NEW ORLEANS DAILY BEE,
DUFOUR & LIMET, PUBLISHERS.
No. 73 Chartres street.

TERMS OF THE BEE.

Terms of Subscription—Daily, per annum, in advance, $16; half-yearly, $8; quarterly, $4.
Price of the paper—Single copies, 10 cents.
The Semi-Weekly is published every Tuesday and Saturday. Subscription, $8 per annum, invariably in advance.
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Weekly Edition.
TERMS—PER YEAR: .... $5.

The New Orleans Bee.

OFFICE 73 CHARTRES STREET. NEW ORLEANS, SUNDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 10, 1871. 45th YEAR—Vol. XLV.—Whole—15,6038.

NEW ORLEANS:
SUNDAY MORNING, DEC. 10, 1871.

Amusements This Evening.

OPERA HOUSE—"Il l'Etais Roi."
ACADEMY OF MUSIC—"Lucretia Borgia" and "Katharine and Petruchio."
ST. CHARLES THEATRE—Benefit of Mr. Gleason—"Check Mate," "His Last Legs" and "Toodles."

THE COMMITTEE OF FIFTY AND THE REFORM MOVEMENT.

The names of the Committee of Fifty authorized by the meeting of citizens held at the Mechanics' Institute, for the purpose of setting on foot a movement to check the abuses which have grown up in the administration of city affairs, and initiate a general reform therein, are now before the community, and the committee has been organized for immediate work. There are some excellent names on the list of members, but we cannot say this for all of them. Nevertheless, we shall sustain the committee in the performance of the duty assigned to it, under the conviction that a majority of those who compose it will vigorously carry forward the work they have undertaken. The Mayor and his colleagues of the City Council promise to give every facility to the committee in the examination of the books at the City Hall, and otherwise enable them to make a thorough investigation of our municipal affairs. Some of the Administrators have already pointed out where retrenchment might begin. Administrator Lewis, of the Police Department, says he thinks "retrenchment might be made in every department—that the number of employés might be reduced—that the purchase of supplies might be made on a cash basis—that a saving of sixty thousand dollars per annum might be effected on the subsistence of prisoners and that from a hundred to a hundred and fifty thousand dollars might be saved by reducing the police force from a hundred to a hundred and fifty men." This opinion of Administrator Lewis is a sufficient answer to the assertions of the *Republican* of yesterday with regard to the cheapness and efficiency of the police force, as at present organized. The Administrator of Public Accounts—Mr Shaw professes not to fear an investigation of the acts of himself and colleagues, and thinks "the verdict of the committee will remove the general charge made against them of extravagance and mismanagement, that is extravagance in the sense of corrupt and profligate expenditure." He thinks as Administrator Lewis does, that a large saving can be effected by the city establishing a jail of its own and maintaining its own prisoners instead of sending them to the Parish Prison, where the city is charged for each prisoner more than three times what it would cost to keep him at a Workhouse.

Mr. Shaw thinks that one of the largest leaks is in the purchase of supplies—the city always paying more than their value. He says it is fashionable to overcharge the city, and that the city ought to be able to buy at cash prices.

The Administrator of Assessments, Mr. H. Bonzano, has also some very good suggestions to make to the committee, judging by his utterances, as published in the *Times* of yesterday. He thinks measures ought to be adopted by which the back taxes might be collected and taxes to become due more promptly collected than [illegible]. Salaries might be reduced, [illegible] the Administrator of Assessments, [illegible] when asked what plan he would suggest, whereby the city's credit might be restored, the same officer answered that the expenditures of the city should be cut, and the Administrators bound by law not to exceed the sum fixed." He recommends also the establishment of a sinking fund for the redemption of the enormous debt which is eating up all that the city can take in from taxes.

THE LATE TRAGEDY IN HAVANA.

In another column will be found a letter written from Havana to the New York *World*, containing the particulars of the late tragic event there, which resulted in the execution of eight young men, students of the medical school in the University of Havana, convicted of desecrating the tombs of Gonzalo Castanon and Ricardo Guzman, in the public cemetery of that city. We purposely refrained from commenting upon the occurrence until the details of the trial had reached us. We could not believe that these youths had been made to suffer the penalty of death solely for indulging in an act of mischief, however aggravated, but the facts as set forth by this correspondent leave no further room for doubting that they fell victims to the passionate hate of the Spanish volunteers rather than expiated a crime deserving of capital punishment. At the same time we cannot palliate the offence of which these students were guilty. Marring the tombs of the dead, and desecrating their graves by other marks of contempt and hatred must be condemned by all people pretending to civilization. These acts were calculated, and no doubt intended to provoke the Spaniards in Cuba, fighting on the side of the mother country, but they sink into insignificance when compared with the demoniac vengeance taken by the volunteers upon the thoughtless students. Of course the trial was a sealed to the latter, before a military tribunal, was a mere form. The sentence appears to have been determined upon in advance, and there can be but one opinion in civilized countries with regard to it. The exaction of a penalty so disproportioned to the offence must be reprobated in the severest terms of censure. It is [illegible] impossible to justify it. The responsibility attaching to it must be borne by the Government of Spain, which [illegible] a body of soldiers who do not [illegible] be restrained by the rules and regulations of modern warfare, but are the slaves of their passions. The massacre of the Piegan Indians by Gen. Sheridan on the plains of the West, and the shooting at the cannon's mouth of the Sepoys in the West Indies, by order of the British Government, was less cruel, because necessity might be plead as a justification for those acts, and it might also be urged that [illegible] evils were prevented by making such terrible examples. The same plea cannot be advanced by Spain. The mutilation of these tombs we prefer to think was [illegible] the prompting of malignant hearts [illegible] a sudden exhibition of passion common to revolutionary periods. We honor the guardian of the cemetery, who witnessed the whole scene enacted by the students, and who testified before the tribunal at which pronounced the sentence, that the conduct of the accused was nothing more than a boyish freak. It is to be regretted that his magnanimous appeal for a merciful sentence met with [illegible].

We thank the Administrator of Assessments [illegible] puts his finger upon the principal [illegible] in the Treasury when he points out that it is the heavy interest on the debt always increasing which absorbs all available funds, and he is undoubtedly correct in stating that New Orleans is generally a very expensive city to take care of. Our opinion, often expressed in these columns, is, that the city will get out of debt until the [illegible] suggested by Mr. Bonzano shall be adopted and strictly followed.

[illegible] Mrs. Whitcomb desires all to [illegible] Syrup; it is the great children's soothing remedy, and sold at the low price of 25 cents.

Printing Contracts.

The Printing Commission met yesterday in the Executive Department; Governor Warmoth and Lieutenant Governor Pinchback were present. Speaker Carter, of the House of Representatives, was absent. A communication from Speaker Carter, which appeared in the *Times* yesterday morning, was filed, setting forth that he could not recognize the so-called Senate as legal, and that he could only meet the Governor of the State in consultation on the printing contracts.

After removing Mr. Hovee, the Commission appointed O. D. Bragdon as Secretary, proceeded to annul contracts with the following newspapers in the parishes: *Republican Era*, Assumption *Advocate*, Ascension *Leader*, Shreveport *Republican*, Carroll *Republican*, Blackburn's *Homer Iliad*, Vidalia *Herald*, East Felicianas *Republican*, Baton Rouge *Grand Era*, Iberia *Banner*, Iberville *Pioneer*, Louisiana *State Register*, Madison *State Journal*, Red River *News*, Plaquemines *Republican*, *Empire Parish Register*, Pointe Coupee *Republican*, Lafourche *Times*, Rapides *Gazette*, Concordia *Times*, St. James *Sentinel*, Attakapas *Register*, St. Martin *Times*, *Republican Pioneer*, Opelousas *Journal*, Tangipahoa *Journal*, Terrebonne *Republican*, Lafourche *Reformer*, Louisiana *German Gazette* of this city, Vidalia *Herald*, St. John the Baptist *Pioneer*, Bossier *Banner*, Catahoula *Independent*, Mansfield *Times*, Franklin *Sun*, Lafayette *Advertiser*, Springfield *Ledger*, Rapides *Gazette*, St. Helena *Star and Journal*, Richland *Beacon*, and Minden *Democrat*.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That considering the financial condition of the State this Commission deems it inexpedient to make further contracts for printing laws or the journals of the General Assembly; and be it further

Resolved, That the Governor be requested to transmit to the General Assembly the recommendation of this Commission for the modification of the printing law, so as to forbid contracts with newspapers throughout the State for the publication of the laws or the journals.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Father Foltier's new church of St. Vincent de Paul is to be dedicated this afternoon, the ceremonies beginning at half-past two o'clock.

Mr. J. D. Houston, acquitted at Carrollton, on Friday, of the charge of manslaughter for which he had been indicted, in consequence of shooting Arthur Guerin in the court room of the First District Court, and inflicting wounds of which he died, was yesterday reinstated by Sheriff Mascicot, in the position of Chief Deputy of the First District Court, which position he held at the time the shooting occurred. Mr. V. F. Dauney, one of the deputy sheriffs engaged in the court and who was the strongest witness for the State, in the case of Mr. Houston, was dismissed from office by Mr. Mascicot yesterday.

Philip Ray, No. 19 Dumain street, has been required by Recorder McArthur, to give bail in the sum of $5000 for his appearance to answer a charge of embezzlement, averred to have been committed in appropriating to his own use, a twentieth of the ticket in the Havana lottery, which won the $100,000 prize at the drawing of the 30th ult., which part of the ticket, John Bachman, a baker at the corner of Bagatelle and Morales streets, swears he entrusted to the accused, before the drawing, to keep for him.

John Guerin accidentally shot himself in the hand, while cleaning a pistol yesterday, at his residence, No. 20 Howard street.

A young man whose name is not mentioned is reported to have fallen into the machinery, in the sugar-house, on Col. Sawyer's plantation, on Friday, and, being caught by the rollers, he was crushed to death.

George Springer has been arrested in the Sixth District, on a charge of arson, alleged to have been committed in setting fire to a house on May street. Frank Couney has been arrested on a like charge, the arson imputed to him having been committed, it is stated, at the corner of St. Charles and Berlin streets. Both the accused are boys and the motive attributed to them for the alleged arsons, is a craving for the excitement afforded by a fire.

We acknowledge complimentary tickets to a grand fancy dress and mask ball to be given by the United Brethren Association, at the Stonewall Jackson Hall, next Saturday night.

