Tennessee ... 4 a 6 do do
Arkansas Real Estate—State Br. ... 20a25 do do
Texas Treasury Notes ... do do
Clinton and Port Hudson ... 60 a 65 do do
Do do do payable at Car. Bk N O. not redeemed.
Bank of Pensacola ... uncertain.
Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, Ky and Missouri, 1 dis. a 1 do prem.
Union Bank, and Life & Trust, Florida ... uncertain.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

NEW-YORK MONEY MARKET--CITY.

Saturday, May 23 p.m.—This is packet day ... tions in Exchange, however, have been limited ... are lower. On London the sales have been at ... decidedly more sellers than buyers.

The money-market presents no new ... are full of unemployed capital and ... amount of business ...

The state of ... hundred tho... [illegible] ... unsuccessful, par... the supposition that the state ... has not the ability to pay. The ... remarkably rich in resources, and the present ... the state is small. Small as it is however, those who administer its affairs have utterly failed to pay the interest, on the amount of state securities held in this city, which amount to three hundred thousand dollars, although the interest on the ... held in Europe is promptly paid. The state to enjoy ... to negotiate their credit with facility, will have to be prompt in meeting the interest. Capitalists who invest for income, will ... such a security on which there is any delay to pay the ...

The subject of a ... or the passage of a ... before Congress, has ... It is well known that it has been in practical op... The collector of the port collects all ... Government in his office, and professes to have nothing ... The Government, however, have been too ... to hoard up money; particularly as the receipts are ... of a fourth of what they are usually. Besides ... well known that a large portion of the specie of the ... here the banks are full of it, having a ... amount than they need or desire. Under the present ... stances of short receipts and large expenditures, there is no apprehension on ... Were the state of the times different, and the importations large as usual, the position of affairs would be entirely changed; the collection and hoarding up of eight millions of dollars would shake the city to its very centre.

Flour has advanced, and sales at $4 75@5 for Genesee—this advance is owing to the limited supplies arriving.

Cotton—The finer qualities are improving, and sales are steadily made for export.

Corn—Further sales are made at 53c.

Rye—Sales at 56c. [N. Y. Express.

BOSTON, May 21.—The flour market was depressed, and an increased anxiety on the part of holders to realize—any description of ... might be had at $5, 4 ... sales ... $4½ cash—Genesee, $5.

The sales of corn were, white, 50c, and yellow, 50a52.

Cotton—Little doing, prices firm.

RICHMOND, May 23.—There was no alteration noticed in the flour-market. The inspections of tobacco continue large; demand good and prices well maintained—lugs, at 3½a4 and 1½—leaf, common, 5a6 and 6—middling 6½a7½—good and fine, 8a12—extra manufacturing qualities 11a16. The Whig says—

"Our markets afford but little of interest. We have scarcely money enough to keep us alive in a commercial or every other sense, and until we can 'make a raise,' to use a trite phrase, we must be content to do a small business. Chances are in our favor, however, and another year may present a very different aspect to the trade of Richmond, as well as the country at large."

FREDERICKSBURG (Va.), May 23.—Flour was $4 25@$4 50. No wheat in market.

GEORGETOWN, May 23.—Flour was brisk at $4 50@$4 62½ ℘ barrel.

MOBILE, June 2.—Cotton—The receipts since last Wednesday amount to only 4,201 bales. The shipments have been very heavy, and exceed those of any other season.—Making a total of 378 6. Leaving a stock on hand not cleared of 18217 bales. The receipts since the 1st of October last are 440,139 bales, and the exports 391,818 bales. Last season at the corresponding period the receipts were 241,191 bales; exports 330,900, and the stock on hand not cleared 19,000 bales.

Since our last notice, the improvement which took place in our market after the arrival of the European news per British Queen, has been fully sustained; and during the latter part of the past week transactions were animated. On Monday and Tuesday of the present week the market was very quiet, and sales did not reach above 17 or 1800 bales. Even lots of fair and upwards are much sought after, and the lower grades also have been in good demand. Good and fine may be considered as entirely out of the market.

The market closed languidly on Saturday last, and very little business of any description was transacted. On Monday, however, our business street exhibited rather more animation, and active demand sprung up for groceries generally, at improved rates for several articles. The river is now becoming low, and a number of boats have been withdrawn for the season. Several light draught boats will continue plying during the summer, or as long as the river permits, which will create a steady but limited demand for all descriptions of goods. The weather is excessively warm, and the city continues as healthy as usual at this season of the year.

Bagging and Bale Rope—These articles continue in active demand, and are firm at our former quotations. The stock of rope is rather light compared to that of bagging and to the latter ... are entirely out of the former. We retain our last ... quotations. Kentucky bagging 26 a 28 cts; rope 9½a10 cents.

Molasses—Several arrivals of this article have had a tendency to depress prices, and we alter our figures to ... actual transactions. We quote sales at 38 cts.

...—Stocks are light, and hardly equal to demand ... remain firm at current rates of last week. Mess ... be set down at $18 ... but cannot be procured from ... for less than $19. Prime remains nominal at $14 a $1... Bacon sides 9a9½ cents. Hams, prime, 12 cents.

Sugar—The stock of all kinds, except strictly prime articles is heavy, and we continue to quote from ordinary to good 5a6½ cents. The trade retail by the barrel, at 5a6½ cents.

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

EXPORTS.

Liverpool—Per ship Sweden: 2191 bales cotton and 910 sks wheat.
Havre—Per ship Perdonnet: 2672 bales cotton and 413 hhds tobacco.
Boston—Per barque Adario: 3654 pigs lead, 188 sks wheat, 570 bales cotton and 365 hides.
Havana—Per barque Hualco: 656 bales cotton and 5,000 staves.
New York—Per steam packet Neptune: bullion. ... Per brig Petersburg: 2 3 hhds sugar, 15 tea ..., 50 bbls syrup, 50 do molasses, 62 bales wool and sundries.
Bilboa, (Spain)—Per brig Citizen: 190 hhds tobacco, 50 ... staves.
Baltimore—Per brig Pilgrim: 231 hhds sugar, 135 bbls do, 127 bales cotton, 2769 pigs lead.
Kingston, (Jam.)—Per schr David Rogers: 917 bbls flour, 75 sks corn.
Nassau, (N P)—Per brig O C Raymond: 1150 bbls flour, 9 bags corn, 20 kegs lard, 20 bbls pork, 2 hhds tobacco.
Mobile—Per schr Swan: 200 bbls flour, 7 ... molasses, 40 sks corn, and lots bagging, bale rope, &c.

IMPORTS.

Bremen—Per barque Johan Georg—1240 pcs flagstones; 600 demijohns and lots hardware, books, glass, linen and mdze to Valentine & Ruddecke; W De LaRue, Schmidt, Werner & co and order.
Matanzas—Per schr Belle—1301 sacs coffee to Bogert and Hawthorn, Stetson & Avery; R Groning & co; J Landis & co; and order.
Havana—Per polacre St Antonio (a) Palmenno: 860 ... coffee and lots fruit, to R Groning & co, and order.

RECEIPTS FROM THE INTERIOR.

Per steamboat Maid of Orleans from St Louis—12 casks bacon 17 kegs lard, 53 do butter, to A Brothers; 49 hhds tobacco A Grant & co. 9 do W & J Montgomery; 3 3 pigs lead S & J P Whitney, 3000 ... 47 bbls pork, Connoly & Elder; 8 pcs bagging, 32 coils rope, S G Blanchard; 3 hhds tobacco Lee & Hopkins; 10 kegs specie ($5,000) G O Hall; 9 kegs butter J U L Villebeuvre; 32 do, 1 box hams, Rosn & bro; 1 bbl tobacco R Groning & co; 1 do A Trier; 3 do J & D Felemann; 2 Bowe & Crenshaw; 1 ... Caldwell, 3 bxs specie $3000 Bennett, Ferrolays & co; 22 coils rope, and sundries, to captain and order.

Per steamboat Amazon from Wheeling—300 sacks oats to capt McLain, 88 bbls flour Moore & Clark; 1183 do Adams & Whitall, 30 bbls eggs W Pigerson; 41 bbls whiskey J Bakewin, 231 pcs bagging, 50 coils rope, A Fisk; 1 box to Lambeth & Thompson.

Per steamboat Walker from Mobile—12 bales cotton to Bogert & Hawthorn; 3 do Keys & Robinson; 18 F Ganahl & co; sundries to Provost.

Per steamboat Water Witch from Louisville—71 hhds tobacco to A H Wallace & co, 76 bbls pork and 76 do shoulders, 4 casks do, Layet & Amelung; 105 bbls whiskey, Jes Landis & co; 75 do flour Hyde & Clark; 105 do Williams & Lindley, 6 bales cotton Currie & Wat...; 12 bbls eggs W E Crash, 1 box mdze Palfrey & Johnson; 16 cattle, &c, owners on board.

Per steamboat Gen Brown from Louisville—158 bbls pork to M Maher; 100 do flour J D Marks; 14 do bread H F Dunn; 49 pcs bagging Franklin & Henderson; 334 do and 145 coils rope, A Fisk; 20 pcs bagging M White & co; 156 do, 85 coils rope, F de Lizardi & co.

Per steamboat Levant from Bayou Sara—79 bales cotton to J B Plauche & co; 24 do A Rivarde & co; 24 do A Maurin & co; 14 do Gourdain & Benit; 10 do Burke, Watt & co; 1 bbl molasses and 1 horse P Gardner; 1 cask bacon Taylor, Gardner & co; 1 box mdze R Gedelion; 2 trunks A Bryant; 1 box mdze H R Lee; 1 bag V David; sundries to sundry persons.

