



REPLY TO  
ATTENTION OF

**DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE**  
**JOINT TASK FORCE GUANTANAMO**  
**GUANTANAMO BAY, CUBA**  
**APO AE 09360**

JTF GTMO-CG

27 March 2004

MEMORANDUM FOR Commander, United States Southern Command, 3511 NW 91st Avenue, Miami, FL 33172.

SUBJECT: Recommendation to Transfer to the Control of Another Country for Continued Detention (TRCD) for Guantanamo Detainee, ISN: US9SA-000649DP (S)

**1. (FOUO) Personal Information:**

- Name: Mohammed Haji
- Aliases: Mustaq Ali Patel and Mohammed Ibn Ismael Al-Akram
- Place of Birth: Medina, Saudi Arabia (SA)
- Date of Birth: 1 January 1961
- Citizenship: France (FR)

**2. (FOUO) Health:** He has multiple psychiatric diagnoses, including depression and schizotypal personality disorder, but is otherwise in good physical health. Detainee's medications include: synthroid, celexa, zyprexa, zantac, a multivitamin, and simethicone. Schizotypal personality disorder is often characterized as having a belief in clairvoyance or telepathy, the use of metaphorical speech, paranoid ideations, and severe mood disorders. It is likely a genetic relation to schizophrenia, but the two should not be confused with each other.

**3. (S) Detainee Summary:**

a. (S) Background and Capture Data:

- Detainee has given two stories concerning his place of birth.
  - Detainee claimed he was born in Medina, Saudi Arabia and claimed to be an "orphan", only to acknowledge later that his parents are citizens of India and currently alive. Detainee's parents reside in India. His parents were previously employed as foreign laborers in Saudi Arabia. Because they are not Saudi, the Saudi government will not grant citizenship to a non-Arab, regardless of birthplace.
  - Detainee claimed he was born in Shepura, India, and that he is a French Citizen.
- Detainee claims that he was married on the French territory of Reunion Island, which the French government has confirmed.

**CLASSIFIED BY:** Multiple Sources  
**REASON:** E.O. 12958 Section 1.5(C)  
**DECLASSIFY ON:** 20290327

JTF GTMO-CG

SUBJECT: Recommendation to Transfer to the Control of Another Country for Continued Detention (TRCD) for Guantanamo Detainee, ISN: US9SA-000649DP (S)

- Detainee claimed that he traveled to several western countries including Germany.
- In 2001, after the US began its campaign against Al-Qaida and the Taliban, the detainee attempted to flee across the Iranian border from Herat, Afghanistan (AF), with \$10,000 USD in his possession when he was captured by local Afghans and turned over to US forces.

b. (S) Transfer to JTF GTMO: Detainee was transported to Guantanamo Bay Naval Base, Cuba, on 8 June 2002.

c. (S) Reasons for Transfer to JTF GTMO: To provide general-to-specific information on Taliban and Al-Qaida forces operating in Konduz and Takhar provinces as well as various illegal activities taking place in Afghanistan.

d. (S) Reasons for Continued Detention in Another Country:

- Detainee has never been cooperative or forthright during his detention and he has not revealed his true name or any of his affiliations.
- Detainee is a possible Al-Qaida operative based on his circumstance of travels and his suspected affiliations.
- Detainee was identified by the local Afghan forces that captured him as an Al-Qaida affiliated Arab fleeing the battlefield.
- Detainee was traveling the same general route that was used by Al-Qaida members to enter and leave Afghanistan via Iran.
- Detainee had \$10,000 USD on his person, money that Al-Qaida typically distributed to its operatives, so they could use that to pay for their travels from Afghanistan.
- Early on after his capture, detainee revealed the name of a known and captured Al-Qaida facilitator whom he claimed to have been his “father” when he was an “orphan”. It is assessed that the detainee inadvertently revealed this person’s name as part of his cover story.
- An effort is currently being undertaken to have this cooperative Al-Qaida leader attempt to identify the detainee.
- During an interrogation on 23 March 2004, detainee stated that the following were total lies:
  - The orphanage.
  - Zubair.
  - Saudi Arabia.
  - Fruit sales.
- Detainee's new claims/admissions on 23 March 2004 were that he:
  - Sold radios.
  - Had \$10,000 USD on his person when captured.
  - Born in India.
  - Went to France when he was 22/23.
  - Returned to India; passed through Cologne, Germany and then to Istanbul, Turkey; went to Mashad, Iran, for 15 years until time of capture.

JTF GTMO-CG

SUBJECT: Recommendation to Transfer to the Control of Another Country for Continued Detention (TRCD) for Guantanamo Detainee, ISN: US9SA-000649DP (S)

e. (S) Intelligence Value: JTF GTMO has determined that this detainee is of medium intelligence value at this time; however, it has not been determined who this possible Al-Qaida operative (detainee) is and his standing within Al-Qaida.

**4. (S) Detainee's Conduct:** Detainee's overall behavior has been generally compliant and non-aggressive. ISN 649 has on a number of occasions refused meals and medications. During the first week of March, he stated that he was on a hunger strike.

