The New-Orleans Bee

NEW SERIES. No. 3520.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF GENERAL COUNCIL AND FIRST MUNICIPALITY.——NEW-ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 6, 1848.

MAGEE & WEISE, PROPRIETORS. No. 63 Chartres, and 13 Camp street.

[illegible] DAILY BEE. [illegible]

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[illegible] New-Orleans Daily Bee

FOR PRESIDENT,

ZACHARY TAYLOR,

OF LOUISIANA.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

MILLARD FILLMORE,

OF NEW-YORK.

[illegible] Congressional.

[illegible]

EUROPE.

The Britannia's News.

Yesterday's mail brought full details of the advices by the *Britannia*. They are in several respects different from the accounts received by telegraph. The *Britannia* arrived at Jersey City on the morning of the 26th ult.

Trade has been slightly depressed during the last week, owing to the renewal of political agitation both in England and Ireland, and a less favorable tendency of the continental advices. The produce markets have been buoyant. Holders are rather anxious to realize; and prices have, consequently, a declining tendency.

There is also a further decline in the value of cotton, and the sales are limited.

The general aspect of commercial affairs on the continent continues dull and unsatisfactory; but in some respects a slight improvement is perceptible.

There is a further increase in the supply of money, and the rate of interest yet tends downward.

The state of trade in the manufacturing districts wears a discouraging aspect.

The Chartist agitation in England, and the tenor of the advices from the continent, are acting injuriously in the demand for goods or yarns at Manchester.

The English securities have been firm during the week past. The market in the past two days shows a rise of about half per cent. The directors of the Bank of England, without giving any public notice, have commenced to make advances upon bills of exchange and other approved securities, at the rate of three per cent per annum, until the payment of the July dividends—whilst they have made no change in their nominal rate of discount, which is four per cent, as the private bankers and leading brokers have for some time past discounted at 3 a 3 1-2 per cent.

The foreign market has been very inactive during the week, and prices, consequently, stationary.

FRANCE.—With the exception of engagements which have taken place between the Italians and Austrians during the week, and the surrender of some Danish soldiers to the Prussian army, affairs generally look somewhat quieter. France is, however, still the theatre of considerable confusion. A report was spread in the course of the sittings of the National Assembly, on the 8th inst., that the police were in search of a high personage arrived in the morning at Paris by diligence from London. From information, believed to be correct, this personage has been arrested—the personage here alluded to is Prince de Joinville, Prince Louis Napoleon is understood to be in for Paris. He will probably obtain three returns besides that of the capital. The Government, of course, will not dare to molest him.

The European Times states that the resignations of Lamartine and Ledru Rollin were openly talked of in Paris, and suspicions are expressed that Lamartine was a party to the movement of 15th May. Causidiere, late Prefect of Police, charges Lamartine with having supplied arms to Sobrier, which enabled him to get up the conspiracy. Lamartine's friends allege that this arm was by making a popular demonstration, to avoid a collision in the streets of Paris. M. Thiers is reported as not unlikely to supplant Lamartine in authority.

The returns for the eleven vacancies in the deputation of Paris were proclaimed on the 9th at the Hotel de Ville. The following is the list of the successful candidates: Caussidiere, Moreau, Goudchaux, Changarnier, Thier Pierre Leroux, Victor Hugo, Louis Bonaparte, La Grange, Boissel, and Proudhon. After a stormy debate in the National Assembly, a decree for preventing tumultuous assemblies in the streets was carried by 478 against 82. Several additional regiments are expected immediately in Paris. Paris was tranquil, but the troops of men assembled at the Porte St. Dennis and the Porte St. Martin, having become more numerous on Monday than heretofore, a strong detachment of troops of the line was despatched to disperse them; as they refused to retire after having been three times summoned to do so, the soldiers charged with fixed bayonets. A number of persons were arrested, but afterwards set at liberty.

THE CONSTITUTION OF FRANCE.—The Presse states that the Commission on the Constitution has decided on the following important points: The political Constitution of France shall be a democratic republic, one and indivisible. This proposition was adopted unanimously. The project of the Constitution is to be preceded by a declaration admitting, besides the rights already enjoyed by the people, those of gratuitous education, employment and assistance. Great alarm is excited by the approaching monster banquet, to be held on Monday under the walls of the forteresses of Vincennes.

The subscription has been raised to ten sous a head. The party who have organized it, announces that there are already 100,000 subscribers. Latest accounts state that the banquet has been postponed.

