COMMERCIAL.

LATEST DATES.

New-York	feb 27	Boston	[illegible]
Philadelphia	" 27	Baltimore	" [illegible]
Charleston	mar. 6	Washington	" [illegible]
Paris	jan. 18	Liverpool	jan. 21
Havre	" 16	London	" 20

NEW ORLEANS MARKETS, March 15th.

COTTON.

700 bales Mississippi			17
43 do	do		19
50 do	Louisiana		19
400 do	do	prices not transpired.	

1228

Price Current of Cotton and Produce.
March 15, 1836.

COTTON, Good and Fine	c 19	a 20
..... Good Fair	17 a 18½	
..... Fair	16½ a 17½	
..... Middling	15½ a 16½	
..... Ordinary	13½ a 15	
SUGAR	11 a 12	
MOLASSES	38 a 40	
TOBACCO First Quality	8 a 8½	
..... Second	7 a 7½	
..... Crossed	6 a 6½	
FLOUR	9 6½ a 7	
PORK..... Clear	none	
..... Mess	21 a 22	
..... Prime	17 a 17½	
..... Hog round	9 a 9½	
BACON ... Hams	15 a 16	
..... Sides	12½ a 13	
..... Shoulders	9 a 9½	
..... Hog round	11½ a 12½	
BEEF..... Mess	13	
..... Prime	10½ a 11	
LARD	c 13½ a 14½	
CORN	63 a 68	
WHISKEY	48 a 50	
BAGGING Western	25 a 28	
BALE ROPE	10 a 12½	
LEAD	5½	

Saint Charles Theatre.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH, 16, 1836.

CHILDRENS NIGHT.

A desire having been manifested for the repetition of

PETER WILKINS,

and to give parents an opportunity to return from the Theatre at an early period of the evening with their children, this superb spectacle will be the First Piece.

On Wednesday Evening, the splendid Fairy Drama of PETER WILKINS.

The Overtures to the Miller and his Men, and La Bruyedere.

To conclude with the favorite farce of

A DAY IN PARIS.

On Thursday Evening, the play of the HUNCHBACK, for the benefit of Miss Cooper—and last appearance of Mr and Miss Cooper.

On Friday Evening, the New Grand Opera of

OTELLO—or the MOOR OF VENICE.

In which Seignor Rayanello will make his first appearance.

AMERICAN THEATRE,

CAMP STREET.

For the benefit of the Orphan Children of the late JAS S ROWE:

ON WEDNESDAY MARCH, 16, 1836.

Mrs Knight as Minna in the Ice Witch.
Miss Russell as Kate O'Brien.

Mr J Worrell has volunteered, and will appear as Brommagem in the Farce of

LOCK & KEY.

Brummagem	Mr J Worrell
Capt Charly	Williamson
Fanny	Mrs Russell
Laura	Mrs Herbert

(For Songs &c see small bills.)

After which, the grand romantic drama of the

ICE WITCH or the FROZEN HAND!

To conclude with the favorite farce of

PERFECTION, or the Maid of Munster

Kate O'Brien	(with songs)	Mrs Russell

EXTRAORDINARY SPECTACLE.

Mr. Adrien,

Will give a few night's more of his wonderful and recreating amusements at the room, corner Royal and Orleans streets.

This Day, at 7 o'clock, Brilliant Soiree.

Mr. Adrien will divide his representation in three parts. In the first, 15 new experiments and feats of legerdemain, executed with his well known dexterity. In the second, new illusions in which the spectator will not discover the least deception and numerous and wonderful recreations off red to the ladies.

Among others, he will cause his wife to disappear in a bag suspended at 14 ft from the ground. This singular experiment has been invented at New York.

In the third, phantascopy, with new forms and speculations.

Mr. Adrien will not enter into any other details, as he is certain not to disappoint the public, for whose pastimes he offers his most sincere thanks.

Mr Adrien intends to give, from the 21st inst, a few representations for the coloured people, which he could not solemnly, on account of his room being so small.

Box office, open 6 o'clock P M. The performance will begin at 7. Admission, $1—Children under 8 years half price. m 15

BROWN & Co.'s CIRCUS,

A FEW DOORS ABOVE THE AMERICAN THEATRE.

The managers most respectfully announce to the ladies and gentlemen of New Orleans and its vicinity, that their company of equestrians having arrived, they will open their

ESTABLISHMENT

EVERY EVENING THIS WEEK, WITH A VARIETY OF

Gymnastic, Equestrian and Athletic Feats, &c. &c.

Among the gentlemen attached to the company are the following, of well known talent:—

Messrs. North,	Messrs. Levi,
Stickney,	Ricardo,
Rogers,	Wills,
Rockwell,	Stone,
Minnich,	Phillipo,
Shay,	Long.
Mateer,	Master Lipman.

THE INFANT PRODIGY,

Miss Rosaline Stickney.

AND THE CELEBRATED CLOWNS,

Mr. Blackburn.

