LATEST DATES.			
New-York	July 17	London	June 4
Boston	July 18	Liverpool	June 4
Philadelphia	July 18	Paris	June 4
Washington	July 18	Havre	June 4
Baltimore	July 18	Bremen	June 4
Charleston	July 14	Rotterdam	June 4
Havana	July 14	Amsterdam	June 4
New-Orleans	July 10	Sagua Grande	June 28

NEW-ORLEANS MONEY MARKET.
CORRECTED DAILY.

Specie	5 @6	⅌ ct prem
Bank Notes	par@½ prem.	
S Western Notes	2 @2½	⅌ ct prem
Sovereigns	4 @4	
Spanish Doubloons	$17 @$17 37½	
Mexican do	$16 @$16 62½	
American Gold	1/2@	⅌ ct prem
Mississippi Money		

Nashez	39@37	⅌ ct discount
Do Branches	40@	do
Do 6 m post notes	39@38	do
Do 12 m do do	38@40	do
Union Bank—on demand	65@70	do
Do 12 m post notes	65@70	do
Grand Gulf	59@62	do
Mobile Warrants	50@60	do
Commercial R.R. Bank of Vicksburg	55@60	do
Do post notes	55@65	do
Bank of Vicksburg	60@70	do
Natchez Water-Works	55@70	do
Tombigby	90@95	do
Citizens' Bank, Madison county	No sale	do
Commercial Bank, Columbus	20@35	do
Rodney, post notes	30@35	do
Port Gibson do	60@65	do
West Feliciana do	25@35	do
Branches Bank do	35@37	do
Manchester do	15@25	do
Natchez Railroad	55@65	do
Mississippi Shipping Company	No sale	do
Real Estate Bonds Company	70@75	do
Aberdeen and Pontotoc	15@20	do
Alabama Specie-paying Banks	3@0	do
State Bank	5@0	do
Tennessee	1.50	do
Arkansas State Bank	30@35	do
Do Real Estate	34@40	do
Texas Treasury Notes	77@77½	do
Chasco and Port Hudson	60@70	do
Do do do payable at Cin. Bk N O. not redeemed.		
Bank of Pensacola	1@2	do. uncertain.
Illinois, Indiana, Ky and Missouri, par @ ½ prem.		
Union B. and Life & Trust, Florida		uncertain.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

SALES OF STOCKS.
NEW-YORK STOCK-EXCHANGE, JULY 16.

25 shares United States Bank			b 30 ds		71
100	do	do	do	cash	71
25	do	do	do	cash	71
50	do	do	do	15 ds	70
20	do	do	do	cash	70
25	do	do	do	15 days	70
75	do	do	do	3 days	70
75	do	do	do	15 days	70
25	do	do	do	3 ds	70
25	do	do	do	3 ds	70
50	do	New-Orls Canal and Banking Co			30

JULY 17.

125 shares United States Bank					70
50	do	do	do	b 60 days	70

NEW-YORK, July 15.—COTTON—Sales to the extent of 1,800 bales were made since Saturday; the market is rather dropping, and prices have a downward tendency. Nevertheless, Tennessee and Alabam are still quoted at 6½@6½; like Mobile and Louisiana at 9½@11c; Upland, ordinary to middling, 8½@9½; fair to good fair, 9@9½; and fine at 9½@10c ⅌ lb.

SUGAR—Muscovados are rather scarce, and holders firm at last week's prices; 94 hhds Cuba were sold at 5¼ for ordinary; 330 hhds Porto Rico, at 5 @5 7½; 2 hhds New-Orleans, at 5½@6c, a small lot of common do, at 5c.; 80 bxs white Havana at 10c.; 260 do. brown do. at 7@7½; and 200 brls Brazil, at 5c.—at most.

MOLASSES continues dull at former prices.

FLOUR—There has been a moderate demand for eastern marks and city use, which has tended to keep up the market firm, and in some instances an advance of 6½ ⅌ brl for Genesee has been obtained. Common brands are now held at $4 87½; Ohio, 4½ in round and flat hoops, is taken in small lots at $4 62½@4 75; southern is scarce; Georgetown in request, at $5.

JULY 17.—Flour droops. Ohio can only be quoted at $4 62½@4 75; and Genesee, $4 88—the latter nominal. Sales of Georgetown this morning at $5 25.

A second cargo of new wheat, 2,300 bushels, from North Carolina, has been sold at 70c.

CORN and RYE, 57@58c, steady.

COTTON—Very quiet.

BOSTON, July 14.—There have been no very important movements in the market to-day.

