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RATES OF ADVERTISING.
One Dollar for every TEN lines, in each language, for the first insertion, and HALF that price for each subsequent one. No advertisement inserted for less than one dollar in each language.
☞ Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged one dollar for every TEN lines for [illegible] each insertion.
☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to their immediate business strictly within the line of their business, and is extended to one square every other day.

THE DAILY BEE.

☞ FOR STEAMBOAT DEPARTURES, SEE FRENCH SIDE.

Tuesday Morning, August 8, 1854.

☞ THE NORTHERN MAIL came through yesterday with the latest dates.

THE GREYTOWN AFFAIR.

OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS.

On Monday, the 31st ult., in compliance with a call of the House of Representatives, the President of the United States laid before Congress a number of documents relating to, and explanatory of the recent destruction of Greytown. These papers consist of letters covering the contents of the Washington Union, and are prefaced simply by five lines from Mr. Marcy which, so far from declaring, as the bordering telegraph asserted, that Capt. Hollins had acted under his orders, do not make the faintest allusion to such a fact.

The documents accompanying this message embrace a very voluminous correspondence, of which the most material is a letter from Secretary Marcy, dated June 9th, 1854, addressed to Mr. Fabens, United States Commercial Agent at San Juan del Norte, of which the following are the most important passages:

"You were instructed in my former letter to notify the people of San Juan to repair the injury they have caused to the Accessory Transit Company by withholding from it the property which had been stolen and taken to San Juan, and by protecting the persons who were guilty of the felony. It is hoped that the town will have adjusted that matter to the entire satisfaction of the company, and in that way Commander Hollins will be relieved from the disagreeable necessity of taking any action in regard to that subject. You will on the arrival of Commander Hollins explain to him what has been done in the matter.

"Mr. Borland, our minister to Central America, has represented to this Government that he was recently at San Juan, he was insulted by the authorities or people of that place. An insult offered to the nation as well as to him individually, cannot be permitted to pass unnoticed. If done by order of the authorities of the place, they must answer for it in their assumed character. Nothing short of an apology for the outrage will save the place from the infliction it at such an act justly merits. It is expected that this apology will be promptly made, and satisfactory assurances given to Commander Hollins of future good conduct towards the United States and public functionaries who may in future be at that place. If the outrage was committed by lawless individuals without the authority or connivance of the town, then it is clearly the duty of those who exercise the power at San Juan to inflict upon them exemplary punishment. The neglect to bring them to justice is assuming on the part of the nominal magistrates there the responsibility for the act to so unrivalled a [illegible]. In such a case not to punish is an implied sanction of the acts of the transgressors. It is hoped the authorities will [illegible] to satisfy Commander Hollins that they have done what was incumbent on them in the way of bringing the offenders to punishment."

The annexed letter of instructions from Secretary Dobbin is the only warrant for the high-handed conduct of Capt. Hollins; and the reader will not fail to perceive that it is studiously and guarded in its language:

NAVY DEPARTMENT, June 10th, 1854.

"The Government has recently received information that the interests of our countrymen in the presence of a national vessel at San Juan or Greytown, and from your experience in [illegible] and confidence in your energy and [illegible] and in pursuance with the wishes of the President, the department has concluded that you proceed with the Cyane to [illegible] as soon as she can be fully ready for sea. The property of the American citizens interested in the Accessory Transit Company has been unlawfully detained by the inhabitants of Greytown. Apprehension of further outrages will be committed [illegible] Mr. Borland, has been treated with [illegible] disrespect.

"You will however, learn from Mr. Fabens, the commercial agent at Greytown, more particularly the conduct of those people and the views of this Government which have been communicated to him from the State Department. You will consult with him freely, and ascertain the precise state of the facts. Now, it is very desirable that these people should be taught that the United States will not tolerate these outrages, and that they have the power and the determination to check them. It is, however, very much to be hoped that you can effect the purposes of your visit without a resort to violence and destruction of property and loss of life. The presence of your vessel will no doubt [illegible]. The Department reposes much in your prudence and good sense.

"Your instructions have acquainted you with the particular political position of this town, and the political interests of your Government to it. Further it is known there no power than you may deem necessary, as it is a warm and unhealthy city.

"You will advise the Department of your proceedings, and after leaving Greytown will return to Pensacola and receive orders of the Department. New instructions, if not earlier, will constitute a part of his squadron.

"I am, respectfully, your obedient,
J. C. DOBBIN
"Commander GEORGE N. HOLLINS, U. S. ship Cyane, N. Y."

In the rest of the correspondence we find that the following facts: that Mr. Fabens demanded in the name of the authorities of Greytown the outstanding claim of the Accessory Transit Company and restoration of certain property [illegible] within the territory by that Company; that the authorities of the town; that Hollins demanded in addition immediate payment of $16,000, as the proper indemnity for property and outrages committed [illegible] of Mr. Borland, that no answer was [illegible] to these demands, that the town was bombarded, and subsequently set on fire [illegible] by a party of marines from the Cyane. The story as related by the papers [illegible] country, proves to be substantially correct, even to the protest of the Commander of the British vessel Bermuda, and the refusal of Capt. Hollins to treat with him, that the double the force of the Cyane, [illegible] the two vessels might try conclusions.

[illegible] we have been unable to discover [illegible] in these mass of documents to [illegible] Capt. Hollins, or to mitigate the violence with which it has been freely [illegible]. It is very evident from the character of the instructions, that the instructions [illegible] the Commander of the Cyane were [illegible] vague and general, and that the President evinces no willingness whatever to assume the responsibility of the bombardment. [illegible] in its comments upon the correspondence, distinctly shields the Executive from [illegible]. It says:

"It will be seen that the course of the President and cabinet has been grossly and wickedly misrepresented by those New York journals. Some of them have undertaken, in the most positive terms, to state the instructions given to Captain Hollins, and to assert that the course pursued by him in the destruction of Greytown was distinctly indicated in his instructions. Upon turning to the letter of instructions, the recklessness of these assertions will be apparent. The letter was drawn by Secretary Dobbin, and is prepared with singular care and caution. We do not propose to indulge in any comments, either of commendation or of censure, as to the conduct of Captain Hollins, &c., &c."

If the President, according to the Union and the correspondence, is to be held blameless [illegible] premises, upon whom must the responsibility devolve? Is Commander HOLLINS to [illegible]? He will point to Secretary DOBBIN's letter, which though careful in tone, clearly [illegible] the settlement of the question to his [illegible]. Armed, therefore, with full powers, [illegible] that he acted to the best of his [illegible] and we hardly know how the plea [illegible] overruled.

THE WATER WORKS.

[illegible] an explanation tendered us by the Superintendent of the Water Works, in reference to the scarcity of water during the conflagration on Saturday, it appears that the Company is not to blame for this misfortune. A [illegible] ordinance requires the scavengers to close [illegible] plugs immediately on the alarm of fire [illegible]. This ordinance was culpably [illegible]. At the breaking out of the fire up [illegible] plugs were open, and it was impossible for the Company to furnish an adequate supply of water until at least a part of these were closed. The Company did what it could towards effecting this result, and finally succeeded by concentrating the supply at the scene of the conflagration.

We trust the Street Commissioner will look into this gross neglect of duty by his underlings and report them to the proper authorities.

[illegible] MUTUAL INSURANCE.—We stated yesterday that the loss incurred by this company by the disastrous fire of Saturday, was [illegible]. We are requested by the Secretary to state that this is an error, and that the loss of the Louisiana Mutual Insurance Company will not exceed $20,000.

HAVANA.

Arrival of the Philadelphia.

The U. S. steamship Philadelphia, H. Wilson, Commander, arrived yesterday morning, having left New York on the 27th ult., and arrived at Havana, the 3d inst. After landing her mails and passengers she left again the same day. The Philadelphia brings 45 passengers and a cargo of merchandise. Our thanks are due the purser, Mr. FULTZ, for files of Havana papers. They are, however, exceedingly uninteresting. They make no further allusion to the Spanish revolution, and of local intelligence there is very little. "PETER HICKS," the New York correspondent of the Diario de la Marina entertains that journal with the usual story of the progress of the cholera, and considerable abuse of many of our public men.

Bull fights are getting into vogue despite the warm weather.

HARPER'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE.—We are indebted to J. B. STEEL, No. 60 Camp street, for the August number of this popular periodical. It is full of interest and variety.

By Telegraph!

Transmitted to the New Orleans Bee.

[By the Southern Line.]

Congressional—Reciprocity Treaty Passed.

WASHINGTON, August 3.—The Senate has passed the Fortification Bill, and ratified the Canadian Reciprocity Treaty.

In the House the General Appropriation Bill has passed.

Spanish Insurrection—Queen Fled.

WASHINGTON, August 3.—Letters have been received by the State Department from Mr. Buchanan, our Minister at London, stating that the insurrection in Spain was entirely successful, and that the Queen had fled.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Aug 3d.—There was a fair demand in the Cotton market yesterday, and prices were firm. Flour was dull and prices tending downward. Sales of Good Ohio at $8 50@9 per barrel.

North Carolina Election.

CHARLESTON, S. C., August 6.—The election in North Carolina, took place on Thursday, but so far, returns have been received from only four counties. These show a gain of 800 votes for Dockery the Whig candidate. The Whigs also gain a Senator and three members of the lower House. The Hon. Wm. A. Graham is elected State Senator.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 6—Returns have been received from 19 counties of North Carolina, showing a gain for Dockery, Whig of 1900 votes. The Whigs, however, lose three members of the Lower House, and the result is doubtful.

ARRIVAL OF THE EL DORADO.

California.

The United States Mail Steamship *El Dorado*, Alfred G. Gray, Commanding, arrived at her wharf, opposite Jackson Square, yesterday, at 12 o'clock.

She left Aspinwall at 10 A. M. August 1st, with the California mails and passengers.

Steamship *Empire City* left Aspinwall at the same time, direct for New York, with 250 passengers, the mails and one million two thousand eight hundred and seventy-five dollars.

The Isthmus still continues healthy, although a considerable quantity of rain has fallen during the last fortnight. The cars now run up to the summit, and the distance thence to Panama is soon accomplished without trouble or risk.

A guard of 50 men is stationed between the summit and Panama, for the purpose of protecting passengers in crossing. They have arrested seven of the robbers who have been annoying passengers for some time past, and Col. Totten intends to give them *Jeddart* justice—hang them first and judge them afterwards.

The following is a list of passengers by *El Dorado*:

E Jacobs, lady and daughter; S Haber; S H Levy; Sir John Hart; J M Owen; B F McNevy; M Day Monteillon; J Muniton; J Bomer; G Parkham; Rosa Perry; J McDonald; J C Heotus; D G Smith; Thomas Jones; B Woodruff; F Gassler; J Moore Carey; J McLaughlin; J Brown; W Cardell; M M'Manus, L Limped and others.

The crowded state of our columns compels us to condense the California and other news by this arrival. The *Alta California* furnishes the subjoined summary of events:

SUMMARY.

Of the Events of the Fortnight ending July 15.

THE STATE.—The political excitement has reached a high point between the two sections of the Democratic party. The State Convention will meet on the 18th. The anti-Broderick men claim to have a large majority of the delegates; the Broderick men make the same claim, and about one-fourth of the seats are contested by double delegations, so that it is very probable that there will be two Conventions.

The Whigs will hold their Convention a few days after the Democratic Convention, but there is no excitement among them.

A very destructive fire occurred in Sacramento on the 13th. It began about half past 12 A. M., in the block between 3d and 4th and J and K streets, and raged about five hours, destroying six entire blocks, and causing a loss of about $400,000.

The town of Columbia, in Tuolumne county, was burned down on the morning of the 11th inst. The loss is estimated at $500,000.

The town of Minnesota, in Nevada county, was burned down, except 3 houses, on the 5th. Loss estimated at $52,000.

Fourteen hundred acres of wheat were burnt in Suisun and Vaca valley on the 7th.

Four hundred acres of wheat were burned at San Bernardino on the 28th June.

Twelve buildings in Sonora were burned in a conflagration on the night of the 3d.