Per steamboat Gen Sumter from Mobile—44 bales cotton to Kirkman, Abercrombie & Hanna; 23 G H Johnston; 10 Bogert & Hawthorn, 2 bxs sundries Caldwell & Hickey.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamboat Water Witch—T Fitzwilliams, J Null, maj Mc..., Brandenburg, Robson, B Sheer.

Per steamboat Gen Brown—messrs Combs, Dunn, Wardsworth, Smythe, Gay, McWray, Maw, Steinhardt, Polk, B M Smith, Palmer, Scoville.

Per steamboat Levant—miss N A Smith, mrs Hall, mrs Collins and family, mrs Layette, mrs Fowler, miss Fowler, mr Ma... daughter and svt, N Rowson, J L Lobdell, R G Pa..., J R Herford, J Hamilton and child, Bell, A Gilbert, Dabucier, C Hosmer, P Faubert, E Borne, J Coffman, ... Roome, miss P Verret, ... Gardner, W Raynard sear, W Raynard jr, J A Paterson, A Carvellier, W J Frost, C Manuel, Kelly, R Hill, C Williams, Wheeler, J L Poilier, W F Flood, N Tresas, J Lechet, McCloud, J A Beckham, J L Joline, M Dejen, P A Gallagher, C O'Brien, A W Rowe, J D Kapp.

Per steamboat Walker—mrs Nagbel and child, messrs G Round, B Gardner, Cate, Andrews, Field, Guttman, G Kibby, ham, T Davis, J Williams, J Shakespeare, J McLaughlin, J Cochran, J Ragers, J Kemish, Cahn, Daily, W Brownly, J Davis, T Reunols, T Chapman, P Cady, 2 way and 9 on deck.

Per steamboat Maid of Orleans—Brother, W Becker, J Waterman, Clark, Shackleford, Carr, Remington, Ritley, Brown and svt, Nantz, Rannie, Monier, Berry.

Per steamboat Amazon—J Hamilton lady and svt, Coleman, Carson, Moore, Mackel, Wright, C Moale, White, Powers, Ingraham, Shanks, Hughes, E Jennings.

YOUNG MEN'S TIPPECANOE ASSOCIATION.—The members of the G. C. Committee of Fifty will please meet at the Parish Court House, on Saturday evening, the 6th instant, at 7 o'clock. The chairman of the several Ward Committees will please be punctual in attendance, with their reports. JAMES J. DAY, Chairman.

Neither the captain nor the consignees of the French ship ALEXANDRE TOUSSIN, from Havre, will be responsible for the debts that may be contracted by her crew. BLANCHARD, EIMER & Co, 36 Bienville st.

NOTICE—Messrs. A. Moorehouse & Co, are requested to call on the subscribers and receive one single machine and one box mdze, per steamer Leander, from Louisville, and pay charges. ADAMS, HARTWELL & Co, 36 Poydras st.

The French ship ALEXANDRE TOUSSIN, Leroumois, master, is now discharging opposite the mint. Consignees will please take out their permits, and attend to the receipt of their goods. BLANCHARD, EIMER & Co, 36 Bienville st.

EXCHANGE—Bills on Boston, for sale by KOHN, DARON & Co, 36 Bienville st.

EXCHANGE—... for sale by KOHN, DARON & Co, 36 Bienville st.

SPECIE—... for sale by KOHN, DARON & Co, 36 Bienville st.

D... KOHN, DARON & Co, ...

EXCHANGE on ... and Cincinnati, for sale by STETSON & AVERY, ...

H... R GRONING & Co.

NEW-ORLEANS BEE.

... MAGNE & CO. ...

NEW ORLEANS.

FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 5, 1840.

NOMINATION OF THE NATIONAL CONVENTION.

FOR PRESIDENT,

WILLIAM H. HARRISON,

OF OHIO.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

JOHN TYLER,

OF VIRGINIA.

FOR GOVERNOR

HENRY JOHNSON,

Subject to the decision of the Whig State Convention

FOR CONGRESS—FIRST DISTRICT.
Hon. EDWD. D. WHITE.
Second District—THOMAS GIBBS MORGAN.
Third District—JOHN MOORE.

LOUISIANA ELECTORAL TICKET.
1st District—WILLIAM DEBUYS, New Orleans.
2d do JOSEPH BERNARD, East Baton Rouge;
3d do LOUFROY BARRAS, Lafourche;
4th do JACQUES DUPRE, St. Landry;
5th do SETH LEWIS, Rapides.

FOR STATE LEGISLATURE.
WILLIAM DE BUYS,
WM. C. C. CLAIBORNE,
L. L. FERRIERE,
GLENDY BURKE,
GEORGE BEDFORD,
A. W. PICHOT,
CHRISTIAN ROSELIUS.

THE MAIL again failed yesterday beyond Charleston. The following letter from the post master at Columbus, dated May 26th, explains the reasons for the failure.

"We have been now three or four days without a Northern Mail. The obstruction is between this point and Greensboro', the western termination of the Georgia Railroad. The Ocmulgee river which crosses the stage route between Monticello and the Indian Springs in this state, has been swollen to such a height as to prevent the passage of the mail at that point; and the information received to-day adds that the bridge over the Oconee river, eight miles this side of Greensboro' has been so much damaged by the flood as to obstruct the transportation of the mail there also. It will be two or three days yet before we receive a northern [mail]."

Our readers will find later ... Louisville.

STANDING ARMY, No. 3.

In our ... article we explained to our readers the mode, proposed by the administration, of carrying into effect this mammoth and *liberticide* project. The initiatory steps involved a most burdensome tax upon the people; such as would, in all probability, be resisted as unconstitutional and tyrannical. Surely no law could be more oppressive than one which required every free white citizen, between the ages of 20 and 45, to equip himself for the duties of the field, at his own cost, and in times of peace. Other usurpers have had the grace to furnish arms to their soldiery when grasping at supreme power, but our *democratic* executive would not only enslave the people, but would make them pay the price of their own subjugation. We have seen how this mighty force is to be embodied; let us inquire into the use to be made of it. The 17th section of the *projet*, is in these words:—

17. "That *the President of the United States* be authorized to call forth and assemble such *members of the active force of the militia, at such places* within their respective districts, *and at such times*, not exceeding twice, nor —— days in the same year, *as he may deem necessary; and during such period, including the time when going to and returning from the place of rendezvous, they shall be deemed in the service of the United States, and subject to such regulations as the* PRESIDENT *may think proper to adopt* for their instruction, discipline, and improvement in military knowledge."

Fully to comprehend the powers embraced in the section above, it will be necessary to refer to another part (section 14th) of the measure which divides the United States into *ten military districts*. In that division, Alabama, Mississippi, *Louisiana* and *Tennessee* are included in one (the 7th) district. The 17th section, therefore, empowers the President to call out such members of the *active force* as may be levied in this State, and coerce them to assemble in any of the above States, and to subject them to such regulations as *he may think proper to adopt—and this, too, in time of peace!* Will the citizens of Louisiana support an administration which would take them from their homes and their plantations, to undergo military discipline in Tennessee? Will they sustain a President who would subject them, when thus torn from their families, to such regulations as he may think proper to adopt!—We ask, emphatically, if human ingenuity could devise a more odious, a more high-handed and despotic measure?

But, independently of the objections arising from the enormous power with which such a provision would clothe the President, it is clearly a violation of the constitution. The 8th section of the 1st article of the constitution, enumerating the powers of Congress, says Congress shall have power

"To provide for calling forth the militia *to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions.*"

"To provide for the organising, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, *reserving to the States respectively* the appointment of officers, and *the authority of training the militia* according to the discipline prescribed by congress."

It will be seen that the 17th section of the army project is in direct conflict with the above provision of the constitution. For congress has no right to take the militia out of the jurisdiction of the state government, except "to execute the laws of the Union, to suppress insurrections and repel invasions;" nor has it the shadow of right to interfere in the *training of militia*, except to prescribe the discipline to be adopted by the states. This high handed executive measure is, therefore, not only arbitrary and dangerous in its nature, but also unconstitutional.

The reason why the constitution forbade congress the exercise of the power now claimed by the administration is easily explained. The framers of that sacred instrument had the history of the world before them. The shores of time were strewed with the wrecks of republics, whose dissolution could be traced to standing armies. They were warned by the experience of centuries against confiding to the general government the control and training of the militia. The great apprehension for the liberties of the people was the fear of consolidation—the dread of central encroachment upon the reserved rights of the states. It was thought that if the several states retained the right to train and control the militia, it would constitute a barrier between federal usurpation and popular liberty. The members of the convention were fully aware that if congress possessed the power now claimed for the executive, pretexts would not be wanting for putting it in execution. Ambition would manufacture occasions for assembling large bodies of armed and disciplined troops, upon pretence of training, to carry out its designs. The power which the executive would exert over the minds of the people, arising from the habitual obedience which military subordination engenders, was of itself a formidable objection to such a provision—and the fact that that portion of the militia which would be under the supervision and pay of the general government would lose their veneration for state sovereignty in a disciplined and ford allegiance to the Federal authority, was sufficient to exclude it from the charter of our liberties.

The single provision of Mr. POINSETT's plan so strongly recommended by the president, to which we have confined our remarks to-day, repugnant alike to the constitution and the spirit of a free people, is sufficient evidence of the PRESIDENT's criminal ambition and hostility to republican institutions. No free government could last a day with such a machine in its midst. The moment the plan was carried into effect, the knell of free government would be sounded. The genius of the republic would sicken and perish before the glittering sheen of a military despotism. Armed troops would profane the sanctuaries of the temple, and the national pride would droop, and the independence of the people be trodden down by the federal forces of a heartless and usurping chief magistrate.

We will show other passages of this project to be equally indefensible and unconstitutional.

WE THOUGHT SO.