Prices of admission—Boxes 75cts; Gallery 50cts. Doors open at 6 o'clock; and performance to commence at 7 o'clock precisely.

Proper officers are employed to enforce a rigid decorum.

Slaves not admitted without a pass from their masters.

Seats can be secured from 10 o'clock, A. M. until 3 P. M.

For particulars of performance see bills of the day

jan 1 — tf

For Pittsburg—The fine flight draught steamer PRINCETON, Perry master, will have despatch for the above and intermediate landings. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply on board, opposite Customhouse st, or to TOURNE & BECKWITH,
m 16 Nos 28 & 29 Newlevee.

For Louisville—The splendid upper cabin steam boat CHANCELLOR, Capt John Shallcross having the most of her cargo engaged will depart for the above and intermediate ports on Sunday next the 20th inst, at 10 o'clock A M. For small lots of freight or passage, apply on board, or to
m 15 FORSYTH, GOODWYN & FORDS.

FOR APALACHICOLA, (first vessel)—The regular packet schooner DAVID ROGERS, Gibertson, master, having part of her cargo engaged, will have immediate despatch.

For freight or passage, apply on board, opposite Poydras st, or to TOURNE & BECKWITH,
m 16 Nos 28 & 29 Newlevee

For Liverpool—The A I, coppered and copper fastened fast sailing British ship ORIENT, W Scott master, requires only about 500 bales to complete her cargo. For freight which apply to WM. VANCE.
m 15

For Liverpool—The A I, coppered and copper fastened British barque MADRAS, H Thomason master, is now ready to receive cargo, carries only about 1000 bales. For freight apply to WM. VANCE.
m 15.

For Tampico—The Mexican brig DELEYTE, Capt Espinola, having the greatest part of his cargo engaged, will have despatch. For freight of 180 barrels or passage, apply to T. PRATS & SON.
m 15

For Liverpool.

THE A I British ship CELIA, John Black, master, yet wants 200 bales, for freight of which, or passage, apply to G VANCE & R GAMBLE,
mar 14 51 Customhouse st.

For Gibraltar—The A I, coppered and copper fastened brig MARINE, Davis, master, having one half of her cargo engaged will be despatched for the above port in this month. For balance of freight apply to the captain on board, or to R. GRONING & Co.

Advances will be made on consignments by the above vessel. m 11

For Sale, to Let or Lease—A beautiful property situated at Biloxi. Apply No 279 Bourbon st, between Main and St Philip sts.
m 15-4t

ORLEANS STREET RAIL ROAD—This road will be opened to the public on Sunday the 20th inst, for passengers to and from the bayou St John Fare each way, 12½ cts.

The Cars will leave St Claude street, every hour from 7 o'clock A M, to 7 o'clock P M. m 11-1m

TO BE SOLD, AT PRIVATE SALE—The subscriber, being about to sale for France, offers for sale several houses, two of which from the corner of Royal and Ursulines sts, within a short distance of the markets, and can always command good rents. J. A. CAJUS, 320 Corner of Royal & Ursulines sts
m 12-4t

TEXAS LANDS FOR SALE.

The Subsriber has for sale various tracts of Land in Texas, of the best quality and well situated, being mostly on, and near the Red River. They are in grants of one to six leagues each—and the titles indisputable, as may be seen by an examination of the title papers in the possession of the subscriber. Some of these lands are situated in Levala's grant, on the Sabine and near the Seaboard.

Apply to C. A. WARFIELD, No. 69 Common st
m 9 3t

PETIT GULF COTTON SEED—50 bags of 5 bushels Petit Gulf cotton seeds, for sale at PEYROUX, ARCUEIL, & Co.
m 10-6t 13 Toulouse st

THE BEE.

Commercial Steam Job Paper,

PRINTED BY J. BAYON.

NEW-ORLEANS:

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 16, 1836.

FOR PRESIDENT

M. VAN BUREN.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT

RICHARD M. JOHNSON.

To the Editor of the Bee—

Please announce that *Many Voters* have determined to support at the coming election, JOHN CULBERTSON as the candidate of their choice, for the office of Recorder of the 1st municipality.

To the Editor of the Bee—

Please announce in your paper that FELIX LABATUT is a candidate for the office of Recorder, for the first municipality; and that he will be supported by MANY VOTERS.

Messrs C A Luzenburg, E H Barton, W F C Duplessis, W Christy, W C C Claiborne, M W Hoffman, J Labatut, N Conrad, R Relf, and J Bermudez have been appointed commissioners of the Charity Hospital for the current year; and Jos Kenton commissioner of the N O and Nashville railroad company.

THE MUNICIPALITIES.—The bill for the division of the corporation into three municipalities will be published officially in the Bee tomorrow, in consequence of the typographical errors made in the former publication. It will then be issued from this office in pamphlet form, at a cheap price; so that our fellow-citizens may be better enabled how to act.