Mr. Stines, who was acting the part of peacemaker, between a couple of combatants at Nevada, on the 1st of the month, was killed by a pistol shot from one of the parties.

There are a number of wild horses on the Fresno, at the head of the San Joaquin Valley, and it is said that a party of Mexicans lately caught in one day 500 of them, worth $7,500.

A telegraph line is to be constructed from Stockton to Sonora.

A large number of locusts have appeared on the Calaveras, and have done a good deal of injury.

At Grass Valley, on the 4th, a German named Swerblow, residing at Nevada, was shot accidentally and killed by the owner of a grizzly bear, which he was endeavoring with his pistol to scare out of the cage to fight for the amusement of the assembly.

A couple of Indians were hung at Sutter Creek, by Lynch law, for the murder of a white man.

The low prices of farming produce press severely on the tillers of the soil, particularly those who have had a number of hired servants. The Editor of the *California Farmer* says that millions of bushels of potatoes will rot in California this year for want of consumers.

THE MINES.—A party which went out from Los Angeles, several months ago, to prospect the Colorado, has returned, after a lengthy and unsuccessful search for gold mines.

The discovery of a Quicksilver mine in Mariposa county is reported.

The hydraulic ditch of Jones, Turner & Co., at Coloma, was sold on the 1st instant, under the Sheriff's hammer, for $65,000.

A flume two miles in length is to be made from Scott River to facilitate mining at Hamburg Bar, and other diggings on the Klamath near the junction, where there is a great deal of rich earth heretofore unworkable for want of water.

A party has been formed in San Diego to prospect the country on the north of the Gila, near the San Francisco river, where gold has been found in small quantities by travellers.

THE CITY.—A very destructive fire occurred on the morning of the 11th. The fire began in the square between Washington, Jackson, Front and Davis streets. That block was destroyed, and a number of houses in adjoining squares. About 85 houses were destroyed, and the loss is estimated at about $225,000. The whole tract burned over was built of wood on piles. The tide was out at the time, and the fact that the water being about 12 feet below the street and very shallow, prevented the firemen from extinguishing the fire sooner.

A fire occurred on the night of the 8th, on the corner of Front and Clark streets. Loss about $2,500.

A party of 20 Mormon Missionaries; all young men, most of them in their teens, and one only 15 years old, are in this city on their way from Utah to the Sandwich Islands.

The news of the removal of Lieut. Beale, Indian Superintendent, has caused a good deal of discontent. The charge that he is a defaulter, rumored to be the cause of his removal, finds little faith. Mr. T. J. Henly, the new appointee has entered upon the duties of the office, and has gone to the Reserve at the Tejon.

Mr. J. Ross Browne, the traveller and author, is now in this city, and proposes to proceed hence to Japan, Mancheria and Tartary.

On the 6th, the claimant of a portion of Merchant street erected a fence in the street to enclose his lot. The Mayor ordered the Marshal to remove the fence. The Marshal refused—Subsequently the Mayor saw the person who erected the fence, and the latter consented to the removal. The Mayor then engaged a man to remove the fence, whereupon the Marshal, though informed that the removal was by the consent of the land claimant, and by the direction of the Mayor, arrested the workmen.

The Council held an extra session that evening, and impeached the Marshal for disobedience to the Mayor on various occasions. The Mayor, by the City Charter, is declared to be the chief of the police. The Council are now holding nightly sessions as a Court to try the Marshal on impeachment.

The appropriations made by the City Council for the fiscal year, amount to $660,000.

The cost of the City Government for the year ending June 30th, 1854, was $676,275, of which $62,000 were for the Common Schools. The receipts for the same time were $935,000.

The celebration of the 4th July, passed off very happily. Gen. Wool reviewed the citizen soldiery on the Plaza, at 10 o'clock in the morning. The procession was formed soon after and was very long. In its ranks were the soldiery, the remnants of the New York Volunteers who came to California in 1846, the Fire Department, the German Turn Verein Society, the Lafayette (French) Hook and Ladder Company, in military uniform, the Trade Union of Riggers and Stevedores, the Odd Fellows, the Sons of Temperance, and the Chinese.

The Council on the 6th, adopted an ordinance to abolish the Hoadly grades and establish a new grade which requires less excavation and embankment.

Miss Hayes, C. R. Thorne and family, Miss Kate Denain and several other artists, started for Australia on the 8th, in a sailing vessel.

The steamer *Polynesia*, started on her first trip to the Sandwich Islands on the 8th.

The steamship *America* was sold at Marshal's sale on the 14th, for $35,000.

A *nolle prosequi* has been entered in the case of Avery, from Springfield, Mass, who killed Hannah Russell, on the *Yankee Blade*, off Cape Horn. He is said to be insane.

OREGON.

Very rich diggings have been found on the Coquille River, about forty miles from Port Orford, and there is great excitement in consequence. Port Orford is deserted by everybody but a few merchants.

PANAMA AND ASPINWALL.

Our dates are to the 1st inst. There is little local news in the papers. The *Star* of the 30th ult., states that the French steamer *Phoque* had captured a Russian brig of 200 tons in the neighborhood of Valparaiso—she had been on a voyage to Havana, and was returning at the time.

The Aspinwall papers are full of comments on the San Juan affair. The *Courier* copies some excellent articles from the Kingston *Morning Chronicle*, advising England to declare war against the United States, and blockade every position the Atlantic!

SOUTH AMERICA.

CHILI.—The dates are to the 15th June. [illegible] has [illegible], but nothing of interest has been done. The Valparaiso *Echo* contains an account of the destruction by fire of the ship *Townsend* of Boston, Capt. Woodman, on the 20th May, in latitude 38 South. The Captain and crew, 23 in number, had to take to the boats during very heavy weather, and after a voyage of 300 miles, one out of four boats and 12 out of 23 of the crew succeeded in reaching Juan Fernandez, where they were hospitably received and forwarded to Valparaiso.

PERU.—The advices are to the 13th July. Echenique is about to take the command.

The News says that an ample apology has been made for the outrage committed by the press-gang at the U. S. Legation in Lima, on the evening of the 6th ult. The soldiers in fault have been punished as they deserved; and the wounded servant of the Legation has received a recompense from the government treasury. So, this affair, which might have led to serious difficulty, has been promptly and creditably arranged, owing to the decided course pursued by the Minister of the United States.

EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE ALPS.

The Cunard steamer *Alps*, from Liverpool, with dates to the 19th ult., reached Boston on the morning of the 31st, with four days later intelligence.

A Vienna despatch of the 17th July, gives a rumor that Prince Paskiewitch was dead.

The Paris *Presse* states Omar Pasha returns his loss at Guirgeva on the 7th and 8th, at 1,700 men.

The Russian force at Frateschti was 70,000 strong with artillery, and was continually being reinforced.

Three hundred persons had been arrested at St. Petersburg, under the apprehension of an outbreak. The police told them that no positive accusation could be made against them, but their political oppositions had rendered their imprisonment a matter of necessity.

The Allied forces were in full march for the Danube on the 8th of July. Only French troops had reached Rutschuk. The English were at Embellar, a little place midway between Schomla and Rutschuk.

PARIS, Tuesday.—Advices from Madrid of the 15th, state that the garrison and town of Barcelona, had pronounced against the government.

The War.

Private despatches received at Paris state that the Turks under Omar Pasha had entered Bucharest.

The *Moniteur* does not mention this, but only says that "the army of Omar Pacha, with the English and French auxiliaries, amounted to at least 60,000 men—and that Prince Gortchakoff has likewise 60,000—a battle between these two armies is close at hand."

From Genova, it is stated that Mehemet Pacha defeated the Russian Brigade at Czernovada, in the Dobrudscha, on the 8th, after a battle of five hours and took possession of the place.

The Turks have crossed the Danube in force at several points.

On the 9th and 10th the Turks attacked Brigadiers Pavloff and Solmonoff, with other Russian detachments at Frateschi, north of Giurgevo. The Russians were completely routed.

By advices from Hermanstadt 16th, we learn Prince Gortschakoff was at Frateschi with 70,000 men.

It was rumored that General Aurep had committed suicide.

Isli Pacha defeated Gen. Propoff's division at Nicopolis on the 9th.

There were 25,000 of the Allies at Rutschuk on the 10th.

We have nothing new from the Black Sea, the Baltic, or Asia.

Many additional rumors of new negotiations were current.

From Vienna, 17th, it is stated that the Austrian ultimatum had either been sent or would be sent on that day to St. Petersburg, demanding the evacuation of the Danubian Principalities within a certain time. The term mentioned is understood to be one month.

The Austrian correspondent says that "as regards the present phase of the Oriental question, and the answer brought by Prince Gortschakoff, the demands of Austria and Prussia are but imperfectly satisfied, but there are some materials which might possibly serve as a basis for the peace negotiations. These are left to the decision of the Western Powers. Upon receipt of their answer, Austria, acting upon her convention with Prussia, and Turkey upon her cordial understanding with the Western powers will take all measures requisite for the re-establishment of the balance of power in Europe, and for the integrity of Turkey, and for a general peace on a safe basis.

Lord John Russell has given notice that the Government will ask the country for an additional war credit. It is thought that the opposition will make it a party question, and if possible defeat the Ministry and cause them to resign. This discussion comes on to night, Wednesday, the 19th ult.

The London morning Chronicle publishes the following statement:—"A request, it is understood, was submitted to the Cabinet Council held on Saturday last, for permission to allow Sir Charles Napier, with the fleet under his command, to attack Cronstadt. Sir James Graham, first Lord of the Admiralty, and the Duke of Newcastle, War Minister, attended a privy council held on Monday, by the Queen, to consider the same application, and the resolution of the Cabinet, and although the result has not transpired, the despatch of Brigadier General Harry D. Jones and a company of Royal Sappers and Miners from Chatham, leaves little doubt as to the answer sent to the gallant Admiral in command of the Baltic fleet. The Dauntless, screw steam frigate, brought home the application from Sir Charles, and is now on her way back with the answer."

SPAIN.

The Madrid correspondent of the London Times, under date of July —, says—"The insurrection daily appears more likely to become a general revolution in a liberal sense.—O'Donnell, convinced that the country will not move for the mere purpose of making him Prime Minister, is more and more disposed to enter into the views of the "progressistas."—There is a strong report here that Queen Christina leaves this place for Paris on the 17th instant. This looks like a retreat if true.—I am the more inclined to think it may be, because the guards have again been stationed on the road from this place to Burgos, from which 1, the other day, mentioned they had been withdrawn. North of Burgos, a Carlist party has appeared, about 30 men strong, headed by a priest whom they call the *Cura di Hernani*—the iron priest. There is another Carlist band in Navarre."

From Perpignan, the 15th the advices state that the garrison and town of Barcelona have pronounced against the government. The regiment of Navarre and the Guadalaxara took the initiative amidst the acclaims of the people.—The military governor is at the head of the movement, to which the Captain General adhered amidst shouts of long live the constitution—down with the Ministers—away with Queen Christiana.

ARRIVAL OF THE CANADA.

THREE DAYS LATER.

The steamship *Canada* arrived at Halifax on the 31st ult., with dates from Liverpool to the 22d.

There is nothing new of importance from the seat of war.

Austria's conduct was becoming more doubtful and suspicious.

The Spanish insurrection was spreading rapidly, under General Espartero.

The War.

No change had occurred in the state of Eastern affairs, and none was likely to occur until after further consideration by the English and French governments of the recent conduct of Austria.

The Paris correspondent of the London Morning Chronicle makes the following important communication. He says that the Cabinets of Vienna and Berlin have communicated to the English and French governments, the impression produced upon them by the answer of Emperor Nicholas to the summons sent him by Austria to evacuate the principalities.

The German powers now announce that in their opinion the propositions contained in the Russian answer, if not altogether satisfactory, appear to them calculated to serve as a basis for further negotiations, and they propose that Prague shall be fixed upon as the seat of further conferences. They moreover expressed an opinion that it will not be possible to call upon Russia to evacuate the principalities if it be not at the same time clearly understood that the Allied Powers shall stop their movements in advance. In other words, Austria has fallen back into an alliance with Russia. All the Austrian reserves are to be called out and placed on a war footing.

