

IBM Cúram Social Program Management



# Funded Program Management Developer Guide

*Version 6.05*



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**Note**

Before using this information and the product it supports, read the information in "Notices" on page 15

**Revised: May 2013**

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# Chapter 1. Introduction

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## 1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this guide is to describe the options for customizing the Cúram Funded Program Management Cúram Funded Program Management (FPM) component and to provide instructions on how to customize the FPM component using these options. Customization can be distinguished from configuration in that customization allows developers to modify, extend, or replace source code to suit customer requirements. Configuration allows administrators to determine the information that is displayed on application pages or to alter the behavior of the application in certain predefined ways.

This guide describes the customization or extension points provided with the FPM component. For further information on how to use these customization points, readers should consult the Persistence Cookbook where customization techniques are described in detail.

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## 1.2 Audience

This guide is intended for developers responsible for customizing FPM.

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## 1.3 Prerequisites

- Persistence Cookbook
  - Cúram Express Rules Reference Manual
  - Cúram Funded Program Management Guide
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## 1.4 Further Reading

For more information about the classes, interfaces, business event interfaces and the standard infrastructural persistence events included in the FPM component, please consult the FPM JavaDoc.

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## 1.5 Chapters in this Guide

### Using Strategy Patterns to Customize FPM

This chapter provides a brief description of the types of customization points that are available in FPM and how agencies can use them in a supported manner.

### Using Events to Add Custom Processing to FPM

This chapter describes the events that can be used by agencies to add functionality before and/or after a piece of functionality is executed.

### FPM Rule Sets

This chapter describes FPM Rule Sets.

### Fund Waitlist

This chapter provides details about the Fund Waitlist.



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## Chapter 2. Using Strategy Patterns to Customize FPM

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### 2.1 Introduction

FPM provides service layer interfaces that are specifically designed for customization. A new custom implementation can be provided for any of the following interfaces, if a customer wishes to have a different strategy than the default implementation.

The default implementation of the following interfaces can be replaced with a new custom implementation, if required, by creating a new Google Guice module class and adding a corresponding entry in the MODULE table. For more information on Guice and how to use Guice bindings using a Module class, please refer to the Persistence Cookbook.

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### 2.2 Determination of Fund Configuration

FPM provides the interface 'FundConfigurationDetermination' which is used for determining a fund configuration for a program fund.

A new implementation of this interface is required to change the way a fund configuration for a program fund is determined. For example, one may use a different fund configuration rather than the fund configuration that is active on the creation date of the obligation to determine the fund configuration. For example, if the agencies want to change the logic for applying the obligation to the fund configuration that is active during the service period applicable to the obligation, then those agencies can implement this interface to have their own logic to determine the fund configuration.

The default implementation has been provided by FundConfigurationDeterminationImpl and which determines the fund configuration that is active on the creation date when creating an obligation.

#### 2.2.1 Interface Location

curam.fundpm.util.impl.FundConfigurationDetermination

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### 2.3 Obligation Amount Calculation

FPM provides the interface which is used for calculating an obligation amount for each fund fiscal year, when the period for which the obligation is to be created crosses more than one fiscal year.

A new implementation of this interface is required to change the mechanism used to calculate an obligation amount for each fund fiscal year.

#### 2.3.1 Default Implementation

The default implementation has been provided by FundFiscalYearObligationAmtCalculationImpl and which calculates the obligation amount for each fund fiscal year, when the obligation period overlaps more than one fiscal year.

To determine the obligation amount, the default implementation splits the obligation amount and the relevant amounts are applied to the respective fund fiscal years. The calculation of obligation amounts for all overlapping fund fiscal years is determined using the formula,  $OA = (CYD / OD) * ROA$ , Where: OA = The obligation amount for each fund fiscal year, CYD = The number of days in the obligation period that fall within the current fiscal year, OD = The number of days in the obligation period, ROA = The total requested obligation amount.

## 2.3.2 Interface Location

curam.fundpm.util.impl.FundFiscalYearObligationAmtCalculation

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## 2.4 Fund Fiscal Year Line Item Reference Number Generation

FPM provides the interface 'FundFiscalYearLineItemRefNum' which is used to generate a reference number for a fund fiscal year line item.

A new implementation of this interface is required to change the mechanism used to generate the reference numbers.

### 2.4.1 Default Implementation

The default implementation has been provided by FundFiscalYearLineItemRefNumImpl. The default fund fiscal year line item reference number generation mechanism involves creation of reference number starting from 1024 and incrementing it by 1.

### 2.4.2 Interface Location

curam.fundpm.util.impl.FundFiscalYearLineItemRefNum

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## Chapter 3. Using Events to Add Custom Processing to FPM

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### 3.1 Introduction

FPM raises several business events which allow customers to add custom logic at various points in the application. For details on how to add events listeners, please refer to the Persistence Cookbook.

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### 3.2 Events

Each service layer API of the FPM raises a pre and post events and these events could be used to customize the service layer APIs. The service layer events can be categorized into

#### Standard Persistence Events (insert, modify, cancel and read)

Please refer to the 6.7 *Writing listeners for automatic persistence events of the Persistence Cookbook* for steps to handle these APIs.

#### Business Events

Please refer to the 6.5 *Create an event listener and 6.6. Configure Guice of the Persistence Cookbook* for steps to handle these APIs

Following is the list of business events. For additional details on any of the event classes listed here, please refer to the javadoc of the associated class.

