The Daily Delta.

One Dollar per week to Subscribers, payable to the carrier. Single copies Five Cents each. Subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly will please give us a note to that effect, and the omission will be supplied. Advertisements inserted at the usual rates. Job Printing executed with neatness and dispatch. Orders from the country, with the cash, will be promptly attended to. Subscribers desiring their papers changed from one place to another must give the name of the place to which it is sent, and the place from which it is to be changed. Advertisements to be inserted in the morning paper should be handed in before 10 o'clock, P. M., to insure their insertion on the following morning.

NEW ORLEANS, MONDAY MORNING, MAY 9, 1853.

THE DAILY DELTA.

[illegible]

THE PRESIDENTIAL CRISIS.

Perhaps the disappointed the condition of the Whig party after the overwhelming defeat of last November, there were shrewd and far seeing politicians amongst us, who predicted that the tolerant of the Democracy would tend to their ultimate disruption. Every careful observer of the events preceding the Presidential election had remarked the diverse and antagonistic nature of the elements which had coalesced to bring about the success of the Democratic candidate, and had foreseen that when the occasion which had united them should have passed away, by the achievement of the project contemplated, these elements would resume their centrifugal character, and would fly off from one another. Although few persons supposed that the consequences of this process would be anticipated so early a day as was to be anticipated, it was only a day as this, yet it would appear that events inseparable from the consequences of the victory, have accelerated the operation.

The Democratic party became, by the election of Gen. PIERCE, unwieldy in its numerical strength. Having possession not only of the federal government, but of nine tenths of the States, and having nothing to fear from the powerless Whig minority, its constituent parts began to exhibit their innate incompatibility and direct antagonism. A party, thus composed, might possibly be held together by a master mind, but where is it to be found? Not surely in Gen. PIERCE. We give the Executive credit for sagacity and good sense. He perceives clearly enough the tendency of things; he has even adopted by a somewhat bold and dangerous policy to arrest it. In distributing as equally as possible the patronage at his disposal among the various fragmentary sections that make up the Democracy—by endeavoring to satisfy Free-Soil and Hunkerism, Union men and Southern Rights men, he has played a game which will either content them all or displease them all. The former result might have been effected, were Gen. PIERCE possessed of that boundless personal popularity and transcendant influence over the public mind, which characterized Andrew JACKSON and HENRY CLAY. As it is, except the individuals who are the immediate recipients of Executive bounty, nobody seems inclined to be satisfied.

The back of a common political creed is an other powerful promoter of discord to the Democracy. Gen'l JACKSON was endowed with the rare quality of moulding the party to his own will. He made war upon the Bank, and strengthened Democracy. He made a one-sided tariff, and Democracy opposed to Internal Improvements and protective tariffs, and his party followed him unswervingly and unhesitatingly. He found discrepancy of opinion into a vigorous and harmonious whole. He impressed his own views, as per oracle, upon his adherents, that they adopted them at once, and expelled and outraded the few dissents who dared to assume at the proposed surrender of their individual independence. The Democracy at present time is in a widely different state. Its heterogeneity is commensurate with sentiment, but is subjected of no infinite variety of factions, who appear to nothing save in opposition to the late administration, and who now, that the Whig party has been prostrated, find no plat form upon which they can stand together. Out of such a Babel confusion and dissention must arise.

Passing aside, however, all speculation touching the rationale of this disintegrating process, its existence is matter of record, which no man can dispute who properly employs his eyes and understanding. The Democracy think they alive strong enough to indulge in internal bickerings, and possibly they are. At all events, they are at logerheads. In New York, the Barnburning and Hunker organs are constantly engaged in violent altercation, in the course of which furious invective and unmeasured scurrility are employed on both sides; in Ohio, the Democratic organ is formally disowned by a large segment of the party, and a formidable one has been subscribed for the establishment of a new journal which shall preach Democracy, as the dissentients understand it. Even in Louisiana, where Locofocoism is beyond all doubt, the most subservient, patient and docile of parties, the seeds of dissatisfaction have been recently sown, and bid fair to germinate and fructify into a goodly crop.

This, be it sure, is but the beginning of the end, but it is the cloud no bigger than a man's hand, which will finally overshadow the whole horizon. Unless we are grossly mistaken, the Democratic party is threatened with internal division far more serious than any by which it is has ever previously been effected.

