NEW ORLEANS DAILY BEE
DUFOUR & LIMET, PUBLISHERS.
No. 72 Chartres street.

TERMS OF THE BEE.
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The Semi-Weekly is published every Tuesday and Saturday. Subscription, $6 per annum, invariably in advance.
Rates of Advertising—Transient advertisements having the run of the paper, first insertion, $2 50 per square; each subsequent insertion, 75 cents per square.
Price of Editorial Page, transient advertisements, each insertion, $3 50 per square.
Advertisements inserted at intervals to be charged as new, each insertion.
Price of Editorial Page, monthly advertisements, each square, $20 net per month.
Regular advertisers, who advertise largely, shall be allowed such discount from the above nominal transient rates as may be agreed upon, in no case shall such discount exceed 25 per cent.
All Business Notices of Advertisements to be charged 20 cents net per line, each insertion.
All transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.
All advertisements not marked for any number of insertions will be published six times, and a little with regular advertisers shall be rendered monthly.
Weekly Edition.
TERMS—PER YEAR.....$5.
NEW ORLEANS:
THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 20, 1871.

MOBILE AND MONTGOMERY RAILROAD.—The Superintendent of this road—Mr. Geo. Jordan—in his annual report touching its condition, read at the meeting of the stockholders held at Montgomery on July 14, states that the cars will in all probability be able to run through to Mobile by the 15th of December next. The magnitude of this work can be appreciated when it is remembered that the Tensas River will have to be bridged several times and the Alabama River once, at an immense cost. But the saving in handling of freight and transfer of passengers and baggage by this arrangement will add immensely to the popularity of the road and will make it the short and cheap route from Texas and New Orleans to New York. Charles T. Pollard, Esq., of Montgomery, one of the most experienced railroad men in the South, as well as one of her most polished gentlemen, is the President of this road.

THE JACKSON RAILROAD.—Capt. Scott, the efficient passenger agent of this railroad, informs us that the repairs to the track between New Orleans and the Manchac bridge are nearly completed, and it is expected that trains will arrive and start from the depot on Calhoun street by the end of next week. In the meantime communication will be kept up as heretofore via the lake by the fine steamer Yazoo—a trip which pleasures as they go, are exceedingly.

THE NEW YORK HOTEL.—The New York Sun says that Messrs. William Shears and John Macklin, two lieutenants of the 69th Regiment, New York Militia, which took so prominent a part in the late riot, have resigned because their regiment had, as they thought, committed murder. The Sun and Herald call it murder, forsooth, while the officers of the 69th call it murder!

FOR PHILADELPHIA.—We are requested to state that the steamship Juniata (Capt. Hoxie, will sail from this port for Philadelphia on Saturday next, July 22d, at 4 o'clock.

Mr. William Cropley is the agent of the ship. Office corner Carondelet and Gravier streets.

MESSRS. TRASK & CRAVEN'S RIVER TRIPS.—The Morgan Line are now selling excursion tickets to all accessible watering places of East Tennessee and Virginia, by the popular Blue Mountain Route. The comforts attending a trip on the splendid steamers running between New Orleans and Mobile, then taking Pullman palace sleeping cars, which run at Lucy to Bristol, Tenn., without change of cars, are unsurpassed and offered to pleasure-seekers.

Interesting and Important Case—How General Bradley T. Johnson Recovered his Property.

From the Frederick Maryland Examiner.