The poor *Courier*, having expended its meagre supply of intellect in the futile attempt to prove Harrison an abolitionist, and being driven from its entrenchments, its bone of arguments battered down, its misrepresentations exposed, and its feeble devices all discovered and ridiculed, now takes refuge in abuse.—It is the usual resort, of acknowledged imbecility.—Mud is the missile employed by those whose taste and capacity alike unfit them for keener and purer weapons. We leave the *Courier* in its filth; we feel no desire to pursue it into the loathsome abyss into which it has sunk.

THE MARKET.—A great majority of the corn crops in Attakapas are suffering severely for want of rain. Some planters have cut up their corn for the purpose of replanting ... as the rain fails—it having been entirely ruined by the excessive drought that is now prevailing.

[illegible] ... There is no ... complaint ... a good many negroes. One planter in St. Landry lost ten.

GOOD, IF TRUE.—The *Planters' Banner* of the 30th says: We understand that the Caddo Free Press, heretofore a strong supporter of Winn, has renounced him, and come out boldly for Judge Moore and old Tippecanoe. Winn's only hope was in Caddo.

We have conversed with an intelligent gentleman just returned from a journey through nearly every county in Mississippi and the whole of western Tennessee. He informs us that in Mississippi Harrison is going ahead wonderfully. Even in the Chickasaw counties, the strong holds of Van Burenism, he has heard many declare they would be duped no longer. If the feeling continues, Mississippi will assuredly be redeemed. Western Tennessee is in a perfect blaze of enthusiasm for old Tip.

The loco-focos are making much ado about a letter addressed to the "Democratic Central Committee of Kentucky," by Mr. CHAMBERS and CORNELIUS VAN BUSKIRK, in which they state that Gen. HARRISON *told them* that "nothing could induce him to answer such interrogatories (as were proposed by the loco-foco committee,) coming from either friend or foe."

We venture to assert that two such men could not have been selected in the whole union better qualified to extort from forbearance itself such a reply. The one is known throughout the state by the sobriquet of "Pewter-Eyed Billy", a name given in commemoration of his fondness for pelf, and the remarkable resemblance of his optics to counterfeit coin; and the other, VAN BUSKIRK, is one of those creatures whom providence has created in derision of mankind—a sort of connecting link between ... nature ... [illegible] ... for their comfort—if their account of the visit be true. They partook of Gen. HARRISON's hospitality and broke bread in his house when they were his bitterest foes and on an errand of espionage, attempting to extort from the confiding character of a host something to blast him in the esteem of his fellow citizens.

Are the letters of such miscreants to be circulated abroad to the injury of an old and faithful public servant! The democratic central committee might have sent to the penitentiary and get certificates out of which more could be made,—and which would, in Kentucky, carry equal credibility. Such dirty means are worthy the cause of loco-focoism! We know what we are saying.

TREMENDOUS GATHERING OF 10,000.

The Buckeye boys cannot meet in ordinary numbers. The name of HARRISON at once attracts thousands together. In Wilmington, Ohio, on the 23d May, TEN THOUSAND whigs assembled from the counties of Warren, Clinton and Highland, to express their sentiments on the presidential contest and to nominate a candidate for congress. The heartfelt enthusiasm of the mighty multitude, the spirit stirring appeals of their orators, the boundless love and veneration for the noble patriot of North Bend, manifested by thunders of applause at the mere mention of his name, prove that the Democratic Republicans of Ohio are immoveable in their resolution to sustain the great and good HARRISON, by a majority that no state in the Union will exceed. The convention unanimously nominated JEREMIAH MORROW, for the residue of Mr. CORWIN's term, and for the succeeding two years in congress, from that district. Among the speakers was THOMAS CORWIN himself. It is unnecessary to say how he spoke. Every one knows the calibre of the extinguisher of poor CRARY.

YET ANOTHER CONVENTION OF 12,000.

The people from the western part of Virginia, the north eastern part of Ohio, and the south west of Pennsylvania met at Alexandria, about two weeks ago, to the number of TWELVE THOUSAND.—The Wheeling *Times* says: "It was a turn out of the people in mass. It was one of those great premonitions of the downfall of the administration, which now characterise our extended country, throughout its length and breadth." Wheeling sent 1578 delegates; Pennsylvania 3,000; Brook county, Va., 1000. All the neighboring counties in the three states were represented by hundreds. The *mammoth ball* from Wheeling, attracted universal attention. It was 14 feet high, and had upon it an inscription for every state in the Union. A number of revolutionary soldiers were in the line, one bearing the commission of Washington. The vast assembly was addressed in strains of pure and patriotic eloquence, and adjourned in the evening, all certain of success in their great struggle for liberty.

What chance has the little perfumed politician of Kinderhook, when a single blast of the HARRISON trumpet can call together 12,000 ardent and devoted patriots.

STILL ANOTHER—3,000 HOOSIERS.

There was a great gathering of the Harrisonians of a single county in Indiana, on the 22d ult. They met amid the inspiring strains of music, with banners flying, emblems of victory waving in the breeze, mottoes, cabins, and all the usual insignia of genuine Harrison enthusiasm. They were addressed by a number of distinguished individuals—among others by Judge BIGGS and JONATHAN MCCARTY; the first the whig candidate for governor, the second a whig presidential elector.

SOUTH CAROLINA.—Who would have imagined two months ago, that a Harrison party could have existed in South Carolina? Who would have predicted that a Harrison paper in that state, the prospectus of which was published only a few weeks ago, would already have obtained several hundred subscribers. Such, however, is the fact, and what is more, the Harrison party in Carolina, though in the minority, is composed of as gallant and chivalric spirits as ever defied tyranny, and stood up for the rights of an injured people. Ex-governor BUTLER is a prominent member of the party; so is general ADAMS; so are a host of other noble and patriotic men in the Palmetto State.

A FAIR SPECIMEN.—The Warsaw (Ky.) *Patriot* says, that a loco-foco, the other day, went up to several gentlemen in that place, and began to abuse Gen. HARRISON as a coward and a granny. He swore that General H., instead of being the Commander-in-chief at the battle of the Thames, *was only the Aid of old General Tippecanoe*, who was as brave a man and great a general as ever lived. This is about an average sample of locofoco logic.

"The Richmond Enquirer calculates on a majority of five to ten thousand in Virginia at the presidential election for Mr. Van Buren, and we are confident that its estimate may be relied on."—*Louisville Advertiser.*

You were equally confident in its estimate two months ago that the legislature would have a loco-foco majority of 10 or 19 on joint ballot. We did not believe it then, nor do we now.

CARMALITE, the negro woman who set fire to the cotton gin of Mr. Harpin, in Lafayette parish, has been condemned to the penitentiary for life.

A fire broke out on the 2d, at Mobile, in a building near a drinking shop called the Jackson Coffee House, which was consumed, together with the coffee house, and a small dwelling house adjoining.

The town of Augusta, Ga. was visited on the 20th ult. with a severe storm, accompanied with hail and thunder and lightning. A large number of fences and trees were blown down.

The mission to Russia has cost the government within the last three years about $67,500. To Wilkins' outfit, infit and salary, $37,500. Dallas' outfit, infit and salary, $22,500—and to Cambreling $22,000. The policy has been, that a minister should only remain about twelve months—the period for which he would receive the greatest amount of pay. Outfit, $9,000, infit, $4,000, and salary, $9,000. This sum pocketed, the executive tool gave way for some other waiter upon the bounty of his majesty.—*Richmond Whig.*

The following exquisitely pathetic, devotedly patriotic and morally sublime response of a locofoco candidate in the parish of Lafayette, to the nominating committee, is really too good to be lost. We only regret that its destiny is to be preserved in the perishable columns of a public journal. It should be stereotyped on steel plates. Its author is MATHEW CREIGHTON, Esq:

"But gentlemen, in responding to such a generous, friendly, and confidential call of my fellow-citizens, I cannot refrain from the expressions of sorrow ... joy, that agitates my inmost feelings, sorrow, lest my ... capacity and acquired intelligence, should ... to fulfil the vital duties as your agent, or should fail ... guard with unwinking vigilance, and with a ... prowess unknown to a romantick wish, the sacred equal rights, and pecuniary interests of every ... woman and child in this parish, this state, yea this nation. Likewise gentlemen, I cannot but regret the poignant anguish, and painful sacrifice that my absence from home to sweet home," would inflict not only on myself, but that of my aged, inestimable, and devoted Consort."

[illegible] ... Philadelphia ... some distant part of the Union ...

EXPENDED FIGURES.

Hon. J. K. POLK, Speaker of the house of representatives.

Statement showing the amount of expenditures of the United States, exclusive of the public debt, for each year from 1824 to 1837, inclusive, stated in pursuance of a resolution of the house of representatives of the 28th June, 1836.

For the year	1824	$14,330,144 71
Do	1825	11,490,459 94
Do	1826	13,062,316 27
Do	1827	[illegible]
Do	1828	[illegible]
Do	1829	[illegible]
Do	1830	[illegible]
Do	1831	[illegible]
Do	1832	[illegible]
Do	1833	[illegible]
Do	1834	[illegible]
Do	1835	[illegible]
Do	1836	[illegible]
Do	1837	*39,16[illegible],745 37

NOTE.—The foregoing sums include payments for trust funds and indemnities, which, in 1837, was $6,610,604 36. T. L. SMITH, Register.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Register's Office, June 27, 1838.
* This sum is subject to small variation on the settlement of the account of the treasurer.

"THE EXCITEMENT OF COMPOSITION."