THE BANK OF NEW ORLEANS.—The subscription Books to this institution were closed on Saturday morning, at which time upwards of $150,000 more than the required capital of one million had been subscribed. The anxiety to secure stock was so great that a premium of one per cent was offered to one of the original subscribers for his shares. The Bank will commence operations under the very best auspices, the names of the managers being a sufficient guarantee to the public, that the institution will be well and prudently administered.

FIFTH DISTRICT COURT.—The Fifth District Court will be open this morning, at 10 o'clock, for the transaction of business. Cases will be called.

NEW BOOKS.

Our thanks are due the publishers, Harper & Brothers, through J. B. STEEL, No. 60 Camp street, for the following new publications:

Coleridge's complete Works, vols. 3 and 4—These volumes comprise two of the most popular and admirable of the productions of the great philosopher—the Biographia Literaria, and Lectures on Shakspeare, and other poets. What a treat for the lover of the higher pursuits of literature!

The Mother and her Offspring, by Stephen Tracy, M. D. The object of this excellent volume is to give such instruction to mothers as shall enable them, by proper and judicious management, to secure to their offspring a free and vigorous health which shall ward off pain and disease, and the possession of the most robust and vigorous health which their respective constitutions will admit.

Yusef, a crusade to the East.—By J. Ross Browne. This is a delightful book, and smacks of the talent for description, the pathetic strike, and the delicate humor of the author of "Crusoe Life," which every one of the hundred thousand subscribers to Harper's Magazine has read.

The Lover's Stratagem, or the Two Sailors—A well written tale, translated from the Swedish of Emily Carlen.

Harper for May—Of course a first-rate number. The leading article on the "Landscapes of the South," is profusely embellished; so is a Kentuckian in the East, and Mr. Abbott's chapter on Napoleon. Besides this, Bleak House, and a dozen other amusing tales, render this number sparkling and varied.

NEW MUSIC.—We are indebted to Mr. LEHMANN for two new and beautiful compositions—one a Spanish Waltz, and the other a Schottisch.

GOTTSCHALK.—We are requested to state that the Concert to be given at Odd Fellows Hall, on Wednesday evening, by L. M. GOTTSCHALK, will be for the benefit of the Charitable Institutions of our city.

MR. BROWN.—We are pleased to observe that a number of our fellow-citizens have united in the expression of a wish to give to this veteran artist, a testimonial of their regard and esteem, in the shape of a Concert. No man better deserves such a mark of public approbation.

LOSS OF STEAMER JIM TURNER.—During last week the steamer Jim Turner, on her way from Shreveport to upper Red river, struck a snag and sank, at what point we do not learn. The freight was saved, but it is supposed the boat will be a total loss.

STEAMBOAT PRESTON BUSH.—The Shreveport *Southwestern* says:—The steamboat Preston, Captain Hays, hence for Pine Bluff, when about three miles above Glass' landing, (four miles below White Oak Shoals,) struck a log, which sprung her beds, and caused her to sink. The shock was so slight that no person on board noticed it until half an hour afterwards. The greater portion of the cargo, in a damaged condition, will be saved. Part of it was reshipped on the Flagg Miller for Fulton, where it will be held for the benefit of the underwriters. The boat was run on a sand bar, and at last accounts her sandock was above water, though it was presumed that she could not be raised. The machinery, tackle and furniture will be saved.

MISSISSIPPI POLITICS.—The Natchez Courier learns that Gen. Reuben Davis, of Monroe, is greatly dissatisfied with the Convention which nominated Mr. McRae for Governor, because it did not nominate him, and proclaimed himself an anti-caucus, independent democratic candidate for Congress. He has done the same thing before, but strange gave in before the election. He is will be again.

☞ DOLBEAR'S Writing and Bookkeeping Academy, 105 Canal street. Ladies and gentlemen wish to perfect their writing or bookkeeping, should apply at this old and popular establishment, which was established in 1826, and continues to receive patronage from all parts of the city, but from Mobile and Northern and Western as well as South-ern States. See advertisement.

☞ The attention of Mariners begins is solicited to the public sale of the cargo of schooner Thomas Freeman, which takes place at the wharf adjoining foot of Lower Pleasure Ten, Second District.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Six ocean steamships left New York on the 30th ult., viz: the *Arctic*, for Liverpool; the *Crescent City*, for Aspinwall; the *Uncapit*, for Charleston, for Norfolk and Richmond. The *Gospel* has been purchased by the Peruvian Government for a war steamer. Among the passengers by the *Arctic* are ex-President Van Buren and son, Senator Foote of Vermont, Jas. K. Paulding, and Hon. W. R. McKinney.

