THE NEW ORLEANS DAILY BEE.

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The New Orleans Bee.

OFFICE 73 CHARTRES STREET. NEW ORLEANS, FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 11, 1868. Vol. XLI.—Whole—14,543.

NEW ORLEANS:

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPT. 11, 1868.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President,

HORATIO SEYMOUR,

OF NEW YORK.

For Vice President,

FRANK P. BLAIR,

OF MISSOURI.

Electors for the State at Large:

EX GOV. R. C. WICKLIFFE, of West Feliciana.
ISAIAH GARRETT, of Ouachita.

ALTERNATES:

JAMES P. FRERET, of Jefferson.
JUDGE J. R. LEA, of Orleans.

District Electors:

First Congressional District.......A. GAMBOLA.
Second......M. B. BRADY.
Third......A. S. HERRON.
Fourth......A. DeBLANC.
Fifth......R. D. COLEMAN.

ALTERNATES:

First Congressional District......T. P. SHERBURNE.
Second......GEO. W. RACE.
Third......J. H. KENNARD.
Fourth......E. N. CULLOM.
5th......W. F. BLACKMAN. J. H. BRIGHAM.

THE NORTH LOUISIANA AND TEXAS RAILROAD BILL.

This infamous bill was taken up yesterday in the House of Representatives, section by section, and was adopted, with trifling amendments, by a vote of 47 yeas to 11 nays. The Bill was ordered to be sent to the Senate for concurrence in the amendments. We have exposed, as it was our duty to do, the nefarious acts of the principal corporators under this Bill, without expecting the project to be defeated. We knew there was a "railroad ring" in the Legislature, and believed that John Ray had stipulated for the passage of this act as a reward for his shameless services to the Radicals. We also knew the great influence in the party of the man who, alas! alas! has been appointed to sit in the chair once occupied by a Martin and a Eustis. He has a large stake in this rail road. But these corporators would give a good deal more to be sure of a judgment in their favor in the chancery suit now pending against them in the United States Court, than they have given for this Act of the Legislature. They have an antagonist in that court who is able to grapple with them and expose their villainy. Of course this Bill cannot and does not defeat the equities of the creditors of the Vicksburg, Shreveport and Texas Railroad.

The New Registration Law.—We publish to-day the new Registration law. It has been approved by the Governor and goes into effect immediately. As stated by us yesterday the three members of the Board of Registrations as provided in the act have already been appointed. The duties of the Supervisors of registration, of whom there are to be not exceeding three in each parish, commence immediately. Not a day should be lost by all those who can do so to register themselves under this law. The time allowed between now and the election is short enough.

Address of the Democratic State Central Committee.—We invite the attention of our readers to the address of the Democratic State Central Committee to the Democrats of Louisiana, published in this issue. It is submitted by us without comment, party discipline requiring that no differences of opinion should be brought forward in opposition to the decisions and conclusions of our authorized leaders in the counsel given by the committee we concur.

The Ramie.

Our confrère, Mr. E. Lefranc, of the *Renaissance*, has exhibited to us specimens of the ramie plant as grown in this State, and informs us that gentlemen of wealth and progress have resolved to have the proper machinery established here for the purpose of preparing the article for market. September and October are good months to plant. According to the calculation of a planter who has tried it, the yield of clean fibre is over 1500 pounds per acre. There are now about fifty large cultivations of ramie in Louisiana, the growth is said to be magnificent, and it is believed there will be a market open for this production in New Orleans next year. The price which it will command in England is about two shillings and sixpence per pound, (2s. 6d) or sixty-two and a half cents.

The following letter has been received by Mr. Lefranc, from a respectable manufacturing firm in Bradford, England:

Bradford, August 22, 1868.

Dear Sir—We are in receipt of your favor of July 29th. We inclose you sample of China grass as we buy it in London at from 45s to 55s per ton; also, sample of the same dressed, which is worth about 2s. 6d. per pound—the price being rather low at present owing to our trade being somewhat depressed.

We cannot judge your sample as to price. Ours, you will see, is much better got up than yours. We have used China grass* many years, with increasing success, and have no doubt, in time, it will become an important article of commerce. We inclose you swatches of goods. We are making cotton warp of China grass weft, also China grass yarns. We shall at all times be most happy to give you every information in our power. We are, sir, yours truly,

Joseph Wade & Sons.

E. Lefranc, Esq.

*The China grass referred to is the bark of the Ramie plant.

We hope our planters will turn their attention to a plant which promises such remunerative returns for the labor and capital invested in it. Good creole roots can be had at $25 per 100, at the office of the *Renaissance*, 25 Conti street, New Orleans.

The New York *Sun* alluding to a publication lately started in New York by Mr. E. A. Pollard, called the *Pamphlet* in which has appeared a malignant attack on Ex President Davis, in connection with his reported entrance into commercial business, says:

"Mr. Pollard, we have understood, had a sharp quarrel with the Confederate President."

We doubt exceedingly that Mr. Davis ever honored Mr. Pollard by "quarreling" with him. They were never on terms which would have made it possible for them to "quarrel." It is believed that Mr. Davis had no further knowledge of Mr. Pollard than that he was a newspaper reporter or writer in Richmond. When Mr. Davis quarreled it was with his equals, and not with such as Mr. Pollard, who never moved in circles where he would be likely to come in contact with Mr. Davis. Mr. Pollard did not become notorious until he had published his *History* (?) of the war.

AMUSEMENTS.

The Academy of Music.—The programme of last night at this house was received with satisfaction. The performers in the Emerson troupe know how to elicit the applause of the public, and everything moves like clock work in this well arranged and well-conducted theatre. The most fastidious can find no fault. We had Dick Parker and his banjo; Billy Emerson, the favorite at the Academy, in his great London Sensations; Capt. Jinks and Bitter Beer; Master Eddie, the wonderful dancer; Billy Manning and his "few remarks," were received with laughter. The evening's entertainment concluded with another laughable performance entitled "Humpty Dumpty." To-night another capital bill is offered. The varied programmes of the Academy, the perfect order maintained by the managers and the comparative coolness of the house render this resort of amusement lovers extremely popular. The managers of the Academy are always polite, and they study to please the frequenters of their establishment.

St. Charles Theatre.—We are promised a brief season at the St. Charles, to begin to-morrow—Saturday night—with Skiff & Gaylord's Minstrel Troupe. This troupe comes here well recommended. They are said to be experienced in the peculiar line of acting they pursue, having been organized ten years. In that time they certainly ought to have become proficient in their rôles. We shall have more to say of them hereafter. In the meantime the habitues of the establishment look eagerly for the opening night.

The Democratic Clubs.—The following circular, we hear, has been sent by the Democratic Executive Committee to the presidents of the various Democratic clubs of the parish of Orleans:

"*Sir*—I have the honor to transmit to you that I am instructed by this committee to suggest that no meeting of your club should take place on Saturday night, the 12th inst.

Very respectfully, St. L. Dupeire,
Corresponding Secretary.

Twelve months' imprisonment is the punishment given to a couple of fraudulent voters in England.

AN ACT

To Create a Board of Registration to Superintend the Registration of the Qualified Electors of this State.

Sec. 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened*, That the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall immediately after this act becomes a law appoint a Board, consisting of a chairman and two other members, who shall constitute and be known as a Board of Registration, whose duty shall be to cause to be registered every qualified elector in the State, in accordance with the provisions of the constitution thereof, and said Board shall hold its meetings and have its place of business in the city of New Orleans, and the term of office of said Board shall expire on the fifteenth day of December, 1868.

Sec. 2. *Be it further enacted*, etc., That said Board of Registration is hereby required to appoint a necessary number of supervisors of registration, not exceeding three in each parish, except the parish of Orleans, wherein said Board shall appoint a number not exceeding three in each municipal district in the city of New Orleans, and not exceeding three for the right bank, whose term of office shall commence on the tenth day of September, 1868, or as soon thereafter as they may receive their appointment, and expire on the tenth day of November, 1868; that the registrars shall each receive eight dollars per day for time they are actually employed, and the supervisors shall receive five dollars per day, and the supervisors shall also be reimbursed for all necessary actual traveling expenses incurred upon producing sub-vouchers and making affidavit that the expenses were incurred and were actually necessary for the performance of their duty. All accounts of the supervisors shall be forwarded to the Board of Registration for examination, and if found correct, shall be approved by the chairman of the Board before payment. The said Supervisors shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, take and subscribe the constitutional oath, and shall transmit a copy of the same to the Board of Registration.

Sec. 3. *Be it further enacted, etc*, That the Registrars shall each give bond with good and solvent security in the sum of one thousand dollars, for the faithful performance of the duties of their office, to be approved by the Governor and filed in the office of the Secretary of State.

Sec. 4. *Be it further enacted, etc*, That the Supervisors of each parish shall keep their office, except in the parish of Orleans, at the courthouse of the parish, and may establish such place for the registration of voters other than the courthouse, not exceeding three in number, as may be necessary to enable electors to register with as little inconvenience as possible; and in all cases publication of the offices of registration, as selected by the Registrars and Supervisors, shall be made for thirty days in the official journal. In the parish of Orleans the Board of Registration will establish offices in each district at such places as will facilitate the registering of voters as far as possible.

Sec. 5. *Be it further enacted, etc*, That said Board of Registration, or the Supervisors so appointed by them as aforesaid, for each parish, shall require every person, before he is registered as a voter, to take and subscribe any of the following affidavits as the case may be required, and any member of said Board of Registration or any Supervisor is hereby authorized to administer said oaths:

I, ——, do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I am twenty one years of age, was born (or naturalized, as the case may be.) in the United States, and am subject to the jurisdiction thereof, and have been a resident of the State of Louisiana since the —— day of ——, and a resident of this parish since the —— day of ——, and that I am not disfranchised for any of the causes stated in the first paragraph of article ninety nine of the Constitution of this State.

And I do further solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be,) that I did not hold any office, civil or military, for one year or more, under the organization styled "the Confederate States of America;" that I never registered myself as an enemy of the United States, that I never acted as leader of guerrilla bands during the late rebellion, that I never, in the advocacy of treason, wrote or published newspaper articles or preached sermons during the late rebellion, that I never voted for and signed an ordinance of secession in any State.