The following is the Ex-Postmaster General's first movement "for the benefit of his health." Twenty thousand copies of the following precious confidential letter are at this moment preparing for the mails.—Amos calls upon all the office-holders to help him to put down "the daring efforts now making" by the people "to conquer" those who are in possession of the treasury. It will be seen that he says, if you can't spare a dollar, send a half dollar. If this appeal does not enable Mr. Kendall and his federal locofoco conspirators to put down the daring efforts now making by the people, we advise him to take a commission under General Poinsett, and call out the standing army, and if the people won't give way before the 200,000 militia men, then bring out the bloodhounds and "let slip the dogs of war."

WASHINGTON, MAY 20, 1840.

MY DEAR SIR:—Having embarked ... [illegible] ... part, I earnestly invoke your assistance in rendering my efforts effective by disseminating the enclosed address, and obtaining subscribers to the Extra Globe throughout your region of country.

Every farmer, mechanic, and workingman should have one; and if they cannot well spare a dollar each, two or more should unite together to take one.

Stimulated by an enthusiastic devotion to the pure principles of democracy, and by the daring efforts now making to conquer them, and to extinguish forever the beacon-light which our beloved country is holding up to mankind, I shall endeavor to *take care* that the true-hearted men who may aid me in reaching the minds of an honest people, shall have no cause to repent their exertions.

Your friend and fellow-citizen,
AMOS KENDALL.

MILITARY PUNISHMENT.

By a parliamentary paper of session 1834, it appears that in four years the cases of corporal punishment inflicted in the Royal Navy amounted to 7,013—that is upwards of 7,000 seamen were tried by courts martial and flogged. By another parliamentary paper it appears that during the five years ending December, 1836, 1,227 soldiers, that is 245 yearly, within the United Kingdom, were subjected to corporal punishment. By the same return, it appears that, during the same period, 332 marines underwent the same punishment, and that of these 1559 persons, 242 were flogged a second time, and 44 a third time. Parliament have lately put an end to the flogging laborers in the West Indies. It is not high time that our military and naval cruelties were also abolished. *London Sun.*

The ceremony of degradation of six soldiers, who had been condemned for various offences by courts martial, took place yesterday morning in the Place Vendome. As the details of such an affair are not devoid of interest we subjoin a brief account of them. Detachments from the various regiments of the garrison of Paris, being drawn up in a line, a cellular van containing the delinquents arrived toward 11 at the foot of the column. The business immediately commenced with the reading, by the commandant reporter, assisted by his registrar, of the sentences passed on three privates, who were condemned to the *boulet* for five years, as deserters. This done, the three men, with their eyes blindfolded, wearing their gray coats, and dragging after them the *boulet*, a heavy cannon ball attached to their bodies by a chain of two yards long, were led along the front of the line, the troops carrying arms, and the bands playing. This exposition terminated, a private of artillery, condemned to five years' close confinement for theft, was brought forth. A non-commissioned officer, having made this man carry arms, took his musket from him, and made him carry arms with the musket reversed. This done the musket was grounded and his belts and cartouch box stripped from him downwards. His foraging cap was next taken off. He was then made to turn his back to his comrades, and the non-commissioned officer took up the musket and made believe to strike the degraded man on the back with the butt end of it. In former times this blow was serious, and frequently left a lasting mark. At last came two privates of cavalry, who were sentenced to hard labor on public works for three years, having deserted but not quitted France, and they underwent the same degrading ceremonials as the artilleryman. The whole proceedings being finished, the six men were ranged at the foot of the column, and remained while the troops marched by them, with their bands playing, on the way to their respective quarters. The condemned men were then given over to the custody of gendarmerie.—*Galignani's Paris Mess. March 14.*

WHICH IS THE DEMOCRAT?—"Gentlemen," said Gen. Harrison to his brother soldiers when about to part with them at the close of the North Western campaign—"Gentlemen, if you ever come to Vincennes, you will not find the string of my latch pulled in."—"Fellow," said Mr. Van Buren's liveried servant to an honest and sturdy countryman, who a month or two ago, called at the White House, at 10 o'clock in the morning—"Fellow, if you have any business here, you will have to call at a proper hour."
Which is the Democrat? *Prentice*

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED

Ship Perlonnet, Fonte, for Havre, A H Gale.
.... Sweden, Homan, for Liverpool, S & J P Whitney.
Barque Hualco, Ferber, for Havana, S & J P Whitney.
.... Adario, Adams, for Boston, S & J P Whitney.
Brig O C Raymond, Park, for Nassau, (N P.) Oakey Wood, D. Gold-.
.... Citizen, Thing, for Bilboa, (Spain,) S & J P Whitney.
.... Pilgrim, Campbell, for Baltimore, George Bedford & Beck.
.... Petersburg, Larkin, for New York, J W Zacharie & co.
Schr. David Rodgers, Morgan, for Kingston, (Jam.) T.R. Hamilton.
.... Swan, Trainer, for Mobile, W J Andrews.
Steam packet Neptune, Pennoyer, for New York, J Reed & co.

ARRIVED.

Tow boat Pilot, Clark, from the Passes, with bark Johan Georg and schr Belle.
Tow boat Tennessean, Paulding, from the Passes, with Span polacre St Antonio Palmenano.
Barque Johan Georg, Hohiest, from Bremen, April 4, to Schmidt, Werner & co—136 passengers.
Schr Belle, Reynolds, from Matanzas, May 27, to master.
Polacre St Antonio (a) Palmenano, Slempert, from Havana, May 24—to R Groning & co.
Steamboat Ajax, Trouant, from St Martinsville.
Steamboat Levant, Lamont, from Bayou Sara.
Steamboat Gen Brown, Dunham, from Louisville.
Steamboat Water Witch, Brown, from Louisville.
Steamboat Sinnier, Massey, from Mobile.
Steamboat Walker, Orway, from Mobile.
Steamboat Amazon, McLain, from Wheeling.
Steamboat Maid of Orleans, Van Houten, from St Louis.

COMING UP.

Ship Alabama, Berry, from New York.
Towboat Hualco, Davis, from the Passes.
Also a large ship and a schr, names unknown.

MEMORANDA

Ship Parsons and schr Comet gone to sea.
Ship Newark, Soldeski, barque Louise, brigs George, Olive Branch and Morning Star, have gone to sea.
Schr Urchin, Cook, from New York, spoken 2d inst off Ritton Island by the Tennessean, did not want steam.
Ship ... on S W Bar.
Steamboat Maid of Orleans left St Louis 31st ult—in port for New Orleans steamers St Louis and Wilmington; June 1, met Corsican at Mills' Point; Ambassador at ...; G ... at ... Flower Island; 4th met G Collier at White River; Sultana near Vicksburg; 3d, met Persian at Grand Gulf.
Steamboat Gen Brown left Louisville 29th ult—reports 8 feet of water on the falls and rising rapidly; the Mississippi is also reported to be rising.

WANTED—A young man of about fifteen years of age, in a drug store, as an apprentice. If he prove clever, particular care will be taken to give him a scientific and practical business education. A German will be preferred. Apply at the drug store of H. CURTIUS, Corner of Race and Tchoupitoulas sts.

$50 REWARD will be paid for the apprehension and delivery of the negro man HENRY, aged about thirty years, of dark complexion, and six feet high; has been a drayman for the last two years in this city ... about four weeks, and stays about the Old Basin and Pontchartrain Railroad. BEHAN & WEELAND, Orleans Cotton Press.

TO RENT—Two new two story dwelling houses, with kitchens, cisterns, &c. situated in Villeré street, between Customhouse and Bienville streets. Possession can be given immediately. Apply to D MORPHY, 45 Burgundy st. Between Customhouse and Bienville st.

TO LET—The house and livery stable, situated at the corner of St. Louis and Bourbon. Possession will be given immediately. Apply to JEAN LS. RABASSAT, Rampart st. between Dumaine and St. Philippe sts.

STATE OF LOUISIANA—Parish Court for the parish and city of New Orleans—Present the honorable Chas. Maurian, judge—June 4th, 1840—No 13,096—Wm Nicolas Milton and Jn Amedée Dubalen vs their creditors. ... [illegible] ... Clerk's office, June 4th, 1840. ARMAND PITOT, clerk.

STATE OF LOUISIANA—Parish Court for the parish and city of New Orleans—Present the honorable Charles Maurian, judge— ... Louis Majeste ... creditors and the creditors of L. Colligual & Co. ... [illegible] ... ARMAND PITOT, Clerk.

... bbls soft prime, for sale by R GRONING & Co.

MALAGA ... R GRONING & Co.

STATEMENT OF THE SITUATION OF THE BANKS IN NEW ORLEANS, ON THE THIRTIETH MAY, 1840.