Well known to many of our readers and during the late war the prominent General Bradley T. Johnson was sold by a Justice under a decree of the Circuit Court of Frederick County, but it was soon generally known that upon the termination of the war Gen. Johnson commenced proceedings in the Court of Appeals, which have effectually turned to his favor. The facts in the cases briefly as follows: On the 3d of December, 1857, B. T. Johnson executed a mortgage upon his residence, corner of Bond and Court streets, to Mrs. Barbara Rebecca Rees and on the 15th of May, 1861, prior to the outbreak of the late war, he executed the mortgaged property to William Ross, Esq., in trust for Mrs. Jane Hodgson, his wife. On the 2d of October, 1863, Mrs. Robertson filed a bill of foreclosure in the Circuit Court of this county against General Johnson and wife and Mr. Rees as trustee, alleged that B. T. Johnson and wife were then in the South in which the rebellious lines were then resident, and asked an order of publication against them. The court passed an order of publication directing the complainants to give four consecutive weeks for four weeks—to the 10th day of November, 1863, notice to appear and answer or on the 1st day of March, 1862. Subsequently a certificate was filed by the clerk, dated 1863, stating that the order was published in the *Maryland Union*, printed in Frederick, for a week for four weeks—the last to the 15th day of March, 1862. Mr. Rees answered—submitting to such decree in the premises as may be right. No testimony was taken in the case, and on the 4th of April, 1862, a decree was passed taking the bill *pro confesso* as to Johnson and wife, and appointing a trustee to sell the mortgaged property. Nisi Decree was passed on the 21st of December, 1863, Johnson and wife filed a petition in the Circuit Court, alleging that in May, 1861, they had left Maryland and remained within the "belligerent" lines of the Confederate States during the late war and that the whole proceedings to sell were had in his absence during the war, that they could not have notice; that a decree had been entered by mistake, that they had duly discovered the day fixed—December 21, 1863—and asked to be permitted to appeal from the decree. The cause went to the Court of Appeals, when the proceedings were set aside on a general interest, in the course which it was returned to the Circuit Court from which these order Gen. Johnson then appealed.

Upon the last appeal two questions were submitted to the Court of Appeals—first the effect of their first order remanding the case without either affirming or reversing the decree, and second, the question of what rights Johnson was again possessed of. The first question the court decided Gen. Johnson had a right to appear and set up his claim. The second question they decided that although the question was not in issue on the first appeal, yet it had properly before the court, and enough the court had, in the case of Gen. Johnson, to authorize the court to exercise its discretion in ordering sale of the property as against a mortgagor who had, up to the beginning of the war, been a resident of Maryland, and who had voluntarily gone to the Confederate lines during the war and remained there, yet since the decision of the question last arose the Supreme Court of the United States and has been there differently decided, that the State Court decided with regard to notice to parties, being within the enemy's lines, as the notice directed to be published in a newspaper, was a mere form. They could not lawfully see any, if, as they do in the proceedings *actually conducted*, *impartiality*. The court said that while they might hesitate to adhere to their first opinion upon the question, yet it is a constitutional one only yet in view of possible conflict and embarrassment that may occur in regard to it, they have filed a collateral, auto question in such to United States Court, on the ground that it is a question of depriving citizens to make our decision conform to that of the Supreme Court upon the subject. They therefore reversed the decree of Circuit Court and sent back the case with full leave to the appellants to set aside and vacate the sale. As a complete case of the case in point, Johnson's right to pay the mortgage debt recover his property, which he has.

Louisiana Intelligence.

NATCHITOCHES PARISH.—The Natchitoches *Times* of July 15, says:

The condition of the cotton crop has improved. There is no talk of late pillars, and it is the universal opinion that we shall escape their ravages this year. The estimated reduction of cotton in this parish is two-thirds of an average crop. It is considerable to satisfy his mind and wants to make further experiments.

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The New Orleans Bee.

OFFICE 73 CHARTRES STREET. NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 20, 1871. [illegible] YEAR—Vol. XLIV.—Whole—15,425.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

The meeting of the City Council, which was to have been held yesterday, was deferred until 12 o'clock to-day, in consequence of the absence of Mr. Shaw.

Governor Warmoth spends the morning in the Mechanics Institute and the night at Pass Christian. He does the thing by railroad and the oscillation is said to be wholesome for His Excellency.

Lewis Butler, working on the wharf at the head of St. Andrew street yesterday, cut his left ankle with an adze badly.

Charles Jackson and Dick Richards had a difficulty last evening on the steamboat Hutchinson, on which they were working, and Jackson cut Richards severely in the left breast with a razor. Jackson was arrested and Richards sent to the Charity Hospital.