The last paragraph of the above affidavit shall be dispensed with, where the person applying for registration shall produce and exhibit to the Registrar or Supervisor the certificate of the Secretary of State, showing that he has relieved himself from the disability contained in the clauses of said affidavit, by voluntarily writing and signing a certificate setting forth that he acknowledges the late rebellion to have been morally and politically wrong, and that he regrets any aid and comfort he may have given it, and showing that such certificate has been filed in the office of the Secretary of State and been published in the official journal, as is required by article ninety nine of the Constitution, and the act of this General Assembly prescribing the requisite forms of such certificate, and the registry and publication thereof, and if the party applying for registration has lost or mislaid such certificate of the Secretary of State, he shall be required to take and subscribe, in lieu thereof, the following affidavit:

I, ——, do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I have voluntarily written and signed a certificate setting forth that I acknowledge the late rebellion to have been morally and politically wrong, and that I regret any aid and comfort I may have given it; and that I have caused such certificate to be filed in the office of the Secretary of State, and that it has been published in the official journal, according to the requirements of article ninety nine of the Constitution, and according to the forms required by this General Assembly, and that I have either lost or mislaid the certificate of the Secretary of State showing the above facts.

That taking and subscribing the affidavits required by the preceding part of this section shall not prevent the Registrars or Supervisors from receiving other evidence showing that the party applying for registration is not entitled to register, and they shall have a right to examine under oath, to be administered by themselves or other competent authority, any witness to prove any fact pertinent to the right of any one to register, and shall decide from the evidence whether the party so applying is entitled to register.

Subject to appeal to the Board of Registration, which Board shall have power to hear and determine such appeals.

That if any person applying to register claims to be relieved from the disabilities contained in the second clause of the aforesaid affidavit under the proviso to article ninety-nine of the Constitution, he shall be required to take and subscribe the following affidavit:

I, ——, do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be,) that prior to the first of January, eighteen hundred and sixty eight, I favored the execution of the laws of the United States popularly known as the Reconstruction Acts of Congress, and openly and actively assisted the loyal men of the State in their efforts to restore Louisiana to her position in the Union.

Any person who shall swear falsely to any of the foregoing affidavits, or any clause thereof, shall be deemed guilty of perjury, and on conviction thereof, shall be punished as prescribed by law.

Sec. 6. *Be it further enacted, etc.*, That it shall be the duty of the Supervisors to record in a good, substantial book, prepared for the purpose, the names of all duly qualified voters residing in their respective districts, that the following particulars shall be recorded, and in the following order: Date of registry, number, name, residence, ward or precinct, length of residence in the parish and State, whether native born or naturalized, with the signature or mark of the voter, and in the event of the voter making his mark, the Registrar shall attest the same, and the Board of Registration shall cause to be made a duplicate copy of said registration, which shall be deposited in complete condition, before the expiration of their term of office, in the office of the Clerk of Court in each parish, except the parish of Orleans, and the original registration book shall be deposited as soon as said registration is completed in the office of the Secretary of State.

Sec. 7. *Be it further enacted, etc.*, That every naturalized citizen shall be required to produce a certificate of his naturalization from the court in which he was naturalized and in the event of his having been naturalized in any court of this State, and he has lost his certificate, it shall be the duty of the clerk of said court to furnish to such citizen, free of cost, within one week, a duly certified copy of his naturalization; and the clerk of any court so refusing shall be liable to a fine of not less than twenty-five nor more than one hundred dollars, recoverable before any court of competent jurisdiction.

Sec. 8. *Be it further enacted, etc.*, That should the applicant for registry have been born without the limits of the United States, and afterwards became a citizen thereof, other than by naturalization in the Courts, then he shall make affidavit, and set forth the circumstances whereby he became a citizen, such as the naturalization of his father, or by his residence in any State or Territory when the same was acquired by or ceded to the United States, or any other manner whereby, under the laws of the United States, he would become a citizen thereof—*Provided*, That affidavits authorized to be made by this act, may be sworn to before the Supervisors, but in no case, or under any circumstances shall the Supervisors make any charge, or demand any fee, under penalty of removal from office.

Sec. 9. *Be it further enacted, etc.*, That the Supervisors shall issue to every citizen, at the time he is registered, a certificate exactly corresponding in number, name, residence, etc., with the original registry, and the presentation of such certificate to the Commissioners of Election shall be full proof of the facts therein contained, and of the elector's right to vote at the date of granting of such certificate.

Sec. 10. *Be it further enacted, etc.*, That it shall be the duty of all Supervisors to issue to any registered voter, a duplicate certificate upon his making affidavit that the original has been lost or destroyed, said affidavit to be made on the back of the duplicate so issued.

Sec. 11. *Be it further enacted, etc.*, That the Supervisors shall each keep an index book in which shall be entered alphabetically the names of all registered voters, with the number of their certificate; and also a similar index book to the names of all persons refused registration, with a proper reference to the folio or number of the same.

Sec. 12. *Be it further enacted, etc.*, That on or before the fifteenth of December, 1868, that said Board of Registration shall prepare and submit a full and complete report of the cost and of expenses of said registration, number of voters registering in each parish, and any information that they may deem proper at the next meeting of the General Assembly.

Sec. 13. *Be it further enacted, etc.*, That the said Board of Registration, on the expiration of their term of office, shall deposit in the office of the Secretary of State all books and records pertaining to the said Registrars.

Sec. 14. *Be it further enacted, etc.*, That the expenses authorized to be incurred by this act shall be paid out of the Treasury of the State, upon proper vouchers, duly certified to and approved by the Board of Registration.

Sec. 15. *Be it further enacted, etc.*, That the registration of the voters of this State shall be closed nine days before the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November, A. D. 1868, and it shall be the duty of the Supervisors of Registration in every parish in this State to make out and furnish certified copies of the registered voters in each election precinct and polling place of each parish to the Commissioners of Election in each precinct or polling place, to be used at the election or elections to be held in November, A. D. 1868, if any such are ordered held, and at any subsequent election until otherwise provided for, and failure of the Supervisors to furnish such copies of registered voters, shall subject each of such delinquent Supervisors to a fine of not less than one hundred or more than five hundred dollars, to be recovered for the use of the parish in which the failure to perform the duty occurred, to be sued for in the name of the parish; and it shall be the duty of the District Attorney *pro tempore* of such parish to institute suit whenever any such delinquency shall be brought to his knowledge by any member of the Police Jury or Commissioners of the Election, who ought to have been furnished with the copies aforesaid, or is known to himself, or that he has reasonable cause to believe from other evidence to be true.

Sec. 16. *Be it further enacted, etc*, That the Supervisors of Registration in each parish of this State shall divide the same into as many precincts, not to exceed the number now established by law, as to them may seem advisable, and direct what number of polls or voting places shall be established in each precinct, and to fix the places of holding thereof, and to appoint Commissioners for each poll or voting precinct.

Sec. 17. *Be it further enacted, etc*, That the Governor of the State shall, previous to any general election, appoint in each parish of the State one Supervisor of Registration, to whom the Clerk of the Court shall deliver the books of registration delivered to him by the last Supervisors of Registration, and he shall receive the same and strike from them the names of the voters who have died or left the parish, or become ineligible for any legal cause, and to add thereto the names of all those who have removed into the parish since the last registration, or who were not then registered, and those who have since come of age, and generally to perfect the registration of the parish, and they shall close such registration nine days before the said general election and furnish to the Commissioners of Election of each voting place or poll copies of the registered voters of their precinct, and within ten days after such general election such Registrars shall redeliver to the Clerks of the Courts the books of registration, with all the additions and amendments made thereto, as herein provided.

Sec. 18. *Be it further enacted, etc.*, That it shall be the duty of the Supervisors of Election in every parish of this State, (except the parish of Orleans) to appoint one or more suitable persons to attend at each voting poll, whose duty it shall be to convey the box to receive the votes to the place of holding the election, and to deliver the same to the Commissions of Election, and to attend the Commissioners of Election during the whole time of holding the election, and to obey all legal orders of such Commissioners, in keeping order at or near the polls, suppressing riots, or disorders of any kind, and to make all such arrests as may be ordered by the said Commissioners. Any person who may resist or oppose such persons in the discharge of their said duties, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished, as is prescribed for resisting an officer.

Sec. 19. *Be it further enacted, etc*, That all acts and parts of acts heretofore passed touching the registration of voters be and the same are hereby repealed.

Sec. 20. *Be it further enacted, etc*, That this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

[Signed] Chas. W. Lowell,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
[Signed] Oscar J. Dunn,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

Approved September 7, 1868.
[Signed] H. C. Warmoth,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:
Geo. E. Bovee,
Secretary of State.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Won't Do—The habit, so much in vogue at present, of newly elevated policemen knocking drunken men's brains out before they carry them to the station, is about played out. Even the clerks at the station houses complain of it.

The usual number of small larcenies, burglaries, etc., are reported on the books, and in the *Police Gazette*, but we found no "rampage" yesterday.

The Seymour Sentinels.—This Club had a full meeting on Wednesday night, for business purposes alone. The following named gentlemen were elected honorary members:

Gen. Chas. Labusan, R. Carey, E. L. Jewell, R. H. Noble, J. O. Nixon, Jr., Mr. Bonzano, E. A. Tyler, John J. Lane, E. F. Brashear, C. Bush, Dr. Warren Stone, Sr., P. Ganess, R. Pringle, V. Nippert, Dr. Harte, Dr. Hurd, Dr. Chas. E. Kells, Dr. Beach, Judge E. Abell, Maj. J. Simpson, A. Hoffman, D. H. Holmes.

The writer tenders his thanks for the honor thus conferred, and will, as in duty bound, hereafter answer by the organization.

Sensational.—The fact that some unshrived thief entered a house in Jefferson City the other night, was shot, and yelled at so enthusiastically as to arouse the neighborhood, and finally escaped, is made the theme of a first column notice of the lavender scented sensational style by an evening contemporary.

Those Bonds.—The Council has gone and done it, and authorized the issue of the bonds for the $1,000,000 loan, yet a policeman, was compelled, yesterday morning, to borrow the last two bits in the proverbially empty pouch of a newspaper reporter, in order to get a small piece of meat for his family. Have our Municipal Solons an idea that there is a hereafter?