NAMES OF THE BANKS.	CAPITAL. Nominal.	CAPITAL. Paid up.	Real Estate, and other investments.	DISCOUNTS AND LOANS. On pledge of Bank Stock.	On mortgage of real estate property, b... bills & notes ... required by their charters.	... including capital of branches.	BALANCES DUE TO OR FROM FOREIGN BANKERS. Dr.	Cr.	DOMESTIC BILLS AND BANK NOTES OF OTHER STATES, HELD BY THE BANKS. Dr.	Cr.
New Orleans Canal and Banking Company	4,000,000	3,999,750 00	1,613,702 00	183,753 00		3,701,117 00				
Carrollton Rail Road and Banking Company	3,000,000	1,949,350 00	935,187 00	191,314 00		1,372,830 00	2,083 00	2,804 00		107,719 00
Citizens Bank of Louisiana	12,000,000	6,888,667 00	939,595 00		5,300,000 00	3,913,294 00		324,397 00		63,776 00
City Bank of New Orleans	2,000,000	2,000,000 00	166,938 00			3,606,839 00		47,991 00		43,967 00
[illegible]	3,000,000	3,000,000 00								
[illegible]	2,450,000	2,450,000 00	101,184 00		1,319,947 00	1,877,263 00	58,853 00	176,997 00		38,947 00
[illegible]	2,000,000	968,494 00	692,838 00			860,583 00				
[illegible]	6,000,000	1,854,455 00	1,714,020 00			2,587,934 00		1,313 00		
Improvement and Banking Company	2,000,000	1,595,079 00	1,165,704 00	389,136 00		813,456 00				
Bank of [illegible]	4,000,000	3,997,560 00	146,934 00	292,510 00		4,619,568 00		80,907 00		73,917 00
[illegible]	2,000,000	1,937,190 00	149,106 00			2,714,961 00				
[illegible] Bank	2,000,000	1,998,360 00	52,832 00	266,000 00		2,469,664 00		4,461 00		
[illegible]	1,000,000	1,000,000 00	178,944 00			1,669,812 00				850,370 00
[illegible]	500,000	424,780 00	148,391 00			798,717 00				145,551 00
[illegible] of Louisiana	7,000,000	7,000,000 00	784,980 00		3,161,939 00	6,159,126 00		910,860 00		469,790 00
[illegible]	[illegible]	788,945 00	417,907 00			785,303 00				
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		1,799,987 00

NAMES OF THE BANKS.	BALANCES DUE TO OR FROM BANKS OF OTHER STATES, including checks & post notes. Dr.	Cr.	LIABILITIES, other than those expressed, bills payable, bonds, &c., and dividends unpaid.	ASSETS, other than those expressed, bills receivable, municipality notes, &c.	BALANCES DUE TO OR FROM LOCAL BANKS. Dr.	Cr.	DEPOSITS. By Individuals or Corporations.	By Public Officers.	CIRCULATION.	LOCAL BANK NOTES ON HAND.	SPECIE IN THE VAULTS.	CAPITAL GAIN AND PROFITS UNDIVIDED.
New Orleans Canal and Banking Company			5,530 00	37,568 00	190,920 00		368,683 00		630,300 00	89,800 00	157,851 00	634,899 00
Carrollton Rail Road and Banking Company	98,660 00	36,066 00	30,618 00		40,589 00		78,864 00		317,950 00	12,125 00	39,794 00	909,733 00
Citizens Bank of Louisiana	331,179 00	259,856 00	1,260,544 00	688,580 00		311 00	1,581,611 00	179,715 00	567,580 00	71,895 00	586,960 00	416,000 00
City Bank of New Orleans	306,704 00	28,087 00	61,097 00	33,499 00	183,667 00		344,866 00		656,475 00	981,661 00	188,898 00	250,787 00
[illegible]					27,885 00				[illegible]	174,485 00	346,393 00	
[illegible]					130,708 00		660,701 00		[illegible]	62,410 00	462,025 00	906,746 00
[illegible]		22,157 00	185,466 00	46,805 00	171,030 00		90,931 00		[illegible]	20,457 00	132,128 00	60,125 00
[illegible]	158,598 00		2,001,836 00			16,000 00	73,036 00		[illegible]	74,519 00	10,511 00	174,894 00
Improvement and Banking Company			948,578 00	25,873 00		314,570 00	237,188 00		[illegible]	37,970 00	25,890 00	31,662 00
Bank of [illegible]	58,986 00		56,390 00			380,913 00	628,927 00		[illegible]	68,393 00	397,483 00	786,671 00
[illegible]				13,028 00		19,785 00	928,755 00		[illegible]	54,963 00	330,978 00	148,852 00
[illegible] Bank	42,981 00	29,002 00	4,568 00	8,750 00		80,407 00	175,804 00		[illegible]	38,000 00	41,415 00	174,741 00
[illegible]	748,891 00	232,977 00	4,460,093 00	3,338,196 00		365 00	981,793 00		[illegible]	53,957 00	381,330 00	55,736 00
[illegible]	76,159 00	75,475 00	3,944 00		50,490 00		104,877 00		[illegible]	9,303 00	162,394 00	175,900 00
[illegible] of Louisiana	137,920 00	102,530 00	4,530 00		131,109 00		569,577 00		1,019,800 00	81,660 00	240,540 00	2,187,789 00
[illegible]	9,884 00	19,886 00	159,876 00	5,408 00	48,648 00		77,754 00		881,375 00	30,353 00	70,996 00	86,567 00
[illegible]	1,798,344 00	800,087 00	8,504,989 00	4,307,044 00	993,184 00	798,351 00	6,670,845 00	179,715 00	6,687,326 00	1,146,878 00	3,553,495 00	5,650,468 00

Deduct Notes held by the different Banks on that day, ... 1,146,878 00

Actual circulation ... 5,501,448 00

NEW ORLEANS, June 3, 1840.

LUCIEN HERMANN, SECRETARY.

SOUTH CAROLINA FEMALE INSTITUTE.

THE duties of this Institution, under the direction of Dr ELIAS MARKS and Rev. WELLINGTON H. TYLER, will be resumed on the 1st, October coming.

Twenty-two years of past service is the pledge which one of the above named individuals offers, for that which is forthcoming. He is enabled, from personal acquaintance, to testify as to the superior qualifications of Mr. T. The following, among other testimonials, are offered:

"Mr. WELLINGTON H. TYLER is a graduate of this College. After taking his first degree, he went to Kentucky, where he proved himself to be an able and faithful teacher of youth. Being invited to take a Tutorship he returned and discharged the duties of the office, with great credit to himself and advantage to the Institution. Since then, he has studied Theology in the Andover Seminary, and is now a very acceptable preacher of the Gospel.

It affords me great pleasure to recommend him to the public, as a man of high moral and Christian character and perfectly well qualified to take charge of any Academy or High School, where his services may be wanted.
Amherst College, Sept. 10th, 1839.
H. HUMPHREY, President."

"AMHERST COLLEGE, Sept. 20, 1839.
THIS MAY CERTIFY, That the subscriber is well acquainted with the Rev. WELLINGTON H. TYLER, having known him as a member of this College, of which he is an alumnus, and afterwards as a Tutor in the College, and since as a licensed preacher resident in this place; and I take great pleasure in recommending him to the public confidence as a Christian and a minister, and also as a scholar and gentleman, highly qualified by his abilities, attainments, and general character, to superintend the instruction of youth of either sex in any of our literary Institutions.
N. W. FISKE, Prof. Int. and Mor. Phil'y."

Mrs. T. is amply recommended by the Principles of the Troy Female Seminary, and also by Profs. Yates of Union College, and Joslin of the New York University.

The principles of the Institute, in the discharge of the highly responsible duties which will devolve upon them, will aim at *practical* results, and attempt rather to qualify those submitted to their care for the duties of real life, than to gain for them the admiration too often bestowed upon extraordinary and fanciful attainments. The former requires the symmetrical development of all the faculties, which make up the mental and moral constitutions, and, under no circumstances of future life, will it leave the pupil in the condition of a traveller, who should receive for his guidance a map of a different country from that in which he is to travel.

They will aim at *permanent* results. The power and the habit of reasoning are worth more than any number of the results of others' reasoning;—the laws of knowledge and a well disciplined and directed for future acquisitions, are a greater blessing than any amount of knowledge without such guarantee for its perpetuity and increase, as a living fountain is worth more than a stagnant reservoir of however great dimensions.

They will aim, by short, at combining, in the highest practicable degree, the advantages of *home education* with those, which, in the general, can only be enjoyed abroad, where many are brought together for the same object;—at demonstrating the endearments of home, its social sentiments and its properties of life—for the improvement and the enjoyment of those, who may thus be removed from the danger of being injuriously involved in fashionable dissipation, or being too early occupied with distracting domestic cares and anxieties.

It will be perceived that the new arrangement leaves the identity of the institution untouched. It will be the same in its objects and aims—the same in its internal arrangements, in its religious aspects and in the sentiments of its conductors, as they regard the social institutions of the South. Hence the propriety of continuing here our arrangements and the advantages of them—matters, which have already and repeatedly been submitted to the notice of the public, and as it would seem, met their approbation.

The regular term of the Institute, consists of nine months, commencing on the 1st of October, and terminating on the last day of June. Term divided into two Sessions, of four and a half months each. Second Session commences on the second Monday in February, terminating on the last day of June.

It is every way desirable that pupils should enter at the commencement of term; they will, however, be received at any period of the term, and charged only for the unexpired portion of the term.

The institution will be open five days of the week, during the hours of recitation, from 8 A. M. to 3 P. M. to the inspection of patrons and those interested in the cause of Female Education.

No expenditures will be made for pupils, for books, stationary, postage, and necessary articles, such as shoes, &c. unless an advance is made, in deposite, for the same.

All letters to Principals must be post paid.

We recommend to patrons and others to post-pay their letters, addressed to the inmates of the Institute, in order to anticipate errors of double postage, upon the part of Postmasters.

TERMS.

Board and entire Course of Studies in Literary and Scientific Departments, inclusive of washing, firewood, candles, ink, and quills, &c. $200 for Academic Year.

Chemistry, with the use of Chemical Apparatus,	15	"	"
Botany,	10	"	"
Latin & French Languages, each	20	"	"
Music—Piano, Harp, or Guitar, each	60	"	"
Use of Piano,	8	"	"
Drawing,	20	"	"

An additional charge will be made for Pupils, who remain at the Institute during vacation. Each Session payable in advance. Attached to the Institute, are a well selected Library, Philosophical and Chemical Apparatus, and a Cabinet of Minerals.

BARHAMVILLE, near Columbia, (S. C.) May 16th 1840.

TEXT BOOKS.

INTRODUCED IN SUCCESSION, IN EACH DEPARTMENT OF STUDY.