Accounts from St. Petersburg state that the Czar is determined not to yield—but discontent prevailed at the Capital.

The details received, show that the recent victory at Giorgevo was achieved by the Turks unassisted—leaving the whole banks of the Danube from Turno to Oltenitza in their hands.

The main body of the Turkish army is said to be moving towards the mouth of the Danube.

None of the Anglo-French troops have yet been in action.

The allies have repaired and occupied the Russian batteries at the Sulina mouth of the Danube, and are employed in removing sunken ships from the channel.

The Russian Danube flotilla must soon fall into the hands of the allies. Free navigation of the Danube is again re-established.

English seamen from the fleet have been sent to man the Turkish boats on the Danube, with the intention of capturing the Russian river flotillas.

The Russians have burned Matchin. Gen. Aurop, having been disgraced from rank for want of success, shot himself.

French troops from Adrianople are marching towards Varna.

The British are in camp at Devana.

The French and English are slowly drawing their lines around the Russians.

Omar Pasha had reviewed the Anglo-French troops.

The Black Sea.

On the 7th the combined fleets were seen off Akerman, sailing east.

It was reported that Admiral Bruat had forced the entrance to Novorissisch, mouth of Anapa.

ASIA.—Kerim Pasha had surprised 12,000 Russians, and defeated them, capturing 6 guns and 400 men at a pass in the mountains.

GREECE.—The Porte consents to re-open Turkish ports to Greek merchantmen, but demands from Greece indemnity for losses sustained through the recent Greek insurrection.

SPAIN.—The news is very important. The insurrection was spreading rapidly. By telegraph from Bayonne, the 20th, it is stated that [illegible] and the garrison have pronounced against the Queen. The Cabinet is dissolved, and San Luis, the premier, has fled.

[illegible]

THE LATEST.—A list of the new ministry is out, namely—Duke Rivas, President; Manuel Moyana, Foreign Affairs; Pioz Rosas, Interior—all moderators—and Senor Larserna, Justice; Enters, Finance, Roads, Public Works, all progressistas.

A period of anarchy is feared.

GREAT BRITAIN.—In the House of Commons, Lord John Russell stated that the Queen would send a message on the 24th inst., demanding an extra vote of credit for £3,000,000 sterling, for the general purposes of the war.

The rapid passage of the steamship Golden Age, from Australia to Panama, had excited favorable comments from the English press.

From the first of August, the postage between Great Britain and Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Newfoundland will be reduced at six pence.

Mr. Hale, the inventor of Hale's rocket, died at Constantinople.

Carlist guerrilla bands have appeared in Catalonia.

Rumors were current that Queen Christiana had fled to Bayonne, and that Queen Isabella had left Madrid: also, that the Duke of Montpensier had been declared Lieutenant General of the kingdom; but all these rumors were considered doubtful.

General Concha and Gonzalez Bravo have arrived in England.

Manuel Concha has escaped from the Canary Islands.

Gen. Massarabo has fled to France.

The insurgents if successful may offer the throne to Don Pedro of Portugal. The French Government is said to favor the insurrection.—An Aid de Camp of the King of Portugal is understood to have sought an interview with Napoleon to consult him on the subject. Napoleon replied that he could not enter into the project, but did not say he would interfere to prevent it.

It is surmised that Russia is implicated in the insurrection, with a view of distracting the attention of France and England.

FRANCE.—Marshal St. Arnaud has returned to France.

The Emperor and Empress left Paris on the 19th, for Bayonne, on their way to the baths of Careb.

Count Casimer Bathyany died at Paris on the 12th inst.

The Latest.

DANTZIC, July 20.—The Nicolai has arrived here, having left Baro Sound with the allied fleet. On the 16th the fleet went to Aland Island.

A letter from Kiel of the 19th, published in a Berlin newspaper, says the French expeditionary army of the Baltic will disembark provisionally at the Island of Zeland, and Denmark will shortly abandon her neutrality.

Prussia and Austria, it is said, have asked France and England to state the conditions on which they are willing to conclude peace.

The Russian party asserts that the military operations of the allies are nearly at a stand still, and that the attack on Sebastopol is indefinitely postponed; that the attack on Cronstadt will not take place this year, and that the great battle near Bucharest is problematical. Hostile operations are reduced to a simple blockade, and in the end Russia will triumph by her diplomacy.

HERMANSTADT, July 16.—The Turks have taken up a position at Passapauri, near Giurgevo.

The Swedish Legislature reports in favor of a decimal coinage.

PARIS.—Advices received from Madrid of the 18th inst., state that the insurgents were masters of Madrid. During the night the troops engaged acted vigorously against the barricades, but for the most part unsuccessfully.

LONDON.—In the House of Lords, the Earl of Harrington asked the Ministers whether they had authorized Lord Westmoreland to state to the Cabinet of Vienna that Polish subjects of Russia would not be allowed to enter the English army, or to follow the standard of the allies.

The Earl of Aberdeen replied that no such instructions had been given. The Earl of Aberdeen then brought forward the following message from the Queen, which was read by the Lord Chancellor:

"Her Majesty deeming it expedient to provide for any additional expenses which may arise in consequence of the war in which Her Majesty is engaged against the Emperor of Russia, on the defensive and offensive, asks of the House of Lords their concurrence in such measures as may be necessary for making provision accordingly."

The message will be taken into consideration on Monday.

The latest advices from Madrid are to the 18th. The Gazette publishes a list of new ministers.

Gen. Cavagi is appointed Commander of Cavalry at Madrid. The insurgents were masters at Madrid. The troops were engaged against the barricades, and fighting was going on in several parts of the capital when the despatch left.

A battle had been fought between O'Donnell and Blaser—the latter was defeated, wounded and taken prisoner. The populace have sacked the palace of Christiana at Salamander, near Grenada.

The whole of Catalonia has risen—the Capt. General leads it, and there has been fighting at several points.

A private telegraphic despatch from Constantinople received in Paris states that the Russians had met with a check near Batoum.

Four thousand Turks have been sent from Varna into Circassia.

Commercial Intelligence.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, July 21st, 1854.—Messrs. Brown, Shipley & Co.'s Circular states that the cotton market opened heavy in the early part of the week, but since Tuesday the demand has improved, and prices to-day are firm at last week's figures. The market, however, has been freely supplied. The sales of the week were 51,250 bales, of which speculators took 5,680 bales, and exporters 7,750 bales. The closing prices this evening were: New Orleans fair, 6¾; middling, 5¾; Mobile fair, 6⅛; middling 5⅛; ordinary qualities, 4¾ a 5½; inferior, 3¾ a 4¼. The sales to-day (Friday) were 6,000 bales and the market closed steady. The stock of cotton in port is estimated at 971,100 bales, of which there are of American 629,000 bales.

BREADSTUFFS.—The market continues dull, and prices are irregular. For a few days past there has been rather a panic in the trade. Flour has declined three or four and six-pence per bbl. Western Canal is quoted at 29s 6d @ 29s 6d; Philadelphia and Baltimore and Canadian at 30s 6d; Ohio at 31s. Wheat has also largely declined—several respectable houses having lowered their quotations as much as one shilling per 70 lbs. The prices may be stated at 9s 10d @ 9s 10d for white and 9s 6d @ 9s 10d for red.

Indian Corn is in limited request at 30s 6d @ 32s 6d for white and yellow of fair quality, and 31s for mixed.

The London Money market was rather more stringent, and Consols closed to-day, (Friday) at 92 1-8 @ 2¼.

Liverpool Cotton Market.

Liverpool, July 21.—Messrs. Milligan, Evans & Lamprière report the Cotton market moderately active during the week, the sales reaching 51,000 bales at the following quotations: New Orleans fair 6⅝; middling 5⅞; Uplands fair 6⅛; middling 5⅝. Speculators have taken 6,000 bales, and Exporters 8,000.

Breadstuffs Market.

Breadstuffs still tend downward, and Western Canal Flour sells at 30s, and Ohio 32s per bbl. Indian Corn has declined to 32s per quarter for white and yellow.

Consols have fluctuated considerably during the week, but closed steady at 92¼ to-day.

TELEGRAPHIC ITEMS.

RETURN OF THE SICILIAN STEAMER.—New York, July 31.—The Sicilian steamer Sicilia, which sailed from this port on Saturday for Gibraltar, returned this morning on account of the bad quality of her coal, finding it impossible to generate sufficient steam. Cumberland coal is the only article for ocean steamers.

CHOLERA AND THE WEATHER.—New York, July 31.—The weather is clear this morning, with the thermometer about 90. There was about the average number of cholera cases and deaths in this city and vicinity yesterday. The number of deaths in the city was about 35.

TRIAL OF CAPT. DOWNING.—Philadelphia, July 31.—The Naval Court Martial re-assembled this morning, when Capt. Downing's defence was delivered by his counsel, Wm. H. Crable, Esq. It is an able and brilliant document, and is very severe upon Capt. Pendleton. The general impression is that the accused will be cleared.

DEATH OF A RAILROAD SUPERINTENDENT.—Oswego, July 29.—George C. Skinner, Superintendent of the Oswego Railroad dropped dead this evening. He was in perfect health half an hour before. He died of disease of the heart.

A MURDERER TO BE HUNG.—Boston, July 29.—The Executive has appointed Friday, September 29, for the execution of Thomas Casey, convicted of Murdering Mr. and Mrs. Taylor, in Natick, over a year since.

ARREST OF PUGILISTS.—Morissey and Poole the two infamous pugilists, were yesterday arrested and held to bail to keep the peace for one year, in the sum of $5,000 each.

LATER FROM NASSAU.—New York, July 31.—We have dates from Nassau to the 19th. The markets were unchanged, and the general health of the place very good.

CHOLERA AT NEW YORK.—New York, July 31.—There was ten new cases and three deaths of cholera at the Franklin street Hospital today.

CHOLERA AT HALIFAX.—St. Johns, N. B., July 31.—There has been thirty-six deaths from cholera in this city to-day.

WASHINGTON AFFAIRS.—Washington, Aug. 1.—The House will hereafter meet at 10 o'clock. There is an immense amount of business pressing upon Congress, and there is great hustle and confusion in both Houses, consequent upon the press of business, and those interested in the passage, pressing members for action on their bills.

It is very hot here to-day—the thermometer standing standing at 93. An attempt to prolong the session after August 4 will fail.

☞ The Buffalo *Republic* learns that an extensive secret organization is on foot among German born citizens, having the following objects in view:

1st. Opposition to negro slavery.
2d. Opposition to every species of religious bigotry.
3d. Opposition to Sunday laws.
4th. Opposition to prohibitory liquor legislation.

The regular meetings of the lodges take place every Sunday, and special meetings are occasionally held when required. The *Republic* gives much prominence to the movement, a full explanation of which, translated from a German newspaper, it publishes in its columns.

MAN KILLED.—The Catahoula *Advocate* says:

On Sunday morning, 23d ult., Mr. Jno Turner, with his [illegible], Leonard Mowbley, went to the house of a poor woman, near the [illegible] and Catahoula Lake, who earned a [illegible]. [illegible]

It is also reported that J. D. Meshloss, J. P., went out to the place, and [illegible]. [illegible]

☞ We call attention of buyers to the sale of damaged bagging and rope, which takes place this day at 10 o'clock by Murphy and Revise.

CONGRESS.

In the SENATE on the 31st, it was agreed to meet hereafter at half past ten o'clock.

The bill for the relief of the Batchelder family was passed, 34 to 14.

The River and Harbor bill was debated until the close of the sitting.

In the House, a motion to take up the Texas debt bill was negatived.

The House went into committee on the General Appropriation bill, and did nothing but talk.

OUR WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

WASHINGTON, July 31, 1854.

