

Why WebSphere Application Server on System z

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IBM Systems & Technology Group IBM Software Group



Topics for today's discussion

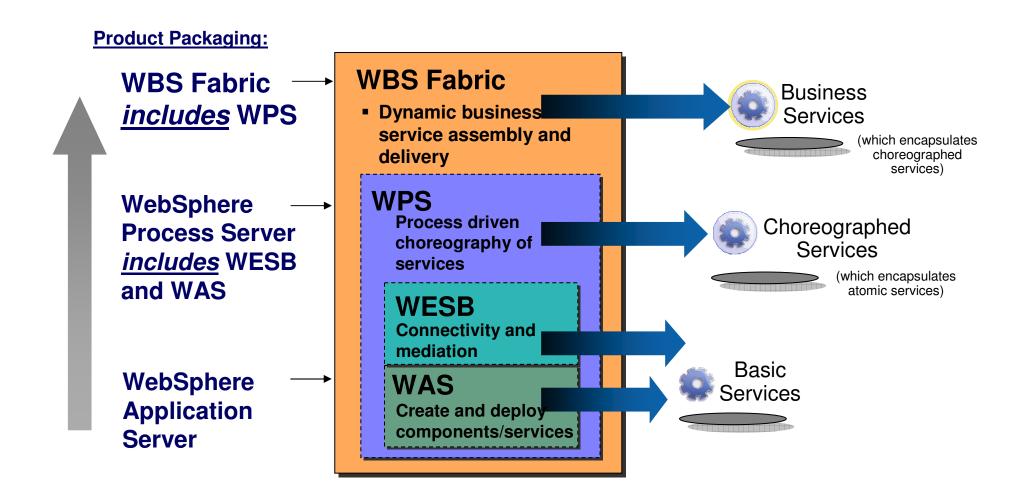
- The WebSphere Application Server
- Why WAS on z/OS
- WAS on Linux for System z



WebSphere Extended Deployment Overview



A Complete WebSphere Business Services Solution Stack with a cumulative product packaging approach





SOA requires a robust, secure deployment environment



IBM WebSphere Application Server V6

The Industry's leading application server for building, running & managing business-critical application services

- **1 Build** and **deploy** J2EE applications quickly and with ease, focusing on business logic while shielding applications from platform specifics
- **Run** services in the most secure, scalable, highly available environment
- **3 Reuse & create** Java assets and extend their reach to existing applications and data
- **4 Manage** applications effortlessly
- **5 Grow** as needs evolve, leveraging core skills and assets





Powering your SOA for the Ultimate in Business Flexibility



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Standards Based and Open

- J2SE 5.0
- JDK 5.0
- Web services standards
 - WS-Interop Basic Security
 - WS-Notification
 - WS-Business Activity
 - WS-Resource Framework
- JSR168 Portlets
- JSR116 Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Servlets

Platform Capability

- Performance Enhancements
- Proxy Server Enhancements
- Integrated User Registry
- Government Standards

Consumability

- Application Server Toolkit, including automation tools and Command Assistance
- z Profile Management Tool
- Simplified Administration
- Simplified SSL Key/Certificate Management
- Security enhancements
- Virtual Member Manager
- IHS administration enhancements
- Integrated Support Assistant
- Platform Messaging Enhancements





WAS v6.1 Feature Packs

Bringing State-of-the-Art Technology To Market Quickly!

Web Services

- 2Q07 GA, all platforms
- Delivery of Reliable Asynchronous Messaging Profile as optional component for WAS 6.1
- Provides secure, reliable business process integration with those of customers and suppliers allowing interactions to span long durations
- Java and SCA programming models
- Community Centric Profiles delivered
 in WAS 7.0

EJB 3.0

- 4Q07 GA, all platforms
- Provides support for EJB 3.0 and Java Persistence API (JPA) on WebSphere Application Server 6.1
- Aimed at simplifying EJB development
 - Annotations provide component metadata in code
 - No need to create XML EJB deployment descriptors
- JPA is a simple and powerful persistence framework
 - Relational databases represented using "plain old Java objects" (POJOs)
- EJB 3.0 provides a standards based POJO alternative to frameworks

Future WAS Feature Packs

Bringing State-of-the-Art Technology To Market Quickly!