Murray's Grammar and Exercises; ... Astronomy; Jamieson's Rhetoric; Whateley's Rhetoric
Porter's Analysis; Abercrombie's Moral & Intellectual Philosophy
Paley's Evidences; Smilie's Philosophy
Woodbridge & Willard's Modern Geography;
Cummings' Ancient Geography;
Dr. Butler's Geographia Classica; Dr. Butler's Atlas
Robbin's Outlines of History;
Tyler's Modern and Ancient History;
Hale's History of the United States;
Mrs. Lincoln's Botany; ... Chemistry
Grund's Natural Philosophy; ... Arithmetic
Smith's Arithmetic; Colburn's Algebra;
Day's Algebra; Grund's Plain Geometry;
Playfair's Euclid; Day's Mathematics;
Wanostrocht's French Grammar;
Hertz's French Classical reader; Abeille;
Easy Lessons in French; Choix d'Anecdotes;
Bolmar's Colloquial Phrases; Bolmar's Perrin's Fables,
Collot's French Dialogues; Collot's French Anecdotes;
Gould's Adam's Latin Grammar;
Mair's Syntax; Jacob's Latin Reader;
Cicero; Virgil; Ainsworth's Latin Dictionary;
Entick's Latin Dictionary.
Any of these, as required, can be furnished at the Institute, at New York retail prices.

AIMIE JACOBS, f. w. of c. vs. James Bulger—By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the honorable Wm. Grivot, associate judge of the City Court of New Orleans, I shall expose at public sale on the 16th of June, 1840, at noon, at my office, Exchange alley, between St. Louis and Conti:
One lot of furniture; seized to satisfy the judgment rendered in the above case.
Terms, cash. CHAS. CLAIBORNE, City Marshal.

SAMUEL LOCKE vs. J H McCORMICK & CHARLES SALMON—By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed by the honorable F. M. Guyol, associate judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose at public sale, on the 16th of June, 1840, at noon, at my office, in Exchange Alley, between Conti and St. Louis streets:
Two boxes, one barrel and their contents; seized to satisfy the judgment rendered in the above case.
Terms, cash. CHS. CLAIBORNE City Marshal.

STATE OF LOUISIANA—First Judicial District Court. The state of Louisiana, to all whom these presents shall come, greeting:—Whereas, Thomas Slidell, having exhibited a regular claim of title for the property herein after described, through divers conveyances and decrees from James Burden's succession, which said James Burden purchased at a sale made by the sheriff of the parish of Orleans, the property herein after described, has applied to the clerk of this court in whose office the deed of sale was recorded on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1826, for a monition or advertisement in conformity to an act of the legislature of the state of Louisiana, entitled "An act for the further assurance of titles to purchasers at judicial sales;" approved the tenth day of March, 1834.

Now, therefore, know ye, and all persons interested herein, are hereby cited and admonished in the name of the state of Louisiana, and of the First Judicial District Court, who can set up any right, title or claim in and to the property herein after described, in consequence of any informality in the order, decree or judgment of the court under which the sale was made, or any irregularity or illegality in the appraisements and advertisements, in time, or manner of sale, or for any other defect whatsoever; to show cause, within thirty days from the day this monition is first inserted in the public papers, why the sale so made should not be confirmed and homologated.

The said property was sold by the sheriff of the parish aforesaid on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1826, by virtue of a decree of this court, rendered on the 14th day of February A. D. 1826, in a suit entitled William M. Goodrich and Harrod & Quarles vs. H. C. Barkley and al.—No. 14,264, of the docket of this court, at which sale said James Burden became the purchaser for the price of eight thousand dollars payable at twelve months' credit, the purchaser giving bond with sufficient security, bearing five per cent. interest and special mortgage on the property sold until final payment, which the sheriff aforesaid acknowledges to have received in three bonds of the purchaser, with William Vance as security, dated March 20th, 1826, and bearing 5 per cent. interest, until paid, payable twelve months after date; one of the sum of three thousand eight hundred and eighty one 81-100 dollars, to the order of Wm. N. Goodrich; one of the same amount to the order of Harrod & Quarles; one of two hundred and thirty-six 37-100 dollars, to the order of Frederick Boston.

Description of property as given in the judicial conveyance, viz:

Two lots of ground, together with all the improvements thereon, situate in the faubourg Annunciation, above the city of New Orleans, and designated by the numbers 7 and 8, in square No. 20; lot No. 7 forms one of the corners of Coliseum and Robin streets, and measures sixty feet front on the former, one hundred and twenty feet in depth and front on the latter; and lot No. 8 adjoins lot No. 7, and measures sixty feet front on said Coliseum street, by one hundred and twenty feet in depth, French measure.

[L. S.] Witness the honorable A. M. Buchanan, judge of the court aforesaid, this 28th day May, 1840.
F. LE BLANC, Dep. Clerk.

INDIGO—80 ceroons prime quality, for sale by N D CHAMBERLIN & Co, 40 Gravier st

BRANDY—100 bbls first and 4th proof brandy, for sale by N D CHAMBERLIN & Co, 40 Gravier st

GIN—80 bbls domestic gin, for sale by N D CHAMBERLIN & Co, 40 Gravier st

GINGER—100 bags race ground ginger, for sale by N D CHAMBERLIN & Co, 40 Gravier st

FOR NEW YORK—[illegible] ... NATCHEZ ... will leave ... VAN WYCK & Co, 25 Camp street.

FOR NEW YORK—Via Key West and Charleston, On Monday the 15th instant, at 10 o'clock. The new and splendid low pressure steam ship NEW YORK, John T Wright, commander, will positively sail as above. This vessel is only two years old, copper-fastened, built in New York expressly for ... accommodations both for cabin and steerage passengers not surpassed by any packet in the ... Passengers by this route will arrive in nine days in New York from the time of leaving here, as there will be no detention on the voyage—the vessel being able to carry sufficient fuel for twelve days consumption. For passage, apply at the counting room of the subscribers, where a plan of the cabin can be seen, and berths secured.
N. B.—This vessel made the passage last year from hence to New York in nine running days.
BOGERT & HAWTHORN, 63 Gravier st.

FOR NEW YORK—Direct—To sail on Thursday, 25th June, at 6 o'clock, p. m.—The steam ship NATCHEZ, J. Swiler, master, will sail positively as above. For passage apply to VAN WYCK & Co, 25 Camp street.
No berth or state room considered engaged until paid for.

FOR LOUISVILLE & ALL INTERMEDIATE LANDINGS—On Saturday the 13th June, positively—The splendid steamer GREY EAGLE, is looked for on Wednesday the 10th of June and will positively leave as above. A register of her cabin is at the office of the agents where state-rooms or berths may be secured prior to her arrival.
LAYET & AMELUNG, 17 Commerce st.

FOR LOUISVILLE & ALL INTERMEDIATE LANDINGS—Passenger Boat—The elegant and very fast running steamer MONARCH, Hugh Fullerton, master, is expected to arrive on Sunday the 7th inst, and will leave as above with quick despatch. For freight or passage apply in (the absence of the boat) at the office of the agents.
LAYET & AMELUNG 17 Commerce st.

FOR LOUISVILLE.—The fine passenger steamer GENERAL BROWN, L. B. Dunham, master, will leave for the above port and all intermediate landings this day, Friday, the 5th instant, at 4 o'clock, p. m. For freight or passage, apply on board, foot of Poydras street, or to
H E LAWRENCE, 29 New Levee.

FOR ST LOUIS, ALTON and intermediate landings—The elegant fast running steamer VANDALIA, Smith, master, having been unavoidably detained, will positively leave this day, at 10 o'clock, a. m. For freight or passage, having unequalled accommodations, apply on board, opposite Gravier st, or to
BOGERT & HAWTHORN, 63 Gravier st.

FOR LOUISVILLE.—Passenger Boat—AMBASSADOR, John A. Halson, commander, on Sunday the 14th inst., at 10 o'clock a.m.—The splendid steamer AMBASSADOR, John A. Halson, master, will leave as above. A plan of the cabin can be seen and passage secured by applying to
H. E. LAWRENCE, 29 New Levee.

FOR SAINT LOUIS AND ALTON.—The splendid and fast running passenger steamboat MAID OF ORLEANS, J Van Houten, master, is daily expected, and will meet with quick despatch for the above ports.
J VAIRIN & Co, 26 Poydras st.

STEAMBOAT ILLINOIS, Chesley Blake, master, will run during this season as follows:

Leaving Buffalo at 9, a. m.			Leaving Chicago at 9 a. m.		
June 4th and		20th	June 12th and		26th
July 6th	do	22	July 14th	do	30th
Aug. 7th	do	23	Aug. 15th	do	31st
Sept. 8th	do	24	Sept. 16th,	Oct.	2d
Oct. 10th	do	26	Oct. 18th,	Nov.	3d

FOR BALTIMORE—The fast sailing schooner ECHO, capt Fales, having the greater part of her cargo engaged, can take about 50 tons of lead under deck and 100 bbls on deck, apply to
G BEDFORD & BECK, 24 Customhouse st.

FOR NEW YORK—The fast sailing copper fastened brig GEORGE, captain Pepper, having three fourths of her cargo engaged, can take the bulk of 80 hhds of sugar under deck and 200 barrels on deck. For freight or passage, apply to
G BEDFORD & BECK, 24 Customhouse st.

FOR HAVANA—The fast sailing schr CREOLE, Cormier, master, will have despatch for the above port. For freight or passage, apply on board, foot of St Peter street; or to
A CAPDEVILLE & Co, 19 Toulouse st.

FOR TAMPICO—The fast sailing schr SARAH HELEN, capt W Forman, having part of her cargo engaged, will leave for the above port shortly. For freight or passage, apply to the captain on board, at the Old Basin, or to
ONEZIME BUISSON, 109 St Ann st.

FOR NEW YORK—The fine schooner HERO, capt. Duncan, having part cargo engaged, will meet with quick despatch. For freight or passage, apply to
G BEDFORD & BECK, 24 Customhouse st.