George Johnson, colored, is reported by the police to have been arrested yesterday, having in his possession a quantity of table cutlery stolen from the shop of Mr. Thomas Gleason, No. 445 Dryades street.

A girl, twelve years of age, daughter of Mr. Balzer, who lives in Carrollton, was attacked by two dogs there, said to have been rabid, which bit her very severely on both arms.

Alfred Savino, a white boy, 14 years of age, whose parents reside in the upper part of the city, was accidentally shot, at No. 1, St. Charles street, yesterday, about 5 o'clock, by Mr. S. A. Doran. The boy was not thought to be dangerously wounded. Doran surrendered himself to the police.

The bodies of both the boys, who were drowned at the place of their grandfather, Mr. Edmond Trepagnier, opposite Carrollton, have been recovered.

Suit Against the Sugar Shed Company in Consequence of Extortionate Charges.—Mr. E. Bernard, a sugar merchant, yesterday entered a suit against the Sugar Shed Company in the Fourth District Court. His petition sets forth that he is the owner of eight hogsheads of sugar, which are in one of defendants' sheds, and the delivery of them is refused because he will not pay charges which, he alleges, are extortionate. The bill of the company, which is appended to the petition, charges as follows:

From May 25 to June 15 cents per hhd. from June 15 to 30 cents per month, 30 cents per hhd. which make a total of 95 cents per hhd. or $7 60 for all. He refused to pay the bill, first, for the reason that $2 and no more can be charged under the charter of the company, which limits charges to quoting the language of the act—"a sum not exceeding 25 cents on every hogshead of sugar and 25 cents on every barrel of molasses sheltered under sheds," and provides also, that no other charge for shelter is to be made, unless the package stored, after being under cover shall remain in the shed but twenty five cents a hogshead can be charged upon it, until it shall be sold or shipped, and that the subject matter of the suit has been continuously his property. He therefore gives the certificate to the company to deliver his sugar, upon the payment of the lawful charge for shelter, or to pay the value of the merchandise, and that he be allowed $200 for counsel fee and $500 special damages.

Suicide.—The man mentioned yesterday as found dead, and reported to have taken laudanum to destroy himself, at his residence, No. 36, Tchoupitoulas street, died on Tuesday afternoon from the effects of the poison. His name was James Lyons, not Dyons. He was 35 years of age and a native of Ireland, was married and had two children. He had been very sick for a long time, and often said he was weary of the world. He was employed in Felix's tobacco manufactory, and when he got home on Tuesday evening sent his wife out for some medicine. He did that to get her out of the way, for immediately after she left the house he swallowed a vial of laudanum, containing about an ounce and a half. When she returned, the children told her how he had swallowed something and showed her the empty vial. She sent for a physician at once, but it was of no avail, he died about 7 until half-past 7 o'clock yesterday, when he expired.

BY TELEGRAPH.

To the New Orleans Bee.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Abrogation of the Cotton Tax by France.

Debate on the Italian Question Fixed for Saturday.

Dupanloup, Bishop of Orleans, is Expected to Speak.

Gambetta Before the Committee of Investigation.

Fatal Railroad Accident in England.

HOME NEWS.

Decisions by the Mexican Claims Commission.

Report on Small-pox in Brooklyn, New York.

Conflict Between Citizens and Soldiers at Hays City, Kansas.

Miscellaneous Matters.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

Paris, July 19.—The decrees of the 6th and 19th September, 1870, leaving an import duty of 3 francs and 60 centimes on each bale of cotton, has been abrogated, and it is thought Minister of Finance, Pouyer-Quertier, has concluded to abandon the proposed duties upon raw material.

Paris, July 19.—The debate on the Italian question in the Assembly is fixed for Saturday.

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Paris, July 19.—Gambetta was before the Committee of Investigation, appointed by the Assembly to inquire into the doings of the Government of National Defense. His evidence principally concerned the raising of troops during his administration.