Web 2.0

• 4Q07

7

- Web 2.0 to SOA Connectivity For enabling connectivity from Ajax (Asynchronous JavaScript and XML) clients and mash-ups to external web services, internal SOA services, and JEE assets. Extends enterprise data to customers and partners through web feeds.
- Ajax Messaging For connecting Ajax clients to real-time updated data like stock quotes or instant messaging.
- Ajax Development Toolkit Best-in-class Ajax development toolkit for WebSphere Application Server based on Dojo (dojotoolkit.org) with IBM extensions.

SOA

- 2H08 GA, all platforms
- Apache Tuscany code base on WAS release after 6.1
- SCA
 - POJO (Java Object) service component implementations including support for annotations
 - Intra and Inter-composite asynchronous capability
 - Recursive composition model support
 - SCA bindings include the Web Services binding, SCA default binding, JMS Binding, and EJB binding
 - HTTPSession Scoped components
 - Sample applications
 - Exploitation of Web Services feature pack functionality
- SDO
 - Dynamic data API support
 - Static data API support, including code generation capabilities
 - Some Helper classes implemented (XMLHelper, XSDHelper, DataFactory, CopyHelper, EqualityHelper, DataHelper, TypeHelper)
 - Partial ChangeSummary support
 - Java serialization of DataObject
 - SDO metadata configuration support
- SCA and SDO samples
- Whitepapers, BLOGs to detail IBM's plans for SCA and SDO within an SOA environment
- Includes SOA Core from WPS 6.0 (for interoperability)



IBM

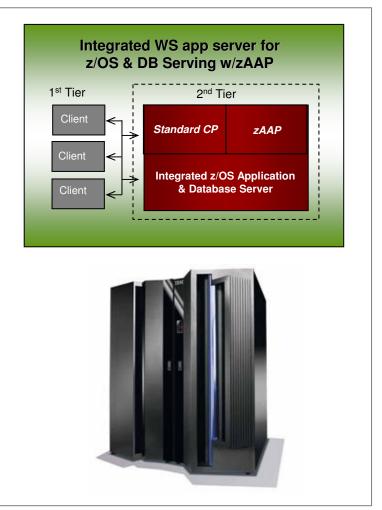
What's New for WebSphere Application Server for z/OS

Reduced cost of ownership

- Architected on SOA infrastructure & principles
 - Fully J2EE 1.4 platform certified
 - Leading Web Services support
 - WebSphere Rapid Development & Deployment
- zAAP enabled (System z9, z990, z890)
 - Run Java applications next to mission critical data
 - Lower the cost of computing for WebSphere Application Server (and all z/OS based Java applications)

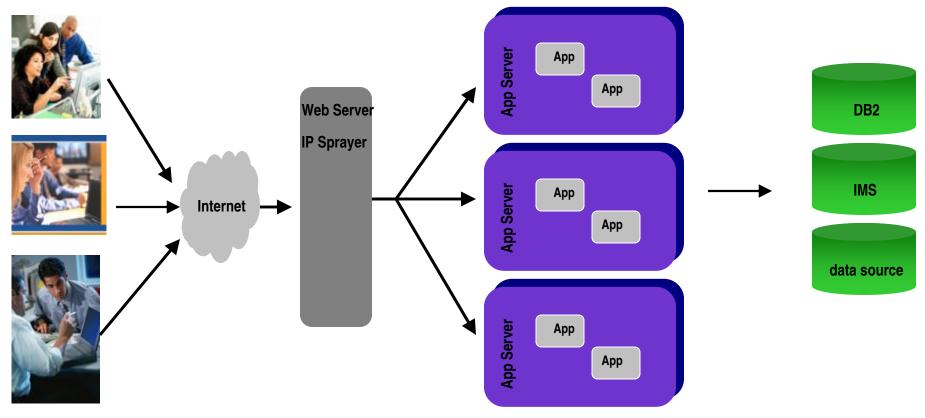
Platform optimization / brand dedication

- Common code infrastructure
 - Administration skills shared between platforms
 - Develop anywhere, run on WebSphere Application Server for z/OS
 - Feature Packs for functional enhancements
 - Web Services, EJB 3.0, Web 2.0, SOA
- Native OS support; RRS, RACF, zWLM, Parallel Sysplex
- Optimization features designed to provide security and data interaction, including support for the traditional mainframe SW – CICS, IMS, DB2
- Enhanced QoS within the product, complementary to QoS of the platform
 - High availability manager ARM
- Other "Hidden Gems" documented in White Paper (WP101138) on Techdocs at <u>www.ibm.com/support/techdocs</u>