A report was spread in the course of the sitting of the National Assembly, on the 8th instant, that the police were in search of a high personage arrived in the morning at Paris by diligence from London. "We think it right," says the *Commerce*, "to abstain from mentioning the names which were circulated with this news; but from information which we have reason to believe is correct, we can allow ourselves to go as far as to announce that this personage has been arrested." The personage here alluded to is the Prince de Joinville.

The *Akbar*, of Algiers, announces that M. Thiers has consented to become a candidate for the representation of Algeria, in the room of M. Ledru Rollin, who made his option to sit in the National Assembly for the department of the Seine. M. Thiers has been elected for Rouen and Bordeaux.

Lyons was again disturbed on the 31st ult.—The *Salut Public* contains the following details:—

"At the moment of putting to press, we learn that 'disturbances, happily not serious, have again taken place here. The workmen of the national workshops of Perrache assisted on three cases of arms coming from Saint Etienne, and refused to deliver them up. The authorities at once resolved to act; the dragoons were ordered out, and some arrests were effected. The workmen at the other side of the Rhone, opposite St. Perrache, being warned by a signal of what was going on, set out to come to aid their comrades, but a demonstration on the part of the dragoons sufficed to keep them back.—Work has been abandoned by the different yards. P. S. The workmen of the Hippodrome have just been surrounded by the dragoons and troops of the line, and the authorities are proceeding to disarm them. Hitherto there has been no resistance, and all leads to hope there will be no collision to deplore."

It appears from information received, that there are at this moment 17,000 men in the national workshops of Lyons; and in addition from 11,000 to 12,000 others inscribed to be admitted.

The laborers on the Rosen railway have demanded the expulsion, of some Englishmen yet employed on their line. The directors of all the railroad companies met at Paris, and unanimously resolved not to accede to their unreasonable demands.

Further disturbances have occurred at Limoges, in consequence of the authorities having determined to close a club. The operatives endeavoring to rebuild, and it became necessary to march a large force against them. A collision ensued, and some persons were killed and others wounded. The operatives then assembled, withdrew from the town and encamped at three leagues from Limoges, near the country house belonging to M. Muret de Bord. They propose, it is said, to solicit the aid of the neighboring peasants, and to march against Limoges.

The French steamer St. Denis, arrived at Havre on Sunday, from the Brazils, bringing the sum of 6,000 francs, subscribed in favor of the wounded of February, by the inhabitants of New York.

A telegraphic despatch announces a legitimist insurrection at Perpignan, in favor of Henry V.

The expenses of the national workshops since their erection on the 6th of March to the day on which M. Emile Thomas was removed from their direction—eighty one days—amounted to the sum of 7,240,000 f. (£289,600.)

IRELAND.—The Repeal Association and Irish Confederation have, at last, interrupted. A new society has been composed of the members of both of these bodies is to be formed. It is to assume the style and title of the Irish League. It is to be managed by a committee chosen from the members of both of the societies, who, whether the question of repeal be constitutional, means alone. Doubts are entertained by many whether such materials as the proposed league will contain, can work harmoniously together for any length of time. The Government has not yet made any move to re-indict Mr. Smith O'Brien and Mr. Meagher. Sympathy for Mr. Mitchell and her children is still expressed, and the funds collecting in their behalf are daily increasing. The Irish Confederation have issued a new, strong, and to say the truth, disaffected, address to the people of Ireland. The following is among the more important passages. The address is signed Mr. Smith O'Brien.

"We will not conceal from the government, that nothing but the most strenuous exertions of our council prevented the outbreak of an insurrection last week. Thousands of brave men had resolved that John Mitchell should not leave the Irish shores, except across their dead bodies. We do not merge in general from you that the recent indignities offered to the Irish nation have greatly tended to estrange from our cause the hope which we have hitherto denied in vain, that the question at issue between England and Ireland, without recourse to arms, might be peacefully settled. Our people are still unarmed, and we trust that they will abstain from arming, for at that period when armed insurrection will become a sacred obligation, enforced by the extreme wisdom of public duty. We consider it our immediate duty of adjuring you to do your part in the defence of your fellow countrymen, by the force which you bear your country and your kind, by your attachment to your Saviour, by your regard for your children's weal, by your shrine for honorable fame—let us, therefore, with fervor the expression of your determination, to a large plate calmly and firmly the decision of a great struggle, and prepare for that struggle by forbidding ourselves with all such resources as may enable you to command success."

The sale of Mr. Mitchell's furniture, took place on the 6th inst., and attracted an immense attendance; and many persons came from forty to fifty miles in order to purchase some relics; and the furniture sold at extreme high prices, especially the small articles, such as books, china, glass, &c. The books with Mr. Mitchell's autograph, brought in many instances one hundred times their original cost. The pike and two swords, which cost but a few shillings each, sold at a guinea each.