A singular fatality has attended the occupants of the White House for some years past. Commence with General Harrison. He occupied it just one month and was succeeded by John Tyler whose wife died while he acted as President, and he married again before he left the Mansion. Mr. Polk died shortly after leaving it, and Gen. Taylor soon followed him. Col. Bliss passed away ere long and was soon followed by Mrs. Taylor, his mother-in-law. Mr. Fillmore had scarcely left the mansion in the pleasing hope to retire to his own modest dwelling at Buffalo, there to enjoy, undisturbed by the cares of public life, the soothing and enlivening society of his "wife, children and friends," when the partner of his joys and the sharer of his sorrows, fell by his side, and was taken to Buffalo a corpse. And now has fallen that affectionate, amiable and estimable daughter, to whom his heart clung with more than a father's affection, and who loved him with more than a daughter's love. She was to him as it were, "the last rose of summer, left blooming alone;" the light of his house, the presiding genius of his little, narrowed domestic circle.

Truly may it be said:

"The paths of glory lead but to the grave."

Mr. Van Buren and Mr. Fillmore are the only persons living who have discharged the duties of Chief Magistrate of the United States, save the present occupant of the White House.

Mr. Elliot of Mass., brought forward a proposition the other day, in the House, to repeal the Fugitive Slave law, and forced members to vote thereon by calling the ayes and noes. The yeas were 45, the nays 120. The proposition was brought forward much against the wishes of many who had either to vote in the affirmative, or unseat themselves and throw the political power of New England into the hands of the rabid, abolitionised free soilers, and who have no desire to disturb that law. They were aware that their votes seemed to be an ungracious flaunt in the face of the Southern National Whigs, and yet no other course was left them, though Southern Whigs may not be able to understand the why and wherefore of their course. One northern Whig, Mr. Farley, of Maine, voted in the negative, saying at the same time that that vote would perhaps cost him his seat; a suspicion which his colleagues think will certainly become a reality.

The movement was exceedingly mal-apropos and wholly uncalled for. The only good it could do was to make capital at home for the mover, and few others. He exploded the bomb, but the killed and wounded are as yet few; if any were killed by it, it was a friend. If demagogues would but let this slave question alone, there would soon spring up confidence and the best understanding between Northern and Southern men. Mr. Elliot is a very young member, and though a very worthy man, would be none the worse for a little more experience, with which would come discretion, "I, wisdom, dwell with prudence."

The Senate to-day passed a bill, moved as an amendment to a private bill placing $3000 in trust for the Widow and children of Batchelder, who was killed in the Burns affair, Boston. It was warmly opposed by Seward, Chase and Sumner, for about two hours, but passed 34 to 14.

The House refused to-day to suspend the rules in order to take up the bill to pay the creditors of Texas, and came within seven votes of repealing the Kansas Nebraska bill in Committee of the Whole. The latter came up in this wise: The Senate had made an amendment to the civil and diplomatic bill removing the seat of Government from Fort Leavenworth to such place as the President might designate, and of course repealing this part of the Kansas and Nebraska act. A motion made to strike out the words "this part of," so as to leave the amendment to read in such a manner as to repeal that act. It created some little stir and merriment at the moment.

The Senate intend going into executive session to-morrow to dispose, finally, if possible, of the reciprocity treaty.

No report as yet from the investigating committees. Nothing from the President yet in reference to the burning of San Jean.

MAISON ROUGE.

IMPORTANT FROM VENEZUELA.—By an arrival at Philadelphia from Porto Cabello, intelligence of importance has been received.

A pronunciamento had taken place in the province of Barquisimeto against the Monagas. A manifesto is published, dated July 11th, 1854, at San Felipe, in said province, signed by the leading military men and citizens of the province, declaring war against the Monagas as tyrants, and recognizing his Excellency General José Antonio Paez as General-in-Chief of the army of operations to restore liberty and order in Venezuela, and calling on him to come and aid in the work of saving the country from misrule.

A similar pronunciamento was expected to have taken place on the same day at Barquisimeto, the capital of the province. It was generally reported at Puerto Cabello that Col. Juan Garcez had taken the city of Coro and was marching towards Caracas, a town on the road leading to the capital of the province, at the head of a considerable force; also, that Colonel Castejon, a well known and brave cavalry officer, had invaded the province of Barinas, and raised the standard against the Monagas dynasty. The whole country appears to be arming against the brothers Monagas.

LOCAL ITEMS.

MORTUARY.—The interments in the city Cemeteries during the past week, were as follows:—

Protestant,	19
Cypress Grove, No. 1,	7
Cypress Grove, No. 2,	25
St. Patrick's,	27
Charity Hospital,	43
Catholic No. 1,	14
Catholic No. 2,	14
St. Vincent de Paul,	39
Lafayette,	24
Total,	212

FIRST DISTRICT.

CHARGE OF PERJURY.—Bertrand Gueberean is to be examined on the 12th instant, on a charge of having committed the crime of perjury in a case recently examined before Recorder Seuzeneau. The charge is made by two of the police officers of the First District.

LARCENY.—Several men who were arrested for stealing from the great fire on Tchoupitoulas street, were arraigned and remanded for examination.

STRUCK WITH A DRAY PIN.—O. B. Broadwell was arrested on a charge of having assaulted and struck Davis Mullen with a dray pin—was remanded for examination on the 11th inst.

CHARGE OF KIDNAPPING.—Henry Flake, whose arrest on a charge of kidnapping we previously mentioned, is to be examined on the 10th instant. The complainant in the case is James McCabe, who alleges that in 1844 he intrusted the accused with the care of his infant son, the mother having died. The child remained with Flake in this city till last summer when he was sent by his foster father to Dalton, Ohio, and there kept under the name of Flake.—McCabe, having heard that his son was at St. Louis, went there for him, but of course did not find him. He subsequently went to Dalton, Ohio, but Samuel Flake, in whose care the youngster had been left refused to give him up. He then returned to this city and procured the arrest of Flake on a charge of kidnapping.

DISCHARGED.—John Leonard, who was arrested on a charge of horse stealing, was yesterday examined and discharged.

ASSAULT WITH A PISTOL.—Dayton Daniels as principal and Hy. A. Page as accessory, are to be examined on the 12 h instant, on a charge of having entered the house of J. E. Gill, on Girod street, and snapped a pistol at him with intent to shoot.

SERIOUSLY HURT.—Joshia Converse, who was injured on Saturday at the fire, by a falling wall, is much more seriously hurt than was at first supposed. He was not only bruised but burnt, and it is feared that his injuries will prove mortal. Mr. John Pralles, the clerk of Messrs. Savage & Co., who was injured by the fall of the same wall is not expected to recover.

LARCENY.—George Washington Dixon was arrested on Sunday, at the instance of the warehouseman of store No. 102 Magazine street, on a charge of having stolen a dray load of hams from said store. It appears that George had in some unaccountable manner obtained possession of the keys of the store, and had placed two thieves therein to guard the premises. The thieves were also arrested; their names are James Durvine, alias Pat Rogers, and Philip McVeigh. Some curious developments are connected in relation to this matter.

SECOND DISTRICT.

LARCENY.—Jones Bello who stole the shirt on Saturday as he was passing Frank Motte's store, on St. Ann street, was yesterday examined and sent before the First District Court for trial.

STABBING CASE.—Anthony Craig was yesterday arrested on Barrack street, for having attempted to kill Michael Hoffin, between 10 and 11 o'clock, by stabbing him in his shoulder. Neither of the parties bears a very reputable character.

DAVY JONES AGAIN.—David Jones, whose arrest on a charge of having stolen a gold watch and other articles from a house on Rampart street, we before chronicled, was yesterday examined before acting Recorder Filleul, and the case being a clear one, he was sent before the First District Court for trial.—Bail (which was not furnished,) $1000.

ASSAULT—STABBING CASE.—Antoine Mine, an employee in a Restaurant, on Main street, was arrested on a charge of having stabbed Joseph Gardere, on the 5th instant. The facts as charged, were proved, and the case was sent before the First District Court. Bail $1000.

DISCHARGED.—Shadrach J. Baer, who was arrested some days ago on a charge of having harbored and concealed a slave belonging to H. Abrahams, was yesterday examined in relation to the matter and was discharged, the evidence appearing to be one for the adjudication of the civil courts.

ATTEMPT TO MURDER AND CONSPIRACY ON THE [illegible].—A fish dealer named Francisco Lopez, yesterday, [illegible]. [illegible]

Another inquest was held on the body of Bridget [illegible], a native of Ireland, aged 30 years, found dead at the corner of North and Girod streets. Verdict—Died of apoplexy.

Another was held on the body of Mary Kelly, aged 30 years, a native of England, found dead at No. 40 Barrack street. Verdict—Died of a congestion of the brain, caused by intemperance.

Another was held on the body of James McLelland, (which was disinterred for that purpose) in the Cypress Grove Cemetery. Verdict—Died of injuries received, caused by the tender coming in contact with the engine on the Mexican Gulf Railroad, on Sunday the 31st ultimo. said accident having resulted from the cars running off the track owing to the bad condition of the road and neglect of duty on the part of the managers thereof."

COMMERCIAL.

The Markets.

BEE OFFICE,
MONDAY EVENING, Aug. 7, 1854.

There has been rather more inquiry to-day, and the sales embrace about 300 bales without any quotable change.

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION—LOUISIANA AND MISSISSIPPI.

Inferior	5½ @ 6¼	Fair	10½ @ 11
Ordinary	7 @ 7½	Fully Fair	—@—
Middling	7¾ @ 8½	Good Fair	—@—
Good Middling	9 @ 9½	Good and Fine	—@—
Middling Fair	9¾ @ —		

Of Tobacco, we notice a sale of 15 hhds, at 5¼c ⅌ lb.

Sales of 130 hhds. Sugar at firm prices; nothing of moment doing in Molasses.

Flour advanced, with sales of 600 bbls. St. Louis, at $6 37½; 100 at $7 12½, and 100 Extra at $8 50 ⅌ bbl.—Market closing at $6 37 for superfine St. Louis.

The sales of Corn embrace 3,500 sacks, including 2000 damaged, at 45c; 500 ordinary, at 60c; 500 yellow, at 55, and 300 at 60c.

Of Oats, 350 sacks St. Louis at 38½c.

Sales of 700 sacks Bran at 80@85c.

In Provisions, 300 bbls. Mess Pork unsuspected, sold at $13 ⅌ bbl. Nothing doing in Bacon and Lard.

Sales of 275 coils Rope, at 9¼c, market firmer.

A lot of 1000 sacks Keyword Salt sold at $1 20.

Exchange market dull, at our quotations:

EXCHANGE OUT DOOR.

Sterling	109½ @ 109⅞ ⅌ ct prem
France	5f. 22½ @ 12½
New York, sixty day bills	1⅞ dis
Do. Checks	½ @ ⅝ ⅌ cent prem
Boston, sixty days	1¾ @ 2 ⅌ cent dis
Philadelphia, sixty days	1¾ @ 2 ⅌ cent dis
Havana, at five to sight days	—@— ⅌ ct prem

Freights were lower, and a ship was taken for Liverpool, at 5/d. for Cotton.

☞ Hoofland's GERMAN BITTERS, prepared and sold by Dr. Jackson, at the German Medical Store, 120 Arch street, Philadelphia, daily increase in their well deserved celebrity, for the cure of all diseases arising from derangement of the liver. These bitters have, indeed, proved a blessing to the afflicted, who show their gratitude by the most flattering testimonials. The medicine has established for itself a name that competitors, however wily their schemes or seductive their promises, cannot reach. It gained the public confidence by the immense benefits that have been derived from it, and will ever maintain its position.

☞ DON'T NEGLECT A BAD COLD; it may speedily lead you to the grave. Get a bottle of STABLER'S ANODYNE CHERRY EXPECTORANT at once—a safe, efficient and scientific remedy, which has been well tried and not found wanting. Many physicians have been informed of its composition, used it in their practice, and have given certificates recommending it in the highest manner. It is the best remedy known for the cure of Coughs, Hoarseness, and other forms of common colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Consumption in an early stage and for the relief of the patient even in the advanced stages of that fatal disease. See descriptive pamphlets, to be had gratis of the Agents. Price of each, only 50 cents per bottle, or six bottles for $2 50.