A Typical Distributed Application Server Architecture



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Typical Application Servers

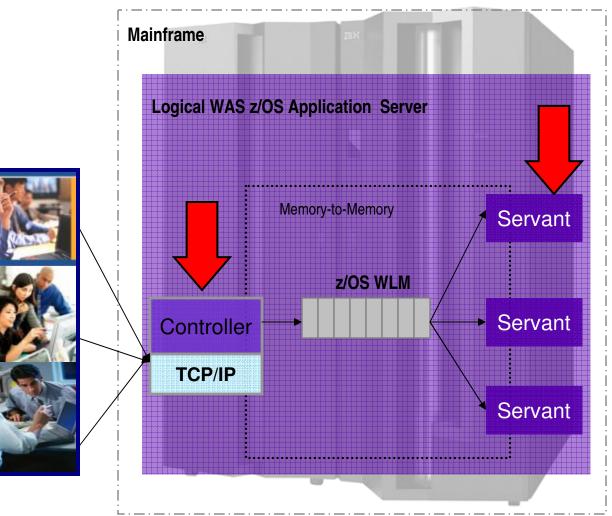
- How do you scale the Application?
 - Add more boxes
- How do you scale the Database?
 - Add more boxes and replicate
- How do you handle failover?
 - Add more boxes
- How is an application highly available?
 - Install the application on many boxes
- How are requests prioritized?
 - Add more boxes to handle Gold Customers
- How do I handle peak loads?
 - Keep enough boxes available to handle the max possible load
- What about when I don't have peak loads?
 - The Servers will be underutilized

- How do you route work evenly to multiple boxes?
 - Round-robin inbound work
- How do you ensure that your servers are evenly utilized?
 - Best guess based on Application Knowledge

"Add More Boxes"



WebSphere Application Server for z/OS Server Architecture A WAS z



A WAS z/OS application server is comprised of multiple processes.

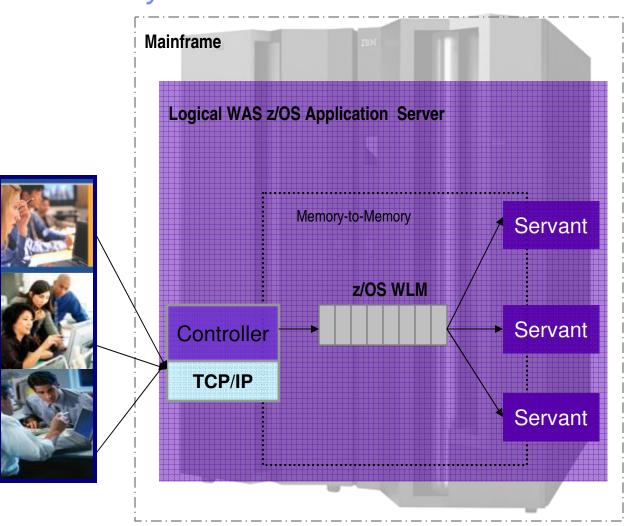
The Controller executes authorized, robust system code and acts as a control center for WAS

Application code is executed within the Servant Process.

- Theoretically, Servant processes are clones of each other.
- They can be terminated or created without interrupting the overall end-user experience
- Servant processes can be dynamically created or terminated by z/OS WLM (Workload Manager). The decisions can be based on user-defined service policies.



WebSphere Application Server for z/OS Reliability

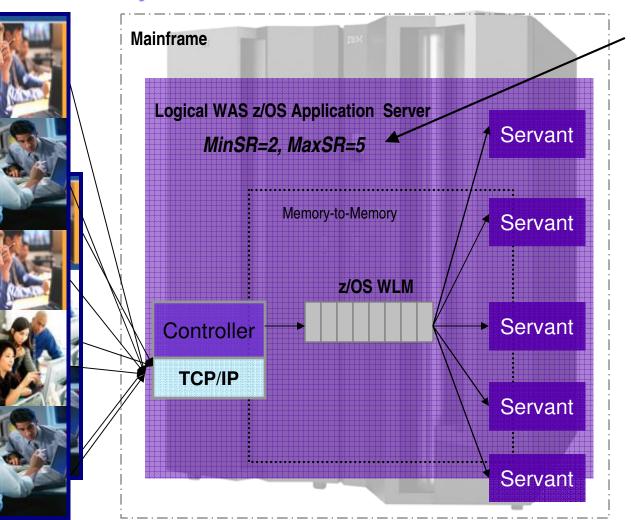


If a servant process executing application code is terminated, the application can still be served by any of the other servants within WAS