At present we shall refrain from commenting on its enactments. But we may notice the very singular apathy evinced on the subject by the citizens of the central and lower municipality. Those of the upper are already organized for the competitive contest; and seem to act nobly as well as spiritedly. But what advances towards a census of the qualified voters have been made by either of the other municipalities? Is it beneath them to act energetically? or shall they suffer the wreaths of successful emulation to be wrested from them?

Their rivals are shrewd as well as speculative, who know that the contest is for commercial advantages and facilities; and in order to ensure or enhance the value of their property in the upper district, they will use the proper means to attain the necessary end.—Shall not the other citizens follow their example; and attempt at least to outrival their exertions and energies? Up and be doing! for the prize is worthy of contest; and the three municipalities will never

——meet again,
In thunder, lightning, or in rain,
Till the hurlyburly's done,
And the battle lost and won.

THE LATE LEGISLATURE.—It will be thought singular that we should appear as the advocates of the legislature, considering the freedom of our former animadversions on some of their measures: but as most of our contemporaries assert that little or nothing was done which should have been done, and that most of what was done were better undone, we may be permitted briefly to glance at some of the acts passed. Others praised while the session continued, or remained silent: we then censured or recommended in order to be really useful—and now we can with a better grace endeavor to do justice to the measures of the late legislature.

There is scarcely a parish in the state that has not been divided into election precincts for the facilities of voting; and many local laws have passed to regulate the police juries of different parishes. It is true that the legislation of the session was full fraught with local acts; but they were indispensable or considered so on account of the approaching election for representatives. Various roads, bridges and canals have therefore been ordered: and the survey or navigation of many bayous has been imposed on the board of public works.

The country members have resolutely and in many instances successfully fought for branches of the New Orleans banks, so that there is now very few parishes without an office of discount and deposit. This is useful in its way, for the benefit of the planters.

The subject of education has not been neglected—The colleges of Jefferson, Jackson and Franklin have been liberally provided for, and regulated; and academies have been chartered in many parishes—to most of which an appropriation has been allowed. There were also some salutary regulations passed for the better administration of all the public schools, and particularly for those in New Orleans.

On the subject of internal improvements, much real benefit is likely to result from the laws passed last session. Railroads have been authorised in almost all parts of the state. One is to be constructed between the English Turn and New Orleans, through the prairie on the western or right side of the Mississippi—one is to be constructed in the parish of Plaquemine, a third in Iberville, a fourth from the Mississippi to Opelousas; a fifth from Alexandria to Cheneyville; a sixth from Lake Providence to Alexandria; a seventh from Natchitoches to the Sabine river, and thence to Nacogdoches in Texas; an eighth from Baton Rouge to Clinton; a ninth from Clinton to Port Hudson; a tenth from Springfield to Liberty; and an eleventh from Livingston into the state of Mississippi. Call you this doing nothing, or nothing to the purpose?

Canals have also been ordered in the southwestern part of the state, and liberal appropriations made for them; particularly the Attakapas canal via Lake Verret; and for the Barataria and Lafourche.

Various steamboat companies have been chartered, or bonds required as a bonus to maintain regular lines of steamboats to different places from New Orleans. One company is to trade regularly to Bayou Sara and Baton Rouge; another to Madisonville; a third to Mobile, a fourth to Mobile and Pensacola; and a fifth to Alexandria and Natchitoches. Is this also nothing?

Again—the legislature incorporated many banking and insurance companies—many of which are essentially useful: for example the Floating dry dock company, to construct a dockyard for shipbuilding in the port of this city; and an insurance company for the western district of the state. And by theby an excellent provision has been introduced in all such charters of insurance companies, that they shall pay an annual bonus for the support of fire companies.

Nor were the banking companies chartered without their beneficial results. The act in favor of the Citizens' bank is generally useful; and certainly the charters in favor of the Exchange, Improvement and Pontchartrain companies are of great importance to the interests and prosperity of New Orleans—at the same time that they are all calculated to be of advantage to most parts of the state, which will be evident to any one who reads the charters. Yet they too are to be considered as useless!

The late legislature also acted nobly and generously as regards the present insurrection in Florida. Is this spirited and timely act to be overlooked?

The resolutions passed in relation to the northern abolitionists are of a salutary nature; and the six passed giving instructions to the members of congress from this state are calculated if enforced to be of advantage to ti in internal improvements; in adjusting contested claims to lands; and in expediting the sales of the public lands in Louisiana. Are these objects also useless?

Shall we overlook the bill for the division of the city into municipalities? or that establishing a separate probate court? or that relating to insolvent corporations? or that amending various articles in the civil code and the code of practice? or that relating to the supreme court? or that to gambling? that to the penitentiary? or that relating to the interference of the citizens of one state with the laws of another? These also are of course useless.