The conviction of Mitchell has not quelled the strong spirit of disaffection which prevails in Ireland. The excitement created by his trial, sentence and deportation, has been seized upon and converted into a fresh engine of agitation.

On the 3d inst., a manifesto was issued by the council of the Irish Confederation to the Irish people, signed by Mr. Wm. S. O'Brien, couched in terms no less defiant of the law than the effusions of Mr. Mitchell.

MR. MITCHELL.—With respect to the treatment Mr. Mitchell has received at the hands of the authorities, subsequent to his departure from Dublin, it is stated that he expressed his gratitude for the consideration with which his case has been met. Upon his arrival at Spike Island he was informed by the governor that he had permission to communicate with his wife, and to receive letters in return, the only condition being that neither party was to make the slightest reference in the course of the correspondence to events of a political nature; and, for the fulfilment of this compact, the authorities contented themselves with Mr. Mitchell's pledge, that the indulgence thus accorded would not be abused, and that the terms should be adhered to.

He has not been compelled to wear the convict dress, neither has his hair been cut, nor is he subjected to the degradation of having for his companions any of the other criminals undergoing their sentence in the same prison. It is added that the extreme delicacy of Mr. Mitchell's health is a sufficient cause for the difference that has been made in his favor.

SPAIN.—DEPARTURE OF THE BRITISH MINISTER.—The authorities of Cadiz have compelled all the British residents to furnish security for their conduct. Arrests are daily taking place in Madrid.

AUSTRIA.—We have accounts from Vienna to the 24 inst. The conduct of the emperor is considered by the Viennese as most extraordinary. A deputation of ladies, to present a petition requesting his Majesty to return to his capital, had been met with marked displeasure at Innsruck. The emperor took the petition from the ladies, and without saying a word, turned on his heel and walked away. The city was quiet, but distrust continued to prevail between the people and the nobility. Many of the latter body were leaving upon the court, or to return to Hadenzer Ischel. Nearly all the foreign ambassadors were at Dublinz, in the vicinity of Vienna. The Spanish, Sardinian, Syria and Pakeles, had left the city. A general wish was felt that the Emperor might soon return.

ITALY.—Advices from Turin to the 1st have brought the important intelligence that Peschiera had surrendered, and was in the hands of the troops of Charles Albert, and that an engagement had taken place at the same moment at Goito, between 30,000 Austrians, who had marched from Verona, and 15,000 Piedmontese, the result of which was that the former were completely routed, and being pursued by the cavalry when flying in confusion, a great portion were cut to pieces. The King and the Duke of Savoy were personally engaged in this combat, the former received a slight contusion of the ear from a cannon ball that passed near him; and the latter was slightly wounded by a musket ball, not sufficient, however, to induce him to dismount, or retire from the field.

By Telegraph.

Our latest advices are contained in a third edition of the *European Times* of the 26th, received by telegraph from London, as follows:—

"The *Morning Herald* of this day (June 26) announces that it had received an express from Alexandria via Marseilles, stating that the Sikhs had defeated the two commanders, and massacred all the British troops at Lahore.

"Letters from Vienna say that hopes are entertained of the Emperor's return. The liberal programme of the Foreign Minister had met with the Emperor's approval.

"Farther accounts say that the Austrian General Radetsky had succeeded in reaching the rear of the Sardinian army and forcing it to retreat.

"Paris letters of last Friday night say that the city was in a great state of excitement. The house of M. Thiers had been attacked, but the mob was repulsed by the military, without any serious collision taking place."

The Navigation Laws.

The debate on the Navigation laws was resumed last night in the House of Commons. The chief speaker was Lord George Bentinck, who delivered a long speech against the resolutions. The House, consisting of 471 members, divided at an early hour this morning, when there appeared—

For the resolutions,	294
Against,	177
Majority for Ministers,	117

The House, after the division, adjourned for the Whitsun holidays.

City Intelligence.

FOURTH OF JULY.—The glorious Anniversary of our National Independence, was celebrated this year with more than the accustomed splendor. The military had turned out in full numbers, and the Louisiana Volunteers, recently returned from Mexico, were conspicuous. They were commanded by the brave Col. De Russy, Gen. Taylor followed the procession in an open carriage. It was observed that the Waifs manifested cheering the Old Thunderer, and took care to subdue their enthusiasm, in order to preserve to the national celebration its true character.