z/OS WLM detects the terminated servant and dynamically restarts it



WebSphere Application Server for z/OS Scalability WAS



WAS z/OS allows you to define a minimum and maximum number of servant processes

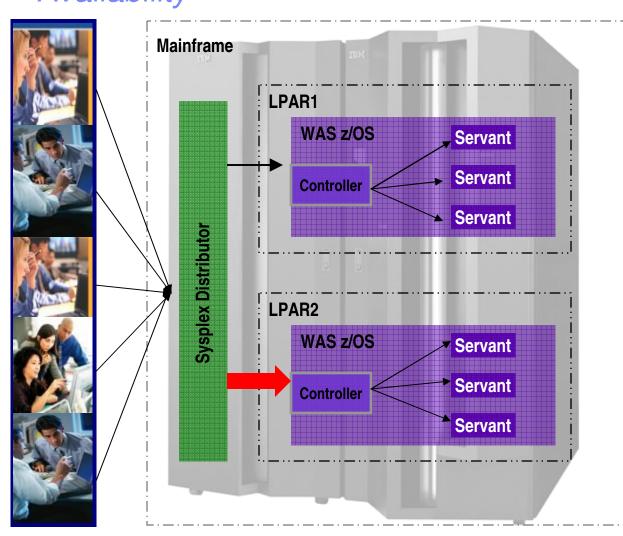
Workload can be unpredictable, and spikes in demand can demand application resources

When work begins to queue up waiting for application server resources, z/OS WLM takes notice and acts

Once the peak has subsided, z/OS WLM balances resources, so that it only maintains the servants needed to handle the incoming demand



WebSphere Application Server for z/OS Availability For tru



For true high availability, the Controllers need to be clustered

If a controller fails, the servants continue to process their in-flight work, but are not able to take additional work

The Sysplex Distributor reroutes work while ARM (Automatic Restart Manager) restarts the controller

All this is done without manual intervention

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WebSphere z/OS Application Server

- How do you scale the Application?
 - Increase the Max Servants per Server
- How do you scale the Database?
 - Use a Shared DB2 Database
- How do you handle failover?
 - Use ARM for Controllers. Servants are handled via WLM
- How is an application highly available?
 - Servants are restartable via WLM. Controllers are recoverable via ARM
- How are requests prioritized?
 - WLM
- How do I handle peak loads?
 - WLM spawns servants
- What about when I don't have peak loads?
 - WLM eliminates excess Servants, freeing up system resources for other work

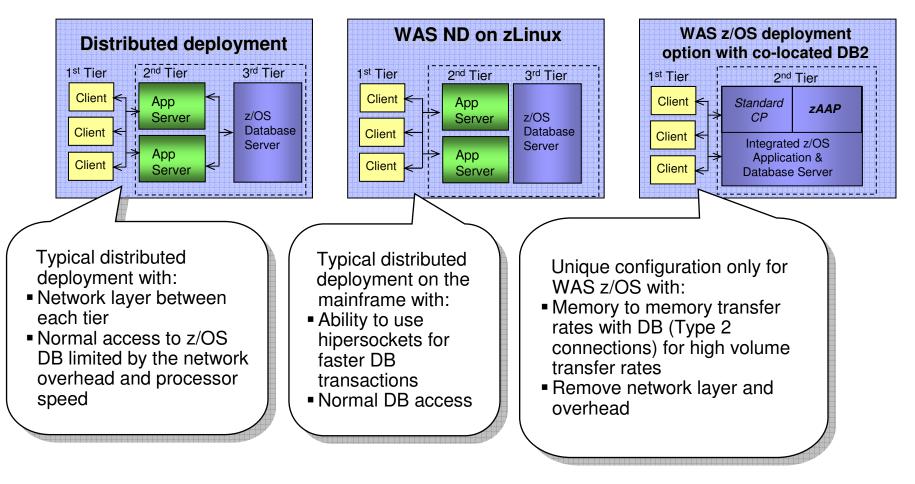
- How do you route work evenly to multiple Servers?
 - Sysplex Distributor routes work to specific LPAR's based on WLM metrics for resource utilization
- How do you ensure that your servers are evenly utilized?
 - WLM Metrics are used to decide where to route work to