The truth is, that though the late legislature spent much time in descanting on banks, and though not very many laws of a general nature were passed, yet immense advantages may arise from most of the charters and local acts approved this year. The various members of the lower house contended earnestly for their respective districts, in order to give an answer of 'the hope that is in them' to their constituents at the next election; and therefore more local acts than general laws were passed. There were not many passed which should not have been, even if some laws were neglected which should have been enacted.

As the session is now past, and we seek no favor from the members, our candor in thus endeavoring to do them full justice will be better appreciated. We may hereafter enter into details to corroborate our remarks.

The present directors of the Gaslight bank have promptly resolved to accept a contract from the city council for lighting all the public or principal streets of the city, at a charge of 39 dollars for each lamp. An ordinance for this purpose has been introduced in the council, and is made the special order for Saturday next. It is earnestly hoped that it will immediately become a municipal law. The thanks of the community are due chiefly to Mr Thomas Barrett, president of the Gaslight bank, for this contract—who directly on being installed in office signified his readiness and desire to fulfill all the obligations of the charter: and chiefly this contract with the corporation.—Let it therefore be for 20 or 30 years: so that it will hereafter be as obligatory on the three municipalities as on the bank; and that it may be mutually beneficial.

[illegible] there are two streets [illegible] we would respectfully suggest [illegible] earnest attention of the present city [illegible] solution! Besides making [illegible] of lighting the streets, with the Gaslight bank; it were well to make a contract also with the Commercial bank for watering the city—to avoid a different charge being exacted from any municipality hereafter. The waterworks and gaswork should be for the benefit of all districts, but as they are located in the upper, their operations may be different, and also the consequent charges, unless timely precaution be used. The citizens of the lower municipality should enjoy equal rights and advantages at the same charge as regards the watering and lighting of the city, but this equality may not be obtained, unless effected and enforced by the present city council—as there is no provision made for such contracts of a general nature in the new charter. Yet they are of a common nature; and are legitimately the province of the general council to exist hereafter: for all common charges for wharfage and drays and licenses are so; equally should be all common charges for watering and lighting on a general system: and both the gaseworks and waterworks in their operation were intended for the general and common benefit.

There is still another subject deserving the attention of the present council—that relating to the regulation and maintenance of the city prisons. The new law very properly declares that they shall be common both in use and property to the three municipalities; but unfortunately in specifying the limited duties of the future common council, all notice of the city prisons is overlooked, altho it is stated that the expense of maintenance and repairs shall be equitably borne by the three districts. How shall that expense be ascertained? The common council will have no power to pass any ordinances on the subject; except probably as regards the police, which may be questioned as it is not distinctly specified in the enumerated duties. If then the present council does not act in time by appointing the proper officers, regulating the discipline and authorizing appropriations for the current year, the prisons may be rendered perfectly useless.

The Texians should beware of false friends, and of trusting untried strangers. A letter was published in the Diario of Mexico on the 2d ult, from the reverend Jose Maria Alpuche é Infante, dated New Orleans, 18th Jan 1836; and address to Santa Anna. Father Alpuche states that he had visited Texas; and that altho he is opposed to the central government, he has learned enough to make him recommend that the Mexicans rigorously pursue the war against the Texians, who should be vanquished by all and every means. He states that he has secret information for the ears of Santa Anna alone: and earnestly solicits a private interview—after which he is willing to exile himself again, as having conscientously served his country.

This letter was placed at the disposal and for the notion of the general government at Mexico. We have not been apprized of the result.

The state of society in Mexico may be partially learned from a publication made in a journal of that city, on the 12th of February by its commandant-general, Gabriel Valencio. This gentleman tenders his resignation, in announcing the arrest of a certain Colonel Juan Yanez and others of the same rank, who had murdered the Swiss consul at Mexico, and been guilty of various assassinations in that city and Puebla—who had been equally celebrated for the robbery of the silver ingots at Viscenia, of the diligence near Santa Cruz, and of the convent of San Jose de Gracia. These discoveries were made by Colonel Olazabal, who was immediately poisoned by the bandits. These crimes being tolerated or unpunished by the general government Valencio resigned his command, rather than become another victim—as he said that the government protected the most infamous assassins in preference to a conscientious magistrate.

MEXICO AND TEXAS.—The present contest between the Mexican army and the Texians being one of interest to most of our fellow citizens, who are either ardent in the cause of republican liberty, or have friends or interests in Texas—we shall endeavor to keep our readers early informed of transpiring events. It is unnecessary to state that we are ourselves a dictious that the independence and triumph of the Texians shall soon be ensured; and that Santa Anna will be taught the virtue of American rifles and republicanism.