#### 3.2.1 Fund User Role

##### 3.2.1.1 Interface Location

curam.fundpm.funduserrole.impl.CheckFundOwnerEvents

##### 3.2.1.2 Event Interfaces

Table 1. Fund User Role Event Details

Name	When it is raised	Pre Event Data	Post Event Data
CheckFundOwnerEvents	This event is raised whenever we check for the fund ownership.	Fund user role accessor reference, program fund, organization object reference, type and user name.	Fund user role accessor reference, program fund, organization object reference, type, user name and fund owner indicator.

#### 3.2.2 Fund Fiscal Year

##### 3.2.2.1 Interface Location

curam.fundpm.impl.FundFiscalYearCanObligateEvents

##### 3.2.2.2 Event Interfaces

Table 2. Fund Fiscal Year Event Details

Name	When it is raised	Pre Event Data	Post Event Data
FundFiscalYearCanObligateEvents	This event is raised whenever we want to check whether we can obligate before performing obligation or not.	Fund fiscal year accessor reference and amount to be obligated.	Fund fiscal year accessor reference, amount to be obligated and the obligation result indicator.

## 3.2.3 Fund Fiscal Year

### 3.2.3.1 Interface Location

curam.fundpm.impl.FundFiscalYearObligateAmountEvents

### 3.2.3.2 Event Interfaces

Table 3. Fund Fiscal Year Event Details

Name	When it is raised	Pre Event Data	Post Event Data
FundFiscalYearObligateAmountEvents	This event is raised whenever we want to perform an obligation.	Fund fiscal year accessor reference, amount to be obligated, obligation transaction type, funded item reference and type.	Fund fiscal year accessor reference, amount to be obligated, obligation transaction type, funded item reference and type.

## 3.2.4 Obligation

### 3.2.4.1 Interface Location

curam.obligation.impl.ObligationProcessObligationEvents

### 3.2.4.2 Event Interfaces

Table 4. Obligation Event Details

Name	When it is raised	Pre Event Data	Post Event Data
ObligationProcessObligationEvents	This event is raised whenever we would process an obligation request.	Obligation accessor reference, fundRelatedID, fundRelationType, requested obligation amount, obligation period, obligation related ID, type, case participant role ID and wait list expiry days.	Obligation accessor reference, fundRelatedID, fundRelationType, requested obligation amount, obligation period, obligation related ID, type, case participant role ID, wait list expiry days and Obligation result.

## 3.2.5 Obligation

### 3.2.5.1 Interface Location

curam.obligation.impl.ObligationCreateObligationEvents

### 3.2.5.2 Event Interfaces

Table 5. Obligation Event Details

Name	When it is raised	Pre Event Data	Post Event Data
ObligationCreateObligationEvents	This event is raised whenever an obligation is created.	Obligation accessor reference, program fund, obligation amount, obligation period, obligation related details, caseparticipant role details and wait list expiry days.	Obligation accessor reference, program fund, obligation amount, obligation period, obligation related details, caseparticipant role details, wait list expiry days and the result after obligation creation.



## 3.2.6 Obligation

### 3.2.6.1 Interface Location

curam.obligation.impl.ObligationUpdateObligationEvents

### 3.2.6.2 Event Interfaces

Table 6. Obligation Event Details

Name	When it is raised	Pre Event Data	Post Event Data
ObligationUpdateObligationEvents	This event is raised whenever an obligation is updated.	Obligation accessor reference, obligation amount, obligation period and obligation related details.	Obligation Accessor reference, obligation amount, obligation period, obligation related details and the result after obligation details are updated.



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## Chapter 4. FPM Rulesets

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### 4.1 Introduction

This chapter gives details on the rulesets provided with the Funded Program Management.

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### 4.2 Overview

During the process obligation, the first step is to retrieve funds for obligation. Funding rule set is used during retrieve funds for obligation to get a list of funds based on priority. The rule set could be classic rule set or creole rule set.

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### 4.3 Rule Sets

The funding rule set is used in order to select the list of funds based on the priority which will be used for obligation.

*Table 7. Funding Rule Set Details*

<b>Rule Set</b>	<b>Rule Set Type</b>	<b>Rule Set Source Location</b>
<i>Funding rule set</i>	Classic Rule Set	EJBServer\components\FundPM\ rulesets\SELECTPRODFUNDS.xml
<i>Funding rule set</i>	CER Rule Set	EJBServer\components\FundPM\ CREOLE_Rule_Sets\ SELECTPRODFUNDS.xml



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## Chapter 5. Fund Waitlist

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### 5.1 Introduction

This chapter explains the process of maintaining the Fund Waitlist as part of the Funded Program Management.

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### 5.2 Details

When the *ObligateFund API* is called for processing an allocation request, there is a possibility that none of the eligible funds have sufficient budgets available for allocation. In such a case, the Funded Program Management system creates waitlist entries in the *WaitlistEntry* entity. First the system checks if each of the funds in the list have entries in *Waitlist* entity. If not there, it creates an entry. Then the system will create the entries in *WaitlistEntry*. Priority and Position are considered while creating the entries. The environment variable `ENV_FUNDPM_WAIT_LIST_EXPIRY_DAYS` can be used to configure the number of wait list expiry days for the wait list to be created during the obligation creation.



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## Chapter 6. FPM Batch Processes

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### 6.1 Introduction

This chapter lists the batch processes which provide Cúram Funded Program Management functionality. The following sections list the Cúram Funded Program Management batch processes that are configurable in the system administration application.

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### 6.2 ModifyFundFiscalYearStatus

This is the batch process that modifies the status of all the fund fiscal years to INACTIVE for the fiscal years whose end date is before the batch processing date. If the processing date is not entered by the user, the current system date will be used as the processing date. This batch should be run daily in order to make sure that the fund fiscal year status is accurate.

**Batch Process Class and Method:** The class and method for this batch process is `ModifyFundFiscalYearStatus.modifyFundFiscalYearStatus`.





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