PRESENTATION OF A SWORD TO LEON BEAUREGARD.—A great portion of the inhabitants of the parishes of St. Bernard and Plaquemines assembled last Monday at Proctorville, on the shores of Lake Borgne, to present a sword to Lieut. G. T. Beauregard.

The Hon. Pierre Soulé, and the Hon. Charles Gayarre, Secretary of State, were present on the occasion. A goodly number of ladies graced the attendance. At noon a band of musicians struck some of our national airs, and the young officer was formally introduced to those friends who had come to compliment him upon his safe arrival in Louisiana.

Mr. CHARLES BIENVENU, a member of our State Legislature, addressed Mr. Beauregard on behalf of the inhabitants of St. Bernard and Plaquemines. A young lady then came forward and handed to the Lieutenant a sword, on which was engraved, the following words: "Presented by the inhabitants of the parishes of St. Bernard and Plaquemines, to Lieutenant G. T. Beauregard, U. S. Corps of Engineers, for his bravery and efficiency exhibited in the various battles from Vera Cruz to the city of Mexico—1848."

A Mr. Bernard answered in very appropriate terms, both to the fair damsel and to his friends in general. Mr. Soule and Capt. Grayson addressed in turn the young Lieut. Several patriotic toasts were drunk, and by six o'clock, P. M., the lunch being over, the guests separated and went back to their respective homes.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—Joseph Bordeaux, charged with having committed an assault and battery upon the person of Edward Hickey, the collector on drays and carts for the Third Municipality, was yesterday put upon his trial, and found guilty.

COUNCIL OF MUNICIPALITY NO. TWO.—The Council met last evening for the transaction of the weekly business. Recorder Baldwin in the chair.

The weekly Treasurer's report was read as follows:

By balance at last report,	$181 01
Amount received since,	57,324 81
Total,	$57,505 86
Disbursed during the week,	55,919 00
Balance on hand,	$1,586 76

A communication from the Treasurer was received, informing the Council that he had deposited in the Bank of Louisiana, $2,797 16c., amount received since the month of June, being one-quarter of the revenue arising from Levee dues.

A letter was received from Samuel Fagan, the contractor for repairing and keeping in good order the streets and sidewalks in the First district, informing the Council that the contract had expired since the 1st instant, and proposing to renew it at the same conditions. On motion of Mr. Renshaw, the Recorder was authorized to renew the contract of Mr. Fagan.

A petition signed from several inhabitants residing in the neighborhood of Jacob street, relative to the opening of the street, was referred to the committee on streets and landings.

A petition was received from several citizens against the erection of a shed on the neutral ground for the use of the new Commissioner. Referred the committee on streets and landings.

A petition was read, relative to the keeping of Cows within a portion of the Municipality. Alderman Golding presented a resolution granting the prayer of the petitioner. It was laid over at the suggestion of Alderman Landis.

Alderman Peters, from the finance committee, reported a resolution directing the Treasurer to pay sundry bills. Adopted.

Alderman Renshaw, from the committee on streets and landings, reported in favor of accepting the proposals of George D. Quirk, for furnishing timber, during the present year, for the construction of the wharves; also, in favor of the proposal of Fergus Gardere, for the delivery of all the cypress planks which might be necessary, during the present year, for the construction or repairs of the wharves. Said report was adopted.

Alderman Smith presented a resolution authorizing the Surveyor to erect two bathing sheds, at some convenient place on the Levee, for the use of the Citizens of this Municipality, provided the cost do not exceed $300. After some discussion, the matter was referred to the police committee.

Mr. Golding presented a resolution granting permission for three months to Recorder Baldwin (and that the members composing the police committee be authorized to fulfill the duties of the Recorder in succession for one week each. This resolution was unanimously adopted. The Council then adjourned until next Tuesday.

FINES.—H. O. Barringer, for disturbing the peace at the Olympic Theatre, and Jos. Lego for firing a pistol in the streets, were both fined $10 each by Recorder Baldwin.

SELLING MILCH WITH FALSE MEASURES.—J. Durand was yesterday brought up before Recorder Genois, charged by the Inspector of Weights and Measures of the First Municipality, with selling milch with false measures; and also with assaulting the Inspector, in the discharge of his official duty. The accused was bound over in the sum of $500, for his appearance before the First District Court.

SWINDLING.—Capt. C. Nero, charged with swindling four different persons out of about $50, was yesterday brought up before Recorder Baldwin for examination. He was committed for trial before the First District Court.