Yesterday we reported the capture of San Antonio, as rumored; but we have not yet received any corroboration of that statement, altho we believe it correct. Today we are enabled to present an official account of the first skirmish between the Mexicans and Texians, published in the Mercurio of Matamoras, of the 7th inst. It was transmitted for publication to General F V Fernandez, by the writer General Urres, as sent to Santa Anna: and furnishes a ludicrous specimen of the Bombastes Furioso style:

ARMY OF OPERATIONS—*division of Goliad.* Sir: According to information received after my leaving Matamoras, I learnt that the insurgent force stationed here had sent their cavalry towards Goliad, for the purpose of making incursions. I therefore made an effort; I vanquished all difficulties; and forcing a march during three days and nights, I arrived here at the dawn of day—not having with me more than 100 cavalry men. I attacked the enemy, who defended himself with intrenchments of the houses that served for barracks. But even there he left 16 dead; and 21 taken prisoners or wounded—among whom were some officers. There are 5 mexicans among the prisoners.—All the arms with 100 horses are in my possession.

I have the pleasure to inform you of this triumph obtained by the Mexican arms; and however feeble it may be, it will suffice to prove our proud and scornful enemy what the valor and courage of Mexican soldiers can effect: for in short those with me rushed into the midst of the affray like lions; and in a moment they hewed the rebels in pieces, none of whom escaped from this city.

I have however to lament the death of a brave dragoon, who was slain and also three other dragoons and a sergeant wounded.

I am now in search of Doctor Grant, who (according to the information that I received) is now in the neighborhood of Mier, with 50 riflemen; and I know not what number of Mexicans.

I shall hereafter give you a more detailed account of the affair; and conclude in assuring you that all the soldier composing this division are fraught with enthusiasm; and burn to distinguish themselves in defence of the sacred rights of the nation. I am etc.

God and liberty! San Patricio, 27 Feb, 1835.

To his Excellency the President. JOSE URREA.

D Antonio Lopez de Santa Anna,
General in chief of the army of operations.

If the above dispatch be construed literally, it is—I the brave General Urren learned that most of the forces stationed at San Patricio under Doctor Grant had gone on a foraging expedition; I therefore took occasion of their absence to obtain a triumph. But in order 'to make assurance doubly sure,' I stole into the place at night: for altho I had 100 men well armed with me, I feared to attack the 30 Texians, on account of their damned rifles, unless I caught them napping. They therefore became an easy prey, to my brave compatriots, who rushed on them with the cunning of tigers. Making thus sure of the night, the day is of course our own; and this you must own is no small feat for Mexican soldiers, long inured to arms and renowned for their bravery thro the whole world

[illegible] cio, gives an account of another victory in similar [illegible] But another document dated 7 March, from San Patricio, *Ecce nunc.*

To Colonel D José M Guerra

My very respectable chief,—yesterday at 3 p m, we commenced an attack on the rebel columns, below the habitation of Agua dulce. The surprize occasioned them by our ambuscade was such that they did not perceive us till they were in our power. They fired a few pistol shots; but so very badly directed that they only wounded one horse. We charged them in the plain for the distance of two leagues and a half; and pursued them as if they were savage horses (mestanos). They forgot they carried muskets and pistols, with which they had learned to direct their fires. Thirty-two dead were found on the field of battle; and we took 4 prisoners. Among the slain were colonel Grant, major-general Morris, a captain and a lieutenant of artillery. The fact is that our troops pursued them with poised lance, which was sufficient to achieve all.

I am etc. NICOLAS RODRIGUES.

The rumor of the capture of San Antonio may have originated from this capture of San Patricio. The latter place is on the left bank of the river Nueses, about 60 miles from Goliad and 180 from San Antonio. During the above transactions, the main body of the Mexican army under Santa Anna was at Saluille, whence it could scarcely have gone and captured San Antonio, in time for the tidings to have reached here on Sunday last—unless as conjectured, a detachment under Cos had previously been sent thither. If Santa Anna dispersed his forces in this manner, he may meet his fate sooner than expected; for an invading foe in such a country cannot well succeed eventually by dispersion—altho at first stratagem and surprise may be effectual.

Santa Anna continued in Coahuila; and thought proper to act by proxy, in forwarding detachments.—General Fernandez was at Basos of Santiago to superintend the blockade of the whole coast from Louisiana to Vera Cruz, which commenced on the 3d of Feb.

The insurrection at Acapulco has been quelled; and it appears that General Bravo acted for not against the central government in that affair.

(COMMUNICATION.)

A great deal has been said about prolonging Bienville street to the bayou St John, in order to facilitate the communication between that place and the city. We are not opposed to this, but on the contrary should wish to see this improvement accomplished. It appears however that this cannot be done except at a considerable expense to the public, in consequence of the improvements through which said street would have to run, and for which the proprietors will no doubt demand enormous prices.

The same object, and one offering greater advantages, can be attained by another route, and we will venture to say at half the cost. The route we propose is that of Orleans street: the passage of this street could be obtained at a trifling sacrifice, as in its whole course [illegible] it does not [illegible] be thrown over one [illegible] lot; [illegible] established in Orleans [illegible] the railroad [illegible] road, and are not [illegible] of said railroad and of the Draining Company, who we doubt not from the patriotic feelings of its members would join in the undertaking, the passage could be obtained, the bridge built, the railroad made, and the street opened in its whole width of 100 feet for less money and in less time than it would take to open Esplanade street.