FLOUR continues firm at late advance—$4@$4½ for most kinds of Southern, and $4@$4½ for Genesee.

All kinds of Grain are scarce, with an improvement both in demand and in prices of most kinds.

Yellow flat Corn, 57@58c; and white 7@58c.

Northern Oats, 41@44; Southern do, 33@35c ⅌ bushel.

Rye, without much change.

Cotton, firm; and for choice selections an advance has been realized; say, Uplands, 11c; and New-Orleans, 12@12½c.

The market is rather steadier for most of the leading articles.

A fair demand prevails for good descriptions of green Coffee.

Prime box Sugars are in more active request, and one or two parcels have been sold as high as 8½ ⅌ ⅌.

There have been large arrivals of Cuba Molasses, and further considerable sales could be effected, if holders would accede to a slight reduction on the closing rates of last week.

Several parcels of Teas have changed hands for western markets—prices the same.

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

EXPORTS.

Havre—Per ship Wm Brown: 726 bales cotton, 340 hhds tobacco, 6000 staves.

Havan —Per ship Caravan: 1100 bales cotton.

New York.—Per ship Mary Francis: 370 hhds tobacco, 90 bales cotton.

New York.—Per brig Dante: 168 hhds tobacco, 190 bbls molasses, 1953 pigs lead, 25 bales cotton, 10 do moss.

New York.—Per brig I Frankim: 281 hhds sugar.

Boston—Per brig Neva: 13 hhds tobacco, 150 bbls flour, 126 bales cotton, 100 kegs shot, 2228 pigs lead, etc.

Boston—Per brig Neva: 756 bales cotton and 4000 pigs lead.

Boston—Per brig Ches er: 334 bales cotton, 26 hhds tobacco, 1075 pigs lead, 50 boxes candles.

Kingston—Per brig Judith & Esther: 664 bbls flour.

Key West—Per sch David Rogers: 700 bbls flour.

Mobile—Per sch Alexander: 75 bbls whiskey, 287 kegs lard, etc.

IMPORTS.

Liverpool—Per ship Orozimbo: 3000 fine brick, 2481 bars railroad iron, 1000 nails, bagging, hardware and mdse.

RECEIPTS FROM THE INTERIOR.

Per steamboat Corinthian from Cincinnati: 240 barrels whiskey, Mahard & Bro; 148 do Curtis & Buddenhoff; 46 Carrow, Jones & co; 27 bbls pork, 250 do flour, 10 kegs lard, Adams & Hartwell; 98 pkgs sundries, Layet & Amelung; 30 pcs bagging, Oakey, Payne & Hawkins; engine, &c, R E Fiernace; 6 bbls linseed oil, 20 hhds tobacco, A H Walkins & co; 4 hhds do Chambers & Thompson; 7 do Yeatman & co; 1 do Hills & Sunnett; 2 do J L Addison & co; 2 Price Johnson & co; 407 sks corn, L A Brooks; 1543 do Greene & Grumby; sundries Mrs A H Thompson, and owners on board.

Per steamboat Fern from St Louis—30 coils rope, Connolly & Elder; 2 bxs specie, 137 bbls pork, Bogert & Hawthorn; 1 keg specie, W B Kettle; 583 pigs lead, A Grant & co; 211 do A G H Wellington; 995 do E Matthews; 21 bbls potatoes, J Farrell; 300 sks bran, Cook & Barrett; 300 do corn, Price, Johnson & co; 137 do Myers & Miguard; 16 bales cotton, Keys & Roberts; 6 Kirkman, Abernethy & co; 2 do A T Gray; 30,000 staves, 15,000 hoops and poles, and sundries, owners on board.

Per steamboat Robert Fulton from Baton Rouge—50 bls cotton, Adams & Whitall, 6 M Caruthers; 18 M White & co; 8 Pollum, Belloeq & Degeins; 34 hhds sugar, A Rivardi and others; sundries owners on board.

Per st amboat Claiborne from Yazoo City—542 b cot on, J Sarget; 131 Ringold & Ferridays; 146 Reynolds, Byrne & co; 85 Oakey, Payne & Hawkins; 66 E Thompson & co; 85 M White & co; 45 Curtis & Wurts; 38 Fox & Goodrich; 20 Rick & co; 19 G Bergerol; 17 W Bogert & co; 16 G Groves; 16 Taylor, Gardner & co; 12 Lambeth & Thompson; 8 R McDowell & co; 6 Franklin & Gardenier; 5 Sam Wright; 2 Brandez, McKenna & Wright; 4 Nugent, Hopkins & co; 2 Caruthers & co; make E Hays; J Gordon, Glover & Brenham.