The steamer Ocean Wave was destroyed by fire at 2 o'clock on Saturday week, fifty miles above Kingston, on Lake Ontario, while on her passage to Ogdensburg. Out of fifty passengers and the crew only 22 were saved, including Captain Wright, the mate and purser. When the fire was discovered the boat was 1½ miles from the shore. Her upper deck was consumed in fifteen minutes. The bell drifted off to the shore and sunk in two hours. Those saved were picked up by vessels passing at the time. The boat was owned by the Northern Railroad Company at Ogdensburg, and was fully insured.

A woman named Christina Sizeby, living alone in Cleveland, was murdered sometime in April. Her house had been shut up since then, but was opened on the 29th ult. when her body was found with the throat cut, and the body brutally mangled. The house had been ransacked.

The propeller steamship Star of the South, built by Capt. Loper, the contractor for Stanton's New York and New Orleans steamship line, made an Engineers' trial trip on the 1st inst., and ran at the rate of 13½ miles an hour. She is a beautiful vessel of 1000 tons.

The following is the report of the Philadelphia Mint for the month of April. Gold coinage $5,205,000; silver coinage $19,000. Gold received $4,768,000; silver received, $2,550,000.

A boy only 12 years old, who had walked all the way from Ohio to Washington, it is stated, called on the President a few days ago. He said he was an orphan supported and educated by a poor aunt, and had come to ask a place in the Navy. The President was deeply affected by this story and the evidence of his perseverance, and give him several pieces of gold, and invited him to call again. The boy left, but was followed by a gentleman who witnessed the interview, and who saw him exchange the gold he had received for bank notes, which he mailed in a letter to his poor relative. His enterprise is like to be rewarded by the place he seeks.

The Legislature of Pennsylvania recently invited the Legislature of Maryland and the Baltimore Municipalities to a public dinner costing over six thousand dollars. The dignitaries did justice to the viands, but the Pennsylvania Legislature neglected, in the hurry of business—being a session of only three months and a half—to make an appropriation to foot the bill. The next Legislature will, therefore, have to pay for the last Legislature's dinner.

The Wetumpka (Guard of the 26d ult. says: Three of the eight convicts who escaped from the Penitentiary on Monday of last week, have been apprehended and brought back. Their names are Wilson, Crane and McBurnie.

Another of them was caught at Vernon, and placed on the Magnolia, on Saturday night last, but before the boat landed here, he effected his release from the stock, pulled off his prison clothed and changed them for more genteel apparel, which he found in the berths. When the watchman, on his guard, awoke, and just as the boat was landing here, he gave the alarm, when search was made for the prisoner, who, being discovered, ran and jumped from the stern of the boat into the river. The yawl was manned and pursuit given, but they did not find him, and reported that the prisoner was drowned.

A singular life insurance case will, it is said, soon be reached in one of the Boston courts. A life insurance company is sued for a policy which they refuse to pay. The person whose life was insured committed suicide, and the policy has a clause containing a clause that they will not pay in case a man dies by his own hand, or while fighting a duel. In the present case the claimants allege that the suicide was committed while in a state of mental derangement, and it will be for the Court to decide whether, in such there is no other bar to payment, suicide under such circumstances comes within the exclusion of the company.

It has been already announced that the Hon. Mr. Borland, of Arkansas, has been appointed Minister Plenipotentiary to Central America, and we now learn that the office of Secretary of Legation has been conferred upon Frederick A Booden, Esq., of Pittsburgh. Mr. B. has resided for some years in a neighboring Republic of South America—a portion of the country in an official station—and is peculiarly well qualified by his experience, knowledge of the language, and general intelligence, for the post to which he has been assigned.

There have been landed at New York from the steamship Humboldt, one hundred and eleven sheep, of the improved merino breed, remarkable for their fleece and the weight of fleece. They were imported by Solomon W. Jewett, of Middlebury, Vermont, who purchased them in the interior of France. Most of them were obtained of Mr. Victor Gilbert, of Villdeville, department of Seine Pointe, who has improved them from the original Spanish stock. Their average cost per head is $40—expense of their transportation from Havre to New York, $30. Hence they really bring from $160 to $180, and for several valuable rams, Mr. Jewett has refused $500 and upwards. His importations during the last three years, amount to $55,000.