We have said that this route offered greater advantages than that of Esplanade street, they are so obvious that it is useless to enumerate them.

We will only conclude our hints by calling upon the members of the first municipal council to look to this as the only mode of aggrandizement, as the only means of increasing the population and consequently the wealth of the first municipality. "A word to the wise."

J. A.

OFFICIAL.

Twelfth Legislature--Second Session.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THURSDAY, March 10th 1836.

The House met agreeably to adjournment.

The call of the House having been made, it appeared that Messrs Armand, Bry, Debuys, Dosson, Freret, Hardie, McAlister, and H C Thibodeaux had not answered to their names.

Mr Augustin offered the following resolution authorizing the Governor to pay two thousand dollars out of the appropriation for the relief of Florida, for supplies made to the volunteers under the command of Colonel Lee Smith."

Which was read for the 1st time, and the house having dispensed with their rules, said resolution underwent a 2d reading and was adopted.

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the senate in the same.

Mr Fatin offered a resolution authorizing the governor to reimburse to the citizens of Point Coupee a certain sum expended by them for the fitting of volunteers, for the Florida campaign" which was read for a 1st time, and ordered for a 2d reading on to-morrow.

Mr Delachaise, on behalf of the committee of conference to whom was referred the bill entitled "an act for the relief of J E Lefebvre and J B Hardy" reported the bill as amended by the senate.

On the adoption of said report, Mr Delachaise called for the yeas and nays, when it appeared that, Messrs Armand, Augustin, Bernard, Bienvenu, Breaux, Davidson, Labatut, Lawson, Lewis, McAlister, Milligan, Nerault, Ogden, Patten, Penn, Sibley, H C Thibodeaux, Wilson and Winn had voted in the negative—20 nays.

Said report was consequently rejected.

Mr Delachaise on behalf of the committee of enrollment reported as duly enrolled the following bill and resolution:

The bill entitled "an act to prolong and continue in force the act entitled an act to incorprate the Mount Pelier Academy and to make an appropriation for said academy and for the college of Alexandria" and the resolution concerning the mileage to be paid to certain members of both houses of the legislature.

The speaker having signed the same,

The clerk was directed to request the signature of the president of the senate thereto.

The house took up the communication accompanying the veto of the governor on the bill entitled "an act to amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the Red river Railroad Company."

On the motion to persist, notwithstanding the veto of governor, the yeas and nays were called for, when it appeared that;

Messrs Armand, Barrow, Bernard, Bickham, Bienvenu, Breaux, Breazeale, Breed, Briggs, Brown, Couvillon, Davenport, Jauffrion, Lawson, Lewis, McAlister, Montegut, Nerault, Ory, Patin, Patten, Penn, Sibley, Sparks, H C Thibodeaux, Wilson and Winn had voted in the affirmative—30 yeas

And that Messrs Brashear, Ducros, Landry, Marigny, Milligan, Ogden and Chenet had voted in the negative—7 nays.

The requisite majority not having been obtained, said motion was rejected.

The speaker laid before the house a communication from the governor transmitting an account of the contingent expenses from 27th February 1835 to 16th February 1836."

On motion, the same was referred to the committee of Finance.

The house took up the bill entitled "an act relative to the revenues of state" which was under discussion when the house adjourned, on Tuesday the 8th instant.

On the question, to lay on the table an additional section offered by Mr Penn, the yeas and nays were called for, when it appeared that Messrs Barrow, Bienvenu, Brashear, McAlister, Ogden and Sparks had voted in the affirmative—6 yeas.

And that Messrs Armand, Augustin, Bernard, Bickham, Breaux, Breazeale, Briggs, Brown, Couvillon, Davidson, Debuys, Delachaise, Davenport, Ducros, Jauffrion, Labatut, Lawson, Landry, Lewis, Marigny, Milligan, Montegut, Nerault, Ory, Patin, Patten, Penn, Chenet, Sibley, H C Thibodeaux, Wilson and Winn had voted in the negative—32 nays.

Said motion was consequently lost.

On the question for the adoption of said section, Mr Barrow called for the yeas and nays, when it appeared that Messrs Armand, Augustin, Bernard, Bickham, Bienvenu, Breaux, Briggs, Brown, Couvillon, Davidson, Debuys, Delachaise, Davenport, Dixon, Ducros, Jauffrion, Labatut, Landry, Lawson, Lewis, Marigny, Milligan, Montegut, Nerault, Ory, Patten, Penn, Chenet, Sibley, H C Thibodeaux, Wilson and Winn had voted in the affirmative—32 yeas.

And that Messrs Barrow, Brashear, McAlister, Ogden, Patin and Sparks had voted in the negative—6 nays.

Said section was consequently adopted.