CONSIGNEES.

Per ship Orozimbo—Kennedy, Durel & co; Reynolds, Byrne & co; Labadie & Jacqueline; A & J Dennistoun & co; W Wilty; Gibson & Vice; Hagdorn & Cramer; Wm Foster; Armistead & Otto; E Forst; T Sloo; Holmes & Mills; H Hanse; Kennedy, Durel & co; and masters.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Wm. Brown, Harris, for Havre.
— Caravan, Nichols, for Havana, S. & J. P. Whitney.
— Mary Francis, Johnson, New York, O Green & Bro.
Brig Dante, Stoddard, for New York, S. & J. P. Whitney.
— Isaac Franklin, Smith, for New York, J. W. Lizardie & co.
— Vermont, Martin, for Boston, L. H. Gale.
— Nile, Kilham, for Boston, S. & J. P. Whitney.
Sch Cheer, Woodbury, for Boston, Stephen A Avery.
— Judith and Esther, Patem, for Kingston, Ja. L P Sage.
Sch David Rogers, Morgan, for Key West, Fa. D. Marston.
— Alexander, Bolter, for Mobile, Master.

ARRIVED.

Towboat Pilot, Davis, from N E Pass, with ship Orizimbe and sch Byron.

Ship Orizimbe, Marcy, from Liverpool, June 7, to Geo Lee.

Sch Byron, White, from Matamoras, July 19—ballast, to D Goldsmith.

Steamboat Claiborne, Barrett, from Yazoo City.

Steamboat Fern, Brodes, from St Louis.

Steamboat Robert Fulton, Hooper, from Baton Rouge.

Steamboat Corinthian, Brodes, from Cincinnati.

Steamboat Joe Brown, Strode, from DeSoucho.

MEMORANDA.

Barque Teresa Cabarrus, Lange, for Havre, French Ashby, O C Raymond, Lincoln, and sch Patriota and Henry have gone to sea.

In the River.

Ship Denmark, Frost, from Liverpool.

Ship Shaw, Chace, from Liverpool in the offing of N E pass.

COASTWISE PORTS.

Barque Asdario, Rogers, was to sail from Boston for this port, July 14.

At the quarantine at Charleston, July 21, brig Sadi, from New Orleans.

Sailed from Onstine, for this port, the Olinthus.

Arrived at N York, July 17, ship Crescent, Havre, 28th May.

Brig Neptune, 48 days from Bordeaux.

Cld at Boat Boston for this port, July 15, barque Alexis, Rogers.

Hence at Newburyport, June 13, the Columbia.

FOREIGN PORTS

July 19th, left at Matamoras sch Witchman, Murray, hence.

Up at Havana for this port, brig Ferrolan, Orozero; sch Merchant, Hernandez; sch Augusta Lord, Barnes, all to sail soon.

SPOKEN.

On 25th ult off the Tortugas, ship Hercules, of Liverpool, for Mobile. On the 29th May, ship Columbus, Collins, 30 days out from Mobile to Liverpool. Off Cape Florida, 14th June, ship Mason, from New Orleans for Glasgow. Ship Normandy, lat 28, lon 74, from NOrls for Liverpool, 12 days out. June 12th, lat 32, lon 69, ship Olive & Eliza, Marston, from NOrls, for Bordeaux.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamboat Corinthian, from Cincinnati—Messrs Rankin, Adams, Lapham, Ward, Mooney, Tolson, Sibleys, Lobdell and Bacon, Lefferts & lady, Sandford, Ferrier, Ferrier and family, Lefferts & lady, Sandford & lady, Mr Chamberlain, L F Maxent, Sanders, Robinson, Cobbs, Mr Chamberlain, Posey, Conner and others.

Per steamboat Claiborne, from Yazoo—Jas Sargent, H P Bennett, W Grover, Young, D C Dunlap, J Reaper, Jr Gibson, Mott, O Benwood, Merrill, Stockhlm, mrs E Hunter.