MURDER.—On Tuesday last the Coroner held an inquest upon the body of Sebastian Neto, a Spaniard by birth, who was murdered last Monday on Old Levee street, between Hospital and Ursuline streets. He received three wounds on the left side with a dirk. "The jury rendered a verdict accordingly. Ramon Flores was soon arrested by officers Grillier and Fabiani, of the First Municipality police, charged with having committed the above murder. Lieut. Schnaydre reported that he found in the premises of the accused a pair of pantaloons stained with blood and also a pair of a scapular. The prisoner will be examined shortly before Recorder Genois.

BODY OF YOUNG BACAS, RECOVERED.—The Coroner held an inquest on Tuesday afternoon last upon the body of young Bacas, who was accidentally drowned on Sunday evening last in the river opposite the Place d'Armes. There being no mark of violence upon the body, the jury of inquest rendered a verdict of "Found Drowned."

ESCAPED AND RECAPTURED.—The lad of Chas Greiner, charged with embezzlement, was to take place yesterday in the First District Court, but owing to the escape of the prisoner from the court room, the case was postponed. However, the accused was soon re-arrested by one of the deputy sheriffs; he was found concealed under a bed in his own house. He is now in the Parish Prison.

Our thanks are due Mr. ALFRED MERCIER, an intelligent creole now in Paris, for a biography of the Hon PIERRE SOULÉ. It is written in the French language, and bears evidence of considerable merit. The style is warm, imaginative and elegant. The author entertains the most exalted opinion of his subject, and sets off Mr. Soulé's brilliant qualities of mind and peculiarities of character, with an eloquence of phraseology that is quite remarkable. The work is one of decided talent.

THE WEATHER—THE CROPS.—The Point Coupee Echo says, we have had continued rain for seven weeks past; so far the cotton crop is very fine, but should the rain continue it will be very injurious. The corn crop never was so good as at present, and many planters who did not make enough for the use of their families last year, will make more than they can consume.

THE CANE CROP.—We copy the following from the Franklin (La.) *Banner* of the 29 ult.:

From all that we can learn from various quarters of the State, the recent severe and continued rains have done serious injury to the cane crop. The grass has almost taken possession of the fields, and our planters will be much later than usual in laying by their crops. It is an utter impossibility that we can make any thing like as large crops as last year. It would, in the first place, be folly to anticipate so fine a season—and again, we have not the cane on the land, the stand of ratoons not being half what it was last year. Besides we hear (particularly from the river parishes) of universal complaints, during the planting season, that the plant cane had been very seriously damaged in the rows. In reviewing every thing, we have come to the conclusion that the present growing crop must fall very far short in yield of the last.

BOSTON COURIER.—Joseph T. Buckingham, Esq., the editor of the Boston Courier ever since its establishment by him in 1824, has withdrawn from the concern, and it has passed into the hands of Messrs. E. B. Foster & Co., (the late publishers,) Samuel Kneeland, and I. W. Frye. Mr. Kettell is the editor. Mr. Buckingham takes leave of the paper in a valedictory article of a column or more, and assigns as a reason for the step, that he could not retain his position without sacrificing his personal integrity to the views of others, or jeopardizing the interests of others to gratify his own notions of honor and independence. Reference is of course made to the nomination of Gen. Taylor, which Mr. B. many weeks since announced that he would not support. The paper which contains the notice of this change, also bears the name of Taylor and Fillmore at the head of the column.

SENTENCED.—The Covington (La.) *Advocate* of the 13th says: The slave Dick, on the charge of murder, was tried on Saturday last before an intelligent jury—occupying the entire day from 10 o'clock. After an absence of about an hour the jury returned with a verdict of guilty, and he was sentenced to be hung on the 21st, within the prison walls in this place.

By Magnetic Telegraph.

PHILADELPHIA, June 27, P. M.

The stock market remains unchanged—government securities are firm with fair transactions. Pennsylvania 5's 76 to 76½. Reading railroad bonds, 47.

The supply and receipts of flour are light, and the market quiet. Small sales have been making at Western and Pennsylvania brands at $7 75@$8 50. Corn meal continues dull at $7 75@$8 37 per bbl. Rye flour is selling in small quantities, at $5 50 per bbl.

There are more sellers than buyers of grain, and the market is pretty much at a stand. Sales of red at 1 02@1 05; white, 1 05@1 08; quality and stock suitable to market. Rye is nominal at 74@75 cents. Corn is dull, sales of yellow at 56@59 cents. Rye 70 cents per bushel.

Nothing of moment has been done in cotton since the steamer's arrival. Holders are pretty firm at previous quotations, and buyers are not disposed to meet them. The stock is unchanged.

[Telegraphed for the Baltimore Sun.]