The members of the Citizens Committee of Fifty one have organized by the election of the following officers: President, I. N. Marks; Vice President, George A. Fosdick; Secretary, W. F. Richardson. A sub-committee of five have been appointed to draft a code of rules for the government of the body, and to report at a meeting which is to take place to-morrow night.

The readers of the *Bee* are again reminded of the celebration of St. Barbe's Day, which takes place at the Cathedral, this morning, when the field artillery of the Louisiana Legion will be present; His Grace the Archbishop will officiate at the services and preach, and a collection will be taken up for the benefit of that most worthy charity, the St. Mary's Asylum for Boys in the Third District.

Late last night a man named John Gallagher was found on Girod street, near Tchoupitoulas, with his leg broken, and sent to the Charity Hospital by the police, to whom he stated that the wound was received in a coffee-house, at the corner of Girod and Tchoupitoulas streets, but refused to say how or by whom the injury was inflicted.

The alarm of fire, between five and six o'clock last evening, was caused by the burning of some bedding in the building of Mr. Frank Bradford, No. 165 Chartres street, which had been accidentally set on fire by a child that was entrusted with a lamp to fix.

Eighth District Court.—Where is the defect that puts a citizen to such trouble and expense as this? Mr. John Williamson is the owner of real estate in this parish. He desires to mortgage it, and asks the Recorder of Mortgages to give him a certificate that it is free of incumbrance. There happens to be on record in the office a judgment rendered by the District Court, in the parish of Caddo, against a mercantile firm in New Orleans, for $20,000, of which mercantile firm another Mr. John Williamson is a member. The Recorder of Mortgages refuses to give any certificate except one in which it is stated that said judgment is of record; and Mr. Williamson, who owns the property, appears upon that certificate to be liable for the debts of another citizen. In this dilemma, his attorney, E. Howard McCaleb, Esq., is constrained to go before the Eighth District, and ask a mandamus, to compel the Recorder of Mortgages to issue such a certificate as the relator wants, and as justice to him demands. But why should a citizen be at expense to cure the result of defective laws, or a defective administration of laws?

Albert R. Whitney, owner of one half interest in the *North Louisiana Journal*, published at St. Joseph, in the parish of Tensas, and formerly known as the *Tensas Gazette*, informs the Eighth District Court that the paper has a contract for publishing the laws of the State, and he complains that parties owning the other half of the paper, who are not named in his petition, have drawn all hitherto due upon the contract, without accounting to him for any of the money, wherefore he prays for a writ to enjoin the State Auditor from henceforth issuing warrants to any of the owners of the paper until their respective interests in the concern and in the drafts upon the Treasury issued to pay for the work are determined.

First District Court.—Saturday, Dec. 9.—Several weeks ago a young man named D. F. Leschinsky, who had been on the police and while on it arrested a sailor named Charles Hansen, for being intoxicated, and beat him so badly on the way to the lock-up that he expired immediately after arriving there, was tried for the homicide and convicted of murder without capital punishment.

At the trial he would have no counsel and defended himself. Sentence pending, Mr. Foley, an attorney, took the case in charge and applied for a new trial for the prisoner on the ground of insanity. A *prima facie* case of mental disorder being made out, Judge Abell appointed a medical commission, consisting of Doctors E. D. Beech, W. H. Berthelot and James B. Cooper, to examine the prisoner's mental condition and report thereon. The following is the material part of the report.

That we visited the said Leschinsky individually, without making known to him ourselves or our business. We found the said Leschinsky perfectly sane, except on one subject, viz: Masonry. Upon this subject he is evidently a monomaniac. He considers his trial and conviction, to use his own language, nothing but a farce, a malicious prosecution; that he has no chance of justice should there be Masons on the jury, and he is satisfied that the Masons as a body have conspired against him. He says he knows Judge Abell is a Mason, and that all his rulings were against him.

Although it may not be necessary to enter into a dissertation as to the cause which has had such an effect on his mind, we deem it proper to state what we think is the probable cause that has produced such an erroneous impression.

He produced a German newspaper which he keeps about him, wherein it is stated that the Masonic Lodge, of which the deceased was a member, had retained Mr. Castellanos to prosecute the case.

From that time his mind has no doubt constantly dwelt upon it during his long imprisonment, until he has become monomaniac on that subject.

In addition to this report, it was shown to the court that the prisoner had refused to be defended by Judge Dooley as his counsel, because he suspected that the Judge was a Mason, and had been paid to betray his cause. It was also shown that he has been constantly afraid of nearly every officer in the Parish Prison, in consequence of suspecting that they belong to the Masonic fraternity.

Upon this state of facts a new trial was granted, and the prisoner was admitted to bail, the amount being fixed at $1000.

The following parties were sentenced: Charles Martin, for assault and battery on Alice Johnson, one day in the Parish Prison; John Ryan and Thomas O'Brien, for assault and battery on policeman H. Kempler, ten days Parish Prison; L. G. Barnes, for carrying a weapon concealed, one day Parish Prison; Lawrence, alias Taylor, alias Alexander, colored, for the larceny of $100, the property of Fourcade St. Cyr, one year in the Penitentiary.

In the case of John Dwyer, convicted of manslaughter, alleged to have been committed in killing Daniel McElvana, an application being made for a new trial, on the ground of insanity, a medical commission was appointed to examine the prisoner.

General Palmer, the Republican Governor of Illinois, in his bold and manly protest against the unwarrantable tyranny of martial law, has found his only support comes from the Democratic press. He recently remarked that "the Republican press, in its zeal for party has forgotten government."

BY TELEGRAPH.

[To the New Orleans Bee.]

Summary of the Latest Dispatches.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

Paris, Dec. 9.—The weather here is extremely cold. Thermometer 16 degrees below zero. The Seine River is frozen over.

Paris, Dec. 9.—In the Assembly to-day Deputy Ordinaire made a violent attack on the Commission of pardons for rejecting the appeals of the convicted Communists. The speaker was frequently interrupted by dissenters, and the disorder became so great at one time as to suspend proceedings. The question was finally dropped.

The Minister of Finance introduced a bill extending the legal limit of the circulation of the Bank of France to three milliards of francs.

Paris, Dec. 9.—Before the Assembly adjourned to-day, resolutions were passed censuring ordinaries for intemperate and unparliamentary language.

Versailles, Dec. 9.—The Orleans Princes and President Thiers had a consultation to-day, the result of which is that the Princes will defer claiming seats in the Assembly.

Compulsory military service and general amnesty bills will be introduced in the Assembly next week.

London, Dec. 9.—Twenty-eight ladies have been matriculated in the University of Edinburg during the present term.

Sir Charles Dilk informed a deputation, which present him an address, that he should suspend the delivery of public lectures, until he had addressed his constituents at Chelsea.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 9.—The Knights of the Order of St. George, founded by the Empress Catharine, celebrated their anniversary Thursday. In the evening a grand banquet was given, at which the Czar and first dignitaries of the Empire were present. The Czar offered a toast to the health of the Emperor of Germany. He hoped the intimate friendship which existed between that monarch and himself would last as long as they lived, and be carried down to future generations by their successors, and he trusted the fraternity of the armies of Germany and Russia, dating from an ever-memorable epoch, would be perpetuated. This would be constituted the best guarantees for the maintenance of peace and legal order in Europe.

London, Dec. 9—11 P. M.—The following is the latest official bulletin from Sandingham, dated 10 o'clock to-night: "The Prince has slept since noon, but there has been no improvement in his symptoms."

London, Dec. 9.—The telegraphers' strike is becoming general and threatens much inconvenience.

London, Dec. 9—6 P. M.—The Prince of Wales passed a quiet afternoon, but no change of symptoms since noon.

London, Dec. 9.—The Queen has been at Sandringham all day, and the Duke of Cambridge, who arrived during the day, and the children of the Prince are all with him. Prince Leopold and Princess Beatrice reached Sandringham this afternoon.

Liverpool, Dec. 9.—Arrived, ship Idaho, with 3448 bales of cotton.

Halifax, Dec. 9.—Many cargoes, value aggregating $200,000, are frozen up at Prince Edward Island. The brigantines Morillard and Falcon, for Porto Rico, are reported missing.

FROM HAVANA.

Havana, Dec. 9.—Gen. Torbert, Consul General for the United States, entered into possession of that office to-day.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Dec. 9.—The very highest authority thinks that Fish will not resign. Mr. Sumner did not sign the Senatorial letter requesting Mr. Fish to stick.

The Commission under the treaty of Washington has adjourned to the 14th.

About one hundred cotton cases before the Court of Claims have been postponed, pending decision of the Supreme Court as to whether Presidential pardon entitles the pardoned party to testify in court claims.

Senator West had his foot painfully injured by a rapidly driven buggy which knocked him down while entering a street car.

Washington, Dec. 9.—The income tax expires by limitation on the 18th instant.

There has been no communication between the President and Mr. Akerman regarding a change in the Attorney Generalship. Though the pressure for a change is great and Akerman's resignation would be promptly accepted. Influential political circles urge that Mr. Akerman lacks the judicial force and attainments necessary to the position.

Washington, Dec. 9.—Commissioner of Internal Revenue made the following nominations to the President to-day: John J. Mott, to be Collector of Sixth North Carolina District, vice S. H. Wiley, resigned.

T. H. Brooks, to be Assessor 1st Virginia district, vice W. W. Douglas, resigned.

Jno. Hogan, to be Assessor 2d Louisiana district, vice Wm. R. Hardie, removed.

Henry M. Taylor, to be Assessor 3d Texas district, in place of Wm. B. Moore, removed.

Alonzo B. Carroll, to be Assessor 2d Missouri district, vice Barnabus, removed.

WEATHER REPORT.

Washington, Dec. 9.—The barometer has risen rapidly in the Middle and Eastern States, with diminishing northwesterly winds, which have generally veered to the southwest from Lake Erie to Lake Superior, and southwestward to the Mississippi River. The threatening weather in the Western Gulf continues with rain on the coast. Rain is reported from Oregon with rising barometer.

PROBABILITIES.

The barometer will probably rise on Sunday in New England and the area of highest pressure move into the Ohio Valley and on to the Allegheny range, diminishing northwest winds, backing to the southwest on the Lake and Atlantic coast. Cloudy weather continue on the Gulf coast; partially cloudy and clear weather in the middle and east Atlantic coast. Dangerous winds are not anticipated this evening on our coasts.

MISCELLANEOUS INTELLIGENCE.