BACON SIDES—43 hhds superior quality, for sale by		
jy 27		ADAMS & HARTWELL & Co.
CHILDREN'S DRESSES for summer and fall, for sale by		
jy 27		MERSAULT, FRERES, 76 Bienville st.
PAPER—50 different qualities, for sale by		
jy 27		MERSAULT, FRERES, 76 Bienville st.
EXCHANGE ON LONDON, New-York and Havana		
jy 27		& GRONING & Co.
BAR LEAD—10 tons for sale, in store and for sale by		
jy 27		BOGERT & HAWTHORN, 63 Gravier st.
DRILLINGS—White and colored for export, for sale by		
jy 27		HAGEDORN & CRAMER, 50 Bienville st
FLANNELS—Red and white woolen, for sale cheap by		
jy 27		HAGEDORN & CRAMER, 50 Bienville st
NANKINS—With red handkerchief sale by		
jy 27		HAGEDORN & CRAMER, 50 Bienville st
PIPE cut tobacco—20 bbls in store and for sale by		
jy 27		J M CABALLERO, 28 Old Levee
KERSEYS for negroes		HAGEDORN & CRAMER,
jy 27		50 Bienville st

NEW-ORLEANS BEE

OFFICIAL STATE PAPER.

BY BULLITT, MAGNE & CO.
At No. 81 Chartres street.

DAILY PAPER, PUBLISHED DAILY, per annum, in advance, $12
WEEKLY PAPER, PUBLISHED TRI-WEEKLY, $10.

"The Bee is omnipotent, and Public Justice certain."

WHIG
NOMINATION FOR THE NATIONAL CONVENTION,
FOR PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM H. HARRISON,
OF OHIO.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
JOHN TYLER,
OF VIRGINIA.

FOR GOVERNOR
HENRY JOHNSON,
Subject to the decision of the Whig State Convention

LOUISIANA ELECTORAL TICKET.
1st District—WILLIAM DEBUYS, New Orleans.
2d do JOSEPH BERNARD, East Baton Rouge.
3d do LOUIFROY DARRAS, Lafourche.
4th do JACQUES DUPRE, St. Landry.
5th do SETH LEWIS, Rapides.

NEW-ORLEANS:
MONDAY MORNING, JULY 27, 1840.

"CHARGE, CHARGE UPON THE ENEMY."
Amos Kendall.

The ex-post-master general has issued his imperial rescript, and the sworn thralls of MARTIN VAN BUREN are already preparing for obedience. With them it is the subserviency of eastern despotism, "Pacha, to hear is to obey." AMOS, the Grand Vizier, gives his orders and the whole federal locofoco flock kiss the hem of his garment and respond "On our heads be it." The command has gone forth to keep up the falsehoods, to maintain and reiterate the calumnies, to bring forward forged affidavits, to adduce the testimony of poor, miserable, bribed wretches; to invent, misrepresent, garble, torture, fabricate and falsify, but not for a single instant to relax the assault.

"Do not pause to defend the administration" says AMOS. Of course not. The federal locofoco editors find it a mean easier, and as they believe, a more profitable business to attack General HARRISON, and keep his friends continually on the defensive. This they believe, may possibly defeat him. A series of assaults may break through the serried lines of republicanism. A shaft well directed may hit. A well told and firmly supported lie may detach some friends; and a series of black and remorseless slanders may gradually weken his cause. The offensive plan of operations is indubitably the most judicious.

There is another reason why the federal locofocos are unwilling to pause and defend their candidate.—*He is indefensible.* It is up hill work. Nothing can be gained by it—much may be lost. If the democratic republican presses are allowed to expose all the hollow devices, and abominable tenets of federal locofocoism, the party in power will be seriously injured. They are in jeopardy enough already, and can only be kept from absolute annihilation, by a succession of stunning assaults on Gen'l HARRISON, thus continually compelling his friends to act on the defensive.

Now, we say to the republican party, your cause is good, your champions are above fear and above reproach, your principles can only be assailed by misrepresentation. The cause of your antagonists is vile, selfish and indefensible—it has a thousand weak points—its champions are nine-tenths of them, old federalists, actuated by no nobler motive than a greedy desire to grasp or to keep the spoils. Their principles are most abhorrent to true republicanism. Their candidate has not one solitary redeeming virtue, amid the political vices and errors which have marked his career. Charge home upon him then. Not by falsehood, not by foul aspersion. We leave such weapons for the hands of which alone they are worthy. But hold him up in his true colors to the community.—Charge upon MARTIN VAN BUREN, his ancient abolitionism; charge upon him his vote to give negroes the right of suffrage; his instructions to the New-York senators to vote against Missouri; his own vote in the senate of the United States, to restrict slavery in Florida; his present lax and dubious notions on the subject; his opinion that congress has the power to abolish slavery in the District of Columbia; his project of a standing army of 200,000 men to overawe freemen and trample upon their liberties; charge upon him and his party, the arrogant usurpations; the vile system of corruption; the profligate expenditure; the mal-administration of every department of the government; the contempt of state rights, which have signalized his presidential term. Make the federal locofoco editors defend their candidate. Let them wash their blackamoor white.

