

# PCTY2011

**Optimizing the World's Infrastructure** 

10<sup>th</sup> May 2011 London, UK



## **New Technologies – Life in the Cloud**

- Service Request Driven Provisioning
- Securing the Cloud
- Storage Considerations and Backup Capabilities





**Service Request Driven Provisioning** 

Miles Hamill - Client Technical Professional



## **Demonstration Objectives**

This scenario demonstrates IBM's strategic cloud products as a real live integrated product demo. It highlights the most important aspects of what a cloud is and shows how IBM's products work together.



#### Backup

Ensure integrity, availability and recoverability of Cloud based data



#### **Self Service**

Ease of use and improved responsiveness and efficiency



#### **Orchestration**

Manage the process for approval of usage



#### **Security**

Secure data transmission into and out of the Cloud



#### **Monitoring**

Provide visibility of performance of virtual machines



### **Provisioning**

Automate provisioning of resources



#### **Metering and rating**

Track usage of resources





Show existing server

Request new project



Self Service
Ease of use and
improved responsiveness
and efficiency

**Cloud User** 





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**Self Service** 

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**Cloud User** 



**Approver** 

Approve request



**Orchestration** 

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**Cloud Administrator** 



**Provisioning** 

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Delivery assurance



**Monitoring** 

Provide visibility of performance of virtual machines







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Self Service

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**Approver** 



Cloud Administrator

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**Provisioning** 

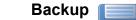
of resources

Automate provisioning



#### **Orchestration**

Manage the process for approval of usage



Ensure integrity, availability and recoverability of Cloud based data



#### Metering and rating

Track usage of resources

Cloud Administration **Delivery** assurance

**Storage** 

Accounting & Reporting



#### **Monitoring**

Provide visibility of performance of virtual machines





**Securing the Cloud** 

**Peter Cutler - Client Technical Professional** 



#### **Physical**

Network IPS

Blocks threats and attacks at the perimeter

Server Protection

Secures each physical server with protection and reporting for a single agent

System Patching

Patches critical vulnerabilities on individual servers

**Security Policies** 

Policies are specific to critical applications in each network segment and server

#### Virtualized

**Network IPS** 

Should protect against threats at perimeter and between VMs

Server Protection

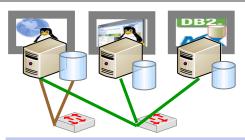
Securing each VM as if it were a physical server adds time, cost and footprint

System Patching

Needs to protect against vulnerabilities that result from VM state changes

Security Policies

Policies must be able to move with the VMs



**SECURITY** 

**Static** 

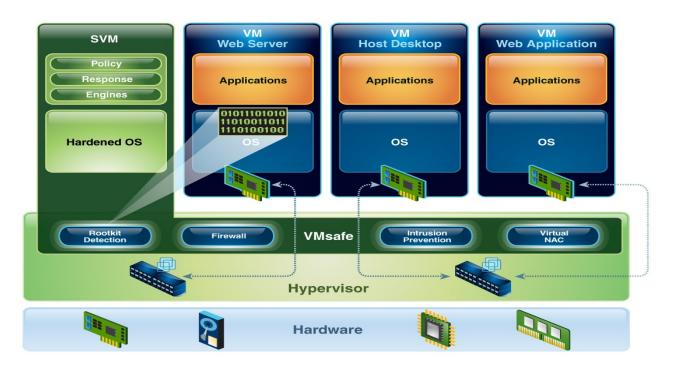


**Dynamic** 



## **IBM Virtual Server Protection for VMWare**

Integrated threat protection for VMware vSphere 4





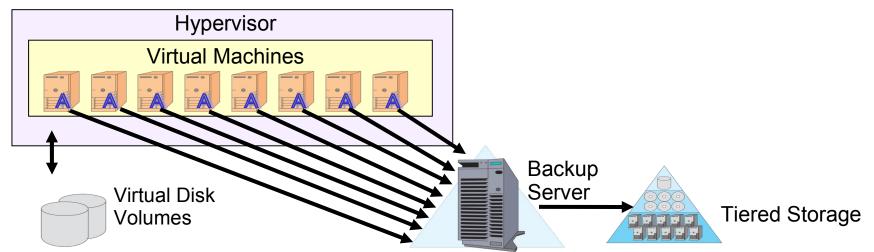


**Storage Considerations and Backup Capabilities Paul Hunt – Client Technical Professional** 



# Traditional protection model has "Cloud Issues"

- •Install a backup agent in the guest OS, just like a physical server
- •Run and manage backups just like in a physical server environment
- •Downside: deploying, managing, maintaining 'backup agent sprawl'
- •Downside: can put a serious drain on processor, memory, I/O resources
  - Running multiple backups at once; file system scans during incremental backups; etc.



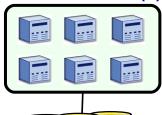


Initial focus on VMWare (80+ percent of cloud implementations)



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#### **Vmware Server(s)**



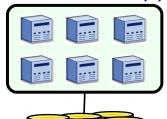
Production
Storage
(SAN, NAS, etc..)

- Busy saving cost by sweating assets
- VMs typically created by a "VMWare Team"
- or maybe dynamically (in a cloud, by TSAM, TPM?)



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#### **Vmware Server(s)**

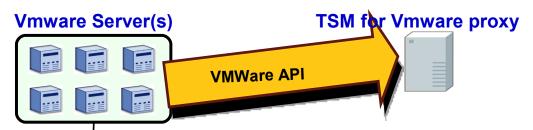


Production Storage (SAN, NAS, etc..)

- Busy saving cost by sweating assets
- VMs typically created by a "VMWare Team"
- or maybe dynamically (in a cloud, by TSAM, TPM?)
   Each VM has many needs:
  - Storage Provisioning
  - Networking
  - Data Protection
  - Access Control
  - Probably managed by multiple teams



Initial focus on VMWare (80+ percent of cloud implementations)



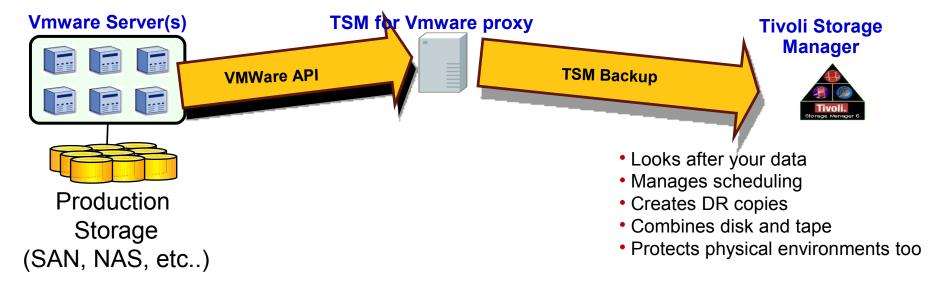
Production Storage

(SAN, NAS, etc..)

- A physical or virtual machine that protects your VM's
- Uses standard VMWare API's
- Can identify new VMs before each backup run
- Can be configured to automatically protect them
- Works for any guest VM Operating System
- No software needed within VM
- Flexible restore options from "image backups"



Initial focus on VMWare (80+ percent of cloud implementations)



## **TSM** for Virtual Environments

- Block Level Backup
- Auto-Discovery of new VM's
- Support for LAN-Free data transfer
- Scalability
- Inbuilt data deduplication
- Integrates with Physical Machine Protection
- File, volume or full VM restore options
- Near Instant Restore from disk or tape





# PCTY2011

Pulse Comes to You







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**Provisioning** 

of resources

Automate provisioning



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