New York, Dec. 9.—The Committee of Internationals, who made application for permission to parade to-morrow, received the following from Governor Hoffman's Private Secretary: "I am directed by the Governor to say that the law places the whole matter of parades on Sunday in the hands of the police authorities." The committee met to-day, and denunciatory addresses were delivered and a committee appointed to frame a protest to the people, which reported, and the meeting adopted the following:

"We, citizens of the United States and members of the International Workingmen's Association, intending to commemorate in a general procession both our brother members executed lately in France, and having applied to the police for an escort, have been refused and prevented from parading. We, the Committee of Arrangements, protest against the action of the police, but being in favor of peace and order we submit, but appeal to the people from whom we, the working people, expect justice. We cannot afford to parade on a week day, and have selected Sunday, knowing no more solemn occasion than a funeral procession for our brother members—victims in the cause of humanity. Further we do see nothing in the city charter, the constitution, or the usages of the city of New York, or the United States, that forbids our procession, and we believe the act of the police authorities to be despotic, tyrannical, arbitrary and unnecessary, making the police instruments of apprehension rather than protection."

During the meeting there was much discussion about changing the day for parade from Sunday, as the specific objection of the Police Commissioners was on account of the day. A motion was carried to have the parade on Christmas day. Subsequently it was decided to refer the matter to the Federal Council for approval.

A member, after delivering a violent denunciation of the police authorities, expressed a determination to be present to-morrow, at the place from which the parade was to start, with his red flag and sash, and march over the route himself.

The police are all ordered on duty to-morrow, to prevent any display or procession by the Internationals. Eight hundred men will be under orders at headquarters.

New York, Dec. 9.—Arrived out—Steamer Corinthian.

New York, Nov. 9.—The action of the Police Commissioners, regarding the proposed demonstration of the Internationals, causes much excitement among the members of that organization. They denounce the course pursued towards them as characterized by bigotry and stupidity, calculated to defeat itself. This morning the leading members of the society met, and after consulting dispatched the following telegram to Governor Hoffman: "Can we parade." Up to the present hour, 12 P. M., no reply has been received from the Governor.

In case a favorable response is received the parade will take place, but should the Governor decline to interfere the Internationals say they will have a parade on a week day, possibly, during the coming week.

New York, Dec. 9.—Bank statement.—Loans increased $1,750,000; specie increased $400,000; legal tenders decreased $5,750,000; deposits decreased $1,125,000.

A receiver has been appointed for the New York and Amsterdam Fire Insurance Company.

The steamer Providence, from Fall River, is ashore on a reef off Station Street.

The tug W. D. Reed collided with an unknown steamer and sunk in East River. The crew were saved.

Boston, Dec. 9.—The schooner H. M. Fisher, from Boston for Cape Haytien, went ashore and the crew were saved by the inhabitants of Catty Hunk at the risk of their own lives.

Chicago, Dec. 9.—The bank officers say that their losses will not exceed $500,000.

Boston, Dec. 9.—This afternoon the Grand Duke Alexis and suite attended a concert given by twelve hundred children in Music Hall. The decorations of the hall were profuse and elegant, and the singing of the children created great enthusiasm. At the close of the entertainment, the Grand Duke remarked that it was the most charming and interesting it had been his good fortune to witness.

St. Louis, Dec. 9.—The committee to confer with the delegates from Canada on reciprocal trade relations with that country reported. The committee was directed to prepare a memorial to be laid before Congress asking negotiations by a commission for a treaty for commercial relations with the Dominion on the following principles:

Reciprocity admission by both countries of the products and manufactures of the other.

Free trade, uniform import and internal revenue laws. The sums thus collected to be divided between the two countries.

Admission of Dominion built ships to all privileges at coasting and final trade.

The final resolution provides that the Dominion shall enlarge its canal; improve the navigation of the St. Lawrence, and in building any great lines of international railroad, such works in both countries to be equally enjoyed by the citizens. The reports were adopted.

Mr. Burwell, of New Orleans, offered an amendment looking to the establishment of similar trade relations with Cuba, which was referred to the Executive Council, to report on during the session of the Board.

Kingston, Ontario, Dec. 9.—The tugs Highland and Hercules were burned last night. Loss $50,000. One of the crew was buried to-day.

St. Louis, Dec. 9.—The National Board of Trade meets at New York next year.

A resolution, asking the government to take charge of the telegraphs, was rejected.

A resolution denouncing the inspection of articles of merchandise by State authority, was unanimously adopted.

A resolution to memorialize Congress to establish a sanitary board to protect commerce from local quarantine officers, was adopted.

Memphis, Dec. 9. Jno. S. Toof declines the nomination of the Democratic Convention for Mayor.

A number of women have registered for the purpose of voting at the next municipal election, under a clause in the Charter allowing all property holders to vote.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 9.—Counsel to-day argued the application for a reduction of Controller Connolly's bail. The Judge took the papers and reserved his decision.

Annapolis, Dec. 19.—The trial of Mrs. Wharton is progressing slowly. The doctors and chemists were on the witness stand to-day. The doctors seem to agree that Gen. Ketchum did not die from a natural cause.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

New York, Dec. 9—Evening.—Money closed at 6@7; sterling 9⅞@9¾; gold 109⅝@110. Governments inactive. 5-20's of 1862 110⅛. Tennessees steady; South Carolinas pretty active; balance very quiet; Tennessees, 66; new, 66; Virginias, 63; new, 68; Louisianas, 61; new, 50; Levee 6's, 62; 8's, 75; Alabamas, 100; 5's, 65; Georgias, 80; 7's, 85; North Carolinas, 35; new, 15; South Carolinas, 45; new, 30.

New York, Dec. 9—Evening.—Cotton ¼ higher; Middling Uplands 19⅛. Sales to-day 3833 bales. Flour a shade firmer. Wheat quiet and firm. Corn a shade firmer. Pork $13 50. Beef steady. Lard firm. Naval Stores quiet and firm. Groceries and Freights quiet.

Sales of futures to-day 13,300 bales, as follows: December 19¼, 19 3-8 19 5-6, 19 7-6, 19⅛. January 19⅛, 19 7-16, 19⅛, 19¼; February 19⅛, 19⅛, 19 9-16, 19¼, 19⅝; March 19⅛, 19 9-16, 19⅛. April 19⅛, 19 13-16, 20, 19 15-16. May 20, 20⅛.

Charleston, Dec. 9.—Cotton market strong. Middlings 18⅛@18⅜. Net receipts 1846; exports to Great Britain 6400; coastwise 800; sales 300; stock 28,317 bales.

Mobile, Dec. 9.—Cotton quiet and strong. Middlings 18⅞@19. Net receipts 832; exports coastwise 305; sales 1600; stock 39,000 bales.

RIVER NEWS.

Vicksburg, Dec. 9.—Down—Gov. Allen, 12 M. Up—Emma C. Elliott, 10 last night. Weather cool and clear. River falling.

Cincinnati, Dec. 9.—River 7 feet in the channel; has fallen 12 inches in the last 24 hours. Weather clear and cold. River full of ice.

Evansville, Dec. 9.—Weather clear and cold. Mercury 26. River stationary. Passed down—Katie Putnam, at 10 A. M.

Louisville, Dec. 9.—River still falling, with 4 feet 10 inches in the canal, and 3 feet in the chute. Weather clear and cold.

Cairo, Dec. 9.—Belle St. Louis cleared for New Orleans at 1 A. M.; Edinburg, from Cincinnati for Red River at 6; Belfast, from New Orleans for Louisville at 7. Atlantic, from Evansville, arrived at 5 P. M.

Parties from the fleet at Dog-Tooth and Powers Island to-day, report all safe. River stationary. Weather clear. Thermometer 20.

Memphis, Dec. 9.—River falling. Weather clear and cool. No arrivals or departures.

[Previous Dispatches.]

London, Dec. 9.—Unofficial advices from Sandingham continue unfavorable and represent the case of the Prince of Wales as hopeless.

London, Dec. 9.—The anticipated strike of telegraph operators commenced at Liverpool to-day, causing delay of dispatches.

The steamer Nina, from New York for Cardiff, was abandoned at sea. The crew were saved.

London, Dec. 9—Midnight.—The sudden and unfavorable change in the condition of the Prince of Wales causes deep sorrow throughout the country from all classes.

Sandingham, Dec. 9—4 A. M.—The Prince slept little during the night. Exhaustion of the system has not increased, and his general condition this morning is somewhat more favorable.

SIR WM. JENNER,
And All Attending Physicians.

Hartford, Dec. 9.—The gas works at Winsted exploded last night. Two persons killed.

New York, Dec. 9.—The Odd Fellows' demonstration at the Cooper Institute last night, in behalf of Chicago and Western sufferers by fire, was not as large as expected. Vice President Colfax presided.

The police authorities have notified the officers of the International Society that their demonstration, if made, must occur some other day than Sunday. Demonstration to-morrow is forbidden.

Samuel Anderson, formerly deputy sheriff of New York, and who was confined in Fort Lafayette during the war, attempted suicide.

The steamer Titian from Sydney, and the schooner David Williams collided in the harbor last night. The schooner was sunk and Michael Rawley drowned. The Titian had a hole stove in her port side.

Paris, Dec. 9—Evening.—Rentes 56 and 60.

Liverpool, Dec. 9—Noon.—Cotton market strong; estimated sales 15,000 bales; Uplands 9¾d; Orleans 10@10⅛d.

Liverpool, Dec. 9—Evening.—Cotton closed quiet; sales 12,000 bales, 3000 of which are for export and speculation; prices unchanged.

AMUSEMENTS.

The week just closed has been one of the most remarkable weeks remembered, in this city, for the excellence of the companies playing at every one of the theatres where the English is the language of the dramas.

The entertainments at the Varieties have been brilliant, the plays presented being "The Coquettes," "Money" and "Camille." The latter, as rendered by Miss Dargan, is a much less offensive character than it is as impersonated by less refined but more sensational artists. Since Ellen Tree was in her prime treading the boards, there has been no superior here to Miss Dargan, in womanly parts, and rarely an equal. While saying this much of that very capable and accomplished lady, it is due to every member of the company, with scarcely an exception, to add that it could be only a hypercritical taste that would ask a change. To-morrow night the renowned John Owen will be behind the footlights, at this house, giving his incomparable rendition of "Solon Shingle."