E. H. STABLER & CO., Proprietors, Wholesale Druggists, Baltimore.

For sale in New Orleans by J. WRIGHT & CO., Wholesale Agents, 151 Chartres st.

Also, by F. KALTEYER & ROBT. McCRACKEN, and by merchants generally throughout the United States.

THE GRAEFENBERG MEDICINES
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THE GRAEFENBERG FAMILY MEDICINES are widely and justly celebrated as the most safe, valuable and reliable Family Medicines ever offered to the public. They are endorsed by the first Physicians of the day, and those who have used them guarantee their beneficial action.

"A most valuable Pamphlet containing a list of more than 60 diseases with their symptoms and treatment, can be obtained without charge." J. WRIGHT & CO., Agents, No. 151 Chartres street.

Who keeps a full supply of the Medicines on hand at all times.

☞ The French bark STELLA, Hermont, master, from Bordeaux, is now discharging at the [illegible] wharf. The consignees are requested to take their consignees within three days from this notice, otherwise their goods shall be sent to the public stores at their expense and risk. EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO., 17 & 19 St. Louis st.

NOTICE.—Neither the Captain nor the consignees of the French bark STELLA, from Bordeaux, will be held responsible for any debt contracted by the crew of said ship.

Removal. GORDON & FOSTER, dealers in flour, having been burnt out in the late fire on Tchoupitoulas street, have taken the store No. 8 Poydras. GORDON & FOSTER.

STATE OF LOUISIANA—FIFTH DISTRICT COURT OF NEW ORLEANS.—I hereby certify, that on the 27th day of July, 1854, judgment was entered in this suit in the words and figures following, to wit: No. [illegible] Amelia Lecarpentier vs. Her Husband—[illegible]. [illegible] Judgment rendered 27th July, 1854. Signed 3d August, 1854. (Signed) D AUGUSTIN, Judge. In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and affixed the seal of the said Court, at the city of New Orleans, on this 5th day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four and in the seventy-ninth year of the independence of the United States. J. O. CHALON, Dy. Clerk.

FRESH PRINTS. THE undersigned is receiving from the North, the following Goods, which he offers at the lowest market prices:—25 cases brown Prints, new pattern; 4 do for mourning and half do; 10 do red Ticks, (Hamilton brand;) 5 do white and brown Canton Flannel, (Hamilton brand;) 4 do do (Towanda brand); 4 do white and blue Merrimack Print; 4 do black and blue Satinett; 2 do Kentucky Jeans, various colors; Daily Expected—A full assortment of Goods, suitable for the city and country trade. Also—Blankets, Kerseys, Linseys, Denims, Cottonades, &c., suitable for planters. LOUIS DUCOURNAU, Chartres street, No. 25 between Customhouse and Canal streets.

LANDING ex French bark, Stella, from Bordeaux—18 casks white wine, Haut-Sauternes; 35 barrels do do do; 30 quarter pipes Edmond Jaulin brandy; for sale by E. LABERT, No 69 Magazine st.

FRUITS IN JUICE—Landing ex ship Stella, from Bordeaux, 20 boxes strawberries in juice; for sale by FDO. DE FUENTES & CO., 22 Old Levee st.

CHERRIES IN BRANDY—250 boxes Cherries in Brandy, to arrive, and for sale by JOS. LANATA, 11 Jefferson and 19 Toulouse st.

WINE—Landing ex ship Stella, of Bordeaux—45 casks Wine, for sale F DeFUENTES & CO., 22 Old Levee st.

50 Boxes Fruits in Brandy, landing from ship Stella, from Bordeaux, for sale by J LANATA, 11 Jefferson, 19 Toulouse.

TINCTURE OF SWISS ARNICA—100 vials Tincture of Swiss Arnica, prepared with the fresh plant. It is used with unrivaled success in the following cases: Bruises, Knocks, Scratches, Stings, Cuts, Headaches, Painful Lumbagoes, &c., &c. For sale by LION & PINSARD, 66 and 68 Royal st corner Bienville.

TONIC OIL—50 vials and 30 half vials Weber's Tonic Oil. This Oil stops the falling out of the Hair after eight days' use, thickens the Hair, and makes it come out again when the roots are not entirely destroyed. LION & PINSARD, 66 and 68 Royal st, corner of Bienville.

SUNDRIES—25 boxes orange flower water; 3 do cedrats and cedrins, 93 do assorted fruits in juice, 30 do assorted brandy fruits; 75 do French soap; 4300 demijohns of 1, 2, 3 and 5 gallons, for sale by PAUL JUGE, SON & CO., 27 St. Louis.

ANTI-RHEUMATISMAL OINTMENT.—100 Pots Anti-Rheumatismal Ointment, and unfailing remedy which will effect a radical cure in a few days. Sale Depot in New Orleans at LION & PINSARD, 66 and 68 Royal st, corner of Bienville.

WINES in Casks and in Boxes—300 casks good ordinary red Wine; 25 do family red Wine; 115 bbls. imitation Madeira Wine; 30 cases Medoc Wine, St. Julien, 1846; 100 boxes Vermouth, for sale by PAUL JUGE, SON & CO., 27 St. Louis st.

CORKS AND BOTTLES — 75 bales Corks for wines, beer, syrup, vials, demijohns and mineral water; 37 Hamper's English Bottles. For sale by PAUL JUGE, SON & CO., St. Louis street.

WINES—80 cases and baskets superior old Madeira, Sherry, Port and Champagne, in store and for sale by S. DE VIRGINE & CO., 28 Old Levee.

INJECTION—INJECTION—200 vials Ricord's Injection, a sure remedy. Radical cure warranted in three days. For sale by LION & PINSARD, 66 and 68 Royal st, corner of Bienville.

LAROZE'S SYRUP.—Laroze's Anti-Nervous Tonic Bitter Orange Peel Syrup. LION & PINSARD, 66 and 68 Royal st, corner of Bienville st.

ANTI-COSTIVE PILLS OF BORAL.—200 boxes anti-costive non-purgative Pills of Boral, for sale by LION & PINSARD, 66 and 68 Royal st., corner of Bienville.

GOSHEN BUTTER—60 firkins choice yellow, for sale by J. H. MARKS & CO., 76 Magazine st.

TEAS—Imperial Gunpowder and Hyson—[illegible] assorted packages, fine and low grades, for sale by JOSEPH H MARKS & CO., 76 Magazine st.

SOAP—200 boxes various brands and qualities, for sale by JOS. H. MARKS & CO, 76 Magazine st.

FIG FRUITS—300 boxes, Lewis & Co, for sale low to close consignment, by J. H. MARKS & CO, 76 Magazine st.

A [illegible] for sale by J. H. MARKS & CO., [illegible] Magazine st.

QUININE—[illegible] for sale by J. H. HART & CO., [illegible]

POUCHONG TEA—[illegible] for sale by J. H. MARKS & CO.

CRUSHED, POWDERED AND LOAF SUGAR—[illegible] J. H. MARKS & CO., 76 Magazine st.

[illegible]

[illegible] D. H. [illegible]

OLIVE OIL—[illegible] Bienville Sts., of 12 bottles, in store and for sale by LANATA, GARDOLFO & CO., 9 Jefferson st.

SHIPS & STEAMERS.

FOR Havre.—The French bark STELLA, de Hermont, master, will have quick despatch for the above port. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to the Captain on board, or to EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO., 17 and 19 St. Louis st.

FOR HAVANA.—The fast sailing schooner EDWIN DORSEY, G. Selden, master, will have quick despatch. For balance of freight or passage, apply to D. BORNIO, Jr., 36 Gravier st., or to A. LESPASSE, 54 Gravier street.

FOR HAVANA.—A-1 schooner MIDAS, Charles Rauch, master, having part of her cargo engaged, will have quick despatch. For freight or passage, apply to the Captain on board, opposite the French market, or to S. CAMUZAO & CO., 39 Old Levee st.

FOR Liverpool.—The A 1 American ship CLARA WHEELER, Capt. Nelson, will have quick despatch. For freight, apply to H J HART & CO, 78 Tchoupitoulas st.

For Lower Coast and Fort Jackson. THE Steamboat SYLVESTER WEBB, Capt. James Sharp, will leave for the above places every Wednesday Morning, at 10 o'clock, and return every Friday Evening. For freight, apply on board, foot of St. Louis street. New Orleans, August 4, 1854.

FOR ATTAKAPAS AND OPELOUSAS. United States Express Lightning Mail Route No. 7718 having been newly stocked and fitted up for the accommodation of the travelling community of the Attakapas and Opelousas, will leave Donaldsonville every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 o'clock, A. M., in four-horse post coaches, and connecting with the light draught, fast running passenger packet steamer FRANCIS JONES, lately fitted up in the most elegant style to ply between the Lake House on John Vernet to New Iberia, thence to Washington from New Iberia in four-horse post coaches. Returning, will leave Washington every Saturday, Tuesday and Thursday at 7 o'clock A. M.

Mr. PRICE hopes by strict attention to the accommodation and comfort of his passengers, to merit a full share of public patronage. The officers of the packet steamer FRANCIS JONES, will pay every attention to the safe delivery of small packages at the usual stopping places on the route.

P. S.—A four horse post coach will leave Donaldsonville for Thibodeauxville every alternate day.

For any further information, apply to Mr. Prince, Prince's Hotel, Donaldsonville. J. B. PRICE, Proprietor. FRANKLIN, July 5th, 1854.

WANTS, LOST ETC.

Wanted. A COMPETENT experienced NURSE to accompany a lady and child North by steamship. E. J. HART.

Gardener Wanted. WANTED—A Gardener in the country. Apply to J. A. BRAUD & LANDRY, 14 Bienville street.

Slaves Wanted. WANTED—Thirty young Creole SLAVES, from 10 to 15 years of age, for whom the highest price will be paid. Also—Several creole Servants, cook and washers, and well recommended. Apply to J. B. DERREY, Broker, 85 Customhouse st.

NOTICE to Tailors.—We have now on hand a great assortment of Drillings warranted linen, recently received, for sale at moderate prices by MICHON & SARRAT, 21 Magazine.

For Sale Very Cheap. A COMPLETE set of Fixtures and Apparatus for a GYMNASIUM, which has been left with the present proprietor in payment of a debt. It would be suitable for a college and would be sold on the most reasonable terms. VICTOR, 16 Chartres st.

Drug Store for Sale. P. KONILL, wishing to withdraw from business, offers for sale his Drug Store, situated in the business part of the Third District, corner Casacalvo and Frenchmen streets, opposite Washington Square. Said establishment is well provided in all respects, and does an excellent retail business. Apply on the premises.

For sale Low. A CART with a HORSE and HARNESS, suitable for a peddler. Apply to J. N. ROBERT, Rue Neuve.

NOTICE. E. J. HART & CO. inform their customers and friends, that they will continue their business as usual at No. 107 Tchoupitoulas street, store, Lafayette.

A Card. FOR the present, the undersigned will be found at the office of J. H. Marks & Co., No. 76 Magazine street. Any person having papers belonging to them, will be pleased to send them to us, or notify where they may be found. E. J. HART & CO.

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR, For Conviction of Murders. STATE OF LOUISIANA, EXECUTIVE OFFICE, Baton Rouge, July 17th, 1854.

WHEREAS, application has been made to me for the cancelling of the Bonds hereinafter named, by Chas. E. Forstall, Administrator of the succession of the late Pierre E. Tricou, late Auctioneer in and for the city and parish of New Orleans, viz:

A bond signed by the said Pierre E. Tricou on the 24th of May, 1847, as principal, together with the following named individuals as sureties, L. L. Benoit, $2,000; Jacques Charbonnet, for $3,000 and Mme. Adolphe Charbonnet, for $5,000—the entire amount of said Bond, being $10,000. Also, a Bond signed by the said P. E. Tricou, as principal, for $10,000, on the 4th of April, 1849, together with Felix Labatut as security, in $10,000. Also, a Bond signed by the said P. E. Tricou, as principal, for $10,000, on the 12th of January, 1852, together with Felix Labatut, as security, in $10,000. Also, a Bond signed by the said P. E. Tricou, as principal, on the 7th of January, 1853, together with Chas E. Forstall, as security, in $10,000; and also, a Bond signed by the said P. E. Tricou, as principal, in the 11th of January, 1853, together with Chas. E. Forstall, as security, in $10,000.