**5. (S) EC Status:** Detainee's enemy combatant status was reassessed on 24 February 2004, and he remains an enemy combatant.

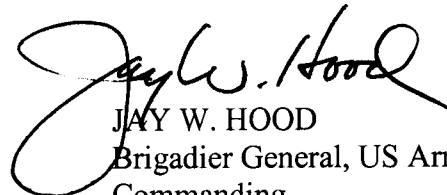
**6. (S) JTF GTMO Assessment:**

a. (S) Summary: Detainee is a possible Al-Qaida operative who was caught by local Afghans as he attempted to flee the fighting. It is suspected that the detainee may have traveled to western countries prior to his capture in Afghanistan and has probable western contacts within Al-Qaida. The detainee now claims French citizenship because of his marriage on the French territory of Reunion Island, which the French government has confirmed. The Saudi government has denied Saudi citizenship to the detainee because he is not of Arab descent though he was born in Saudi Arabia. The detainee should be held in continued detention in another country until his true name and extremist affiliations have been determined. JTF GTMO has assessed that the detainee poses a high risk, as he is likely to pose a threat to the US, its allies, and interests until his true identity is known.

b. (S) Recommendation: JTF GTMO recommends this detainee be transferred to the control of another country for continued detention.

**7. (S) Coordination:** JTF GTMO notified the Criminal Investigative Task Force (CITF) of this recommendation on 15 March 2004. JTF GMTO and CITF disagree on the threat assessment of this detainee as a high risk.

Encl

  
JAY W. HOOD  
Brigadier General, US Army  
Commanding

CF: CITF-GTMO

**Behavioral Health Service Addendum to the TRCD Memo**  
**ISN: US9SA-000649DP (S)**  
**Language: Arabic, Arabic – Modern Standard**  
**25 Mar 04**

**1. Psychiatric Diagnosis**

- a. Axis I: Delusional Disorder, Unspecified Type  
Depressive Disorder NOS
- b. Axis II: No Diagnosis
- c. Axis III: Non-contributory

**2. Psychiatric Medications**

- a. Current: Celexa 40 mg qd (3/6/04)  
Zyprexa 10 mg po qhs (3/20/04)
- b. History: Detainee has been prescribed a variety of psychotropic medications beginning in June 2002 through the present to address concerns such as delusions, depression symptoms, and difficulty sleeping.

**3. Background**

a. The detainee is an approximately 42-year-old male of French citizenship and Arab ethnicity who began accessing Behavioral Health services in June 2002. In his course of treatment, the detainee has been given a variety of diagnoses, reflecting an inconsistent symptom/sign pattern but centering on themes of somatic complaints and delusions. The detainee has also exhibited chronic depressive symptoms throughout his time on Behavioral Health services, but he has not met criteria for any particular depressive disorder. Further, he does not have a significant history of suicidal ideation, plan, intent, or attempt. His condition is noted to be fair, and his prognosis is poor.

b. Behavior Evaluation. Review of detainee's recorded behaviors since he arrived at Camp Delta in June 2002 reveals a history of refusing medications, refusing meals, and participating in hunger strikes. He has not been assaultive toward staff or other detainees. With regard to information he has provided about his past, including his psychosocial history, the detainee has proven to be an unreliable historian. He has given two widely varying personal backgrounds with significant gaps of information regarding his activities and circumstances from childhood onward. He describes himself in terms of being a victim of others, both prior to and since present period of detainment. Little has been learned about his education level, and he has been described as having a below average level of intelligence. Prior to detainment, he reportedly

CLASSIFIED BY: Multiple Sources  
REASON: E.O. 12958 Section 1.5(C)  
DECLASSIFY ON: 20290403

engaged in criminal activities (buying/selling stolen goods), and he has an absence of familial ties in both versions of his background story.

**4. Disposition**

a. Summary: Absence of a clear, consistent psychiatric picture and lack of significant/positive response to medications, along with constant complaints about his physical ailments and persistent victim stance suggest longstanding characterological problems in addition to current psychiatric diagnoses and which also contribute to his poor prognosis. There is a lack of evidence that this detainee has the ability to take a leadership role, and combined with his age, lack of education, admitted petty criminal history, and longstanding psychiatric issues, he is unlikely to take on an impacting leadership role in the future.

b. Recommendation: From a psychological and behavioral perspective, the detainee can be considered overall a low risk with regard to the U.S., its allies, and interests. He has not been identified as having any specialized skills, extensive training, commitment to jihad, or leadership abilities/positions. Because of his apparent willingness to engage in illegal behaviors and his lack of strong social/familial ties, the probability of returning to terrorist activities is rated as low to moderate. However, the severity of the consequences of that potential return is rated as low, due to his psychiatric issues and poor prognosis. Should this detainee remain under DoD control or be transferred to another detention facility, it is likely he will require continued psychiatric follow-up due to his history of somatic complaints and delusional ideations.