: EMSG821 incorrectly added to middle of th segchk errors in cthba.msg and ctseclib.msg 0A0: FFD didn't turn on after migration and s rdvo520617a AIX build failed due to syntax er Dvorak52 AIX build failed again - rdvo520617a csmstat: Exit code 1 from command Set VRMF for Debussy52/Debussy PTF 2 **2EB_ST:** cthagsglsm dumps huge core file durin cthactrl -K sometimes does not stop domain Not mark ctrmc.mntbl unusable when DI NOENTRY 2EB: Correct path to openIB libaries 2.4.5.1 is DOA on linux System crash on AIX 5.2 String index out of range: -2 ECMWF: dirty termination during node shutdown c559f6sq01: IBM.ConfigRMd memory leak Seg fault in extract fields 2EB: 10 nodes on c559 sys; pnsd [down] but rs Potential memory leaks when Array is used CT: return status of RMSchedule::removeOperat **IBM.HOSTRMD CORE DUMP EVERY 2 MINUTES** StorageRM core dump after starting RPD after RMC CORE DUMP ALLOCATE_SPACE POST-ALLCOATION change ConfigRMRmcp lock to mutex

2.3.9.3

HAGSD CORE WHEN RUNNING GRPSVCSCTRL -T FOR 2 CONFLICT OF HAGSD AND TAMOS COEXISTENCE DISKHB NIM LOSES HEARTBEATS AFTER CLUSTER RE Scaling: daemon resart /var/ct/139733580/run/ ctcasd core dumps under AIX debug malloc IBM.DMSRM CAN SHOW FALSE NODE STATUS

RSCT

2.4.5.1

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