Now, this is to notify all persons interested therein, to show cause, within ninety days from the first publication hereof, at the office of the Secretary of State, the reason why the said Bonds should not be cancelled and annulled.

Given under my hand and seal of the State, at the town of Baton Rouge, this seventeenth day of July, 1854, and of the Independence of the U. S. of America, the seventy-ninth. P O. HEBERT, Governor of Louisiana. ANDREW HERRON, Secretary of State.

LOUISIANA SAVINGS COMPANY.

Corner of Camp and Lafayette Sts.

THIS Institution has been organized under an act of incorporation, passed by the last Legislature of this State, and will be opened for the transaction of business on THURSDAY, the 3d instant.

The basis upon which it is established is simply that of a Savings Institution. Its purpose, affording all an opportunity of accumulating their savings, it is provided in the Charter that no profit shall be made on money deposited. The following rates have been established:

Deposits for not less than 60 nor more than 90 days, interest at the rate of 3 per cent per annum.

Deposits for not less than 90 days and not more than 6 months, interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum.

Deposits for over 6 months, interest at the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

Money deposited subject to call will be received, but no interest will be allowed.

On Fridays, deposits will be received only from Females.

TRUSTEES.

W. H. GARLAND,	JAMES M. FORGAY,
PAT. IRWIN,	JNO. COLEMAN,
GEO. C. LAURASON,	DENNIS CRONAN,
R. L. ROBERTSON,	JNO. B. CAMDEN,
W. R. BOSS,	JAMES M. RAND.

New Orleans, Aug. 2, 1854. W. H. GARLAND, President.

Notice to Bakers. THE Committee of the Bakers' Association requests the members of said Association to meet on FRIDAY next, August 4th, at 1 o'clock, P. M. precisely, on Orleans street, above Bourbon Ballroom, for transaction of important business. Every member is expected to attend.

Company B National Guards, ATTENTION! ATTEND Drill every TUESDAY and FRIDAY evening, at 7½ o'clock, at the Armory, corner of Bienville street and Exchange Alley, and monthly meeting every first TUESDAY in each month, until further order. By order of Capt. O. VOORHIES. J. B. SORAPURU, O. S.

ST. LOUIS UNIVERSITY, ST. LOUIS, MO.

THE Vice-President of this institution, the Rev. Mr. OAKLEY, is at present in this city, and will leave for St. Louis on the 24th of August. Parents, or guardians who desire their sons or wards for the above institution, might find it to their advantage to entrust them to his care during the trip.

TERMS: For Board and Tuition ... $150 00; Washing and Mending, Physician's fees and Stationery ... 30 00.

Further information may be received by applying to Rev. Mr. OAKLEY, at the Jesuit College, corner of Common and Baronne streets, or to THOS E. ELDER & CO., 101 Tchoupitoulas street, regular Agents of this institution for the South.

Delmonico's Hotel, 25 Broadway, New York.

A N impression having got abroad, in consequence of a recent sale of the premises, that the undersigned has closed his Hotel, he takes occasion to inform his friends that such is not the case. The sale was made subject to the lease of the undersigned, which is yet unexpired.

The House has remained and still remains open as before, for the accommodation of the public, and as heretofore under the management of the undersigned. L. DELMONICO.

BLADON SPRINGS, ALABAMA.

THE Proprietors of these delightful Mineral Springs, situated in a healthy region of Pine woods, four miles west of the Tombigby river, and sixty miles north of Mobile, now beg to call the attention of those leaving this city for health or pleasure during the warm season, and to state that they have completed the additional improvements and [illegible]. [illegible]

Analyzed by Professor Brumby, of the Alabama University, and found to contain—

IN A WINE PINT—

Carbonic Acid Gas	4,675 cubic in.
Sulphuretted Hydrogen (trace)	
Chloride of Sodium	[illegible]
Carbonate of Soda	4.1119
do of Lime	0.3417
do of Magnesia	0.1780
Oxide of Iron	[illegible]
Sulphate of Potash	[illegible]
Silicate of Alumina	0.2281
Crenic Acid	0.6841
Apocrenic Acid	4.0980
Loss	0.0489
	6.0000

"Hence, says Professor Brumby, this mineral water [illegible]. [illegible]

JOSEPH J. WOOTEN, Proprietor.

N. B. The Proprietors beg to [illegible]. [illegible]

[illegible]

New Orleans, 18th May, 1854.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

Citizens' Bank of Louisiana, New Orleans, August 4th, 1854.

A DIVIDEND of four per cent. has been declared on the capital stock of the Bank, payable to the stockholders on MONDAY, the 14th instant. By order of the Board, E. ROUSSEAU, Cashier.

Louisiana State Bank, Saturday, 29th July, 1854.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND of Five per cent. of the profits of this Bank, has been this day declared and will be payable on or after Thursday the 10th August next. By order of the Board, RICHARD RELF, Cashier.

Bank of Louisiana, New Orleans, July 24th, 1854.

A Semi-annual Dividend of Five per cent. will be paid to the Stockholders of this Institution on MONDAY, 7th of August next. By order of the Board. R. W. DAVIS, Cashier.

Forfeited Lands. ROBERT J. KER, Notary Public, No. 14 Exchange Place between Canal and Customhouse streets, will attend to the redemption of Real Estate forfeited to the State for the non-payment of taxes; also to the entry and location of Public Lands at Baton Rouge, and to the collection and settlement of drafts or claims on the State Treasury.

To the Members of the Bar. THE undersigned, having been appointed Agent for the distribution of the LOUISIANA ANNUAL REPORTS, would state that the Seventh Volume is now ready for delivery. R. BLOOMFIELD. Or address J. B. STEEL, 60 Camp street.

Removal. J. CASSERGUE, Merchant Taylor, has removed his Business from No. 106 Royal street to No. 77 St Charles street, between Canal and Perdido streets, 1st. District. J. CASSERGUE, Merchant Taylor.

Removal. RICHARD, ALDIGE & CO. have removed from No. 47 Customhouse street, to Chartres street, No. 35, [illegible].

EUG. ROCHEREAU & Co. have removed to 17 and 19 St. Louis street, nearly opposite their former store. New Orleans, 8th May 1854.

Office of the New Orleans, Opelousas and Great Western Rail Road Company. Corner Bienville street and Exchange alley.

THE remaining instalments of the Capital Stock of this Company will be due and payable at this office, as follows, viz: 9th instalment of 10 per cent—Sept. 4th, 1854. 10th do 10 per cent—Jan'y 1st 1855. 11th do [illegible] per cent—April 2nd 1855.

In accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors, a discount of eight per cent per annum will be allowed to those who will anticipate the regular periods of payment on the above specified instalments or any of them. By order of the Board of Directors, BENJ. F. FLANDERS, Sec'y.

Office Pontchartrain R. R. Co. NEW ORLEANS, July 28th, 1854.

Books of subscription to the additional Stock of this Company, as created, for the extension of the Railroad to Mobile, by act of the Legislature of 28th April, 1853, have, THIS DAY, been opened at the office of the Company, Victory street, near the depot. The sum of One Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars having been subscribed by the Mayor, in behalf of the city of New Orleans, the residue of said extension stock is now open to public subscription, on the following terms, viz:

Ten per cent, payable on subscribing.

The balance payable in instalments not exceeding thirty per cent during any one year, and to call to be made until after 60 days' notice in two or more of the city papers. The books to remain open until the 1st September, 1854, unless the Stock is sooner subscribed for.

Books of subscription will also be opened at the Bay of St. Louis, Pass Christian, Biloxi, Mississippi City, Pascagoula and Mobile. F. H. GOODWYN, Secretary.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

Notice of Co-Partnership. THE undersigned have this day entered into Co-Partnership under the firm of O. TALAMON & CO., and will continue the same kind of business as the former house of O. Talamon. O. TALAMON, A. DESSOMMES, CHS. TALAMON, A. DESSOMMES. New Orleans, August 1st 1854.

THE copartnership existing in this city under the firm of O. Valeton & Co., has been this day dissolved by its own limitation. O. Valeton has taken charge of the liquidation of the said firm. New Orleans, May 31, 1854. O. VALETON, M. DODART, A. FOURNIER.

O. VALETON, successor to the merchants and to his friends, that he will continue for his own account the same business at the old house and under the same style of O. VALETON & CO. New Orleans, June 1, 1854. O. VALETON, 25 Tchoupitoulas st.

MAGNETISM. MADAM ALLSARD, Somnambulist.

WHOSE skill in the cure of diseases is well known, informs the public that she may be consulted at her residence, Bourbon Street, No. 238, between Ursulines and Hospital, or will call at any part of the city. Hours from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. Mr. Allsard is the sole professor of Magnetism, whose system has been highly approved, and which he offers to explain on TUESDAYS and SATURDAYS, at his rooms, at 7 o'clock P. M.

The Somnambulist, notwithstanding the complete occlusion of her eyes, will name every object presented to her.

WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, special sitting for colored persons. Entrance, 50 cents. Mr Allsard can be consulted every day from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Cold Spring Fire Bricks. WE recommend these fire bricks, which endure more heat, as admirably adapted to the use of sugar planters. In color they closely resemble the Stourbridge, and are of equal size, but superior finish, and thoroughly burnt, and easily cut with the trowel. The subjoined extracts from our certificate book afford proof of their excellence.

Supplies received on consignment and constantly for sale, at prices far below those of the common English fire brick, by HARROD & MOODY, No. 60 Common street.

NEW ORLEANS, March 20d, 1854. We hereby certify that in the summer of 1852, we put up all the furnaces for our sugar mill, kettles, &c., with Cold Spring Fire Brick. That two crops have been taken off without materially impairing the furnaces, and we have not yet relaid the same. In other words, they have stood the test of the two seasons, and no one will question the wisdom of this whatever. W. W. & T. KING, (of New Orleans and St. Martin.)

PROVIDENCE PLANTATION, April 9, 1854. In the summer of 1851, I used Cold Spring Fire Brick in constructing that part of my sugar house furnace most exposed to heat (the arch between the batterie and drum.) In these situations they perfectly resisted the action of the fire; better indeed than any fire brick I have heretofore employed. My crop of last season was made by their aid, and the masonry though exposed during five months to the fiercest action of the fire, remains perfectly sound. P. SAUVE.

NEW ORLEANS, March 22, 1854. We first used the Cold Spring Fire Brick in the furnaces of our steam saw mills in the parish of Jefferson, in the summer of 1852, and have also used them since, and find them to last as long and as well as the dock English fire brick generally used in Louisiana. FERGUS GARDERE, F. GARDERE, Sr.

THE undersigned informs the amateurs of Music, that he has just received per ship Monmouth, from Havre, a splendid assortment of NEW MUSIC. THE NORTH STAR—by Meyerbeer. THE NABOB—by Halevy. COLETTE—by Cadaux. —ALSO— All the QUADRILLES, WALTZES & POLKAS of the above operas; and, a selection of New Songs for the Piano, for sale by T. E. BENOIT, 78 Chartres street.

Dearborn's Patent Balances. WE are constantly in receipt of shipments of DEARBORN'S BALANCES, to weigh from 1000 to 8000 pounds.

—ALSO— FAIRBANK'S PATENT PLATFORM SCALES Of all sizes, from 100 to 3000 pounds, with a full assortment of Counter Scales of different patterns, of the most approved makers, for sale by H. M. BARLOW, & CO, 18 Canal st.

A. GRANER, CARPENTER, BUILDER, AND HOUSE MOVER. SHOP on Felicity near Magazine street, Fourth District. Houses moved, raised, leveled and repaired in the best manner without injury. Work on the most and in the country attended to on the most reasonable terms.