NEW YORK, June 27, P. M.

The stock market continues firm, with fair business. Treasury notes, 6s, 104½@104¾. Canton Co., 38. Exchange on London 10½@10¾ per mount. Good regular brands fresh ground flour are in request, but rather depressing are heavy, and the market almost not neglected. Sales to-day, of some 3,000 bbls, at $7 62½@$8 25, and $5 37½ for Southern and Genesee common brands. Southern Georgetown and Alexandria held $6 06¼ per bbl. Corn meal dull at $4 43, and Rye flour at $5 75 per bbl.

No shipping demand for wheat. It is mainly wanted for milling purposes, with sales of red, of different grades, at 1 03 @ 1 10 per bushel. Genesee white at 1 12@1 18.

Corn is steady with sales of flat at 59@62 cents, and round yellow 60@63 cents; mixed 58 cents—about 10,000 bushels sold. Oats 41@46 cents; rye 75@78 cents per bushel.

Whiskey dull, with a sale of 100 bbls. at 21½ cents per gallon.

Molasses movement in Cuban, but the market is steady and holders firm. The supply on hand is moderate—sales to-day of 200 bbls. Buyers and sellers do not come together freely.

COMMERCIAL.

Foreign Markets.

PER THE STEAMSHIP BRITANNIA.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

June 10.—The general tone of the cotton trade, during the week now closed, has been tame and subdued. The sales were confined to the purchases to the immediate wants of the trade, and as holders feel rather desirous of realizing, prices might easily be had, rather slightly from the prices last quoted. We may remark that the accounts brought by the Cambria, which arrived here on Tuesday last, do not appear to have had any effect whatever upon the market, although it would appear that the period for low purchasing, at the transatlantic point, has passed away, as least for the present. Middling Orleans, 4¾. Stock of cotton in Liverpool, estimated at 821,000 bales, being 15,230 more than same time last year.

LIVERPOOL CORN MARKET.

June 10.—Flour, United States, 28s. Wheat, United States, red, 7s 3d@7s 6d; white, 7s 6d@8s. The market is inactive, and declining. On the 6th instant, holders of Indian meal were much less tenacious than heretofore, and submitting to a decline of 6d to 3d per 70 lbs., from our last rates, the millers were induced to buy more freely, resulting in a fair extent of business at the abatement. Flour, although in increased demand, received 6d per sack, and per bbl, respectively. Indian corn and corn meal, in the temporary absence of fresh demand, ruled easier, the former 1d, and meal 3d per quarter; or per 480 lbs. and per bbl, lower. On the 9th, there was only a slender attendance of millers and dealers at our Corn Exchange. Wheat and flour supported the quotations of the 6th, with a moderate sale. Western meal from was held firmly for 28s 6d per 196 lbs. Indian corn was held firm at an advance of 2s per quarter, and Indian meal is per bbl, over the low rates of last market day; and a few parcels were cleared off for Ireland. American yellow, 34s; and white, 40s per 480 lbs. White Indian meal is held at 18s 6d, and yellow brings 18s 3d, 18s 4d. 18s 6d.

For Louisville.—The steamer MEMPHIS, C. Dillard, master, will leave for the above on SATURDAY, 8th July at 5 o'clock, P. M.

The perfect ship CHAOS, Wm. B. Oatess, master, from New York, is now discharging opposite the Mint. Consignees are requested to attend immediately to the receipt of their goods on the Levee, otherwise they will be stored at their expense and risk. JOHN O. WOODRUFF & CO.

Consignees of the following Mdse., consigned to order, per ship CHAOS, Wm. B. Oatess, master, from New York, will please make their endorsements known to the discharging Clerk on the Levee, opposite the Mint, or their goods will be stored at their expense and risk, viz.: One box marked B, in a diamond, and ten bales marked H. L. H.

J. O. WOODRUFF & Co. 42 & 45 Magazine

The perfect ship MILFORD, Dowling, Capt. Taylor, from New York, is now discharging at the Steamboat wharf, opposite the Mint. Consignees will please attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee, or they will be stored at their expense and risk.

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A rumor having been put in circulation that Madame Boyer intends to leave New Orleans in order to fix her residence in New York, she begs leave to inform her friends and the public, that the report is entirely false. Madam Boyer will continue to reside in New Orleans, where, for the last seventeen years, a liberal encouragement has been extended to her in the exercise of her profession. 4e

H. Dailey's Magical Pain Extractor.—The original and only genuine, always has the written signature of the proprietor, "H. Bailey," on the wrapper of each bottle. Southern Depot, 151 Chartres street, New Orleans.