Broom Rangers, Junior.—A meeting of the members of that Club will take place this evening at half-past 7 o'clock, at the Opera House. New members will be admitted.

That rolling Club, the Wide Awakes of the Eighth Ward, numbering over 700 men, met at their Hall over F. Cat's saloon, corner of Elysian Fields and Levee streets last night, only the regular routine of business was gone through with. It was expected that the Hon. E. L. Jewell would address the meeting, but owing to other important business he was unable to comply, although they have a promise to hear that gentleman's views on Democracy in a few days hence—notice of which will be given in the *Bee* and other Democratic papers in the city.

LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.

SIXTY-FOURTH DAY—SEPTEMBER 10, 1868.

The Senate was called to order at 12 m., by the President.

The act to amend an act entitled an act relative to public printing was re-committed on the representation that several members of the Committee were either absent or had not signed the report.

A resolution appointing a Committee of Three to investigate the work of clerks employed by the joint committee on the conduct of the late election, etc., was adopted by a vote of yeas 12, nays 8.

A resolution authorizing the Warrant Clerk to draw warrants for the per diem of members, to include the sum of twenty-five per cent. in addition to the ordinary allowance; also, warrants for twenty five per cent. additional to the employés of the General Assembly, was read twice and referred to the Finance Committee.

Senate bill No. 290, an act authorizing the issue of two hundred thousand dollars in warrants by the Auditor on the Treasurer of the State, to provide by the sale thereof for the expenses of the General Assembly, was finally adopted. The warrants not to be sold under 15 per cent. discount.

Senate bill No. 187—an act defining more particularly the duties of sheriffs, coroners, constables and clerks of courts, etc., was read a third time and adopted with its title.

House bill No. 105, an act to provide for the relief of the Treasury of the State, was made the special order for next Wednesday.

Senate bill No. 79, an act fixing the salaries of the District Judges of the State, was finally adopted.

Senate bill No. 193, an act to authorize the collection of back taxes due the city of Carrollton, was finally adopted.

The Senate then adjourned after transacting some unimportant business.

House.—House met at 12 o'clock, m., pursuant to adjournment. Speaker Lowell in the chair.

On motion of Young, of Concordia, the reading of the Journal was dispensed with.

A resolution was adopted requesting the Chief Clerk of the House to report the names of all members who are absent when their leave has expired, and those of the members who are absent without leave.

On motion of Kent leave of absence for four days was granted to McCullen, of Baton Rouge.

Demarest, of St. Mary, introduced a resolution, to the effect that no more leave of absence be granted to the members of the House, unless in case of sickness of themselves or in their families. Laid on the table on motion of McVean, of Caddo.

The Secretary of the Senate being announced, asked concurrence of the House in Senate bill No. 205, an act to define more fully the powers, duties and salaries of the Board of Registration, Supervisors, &c.

By Gray, of St. James—Joint resolution requesting the joint committee, appointed to investigate the action of the Levee Board and what disposition has been made of the levee bonds. The resolution requests that the report of the committee be made to the House within two days from the passage of the resolution. Finally adopted and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

By a message from the Senate, the House was informed of the concurrence of the Senate in House bills Nos. 31 and 172. And the concurrence of the House was asked in Senate bills Nos. 20, 189, 183, 173, 176, 162 and 44.

The Senate also concurred (with an amendment) in House bill No. 111, an act levying a special tax to provide for the payment of the past due interest on the bonds of the State, outstanding warrants, certificates of indebtedness and Convention warrants.

The Committee on Claims reported favorably on Senate bill No. 38, recommending that it be passed.

The Committee on the Judiciary, Peter Harper, Chairman, reported on House No. 45, an act relative to State and Parish Tax Collectors. The Committee suggested an amendment which was adopted.

R. H. Isabelle, of Orleans, submitted another amendment to require the Tax Collectors of the parishes of Orleans and Jefferson to report to the Auditor of Public Accounts, twice a month, what amount they may have received during said time. The amendment was also adopted. Bill ordered to be engrossed.

On recommendation of the Committee of the Whole, House bill No. 125, an act for the relief of the Attorney General of the State, and House bill to fix and determine the salaries of the Board of Police Commissioners for the city of New Orleans, approved July 9th, 1868, were adopted on their second reading.

Heidenham, of Orleans, offered a bill fixing the time of holding election for members of Congress on the first Tuesday of November, this year, and thereafter, on the same day that the State officers are elected. Laid over under the rules.

Senate bill No. 64, an act to incorporate the North Louisiana and Texas Railroad Company was taken up section by section.

Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 were read and adopted.

Section 9th was read, amended and adopted.

Section 10th was read and adopted.

Section 11th being read, M. Amos Kent, of St. Helena, moved to strike it out. This motion gave rise to a lengthy discussion, in which took part Messrs. Kent, Morey and Faulkner.

Raymond, of Jefferson, moved to lay on the table the motion to strike out section 11, the yeas and nays were ordered, resulting as follows: yeas 30, nays 25—the motion prevailed, and section 11th was adopted by a vote of 41 yeas to 12 nays.

Section 12th was adopted as amended.

Section 13th was read, R. H. Isabelle moved to strike out "the completion of this road" in the 7th line, and to insert in lieu of, "from the date of passage of this act," thus amended, the section was adopted.

Section 14th was adopted with an amendment—that provides that the right shall not prevent the sale of lands, and shall not exist after the lands are sold by the State of Louisiana.

Section 15th was adopted.

M. John Page, of Jefferson, moved to strike out the 16th section, lost, and the section was adopted.

Section 17, 18, 19 and 20, were adopted.

Section 21st, Isabelle's amendment providing that the company shall make no rules or regulations contrary to the intents and purposes of the article 13th of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, was on motion of Morey, of Ouachita, stricken out.

Section 22d was adopted. Section 23d Isabelle's amendment to section 21st, was adopted as section 23.

Section 24 was adopted.

Morey, of Ouachita, moved that the bill be placed on its third reading and final passage.

Messrs. Noble, of Orleans, and Gerskamp, of Jefferson, called for the yeas and nays. They were called, and resulted as follows: 47 yeas, 11 nays. Bill ordered to be sent to the Senate for concurrence in the amendments.

Under a suspension of the rules, Senate bill No. 206, an act to authorize the issue of $200,000 on the treasury of the State, by the Auditor of Public Accounts, for the purpose of paying the mileage and *per diem* of members of the General Assembly and *per diem* of officers and employés of the same, was taken up. On a further suspension of the rules, the bill was placed on its second and third readings and finally passed.

The House then adjourned till 12 o'clock this day, (Friday,) 11th inst.

BY TELEGRAPH.

[To the New Orleans Bee.]

FROM WASHINGTON.

Rencontre Between Solicitor Binckley and District Attorney Courtney.

Mr. Newsham's Campaign Dispatch.

Row at a Radical Meeting in Galveston.

The Georgia Legislature.

Protest of the Expelled Negroes.

Miscellaneous Matters.

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

Washington, Sept. 10.—Internal Revenue Solicitor Binckley and District Attorney Courtney had a personal collision, growing out of the proceedings against Rollins. Binckley was worsted, but neither of them was much hurt.

Post Master General Randall is in New York, considering the propriety of endorsing $2,000,000 bonds authorized by Congress for the Transatlantic Mails, the company applying for the endorsement have had the bonds printed, but appear to have no vessels. Randall asks the Attorney General whether the endorsement is mandatory by law—otherwise he won't endorse.

Five hundred thousand bounty and back pay claims have been adjusted during the past two years involving near $37,000,000.

The following is published here:

New Orleans, Sept 9th, 1868.

J. L. Tulloch, Secretary National Union Committee:

My home in St. Francisville was robbed by armed Democrats, on the 29th of August. They said they wanted to wash their hands in my blood and would have my life. They leveled their guns at my wife and threw burning tow upon my gallery. I was not at the house at the time.

(Signed) J. P. Newsham, M. C.

A committee from the Tennessee Legislature is here preparing an address to the President which will be delivered to-night. They say the Militia bill is sure to pass but will be a dead letter if the President sends troops enough to Tennessee.

Internal Revenue receipts to-day $268,000. The average receipts this week are alarmingly small.

After Monday next 7 30's must be sent direct to the United States Treasurer at Washington for redemption.

A bonded warehouse has been opened in Boston, to which tobacco can be shipped for export.

Revenue Solicitor Binckley returned this morning, but did not report to Rollins. He is engaged on an official report of his proceedings in New York.

Washington, Sept. 10.—The President is engaged to-night on matters which will prevent an interview with the Tennessee delegation.

MISCELLANEOUS INTELLIGENCE.

Galveston, Sept. 10.—At a Republican meeting held here last night in the colored Methodist Church, G. F. Ruby, colored, was assaulted by Dr. R. K. Smith with a pistol. Both are Radical Delegates to the Constitutional Convention. The appearance of the police prevented further disturbance. The combatants were arrested and made their appearance before the Recorder this morning, and were each fined for disorderly conduct.

Atlanta, Sept. 10.—House.—A resolution to reconsider those adopted yesterday reflecting on the Governor's message was lost.

The negro members lately declared ineligible have published a protest addressed to the Speaker and members of the House, in which they enter solemn protest against the outrage perpetrated on their race, and will appeal at the proper time to Congress. The protest is signed by twenty-eight expelled members, and twelve Republican members, accompanied by a demand that the protest be entered on the journal of the House—this the House refused to permit.

In compliance with a resolution passed by the General Assembly, in consequence of violence committed in some counties by armed unlawful bands of negroes, the Governor issues a proclamation in which he denies having given authority for armed or unarmed organizations, and warns the people that drilling and exercising in military tactics with arms by any organized body except the army of the United States, is unauthorized, unlawful against peace and good order, and must be immediately suspended. He says that persons distinguished for hostility to the United States are promoting said acts of violence by publicly denouncing laws as unconstitutional and void, and the result is said acts of violence. He quotes Grant's parole to Lee's army wherein it says: Persons paroled will not be disturbed by the United States authorities so long as they observe their paroles and the laws in force where they reside.

Chicago, Sept. 10.—The propeller Hippocampus, which sailed with twenty passengers and a crew of ten persons, was found in the lake bottom up. She had 9000 baskets of peaches on deck, which probably caused her to upset.