London, July 19.—The extraordinary phenomena produced by Mr. Hume is being made the subject of careful examination by Prof. Crooks, at eminent chemist and Dr. Huggins, so equally eminent astronomer. The Huggins is not yet able to satisfy his mind and wants to make further experiments.

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New York, July 19.—A committee of King's County Medical Society report 1394 cases of smallpox in Brooklyn for the year ending July 1st, 1871. There were not a few fatal cases last month.

New York, July 19.—The ocean race for the Wallack Cup has been postponed till after the August cruise of the New York Yacht Club.

Jno. Wilder and Richard Higham of the Mutual Base Ball Club were held yesterday by Justice Walsh in $500 bail each for assaulting members of the Flatbrooks Club at the conclusion of the game on the Union Grounds on July 13th.

New Orleans, July 19.—Arrived: Wesser, Australia, City of Limerick, Aleppo and St. Patrick.

New York, July 19.—The second triennial reunion of the army of the James, occured here to-day.

Dr. Alva Blaisdell, convicted of defrauding the revenue, has been pardoned.

A letter from London, of the 8th inst., says Thurlow Weed is not as well as when he left.

Special shipments to-day amounted to $455,000.

New York, July 19.—Arrived—Ismalia and South America.

New York, July 19.—The number of deaths in New York for the past week was 857, and Brooklyn 238, showing a heavy increase.

Rev. Dr. Ewers, of Christ Church, sailed for Europe to-day.

Another effigy of Governor Hoffman was found hanging this morning in Brooklyn.

The *Times'* London correspondent says the claimant of the Tichborne estate is an illegitimate son of old Sir James Tichborne by his cook, Mary Orton, and that the real Sir Roger perished, as has been reported in 1852.

The horse plague is affecting the stables of the Brooklyn City and Coney Island railroad companies.

The funeral of Clinton Gilbert, a victim of the Brooklyn whisky raid, was largely attended.

There is much excitement among the revenue officers of that district, and rumors are thick that extreme repressive measures will be taken against the illicit whisky region.

Liverpool, July 19.—Arrived—Isaac Webb.

St. Louis, July 19.—It is currently reported that Senator Schurz will soon sever his connection with the *Westliche Post*.

A serious shooting affair occurred in a saloon, at Hays City, Kansas, on Monday night, between some soldiers of the Sixth Cavalry and a party of citizens, in which Charles Harrison was killed. Sheriff Tamber separated the two sets, and commended peace, when he was fired upon, receiving two shots in the breast, mortally wounding him. Two soldiers, a man named May, and a Mexican teamster were also wounded.

Pittsburg, July 19.—S. M. Loveridge, formerly General Agent of the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company, was fatally shot at noon to-day.

Baltimore, July 19.—The Democratic State Convention nominated Wm. Pinkney Whyte for Governor.

Cincinnati, July 19.—The body of Capt. Blodgett, late of the steamer Carlisle, missing since midnight Monday, was found in a river this morning.

St. Louis, July 19.—The Supreme Court of the State has decided a case, upholding county tax collectors in seizing the stock of delinquent railroads.

Jackson, Miss., July 19.—The public printing question will be called in the Chancery Court to-morrow. The opinion prevails that Kimball, who had before put off mandamus will lose the case, if so he will at once appeal hoping thereby to cause delay, and force a compromise into a compromise. The *Pilot's* attack upon the Governor has rendered that paper unpopular with the Republicans, and it is thought it will have but little influence in the coming canvass.

Democrats are in high glee at the defeat of their leading Republican endorsers of the Governor's course.

San Francisco, July 19.—The steamer Oxyline has sunk on the Upper Colonia River, Nicaragua.

A rumor is current, that the Central and California Pacific Railroads have been consolidated with the Sacramento Valley Central, causing great excitement in Sacramento. A decline in real estate there is anticipated, if the rumor proves correct.

Boston, July 19.—Farwell Charter Oak, E. Sherman and Parepa.

Memphis, July 19.—A storm occurred last night which unfeathered anything here of yesterday's report. Houses were prostrated, trees uprooted, and vast damage done the crops.