The patrons of the Academy of Music have had Mrs. Bowers in tragedy and other serious dramas, during the week, and, notwithstanding the extraordinary attractions to amusement seekers elsewhere, the admirers of her peculiarly forcible style and her singular faculty for emotional expression have not allowed themselves to be drawn from their allegiance to her. They have nightly attended to witness her impressive personations as *Queen Mary*, *Queen Elizabeth*, *Lady Audley* and other characters to which her style is adapted. To-night she plays *Lucretia Borgia* and the evening's entertainment closes with Garrick's arrangement of "Taming of the Shrew," a very attractive bill it must be admitted. On Monday night Mrs. B. will give something which, if we mistake not, is a novelty here, "Amy Robsart," a dramatization of Scott's great novel, "Kenilworth."

Certes no one can justly blame Mr. De Bar, in his direction of the St. Charles, for failing in endeavors to elevate the public taste, which, in the drama, at least, has for some time past manifested vicious tendencies. Succeeding the great treat afforded by the engagement of Mr. Forrest, the frequenters of the house have had an opportunity during the last fortnight of witnessing the classic performances of Miss Coombs's company of Comedians, than which we have never had any combination more admirable for those qualities that attract intellectual people to the play-house. It must be regretted that Mr. DeBar's enterprise has not been better rewarded pecuniarily than it has been, during the engagement of these ladies and gentlemen, which closed last night. To-night Mr. Gleason, the very popular Treasurer of the theatre, takes a benefit, when the versatile Chapman sisters, Mr. John Collins and Mr. De Bar himself will appear, the bill for the occasion being "Check Mate," "His Last Legs" and "Toodles," a feast most indubitably.

THE HAVANA MASSACRE.

Further Particulars of the Execution of the Medical Students—A Terribly Sad Semi-Tragic Incident—The Feeling in Havana.

Mail advices from Havana bring full particulars of the recent troubles in that city. Another tragedy of blood, even more shocking and revolting than past ones enacted by the Spanish volunteers—the power behind the throne in the badly governed capital of Cuba—has been performed with all the hideous features indicated by the telegraph. The students of the medical department of the Havana University are, it seems, in the habit of assembling at the dead-house of the Havana Cemetery at stated times for the purpose of witnessing the dissection of dead bodies brought there for the most part from the government or charity hospital, which lies near the cemetery. Thursday afternoon of November 23 was one of these "stated times," and consequently the senior class of the medical department of the university, consisting of over fifty young Cubans, members of the best and wealthiest families of the island, and not one over 23 years of age, repaired to the dead-house in question as it was the turn of the class to attend. Owing to the sickness of a professor there was, however, no dissection and lecture, so that the class was dismissed as soon as it presented itself; but the students, instead of returning to their houses, roamed over the cemetery, and finally assembled, almost in mass, before the tomb which contained the remains of the Havana Spaniard who was killed in Key West in January, 1869, by some Cuban refugees, Don Gonzalo Castanon. The gentleman, then editor of the Havana *Voz de Cuba*, it will be remembered, had gone to the place where he met his death for the purpose of fighting a duel with the editor of the small Cuban paper published there, but failed of getting accommodated, his seconds quarrelling with those of the "knight of the pen" as to the terms of the affair of honor. This quarrelling led to a dispute, between Castanon and several Cuban refugees, which ended in the killing of the former at the Russell House under circumstances not very creditable to his slayers. The Spaniards of Havana were both grieved and enraged by the affair, deeming Castanon to have died a martyr to their cause, the victim of Cuban machinations. He was buried in Havana, and it will be remembered, with unusual honors, and his interment was followed by very riotous proceedings on the part of the Havana volunteers. A number of Cubans and colored men were slain in atonement, together with an American citizen, a Mr. Dummy, of Florida, whose only crime was narrating the killing of Castanon differently from the Spanish version.

Castanon's memory then has been held in a great reverence by the Havana volunteers, and any insult to it or to his remains, great or small, they have been ever ready to resent, and always so cruelly punish, and an insult both to his memory and remains the students of the medical department of the University assembled before his tomb were foolishly guilty of. A number of them pelted with stones the front part, and no other portion was visible or assailable, Castanon, like all persons of means dying in Havana, being buried in one of the thousand of niches contained in the twelve high and thick walls forming the aristocratic portion of the Havana Cemetery; others broke the plate of glass covering the entrance of the niche; others pulled down the wreaths of immortelles placed by friendly hands and replaced them with one of garlic, and finally one scribbled on the marble plate four lines of very poor poetry, insulting to Castanon, Spain, and the Spaniards. The chaplain of the cemetery remonstrated with the students, but this only drew forth jeers and taunts from them instead of a reparation of their folly. The students then retired, and their deeds were reported to the city causing much excitement. The volunteers at once became furious and threatened summary vengeance upon the offenders, but City Governor Roberts having had the whole class arrested and imprisoned on Friday, lessened the dons' disposition to engage in riotous proceedings. Unfortunately, on Sunday, an inspection and review of the volunteers was held in the Campo del Marte and Prado in honor of Division General Romualdo Crespo, the new Segundo Cabo, only four weeks in office, and Acting Captain General Count de Valmaseda being in the field. Over 10,000 volunteers participated, and one of the battalions, the Fifth, notoriously the most insubordinate one in the city, having raised the cry of "Death to traitors! Death to the students! Long live the memory of Castanon!" the same was taken up by the other battalions, became general, and gave a dreadful earnest of the terrible scenes that were to follow. The parade over, the vast majority of the volunteers, instead of returning home assembled in the Plaza de Armas, surrounded the Captain-General's palace, and, by threats and hostile demonstrations, forced the Acting Captain General to at once order a court martial for the immediate trial of the students. At first General Crespo resisted, but, unsupported by any force—no regulars being in Havana or vicinity—he became intimidated and agreed to all that was asked of him. The court martial was ordered, composed of six officers of the regular army and of six volunteers selected by the volunteers, and at the strange, undue hour of 2 A. M. this tribunal, formed for the sole purpose of condemning—not for judging or administering justice, met. Had the court martial failed to gratify the volunteers' hunger for blood there is no doubt but that every one of the members would have been murdered by the enraged men, so a feast of blood had to be prepared by it. The officers of the regular army labored hard to make this of as small proportions as possible, and fortunately to a small extent succeeded. The demand of the volunteers that all the students be shot was disregarded, and of the accused the court-martial devoted only eight to the required repast of blood. Twelve were sentenced to six years' hard labor in the chain-gang, twenty to four years', four to six months' imprisonment, and two were acquitted and discharged. At 2 P. M. of Monday, the 27th, the finding of the court-martial, approved by the acting Captain General, was read to the volunteers from the front balcony of the palace, and only two hours later the eight young men doomed to a cruel unmerited death, were shot at the Punta by selected detachments of volunteers, amid the barbarous, uncivilized cheers and vivas of over 15,000 very loyal but also very ferocious Spaniards. The young men sentenced to hard labor in the chain-gangs at the latest dates were fulfilling their terrible sentences in the streets of Havana. One of the students executed, Alonzo Alvarez de la Campa, was the son of a very wealthy Spanish merchant of Havana, a field officer of volunteers, who labored hard to have the life of his son spared, even offering to donate $500,000 to the Spanish cause for the boon, but all to no avail. His son's life-blood was wanted by the father's ferocious countrymen, and accordingly the intimated, coerced Spanish officials allowed it to be shed.

MONETARY AND FINANCIAL.

SATURDAY EVENING, Dec. 9, 1871.

The demand for discounts still continues strong, but we have no alteration to notice in the condition of the Money market since our last report. We quote 1½@2 ℔ cent. ℔ annum for A1 notes secured by first-class collaterals, and 15@— for good do., and 12@15 and 18 for A1 and first-class business paper without collaterals. Mortgage notes are still quoted at 10@— for A1 and 12@15 for second grade.

Gold opened at 110@110¼ (against 110 at New York) and closed at 109⅞@110⅛ (against 110). The business was quite fair, including $15,000 and $15,000 at 109⅞, $2000, $7500 and $10,000 at 110, $20,000 at 110⅛, 110⅛, $5000, $10,000 and $11,500 at 110⅛, and $4000 at 110⅛.

Nothing transpired in Silver. We quote the market nominal at 104@109 for American half-dollars, and 1¼@2 per cent. premium in gold for Mexican dollars.

Foreign Exchange was fairly active, the reported sales summing up £77,000, of which £2500 bill of lading at 117⅞; £5000 at 117⅞; £1500 at 118; £3000 clear at 118; £30,000 at 118@118¼; £10,000 A1 clear and £15,000 A1 bill of lading and clear at 118⅛@118¼; £2000, £1000, and £5000 A1 bill of lading at 118⅛, £2000 first-class at 118⅛; £2500 and £3000 bank at 118¼, and £3500 at 118⅜.

The only sale of Francs reported is 100,000 commercial (bill of lading) at 4.97½. We quote Sterling at 117⅞@119⅛ for good to A1 bill of lading and clear, and 118⅞@119 for bank.

Domestic Exchange was a shade higher, though counter sales were unchanged. The banks drew for remittance on New York at ⅛ ℔ cent discount, and there were sales of 30,000 New York private bankers' sight at ¼ discount, $25,000 and $5,000 bank at the same, $45,000 commercial, $15,000 private bankers' and $25,000 bank at ⅛, $25,000 commercial at 1-16, $12,000, $15,000, and $17,000 commercial $7500 one day sight at ⅛, $30,000 at ⅛@1 and $1,000 bank at ⅛.

A limited remittance business is doing by some of the banks at ¼ per cent. discount. Yesterday, not reported, 40 shares New Orleans National Banking Association sold at $—, and to-day 40 Hibernia Bank at $113 50, 100 Levee at $6 75, 100 Crescent City Slaughter-house (at auction, by Spear, auctioneer,) at $18 25.

We note sales of $1000 City ten per cent Bonds at 84½, $1000 City Appropriation Certificates at 8—, $1500 at 85⅛, $1000 State Warrants at 84⅛, $3000 do. at 85⅛, and $500 Metropolitan Police at 83.

LATER.—There were no sales at the Board of Brokers this evening. The closing bids were as follows:

	Asked.	Bid.
Gold	[illegible]	[illegible]
Germania National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
Louisiana National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
Union National Bank (before special dividend)	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. O. Nat. Banking Association	[illegible]	[illegible]
Merchants' National Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bank of America	[illegible]	[illegible]
Canal Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
Merchants' Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hibernia Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lafayette Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
Louisiana Savings Bank and Safe Deposit Company	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. O., J. and G. N. R. R. Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. O. City Railroad Company	[illegible]	[illegible]
Orleans Railroad	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. O. Gas Light Company	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sarbaria Gas Light Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Crescent City Slaughter-house	[illegible]	[illegible]
Calcasieu Sulphur Mining Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mutual Ins. Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Atlantic Ins. Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Association Press Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Charles Hotel	[illegible]	[illegible]
Opera House Association	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mississippi Valley Navigation Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. O. Wrecking and Salvage Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Jackson R. R. 1st M. Bonds	[illegible]	[illegible]
Canal, 2d Mortgage Railroad 1st Mortgage Bonds	[illegible]	[illegible]
City 5 Prem. Water Works Bonds	[illegible]	[illegible]
City Ten Per Cent. Bonds, 1871	[illegible]	[illegible]
City Railroad 1st M. Bonds	[illegible]	[illegible]
City Warrants	[illegible]	[illegible]

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE BEE,
SATURDAY EVENING, Dec. 9, 1871.