We sincerely congratulate the whig party upon the reappearance of that stalwart champion of locofocoism—the *Great Western*. It has been resuscitated from the tomb, and reappears in all its wonted dignity and power. There is no mistake about it. It is precisely the same journal that did the whigs such infinite service during the late election campaign, by its absurd inventions and plain and palpable falsehoods. It may be at once recognized by certain distinguishing characteristics—by its profusion of words of portent set in staring capitals—by the terms *abolitionism* and *federalism*, which are beautifully sprinkled in every sentence, and by a certain thundering energy of language coupled with a conspicuous lack of thought. We trust it will continue in existence until November—as it helped to swell the whig majority in this city to more than eleven hundred, it will no doubt increase it to fifteen hundred by November.

Who can doubt the benefit which this noble scion of federal locofocoism must confer upon the whigs, when we cite two passages taken at random from its columns, which would not disgrace the reputation of the Sicilian whose mendacious powers have grown into a proverb:

"How stands General Harrison on this point? Would he veto any bill abolishing slavery in this District? HE HAS PLEDGED THE ABOLITIONISTS HE WILL NOT. For proof of this, in his late speech at Fort Meigs, he declared that he would "APPROVE ALL THE LAWS *which might pass both houses of congress.*"

We need not tell our readers that there is not a syllable of truth in the foregoing extract. Now for another.

ADOPTED COUNTRYMEN,

IRISHMEN GERMANS, AND OTHERS, LOOK TO IT.—Gen. Harrison declares that he "cares nothing for the opinions of those who comes two thousand miles across the water!"

The *Great Western* is not entitled to the credit of this fabrication. It has only the secondary merit of a copyist. It has borrowed it from the fertile mind of KENDALL'S *Globe*. But it repeats it with a cool complaisancey worthy of the great school where it imbibes its political tactics. Go ahead, *Great Western!*

MR. CLAY'S SPEECH.

Our readers will find this masterly effort on the outside page. We have republished it in consequence of some errors which occurred in its first publication.

Mr. LAWRENCE MILLER, aged 99 years, a patriot of the Revolution, died in the parish of St. Helena, on the 4th July.

[FROM OUR WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENT.]
Washington, 16th July, 1840.

FROM TEXAS.

The Senate have spent as much time in legislating against the banks of this devoted district of Columbia, as would have sufficed to prepare and mature the details of a bank for the whole union.

By the proceedings and votes of last night, the bill was, after a sitting of ten hours, brought exactly to the condition in which it came originally from the house, namely, continuing the corporate existence of the banks for two years, and giving them for that time all banking powers, on condition that they should resume specie payments within 90 days. Having got it into this shape, the federal locofocos began forthwith to make it as bad as possible by a new set of "*amendments*." And after spending several hours more in the discussion, they finally arranged it, so as to require the banks to resume at once, and continue specie payments, except for deposites in funds of less value than specie; but providing that any bank which shall resume within sixty days after the passage of the bill, might enjoy the benefits of it, as if such bank had resumed immediately; but no bank shall exercise banking powers while in a state of suspension. The bill to continue in operation one year—the names of all the stockholders to be published semi-annually—the stockholders, as well as the president and directors, to be made individually liable, each to the amount of his capital stock, for all the debts and obligations of the banks. These propositions being all agreed to separately, the vote was then taken on the passage of the bill, and decided in the negative. So the bill was REJECTED! Ay's and Nays, 20.

Mr. Preston moved to [illegible] Irène, dont les principes [illegible] raillerie sur le chapitre de [illegible] faire accepter à la rigide de[illegible] ing ans? Que répondre au [illegible]

The House of Re[illegible] Comment apaiser l'indi[illegible] engaged on the arm[illegible] Heureusement le baron [illegible] under debate being [illegible] s'effrayer d'une difficulté; il [illegible] Mr. John Quin[illegible] la question; il présenta la chose [illegible] to-day with nec[illegible] ne œuvre; il dit que l'honneur ne souf[illegible] que le mariage réparait tout. Bref, il [illegible] administration [illegible] et au bout d'une [illegible] against the F[illegible] de Montcarbe [illegible] An attem[illegible] présenta son fils [illegible] as amen[illegible] cide. Le soir m[illegible] ils trouva charmant. [illegible] Maintenant, dit le baron [illegible] pendant que [illegible] remporté les formalités [illegible] à ma paternité, [illegible] ne perdes pas de temps, allez votre M. Fugue-

