

IBM System z

The Transforming Role of the Mainframe

Steve Mills Senior VP and Group Executive IBM Software

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IBM System z Technology An Evolution





How Do You Define "Mainframe"?

- It depends on your perspective:
 - Wikipedia says: "Mainframes (often colloquially referred to as <u>big iron</u>) are <u>large</u> and "expensive" computers used mainly by government institutions and large companies for <u>mission critical</u> applications, typically bulk data processing such as censuses, industry/consumer statistics, ERP, and financial transaction processing."
 - searchDataCenter.com says: "Mainframe is an industry term for a <u>large</u> computer, typically manufactured by a large company such as IBM for the commercial applications of Fortune 1000 businesses and other <u>large-scale</u> <u>computing</u> purposes. Historically, a mainframe is associated with <u>centralized</u> rather than distributed computing. Today, IBM refers to its larger processors as large servers and emphasizes that they can be used to serve distributed users and smaller servers in a computing network"
 - Mainframes.com says: ""A mainframe is a continually evolving <u>general</u> <u>purpose</u> computing platform incorporating in it architectural definition the essential functionality required by its target applications."
 - Answers.com says: "A <u>state-of-the-art</u> computer for <u>mission critical</u> tasks. In the "ancient" mid-1960s, all computers were mainframes, since the term referred to the main CPU cabinet. Today, it refers to a class of <u>ultra-reliable</u> medium and <u>large-scale</u> servers designed for <u>enterprise-class</u> and carrierclass operations.



Reports of the Death of the Mainframe Were Premature

- "I predict that the last mainframe will be unplugged on March 15, 1996."
 - Stewart Alsop, March, 1991
- "It's clear that corporate customers still like to have centrally controlled, very predictable, reliable computing systems – exactly the kind of systems that IBM specializes in."
 - Stewart Alsop, February, 2002



Source: IBM Annual Report, 2001

The Value of Mainframe Computing

Mainframe Computing Delivers Value for Core Commercial Workloads

- Designed for high availability and responsiveness
- Maximum throughout per unit cost
- Tight centralized control for
 - Security
 - Stability / Change Management
 - Backup / Recovery
 - Auditability

- Resource / Cost Management and Accounting
- Simplified and low cost operations and administration



Customers Continue to Add Capacity



Source: IBM STG Finance



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The Mainframe for Mixed Commercial Workloads

Near-linear scalability	up to 900,000+ concurrent users
"Mean Time Between Failure"	measured in decades vs. months
¼ network equipment costs	virtual versus physical
1/25 th floor space	400 sq. ft. versus 10,000 sq. ft
1/20 energy requirement	\$32/day versus \$600/day
1/5 the administration	< 5 people versus > 25 people
Highest average resource utilization	> 70% versus < 15%
Highest concurrent workload	hundreds of applications versus few





IBM System z9





IBM System z Platform Coherence





Transaction Management

The System z Application "Sweet Spot"

Transaction monitor – manages a transaction

- A program or subsystem that manages or oversees the sequence of events that are part of a transaction
- Makes sure the ACID properties of a transaction are maintained
- Includes functions such as interfacing to databases and networks and transaction commit/rollback coordination
- Provides an API so applications can exploit the services of the transaction monitor

IBM's z/OS-based transaction monitors:

- IMS Information Management System
- CICS Customer Information Control System
- WebSphere Application Server for z/OS



IMS

Information Management System

"IMS Runs the World" since 1968

Most Corporate data is managed by IMS

- Over 95% of Fortune 1000 Companies use IMS
- IMS manages over 15 billion GBs of production data
- \$2 trillion/day transferred through IMS by one customer

Over 50 billion transactions a day run through IMS

- IMS serves close to 200 million users per day
- Over 79 million IMS trans/day handled by one customer on a single production Sysplex, 30 million trans/day on a single CEC
- 120 million IMS trans/day, 7 million/hour handled by one customer
- 4,000 trans/second (250 million/day) across TCP/IP to a single IMS
- Over 3,000 days without an outage at one large customer
- 21,000 trans/second on a single z990, with 4 IMS servers





CICS

Customer Information Control System

- CICS provides an execution environment for concurrent program execution for multiple end users, who have access to multiple data types
- CICS will manage the operating environment to provide performance, scalability, security, and integrity
 - 30+ years of applications
 - >30B transactions per day
 - 5,000 packages, 2,000 ISVs
 - 30M CICS users
 - 50K CICS/390 licenses, 16K customers
 - 950,000 CICS application programmers
 - 490 of IBM's top 500 customers