COTTON.—The sales to-day summed up 6000 bales, at irregular prices, a small part showing no quotable improvement, and the rest an advance of about ¼c. We raise our quotations accordingly, and give also the Exchange rates, which are for even-running of its types, while ours are for average lists, with the outside rates for strict:

	Bee.	Exchange.
Low Ordinary	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ordinary	[illegible]	[illegible]
Good Ordinary	[illegible]	[illegible]
Low Middling	[illegible]	[illegible]
Middling	[illegible]	[illegible]
Strict Middling	[illegible]	[illegible]
Good Middling	[illegible]	[illegible]

Strict good ordinary to low middling sold at 18¼c; Liverpool low middling at the same; average low middling at 18½c; good style do, at 18¾c; strict do. at 18⅞; middling at 19 and 19⅛c, and strict middling at 19½ and 19⅝c. Several sales of low middling having been reported at 18¾c, we reduce their figures on the outside for that grade, but late in the day there was very little, if any, to be had under 18⅞c, average lists selling at 18¾@18⅞c. The tendency latterly was so strong in favor of factors that some authorities reported the advance to be ½@¾c.

The Exchange reports: "Market active and very firm at quotations."

Stock on hand Sept. 1st, 1871—bales		[illegible]
Arrived since last statement		[illegible]
Arrived previously		[illegible]
Cleared to-day		[illegible]
Cleared previously		[illegible]
Stock on hand and on shipboard not cleared		[illegible]
Stock last year		[illegible]

To-day's exports embraced 11,856 bales to Liverpool, and 16,368 to Havre. Receipts proper since last evening 1716 bales, against 2810 on last Saturday, and 6000 last year, making a total proper since August 31 of 284,1[illegible] bales, against 3[illegible] last year.

TOBACCO.—There are no sellers here, but the supplies are too scant to all them. There has been some small receipts of the new crop, and we quote lugs 7@9c; low leaf 9@10c; medium 10½@11½c; good 12@14c; fine and selections 15@16c.

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO.—There is very little doing on account of the low stage of water in the tributaries. All descriptions are quoted at [illegible] for common and packing.

FREIGHTS.—Rates have ruled more favorable for shippers, with an ample supply of freight room and some competition among [illegible]. The offerings are fair and the rates for cotton by steam for Liverpool are 10-16@9-16d; New York ¾c; Philadelphia [illegible]; Havre [illegible] Bremen and Hamburg [illegible]. Sail for Liverpool, [illegible]. Ship [illegible] for Havre 1⅛c; Bremen 1⅛c; Genoa [illegible]. [illegible] was taken for Liverpool at ⅞d for cotton.

SUGAR.—Received 379 hhds. The demand is fair, and the market is firmer at yesterday's prices. The supplies have been small. We quote at 6@6⅝c for inferior; 7@7¾c for common; 7¾@8c for good common; 7¾@8c for fair; 8@8½c for fully fair; 9@9½c for prime; 10@10¼c for choice; [illegible] for yellow clarified; [illegible] white.

MOLASSES.—The demand is good, and prices for the better grades have advanced about 2c ℔ gallon. The supplies have sold at 15@25c for inferior and centrifugal; 25@30c for common and centrifugal; [illegible] for prime; [illegible] for strictly prime, and [illegible] for choice.

FLOUR.—The market is quiet but firm, with a good supply of superfine and double extra. Treble extra is in fair supply and the stock consists mainly of choice. The sales are confined to 850 bbls, of which 100 superfine at $6 50, 25 treble extra at $7 75, 100 choice extra at $8 ℔ bbl.

CORN.—Is scarce. It is in request and prices have ruled firmer. 1000 sacks were sold, of which 600 yellow at 77c; 600 white at 78c; 100 ordinary white at 75; 100 and 200 white at 80 ℔ bushel.

OATS.—Are in fair supply and moderate demand. 200 sacks sold at 56c, and 50 at 56c ℔ bushel.

BRAN.—Is in good supply and fair request. 100 sacks sold at $1 40 ℔ 100 lbs.

HAY.—Is dull. 100 bales prime Western sold at $35 and 37 50 ℔ ton.

PORK.—Is dull. Mess is offering at $14 75 ℔ bbl. A lot of 50 bbls was sold from the Jackson Railroad depot at $14 50 ℔ bbl. It is retailing at $15@15 25 ℔ bbl.

BACON.—Is dull and more depressed. 15 and 20 casks clear sides sold at 7⅞c. Shoulders and sides are quoted at 7⅞c round and are retailing at that.

DRY SALT MEAT.—Shoulders are offering at 6½c ℔ lb.

HAMS.—Continue very dull. Choice sugar-cured are quoted nominally at 15 to 16c ℔ lb.

WHISKY.—A lot of 50 bbls choice Western-rectified sold at 91 ℔ gallon. Choice is scarce and in demand, and good proof is quoted at $1; and ordinary is dull, and offering at 90c ℔ gallon.

VINEGAR.—A lot of 25 bbls choice Vinegar sold at 15c ℔ gallon.

LARD.—Is in demand for export. 80 tierces refined sold at 9⅛c, and we have heard of several hundred tierces refined, not reported, at the same price. The market closed firm at 9¾c. Packers is quoted at 9½@9¾c; kegs are quoted at 10@10¼c for packers and refined.

BREAKFAST BACON.—Is in good supply and very dull. Choice Western is quoted at 9@10c ℔ lb.

CORN MEAL.—Is [illegible], and is retailing at $4 ℔ bbl.

ESCULENTS.—New York Potatoes are selling on the landing at $2 50@3 50; Onions $3 50@3 75 ℔ bbl. Western Potatoes are selling at $2@2 50 ℔ bbl; Onions $3@4; Apples $3@6 ℔ bbl; Cabbages $8@10 ℔ box; Sourkrout $11@13 ℔ bbl; Horse Radish $6@7; Turnips $3; Carrots $3; Beets $3; Parsnips $3; Western Beans $9@11; Northern $12@13; Green Peas $6@7; Dried Apples and Peaches 6@7c ℔ lb.

POULTRY AND EGGS.—Chickens are selling on the landing at $6@6 50 for the old and $2 50@3 for the young; Ducks $4@5; Geese $9@13; Turkeys $12@20; Eggs 37@40c ℔ dozen.

BUTTER.—Choice is in light supply and good demand. Inferior is dull and unsaleable. Choice Western commands 30@ 37½c; Goshen 30@40c ℔ lb.

CHEESE.—Choice is in light supply and good demand; poor is neglected. Western Reserve commands 13c; choice factory 14½@15c ℔ lb. New York cream 16@17c.

TALLOW.—Is in demand for export and sells readily at 9½c ℔ lb.

STAR CANDLES.—Are scarce and in demand at 19@19½c ℔ lb.

LOUISIANA RICE.—Is in active demand at 7½@8c for fair, and 9c for prime. Common is neglected.

BAGGING.—There is no demand for round lots. Dealers are filling orders for the country at 16½@17c. Bale [illegible] bales; 16c in rolls; 17c for jute and [illegible] Western Bagging.

NAVAL STORES.—The market is now supplied with high grades, but Nos. 1 and 2 continue scarce and in demand. No. 1 Rosin commands $6 50; No. 2 $6 50; Pale $6@6 50 ℔ lb. Tar $3 75 ℔ half bbl and $7 ℔ bbl. Pitch $3 ℔ bbl for Lake and $4 50 for Domestic. Spirits Turpentine dull at 70c ℔ gallon.

HIDES.—Dry Hides are in light supply and command 18½@19c. Green salted are in demand and there are orders here for Texas stretched in excess of the supply of them. Dry salt are quoted at 14c; country green 8@8½c; city wet salted 9¼@10c ℔ lb.

MOSS.—Is in light supply, but there is very little demand. Clean picked is quoted 6¼@6½c; country picked 5¼@6c ℔ lb.

HOPS.—Are dull. Inferior in store, is quoted at 70@75c; choice 80@85c ℔ lb.

MALT.—Is also dull. Western in store is quoted at $1 60@1 65; Canada $1 70@1 80; choice Canada $1 75 ℔ bushel.

COTTON SEED.—Is coming in freely, and meets with ready sale at $13 ℔ ton, sacks returned, and $14 50 with the sacks.

WOOL.—The demand has fallen off at the North, and in consequence buyers here have retired. Lake is quoted at 40@42c; Louisiana clean 37@38c; Mexican improved [illegible].

COOPERAGE.—Is dull. Sugar hogsheads are quoted at $4 25@4 50 each; molasses barrels $2 25 and half-barrels at $1 40. Second-hand barrels $1 25 each. Green poles are scarce. Barrel poles command $26 ℔ 1000, and hogshead poles $40@50; Barrel staves $60; hogshead staves $80@90 ℔ 1000.

LARD OIL.—Is in fair demand, with a light stock. It commands $1 ℔ gallon.

HOLLAND [illegible].—Are selling at $1 75 ℔ keg.

COFFEE.—The demand is only moderate, and we quote [illegible] @19¼c; fair [illegible]. Robert [illegible], Marks & Co., in their circular of this date, make the stock in first hands 2000 sacks, and sales for the week 6900 sacks.

SALT.—The market is quiet and we quote Liverpool coarse $1 15@1 20; fine $1 60@1 85; Turk's Island $1 20@1 40 ℔ sack. When taken from warehouse a deduction is made for drayage. Table Salt in pockets is selling at 9½@10c each, as in size.

Cattle Market.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 10, 1871.

Arrived yesterday—50 Calves and Yearlings, 251 Sheep.

Sold [illegible] Texas Beeves, 30 Calves and Yearlings, 80 Hogs, 25 Sheep, on hand.

On hand—[illegible] Texas Beeves, [illegible] Calves and Yearlings, 1877 Hogs, [illegible] Sheep and [illegible] Milch Cows.