Nashville, Sept. 10.—The Militia bill in its present shape requires a certificate of the loyal citizens who are freeholders, approved by a Judge, Sheriff, Attorney General or member of the Legislature, declaring it necessary, before militia will be sent to any county, said county bearing the expense. The bill thus amended will probably pass.

Boston, Sept. 10.—The Republicans have nominated Wm. Claflins for Governor and Joseph Tucker for Lieut. Governor.

New York, Sept. 10.—The *Tribune* has a special from Denver City, announcing the election of Bradford, Republican, Congressional Delegates, and claiming Republican gains in Colorado.

New Haven, Ct, Sept. 10.—A procession of the "Boys in Blue" was attacked with stones and several hurt, three dangerously.

Augusta, Ga., Sept. 10.—The Democrats have nominated Thomas G. Lawson for Congress in the Fourth District.

The Radical Convention here to-day nominated C. H. Prince for re-election in the Fifth District.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

Montreal, Sept. 10.—Bishop Mumford is dead.

Paris, Sept. 10.—Queen Victoria has arrived and leaves via Cherbourg this evening.

London, Sept. 10.—The cab strike has ended. It is stated that Italy asks France to withdraw her troops from Bulgaria.

Havana, Sept. 10.—Mexican advices report an insurrection in Sierra. The insurgents had been defeated at Puebla, losing all their artillery and many prisoners.

Paris, Sept. 10.—The Emperor reviewed the troops at Chalons to-day. Attendance immense.

The Queen of England is here to-day, the guest of Lord Lyons. No state ceremony is observed.

Florence, Sept. 10.—It is reported that Garibaldi has left Caprera for Naples to attend a Congress of Democrats in that city.

Constantinople, Sept. 10.—The concessions made to Farragut by the Sultan in allowing the Flag-ship to pass through the Dardanelles and enter the Bosphorus caused much comment in diplomatic circles. The Sultan's consent was accorded in the most gracious manner.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

Liverpool, Sept. 10—Evening.—Cotton market steady; prices declined ⅛d. Middling uplands 10⅛d; Orleans 10⅜d. Sales to-day 12,000 bales. Rosin quiet. Others unchanged.

London, Sept. 10—evening.—Consols 94. Bonds 71⅝. Bullion decreased in Bank of England £111,000.

London, Sept. 10.—Formosa won the Oaks stakes.

Frankfort, Sept. 10.—Bonds dull at 75¼.

Paris, Sept. 10.—Bourse dull. Rentes 70.45.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

New York, Sept. 10.—Cotton irregular. Sales 800 bales. Middlings 27 to 27½c, chiefly at the latter figure. Flour dull; superfine $7 10 to $8 10; extra $8 20 to $9 90.

New York, Sept. 10.—Gold closed weak at 144; Southern Bonds strong with a good demand but little offerings. Government closed strong.

New York, Sept. 10.—Governments closed strong; 5 20's of 1862, 1 3⅛; of 1864, 109⅝; of 1865, 111; of 1867, 108⅛; 10 47s, 104⅝. Money easy; demand moderate. Call loans 4 to 5. Sterling heavy, 9¼. Stocks generally dull but steady. Sub Treasury balance $89,000,000.

Mobile, Sept. 10.—Cotton—sales to-day 400 bales. The market closed quiet. Middlings 23 to 24c. Exports 334 bales; receipts 68.

Baltimore, Sept. 10.—Cotton dull 28½c. Flour weak, small business doing. Bonds—Virginia's, old, inscribed 48 to 48½; do. of 1867, 48 to 49.

Savannah, Sept. 10.—Cotton dull—entirely nominal; receipts 640 bales; exports coastwise 895.

Charleston, Sept. 10.—Cotton dull—no sales; middlings nominally 26c; receipts since the 1st inst. 118 bales; sales since the 1st 664; exports coastwise 920; stock on hand 1243.

Louisville, Sept. 10.—Sales to-day 60 hhds Tobacco; lugs to fair leaf $6 25 to $14 75; medium cutting leaf $15 50. Six hhds of the new crop from Tennessee are included in the sales to-day. Flour—superfine $6 50 to $7.

Cincinnati, Sept. 10.—Flour unchanged. Wheat quiet—$1 95. Corn dull at 97 to 98c. Oats 55c. Whisky 65 to 67c. Mess Pork firm, $29.

St. Louis, Sept. 10.—Tobacco unchanged. Flour—superfine $7 to $7 50. Wheat firm at $1 88¼ to $2 25.

FROM SOUTHWEST PASS.

Southwest Pass, Sept. 10—6 p. m.—Barometer 29:50. Weather calm.

No arrivals. Sailed—bark Prima Donna.

RIVER NEWS.

Vicksburg, Sept. 10.—Passed up—Robert E. Lee, at 4 p. m.

St. Louis, Sept. 10—The river has risen about a foot and is still swelling.

Louisville, Sept. 10.—River rising, 4 feet 9 inches in the Canal. Weather wet and warm.

[Previous Dispatches.]

Washington, Sept. 10.—Meade has reported on the Ashburn murder at Columbus, Ga., and relative matters.

The report in substance states that of the published reports of the outrageous treatment of witnesses at Fort Pulaski, the commander of the fort says:

"The detectives came to the fort with the prisoners in charge, with orders to have the sole control of them. Consequently I assumed no authority except to keep them securely."

A narrative of the sweat boxes, shaved heads and other terrors, follows.

Regarding Gov. Brown's connection with the affair made in effect says he employed Brown for his legal knowledge and influence with the people.

Brown demanded $5000 fee. This amount, under ordinary circumstances, Meade would not have paid, but was apprehensive that the defence would hire Brown.

Interesting experiments fixing the exact latitude of Havana are progressing, conducted by Prof. Harkness here and Lieut. Fuisseau at Havana.

Southwest Pass, Sept. 10—11 a. m.—Barometer 29 90. Wind south and light. No arrivals. Sailed—Steamship Kensington.

Vicksburg, Sept. 10.—Passed down, Louisiana at 11 last night, and Shark and barges at 11 this a. m. Passed up, Lizzie Gill at 2 this a. m. River falling slowly.

London, Sept. 10—Noon.—Securities unchanged. Tallow quiet. Sugar steady.

Liverpool, Sept. 10—Noon.—Cotton steady; sales 10,000 bales. Breadstuffs dull. Other markets unchanged.

Liverpool, Sept. 10.—Afternoon.—Cotton steady; sales 13,000 bales. Lard firm, 72s.

Paris, Sept. 10.—The duty on sugar imported into France has been reduced to 2 francs.

New York, Sept. 10—Noon—Stocks strong. Sterling 109¼. Money 3 to 5 per cent. Gold 144⅜. 5 20s of '62, 113⅛; N. C.'s, 74; do. new, 73¼.

Virginia's ex coupon, 54½, do. new, 53. Tenn. ex-coupon, 70, do. new, 69½.

Flour heavy, 10 to 15c lower. Wheat dull, 2 to 3c lower. Corn quiet and a shade firmer. Mess Pork 29 35. Lard firm; steam rendered 20¼ to 20½c.

Cotton dull and unsettled; middling uplands 27 to 27½c. Freights dull.

Cairo, Sept. 10.—Ex-President Pierce is slightly better.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 10—Brown beat Coulter in the boat race to-day by two minutes.

The caterpillar is at work in the cotton, and is inflicting considerable injury. The late rains have rapidly developed them and also caused the plant to shed a large proportion of balls and forms. The prevalent cool nights and mornings and fine weather may check the ravages of the worm; but the crop has already suffered greatly, and the yield will not prove near so large as was expected. It was reported Sunday that several plantations on the Plank road were being stripped by the worm and there are few fields in which they are not eating the leaves to a greater or less extent.—*Baton Rouge Adv.*

We had the pleasure of a call yesterday from our intrepid representative, Hon. B. F. Chaney, He is decidedly in favor of the withdrawal of the Democratic members from both branches of the State Legislature. The Democratic members can accomplish nothing by remaining, and their presence only lends respectability to that body of corruption.—*Baton Rouge Gazette and Comet.*

Baltimore, September 3, 1868.

William Meade Addison, Esq.:

Dear Sir—With great pleasure I state that, as the senior member of the firm of Kimberly Brothers, I authorized you to institute the suit against General B. F. Butler in their name, and under no circumstances shall it be abandoned until our claim is honestly and properly adjusted.

Very respectfully,
Edward Kimberly,
of Kimberly Brothers.

A person who was recently called into court for the purpose of proving the correctness of a doctor's bill, was asked by the lawyer whether "the doctor did not make several visits after the patient was out of danger?" "No," replied the witness, "I considered the patient in danger as long as the doctor continued his visits."

Notables at the Virginia Springs.—*Red Sweet Springs, Va.*, Sept. 3.—Hon. A. H. Stephens and Jeremiah Morton arrived to-day. Mr. Stephens is much improved in health. General Beauregard and General Brent are also here. General Robert E. Lee, ex Senator Conrad and Assistant Postmaster General Zevely have gone to the Hot Springs. Hon. Richard T. Merrick and ex-Secretary of the Interior Stuart have left for home. Hons. Jno. B. Baldwin and Thos. C. Flournoy affixed their names to it upon their arrival at the Springs, and after Gen. Rosecrans's departure Alex. H. Stephens remarked to a friend that the most correct account of the Rosecrans correspondence had been given by the correspondent of the Associated Press.—Secretary Browning will remain at the White Sulphur Springs until the latter part of September. Visitors are beginning to pack up for home.

The Elections in Vermont and Maine.

Nobody doubts that Vermont and Maine will give their electoral votes to Gen. Grant. Nevertheless, their preliminary September contests are watched by both parties, as indicating the drift of public opinion. Vermont has spoken. She was sure to go heavily Republican, and has actually gone in that direction more than three to one. The inference to be drawn from this is, that if there be a tone of feeling in a State so clearly one-sided as Vermont that largely swells the majority of the dominant party, the presumption is that the like influences are operating in other States.

The result in Vermont indicates the set of the current less surely than will the approaching election in Maine, where both parties are fighting the battle hand to hand. Since the great struggle of 1840, between Van Buren and Harrison, the September election in Maine has been found a pretty sure barometer of the condition of the political atmosphere in the Northern States. At the last election the Republican majority was 11,600. If the Democrats now succeed in reducing it, or even holding it to these figures, the Republicans must prepare for squally weather. But if the Republicans follow the example of Vermont, and largely increase it, the party will look for favoring gales throughout the autumn.