The Memphis express from on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, before for Chattanooga, when near Grand Junction, ran through a trestle which had been washed away by the flood. The engineer was killed, and 12 or 15 passengers wounded.

Memphis, July 19.—In the Van Roberts murder case the jury this afternoon returned a verdict of not guilty.

San Francisco, July 19.—The Japanese and Chinese Ambassadors visited the Mechanics Institute Fair in this city entrance an immense variety of manufactures, showing that California constitutes a great feature of the exhibitions.

Negotiations are pending for the consolidation of all the railroads on the Pacific Coast, and all stocks are advanced considerably. Hale and Norcross doubled in price within two days.

Galveston, July 19.—Arrived—Steamer Joseph Barker, which left St. Joseph, Mo., bound for Charleston night before last, with stories from the Indian country, which she touched on her way, she reports that the Indian war has been completely envelopped, and that the worst part of the war is over. All but the working men were in their berths, and rushed out almost stripped, when the firing began. Every available portable object was thrown overboard and emptied by the frightened fugitives.

The steamer Cotton, attacked by the Indians, went to the assistance of the Barker, and succeeded in driving the propeller Vanderbilt, which had 125 Texas Rangers, and 125 Indian Scouts and Indians, on board, to the assistance of the Barker. The Indians were driven off, with the loss of 12 killed and wounded. Two soldiers and a boy are missing—a deckhand and a watchman.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

Liverpool, July 19.—Evening.—Cotton quiet and steady; sales of Indian lands 7000; Orleans and Cumberland at 7½. Short 5½ middles 7½ sales.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

New York, July 19.—Cotton—Net receipts 1881; sales of 1862, 114½; 64s, 11½; 65s, 11¾; new, 11½; 32s, 10½; 40s, 11¾.

New York, July 19.—Sugar lower—refining quiet and unchanged.

New York, July 19.—Evening.—Money closed easy and unchanged. Sterling dull and unchanged. Gold 12½ @ 12¾. Government bonds dull and steady. State bonds dull, except Georgia, which is weaker. Tennessees, 71½; new, 72. Virginia 6s, 62; new, 72½; Louisiana 6s, 66; new, 62; 7s, 70; 8s, 75. Alabama 5s, 80; 8s, 68; Georgia 6s, 76; 7s, 90. North Carolina 6s, 34; new, 25. South Carolina 7s, new, 56.

New York, July 19.—Evening.—Cotton closed more firm. Net receipts 3826 bales; middling uplands 20 c. Orleans 21½c. Flour—extra $5 @ $5 50; good to choice $5 75 @ $6 75. Wheat—Winter red and amber $1 42 @ $1 45. Corn active and a shade easier, 70 @ 71c. Pork $14 50 @ 14 62½. Lard inactive. Naval Stores steady. Freights firmer.

Mobile, July 19.—Cotton dull; middlings 20½c. Net receipts 114; sales 25; stock 9,000.

Galveston, July 19.—Cotton dull. Good ordinary 16c. Net receipts 191; exports coastwise 39; sales 100; stock 15,634.

Norfolk, July 19.—Cotton quiet—low middling 20½c. Net receipts 42 bales; exports coastwise 110. Stock 659 bales.

Baltimore, July 19.—Cotton quiet—middling 20½c; net receipts 22 bales; gross 37; exports coastwise 7; sales 125; stock 960 bales.

Wilmington, July 19.—Cotton quiet—middlings 19½c. Net receipts 10 bales. Stock 1095.

Savannah, July 19.—Cotton inactive—middlings 19½c. Net receipts 137 bales. Exports coastwise 72. Sales 16. Stock 5382 bales.

Charleston, July 19.—Cotton quiet—middlings 19½c. Net receipts 120 bales. Exports to Great Britain 80 bales. Sales 100. Stock 4227 bales.

Memphis, July 19.—Cotton firmer; middlings 19½c. Receipts to-day 166; exports 125; stock 29,000.