Choice Beeves, corn-fed, 1st quality, ℔ lb net	[illegible]	[illegible]
Texas Beeves, corn-fed, 2d quality, ℔ lb	[illegible]	[illegible]
Texas Beeves, choice, ℔ head	[illegible]	[illegible]
Texas Beeves, 1st quality, ℔ head	[illegible]	[illegible]
Texas Beeves, 2d quality, ℔ head	[illegible]	[illegible]
Texas Cattle, 3d quality, ℔ head	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hogs, ℔ lb gross	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sheep, 1st quality, ℔ head	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sheep, 2d quality, ℔ head	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sheep, 3d quality, ℔ head	[illegible]	[illegible]
Milch Cows, choice, ℔ head	[illegible]	[illegible]
Milch Cows, ℔ head	[illegible]	[illegible]
Texas Cows, with Calves, ℔ head	[illegible]	[illegible]
Yearlings, ℔ head	[illegible]	[illegible]
Calves, average price	[illegible]	[illegible]
Veal	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mutton	[illegible]	[illegible]

CHICAGO RELIEF FUND.

The committee appointed at a public meeting held October 10, 1871, at the Lyceum Hall, New Orleans, to collect subscriptions for the sufferers by the Chicago fire, report the following as the result of their labors:

Fifty-eight subscription books were issued, and were returned with the following amounts:

No.	Collector.	Amount.
1	John I. Adams & Co.	[illegible]
2	Sanders, Raymond & Delbende	[illegible]
3	Charles Lavaree	[illegible]
4	F. LaBorde	[illegible]
5	Charles E. Slayback	[illegible]
6	Joseph Bleven	[illegible]
7	Dr. J. Dupuy	[illegible]
8	James T. Tucker	[illegible]
9	E. J. Hart	[illegible]
10	I. N. Marks, Jacobs, Marks & McCreavy	[illegible]
11	Hy. Renshaw, returned blank	
12	S. Levy	[illegible]
13	A. Blackmar	[illegible]
14	Am. Fortier	[illegible]
15	Isaac Scherck	[illegible]
16	Edward Conroy	[illegible]
17	James Jackson	[illegible]
18	H. M. Fry	[illegible]
19	R. T. Walshe, returned blank	
20	George D. Hite, returned blank	
21	R. Herschmann	[illegible]
22	John G. Gaines	[illegible]
23	George Jonas	[illegible]
24	S. H. Kennedy	[illegible]
25	Rudolph Seig	[illegible]
26	Louis Schneider	[illegible]
27	Walter O. Robinson, returned blank	
28	Patrick Irwin	[illegible]
29	Thomas Layton, returned blank	
30	Albert Baldwin	[illegible]
31	Alfred Moulton, returned blank	
32	Fred Wing, returned blank	
33	J. Q. A. Fellows, returned blank	
34	C. A. Bremer, returned blank	
35	[illegible]	[illegible]
36	[illegible]	[illegible]
37	J. L. Gubernator	[illegible]
38	[illegible]	[illegible]
39	[illegible], returned blank	
40	[illegible], returned blank	
41	[illegible], returned blank	
42	James A. Gresham	[illegible]
43	David Jamison	[illegible]
44	A. Manneson, returned blank	
45	[illegible]	[illegible]
46	Chas. Lafitte	[illegible]
47	E. M. Arvis, returned blank	
48	Davis & Jackson	[illegible]
49	A. Carriere	[illegible]
50	[illegible]	[illegible]
51	Benjamin F. Flanders	[illegible]
52	Amedée Candorie	[illegible]
53	S. H. Todd, returned blank	
54	A. B. Seghers, returned blank	
55	A. P. Penford	[illegible]
56	P. F. Herwig, returned blank	
57	Louisiana National Bank, returned blank	
58	[illegible]	[illegible]

Total subscriptions .... [illegible]

Statement of receipts and disbursements of the Chicago Relief Fund:

[illegible]

Balance to credit Chicago Relief Fund .... [illegible]

The amounts disbursed by I. N. Marks, Esq., Mayor and committees were to relieve Chicago sufferers arriving in distress in this city and forwarding them.

The various books and papers and vouchers are at the Mayor's office for inspection.

The committee and subscribers are respectfully invited to meet in the Mayor's parlor on MONDAY, December 11, 1871, at 12 o'clock A. M., to pass upon the accounts and to determine whether any or what portion of the funds remaining on hand shall be applied by the relief of the sufferers by the fires in the Northwest.

I. N. MARKS,
Chairman Committee.

AMUSEMENTS.

St. Charles Theatre.

BEN DE BAR .... Proprietor.
BENEFIT OF MR. F. GLEASON—Treasurer, for this night only.
THE CHAPMAN SISTERS,
Mr. John Collins and Mr. Ben DeBar in the following bills:
CHECK MATE, HIS LAST LEGS, and TOODLES. dec10 1t

Varieties Theatre.

Director .... LAWRENCE BARRETT.
Stage Manager .... JOHN M. SELWYN.
Engagement of the distinguished favorite Comedian JOHN E. OWENS.
Monday and Tuesday Evenings, and Matinée Wednesday.
EVERYBODY'S FRIEND and SOLON SHINGLE.
Wednesday and Thursday Evenings—"The Victims." Friday evening and Saturday Matinée—"Loan of a Lover." Saturday evening—"Married Life" and "Forty Winks."
Box office open from 10 o'clock A. M. to 4 P. M. daily. Matinée Every Wednesday and Saturday. No Extra Charge for Reserved Seats. dec10 1t

To the Public and Tax-Payers.
JOHN T. DUFOUR,
60 .... EXCHANGE ALLEY 60
Between Bienville and Customhouse streets.
SETTLES all back taxes, City and State; takes all the necessary steps to obtain a reduction of exorbitant assessments; corrects errors of names on rolls, etc. No responsibility solicits the patronage of tax-payers. oc12 1y

Office of the Credit Foncier of La., New Orleans, November 28th, 1871.
AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the above Association, held THIS DAY, the following gentlemen were unanimously elected:
J. A. FERNANDEZ, President.
ALFRED BAULET, Secretary.
By order of the President.
ALF. BAULET, Secretary.

OFFICE BOARD OF STATE ENGINEERS, New Orleans, December 1, 1871.—To Contractors and Planters.—From a correspondence between the Commission of Levee Engineers and the Governor, it appears that the Louisiana Levee Company are not prepared to build all the levees necessary to protect the State from overflow, and the Governor having directed us to prepare the State if possible—we, by the Act of [illegible], call for proposals to build the levees in the State necessary for protection, not already commenced under auspices of the Levee Company, upon the condition that we will issue certificates of indebtedness, to be paid by the Levee Company or the State, as the Legislature may decide. We therefore invite sealed proposals up to the 10th day of December, for any and every levee work needed to protect the country from overflow, upon the usual basis.
M. JEFF. THOMPSON,
WM. J. HATCH,
F. E. DUMAS,
Board of State Engineers.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
Cor. Fulton, Water and Pearl Sts., N. Y.
THIS well known favorite hotel has recently been renovated, remodeled and furnished new and elegantly throughout. It is kept on the European plan, and has ample accommodations for four hundred guests.
The location is more accessible to all parts of New York and Brooklyn than any other house in the city. The Broadway stages pass the hotel every few minutes, besides various lines of street cars, one of which connects every other route in New York.
It being but two blocks from Fulton Ferry, makes it convenient for those wishing to visit the City of Churches, and from the Ferry driving to all principal business houses in the city at present.
ALEX. N. TERRY, Proprietor.

Agents Wanted!
FOR the Universal Twine and Thread Cutter and TRUE TWINE, THREAD, FINGERS AND TEETH. Something everybody wants. Sample mailed on receipt of 25 cents.
GEORGE DAVIS, Broadway, New York.

To Rent.
THE FINE RESIDENCE on Dumaine street, between Tremé and Marais streets, No. 213, containing two parlors and eight rooms, with large yard, servants' rooms and all necessary appurtenances. Apply to JOHN FLATH, No. 79 Dumaine street, or to H. LESSEPS, No. 79 Frenchmen street, between Conti and Bienville streets.

For Rent.
OFFICE No. 70 Bienville street, between Royal and Bourbon, occupied for several years by the late C. Dufour. Apply to E. DUFOUR, No. 109 Customhouse street, or at the office of this paper.

Tennessee Sugar Kettles,
From the celebrated STACKER IRON WORKS,
—Now—
Messrs. Woods, Yeatman & Co.'s.
A FULL ASSORTMENT on hand. Also, Grate Bars and Furnace Mouths of the most approved pattern.
E. F. LA VILLEBEUVRE,
Commission Merchant, 18 Union street.

New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad.
SPECIAL NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.
ON and after MONDAY, December 11th, 1871, until further notice, [illegible] ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will be run from Magnolia to New Orleans on [illegible] Sunday Mornings Only, [illegible].
New Orleans, Dec. 7th, 1871.
E. D. FROST,
Gen. Supt.

Fine Guns! Fine Guns!
J. R. COOPER'S
Celebrated PIN and CENTRAL FIRE Breech-loading
Double Guns,
Known throughout the WORLD for their SUPERIOR QUALITY.
Orders [illegible] for the importation of ONE OR MORE of the above FINE GUNS, by
JOSEPH LENES,
72 Chartres street, Up-stairs.
N. B.—GUN IMPLEMENTS ALWAYS ON HAND.

New Orleans Academy of Sciences.
UNIVERSITY BUILDING,
Baronne street, corner of Common and Dryades streets.
A LECTURE will be given on MONDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, by Prof. W. H. Knapp, on the Minerals of Calcasieu:
THE SULPHUR MINE OF CALCASIEU.
The public are invited to attend.

Locquet Institute,
UNDER THE DIRECTION OF
MISS M. A. BURR,
263 .... St. Charles Street 263
OPPOSITE TIVOLI CIRCLE.
DAY AND BOARDING SCHOOL for Young Ladies.
For prospectus, apply at the Academy, or through the Postoffice, Lock Box 121.

SUCCESSION OF WIDOW MOUNT.
SECOND DISTRICT COURT—No. 34,397.—Notice is hereby given to all parties having any claims against the above succession to present them, within ten days from this date.
[illegible]
Testamentary Executor.

Money—Money.
$85,000 TO LOAN
THE LOAN AND PLEDGE ASSOCIATION (Accommodation Bank), under the Masonic Hall, corner of St. Charles and Perdido streets, Loan Money on Pledges of ALL KINDS of property at from THREE to FIVE per cent. Parties in the city having Pianos, Furniture, Watches, Diamonds, or any other article, can have them appraised at their residence upon application by letter or otherwise to the Cashier.
All business with this Association strictly private.
Pledges can be renewed for any length of time desired by [illegible] the interest paid.
Private entrance for Ladies on Perdido street.