The October elections in the great States of Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana will feel the effects of the verdict in Maine. Should the States go heavily Republican, and be responded to by Republican victories in those three States, shrewd politicians would regard this as virtually deciding the grand contest in November in favor of Grant. On the other hand, if the Democrats diminish the majority in Maine and carry Pennsylvania in October, it would intensify the conflict and leave the probabilities in favor of Seymour.

Maine is to strike the keynote on the 14th inst., and both parties are listening with eager solicitude for the tones of her potent voice.—*New York Sun.*

The following hit from the Boston *Post* is none the less sober prose because it appears in a poetical garb:

> The land was doubly tax'd, we the'r,
> To carry on the war,
> Now war is to a period brought,
> Still more our taxes are.
>
> Strange conduct this, all must allow—
> Hush! let your murmurs cease,
> You pay these double taxes now
> To carry on the peace.

Prospects in Indiana and Illinois.—Letters from Hendricks and Voorhees give glowing accounts of the prospects of the Democracy in Indiana. Hendricks asserts that he entertains no doubt of his election. Voorhees expresses the belief that we will carry Illinois as well as Indiana.—*Spec. Tel. to Louisville Courier.*

Southern papers are displaying their learning by searching out the etymology of the word "scallawag," which they say comes from the Spanish.

The Boston *Transcript* says that when the Chinese Embassy visited the Waltham watch manufactory, they were "entertained on tick."

The Austrian Minister of Justice has notified the Civil Courts that in case the clergy refuse the necessary certificates for civil marriages, they must be forced to comply by legal process.

To the Democrats of the State of Louisiana.

Rooms Democratic State Central Committee, September 11, 1868.

The Democratic State Central Committee feels it to be due to the citizens of New Orleans and of the State of Louisiana to congratulate them upon the noble patience and forbearance they have manifested, under a series of the most palpable wrongs and the gravest insults, from an exciting and unprincipled party, whose only capital in the present political canvass is the hope of provoking resentment and riot, to be misrepresented and misconstrued in the Northern States.

And it is in view of this praiseworthy endurance of wrongs, borne with a calm fortitude, unparalleled in the history of civilized society, in order to strengthen the arms of our Northern and Western friends, that your Committee appeal to you for a continuance of this lofty forbearance and this suffering patience.

The State Central Committee, notwithstanding a consciousness of the overwhelming preponderance of force possessed by their people over their reckless enemies, an easy day to do the initiative in precipitating to the State Committee of the Radical Republican party measures to preserve the peace and order of the city and State in the present political canvass, which, up to this moment has proved entirely fruitless; and the subterfuge, evasion and indifference which has been exhibited on all occasions by the opposite party has satisfied this Committee that from the beginning there has been no real intention on the part of that Committee to co-operate with us in efforts to maintain the peace of the community and the security of the citizen in his right to the enjoyment and expression of his opinions, and the immunity of his property and person from invasion by tumultuous assemblages and lawless men.

The passage and approval of most obnoxious laws, such as that intended to work the removal of officers elected by the people, and the substitution of others, rejected by them, but appointed by the Governor, and of such as lead to a natural commingling of antagonistic elements, separated by the decrees of the Almighty, but which Radicalism would force into unnatural union, has steadily gone on, while the most extravagant grants are made of the public treasure to support hordes of officers, hitherto unknown to the State, and for whose support we and not they are to bear the burden, while virtual confiscation follows in their wake. Yet we were assured by the Governor, in the presence of leading men of both parties, assembled by his desire to consult how the peace might be preserved, that this most reprehensible and irritative legislation should cease.

There have been also individual cases of violence, going as far even as murder upon pledged men, who have felt it their duty to forsake the cause of the stranger and to return to the side of those among whom they were born and by whom they were raised, and white men have been assaulted and beaten for their adhesion to the Democratic cause, while the shops of others have been plundered by the bangers on and rear guard of their processions, while the flag of their country and ours has not escaped insult when hung out to the breeze by us.

It seems to us that there is at least some among their leaders who desire to bring on a conflict between us, or to goad us on to some act of retribution for wrongs done us, which may furnish them with material to use in the canvass in the North and West; where their only hope of success in the pretense that we are implacable towards the colored, and intolerant of the white Republican; whereas we only desire to pursue our own in peace, without injury to others; to use our right of suffrage without hindrance by chicanery or violence, and to protect those who cast their lot with us.

Your State Central Committee, under these circumstances believe that the preservation of the peace may be best attained by our maintaining a calm, cautious, dignified and quiet, but resolute, firm and determined spirit, which will continue to bear insult and menace, without exhibition of anger or resentment; but which will be ready to crush all those who may undertake to execute such threats of arson and pillage as has been made by individuals in the name of the Republican party.

On Saturday, the 12th inst., the Republican party propose to have a torchlight procession of all their clubs and adherents in this city and the adjacent parishes.

It is their right, as it is ours, thus to assemble and make demonstration of their strength and their devotion to the party of their choice. Let them use their right. Let there be no approval of their example, and of their principles, or to give color to their wrongs or attempts to complain, but we all the people, and that they should have the same rights which we claim for ourselves, but we have, for them, none, and ask for them to exercise the same rights they may avail themselves of this time, when they will have all their adherents in this region together, in one body, to make use of the moment to begin a conflict which we think it would be well to find in the city, and which would enable them to carry out their designs; [illegible] and that you and would come to a conflict, result from beyond resurrection, that we shall sally forth and deny, but we will speak of things, which we would dictate wrongs and injuries, that can come upon the victory they might gain; victory may be obtained at the cost of other conflicts, which we may not be able to sustain—that they were called on to prevent their fall in the North and West.

Your Committee, therefore, in the discharge of the high trust committed to them in a political crisis of unparalleled interest and importance, regard it to be a solemn duty to urge upon you to abstain from attendance on or any interference with, or any interruption, whether by word or act, of the procession; to preserve the vital to the motives and to their country, involved in the presence of business and of the street on Saturday, the 12th instant, and to retire altogether from the streets, or wherever they have their general demonstration. The Committee also request all Clubs and political organizations to refrain from visiting their hall and club rooms on that evening.

Your Committee know there is a point beyond which forbearance ceases to be a virtue; wrongs which human nature, imbued with the highest principles of Christianity and philosophy, cannot suffer in silence. A Senator of the State, of marked ability and by the strongest obligations to represent two races, has proclaimed and threatened from his place in the Senate, and his threat has been published in the official journal of the State, to lay the city of New Orleans in ashes; and this involves in it all the horrors of pillage and rapine; yet we will not be beat all these wrongs and insults until the moment that forbearance, which we may be potent to the world that you are innocent of the necessity of retribution in defence of your homes, your wives and children, should be forced upon you, let it not fall upon the authors of it, but on the heads of those who sheltered in their unhappy crisis, in Louisiana. If left to himself, would render his new relations to the Government in the present of the present time, and against dependence.

We ask you to bear all and suffer all for the sake of our friends in the North and West, who are fighting the battle of freedom and civilization for us. Be patient in the faith and believe that the day of our deliverance is nigh.

On behalf of the State Central Committee,
Thos. L. Macon, President.
Thos. Steel, Secretary.

MONETARY AND FINANCIAL.

Thursday Evening, September 10, 1868.

We have again to report the absence of any change in the Money market proper. The supply of available capital is ample for the negotiation of all strictly A1 notes but the offerings of this description continue limited. The months for A1 paper secured by collaterals and 1 to 1½ and 1½ for second grade. We hear of occasional transactions in mortgage notes at 10 to 12 per cent. per annum for first class and 12 to 14 for second grade. The banks discount most of the approval business paper offered by their customers and are free lenders for short periods on satisfactory collaterals.

Gold opened at 142⅞ to 143 (against 144⅛ at New York,) and after selling as high as 143⅞ closed at about the opening rates. The sales included $10,500 ($1000, $1500, $2500, and $3000) at 143, $46,500 ($1500, $10,000, $10,000 and $25,000) at 143⅛, $3000 and $5000 at 143¼, and $2500 at 143⅞. The sales of Silver were confined to $600 in American half-dollars at 136¼, $1000 at 136⅛ and several other smaller sums at 137. We now quote 13⅛ to 135¼ for the latter, and 147 to 147½ for Mexican half-dollars.

There was only a moderate movement in Foreign Exchange. The offerings were limited, and with a light demand rates showed no material change. The sales of Sterling included £6000 A1 with bill of lading 155⅛, £1600 bank at 157⅛, and £2000 at 109⅛ for gold. We did not learn of any sale of France. Sterling may be quoted at 155 to 155⅛ and 156 for A1 clear, and 157 to 157⅛ for bank, and Francs 3 65 for the former and 3.61⅞ to 3.60 for the latter.

Domestic Exchange was dull and unchanged. The banks checked on New York at par, one of them, however, drawing at ⅛, and the sales of commercial included $2500 and $5000 New York sight at ¼ per cent. discount, and $10,000 one day's sight at ⅛.

Nothing was reported in Stocks or Bonds. We notice a sale of $6000 San Insurance Scrip of '58 at 75¼.

City Treasury Notes sold at about yesterday's figures, the transactions reported embracing $10,000 early at 33⅞ per cent. discount, $1500, $1500 at 34, $3000 at 34⅛, $1200 at 34¼, and $5000 at 31⅛. The dealers bought the small sums offered across their counters at 35 to 36 discount and supplied current demand from tax payers at 34.

No sales of State Notes came within our notice.

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE BEE, Thursday Evening, September 10, 1868.

Cotton—The decline of 1c at New York reported in the noon dispatches has been responded to by a corresponding falling off in our market, but the reduction bringing out several parties to execute orders which could not be previously filled, and there being moreover a fair supply, the demand was more active, and the sales summed up 1311 bales, which is the largest business this season. The prices paid showed some irregularity, middling selling to a moderate extent at the same prices which were realized for strict low middling, and small lots of both grades occasionally changing hands at less than the inside figures of their ruling rates. Hence, low middling to strict low middling may be quoted at 23½ to 24c, middling at 24 to 24½c, a large part of the business being at 24c, and strict middling at 24½ to 25c. Some strict good ordinary, old crop, sold at 21c, at which strict ordinary, old crop, was sold yesterday, instead of 22, as incorrectly reported. No inconsiderable portion of the new crop on sale has been so badly ginned, that it will hardly command inside rates.