☞ All work guaranteed to give satisfaction. Orders left at 90 Camp street will be attended to.

G. LAVIE, St. Charles Street, No. 5. HAS just received per ship Ocean Queen, an assortment of children's CARRIAGES.

BRANDY—30 qr pipes J B Godard; 70 qr do, Pellisson & Co; 40 qr do, Castillon, 1815 and 1825; 3 hf. 25 qr and 14 eighth do, Lagrange, 1815 and 1825; 25 qr do, Bumber Mill, 1815 and 1825; 10 qr and 25 eighth do, Henry Seron & Co, fine Champagne; 5 qr do, Pasin Laferme, 1818; 20 qr do, D & C Reynaud; 8 qr and 4 eighth do, Renard & Albanel; 30 qr and 4 eighth do, A Bonnion & Co; 77 qr do, T. Champagne, 35 qr do, Serrageant file, dark and pale; 15 hf, 20 qr and 30 eighth do, G V Bernard & Co, dark and pale; 4 hf, 15 qr and 20 eighth do, Che Riviere & Co; 18 qr do, J R & A de Lafenestre; 15 qr do, Henry Baron & Co; 45 qr and 60 eighth do, A Comec—for sale by EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO., 29 and 30 St Louis st.

IN STORE—50 casks old family wine; 40 cs do do; 50 do good common do; 40 boxes St. Estephe white wine; 4 half pipes Haut Sauternes do; 20 boxes Medoc; [illegible]; 100 boxes Carmelite Water; 100 boxes mustard; [illegible]; 10 do Chartreuse; various brands; 200 Sweet oil; [illegible]; for sale by PAUL LACROIX, No 12 Toulouse st.

COGNAC BRANDY—[illegible] half and quarter casks; [illegible] quarter pipes, pale and dark. [illegible] TH. RAIBAUD, BLANCHARD & CO., 27 Old Levee st.

[illegible] FAUL JUGE, SON & CO., 29 St Louis st.

A [illegible] Dry Goods [illegible] SMART, [illegible]

E [illegible] Townsend Jones and [illegible]; Samuel Richard; [illegible]

J S PEAU & CO., 25, 26 Gravier street.

[illegible] Winchester Soap; 300 bxs do do, for sale by [illegible] & LANGSDORFF, 12 and 15 St. Louis st.

PRESERVES AND SWEETMEATS—[illegible] in store, and landing ex [illegible] for sale by MORENO BROTHERS, 24 Old Levee.

STATIONERY, ETC.

PAPER & STATIONERY WAREHOUSE, No. 57 Camp Street. PAPER & STATIONERY of Every Description, WRITING, PRINTING & BOOK PAPER, Playing Cards, Printers' Cards and PRINTING INK. Blank Books of all Kinds. And a general assortment of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC STATIONERY adapted to every branch of the trade. HENRY L. POTTER, 57 Camp street.

P. DUREL & CO., Stationers, Printers and Account Book Manufacturers, No. 37 Chartres street.

P. DUREL & CO. RESPECTFULLY inform their numerous friends and the public in general, that they have purchased the splendid and well assorted Stock of Stationery formerly owned by Mr. A. Brusle,

At No. 37 Chartres Street, where they have on hand, a large and extensive assortment of all kinds of BLANK BOOK, PAPER AND STATIONERY, which they offer at very reduced prices, say: Blank Books, Envelopes, Mathematical Instruments; Writing Paper, Drawing Paper, Wax and Wafers; Paper Weights, Letter Clips, Gold Pens, assorted steel Pens; Penknives, &c., Porcelaine Slates; Pearl and Ivory Tablets, Elastic Bands and Rings, of all sizes; Rulers, Water colors, Dividers; Check Books on all Banks; Spring letter Files, Blanks, Customhouse Entries; Manifests, Exchange, Drafts, Notes, Quills; Office Tape, Inkstands, Penholders; Lead Pencils, Port folios, Playing Cards; Blank Cards of all descriptions, Fiber, Cash Boxes, Calendars, &c., &c.

Attached to the store, is a well assorted Printing and Job Office, where commands can be executed in the promptest and neatest style, at also REDUCED PRICES.

The public are respectfully requested to call and examine our Stock and Prices, before making their purchases. We respectfully solicit a share of their liberal patronage. P. DUREL & CO., No 37 Chartres st.

NOTICE TO SUGAR PLANTERS AND MERCHANTS.

THE undersigned begs leave to inform the Sugar Planters and Commission Merchants that he is now prepared to deliver, for the coming season Bi-Sulphite of Lime of proper strength fresh made and guaranteed free from all impurities by which it might be made dense, so as to weigh heavy by trying it with the hydrometer.

He also would remind Planters, that he was the only one that really manufactured that article last season, and of course, by experience acquired the best mode for making it.

He has since then at great expense improved his apparatus, so as to fill all orders, large or small within short notice.

He moreover is constructing a Model Sugar Mill on an improved plan where he will carry in the season roll the cane and make sugar by the use of Bi Sulphite of Lime. When the Mill will be ready he will give the Planters due notice thereof and invite them to come and see the proper mode for using the Bi-Sulphite of Lime, for it is of no value unless it is properly used and of good quality. H. BONNABEL, Proprietor of the New Orleans Southern Chemical Work. Office corner Hevia and Tchoupitoulas streets.

EVENING CLASS. Bouligny Institution, 184 Toulouse. MR. E. BONNEL has the honor of advising the families, that the evening school, which has been suspended the latter of this month, will recommence TUESDAY next the 18th. Wishing to extend the benefit of that class, Mr. E. B. has added a teacher of long experience, to teach—

1st. Reading, penmanship and mathematics.
2d. English for French and French and English composition.
3d. Practical geometry and its applications.
4th. Book-keeping.

Hours of the class:—From 7 to 9 P. M. Price $4 00 a month.

NORCROSS PLANING MACHINE.

RIGHTS for the above superior Machine, in the States of Louisiana, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama and Tennessee. Also, for the Woodworth Planing Machine, in the unsold districts of Louisiana, Florida, Alabama and Tennessee, are offered on the most reasonable terms. H. LIVERMORE, Agent, Savannah, Ga.

To Lithographers and Segar Manufacturers.

RECEIVED from Havre, 3 cases Satin Paper, elephant size, of different colors, in store and for sale by [illegible], 16 Customhouse st.

TOBACCO—Received by the last arrivals from Havana, 300 bales Vuelta Abajo superior quality for wrappers, and fillings; 20 bales Cuba, wrappers and fillings; 100 bales Mexican Tobacco 1st quality; and constantly on hand, a complete assortment of leaf tobacco suitable for our market, for sale by ANT. COSTA, 16 Customhouse st.

SEGARS—300,000 of the best Havana brands, such as Amalia, Duende Magnolia, Dos Leones, Figaro, Consuelo, Dos Amigos, Caffé, Relampo, Reyna Victoria, &c., &c. for sale by ANTO. COSTA, 16 Customhouse st.

F. JAUFFROID, No. 62 Chartres street.

OFFERS the following articles at very reduced prices:—Lisle Thread, Bobinet, cotton and silk net work do; white Stockings, all sizes; silk Cravats, do, No. 1 to 7; Foulard and fine color French Head Handkerchiefs; Linen and cotton French Shirts; Thread and Worsted Stay Lace, Satin and fancy Buttons; Buffalo and imitation Buffalo Dressing Combs, Buffalo Tucking Combs; Imitation shell do; Toilet and Hair Pins; Ladies' and children's common Fans; Suits Ribbons, all Box; Fine French Cambric, cotton and Scotch Thread Gloves; Embroidered Sleeves and Chemisettes; Embroidered worsted and Jaconet Bands, Forte Monnaies and fancy articles.

Also—An assortment of German Toys in cases of assorted sizes.

F. JAUFFROID, No. 62 Chartres street.

RECEIVED per late arrivals—Robert Worley's French Corsets, without seams; Plait Gimps and Mint, from No 50 a 100; Scotch Thread and silk Cotton; Baker and Ivory Fans, new style; Shell Combs, do black Lace, extra large; Point d'Angleterre; and some other small Veils, Fans; Perfumery; Cotton for embroidering and Lemonade.

And a general assortment of small articles for sewing.

Havana Preserves, Brandied Biscuits, &c., &c.

JUST received and landing ex ship John M. Wood from Liverpool, and brig Mary Elizabeth from Havana—

100 boxes Huntley & Palmers' Cracknell Biscuits; 200 doz Worcestershire Sauce (Lea & Perrins); 50 doz Mushroom Ketchup (Crosse & Blackwell); 50 cases Havana Preserves (La Dominica); 5 do Mexican Sweetmeats, small boxes, do. Also, on hand:

Syrups, Preserves, Cordials, Pickles, &c. For sale low by D. GOWANS & CO., 143 Canal street.

PRESERVES—100 boxes Tr. Pernet's Stuffed Olive; Tinned Meats; [illegible]; 250 lbs of Capers in Oil; 100 do do Mushrooms; 500 boxes potted Truffled Pates; 76 lbs do Tunny in oil. For sale by FAURES & HERMAN, 33 and 39 Royal st.

Merchants and Clerks, All persons who are or intend to be business men, should be able to keep their own books correctly, or they are liable to great losses and constant errors. All can acquire this knowledge at DOLBEAR'S WRITING and BOOK-KEEPING ACADEMY, 106 Canal st. RUFUS DOLBEAR.

Irish Linens, Checks, Linen Cambrics, etc., etc.

LANDING from ship Milan, from Liverpool—Irish Linens, various qualities, fine Linen Lawns, Mattress Checks, Linen Cambric Dresses and Handkerchiefs, Courtrai and Cambrai Linens, Stripes and Figured Shirting Linens, Sheetings and Pillow Case Linens Platilles, Britannias, Silesias and Crease Platery Linens plain and striped White and Brown Bettings, Bedticks, Drillings and Ducks, &c., &c.

ALSO FOR MEXICO.—Imperials, Printed Muslins and Calicos, Spool Cottons, Cotton Balls, Printed Shawls, etc., etc. For sale by O. B. GRAHAM, 56 Gravier st.

HAVANA CIGARS—600,000 Cigars of every desirable quality, carefully selected for this market, and consisting in part of the following fine brands, viz: Intimidad, Espanola, Manzana, Messenger, Espanola, Garcia, D. D., Flor de la Habana, Consuelo, Proteccion, El Tiempo, Leontina, Infante, &c., &c., and for sale on reasonable terms by MORENO BROTHERS, 24 Old Levee.

Goods for the Mexican Market in bond.

IMPERIAL, 36 inches wide, 40 yards; Fancy Prints, 9-8, 21 yards, Cotton Drill; Union Drill; Cotton Handkerchiefs, Veronas, 29 by 31; Tapalos, assorted sizes; Listados, silk ribbons, 40, Varas; Cotton Listados, blue checks, 24 Varas; For sale by H. de GOER & RIFFLARD, 24 Customhouse street.

Paper Hangings. VOR. HERBERT & CO., 149 Chartres Street.

BESIDES the already very extensive and varied assortment of Paper Hangings already in store, the above firm has received:

Per ship Brunswick, above 5600 rolls
Do Ashland do 6000 do
Shortly expected:
Per ship Summer do 3000 do
Do Sea Queen do 4000 do

In all about 17,600 rolls, specially selected and manufactured for New Orleans and the firm of VOR. HERBERT & CO.

☞ The above assortment of Paper Hangings, the most complete that could be found in New Orleans, will be sold according to qualities, at the lowest market prices.

MRS. JOURDAN (late Mrs. Camelia) HAIR POMATUM. THIS POMATUM blackens the Hair, and causes it to grow rapidly. There is no mineral substance in the composition of this Pomatum, but vegetable productions. ☞ Only Depot at ED. GRILLOT, 233 Royal, bet. St. Ann and Main sts.

FISHING ARTICLES. Notice to Fishermen.