FOR NEW YORK—The fast sailing brig GAZELLE, Capt Glover, can take the bulk of 30 hhds sugar under deck and 50 hhds molasses on deck, and comfortably accommodate several passengers, apply to
G BEDFORD & BECK, 24 Customhouse st.

FOR HAVRE—The fine fast sailing French ship ALEXANDRE TOUSSIN, Leroumois, master, has the most part of her cargo engaged, and will have immediate despatch. For balance of freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to
BLANCHARD, EIMER & Co, 36 Bienville st.

FOR SALE—A fast sailing SLOOP, 40 tons burthen. Apply at No. 6 Conti street.

FOR BORDEAUX—The fine and fast-sailing ship TALMA, Cayol, master, will positively for the above port on Monday next, the 8th instant. For freight of 150 bales of cotton, or passage, apply to the Captain on board, foot of Hospital street, or to
R A LEFEBVRE & Co, 11 Toulouse st.

FOR LIVERPOOL—The new ship HERCULEAN, captain Cook, can take 100 bales of cotton on deck. For freight of which, or passage, apply on board, opposite the Orleans cotton press, or to
GEO GREEN & BRO, 26 Camp st.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER—The schooner AUGUSTUS LORD will take a cargo for Philadelphia or New York. Apply to
J ALBERT, 26 St Louis st.

FOR NEW YORK—The fine brig ATLAS, Capt. Andrews, will be ready to take in on Monday. For freight, apply to
G GREEN & BROTHER, 26 Camp st.

FOR NEW YORK—The fine A 1 brig LUCY ANN, Capt Snow, having her cargo on board. Can take the bulk of 100 barrels on deck and accommodate eight passengers apply to
G BEDFORD & BECK, 24 Customhouse st.

FOR NEW YORK—The fast sailing A 1 brig FRANCIS P BECK, E Stackpole, master. Can take 50 tons of lead and handsomely accommodate 8 passengers, apply to
G BEDFORD & BECK, 24 Customhouse st.

FOR NEW YORK—The brig LONG ISLAND, will clear on Saturday. For deck load of 100 bales cotton or bulk thereof, apply to
W C TOMPKINS & Co, 66 Camp st.

FOR HAMBURG & BREMEN—The A 1 fast sailing and well known Bremen ship OLBERT, Exeter, master, having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will have immediate despatch for the above ports. For balance of freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to
SCHMIDT & Co, 96 Bienville st.

FOR HAVANA—The fine and fast sailing A No 1 schooner MERCHANT, capt. Hernandez, having the greatest part of her cargo engaged, will sail on Wednesday next. For freight of 150 barrels or passage, apply on board or to
JOSEPH PRATS, 34 Conde street.

FOR HAVRE—The coppered, fast sailing ship ANTIOCH, capt. Wescott, having most of her cargo engaged, will have despatch. For freight of 700 bales cotton, or passage, apply to S & J P WHITNEY, 72 Camp street.

FOR BILBOA, Spain—The brig CITIZEN, capt. Thing, can take 50 hhds tobacco on freight if immediate application be made to ...

Official Drawing of the Louisiana Lottery—Class No. 34
71 17 27 48 76 73 43 22 26 50 65 6

THIS DAY, at 7 o'clock, P. M.
LOUISIANA LOTTERY.
Capital prizes of $6, 60.
Tickets only $2.
To be drawn in the Exchange Hotel St. Charles street, at seven o'clock, p. m.
SCHEME.
1 prize of $4,500 is $4,500 ... [illegible]
Tickets only $2 00; Halves $1 00; Quarters 50.
Packages or single Tickets for sale at the MANAGERS' OFFICE, 35 Canal st.

WET NURSE—A young white lady with or without child wishes to find a situation in that capacity, she is willing to go in the country or stay in town, and will give the best recommendations. Apply by letter to the office of the Bee.

GARDNER WANTED—A good gardner speaking French, and well recommended, will hear of a good situation on a plantation, a few leagues from town, on applying to
BOULIGNY & GANUCHEAU, 15 Old Levee.

MESSRS. PLEYEL & Co., of Paris, anxious to preserve the confidence which has hitherto been placed in the instruments manufactured in their establishment, have sent one of their principal workmen to our city, in order to have altered and repaired all those pianos in the construction of which they have applied iron tubes.

Mr. Perron, who arrived here in the Alexandre Toussin, will repair all such pianos, *at the expense of Messrs. Pleyel & Co.* in such a manner as to protect these instruments against all accidents arising from the effects of this construction, as particularly so as to guarantee their keeping well in tune.

All persons in possession of Pianos of this description will please to apply to Messrs Herbault, Ferres, 70 Bienville street, who will give them the necessary information, and where they may also examine a piano sent for this purpose, as a model, showing all the improvements which are to be introduced by Mr. Perron.

FOR SALE—A first rate two horse second-hand barouche, in perfect order, will be sold low: apply to
J. KELLOGG, corner Perdido and Circus sts.

CHARITY HOSPITAL,
New Orleans, June 2d, 1840.
AN election of house surgeon will take place on Saturday, the 6th instant. Candidates will leave their applications with the undersigned.
SAMUEL S BELL, treasurer.

NOTICE—After the death of Mr. Joseph Dubuclet, of Attakapas, a pocket book was taken out of his bureau, containing his LAST WILL AND TESTAMENT. It is supposed the theft was committed by slaves or other persons not interested in the estate, on the supposition that said pocket book contained money. A reward of $10,000 will be paid to whoever will restore said pocket book and its contents to the Widow Dubuclet, or to
B D'AUTRIVE, St. Martinsville, Attakapas.

NOTICE—A lady or a widow without children, speaking English and French, able to attend in a fancy goods store, will hear of an advantageous situation by applying immediately at the corner of Chartres and Toulouse streets.
N. B.—No person need apply unless well recommended.

NOTICE—For sale low, at the corner of St. Anne and Dauphin street, on account of departure, No. 264;—14 fowling pieces, of the finest and best; clothing from Paris, such as linens cambric handkerchiefs, silk hats, shoes, ditto; French calicos, embroidered handkerchiefs, muffs, collars, tortoiseshell combs, muslin dresses, embroidered; scarfs, neckerchiefs, silk cravats for gentlemen, cravats for ladies, white and brown drilling, alepine; merinos, shirts, shawls, plain and black; gloves and a large quantity of other articles. H. GILLY.

NOTICE—To ladies who desire to have their servants taught fashionable hair dressing.—The subscriber informs the ladies that he undertakes to teach (for the sum of twenty dollars) in six lessons, the latest fashions in hair dressing, from Paris, the journal of which is regularly received by him. His pupils enjoy the advantage of practising on persons. His store is constantly furnished with the most fashionable articles for the toilet, together with gentlemen and ladies' wigs, bands, curls, &c., prepared by him. A large saloon is prepared for hair cutting. The reputation enjoyed by his establishment is an evident proof of his superiority in his line of business.
THEODORE, Parisian House, No 106, opposite the Orleans Hotel.

WHITE LEAD—1000 kegs No 1 white lead; 500 kegs pure and No 2, for sale by
JARVIS & ANDREWS, Corner Common and Tchoupitoulas sts.

ENGLISH MUSTARD—40 boxes best English mustard, 6 doz. in a box, for sale by
JARVIS & ANDREWS.

SALES AT AUCTION.

BY ... [illegible]

THIS DAY, Friday, 5th June, at 10 A. M., will be sold at ... the unexpired lease of the above store, to ... the fixtures ... and large glass ... will be sold a great variety of elegant London and Paris fancy articles to close the concern.

BY M BARNETT, Sen'r.
WILL be sold on Saturday, the 6th inst, at 4 o'clock, P. M. at the Levee Steam Cotton Press, for account of whom it may concern:
... bales damaged cotton.
Terms at sale.

BY R. B. SYKES.
Sale of splendid furniture.
WILL be sold, on Saturday, the 6th instant, at 4 o'clock, at the house on Nayades street, between Triton Walk and Calliope streets, nearly opposite Tivoli Circle, consisting in part, viz:
Piano Forte, superb mahogany bedsteads, armoirs, chairs, dressing bureau, sofas, canopies, carpets, hair mattresses, tables, looking glass, curtains, bedroom furniture, &c.
The above articles are but little used.
... fine barouche, with a pair of fine horses, and a saddle horse.

BY H. J. DOMINGON.
Sale without reserve—On account of departure.
WILL be sold, Saturday next, 6th instant, at 10 o'clock, ... 20 Condé street, between St. Anne and Madison streets,
A large assortment of dry goods, suitable for the season.
Conditions—at the sale.

BY DUTILLET & GUINAULT.
WILL be sold on Saturday, the 6th inst, at 12 o'clock, precisely, at the City Exchange, St Louis st:
The boy MOSES, aged about 25 years, accustomed to drive a dray and very intelligent, fully guaranteed from the vices and maladies as prescribed by law.
Terms—One-tenth cash and the balance payable the 6th of May, 1841, in notes to suit the vendor.

BY R. B SYKES.
Sale of Furniture.
WILL be sold on Friday, 5th instant, at half past 4 o'clock, at the house corner Bienville and Franklin streets, an assortment of furniture, consisting in part, viz.
Sideboard, sofa, bookcase, armoir, centre table, mantle ornaments, chairs, tables, looking-glasses, clock, &c &c.
Terms, cash.

BY M. BARNETT, Sen'r.
WILL be sold, on Saturday the 6th inst, at 12 o'clock, at the Bath Saloon, St. Louis street.
One square of ground, containing 21 lots, situated in suburb Livaudais, comprised between Fourth, Washington, Dryades, and St Denis streets, measuring each, 30 feet front by 110 in depth, as per plan which will be exhibited on the day of sale.
Terms—Cash.