COTTON STATEMENT.

Stock on hand September 1st, 1868, bales		3,044
Arrived to-day	[illegible]	
Arrived previously	[illegible]	
		5,184
		6,276
Cleared to-day	[illegible]	
Cleared previously	[illegible]	
		2,11
Stock on hand and on shipboard		4,165

Freights—We notice an engagement of 650 bales of Cotton for Liverpool by sailing vessel at ⅜d per lb.

Sugar—There was a better inquiry to day for the trade and for shipment at previous prices, and there were several sales of 15 to 20, 25 and hhds Cuba at 12 to 12½c per lb for Nos. 11 and 12; 13 to 13¾c for Nos 13 and 14; 14⅛ to 15⅛c for Nos. 15 and 16, and 15¾ to 16c for Nos. 17 and 20. Louisiana Sugar is retailing at 13⅛ to 15½c per lb for fully fair to prime.

Molasses—There is no demand, and in the absence of sales for some time we omit quotations. The stock on hand consists of Cuba Molasses only.

Arrivals from the West—The steamers Mollie Able, from St Louis, and Celeste, from Cincinnati, have arrived since our review of yesterday.

Flour—Considerable receipts since yesterday, and with more on the way here, have further depressed the market, and very little business is doing in a wholesale way. There appears to be some request, however, for superfine, of which there is none here. The principal sales to-day are confined to 2000 bbls, of which 150 fine at $6; 73 double extra at $8; 203 treble extra at $10, and 150 choice extra at $13 25; 23 common at $5 75; 73 treble extra at $9; 85 on its merits at $7 75; 150 do. at $10 50; 100 choice extra at $12 75; 300 and 500 do. on private terms. The sales were a little larger to day, owing to the fact that there was more offering on the landing.

Corn—There is very little in market. The demand is limited, however, and the sales are confined to 300 sacks white mixed at $1 15 per bushel.

Oats—Are in light supply, but being only in moderate demand prices are unchanged; 200 and 250 sacks sold at 65c per bushel.

Bran—100 sacks sold at $1 35 per 100 lbs, yesterday's advanced price.

Hay—Some 1300 bales New York Hay sold at $13 per ton. The market is dull. Prime Ohio river is quoted nominally at $24 per ton.

Pork—The market is very firm at yesterday's advance, and a lot of 100 bbls mess sold to-day at $31 per bbl. It is retailing at $31 50 per bbl.

Bacon—Is steady and firm with a fair demand. There were sales to-day of 5 casks shoulders at 14½c; 10 do. clear ribbed sides at 17½c; 5 do clear sides at 18c, and 10 tierces sugar-cured hams at 21c per lb. Shoulders are retailing at 14½c, clear ribbed sides 17¾c, clear sides 18c; sugar cured hams 20 to 22c per lb.

Lard—Is firm with an upward tendency in prices. There were sales to-day of 160 kegs, of which 50 and 60 kegs, in store at 22½c, and 50 on the landing at the same price. Prime in kegs is now quoted at wholesale at 22½c, and retailing at 23c, tierces are quoted at wholesale at 20c, retailing at 20½c. 20 tierces prime sold at 20c, and 20 at 20½c. The 175 tierces prime kettle rendered sold on private terms yesterday even at 19½c.

Butter—Both Northern and Western are in fair supply and moderate demand. Good Western commands 30 to 34c, and choice 35 to 37½c per lb. Northern is steady at 40 to 45c for good, and 47 to 48c per lb for choice Goshen.

Cheese—100 boxes choice factory Cheese sold to-day at 19c per lb.

Rice—Louisiana Rice is in light supply and fair request. Heavy receipts are expected soon. Prime is quoted at 9 to 10c, ordinary 7 to 8½c, and inferior 4 to 4½c per lb. No choice in market.

Coffee—The market is very quiet. We quote (gold duty paid) prime 16 to 16½c; good 15½ to 16c, fair 14½ to 15c; ordinary 13 to 14c per lb.

Salt—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Liverpool coarse and fine from warehouse commands $2 40 to $2 45 per sack, do. from store $2 55 to $2 60, Turks' Island steady at 50 to 60c per bushel.

Malt and Hops—Malt is in limited supply and request. Western is still quoted at $2 80 to $2 85, and Canada $2 85 to $2 90 per bushel. Hops still dull, old stock selling very low. Receipts of new crop expected soon.

Hides—Dry Hides are inactive. Wet Hides in request at full prices. We quote city slaughter 10 to 13c per lb; country dry 18 to 19c. Texas storehed 17 to 21c; dry salted 16 to 18c per lb.

Iron Ties—Firm at 7c per lb by wholesale, and 7½c by retail.

Bale Rope—Held at 9c per lb for round lots of best machine made. Retailing at 9½ to 9¾c per lb.

Hoop Poles—Hhd Poles are retailing at $90, and bbl Poles at $40 per 1000.

Sour Krout—Is selling on the landing at $15 per bbl.

Tallow—Active at 12½ to 13c for country, and 13 to 13½c per lb for city rendered. 15 bbls of the former sold to-day at 12½c per lb. Crude Tallow is quoted at 10 to 11c per lb.

Corn Meal—The market continues very dull. Kiln dried is offering in round lots at $4 50 to $4 65 per bbl.

Bagging—Still no demand for round lots of India Bagging. It is retailing briskly at 23 to 23½c per yard in rolls, and 24 to 25c in bales. Home Bagging is selling in a small way at 20c per yard for hand loom, and 23 to 25c for power loom.

Gunny Bags—Are firmer. Holders are now asking 21 to 22c per bag.

Wool—None on the market, except 25,000 lbs burry Wool, of which 600 lbs sold to-day on private terms.

Esculents—Are in good supply and dull. Potatoes are quoted at $1 to $1 50, Apples and Onions $3 to $3 50 per bbl.

Poultry and Eggs—Chickens are still selling at $4 to $7 per doz. Eggs in good supply and fair demand at 20 to 23 per doz. in boxes, and $18 to $20 per bbl.

Cattle Market.

City of Jefferson, September 11, 1868.

Arrived yesterday—101 Texas Beeves, 82 Calves and Yearlings.

Sold yesterday—156 Texas Beeves, 82 Calves and Yearlings, 147 Hogs and 1 Milch Cows.

Stock on Sale—344 Texas Beeves, 536 Calves and Yearlings, 147 Hogs, 93 Sheep and 30 Milch Cows.

Texas Beeves, corn fed, 1st quality	[illegible]
Texas Beeves, 2d quality	[illegible]
Texas Beeves, 1st quality	[illegible]
Texas Beeves, 2d quality	[illegible]
Texas Beeves, 3d quality	[illegible]
Hogs	[illegible]
Sheep	[illegible]
Sheep	[illegible]
Calves	[illegible]
Yearlings, first quality	[illegible]
Yearlings, 2d quality	[illegible]
Yearlings	[illegible]
Milch Cows	[illegible]
Texas Cows with Calves per head	[illegible]
Sheep	[illegible]

MARINE NEWS.

Port of New Orleans, September 11, 1868.

CLEARED YESTERDAY.

Steamer Lucretia, Davis, for Mobile.
Steamer Frances, Bakshe, for Mobile.
Steamer Thomas M Bagley, Sterett, for Galveston.
Scur Olata, Asiumpic, for Amion Y A Limo.

MOBILE—Per steamer Lucretia—5 bbls whisky 5 coffee 5 bbls sugar and sundries.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

No arrivals from sea yesterday.

Schr Pippe, Pipps, from Covington, to master—New Basin.

STEAMBOATS.

Mollie Able, Duble, from St. Louis.
Caddo, Barnes, from Shreveport.
Alec. Woods from Lower Coast.
Hetty Gilmore, King, from Thibodaux.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

Boston, Sept 3—Arrived from Pensacola, brig Ceylone, Frieber.

Sept 1st—Cleared for New Orleans, bark Leonidas, Oates.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Liverpool, August 19th—Sailed for New Orleans ship Mimosoe, Chilton; 19th, ship Favorite, Jolly.

Newport, (Wales) August 17—Sailed for New Orleans, ship Pauline, Thorndike.

BELOW COMING UP.

Ship Lady Blessington, Adams, from Newport, (Wales) July 21st, to master.

Schr United States, Johnson, 11 days from Ragged Island, to E R Poole.

EXPORTS.

MOBILE—Per steamer Frances—12 bbls whisky 5 cks coffee 10 rolls bagging.

GALVESTON—Per steamer Thos M Bagley—Sundry mdse.

AMION Y A LIMO—Per schr Olata—6 casks claret 10 cases brandy 10,000 feet lumber and sundries.

No imports from sea yesterday.

RECEIPTS FROM THE INTERIOR.