The papers are complaining of the neglect at the New York Postoffice to send letters South by the first conveyance from that city, after arrival, when there is ample time to arrange them. The Uncle Sam arrived at N. York from Jamaica on Wednesday. Though four hours intervened before the Southern Mail left, no letters were sent. The letters for the N. York merchants, it is believed were assorted and delivered at once and in time for them to write South respecting their contents. The attention of the Department being directed to the fact, there will no doubt be a corrective applied.

At the Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church of New Jersey, one of the members was tried and convicted for practicing the modern science of Psychology, against the true interests of the Church, and the peace and dignity of the same. The Reverend Psychologist had caused a young lady, against her knowledge and consent, to sit down in the lap of a gentleman before company. The delinquent minister was admonished for his indiscretion, and directed to keep his hands clean of all the inventions of the devil, "spiritual rappings" included.

The N. Y. Express says that they who have plenty of money to spend, and an appetite for early fruits and vegetables to indulge, can now do both in that market with facility. The quotations are: new potatoes 37 1-2 cents per half peck, or $3 per bushel; asparagus, 50 cents per bunch; strawberries, 81 per basket; green peas, 50 cents per half peck; tomatoes from Bermuda, 37 1-2 cents per quart. Most of the green vegetables are brought from Charleston, S. C.

Mildew is one of the greatest pests to grass houses and all sorts of plant structures. The following remedy has been tried in the house of the London Horticultural Society, and it is thought will prove efficacious: "Sulphur and unslaked lime put into a tub of water in which they are quickly and intimately mixed, and the trees and plants syringed with the clear liquid after the substances have settled at the bottom.

The Squadron of Commander Ringgold, soon to depart to survey Behring's Strait, will shortly sail from New York for Norfolk, where they will take in their armament, instruments, etc. Lieutenant Rolando is to command Commodore Ringgold's flag ship, the Vincennes; Lieutenant John Jenkins, the steamer Jno. Hancock; Passed Midshipman Stevens, the Westmoreland; and Lieutenant Alonzo B. Davis, the Porpoise. No commander has yet been designated for the remaining vessel of the squadron, the John P. Kennedy. The scientific corps of the expedition will be employed specially for the occasion from civil life. Purser Boggs is to be the purser of the expedition. A large portion of the North Pacific will be examined, together with Behring's Straits, and the adjacent coasts of Asia and America, and as much farther north as practicable.

Charles Lee has recovered a verdict in the Circuit Court at Morrisville, Madison county, New York, of $4600 against the Rochester and Syracuse Railroad Company, for personal injuries caused by an accident on the Railroad, in October last.

C. G. Emly, Secretary of the United States Life Insurance Company of Philadelphia, has been fined in New York the sum of $500 for transacting business there without making the necessary deposit of securities with the State Comptroller.

A Washington letter says that the American Consul at Havana, Judge Sharkey, who resigned his place last month, has been informed by the President, through a friend at Washington, that he would be relieved from further duty on the 1st of June, agreeably to his request. There is much anxiety to know the successor.

Memoirs of the famous and somewhat eccentric Dr. John Abernethy, with a view of his writings, lectures and character, are soon to appear from a London press. They will be edited by Dr. George Macilwain.

The National Democrat is "authorized today that President Pierce will, in the course of a few days, pay a visit to New Hampshire. He intends to be absent from Washington about two weeks.

Arctic Blue.

The second Grinnell expedition, which is soon to leave our shores, takes with it an adaptably systematized dietary—the result, evidently of much careful study.

For long marches, where the labor of sledge drawing requires the greatest economy in weight, it consists dried and concentrated food substance of paramount importance. Until very lately the idea was the lerdor of the frozenlands, but we are now in the midst of a great oxygen season, when cold climates, strike out in the Western Gardens, and the vast inter space between our Atlantic and Pacific civilizations, is to be overrun by men. We think that a valuable practical lesson might be taught to such emigrants, by the preparations of this little Arctic party.

We dined yesterday morning to an inspection of their resources. They take out with them the best biscuit of Borden, the dessicated vegetables of Chollet, the impacted milk cake of the Messrs. Abbatt, and the Pemican of the Indian voyageurs.