WAS integration with z/OS System Facilities provides a more robust, efficient, scalable environment



Platform Matters

WebSphere Deployment options

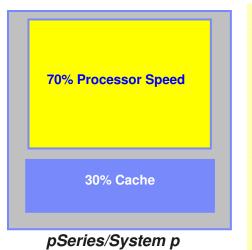




Application Characteristics for Platform Deployments: System p and System z

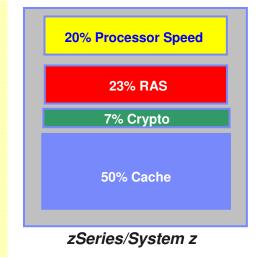
Compute Intensive Small working set Raw throughput Predictable Homogenous Simple transactions

Heavy I/O – mixed workload Large working set High ROI Unpredictable volumes Access to core mainframe assets Complex transactions Business critical



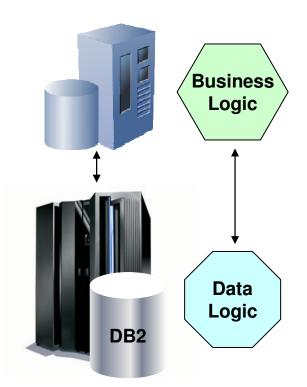
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Considering application characteristics is only one factor when deciding where to run your business applications, but knowing what your platform does best is critical





What happens when logic and data are separated?



Objects are converted into byte array at the requester (CPU, time)

Network latency is incurred (time)

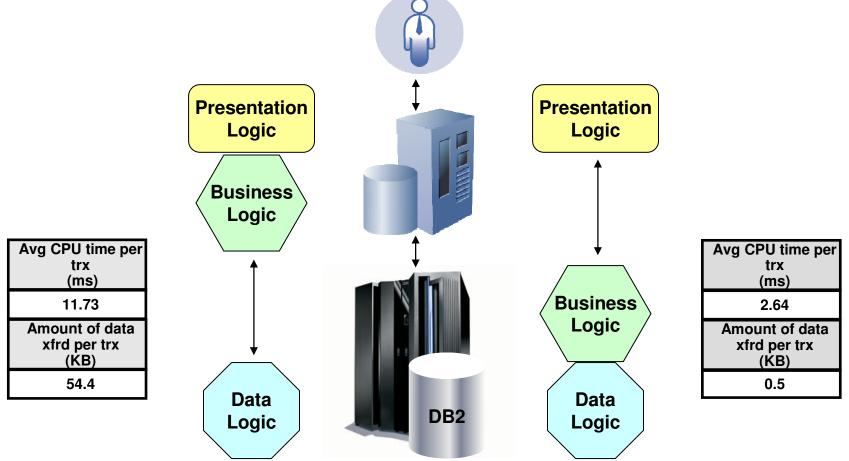
- More latency is incurred as service is dispatched (CPU, time)
- Objects are reconstructed at the server (CPU, time)
- Requested data is retrieved
- Objects are converted into byte array at the server (CPU, time)
- Network latency is incurred (time)
- Objects are reconstructed at the requester (CPU, time)

Some other considerations:

- Number of interactions between the tiers, volume of data passed
- No local optimizations of the access protocol
- Effect on server memory requirements due to locking



The value of proximity: transportation industry POC



- Effect of refactoring business logic to be co-resident with z/OS data:
 - Average CPU time per EJB transaction was reduced by over 77%
 - Number of bytes of data transferred per EJB transaction was reduced by 99% http://www.ibm.com/support/techdocs, Optimizing WebSphere Performance on DB2, WP100558



Specialized Hardware to Extend SOA Capabilities on System z

Customize your mainframe for your specific workload needs

Java on the mainframe

zAAPs

- Dedicated Java offload engine
- Average Java MIPs offload rates of 60%
- No development impact to Java apps
- z/OS XML System Services offload