ST LOUIS—Per steamer Mollie Able—1512 bbls flour S H Kennedy & co—87 do C E Slayback & co—100 do J E Villeveso—4 bbls wheat 6 do rice 1 box saddlery to J Chaffe & Bro—8 do order 3 bbls whisky Greve & Wilderman—17 bbls twine 321 bbls flour J L Dimmick & co—20 bbls 64 half bbls flour 50 kegs lard Cheesewith Casey & co—76 bas eggs 90 bbls flour 110 sks bran to H M Sorts & co—326 sks corn G Martin—16 plows Hayes Turstall & co—1 box grease 10 do mdse and 20 do vermicelli 25 half bbls flour 50 sks bran to the 25 cases 308 kegs lard D W C Sanford & co—1 box eggs 126 bbls flour to Julian Johnson & co—1700 do order—300 do C T Buddecke & co—100 do Woods, Mathews & co—70 do Howard & Preston—30 do C F Leaman—785 do 1 keg wine to order—62 bbls apples 10 do onions S B Sifers—4 kegs butter 7 bxs eggs 1 crate cabbage 184 firkins butter F Del Bondio—10 bbls potatoes 5 bbls flour 3 hhds tobacco R T Torian—2 do Bondio, Wingo & co—1 do Turnbull, Kirby & co—10 bbls potatoes 10 do bront 21 bxs eggs 100 bxs cheese 3 bbls onions Schneider & Zuberbier—187 bxs cheese 140 bbls flour Emley, Van Norden & co—80 bxs candy to J F White—30 pigs lead Bostick & Seymour—10 kegs tobacco S L Neslte & Bro—5 bbls pork F S Duconchet & co—5 bxs medicines Wheelock Finlay & co—100 bxs soap 25 bxs candles McFarlan, Straight & co—6 dozen F Carlin—265 sks bran Keber, Updike & co—3 bbls potatoes 11 bbls onions Thos King—5 bbls pork West & Nettleton—21 kegs butter S W Hoyt—5 cases wine F Pillsbury—5 pkgs mdse H Ware & co—2 tcs lard F K Conyers—5 bbls whisky A Peters—21 bbls twine J H Fullhaus & co—10 bbls potatoes 3 bbls lard to Perkins, Swenson & co—1 do 400 sacks Robert Strong—200 sks bran to M Duffy—80 bbls twine W A Bell & co—13 head horses Chas Coltz—70 kegs white lead H Pearson—25 sks onions 25 bbls apples W M Simmons—6 do J Machen & co—3 cases mdse J Ainsworth—3 do M H Smith—200 bbls flour H Von Phul Bros—172 do Jno E King—130 do M Ribbe & co—31 bbls potatoes H M Wells & co—10 do 14 bbls onions E G Messenger—11 do peas J Frande—15 bbls flour R M Horrett—20 do E W Pierce—6 bxs wood Leon Pierre & co—4 do Thos Schorr—3 do Chas Weisbaar—160 pkgs mdse J H Campman—30 half bbls beer Jno Ziegler—11 bars iron L J Higby—42 bxs 33 bbls apples 13 bbls potatoes H Nelson & co—10 bbls onions G W Byrne & co—26 bxs candy F Richert—134 empty bbls Page & co—10 bbls potatoes A Thompson—7 bbls apples M Di Gregorio—1362 sks oats C D Parker—401 bbls flour 30 tcs hams 50 casks bacon 19 kegs butter 45 bxs eggs and sundries to order—Total, 6 hhds tobacco.

SHREVEPORT—Per steamer Caddo—28 bales cotton Jno Phelps & co—15 Richardson & May—7 Sproke & Buckner—7 C L Walmsley & co—3 J W Burbridge & co—3 Violett—2 Buhlemeyer, Woolridge & co—3 Akins, Scherck & Autey—sundries to order—Total, 67 bales cotton.

THIBODAUX—Per steamer Hetty Gilmore—30 bbls beer Garner, Wynne & co—24 sks bran E Dupre—1 bbl molasses Shropshire & Hathorn—sundries to order.

LOWER COAST—Per steamer Alec—Sundries to order.

COVINGTON—Per schr Pippe—20,000 bricks to C Stewart—30 dozen chickens to I Bloom & co—sundries to order.

N. O. JACKSON AND G. N. RAILROAD.

September 9—22 bales cotton Richardson & May—16 Payne, Huntington & co—7 T H & J M Allen—18 S H Aby & co—5 J T Hardie & co—28 Akins, Scherck & Autey—2 Kern & Shearer—3 J Chaffe & Bro—8 Britton & Moore—3 Battle & Noble—5 Meyer, Deutch & Weis—5 M Hiller & co—4 Warren, Crawford & co—3 S B Newman & co—4 Lehman, Newgass & co—3 C L Walmsley & co—6 Pritchard & Bickham—166 bbls potatoes 9 bbls onions McFarlan, Straight & co—165 bbls potatoes 25 M Duffy—30 do 27 bbls onions G Pace & co—17 do C Pezants—3 bbls potatoes 5 bbls onions Greve & Wilderman—100 bbls potatoes Grief & Byrne—116 bbls onions C Pizzanto—7 do wheat to Payne, Huntington & co—16 bbls flour S H Kennedy & co—19 bxs hats E S Benedict—2 do shoes S S Zellnecker—1 do Sutter Walmsley—10 do hats E Tricou & co—300 feet lumber H F Taylor—200 do Stichfer & Black—5 do bricks J M Marett—100 do P Weep—12,000 do G Webber—1 car load stock to L Pascal—7 bbls fruit J E McAllister—3 do Meria & Kenner—40 do J Meubese—34 do J H Fowler—4 do M Di Gregorio—16 do B Tramontana—12 do E G Cloud—sundries to order—Total, 136 bales cotton.

OPELOUSAS RAILROAD.

September 10—8 bales cotton to A Terivon—101 bales moss J M Coco—176 head cattle McQuaid, Mehle & co—48 do Falls, Parker & co—31 do Pascal & Marrot—12 do A Degray—sundries to order—Total, 9 bales cotton.

State Taxes.

Last Month for the Payment of Taxes—To the Tax-payers of the Second District.

TAX-PAYERS are hereby notified that the Rolls for the collection of the State Taxes for the year 1867, will be closed on the 30th September inst. Those wishing to avoid damages, are requested to call and settle before the above specified date.

L. E. LEMARIE, Second District Collector, sept 9 to 30th Office Court Building, cor. St. Peter.

Democratic

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

NEW ORLEANS, SEPT. 3, 1868.

CALL FOR A STATE CONVENTION.

At the Regular Meeting of this Committee, held at Democratic Headquarters in this city, on Wednesday, 2d inst., the following resolutions were adopted, to which the ATTENTION OF DEMOCRATS throughout the State is respectfully invited:

Resolved, That for the purpose of filling vacancies upon the Democratic Electoral Ticket for Electors and Alternates at large, and for District Electors and Alternates who may be found ineligible under the Fourteenth Amendment of the Constitution; for the nomination of Candidates for Congress, and for the purpose of consulting together in the interests of the Democratic Party in the approaching Campaign, the Democratic Central Committee recommend that a DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION, to be composed of Delegates to be elected by the Democrats in the several Parishes of the State, and the several Wards of the City of New Orleans and Algiers, will be held in this city on WEDNESDAY, the 30th September inst.

Resolved, That the representation in the Convention shall conform to the basis adopted for the Convention held in this city in March last, to-wit:

One vote for each 200 votes, and one vote for each fraction over 100 of the aggregate vote cast in 1860 for Bell, Breckinridge and Douglas.

It being understood that from the country parishes as many delegates may be accredited as may be desired by the parishes respectively.

Resolved, That the Democratic parish organizations in the country parishes and the Parish Committee of the city and parish of Orleans be requested to cause to be elected delegates, by parishes in the country, and by ward in the city and Algiers, to the Convention aforesaid, and that all required proceedings be taken by them to insure the meeting of the Convention at the date fixed—WEDNESDAY, 30th SEPTEMBER, 1868.

By order of the Democratic State Central Committee.

THOS. L. MACON, President.
Thos. Steele, Secretary. sep5

Democratic State Central Committee.

THE regular meeting of this Committee will be held every TUESDAY EVENING, at 7½ p. m., at their room, 305 Canal street. THOMAS STEEL, Secretary. sep4 tf

For Rent.

HOUSE TO LET—No. 126 Love street, containing parlor, two bed rooms, two dormant rooms, kitchen, and two servant's rooms. Rent $30 per month. Apply to SCHMIDT & ZEIGLER, 49 and 55 New Levee st., bet. Gravier and Poydras sts. sept 31

Store for Rent.

THE upper part of a STORE, No. 43 Old Levee street, between Customhouse and Bienville streets, is to let from the 1st of October next. Apply to R. STURZENEGGER, 43 Old Levee street. sep 9—1m

Sugar Lime, Sulphur, Oils, etc.

4000 bbls LIME, Thomaston, Cape, St. Genevieve, etc.
200 bbls SUGAR LIME, different qualities.
200 bbls Roll SULPHUR and BRIMSTONE.
25 bbls winter strained LARD OIL.
25 bbls bleached winter-strained WHALE OIL.
25 bbls SPERM OIL.
100 bbls bleached COTTON SEED OIL.
200 bbls and 1000 cases COAL OIL.
20 barrels Russian and Kentucky Pickery YARN.
Full assortment of sugar house LAMPS and LANTERNS, GIN OIL and Cotton marking INK, MARKING POTS and BRUSHES.
500 bbls Rosendale and Louisville CEMENT.
500 bbls PLASTER PARIS.
SODA ASH, PALM OIL and ROSIN, TAR, PITCH and TURPENTINE.
Now landing and in store.
KEARNY, BLOIS & CO., 67 Magazine street. aug 2m

Notice.

MY wife, Louisa Werner, (born Feilbach) having left my bed and without any cause or provocation, I hereby caution the public not to credit anyone on my name, as I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by her. ANTON WERNER, Corner Third and St. Denis streets.

JULIUS LOEFFLER,

(Successor to Chas. Loeffler.)

GAS FITTER

AND DEALER IN

Gas Fixtures, Gas Pipes, Fittings, Etc., NO 196 CHARTRES STREET, Between St. Louis and Toulouse, New Orleans.

A. Thomson & Co.,

SUGAR, SYRUP AND MOLASSES REFINERS

—AND—

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS

In Foreign and Louisiana

SUGAR AND MOLASSES.

sept 1y 48 Tchoupitoulas Street.

Classical and Commercial College,

154 ...... BARRACKS STREET 154

BETWEEN RAMPART AND BURGUNDY.

EDW. C. HAYDEL, E. BLETON, Directors.

JOHN H. KEEP. JER. A. HOGAN.

KEEP & HOGAN,

Importers and Dealers in

HARDWARE,

26 TCHOUPITOULAS STREET, AND 36 NEW LEVEE STREET, NEW ORLEANS.

To Rent.

THE upper portion of a House, corner Royal and Bienville streets with yard, outhouses and a large veranda—the whole recently put in order. Apply on the premises to P. MALLARD

Extract of Coffee

CONSTANTLY MANUFACTURED,

and for sale by NORMAN & REISS, 121 and 123 Old Levee street. aug16 3m

Pure Ground and Parched Coffee.

WE Grind COFFEE daily, which we guarantee pure, and sell at low figures, PARCHING done for Steamboats and Bar Rooms at the shortest notice and reasonable terms, by NORMAN & REISS, 121 and 123 Old Levee street. aug16 3m

The Louisiana Mercantile College,

32 CARONDELET STREET—CORNER GRAVIER, NEW ORLEANS.

(Chartered by the Legislature of Louisiana.)