Purify the Blood!

The great virtues of Sarsaparilla, as a restorer of purity to the blood, are well known to the world, and the great object is to procure the best preparation of this celebrated root. COLLTOCK'S SARSAPARILLA has met with wonderful success in the cure of scrofula, and breaking out upon the flesh, boils, running sores, and all diseases arising from impure blood, and it is warranted equal to any Extract ever made, at the low rate of 50 cents per bottle, and in as large bottles as any sold at $1.

A bottle of this Extract will be found very beneficial in enable the system to bear up against the debilitating heats of summer, and resist the inroads of disease. Planters upon the River who wish this article, can send our their address, and it shall be forwarded to them at $4 per dozen.

Sold by COMSTOCK & CO., 39 POYDRAS Street. jn5

Neither the Captain nor Consignees of the British bark ALEXANDER, will pay debts contracted by the crew. WYLIE & EGANA.

NOTICE.—At the conflagration of the English ship DEFIANCE, wrecked on the Bay Plate, some inhabitants of the place Cantinda saved a great part of her sails and stores. Owners or persons interested in said ship may redeem the same by paying the rates of salvage and other expenses. To know the amount, and obtain further information, apply to F. DINNET, FILS, 136 Old Levee.

Opelousas Vegetable Barber.

If the same are not claimed within the time prescribed by law, they will be sold at Auction.

MAXIMILIEN LEPORT,

A citizen of Opelousas Commune.

Selling off at Cost.

J. FEYTEL, Watchmaker, corner of Conti and Chartres street, respectfully informs the public, that he will sell off his stock of Watches, Jewelry, &c. &c. for cash, the following goods comprising his stock:

Gentlemen's and Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, do with Hunting Cases, Also, a large assortment of Gold and silver Watches, Chronometer repeaters, A large assortment of Watch Materials, Watch Glasses, Chains, Keys, Seals, Pins, Buttons, and Memento rings, Also, a large assortment of the most new and fashionable Gold and Special Coffee Spoons, &c. &c.

Persons who are in the habit of purchasing, will find it to their interest to call and examine the above goods, as it is an excellent opportunity for buyers. J. Feytel will continue to give all his care to the reparation of watches, clocks, &c. jn26

Office of the Mississippi Insurance Co., NEW-ORLEANS, June 26, 1848.

A Dividend of the profits of the Company for the year ending 31st December last, is declared payable to the stockholders, or their legal representatives, on and after the 1st July next, at the rate of $1 per share, free of all taxes, and deducted, pay.

JOHN EMERTON, President.

NEW-ORLEANS, June 26, 1848.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—The Board of Directors of the Louisiana Insurance Company have declared a semi-annual dividend of Five Dollars per share, payable to the stockholders, or their legal representatives, on and after the 1st July, at the office of the Company, No. 6 Carondelet street.

WM. WILKINSON, Cashier.

THE PUBLIC are hereby notified not to negotiate a note of $100 drawn by Jesse Ogden in favor of Mary Ann Ogden, made in New Orleans, the payment of which has been stopped.

For the protection of the planters of Bayou Lafourche, I have made a new and improved Sugar Mill, which I will sell on terms to suit purchasers.

Old Levee st.

THE purchasers of property, sold by Bunning, city of New Orleans, on the 15th and 22d June, are informed that all the original bills of sale have been lost or mislaid, and they are requested to call on the undersigned Notary for new ones.

D. BUNING, Notary Public.

New Orleans June 26.

GEORGE DAVIS.

WILLIAM SAVAGE & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 17 St. Charles Street,

New Orleans.

[illegible]

Cor. Magazine and Lafayette sts.

COMMERCIAL.

Foreign Markets.

PER THE STEAMSHIP BRITANNIA.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

June 10.—The general tone of the cotton trade, during the week now closed, has been tame and subdued. The sales were confined to the purchases to the immediate wants of the trade, and as holders feel rather desirous of realizing, prices might easily be had, rather slightly from the prices last quoted. We may remark that the accounts brought by the Cambria, which arrived here on Tuesday last, do not appear to have had any effect whatever upon the market, although it would appear that the period for low purchasing, at the transatlantic point, has passed away, at least for the present. Middling Orleans, 4¾. Stock of cotton in Liverpool, estimated at 821,000 bales, being 15,230 more than same time last year.

LIVERPOOL CORN MARKET.