Gen. Binns's evidence in regard to Gen. Harrison's federalism is worthless, because this same man took the stump four years ago, and was then foremost in defending HARRISON from all the charges now levelled against him. Of Mr. FOWLER we know nothing, and shall say nothing. But if Judge BURNETT we know much. We know him to be the soul of truth and honor.—The old companion and friend of HARRISON—for forty years his intimate associate. He has solemnly affirmed that Gen. HARRISON, so far from ever wearing the black cockade, was conspicuous as a Jeffersonian democrat; that he (BURNETT) was an honest federalist; and that many a time and oft, the two friends have argued warmly together on their political distinctions. Which is most worthy of credence, fellow-citizens? *Mister* John Fowler, whom not one man in ten thousand has ever heard of, or General HARRISON himself, backed by Judge BURNETT, whom every one in western history knows, who is identified with HARRISON with the west, and who, for nearly half a century, has been the constant friend and associate of the venerable sage of North Bend.

Immediately after the passage of the Sub-Treasury bill, the secretary of the treasury issued a million of Treasury notes, bearing 5½ per cent. interest. This is a striking commentary upon the *hard-money* system.—*Richmond Whig.*

The *Emancipator*, an abolition paper of the first water, thus delicately insinuates its approbation of Van's inability to find any objection in negroes testifying against officers of the navy.

"A *late* occurrence shows that even our *federal government* is not quite so far gone in disregard of humanity and justice, as the governments of the Methodist E. Church."

MARYLAND.—A great whig convention was held at Easton, on the eastern shore of Maryland on the 8th inst. The delegation from Baltimore alone consisted of one thousand. The Hon. JAMES A. PEARCE of Kent Co., was appointed president, assisted by eight vice-presidents. Powerful speeches were delivered by Messrs. CHITTENDEN, GRAVES, KING, JENIFER, BOWIE, and REVERDY JOHNSON. The convention adjourned full of hope and determination.

AN IMPORTANT MOVE.—It is stated in a letter to Washington Mr. NORWELL, one of the senators from Michigan, intends to propose that congress assemble in October next, *either to increase the tariff, or to impose direct taxes.*

MAINE.—A correspondent at Eastport requests the Boston Courier to "chalk down among the anticipated political changes of the next autumn, a member of congress from the district of Hancock and Washington."

JAMES FOX, a hero of the revolution, died in Philadelphia, on the 14th, aged 84 years. He served under General Washington 14 months, and was a prisoner in Dartmouth prison near three years.

A number of respectable gentlemen of Oswego county, N. Y., have testified to the thefts and rascality practised in the post office of a village in that county, by which a number of subscribers to the *Madisonian*, and other whig journals, have been defrauded out of the papers sent to them. Will NILES discharge the delinquent? No!

Seats for the Baltimore Theatre on the nights when FANNY ELSLER is to appear, were sold for $2 25, being an advance of $1 25 over the regular prices.

A lady residing in Deane street N. York is reported by one of the deputy marshals who is taking the census to be 119 years 5 months old.

The town of Alexandria and its neighborhood are quite sickly. The ague and bilious favors are very prevalent.

Mr. NAYLOR, the legally elected member from the third district in Pennsylvania, whom C. J. INGERSOLL tried to oust, has been declared by the committee duly elected.

Neither the *British Queen* nor the *Britannia* had arrived by the latest accounts from New York and Boston.

The weather has been excessively hot in New York.

☞ The banks of Charleston resumed specie payments on the 20th.

There are 196 idiots, 505 lunatics in New-Jersey.

NEAPOLEONCOUN contains 10 572 inhabitants.

NEW YORK, July 16.

LATE FROM AFRICA.

Captain Potter, of the Gazette, which arrived at Salem on the 12th, from the River Gambia, states that the trouble at Numes, which has heretofore been reported, has not yet ceased, and vessels are not permitted to enter the river.

A slight difficulty occurred at Gambia between some of the natives and the English, which was not ended when Capt. P. left. The difficulty originated by a native from a neighboring island came into the settlement and got drunk; while in that state some of them insulted a British officer, and after some further difficulties a file of soldiers fired on the natives and one of the princes was killed.

In Senate of the United States.
July 13, 1840.

Mr. Davis, from the committee of commerce, reported the following bill; which was read, and passed to a second reading.