IBM System z and DB2 Where You Put Your Data Matters

- Integrity
- High availability
- Security
- Systems and database management

DB2 for Z in:

- 25 of the top 25 worldwide banks*
- 23 of the top 25 US retailers**
- 9 of the top 10 global life / health insurance providers***

Top companies as identified in:

* WW Banks from The Banker.com: http://www.thebanker.com/news/fullstory.php/aid/1699/Tio_1000_World_Banks.html **US Retailers from National Retail Federation July 2005: http://www.stores.org/pdf/TOP100printwithad.pdf ***Insurance - 2005 Ward's 50 Benchmark Group: www.memic.com/news/Wards50.asp











WebSphere Application Server for z/OS

The Java Transaction Manager

Architected on SOA infrastructure & principles

- Fully J2EE 1.4 platform certified
- Leading Web Services support
- WebSphere Rapid Development & Deployment

zAAP enabled (z9-109, z990, z890)

- Run Java applications next to mission critical data
- Lower the cost of computing for WebSphere Application Server (and all z/OS based Java applications)

Common code infrastructure

- Administration skills shared between platforms
- Develop anywhere, run on WebSphere Application Server for z/OS

Native OS support – leverages the z/OS platform

- Optimization features designed to provide security and data interaction, including support for the traditional mainframe SW – CICS, IMS, DB2
- Enhanced QoS within the product, complementary to QoS of the platform





Virtualization

Mainframes – The Innovator and Leader in Virtualization Function

Share processor, memory, I/O, and network among multiple operating environments

- Isolate workloads with EAL5 level security
- Share resources among workloads
- Enable communication for workloads internally with an in-memory TCP/IP network

35+ year history of virtualization, innovation and refinement

- Hardware and software based for optimum performance and flexibility
- Robust suite of function for creating, provisioning, deploying, and managing virtual servers

z/VM Virtualization to simplify your IT infrastructure

- Support up to hundreds of concurrent applications with z/VM
 - Share applications, data, as well as hardware among large numbers of servers
- Management tools for operation, maintenance, and accounting



z/OS Security

- Security Server for z/OS
 - RACF Resource Access Control Facility
 - LDAP
 - Firewall
- Encryption
 - On-board cryptographic hardware in System z9 servers
 - Integrated Cryptographic Service Facility (ICSF) in z/OS
 - Callable APIs to perform crypto functions from software

Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) Services

- Enables a PKI on z/OS
- Operates a Certificate Authority
- Provides administration application, end-user interface, integration with z/OS LDAP, ICSF, and HTTP server
- Certified "Identrus Compliant" in 2005







Driving Value <u>Up</u> and Cost <u>Down</u> Evolution of Specialty Engines





zAAP – System z9 Application Assist Processor

Consider a WebSphere Application that is transactional in nature and requires 1000 MIPS today on System z



In this example, with zAAP, we can reduce the standard CP capacity requirement for the Application to 500 MIPS or a 50% reduction.* *For illustrative purposes only





- Performance
- Operations
- Environmentals
- Utilization
- Scalability
- Auditability
- Simplification
- Transaction Integrity

- Avoid Network Latency
- Fewer parts to manage
- Less Hardware
- Efficient use of resources
- **Batch and Transaction Processing**
- **Consistent identity**
 - **Problem Determination/diagnosis**
- Automatic recovery/rollback

With 7AAP



zIIP – System z9 Integrated Information Processor

- A breakthrough that strengthens mainframe position as the world's premier database serving platform
- Frees-up computing capacity
- Business Intelligence and transaction processing:
 - Reduce security risks
 - Improve resource optimization
 - Lower costs





IT Infrastructure Trends – Cost

Decrease in Efficiency as IT Spending Shifts to Operations Labor





Mainframe Cost Per Unit of Work Goes Down As Workload Increases



Workload



People Cost is the Driver of TCO

- In a recent typical study, a customer thought they only had 24 UNIX servers
 - But these were just the <u>PRODUCTION</u> servers
 - In addition they had 49 servers for Development, Test and Disaster Recovery
- They needed <u>44 people</u> to support these servers and \$7M software
 - Running at only 20% utilization
- A comparable System z implementation would have required just 20 servers
 - Requiring <u>16 people</u> to support
 - Using \$6M software



Thousands

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Current Sun



Mainframe MF w/ zAAPs





System z Core Values Built Upon a 40 Year Heritage and Still Relevant



- Accelerate Timeto-Market
- Increase Revenues

Deploy New Capabilities





- Be responsive to changing business needs
- Meet service level agreements
- Increase server and IT resource utilization
- Help reduce IT Costs
- Develop new applications while mitigating risk



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