Linux on the mainframe

IFLs

- Dedicated Linux offload engine
- Cost effective processor for Linux workloads
- LPAR mode specific

Data serving on the mainframe

zIIPs

- Add value for DB2 workloads, including:
 - Enterprise applications
 - Data warehousing apps
 - DB2 z/OS V8 utilities
 - IPSec
 - z/OS XML System Services offload

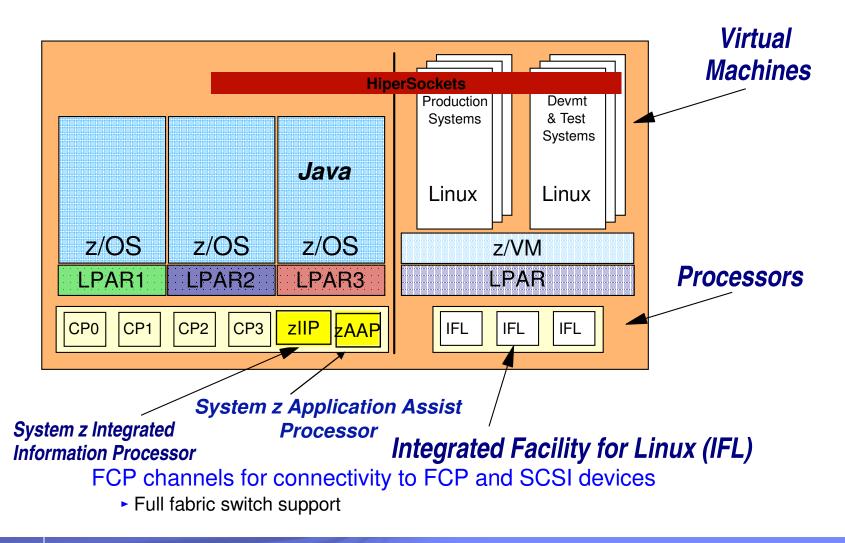
CPU intensive XML offload

DataPower

- ESB functionality in the hardware
- Any-to-any message transformation
- Web Service security and management, content-based routing, filtering



Sample IBM System z[™] Configuration





WebSphere on System z Options

A self managing server environment with the versatility and power to help

integrate your business

Linux deployment:

Distributed Consolidation

- Large number of smaller appls from under utilized distributed servers
- Higher utilization than distributed servers
- Implement multi-tier applications in a single System z for better data proximity exploiting hipersockets
- ✓ Lower TCO with IFLs
- Speedy deployment cloning/server provisioning
- Higher QoS than distributed
- ✓ Less stringent requirements than z/OS deployment
- Alignment with distributed WebSphere family
- Unrivaled virtualization with centralized management
- ✓ No z/OS Skills
- ✓ Web Serving infrastructure consolidation
- Presentation Services
- Flexible, virtualized Test/Migration/Prototyping Platform
- ✓ J2EE/ISV products not available on z/OS

Perfect for the System z customer requiring speedy deployment with less stringent QoS/integration requirements

z/OS deployment: Integration Option

- ✓ Highest QoS production environment
- Lower TCO with zAAPs
- Full exploitation of System z and z/OS
- Tight integration with DB2, CICS, IMS for chatty applications to eliminate network latency
- "Spikey", unpredictable workloads
- Service level agreement management
- Dynamic load balancing, prioritization
- Strict security requirements
- Highest availability, reliability, scalability
- Disaster recovery and autonomic function
- Dynamic I/O configuration
- Storage management
- Capability/tools to modernize and integrate existing System z applications
- Migrate applications from another platform that require additional scalability and integration

Perfect for the System z customer requiring high QoS and significant integration with CICS, IMS or DB2



Linux on System z: Linux is Linux... but...

Why do customers deploy to Linux on System z?

- Proximity to data
- Operational simplification
- Business resiliency
- Security

What are they doing?