"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any pilot duly authorized by the laws of any state, situated upon navigable waters of the United States, whose channels leading to and from such state, are also the common pilotage ground of any other state or states, may, if there be a port of entry upon such waters within the state from which he derives his authority, conduct vessels to and from sea along such common channels and pilotage ground to any port within such state; Provided, It is lawful for them to enter, whether within the state from which he derives his authority, or within any other state."

A CHANCE FOR THE ENQUIRER TO BACK ITS JUDGMENT.

The last Madisonian contains the following proposition for the consideration of Mr. Ritchie:

"The Richmond Enquirer is still playing at the game of brag, and talks of N. w York as *certain* for Van Buren. Poor old man! How cruelly are you duped, if you believe what you say! We speak by book, when we affirm that there is no State more certain for Harrison than New York. But if the Enquirer *knows* differently, and is willing to back its faith, we think we can give him an opportunity.—Will it take a bet of $500 on our side to $100 on his, that the State of New York will not vote for Martin Van Buren?"

Messrs. Editors.—On reading an article in your journal of Saturday, I began to reflect on the signification of the names of certain distinguished individuals of the present day. The first name which engaged my thoughts was that of PRESTON, and the inference was, that it might be construed as signifying a *press*, equal in power to a *ten's* weight. That settled, I propounded to myself this question: If the whole power of *such* a press should be applied to a piece of *Alabama* CLAY, would not the latter look *flat* after it had been subjected to the severe operation?

THORNE.

[FROM OUR WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENT.]
Washington, 16th July, 1840.

The Senate have spent as much time in legislating against the banks of this devoted district of Columbia, as would have sufficed to prepare and mature the details of a bank for the whole union.

By the proceedings and votes of last night, the bill was, after a sitting of ten hours, brought exactly to the condition in which it came originally from the house, namely, continuing the corporate existence of the banks for two years, and giving them for that time all banking powers, on condition that they should resume specie payments within 90 days. Having got it into this shape, the federal locofocos began forthwith to make it as bad as possible by a new set of "*amendments*." And after spending several hours more in the discussion, they finally arranged it, so as to require the banks to resume at once, and continue specie payments, except for deposites in funds of less value than specie; but providing that any bank which shall resume within sixty days after the passage of the bill, might enjoy the benefits of it, as if such bank had resumed immediately; but no bank shall exercise banking powers while in a state of suspension. The bill to continue in operation one year—the names of all the stockholders to be published semi-annually—the stockholders, as well as the president and directors, to be made individually liable, each to the amount of his capital stock, for all the debts and obligations of the banks. These propositions being all agreed to separately, the vote was then taken on the passage of the bill, and decided in the negative. So the bill was REJECTED! Ay's and Nays, 20.

Mr. Preston moved to [illegible] Irène, dont les principes [illegible] raillerie sur le chapitre de [illegible] faire accepter à la rigide de[illegible] ing ans? Que répondre au [illegible]

The House of Re[illegible] Comment apaiser l'indi[illegible] engaged on the arm[illegible] Heureusement le baron [illegible] under debate being [illegible] s'effrayer d'une difficulté; il [illegible] Mr. John Quin[illegible] la question; il présenta la chose [illegible] to-day with nec[illegible] ne œuvre; il dit que l'honneur ne souf[illegible] que le mariage réparait tout. Bref, il [illegible] administration [illegible] et au bout d'une [illegible] against the F[illegible] de Montcarbe [illegible] An attem[illegible] présenta son fils [illegible] as amen[illegible] cide. Le soir m[illegible] ils trouva charmant. [illegible] Maintenant, dit le baron [illegible] pendant que [illegible] remporté les formalités [illegible] à ma paternité, [illegible] ne perdes pas de temps, allez votre M. Fugue-

[illegible] Bulletin please copy. [illegible]

RECORDER'S OFFICE of Births and Deaths removed to St Anne street, No 65, open from 9 a m, till 3 p m. It is ordered by law that the birth of every free child, and the death of every free person in the parish of New-Orleans, must be declared in this office within thirty days; and as many of our citizens have not yet complied with this important act, I therefore inform the public, that every offence against this provision shall be fined in the lawful sum of ten dollars, and the costs of the prosecution.

New Orleans, 20th July, 1840.

VINCENT RAMOS, Recorder.

CITY COURT—Michael Monday vs. Sanford Watts.—By virtue of a writ of *fieri facias* to me directed by the Hon. Wm. Grivot, associate judge of the City Court of New-Orleans, I shall expose at public sale, on the 6th of August, 1840, at noon, opposite the City Exchange, St. Louis street, between Chartres and Royal streets,

One mule. Seized to satisfy the judgment rendered in the above case.