June 10.—Flour, United States, 28s. Wheat, United States, red, 7s 3d@7s 6d; white, 7s 6d@8s. The market is inactive, and declining. On the 6th instant, holders of Indian meal were much less tenacious than heretofore, and submitting to a decline of 6d to 3d per 70 lbs., from our last rates, the millers were induced to buy more freely, resulting in a fair extent of business at the abatement. Flour, although in increased demand, received 6d per sack, and per bbl, respectively. Indian corn and corn meal, in the temporary absence of fresh demand, ruled easier, the former 1d, and meal 3d per quarter; or per 480 lbs. and per bbl, lower. On the 9th, there was only a slender attendance of millers and dealers at our Corn Exchange. Wheat and flour supported the quotations of the 6th, with a moderate sale. Western meal from was held firmly for 28s 6d per 196 lbs. Indian corn was held firm at an advance of 2s per quarter, and Indian meal is per bbl, over the low rates of last market day; and a few parcels were cleared off for Ireland. American yellow, 34s; and white, 40s per 480 lbs. White Indian meal is held at 18s 6d, and yellow brings 18s 3d, 18s 4d. 18s 6d.

For Louisville.—The steamer MEMPHIS, C. Dillard, master, will leave for the above on SATURDAY, 8th July at 5 o'clock, P. M.

The perfect ship CHAOS, Wm. B. Oatess, master, from New York, is now discharging opposite the Mint. Consignees are requested to attend immediately to the receipt of their goods on the Levee, otherwise they will be stored at their expense and risk. JOHN O. WOODRUFF & CO.

Consignees of the following Mdse., consigned to order, per ship CHAOS, Wm. B. Oatess, master, from New York, will please make their endorsements known to the discharging Clerk on the Levee, opposite the Mint, or their goods will be stored at their expense and risk, viz.: One box marked B, in a diamond, and ten bales marked H. L. H.

J. O. WOODRUFF & Co. 42 & 45 Magazine

The perfect ship MILFORD, Dowling, Capt. Taylor, from New York, is now discharging at the Steamboat wharf, opposite the Mint. Consignees will please attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee, or they will be stored at their expense and risk.

J. O. WOODRUFF & Co.

Cor. Magazine and Lafayette sts.

Municipality No. One.—Office of the Tax Collector on Cabarets, Coffee Houses, &c.

BY virtue of the Ordinance in such cases made and provided, any person or persons keeping a Hotel, Boarding House, Coffee House, Billiard Table, Cabaret, or other public place, without license, will, on conviction of the fact, and upon every conviction of said Ordinance, be fined not less than twelve dollars and not more than twenty.

Tax Collector hereby gives notice to all persons keeping such establishments without license, that they will be fined as herein provided the ensuing. (jn1 1m) Y. LABATUT, Collector.

Surveyor General's Office,

Exchange Alley, 67, between Conti and St. Louis, J. DE LA BERTINE, Degree Seventeen Surveyor, Architect, Topographer and Civil Engineer. jn21

Now Ready and Just Published,

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CESAR'S COMMENTARIES ON THE GALLIC WAR; with English notes, critical and explanatory, historical, antiquarian, &c.—By Rev. Jas. Carr, A. M., editor of "The Pantologia," &c. &c., with notes by the Historical Society, "Journal of Rural and Urban Leisure Hours," &c.

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THE SUGAR PLANTER'S MANUAL; being a treatise on the art of obtaining Sugar from the Sugar Cane—by W. J. Evans, M. D., 1847.

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BOSTON NOTIONS; being an authentic and complete account of "That Village," from 1630 to 1847—by George Dearborn, author of the "American Text Book of Letters," &c.

Just received and for sale at the New Orleans Stereotype Warehouse. jn26 J. B. STEEL, 84 Carondelet.

Superior Sweetened Cordial Gin.

A PARAGITICAL and Practical Treatise on the Distillation and Rectification of Spirituous Liquor, in the Compass of Pocket Volume, for the conversion of Sugar of the Sale of New York, from 1790 to 1847, with the Duties and Drawbacks, Tables of the Tripod, Sliding Rule, Table of Contents, &c. &c.—By Ralph Lockwood, Esq., Sworn Gauger.

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THORNTON'S COLLECTIONS for the Courts, including Commissioners and Magistrates of all the States in the Union, 1847.

WELFORD'S PRACTICAL [illegible] on Equity Pleadings, [illegible] the New Orders of 1841, with Table of Cases, [illegible] Office from the Bee Stereotype Office.

HAKINS IN LAW, [illegible] Nob's Bazaar, [illegible] Principles Legal and Equitable, [illegible] Va., of Virginia, [illegible] received and for sale by [illegible] Law Stereotype Office.

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