The meat biscuit has, after careful experiment, been adopted by Dr. Kane for his sledge journeys. It combines the essential elements of flour and beef, and six ounces a day have been proved sufficient for a healthy life, while in active exercise. Sir Lyon Playfair, who analyzed this article at the World's Fair, reports it as equalled in terms as to its value. We regret to say that the rapidly changing atmosphere, and compressed by hydraulic power so as to occupy an inconceivably small bulk. The milk, which is destined to do away with scurvy, is cows, was as hard as a brick-bat, but with the aid of a little water, was hardly distinguishable from breakfast cream.

But the great stand by, the sheet anchor of Arctic voyagers, was the Pemican. All our Northern Indian tribes, but especially the Cree and Chippewayan, use this preparation for long land searches. It consists of the pounded meats of the moose or buffalo, carefully dried by fire and sun, and incorporated with fat or marrow. The word Pemic, which, in the Algonquin, signifies grease, is probably the origin of the term.

The Pemican of the American expedition was prepared on a large scale from beef, and in its manufacture we were much interested.

We were shown into a large hide of some twenty-five feet square, heated to a temperature of about 140 degrees Fahrenheit, and completely filled with beef steaks. No less than 1,000 lbs. of carefully cut round pieces were strung upon wooden frames, and undergoing the process of drying. The steak, when dried to one-fourth of its original weight, is pounded to the size of powder (or hominy), and then mixed with an equal weight of pure lard.

The whole process was superintended by Mr. Borden—the inventor of the milk biscuit—who had been selected by Mr. Grinnell to carry out his views in this matter. We were told that four thousand pounds of meat and one ton of lard would make about two thousand of this concentrated diet, and that the scale of Dr. Kane's rations for his sledge journey over the polar ice, would be 1lb. of pemican and 1½ pounds per man per diem of this novel compound of beef and grease.

Well as this was adopted to its purpose, those of us who have lived in the Arctic, will not have been being impressed with the privations of men who, dragging their sledges over a wilder ness of ice, have but this homely substitute to satisfy their energetic appetites. And as the labor shed. Great credit is due to Dr. Kane for his skilful exertions in this matter.

[N. Y. Com.

SINGULAR CASE OF INSTINCT IN A HORSE.—We do not remember ever to have heard of a more remarkable exhibition of unique intelligence than was communicated to us a few days since by Mr. Allen, of this place. The circumstances as they were narrated to us are as follows: Mr. A. has had for a considerable time on his plantation a very delightful little mare, kept for the stable, in the field, in the harness, they have always been together. This has caused a strong attachment between them. A few days ago, he went with them out to Lake Maubourde, on a fishing excursion. Taking them out of the carriage, he let them down the lake and tied them with short ropes, several rods apart, on a strip of grass that grew upon the shore, and left them to feed. Returning to the shore he found the mare and her companion waiting the return of the party who had repaired to the lake to fish.

Not much time had elapsed before the mare had wandered off, and he first detected his attention, and a moment after one of his span appeared at the door. The animal put his head in, and spring and neigh, returned at a run, and yet under evident excitement to the spot where, but a few moments before he had left his companion. The mare was greatly fatigued, and was with difficulty induced to enter the house, and struck with his singular conduct, Mr. A immediately followed, and found the other lying in the water, entangled in the herbage, and struggling to keep his head from being submerged.

While Mr. A. proceeded to disengage the unfortunate horse, his noble companion, by unmistakeable the strongest solicitude and sympathy, and when his mate was extracted from his situation, and again upon his feet on terra firma, the gentle creature evinced the most unmistakeable signs of satisfaction and joy. That this intelligent animal should have noticed the misfortune of his companion, and should have sought for rescue, and in his efforts, should sunder a three fourths of an inch rope, and finally, that he should exhibit so high an appreciation of the most complex circumstances to astonish us, and convinced themselves to the thoughtful consideration of those who would limit the power of reasoning to the "genus homo."—*St. Anthony's Express.*

☞ The worthy and staid friend of the Worcester *Spy* has an eye for pretty women as well as a voice for yea and nay, and we consequently have to his pay for such paragraphs as the following:

Bloomerism at a Discount.—We understand that the *prudential* committee of the village of Ware intend to prohibit the application of a young lady of acknowledged high character and ability, for the situation of teacher of one of their common schools, on account of her Bloomer costume. We have also been informed that of the same length had been cut from the *top* of her dress which was taken from the *skirt* she would have been cordially approved.