- 68%: Application Serving for z/OS (hosting multi-tier solutions on System z)
 - z/OS as data serving back-end
 - Linux on System z hosts all other tiers (application servers, edge servers, etc.)
- Other multi-tier solutions that benefit from System z QoS and/or virtualization
 - 10%: Data serving workloads not appropriate for DB2 on z/OS
 - 10%: Messaging, collaboration and groupware services
 - 10%: Consolidation of infrastructure and network edge services
 - 2%: Application development and deployment leveraging virtualization services

Utility Serving for z/OS

- Linux utility "appliance" hosting for z/OS, centrally provisioned and managed



WebSphere Extended Deployment for z/OS

Software to virtualize, control, and turbo-charge your application infrastructure

✓ Available as a single integrated package or as 3 individual components

Operations Optimization	Compute Grid	Data Grid
Resource Management and Optimization On Demand Router	Innovative Application Patterns:	Data Fabrics & Caching:
Dynamic Clusters Service Policy, Health Policy Application Placement, Flow Control Workload Management Application Edition Manager Visualization, Virtualization	Transactional Batch Compute Intensive Job Scheduling	Partitioning Facility ObjectGrid

Customer Scenarios:

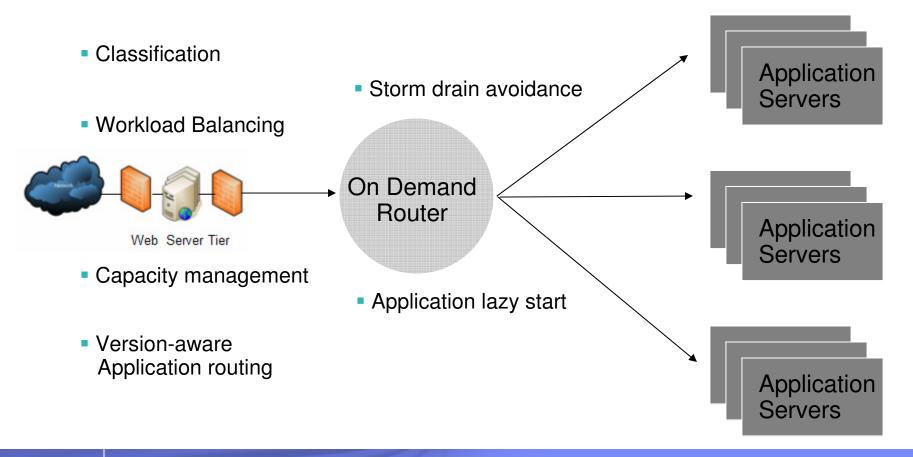
- Common code base for OLTP and Batch
- J2EE / WAS batch programming
- Integrated routing between z/OS and XD
- Application edition management for streamlined deployment and testing



WebSphere Extended Deployment Operations Optimization

On Demand Router (ODR)

✓ Provides an intelligent proxy for workload routing within and across LPARs





WebSphere XD Operations Optimization

Application Edition Manager

 Provides the facility for multiple versions of production applications, including operational support for piloting, staging, and rollback

Visualization

 Customizable real-time charts display the success of your applications

Runtime maps enable at-a-glance assessments of the components of your application server cells

Health Policy

 Proactively seeks software maladies, such as hung servers, excessive memory consumption, storm drain situations, and addresses them

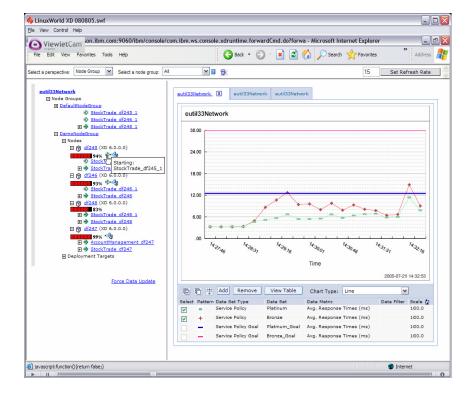
Service Policies

- Enables granular classification of application workloads which is addressed within the ODR
- Value is compounded by z/OS WLM which manages XD application workloads, as well as all System z workloads

Application Lazy Start

 Deactivated applications are lazily started when requests come in



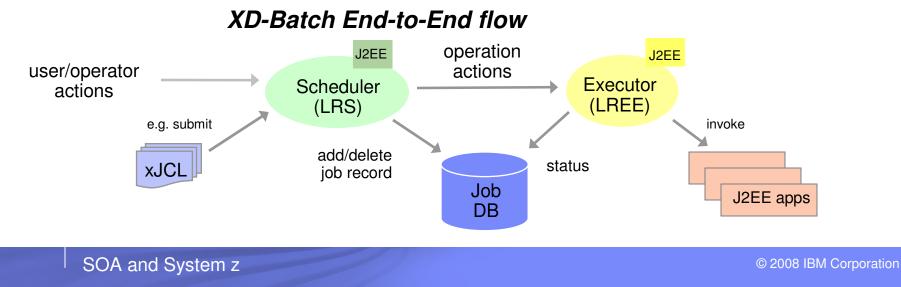




WebSphere XD Compute Grid

WebSphere Batch environment

- ✓ Designed for structured J2EE batch workloads
- Scheduling agent to ensure batch workloads are disseminated to garner unused WebSphere resources
- Service policy support to differentiate workload importance