Cincinnati, July 19.—Cotton steady and in moderate demand; middlings 20¼@20½c. Flour dull. Rice unchanged. Wheat dull; red winter No. 1 fall at $1 23. Corn dull and drooping at 54@55c; mixed lower; new, 73@77c. Oats drooping, mixed 50@54c. Barley unchanged. Eggs dull at 12c. Butter steady—prime to choice 16@20c. Cheese dull 9@11c. Pork dull, but holders not willing to make concessions, $14 50. Lard dull and drooping 10½c asked.

St. Louis, July 19.—Flour firm and in fair demand; superfine fall $4 15@4 25; extra $4 70@4 75; double extra $5@5 50. Wheat closed better; No. 2 red fall in elevator $1 27. Corn lower; mixed, on the track delivered, 49@50c; sacked 57@58c. Oats lower; new mixed, in bulk, on the track 40@40½c; sacked 44@45c. Barley dull; No. 3, 57½c; Rye firmer, 56@57c. Whisky 88c. Pork dull; mess $15. Dry Salt Meats lower; sales 60,000 pounds of loose clear ribs, to arrive from Milwaukie, 7½c. Bacon closed lower; shoulders 7c; clear rib sides 9½c; clear sides 9¾c. Lard quiet, 10½c for keeps. Hogs firmer, $3 75@4 30. Cattle quiet.

Chicago, July 19.—Flour dull and nominal. Wheat—No. 2 spring opened weak and closed firmer, $1 15. Corn—No. 2 dulled weak, as lower, 40½@40¾c. Oats dull and weaker—No. 2, 40@40½c. Rye—No. 2 active but easier, 57½@58c. Barley—No. 2 spring quiet and easier, 70@70½c. High wines 88c. Mess pork active but 25c lower—$14 25. Hogs active—$3 20@5 30.

Louisville, July 19.—Bagging dull and steady; heavy hemp 19c. Cotton a shade firmer; middlings 20c. Flour dull and weak; extra family $5 25.

RIVER NEWS.

Vicksburg, July 19.—Passed up—Mohawk 9 last night. River falling. Weather warm and clear.

Louisville, July 19.—River still rising with 27 inches in the chute and 4 feet 6 inches in the canal. There was a heavy rain this morning. Clear and pleasant during the afternoon. Business very dull. Arrived—Champion, for Cincinnati, and Eddyville, for Cairo. The Camella leaves for Cairo, to-morrow.

Memphis, July 19.—Passed up—City of Cairo and Lady Lee. River falling. Weather clear and pleasant.

Pittsburg, July 19.—Raining here. Monongahela 30 inches and falling.

Cincinnati, July 19.—River 9 feet 6 inches, it has risen 6 inches since last report; is now about stationary. There was a heavy wind storm at 11 30 this morning. Business is active for the lower Ohio.

St. Louis, July 19.—Arrived—City of Quincy, Natchez and Belle and barges from New Orleans. Departed—Grand Tower, for Memphis; Henry Ames, for New Orleans. River falling. Weather clear and pleasant.

FROM SOUTHWEST PASS.

Southwest Pass, July 19—6 P. M.—Barometer 30.05. Wind west, fresh.

Arrived—Steamship Morgan, at 1:15 P. M., Lockwood, master, from Indianola via Galveston, to C. A. Whitney & Co.; ship Forrest Eagle, Hosmer, master, 45 days from Hartlepool, with railroad iron, to master.

Sailed—Barkentine J. G. Norwood.

(Previous Dispatches.)

Liverpool, July 19.—Noon.—Cotton market quiet; estimated sales 12,000 bales, 3000 for export and speculation; upands 8½d, Orleans 9¼d.

London, July 19.—Noon.—Consols 93¾; 5-20s of 1862, 92¼.

Quebec, July 19.—The ship Minerva, from Liverpool, with 250 passengers, for Montreal, was wrecked off Cape Breton; all on board were saved.

Washington, July 19.—A new trial for Dr. Sherman, the abortionist, was refused.

