

## Nagad Pathans of Chomu, Rajasthan.

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The Naghar is a Pashtun tribes they are descended from Gharghasht, one of Qais Abdur Rashid sons. Originated from Afghanistan The Naghar tribe were camel and horse breeders entered in India with Bahlol Lodi's army around 1451 and remained in glory as long as Lodi ruled . According to a glossary of the tribes and castes of the Punjab and North -West Volume 1 by H.A Rose, IBBETSON, Maclagon. Naghar a branch to Lodi Pathan dynasty whose name is said to have been given them on account of their rapacity, nahar means tiger. Raverty calls them Naghars and says they are ghorgasht Pathans. (1.)

Pandit Jhabar Mal Sharma writes about the nawabs of Narhar that about the same time as that of the nawabis of Fatehpur and Jhunjhunu, Nagar Pathans established nawabi at Narhar. In 1446 (samvat 1503) a group of Pathans under the leadership of nawab Ismail Khan Daler Jang came from Afghanistan. Bahlol Lodi made him his general and subedar of Bihar. He had attacked Narhar and occupied it after defeating Jod Chahan Rajputs. His son Dilawar Khan constructed dargah of hajarat Hajid shakargah in 1455 (samvat 1512). [2]

About Narhar, Thakur Deshraj writes that it was ruled by Nehra Jats. Nehra jats ruled in Rajasthan over an area of 200 square miles. The Nehra hills of Rajasthan were their territory. To the west of Jhunjhunu town is a Hill 1684 feet above sea-level and visible from miles around. This hill near Jhunjhunu town is still known as Nehra Hill in their memory. Another hill was known as Maura which was famous in memory of Mauryas. Nehra in Jaipur was the first capital in olden times. In the fifteenth century Nehras ruled at Narhar, where they had a fort. At Naharpur, 16 miles down below the Nehra Hill, there another group ruled. The present Shekhawati at that time was known as Nehrawati. After nawab Kasim Khan Husain Khan became nawab of Bagar. His some descendants lived at Bagar and Nunia Gothra. Husain Khan's younger brother Sikandar Khan lived at Khudana. Another younger brother of nawab, Bahlol Khan founded Islampur in 1622. Bahlol Khan's son Jalal Khan constructed a well in Islampur, which is known as "Jalal Khan ka kuan".(3).

Around 1730 AD Rajput (Shekhawat) and Jat(Nehra ) combination ended nawabi and muslim rule in Bagad-Jhunjhunu land belt .After this defeat many pathans migrated towards Chomu-Samod region.

Chomu is one of powerful thikana of rajputs of Dhundhar . Nathawat is a sub-clan of Kachwaha Rajputs included in Bara Kothri. Natha was a great warrior. He was the son of Gopal, who was the son of Raja Prithviraj of Amber, India. Gopal was given the jagir (fief) of Chomu and Samode. His descendants are called Nathawats. (4.)

Nathwats are flowers of Jaipur kingdom .They originated from Nathaji grand son of Prithwi Raj king of Jaipur. nathawat ka itihās page 8(5.).It is clearly written in natawat sardaron ka itihās page 6 that 'in samwat 1548 after demise of maharaja prthwiraj his 18<sup>th</sup> son puran mal ,first son bheewn ji and third son bharmal in that order became raja of amer and fourth son gopal ji was given samod and mohana.after death of gopalji his son nathaji became master of samod in samwat 1621at the age of

thirty years. page.nathwats under Jaipur state chomu,samod,morija.mundota raysar,doongri and kisanpura are descendants of natah ji .

At present more than 500 Nagad pathan families live in Chomu . Apart from Nagads approximately 1000 Alizai ,Maswani ,Sharwani,Sulemanzai and Kakad pathans reside in Pathan Mohalla .Their ancestors served in Chomu thikana's army and fought bravely in battles with Natawat rajpoots.

Hanuman Sharma wrote in his book Nathawton Ka Itihas that Miyan Inayat Khan a pathan served.during the rule of thakur Jodh Singh ,page 192 (6.). After him most notable Nagad was Karam Khan.One of recent famous Nagad of Chomu was Mohammad Bahlol Khan Dana who was a very learned person.He was also a freedom fighter and took active part in Indian freedom struggle along his younger brother Jang Bahadur Khan.Hanuman Sharma named them "kaptaan bandhaw" (captain brothers) in his book Nathwaton Ka Itihas, page 192 (7.)They were put behind the bars during Indian freedom struggle.

Family tree of nagad pathans is presented below.

#### Family heads of Nagad pathans of Chomu

Zinda peer Malik Dilawar Khan

Awdal Khan

Natthu Khan

Oliya Khan

Lankhar Khan

Lalkhijr Khan

Daulat Khan

Bhadar Khan

Fayyaroze Khan

Aladil Khan

Bahlol Khan

Sikandar Khan

Mehrab Khan had three sons

1.Darab Khan2.Bahlol Khan.3.Sahab Khan

**Darab Khan**

**Bahlol Khan had three sons**

**1.Sher Khan.2.Karam Khan3. Ikhtyar Khan.**

**Karam Khan**

**Umardaraz Khan had two sons**

**1.Bahlol Khan 2.Jang Bhadur Khan.**

**REFERENCES -**

**1.Taken from Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia, Naghar (Pashtun tribe)**

**2. Taken from Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia.Topic-Narhar.**

**3. Taken from Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia. Topic -Narhar.**

**4. Taken from Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia. Topic -Nathawat.**

**5. Nathawton Ka Itihas written by Hanuman Sharma.Published in 1937. Page 8.**

**6.Nathawton Ka Itihas written by Hanuman Sharma. Published in 1937. Page 192.**

**7. Nathawton Ka Itihas, Hanuman Sharma .Published in 1937.Page 192.**