The several sections having been adopted, on motion ordered that said bill do pass and retain its title.

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the senate in the same.

The House having on motion, dispensed with their rules, took up the bill from the senate entitled "an act for the relief of Stephen Mazureau attorney-general."

The same having been adopted,

On motion ordered that said bill do pass and retain its title.

The clerk was directed to inform the senate thereof.

The House having on motion, dispensed with their rules, the bill from the senate entitled "an act supplementary to an act entitled an act to amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the New Orleans Gas Light and Banking Co." was read for the 2d and 3d times, and was taken up and adopted—several additional sections having been offered by Mr Winn to said bill and adopted.

On motion ordered that said bill do pass under the following title "an act supplementary to the acts entitled an act to amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the New Orleans Gas Light and Banking Company" and an act to incorporate the red river rail road company."

The clerk was directed to inform the senate thereof and request their concurrence in the amendments of the House.

A message received from the senate by Mr Davis their secretary informing this House that the senate have concurred with amendments in the bills entitled "an act relative to public education in the parish of Catahoula."

An act to grant to J Letchworth his heirs and assigns the exclusive privilege of keeping a ferry across the Bogue Chetto River on the old Military Road" and an act to incorporate the subscribers to the Attakapas and Opelousas Marine and Fire Insurance company" in which amendments the concurrence of the House is requested.

By the same message the House was informed that and the senate have rejected the bill entitled "an act to extend the jurisdiction of the parish court of the parish of Plaquemines and for other purposes.

By the same message the concurrence of the House is also requested to the bills entitled "an act to prevent gambling approved 19th March, 1835.

By the same message the House is informed that the president of the senate has signed the bill entitled "an act to incorporate a company to construct a road through the prairie between New Orleans and the English turn on the right side of the Mississippi.

Mr Delachaise on behalf of the committe of enrollment reported that he had submitted the aforesaid bill for the approbation of the governor.

By same message the House is informed that the senate insist in the rejection of the amendment of the House to the bill entitled "an act supplementary to an act to incorporate the Ponchartrain rail road company approved 26th January, 1830.

Mr Sparks having moved that the House recede from their amendments the yeas and nays were called for, when it appeared that Messrs Armand, Augustin, Bickham, Bienvenu, Brashear, Debuys, Delachaise, Davenport, Dixon, Ducros, Jauffrion, Labatut, Landry, McAlister, Marigny, Milligan, Montegut, Nerault, Ory, Chenet and Sparks had voted in the affirmative—21 yeas.

And that Messrs Barrow, Bernard, Breaux, Breazeale, Breed, Briggs, Brown, Couvillon, Freret, Lawson, Lewis, Ogden, Patten, Penn, Sibley, H C Thibodeaux, Wilson and Winn had voted in the negative—9 nays.

Said section was consequently adopted.

On motion, ordered that said bill do pass under the following title:

An act for the relief of George W. Addison and Manuel Cressy.

The clerk was directed to inform the senate thereof, and request their concurrence in the amendments of the house.

Mr Landry on behalf of the committee of enrolments having reported as duly enrolled the bills entitled

An act granting further powers to the police jury of the parishes of St Landry, Rapides and Avoyelles.

An act to repeal an act annexing certain parishes therein named, to the western district of the supreme court, and establishing an additional term therein; approved April 2, 1832, and for other purposes.

An act supplementary to an act to provide for the purchase of an additional number of negroes for the use of the state, to be employed on objects of internal improvement, and for other purposes; and

An act to authorise the executors of James Green, late of Adams county, state of Mississippi, to remove the administration of that person of his estate situated in the parish of Concordia, state of Louisiana, to Adams county, state of Mississippi.

The speaker signed the same.

The clerk was directed to request the signature of the president of the senate thereto.

On motion of Mr Patin, the house took up the bill from the senate entitled

An act to incorporate the subscribers to the Saint Charles theatre arcade and arcade baths company; which had been laid on the table subject to the call of the house.

During the discussion on the 3d section, on motion the house adjourned until tomorrow.

GENTLEMEN—Being called upon to decide in the case of Messrs Hammond and Gallagher, which, however, unqualified I may be to give an opinion or to decide in a case like the present, yet, if you have thought proper to appoint me as *umpire*, I will state briefly and impartially my opinion of the matter.—I feel that I cannot take upon me to say how the fight might have ended, or who might have won the battle—but, as Mr Gallagher's judge thought proper to interfere to stop the fight, without consulting the other two judges, it is my opinion that the *Beta* ought to be withdrawn, or let them fight if they think proper at some future period.

This, Gentlemen, is my candid opinion of the whole matter.—Respectfully your's, &c.

m 16-1t WM. BELL.