London, July 19.—The Pope recently declared to the College of Cardinals, in an allocution, that "all is lost, and only a miracle can save us." He sees no possible help from man, and recommends his hearers to seek intercession from the Almighty.

It is reported that Napoleon visits the city every day, strolls along the sunny side of Bond street or haunts the bow windows of a club-house. He is very popular with the working classes, who cheer him, and he is getting very fat.

The Emperor and Empress of Brazil are industriously "doing" London.

The future Emperor and Empress of Germany were snubbed by the Queen on their recent visit to England. Her Majesty refused to take them in at any of her palaces, and they were obliged to live in a German hotel.

The Standard says: Gladstone will abolish the system of purchase of army commissions by royal warrant.

Several members of the royal family have recently visited the Emperor Napoleon.

The small pox is decreasing.

Paris, July 19.—The inhabitants of Metz have sent a petition to Thiers, asking the cession of Metz.

The Journal de Paris attacks vigorously the circular of the Prefect of the Seine, which deprives the occupants of finished lodgings of the right to store it they have not inhabited the premises continuously for twelve months.

The Parisians generally have put forward a partial list of candidates for municipal elections which appears satisfactory to the public.

M. Rouher announces himself a candidate for the first vacancy in the Paris Assembly.

San Francisco, July 19.—The National Guards returned from Amador county this morning, the striking miners having returned to work on all the mines.

Paris, July 19.—It is reported that Mr. Washburne, the American Minister to France, assured the French Government that no offence is intended by the recognition of rebellion as belligerents in Paris against the National Government during the reign of the Commune will be permitted to reside in the United States.

FOREIGN GOSSIP.—The Parisian press is very much excited over a note which it publishes, stating that the Government's agents, purporting to be a copy of a letter sent by General Clusseret, from New York, to the Prefect of Paris, in Varlin, a member of the recent Commune. In this letter the future Generalin-Chief of the Commune forgets to mention the Internationale, promises that the Commune will be a battle, and he says: "When that day comes we must be ready, physically and morally. *I'm bad day if most Schelcher as an assassination.* Just until that moment I shall probably remain tranquil, but on the day of the struggle I will be with you when I mean me, that Paris will belong to us or Paris will no longer exist."

News from the Communing prisoners Biliboky, who was said to have been killed during the recent fight, is to the effect that he is safe and well, although a prisoner at Versailles. Assumptionists are customed to say he has attached to him a work mad nature, and that he has a number of times asked if he might give his life for that of Asst. Curriet, who is neither dead nor a prisoner. Rochefort is said to write his memoirs, and is busy at it. Vermorel, who was seven times dead, according to the representatives in Paris, is badly wounded, and has had to submit to two surgical operations in prison; and Pascal Grousset, may be ranked as a distinguished for nothing save his accustomed politeness.

The Russians are contributing very large sums for the aid of the distressed inhabitants of France.

The Russians are selling on the level at $5 50 @ $6 bbl.; Orleans at $5 50 @ $6; sold Apples at $3 @ $3 50 bbl.

Cotton Stationery.

New Orleans, July 20, 1871.

Arrived yesterday—18 Mobile Cotton.

Sales of Cotton for export and Coastwise and Texas 15 Bales and 13 Mobile Cotton.

Sales on spot 500 Texas Reserve, 50 Mobile and 7 Texas, 115 Mobile Cotton.

Sales to-day 1,000 Texas Reserve, 50 Mobile Cotton.

Net Receipts, cards 3rd, 1st quality, 6 bales.

Texas Reserve, continental gold price	20	@	20
Texas Reserve, on quality (Texas)	20	@	20
Texas Reserve, on quality (Texas)	20	@	20
Texas Reserve, on quality (Texas)	20	@	20
Texas Reserve, on quality (Texas)	20	@	20
Sheep, on quality (Texas)	20	@	20
Sheep, on quality (Texas)	20	@	20
Sheep, on quality (Texas)	20	@	20
Sheep, on quality (Texas)	20	@	20
Mobile Cotton, on quality	20	@	20
Mobile Cotton, on quality	20	@	20
Mobile Cotton, on quality