Terms cash.

CHS. CLAIBORNE,
jy 27 Marshal.

$100 REWARD will be given for the apprehension and delivery of my slave ALFRED, who absconded about the 1st of April. Said boy is of fair complexion, auburn hair, is knockneed, and has two of his fingers on the left hand contracted, and stammers when spoken to. He is well known in this city, having been a hack driver for several years. I have reason to believe he is now in the city, and has changed his name to ANDREWS & BRO.
50, rue du Camp.

TOILE DE DUNDEE [illegible]
jy 27

HUILE DE LIN—50 barils huile de lin pure en magasin et à vendre par
jy 27 Encolgnare Commune et Tchoupitoulas

VERRES DE VITRE—300 caisses de Masterford et de Baltimore à vendre par JARVIS & ANDREWS,
jy 27 Etc. Commune et Tchoupitoulas

HUILE DE SPERM pure et blanche—14 barriques à vendre par JARVIS & ANDREWS,
jy 27 Etc. Commune et Tchoupitoulas

LARD—45 barriques jambons et épaules, à vendre par BOGERT & HAWTHORN, 63, rue Gravier
jy 27

POIVRE—250 sacs poivre noir à vendre par BOGERT & HAWTHORN, 63, rue Gravier
jy 27

PORC—340 barils porc prime mess, à l'inspection de Boeuf à vendre par BOGERT & HAWTHORN, 63, rue Gravier
jy 27

PLOMB—19 barillets plomb en saumon, à vendre par BOGERT & HAWTHORN, 63, rue Gravier
jy 27

LOST—A note of hand drawn by James Davaran, for the sum of eight hundred and five dollars and fifty cents, payable to the order of the undersigned, payable on demand, the payment of said note having been stopped, the public are cautioned against trading for the same. JAS. WELSCH.
192-2ms-law

Messrs. Editors.—Seeing an advertisement in your paper of a note drawn by James Davaran, for the sum of eight hundred and five dollars and fifty cents, and lost by a certain James Welsch, I the undersigned, wish to state that I am not the person alluded to, as I know nothing of the parties. JAMES WALSH,
jy27-3t Of the saw mill of Lafayette.

DAGUERREOTYPE—The subscriber has the honor to inform those who have taken the view which runs parallel to Bienville street, that he will make an experiment at his residence on Sunday next, 2d August. The drawing will be framed and given to the sitter free of charge.
THEODORE, Hair Dresser, Parisian House.
160 Chartres st, opposite the Orleans Hotel.
N. B.—A few views remain for sale. jy27

A TEACHER from one of the colleges of France, who has professed during several years in a college in England, and who can spare a few hours a day would be willing to give lessons in town in French, English, Latin, geography, history and mathematics.
Apply by letter at box 992, Post Office. jy27-4t

DOCTOR L. E. DUPRE, member of the medical faculty of Paris, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has removed to No. 244 Royal street, between Ursulines and Hospital streets. Ten years of residence in the town of Vera Cruz, and having made a constant study of the proper treatment to be followed as to the cure of yellow fever, it enables him to offer, in full confidence, his experience and care for that disease. Hours of consultation from one to three, past morning.
jy27

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jy 27

HEAD QUARTERS, July 24, 1840.

IN conformity with the laws of the state, the militia will be inspected by the adjutant and inspector general, the following order:

The 1st Regiment, in the parishes of St Tammany and Washington, on Thursday the 3d of September next, at a place to be fixed by the colonel.

The 12th Regiment, in the parish of St Helena, on Saturday, September 5, at Greenshurg.

The 51st Regiment, in East Feliciana, on Monday, September 7, at Clinton.

The 19th Regiment, in West Feliciana, on Tuesday, September 8, at Sterling's Old Fields.

The 8th Regiment, in Pointe Coupee, on Wednesday, September 9, at the parish court house.

The 11th Regiment, in East Baton Rouge, on Friday, September 11, in Baton Rouge.

The 8th Regiment, in West Baton Rouge and Iberville, on Saturday, September 12, at Plaquemine.

The 23d Regiment, in Lafourche Interior and Terrebonne, on Tuesday, September 15, at Thibodeauville.

The 7th Regiment, in the parish of Assumption, on Wednesday, September 16, at Napoleonville.

The 6th Regiment, in the parishes of Ascension and St James; the Right Wing on Thursday, September 17, at Donaldsonville; and the Left Wing on Friday the 18th, near the court house in the parish of St James.

The 5th Regiment, in the parishes of St John the Baptist and St Charles, on Satur