ORLEANS BALL ROOM.

THE subscriber informs the ladies and his friends of the city, that there will be given every Wednesdays an Saturdays,
MASQUERADE AND DRESS BALLS.
Admittance, ... $1.
A room is appropriated to receive hats, canes, cloaks &c.
A MITAUD.

NASHVILLE RAIL ROAD—Summer arrangement. Commencing on Monday, 1st June, 1840:
Time of departure, 9 A. M.
" " 12 M.
" " 4½ P. M.
Return at the usual hour.
JAS. M. CALDWELL, President.

WANTED—Ten or fifteen young negroes can find employment as laborers, on application to
Mr HOLDSHIP, superintendent of the building of St Louis Hotel.

NOTICE—The undersigned having been duly appointed commissioners to estimate and assess the damage and expense of widening Annunciation street, between Delord and Poeyfarre streets, have made their estimate and assessment, and have deposited a true copy thereof, together with the plan, in the office of the clerk of the Parish Court, in and for the city and parish of New Orleans.

Public notice is hereby given, that said estimate and assessment will be presented to said court for confirmation on Thursday, the second day of July next, and all persons interested in said estimate and assessment are hereby notified to make their objections to it, if any they have, within ten days after the last publication of this notice, which will be on Friday, the 19th June next.
New Orleans, May 28, 1840.
WILLIAM L HODGE, ABIJAH FISK, PETER LAIDLAW, Commissioners.

NOTICE is hereby given to the proprietors of the ... road ... Parish of Jefferson, that ... if within ten days from this day, the public road is not repaired in front of said property ... the police regulations ... will be ... at the expense of said proprietors ... day after the ... at 10 o'clock, A. M. which day is ... of June next.
Parish of Jefferson, May 30th 1840.
B. BEAUVAIS, Syndic.

NOTICE—Notice is hereby given to the proprietors of squares Nos 4 and 5, situated in Bloomingdale, fronting the public road, and on both banks of the Mississippi, between five miles above New Orleans, in the parish of Jefferson, that if within ten days from this day, the public road is not repaired in front of said property, according to the police regulations, the same will be sold at public auction to the lowest bidder on the spot, pursuant to said regulations, the day after the delay herein given, at ten o'clock, a. m., which day is the 16th of June next.
Parish of Jefferson, May 30, 1840.
B. BEAUVAIS, Syndic.

NOTICE—Detained at the jail of St. John the Baptist, a negro named Frank; says he belongs to Mr. J. Jacques Lebeau of Bayou La Fourche.
Also, a negro named John, belonging to Mr. Vantrice of Natchez; this negro speaks English only, is strongly built and tall.
Also, a negro named Camille, says he belongs to Mr. Joe Fearson, a league above New-Orleans.
The different owners of the above negroes are requested to withdraw them, conformably to law.
Parish of St. John Baptist, 28th May, 1840.
ANIS. LUMINAIS, sheriff.

$50 REWARD—Ranaway from the plantation of Depare & Locoul, parish of St James, the negro EDMOND, bought since about a month. Aged 22 or 23; very black; lively countenance, 5 feet 3 inches high, and stoutly built. It is likely he came down to town in a flat boat. He took with him his clothing and his violin.
The above reward will be given to whoever will arrest him and give information to
R BRIGGEN, ... St Louis st.

$5 REWARD, will be given to whoever will bring back to No 114, Old Basin, or who will lodge in one of the gaols of this city, the negro woman ST. PRIDE, about 30 years of age, having a parrot ... hire herself out.
L DENBAC.

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD will be paid for the apprehension and delivery of the following described slave, in any jail in this State.—FREDERICK, alias FRED, a griffe, about 20 years old, 5 feet 11 inches high, good looking, has not little beard, has lost an upper front tooth; is well known as a dray man having driven a dray for us for the last ten years. He ran away on the evening of the 29th inst; it is supposed he has taken away with him, a black woman, named Fanny, belonging to Mr. C. Genese. He has likewise taken away a female child, about 6 or 7 years old, very small for her age, crippled, and has a very large head.
FRERET, BROTHER.
New Orleans, May 30th, 1840.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.
Ranaway on the 12th April last, a negro man named DONOUL DICKENSON, from the parish of East Feliciana. He is about 30 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, stout made, has a good countenance, rather talkative, and is black. It is believed he can write and will therefore have free papers. He is said to be a shoemaker, it is supposed he ... Port Hudson for New Orleans. The above reward and all reasonable expenses will be paid to any person lodging said negro in jail, or delivering him to the hands of Messrs. N & J Dick, New Orleans.
Captains of vessels and all other persons are hereby cautioned against harboring or employing said slave as the utmost rigor of the law will be enforced against them for so doing.
ROBT. M. CAUSLAND.

$25 REWARD—Absconded from the Louisiana sugar refinery, the negro boy WASHINGTON, about 5 feet 5 inches, speaks but English—is of a reddish complexion—about 20 years old, thin made, and stutters a little when spoken to. Apply to
Messrs. FORSTALL & Co. Agents.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.
RANAWAY from the plantation of J. J. Leblanc, in the parish of St. James, the American negro FRANK, about 20 or 25 years, 5 feet 7 inches high, speaks English and a little French. He is strongly built, has a very black face, very prominent breast and stammers a little.
The above reward will be paid to whoever will lodge him in one of the state prisons and will give notice of the same to his master, or to the subscribers.
Captains of steamboats and vessels are cautioned not to receive him under penalty of prosecution to the utmost rigor of the law.
GOURDAIN & BENIT, 13 Conti street.

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.—The above reward will be given to whoever will stop and enable the undersigned to convict of robbery, the person who stole, on the Bayou road, on the night between Saturday and Sunday, 31st May, a roan horse, having a blazed face, the two hind feet and the near fore foot white, a wart the size of an egg hanging about four inches above the knee of the off fore leg, and several other small ones on his neck and body.
L's. BRINGIER.
New Orleans, 1st June, 1840.

TO RENT—A two story House, situated at the corner of Magazine and Bartholomew streets. Possession will be given immediately, apply to
HENRY TETE, 13 Conti st.

TO RENT—A house, No 60, Frenchmen street, third municipality. Apply at number 45, Dumaine street.

SUMMER RESIDENCE—FOR SALE, three fine and agreeable residences, situated at Pass Christian, fronting the Gulf of Mexico, in the neighborhood of the Quay, and in the places most sought after, for the comfort and convenience of families, who are particularly desirous of sea bathing.
The first property is in a very improved state, having a fine house, with four apartments and a gallery, and various buildings in the yard, a handsome flower-garden in front, and a fine orchard filled with peach, plum, and fig-trees, in full culture, and a very fine well of drinking water. At a hundred steps from the door is a pure and limpid spring of water.
The second is a small house, with two apartments and a gallery, kitchen, servants' rooms; having also attached to it a fine garden and many fruit-trees.
The third adjoins the first, having also several buildings. These three pieces of property, are well fenced in, and in good order.
For more ample information, apply to No. 86, Exchange passage, between St. Louis and Conti streets.

TO HIRE—A house situated in St. Philip, between Royal and Bourbon streets, opposite Washington. For conditions, apply at No. 100 Chartres street.

TO RENT—Store No. 30 Customhouse street, lately occupied by Messrs. Coit & Co, possession given immediately. Apply to
H C CAMMACK & Co.

TO RENT—The upper part of a house, situated in Chartres street, No. 138.
A house in Victory street, between St. Ferdinand and Port sts.
Four houses in Claiborne street, between St. Anne and Main. Apply at No 123 Chartres street.

EXCHANGE on New York, for sale by
VAN WYCK & Co, 25 Camp st.

LEAF LARD—1000 kegs superfine leaf lard, in store and for sale by SAML BELL, 20 Magazine st

WHISKEY—1000 brls superior rectified whiskey in store, for sale by SAML BELL, 20 Magazine st

CANVASSED HAMS—1000 canvassed hams, for sale by LAYET & AMELUNG, 17 Commerce st.

LARD—600 kegs leaf lard, in store and for sale by ADAMS, HARTWELL & Co, 36 Poydras st

SALERATUS—15 bbls in store, for sale by W C TOMPKINS & Co, 16 Camp st

ALE & PORTER—London pale ale and double brown stout, in casks of 4 dozen each, in store and for sale by KOHN, DARON & Co, 36 Bienville st

BACON—120 hhds western smoked hams, sides and shoulders, for sale by ADAMS, HARTWELL & Co, 36 Poydras st

FLOUR—1000 bbls superfine landing from steamer Angora, in fine shipping order, for sale by ADAMS, HARTWELL & Co, 36 Poydras st

FLOUR—500 bbls, D Adams' brand, superfine, landing from Lady of Lyons and for sale by ADAMS, HARTWELL & Co, 36 Poydras st

CASH ADVANCES made on consignments to our friends in New York, by N D CHAMBERLIN & Co, 40 Gravier st

HAVANA COFFEE—... landing from the San Antonio and Belle, for sale by R GRONING & Co.

FAMILY HAMS—... bbls sugar cured family hams, a choice article ... ADAMS, HARTWELL & Co, 36 Poydras st

PORK—1000 brls prime, ... mess, clear, P. O. ... prime, rumps, shoulders, butts, jowls, heads, for sale by LAYET & AMELUNG, 17 Commerce st.

SARSAPARILLA SYRUP—100 boxed sarsaparilla, just received and for sale by W C TOMPKINS & Co, 66 Camp st

PILOT BREAD—30 brls fresh pilot bread, in store, for sale by E T LAWRENCE, 29 New Levee.

BAGGING & ROPE—... pieces heavy Kentucky bagging and 300 coils rope in store, for sale by LAYET & AMELUNG, 17 Commerce st.