Office New Orleans and Carrollton Railroad Company,
NEW ORLEANS, LA., Dec. 1, 1871.
THE Annual Election for Directors of this Company, will take place, according to law, on MONDAY, January 8th, 1872, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., at the office of the Company, No. 18 Baronne street.
P. McBRIDE, Secretary.

Notice to Painters.
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
New Orleans, December 7, 1871.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until WEDNESDAY, the 13th instant, at 11 o'clock A. M., to furnish, paint and stamp License Plates for Vehicles for 1872, in accordance with specifications which can be had on application to this office.
The City reserves the right to reject any and all bids.
All parties making proposals for this contract are required to deposit with the Administrator of Finance the evidence of their intention to abide by the adjudication (the amount of One Hundred Dollars in cash), which shall be forfeited to the city in case of failure to sign the contract.
Bidders to whom contract is not awarded shall have their deposit returned to them on the day the adjudication is made.
No bids will be received unless accompanied by the certificate of the Administrator of Finance certifying that the required cash deposit has been made.
The bidder to whom this contract is awarded will be required to furnish bonds in the amount of One Thousand Dollars, as security for the faithful performance of his contract.
JOHN S. WALTON,
Administrator of Finance.

Office of the New Orleans Mutual Insurance Company,
NEW ORLEANS, 8th December, 1871.
NOTICE is hereby given, that in conformity with Article Fifth of the Charter of this Company, the annual election for Twelve Directors to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the office, corner Canal and Camp streets, on TUESDAY, the 26th December, 1871, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., the 25th of December, day named in the Charter for the Election, being a holiday.
F. W. BURKE, Secretary.

Office of the Mutual National Bank,
88 CANAL STREET.
AN election for Nine Directors to serve for the coming year, will be held at this Bank, on the SECOND TUESDAY in January next, (9th, prox.), between 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
New Orleans, Dec. 8th, 1871.
JOSEPH MITCHEL, Cashier.

Office Jefferson and Lake Pontchartrain Railway Company,
NEW ORLEANS, LA., Dec. 1, 1871.
THE Annual Election for Directors of this Company, will take place, according to law, on MONDAY, January 8th, 1872, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., at the office of the Company, No. 18 Baronne street.
P. McBRIDE, Secretary.

New Orleans Mutual Insurance Association,
New Orleans, December 8, 1871.
AN election for twelve Directors of the New Orleans Mutual Insurance Association, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the office of said Insurance Association, No. 39 Exchange Alley, on TUESDAY, the 26th of December, 1871, from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., the 25th of December, day fixed by the charter for the election being a holiday.
G. LANAUX, Secretary.

Southern Bank,
New Orleans, 6th November, 1871.
AN ELECTION for six Directors of this Bank, to serve the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House on the 11th December, 1871, from twelve o'clock M. to one o'clock P. M.
E. DEVAUGAN, Cashier.

New Orleans Canal and Banking Co.,
New Orleans, December [illegible], 1871.
THE annual election for Seven Directors of this Institution, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, corner Camp and Gravier streets, on the Second Monday in December next (the 11th), between the hours of 10 A. M. and 12 P. M.
CH. JUMONVILLE, Cashier.

Bank of America,
New Orleans, November 15, 1871.
AN election for Thirteen Directors of this Institution, to serve the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, corner of Canal street and Exchange Alley, on WEDNESDAY, the 13th December next, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
J. B. PASCAL, Cashier.

A. B. Griswold & Co.,
IMPORTERS of fine WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, FANCY GOODS, CUTLERY, and manufacturers of STERLING SILVERWARE, corner Canal and Royal streets, New Orleans.

Dr. G. A. BETANCOURT,
SURGEON DENTIST,
171 .... St. Joseph Street 171
Between Camp and St. Charles,
NEW ORLEANS.

$20 ONLY—ONLY $20.
DR. CHS. MERMILLOD respectfully informs his friends and the public that being desirous that all, rich and poor, should enjoy the benefit of Artificial Teeth, he has determined to manufacture Vulcanized Gutta Percha Teeth, which he offers at $20. All Surgical and Mechanical Operations carefully made on moderate terms. He can be found daily, from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M., at Dr. L. Duperrier's office, No. 86 Bienville street, corner Royal.
PAINLESS EXTRACTION OF TEETH.

Dr. CHAS. E. KELLS,
DENTIST.
OFFICE and RESIDENCE No. 58 Dauphine Street, second house from Canal street.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN under the influence of NITROUS OXYD GAS.

A. DELPIT & CO.,
TOBACCO MANUFACTORY.
13 and 15 .... St. Louis Street .... 13 and 15
DESIRING to reduce their immense stock offer from this date a very material reduction in their prices. Large concessions will be made to dealers, who will do well to profit by an occasion so rarely offered.

JOS. LLADO, AGENT, CORNER OF ST. Charles and Common streets, (under the St. Charles Hotel,) always on hand a fresh supply of MINERAL WATERS, on draft and by the bottle; choice DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PERFUMERIES, etc.; Llado's Blood Purifier; Fla. Rheumatic Mixture; the Indian Mixture, etc.; celebrated Wahoo Bitters.
Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours of the day and night.

Notice.
ST. LOUIS HOTEL ASSOCIATION.
IN conformity to a resolution of the Board of Directors, adopted November 27th, 1871, subscribers to the Capital Stock of the St. Louis Hotel Association are notified that a call is hereby made for the Third Installment of five dollars per share on the amount of their respective subscriptions, payable on the third day of January next (1872), at the office of said Association, Room No. 9 St. Louis Hotel.
CHS. LAFITTE, President pro tem.
New Orleans, Nov. 28th, 1871.

Louis Stern & Brother's
FERTILIZERS,
Raw Bone, Super Phosphate Fine Ground Bone.
WM. CREEVY,
28 Carondelet street.

GROVER & BAKER'S
WORLD RENOWNED
Sewing Machines.
[illegible] the Legion of Honor at the Paris Exposition, and many first premiums in Mississippi, Louisiana, Alabama and Texas during the past three years than all the other Machines combined, and sell greater than any other.
General Office—60 Canal st., New Orleans, La.
Branch Office—Main street, Baton Rouge, La.

ERNEST C. VILLERE, DEALER IN FINE WINES, LIQUORS, CORDIALS, ALE, PORTER, etc., etc., 185 Common street, under the Gas Office, New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., November 25, 1871.
I HAVE this day disposed of my entire interest in the firm of PIKE, LAPEYRE & BROTHER to Mr. [illegible] PIKE, BROTHER & CO., to William S. Pike, who assumes all liabilities of the firm, and is alone authorized to liquidate their affairs.
Retiring from business, I return thanks to my friends for their favors heretofore extended to me and solicit for them a continuance of same with my successors.
A. BROTHER.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., November 25, 1871.
From this date ALEXANDER BROTHER, Esq., retires from our firm. The business will be continued as heretofore under the same style of PIKE, BROTHER & CO.
George A. Pike has an interest in our business from this date.
WM. S. PIKE,
R. SHEPPERD,
F. BLASC.

Great Sale of Forfeited Pledges.
PLEDGES forfeited to the LOAN AND PLEDGE ASSOCIATION.—Nearly one thousand in number, consisting of the greatest variety of personal property, every description of Diamonds, Rubies, Opals, Gold Watches and fine Gold Jewelry, Silverware, etc., etc., will be sold at Public Auction, without reserve, to the highest bidder, for cash. The sale to commence at 12 o'clock, DECEMBER [illegible], 1871, at the office of said Association, corner of St. Charles and Perdido streets, and continue till closed out.
By order of the board of Directors.
R. B. BENTON, President.
B. M. WOOD, Cashier.

RAILROADS.

New Orleans, Mobile
—AND—
TEXAS RAILROAD.

Change of Schedule.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1871.

DEPARTURE AND ARRIVAL OF TRAINS.

11 A. M. Express (leaves daily) arrives at Mobile at 5:20 P. M., connecting with Through Trains for Louisville, St. Louis, Atlanta, Lynchburg and all points North, East and West. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars run by this train, from New Orleans to Louisville, also from Tensas (near Mobile) to Lynchburg without change.
5 P. M. Evening Express (leaves daily) arrives at Mobile at 11:30 P. M., making close connection with Mobile and Ohio Railroad for Meridian, Selma, Dalton, Lynchburg and New York.
From Mobile Trains leave at 12:45 A. M.—Arrive at New Orleans at 7 A. M. From Mobile Trains leave at 10:30 A. M.—Arrive at New Orleans at 5 P. M.
Through tickets sold at office corner Camp and Common street.

DONALDSONVILLE TRAINS.
Leave New Orleans at .... 8 A. M.
Arrive at Donaldsonville at .... 12:10 noon.
Leave Donaldsonville at .... 1 P. M.
Arrive at New Orleans at .... 5:20 P. M.
Through Freight Trains daily between New Orleans and Mobile. Freight received at foot of Girod street before 6 P. M. delivered at Mobile at 7 A. M. next day. Through Bills of Lading signed for all points North, East and West; also rates for Donaldsonville and way stations, apply at Freight Office at foot of Girod street.
G. W. R. BAYLEY, General Superintendent.
G. G. SAMSON, General Ticket Agent.
W. J. PHELPS, General Freight Agent.

Morgan's "Louisiana and Texas Railroad."

[redacted]

U. S. Mail Route between New Orleans, Western Louisiana and Texas.

THE Ferry Boat will leave the foot of St. Ann street, DAILY, at 7½ A. M., connecting with the PASSENGER TRAIN, leaving Algiers at 8 A. M.
Commutation tickets for 100 days at the office, tickets for all stations on the road sold at the office of the undersigned.
All freight must be prepaid.
Freight for the road or landings on the Teche, and for Opelousas, deliverable at New Iberia or Martinsville, also freight for all landings on Bayou Vermilion, received daily, (Sundays excepted) from 7 A. M. to 5 P. M., at the foot of St. Ann street.
Freight for all points on Bayou Lafourche, between Lockeville and Lockport, for Terrebonne Canal, and for Houma, will be transported at through steamboat rates.
To ensure dispatch, freight must be delivered BEFORE THREE O'CLOCK; all freight received after that hour will go forward on next day's trains.
GEORGE PANDELY, Superintendent.
For freight or passage, apply at office of Morgan and Magazine streets.
No freight received after 5 o'clock.
CHAS. A. WHITNEY & CO. Agents.