WebSphere XD Data Grid

Partitioning Facility

- Ability to break applications into partitions which enable smart, consistent caching at a partition level
- Highly available application partitions
- Provides reduced lock contention on shared DB2 resources

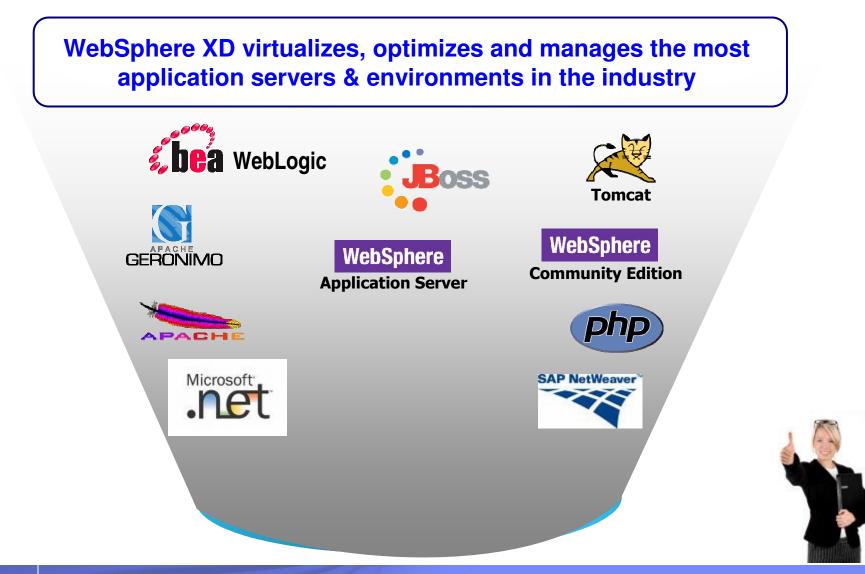
ObjectGrid

 Creates a caching fabric for shared object data which reduces unproductive backend datasource transactions



And it's Not Just for WebSphere Application Server...







WXD v6.1 Information Links:

Announcement IBM WebSphere Extended Deployment V6.1

IBM Offering Information (United States)

- IBM WebSphere Extended Deployment V6.1 <u>Software</u> <u>Announcement 207-088 PDF File</u>
- IBM WebSphere Extended Deployment for z/OS, V6.1 Software Announcement 207-087 PDF File

IBM WebSphere Extended Deployment V6.1 Product Information

 IBM WebSphere Extended Deployment Product Overview http://www.ibm.com/software/webservers/appserv/exte

nttp://www.ibm.com/software/webservers/appserv/extend/

- IBM WebSphere Extended Deployment Features and Benefits <u>http://www.ibm.com/software/webservers/appserv/extend/features/</u>
- IBM WebSphere Extended Deployment Product Documentation <u>http://www.ibm.com/software/webservers/appserv/exte</u> nd/library/

- IBM WebSphere Extended Deployment InfoCenter <u>http://publib.boulder.ibm.com/infocenter/w</u> <u>xdinfo/v6r1/index.jsp</u>
- Redbook: Best Practices for Implementing WebSphere Extended Deployment, SG24-7343 <u>http://www.redbooks.ibm.com/redbooks/p</u> <u>dfs/sg247343.pdf</u>
- developerWorks: Extended Deployment <u>http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/webs</u> <u>phere/zones/xd/</u>
- IBM WebSphere Application Server Network Deployment Product Overview <u>http://www.ibm.com/software/webservers/</u> <u>appserv/was/network/</u>
- The IBM Solution Assurance Library (Search for Extended Deployment) <u>http://w3.ibm.com/support/assure/assur30i</u> .nsf/Web/SA

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