Office Merchants Insurance Co}
NEW Orleans, March 16th, 1836. }

At a meeting of the board of directors of this institution, Math. Morgan Esq having resigned his seat as director and president, A Dupuy Esq was duly elected in his place By order. JAS T LAUDUN,
m 16-1t Assist Sec'ry

DR. ANONI, of the medical faculty of Paris, will give consultations from 10 to 12 o'clock. The public is informed that he will also give gratuitous advice to all poor people, from 2 o'clock till 3 P. M.
Dauphin street, No 124. m 16-8t

THE SUBSCRIBERS have this day formed a copartnership for the transaction of a general Commission business in this city, under the firm of Hoskins & Wilcocks.

WILLIAM HOSKINS.
BENJ. WILCOCKS.

HAVANA SUGAR—175 boxes brown and wht sugar, landing and in store. For sale by
m 16 C WORSLEY, 10 Gravier st

FLOUR—2,000 brls best brand in bright barrels.—For sale by G DORSEY, 38 Newleves.
m 16

HAVANA PRESERVES—30 boxes Havana sweetmeats, assorted—landing from schr New York, For sale by C WORSLEY, 10 Gravier st.
m 16

NOTICE—A bay Horse, with a spot on his right thigh and both hind feet white, saddled and bridled, was brought on the 6th of March, to the stables, Bassin st, between Customhouse and Bienville. The owner is requested to claim him and prove property. The horse will be delivered on payment for advertising and other charges. m 16-3t

TO RENT—From the 1st of April next, the office nos 4 and 5 on Royal st. in Masson's buildings.—Apply at the office of the EAGLE INSURANCE CO.
m 16-4t

MRS MARY PURCELL vs FOOTNER & THOMPSON—By virtue of a writ of fi. fa. to me directed by the honorable J N Duncan, associate judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose at public sale, on the 26th of March, 1836, at 4 o'clock, P M, on the premises, Conti st, no 21, the contents of a Grocery store, seized to satisfy the above judgment. Terms cash B BEAUREGARD, Marshal.
m 16

TO LET—A Wet Nurse, having no child, aged 21 years, guaranteed healthy, and with a good breast of milk. She is very faithful, sober and a good house servant. Apply to Dr Kerr, no 15 Main st.
m 15-3t

NOTICE—If the purchasers of the grounds situated in the Faubourg Marly, sold on the 23th Jan last by M. Barnett, Sr, at Hewlett's Exchange, do not come forward and fulfil the conditions of the sale before Thursday next, These lots of ground will again be put up and sold at auction, on Saturday next 19th instant. m 15—3t

FOR SALE ON ACCOUNT OF DEPARTURE—A mulatto man about 35 years of age guaranteed against the vices and diseases prescribed by law of a good constitution, who has lived for several years on a plantation near the city, where he was servant and coach driver; and has lived for about five years in the city, and has worked occasionally as shoemaker and drag driver. He has always been very punctual in paying his master his wages when he has hired himself. The slave is of a good disposition and would suit as house servant, coach driver or to labour in a store. He is recommended as deserving a good master.

Apply at No 116 Royal st, to Mr G, who will show the slave and make know the terms of sale. m 15-3t

STORAGE—In a fire proof warehouse, on moderate rates at 57 Tchoupitoulas st. m 12

[illegible] Rouge and Clinton [illegible] supplementary to the act entitled [illegible] act to incorporate the city of New Orleans; approved February 7, 1805, and other acts amending the same.

By the same message, the signature of the speaker is requested to the bill entitled

An act relative to the city of Lafayette and the police jury of the parish of Jefferson.

Mr Delachaise on behalf of the committee of enrollment, reported that they had submitted the aforesaid bills for the approbation of the governor.

By the same message the house is also informed of the concurrence of the senate in the amendments of the house to the bill entitled

An act supplementary to an act entitled an act to amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the New Orleans Gaslight and banking company.

The house took up the resolution from the senate requesting our senators and representatives in Congress, to use their best endeavors to obtain from the post master general the establishment of a post office at Plaisance.

On motion, the same was laid on the table.

By a message from the senate, the house is informed that the senate have appointed a committee of conference upon the disagreement of the house upon the amendments of the senate to the bill entitled

An act for the appointment of an additional notary public and auctioneer for the parish of Natchitoches.

Messrs Bossier and Reid were appointed members of said committee on behalf of the senate.

On motion, ordered that the house do concur with the senate in the appointment of said committee of conference.

The speaker appointed Messrs Brazeale, Sibley and Wilson on said committee on behalf of the house.

The clerk was directed to inform the senate thereof.

By the same message the house is informed of the concurrence of the senate with amendments in the bill entitled

An act to grant certain privileges to the town of Harrisonburg.

On motion, the house concurred in said amendment.

The clerk was directed to inform the senate thereof.

The house took up the bill from the senate entitled

An act to incorporate the St Charles theatre arcade and arcade baths company.

On motion, the same was laid on the table subject to the call of the house.

The house took up the bill from the senate entitled

An act supplementary to the several acts relative to the harbor master, wardens and pilots of the port of New Orleans.

The several sections having been