TRAVELERS ATTENTION!!

[redacted]

The New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern
—AND—
Mississippi Central Rail Roads

Run their PASSENGER COACHES and BAGGAGE CARS, their combined length, and but one change to New York and intermediate points. The 7:30 A. M. express train leaves New Orleans daily, (except Sundays) and 4:30 P. M. train daily, connecting with all points.
VICKSBURG, MEMPHIS, ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO, LOUISVILLE, and all points beyond. Sleeping Cars on night trains to Grand Junction and Humboldt. The 4:30 P. M. mail train makes schedule connections with Lightning Express Trains to all points—
NORTH, EAST AND WEST.
Time to New York—60 hours!
New and splendid sleeping Cars between Humboldt, Tenn., Cleveland, Tenn., and Louisville, Ky.
Express Train South arrives at N. O. .... [illegible]
Mail Train .... [illegible]
Ticket Office, Galveston—N. O., J. & G. N. and Mississippi Central Railroad Office, Morgan's Line Wharf.
Ticket Office, New Orleans—Corner Camp and Common streets, and at Depot.
BAGGAGE CHECKED FROM RESIDENCE TO DESTINATION.
E. D. FROST, Gen. Supt. N. O. J. & G. N. R. R.
S. D. SEWALL, Gen. Supt. M. C. R. R.
D. F. MOREY, G. T. A. N. O. J. & G. N. R. R.
S. B. CAREY, G. T. A. M. C. R. R.
G. P. ATMORE, General Passenger Agent.

Pontchartrain Railway.

[redacted]

EXCURSIONS TO AND FROM THE LAKE SAME DAY, 25 Cents.

WINTER SCHEDULE:
Commencing October 16th, 1871.

FROM THE LAKE.		FROM THE CITY.	
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

On Sundays the trains will be run hourly from 7 o'clock and 25 minutes P. M.
On Sundays the train will leave the Old Depot every evening, at 4 o'clock A. M., and the Lake End at a quarter after the last closed train.
Passengers will [illegible] the Gentility of the [illegible].
G. PANDELY, General Superintendent.

Organized May, 1866.
JUSTUS LAWRENCE .... President.
J. P. ROGERS .... Secretary.

CONTINENTAL
BUILDING.
Nos. 24, 26, 28, Nassau Street,
NEW YORK.
Policies Issued to Date 45,000
Assets $5,500,00
Surplus .... Over Half Million Dollars.
THIS COMPANY ISSUED MORE POLICIES IN 1870 THAN ANY OTHER COMPANY IN THE WORLD.
PURELY MUTUAL—DIVIDENDS ON CONTRIBUTION PLAN.
NO LIMITATION AS TO TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE.
ALL POLICIES NON-FORFEITABLE.
THIRTY DAYS GRACE IN PAYMENT OF PREMIUM.

GOODE & PICTON,
GENERAL AGENTS,
Department of Louisiana and Texas.
OFFICE:
28 Carondelet,
Between Common and Gravier streets,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.

JULIUS LOEFFLER,
48 .... Royal Street 48
GAS FITTER AND DEALER IN GAS FIXTURES, etc. Keeps constantly on hand a complete stock of GAS FIXTURES, GLOBES, etc.
Special attention is given to Rebronzing and Regilding of Chandeliers and Gas Fixtures of every description.
All work warranted.

STEAMSHIPS.

For New York.

SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

Merchants' Steamship Line.

Comprising the first-class Steamships
SHERMAN .... Capt. THOS. HALSEY
GEN. MEADE .... Capt. A. W. SAMPSON
UNITED STATES .... Capt. E. HOWES
MISSISSIPPI .... Capt. W. P. RENNEY
WESTERN METROPOLIS .... Capt. H. S. QUICK
EMILY B. SOUDER .... Capt. R. F. BURDICK
Sailing from New York and New Orleans.
The steamship
SHERMAN,
HALSEY, Commander,
will leave her wharf, opposite Jefferson street, on
Saturday, December 16, at 8 A. M.
These steamers have superior accommodations for passengers.
CABIN PASSAGE .... $50 00.
STEERAGE PASSAGE .... 25 00.
Through Bills Lading signed to Liverpool, Glasgow, Hamburg and Bremen.
Through TICKETS for first class and Steerage Passengers for Liverpool and the Continent connecting with Cunard Line of Steamers, sailing from New York every WEDNESDAY.
For freight or passage apply to
JOHN A. LUDWIGSEN, Agent,
No. 108 Common street.

For New York Direct.

Cromwell Line.

This line is composed of the following steamships:
GEO. WASHINGTON, CORTES,
GEO. CROMWELL, ST. LOUIS.
The steamer
GEO. CROMWELL,
E. L. CLAPP, Commander,
will leave her wharf, foot of Toulouse street,
Sunday, December 17, at 8 A. M.
PASSAGE .... $50.
Freight for LIVERPOOL, BREMEN, HAVRE taken by this line, and through Bills Lading given for the same.
For freight or passage apply to
ALFRED MOULTON,
61 Carondelet street.

For Philadelphia, via Havana.

To sail on SATURDAY, December 16, at 8 P. M.
THE line A1 Steamship JUNIATA.
Harris, commander.
For freight or passage apply to
WM. CREEVY, Agent,
Corner Carondelet and Gravier streets.
The steamship YAZOO, Catherine, commander, will follow, and sail on her regular day.

TEXAS.

Morgan Lines U. S. Mail Steamers.

The following low-pressure Iron Steamships form these lines, viz:
AGNES, ALABAMA, AUSTIN,
CLINTON, CITY OF NORFOLK,
HARLAN, I. C. HARRIS, W. G. HEWES,
HUTCHINSON, JOSEPHINE, MATAGORDA,
MORGAN, ST. MARY, WHITNEY.

For Galveston and Indianola—
Steamer
I. C. HARRIS,
J. P. FARWELL, Master.
Will leave foot of St. Joseph street, on
TUESDAY, December 12, at 8 A. M.
Freight taken at special rates.
Lavaca freight landed at Indianola wharf.

FOR BRAZOS SANTIAGO, Rockport, etc. Brazos, Fulton and Corpus Christi via Mississippi River—Steamer
MORGAN,
Capt. J. B. LOCKWOOD, Commander,
Will leave foot of St. Joseph street on
WEDNESDAY, December 13th, at 8 A. M.
Freight for Corpus Christi and St. Mary landed at Rockport.
Lighterage at Brazos Santiago at expense of consignees.

FOR GALVESTON—Leaving Four times a week. U. S. Mail Route, via Morgan City, 6 A. M. and Texas R. R. and Steamships. FOR PASSENGERS AND MAILS ONLY. Passengers take the Railroad Ferry Boat, foot of St. Ann street, at 7½ A. M., reaching Brashear City at 11½ A. M., there connecting with steamer
JOSEPHINE,
TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS.
WHITNEY,
WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.
CITY OF NORFOLK,
THURSDAYS and SUNDAYS.
Tickets and Staterooms secured until 8 P. M. daily (Sundays excepted) at Agent's office, or the Ferry Landing on the morning of departure.
CHAS. A. WHITNEY & CO., Agents,
corner Magazine and Natchez streets.

MOBILE.

FOR MOBILE.
MORGAN LINE U. S. MAIL STEAMERS
MARY, LOUISE,
FRANCES, LAURA,
SARAH.
CHANGE OF FARE.
Cabin passage, $5, including berth; meals extra.
Deck passage $1 50.
One of the above will leave daily on the arrival of the 4½ P. M. train, Pontchartrain Railroad.
Tickets and staterooms secured at office of undersigned.
Through bills of lading signed for Alabama River and Bigbee rivers to Montgomery and Georgia.
All through Bills Lading must be signed before 8 P. M. the day previous to sailing.
Cotton and goods must be marked in full to destination.
The Morgan Line is not responsible for goods beyond Mobile.
Shipments on merchandise to and from Mobile must be prepaid.
All goods must be marked in full to destination. All goods bound from Mobile must be prepaid.
CHAS. A. WHITNEY & CO., Agents,
corner Magazine and Natchez sts.

To Factors and Planters!

KLOPPENBURG'S COTTON GIN STANDS,
397 .... Baronne Street 397
Between Victory street,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.

HAVING made thorough repairs for the new season, I respectfully inform the Factors and Planters that I am again prepared to fill all orders for sacks for the shipment of seed cotton, which will be furnished to responsible planters, free of charge.
Will GIN and BALE COTTON at the same rates as formerly, viz: For the seed only, and charge for bagging and ties at the market rate.
All ORDERS will be PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO if left in box at No. 369 Gravier street, corner of Baronne street. Also, Lock Box 604, Postoffice.
The celebrated E. CARVER & CO. GIN for sale.
H. W. KLOPPENBURG,
Per J. F. Cotage.

COBB, DOLHONDE & CO.,
SAINT LOUIS, MO.

COBB, DOLHONDE & CO.,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Provisions, Breadstuffs, Whiskies.
Agents for the celebrated J. A. Miller Chicken Cock pure old Bourbon and Rye Whiskies. Also, for other Western Distillers and Rectifiers.
Consignments of and orders solicited for Western and Southern Produce generally. Cash advances made.

D. DEHAVEN. J. W. ROBERTSON.
ROBERTSON & CO.,
Over E. Conrey & Sons,
No. 4 .... CANAL STREET .... No. 4
GENERAL AGENTS
AND
Commission Merchants.

JOS. BRANDNER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
34—Bourbon—34
Between Customhouse and Bienville,
NEW ORLEANS.

Sugar Hogsheads for Sale.
HOGSHEADS can now be supplied at moderate prices in such quantities as may be desired upon application to
B. LAFAUNTA,
No. 24 Elysian Fields street,
between Chartres and Victory streets.

HILL'S EXTRA GOLD PENS.
FACTORY,
16 .... Commercial Place 16
NEW ORLEANS.
ALL styles Pens and Holders made—22 PENS. Finest points in the World—Pocket Pens, Ladies' Pens.
Gold Holders and Pencils, FACTORY PRICES.
Gold Pens repaired at 50 and 75 cents.

JEFFERSON ACADEMY,
48 .... BOURBON STREET 48
Between Bienville and Customhouse streets,
—CONDUCTED BY—
G. J. LORD.
THIS establishment will re-open on MONDAY, the [illegible], when the students are expected to be present. Parents who intend to send their sons are requested to enter them early in the session.

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