RECEIVED by the last arrivals from New York, a large assortment of articles for angling, such as:

100,000 Limerick Hooks, of all kinds and numbers; 100,000 Kirby do, do; 100 dozen mounted Hooks, horse hair, silver and copper; 20 dozen fishing Rods, of all kinds; 20 dozen Seeding Corks; 20 dozen Reels, of all sizes; A great choice of Lines of all kinds; Plain, twisted and copper Silk Lines, Heavy Lines, thread, silk and colored Lines; 20 gross Leads, of all sizes; and, generally, all articles necessary for angling. All of which will be sold at cost, at greatly reduced prices, by LION & PINSARD, 66 and 68 Royal street, corner of Bienville.

ALWAYS on hand a splendid choice of FURNITURE, of the most complete and Mahogany. F. MALLARD, 82 Royal street.

TO PLANTERS AND COOPERS. MOLASSES BARRELS—MOLASSES BARRELS.

THE undersigned are prepared to sell to Planters and Coopers, patented stave-dressing Molasses Barrels. The economy of labor and completely [illegible] of cost in the manufacturing of Molasses Barrels and Sugar Hogsheads, [illegible] the planter's and this simple [illegible] [illegible] CAMPBELL & RICHARDS, [illegible] Gravier street.

Or on the premises, at Chalmette, [illegible] Yard, corner Delachaise and [illegible] street.

HAVANA CIGARS—125,000 Cigars, [illegible] from Havana, per American ship [illegible] both, and now in store, consisting of a complete assortment of Half Regalias, Londres, [illegible], &c., and other desirable sizes and shapes [illegible] [illegible] for sale by J. M. CABALLERO, 30 Old Levee, Between Customhouse & Bienville sts.

MEDICAL.

Cancers Cured. DR. FRAZEE has the honor to inform the citizens of New Orleans and vicinity, that he is prepared to treat all cases of this dread and hitherto incurable disease, and he will GUARANTEE A CURE IN EVERY CASE, except where some vital organ may be seriously affected. Even then, the sufferer may obtain much relief, likely in many cases, a prolongation of life. Those afflicted with Cancerous affections are invited to visit Dr. F. Consultations and advice free.

As an evidence of his confidence in the superiority and efficacy of his system of treatment, Dr. F. will undertake to cure any case of Cancer presented, and will make no charge until the patient is cured. Patients cured without pain or the use of the knife.

Twenty dollars sent by mail, will secure a package of the Cancer Specific, with full directions for use. The mode of treatment pursued by Dr. F. in connection with the use of his medicine, has performed many cures that were given up as hopeless by some of the most eminent physicians in the United States.

☞ Address, DR. FRAZEE, Office No. 36 St Charles st., N. O.

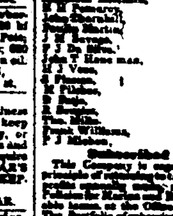
COPAL PECTORAL SYRUP. PRICE, $1 PER BOTTLE. PRICE, $1 PER BOTTLE. L. GAMOTIS, New Orleans, corner Bayou and Rampart sts.

THIS Syrup which is the particular study of its author, and is the preparation whereon he devoted all his time, is an indispensable Boon.

Repeated experiments have already demonstrated that its medicinal powers are inferior to none of the compounds of this kind heretofore known and recommended with success in the affections of the lungs. It causes cough, expels readily asthmatic expressions, oppression caused by the strangulation of the bronchial vessels in case of acute or chronic catarrh. Colds which have resisted the action of numberless remedies have yielded to its application. It is most beneficial in cases of hooping-cough, rendering and lessening the fits of cough. It has the advantage of being pleasant to the taste and agreeable during the usual to the agreeable.

The dose for grown persons must not exceed 8 large spoonfull in 24 hours, and for children 3 to ten spoon full a day at most. For children under 12 months, one-half tea spoon full is sufficient 3 or 4 times a day. It may be taken without mixture or in a mixture of pectoral flowers.

STEAM AND SULPHUREOUS BATHS. Bath of Vapor and Fumigations.



Since many are compelled to resort to Vapor Baths and aromatic Fumigations for the cure of cutaneous affections, rheumatic pains, neuralgies, chronic catarrhs, paralysis scrofulous complaints, engorgement of the glands, etc., it is highly important that a convenient and appropriate apparatus should be used for the application of these special remedies.

The undersigned, after twenty years' experience, has succeeded in perfecting his apparatus in such a manner as to graduate the strength of the fumigations to the feelings of the patient and the gravity of his complaint.

As several persons are now selling rice powder, the undersigned feels it his duty to inform the public that he will take the necessary measures to maintain the rights specified in his patent.

☞ Physicians are invited to visit the establishment, connected with the Manufactory of Perfumery. No. 253 St. Louis Street, between Villere and Robertson. F. MAUBERRET.

A CERTAIN REMEDY. FOR the cure of Pale Colors, (Green Sickness,) White Flowers, Suppressions, (tonsils) &c., etc., etc. This remedy has left far behind, in its efficacy, Blancard's and Vallet's Pills, and all ferruginous preparations known.

☞ For sale only, at the Drug Store of L. GAMOTIS, corner of Rampart and Bayou sts., N. O.

Leeches, Swedish and Hungarian. WE are constantly receiving fresh importations of healthy Swedish and Hungarian Leeches, and will sell at the lowest market price to the trade or by retail at SYME'S Drug and Chemical Store, 91 and 93 Canal cor. Carondelet.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS—Just received, a large and elegant assortment of French, English and American manufacture, for sale at SYME'S Drug Store, corner Canal and Carondelet sts.

MEDICINE [illegible] ships, plantations and [illegible] SYME'S Drug Store, corner Canal and Carondelet sts.

SWEDISH AND HUNGARIAN LEECHES—can be had wholesale and retail at SYME'S Drug Store, corner Canal and Carondelet sts.

APOTHECARIES HALLS—A fine assortment of German and American [illegible] SYME'S Drug Store, Corner Canal & Carondelet.

DRUGS—CHEMICALS—PERFUMERY—Wholesale and retail at SYME'S Drug Store, Corner Canal & Carondelet.

FRESH FLUID VACCINE—Warranted pure, a constant supply can be had at SYME'S Drug Store, corner Canal and Carondelet.

Removal. J. W. DOLBEAR has removed his Writing Academy to 19 Camp street, where every facility is afforded for the acquirement of a free, quick and business style of writing. All pupils are desired to continue their lessons until this is fully accomplished. Former pupils can attend free of charge. Hours from 8 to 11 A. M., 3 to 6 P. M., and 7 to 9 at night. Children from eight o'clock attended from 4 to 6 P M. J. W. DOLBEAR, 19 Camp st.

Merchants' Mutual Insurance Co. Office 103 Canal street. DIRECTORS:

Wm Vogel,	P Poutz,
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H Hirschberger,	J A Braud,
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This Company organized under the mutual principle will be prepared on the first of June next, to issue policies against Marine, River and Fire Risks.

OFFICE MERCHANTS MUTUAL INSURANCE Co., New Orleans, May 19, 1854.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Institution, JOHN PEMBERTON was elected President and A. Semmes, Secretary.

Fire, River and Marine Insurance. PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF TORONTO, C. W.

CAPITAL ... £500,000 or $,000,000

A. H. CLARK, PRESIDENT. EDWARD G. O'BRIEN, SECRETARY.

Branch Office, No. 40 Camp street, New Orleans.

THE undersigned are now prepared to issue policies against the perils of the Sea and Rivers; Also, against any loss or damage by fire, at the current rates of premium. BENJAMIN FLORANCE, Agent. HARMON DOANE, Asst. Agent.

LOUISIANA MUTUAL INSURANCE CO. CHARLES BRIGGS, President. ANTOINE CARRIERE, Vice-President. H. F. JANVIER, Secretary.

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Subscribed Capital, $500,000. This Company is engaged purely on the Mutual principle of returning to those who insure with it all the Profits and will be prepared to issue Policies for Marine and River risks. The most favorable terms, at the Office No. 25 Camp street.—The Profits of each insurance will always operate to the insurer against those desirous to insure with the Company.

INSURANCE AGENCY. C. C. LATHROP, Agent, 98 CAMP ST. Branch—Chas. F. De Armas, Agent, 179 ROYAL STREET.

GRANITE Insurance Company of New York city, —Capital, $200,000. Hudson River Insurance Company of New York, Capital, $200,000. New York Life Insurance Company.—Capital, $300,000, on Mutual Plan. Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford Ct.—Capital (Life) $150,000. For, Fire, Marine, Life and Slave Risks, apply to C. C. LATHROP, Agent, 98 Camp st., or to CHAS F. DE ARMAS, 179 Royal st.

CHROMO DECOPHANE. Brilliant Invention for painting rooms in oil colors, without rubbing.

THE above article, discovered by the celebrated chemist [illegible], has been highly successful for several years in that city and abroad. It may be used [illegible] to the greatest advantage, for besides [illegible] of the price, it renders useless tints and brushes which, notwithstanding the greatest care, always give incomplete results and dusts. The Chromo Decophane is used as a common paint and dries in two hours. The more it is washed, the more brilliant it becomes.

Only Depot in New Orleans, Bourbon Street, No. 144, at E. BOTTIEY, Painter.

N. B. Artists, employed in the establishment, will attend the painting of rooms.

HAVANA CIGARS—A full assortment of Havana Cigars, of direct importation, comprising all sizes and shapes of the brands Cabanas, Partagas, Uman, Intimidad, Globe, Gutierrez, Ritba, Flor del Fuma, Espanola, Washington, Henry Clay, Morro, El Sol, and many others equally celebrated, all guaranteed.

Also, a lot of excellent Turkish Smoking Tobacco, put up in boxes of 10 dozen packages, for sale by J. M. CABALLERO, 30 Old Levee, between Customhouse and Bienville sts.

IN STORE—150 boxes superior Maraschino, 15 do de Cumana; 285 do extra fine Cordials; 150 do Champagne do; 100 do Sec do; 200 baskets Anisette; 1 do, 50 do Chambertin, 100 do Claret; 100 do White Wine; 3,000 do de Poms Maraschino Demijohns, 3,000 do de Cumana Zarbena Bottles, Always on hand, a large assortment of warranted Syrups. For sale by F. GRAS, Confectioner, 210 and 212 Old Levee st.

LOAN ON BONDAGE—Money to loan on mortgage in sums of $500 and upwards by GEO GOTTSCHALK, Broker, 25 Common st.

Bonds, Stocks, Scrip. SUN, CRESCENT, AND HOME INSURANCE Scrip purchased by GEO GOTTSCHALK, Broker, 25 Common st.

CITIZENS' BANK MORTGAGE STOCK wanted. GEO. GOTTSCHALK, 25 Common st.

STOCKS—State Bonds, Bank of Louisiana, Water Works and Merchants' Insurance Stocks wanted. Canal and Union Bank for sale. GEO. GOTTSCHALK, 25 Common st.

CHECKS ON HAVANA, in sums to suit for sale by LABORDE & RIQUES, 27 Common street.

ORLEANS INSURANCE AND WATERWORKS STOCK for sale. Merchants Insurance Stock wanted by GEO GOTTSCHALK, Broker, 25 Common st.

RAILROAD TAX SCRIPT purchased by GEO. GOTTSCHALK, Broker, 25 Common st.

EXCHANGE ON MEXICO AND PUEBLA, at short sight, for sale by LABORDE & RIQUES, 27 Common st.

TEXAS MONEY purchased and Texas Land Warrants for sale by GEO. GOTTSCHALK, Broker, 25 Common st.

CITIZENS' BANK STOCK—For loan, for sale by GEO. GOTTSCHALK, Broker, 25 Common st.

EXCHANGE—Exchange on Paris or Bordeaux for sale by E. CARRIERE & CO., 30 Old Levee st.

SIGHT EXCHANGE on New York, for sale by F J HART & CO. 78 Tchoupitoulas st.

[illegible] R. J. HART & CO.

EXCHANGE ON PARIS [illegible] BOUGERE [illegible]

EXCHANGE [illegible] TH. RAIBAUD, BLANCHARD & CO., 27 Old Levee st.

PIMENTO—[illegible] for sale by J. H. MARKS & CO., 76 Magazine st.