☞ The African trade (the kind of trade Mrs. Beecher Stowe is outraged in) in England seems to pay well. Recently a Liverpool ship Taken at Sierra Leone, bound for Liverpool, it appears, than she was presented with 2130 starving. What for, as she is not understood to be in consequence of pecuniary circumstances, we cannot imagine. John Bull would seem to think Uncle Tom has some a begging!

☞ 1120 in last week's *Pic*. Stowe is certainly not much in need of the money, if the reports be true touching the enormous income she has received from the sale of her romance. If we could be persuaded her, we should use it appropriate something after this fashion:

$200 (say) to buy the freedom of one slave.
100 to send him to Liberia.
100 to the Negro Orphan Asylum here.
100 to learn one little negro to read and write.
50 to enable him to emigrate.
$650.

Now, if Mrs. Stowe were not a professional abolitionist, she would certainly spend the money she is making and is going to make in the African slave trade the year to come in Great Britain, as we have suggested. But how unselfish, how generous, how at ease and comfort of the negro, therefore, not being at all in her way, the following appropriations are more likely to be made:

$100 to entice slaves to run away, South.
100 to rescue them, North.
100 to prevent their return, North.
100 to pay expenses of ditto.
100 to send him to Canada.
50 for subscription to "worthy" newspapers.
50 for lectures on the Higher Law.
150 for a grand amalgamation dinner.
600 for the relief of the poor white slaves.

Uncle Tom's Cabin.

The next bag of gold Mrs. Stowe is presented with ought to be paid into the fund for the support of Abolition editors and lecturers; the first to keep on denouncing the Constitution as an accursed bargain, and the other to execrate the South, the Church, and everything and every body else that don't pay issue with them. It is to be hoped that cousin John will hurry up the funds.—*N. Y. Express.*

Chevalier Bunsen has received from the University of Gottingen, the degree of Doctor "for the rare theological science of which he has given proof.

"OLD FOGY"—a word that comes from the Latin, "*fogere*," meaning drives away—one who is done for—one who is a gone case with him, and time he should be off.

BANK OF NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, May 5, 1853.

At a meeting of Subscribers to the Capital Stock for a new Bank to be established under the free Banking Law, lately passed by our Legislature, the charter being submitted, was adopted, and the above name determined on, to be used by the Bank in its dealings.

The Capital was fixed at ONE MILLION OF DOLLARS, divided into TEN THOUSAND SHARES, of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS each, the whole to be paid in by installments, not more than six months from the tenth instant, as required by law.

It was also agreed that the Bank should commence operations on the first day of October next.

The following named gentlemen were declared elected as the first Board of Directors:

Wm P Converse, firm of Converse & Co.
Stephen Price, " " Price, Frost & Co.
H W McKenna, " " Brander, Williams & Co.
John Fox, " " Jas. Cassidy & Co.
L H Pisce, " " Jas. Landes & Co.
F L Wilson, " " Turner, Wilson & Co.
F F Folger, " " F F Folger & Co.
C Yale, Jr., " " C Yale, Jr., & Co.
E G Rogers, " " Rogers, Barnard & Co.
L C Jurey, " " Farley, Jurey & Co.
John C Goodrich, " " Goodrich & Co.
Henry Rodewald, " " H Rodewald & Co.

After the adjournment of the subscribers, the Board of Directors convened, and WILLIAM P. CONVERSE, Esq., was unanimously elected President of the Bank. may 9 1w

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Highlights of Paleogram.

And other New Publications—Just Received, YONE'S The Reader of the Period in extracts in the Year—By J. Ross Browne.

COLERIDGE'S Works—Few edition, by Professor Shedd. Vols. 3 and 4, comprising "Biographical Literaria" and "Shakspeare and other Dramatic Poets."

THE Mother and her Offspring—By S. Tracy, M. D.

THE Lover's Stratagem; or, The Two Sailors—By Emile Figuier Carlen.

SELECT British Eloquence—Edited by Goodrich.

HARPER'S Magazine for May.

For sale by J. B. STEEL, 60 Camp st.

Mahogany and Cherrywood Bedsteads, with Cord, mortises and tenons, and Cabinet Maker's Warranted Cabinet Furniture, Bureaus, Washstands, Tables, Chairs, Sofas, Mattresses, Feather Beds, Bolsters and Pillows, Looking Glasses, Carpetings, Oil Cloths, Mahogany Dining Tables, Sideboards, Wardrobes