Professor A. D. Y. HENRIQUES, A. M., Author of the Modern Mercantile Calculator, President. R. B. MONTGOMERY, Professor of Penmanship, Vice President. This College is opened and offers all the advantages to young men for a thorough Mercantile Education. Penmanship, Bookkeeping, Commercial Calculations, both foreign and domestic, and the modern Short Method of Computation just published, and Commercial Law and Usages, are the principal studies of this Institution. No charge for Ornamental Penmanship during the months of August and September. Terms and other particulars made known on application at the College Office. aug15 tf

Barber Pole Candy.

ALL kinds of Pure Stick and Fancy CANDIES, and every article in the CONFECTIONARY LINE, constantly manufactured and for sale at the lowest market prices, by NORMAN & REISS, 121 and 123 Old Levee street. aug16 3m

Vermicelli——Macaroni.

ALL kinds of Paste, such as VERMICELLI, MACARONI, TAGLIARINI, LASAGNETTI, SPAGHETTI, etc., etc., constantly manufactured and for sale at the lowest market prices, by NORMAN & REISS, 121 and 123 Old Levee street. aug16 3m

Spices! Spices! Spices!

ALL kinds of GROUND SPICES, Pepper, Cinnamon, Ginger, Alspice and Cloves, constantly Fresh Ground, and for sale by NORMAN & REISS, 121 and 123 Old Levee street. aug16 3m

St. Vincent's Academy.

THIS Institution, conducted by the Christian Brothers, and situated on Napoleon Avenue, between Magazine and Camp streets, will reopen its annual session on MONDAY, August 31st.

Parents or Guardians who desire to bestow on their children or wards a sound and Christian education, and who wish to avail themselves of the advantages offered by this well-known Institution, are invited not to delay in sending their children, that they may not lose the benefit of the first lessons, which are always of a most important nature.

Terms—Payable in advance.

Preparatory Class, per month $4 00
Intermediate 5 00
Superior 6 00

For particulars, call at the Academy.

Parents of limited means, and yet desirous of having their children well instructed by the Christian Brothers, will have a fair opportunity by sending them to the new and spacious Parochial School, erected at the corner of Chestnut and Jena streets, where arrangements can be made with facility. au27 1m

Alfred H. Pierson,

(Successor to Folsom & Pierson,)

Commission Merchant, Nos. 95 and 97 Gravier Street.

ORDERS from Merchants, Grocers and Druggists for general stocks of goods, promptly executed. Special attention paid to the sale of Cotton, Sugar, Rice and other country produce. aug19 1m

SUGAR KETTLES--SUGAR KETTLES

From the celebrated Iron Works of Messrs. R. & J. RANKIN, of Liverpool, a complete assortment of

Wrought Iron and Cast Iron Kettles,

on hand and for sale by M. A. DE LIZARDI, o. 175 Common street. aug15 1m

Richards' Cape Lime,

MANUFACTURED AT HIS MARBLE QUARRIES.

NONE other has a right to use or adopt this trade mark—a special quality of Lime well known and appreciated for the last sixteen years for masonry, sugar-making and other manufacturing purposes—is being constantly received fresh from the kiln and for sale at the marble yard, 147 Customhouse street, between Dauphin and Burgundy streets. NEWTON RICHARDS. aug 2 3m

MR. ALBERT FABRE, for many years one of the Superintendents of the Public Schools of New Orleans, offers his services as a Teacher of the ancient and modern languages (English, French, Spanish) and the Mathematical and Physical sciences. Any communication sent to the Bee office, 73 Chartres street, will be promptly attended to. jy19 tf

Boarding and School Day

FOR YOUNG LADIES.

Under the direction of Mrs. CENAS, corner of Esplanade and Claiborne streets.

THE Regular School Session will begin on the 1st of September, including all the branches of a thorough English and French education. Particular attention will be given to Music. aug2 3m

The Merchants' Protective Union

MERCANTILE REFERENCE REGISTER.

THE MERCHANTS' PROTECTIVE UNION, organized to promote and protect trade, by enabling its subscribers to attain facility and safety in the granting of credits, and the recovery of claims at all points, have to announce that they will, in September, 1868, publish in one large quarto volume:

The Merchants' Protective Union Mercantile Reference Register, containing, among other things, the Names, Nature of Business, Amount of Capital, Financial Standing, and Rating as to Credit, of over 400,000 of the principal merchants, traders, bankers, manufacturers, and public companies, in more than 30,000 of the cities, towns, villages, and settlements throughout the United States, their territories, and the British Provinces of North America; and embracing the most important information attainable and necessary to enable the merchant to ascertain at a glance the Capital, Character, and Degree of credit of such of his customers as are deemed worthy of any gradation of credit, comprising, also, a Newspaper Directory, containing the title, character, price, and place of publication, with full particulars relative to each journal, being a complete guide to the press of every county in the United States.

The reports and information will be confined to those deemed worthy of some line of credit; and as the same will be based, so far as practicable, upon the written statements of the parties themselves, revised and corrected by well-known and reliable legal correspondents, whose character will prove a guarantee of the correctness of the information furnished by them, it is believed that the reports will prove more truthful and complete, and, therefore, superior to, and of much greater value, than any previously issued.

By aid of the Mercantile Reference Register, business men will been abled to ascertain, at a glance, the capital and gradation of credit, as compared with financial worth, of nearly every merchant, manufacturer, trader, and banker, within the above-named territorial limits.

On or about the first of each month, subscribers will also receive the *Monthly Chronicle*, containing, among other things, a record of such important changes in the name and condition of firms, throughout the country as may occur subsequent to the publication of each half-yearly volume of the Mercantile Reference Register.

Price of the Merchants' Union Mercantile Reference Register fifty dollars, ($50,) for which it will be forwarded to any address in the United States, transportation paid.

Holders of five $10 shares of the Capital Stock, in addition to participating in the profits, will receive one copy of the Mercantile Reference Register free of charge; holders of ten shares will be entitled to two copies, and no more than ten shares will be entitled to any one applicant.

All remittances, orders, or communications relative to the book should be addressed to the Merchants' Protective Union, in the American Exchange Bank Building, No. 128 Broadway, (Box 2566,) New York. aug21 tf

SUGAR CANE MILLS

—AND—

EVAPORATORS,

MANUFACTURED IN KENTUCKY.

THESE Sugar Mills and Scantlin's Seamless Sugar Evaporators are intended for the use of small Planters, and will be sold at the following Low Prices:

PRICES IN NEW ORLEANS.

No. 1, or Letter A Mill, for light one-horse power, only $95. No. 2 Evaporator, of Galvanized Iron, $80. Capacity of eight hundred pounds in twenty-four hours, and total cost only $175

No. 2, or Letter B Mill, for heavy one horse power, only $100. No. 3 Evaporator, only $90, making eleven hundred and twenty pounds Sugar in twenty-four hours, at a total cost of only $190.

No. 3, or Letter C Mill, for a light two-horse power, only $120, with a No. 4 Evaporator, costing $100, making a total cost of only $220, to make 1280 pounds Sugar in 24 hours.

No. 4, or Letter D Mill, for heavy two-horse power, only $145, and a No. 5 Evaporator, at $120, making a total of $265, to make 1600 pounds Sugar in 24 hours.

ALL OF ABOVE ARE VERTICAL MILLS.

No. 5, or Letter E Mill, is a horizontal Mill, to be run by either two or four horses, has a capacity of 2400 pounds Sugar in 24 hours, and is sold at the low price of $235. A No. 6 Copper Pan, used with the Mill, cost $300.

No. 6, or Letter F Mill, weighs 3800 pounds, is of great power making 5000 pounds Sugar in 24 hours, run with four strong mules, or can be used by steam—is sold at the very low price of $390, and the double Copper Pans for $350.

HORIZONTAL—FOR STEAM POWER.

E Mill, geared to be used with four-horse steam power, capacity 5 hhds. in 24 hours, only $725.

F Mill, for six, eight or ten horse engine, price $850, and capacity of 5 hhds. in 24 hours.

All orders should be addressed to WM. L. CUSHING, at Eagle Cotton Gin Depot, No. 61 St. Charles street, New Orleans, sole agent for Southern States. Send for full descriptive circulars. jy17 tf

Factors' and Traders'

INSURANCE COMPANY,

39 ...... Carondelet Street 39

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

SECOND ANNUAL STATEMENT

Year ending 30th April, 1868.

PREMIUMS for the year $326,235 70
LOSSES paid 193,716 06
ASSETS, 30th April, 1868 ...... 686,904 12

CASH DIVIDENDS DECLARED,

TO STOCKHOLDERS.

In Capital Stock Department, TEN PER CENT.
In Premium Department, FIFTEEN PER CENT.

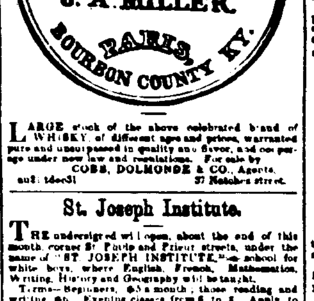
This Company continues to issue Policies on FIRE, RIVER and MARINE RISKS, at the current rates of Premium.

All dividends of the Company are payable in CASH, without discount.

MICHEL MUSSON, President.
HARMON DOANE, Vice President.
ED. A. PALFREY, Secretary.

TRUSTEES:

Moses Greenwood,	Richard Milliken,
J. W. Burbridge,	Samuel E. Moore,
W. A. Johnson,	Wm. H. Henning,
John I. Noble,	J. J. Warren,
John Chaffe,	Simon Blum,
Hugh McColl,	B. T. Buckner,
Marshall J. Smith,	Sam'l Friedlander,
L. Caulfield,	P. Irwin,
Alfred S. Huntington,	Wm. Cowery,
S. H. Terry,	E. W. Rodd,
J. D. Hart,	Joseph Bey,
Robert Pitkin,	Perry Nugent,
	S. Cambon.



LARGE stock of the above celebrated brand of WHISKY of different ages and prices, warranted pure and unsurpassed in quality and flavor, and especially recommended for family use. For sale by COBB, DOLMONDE & CO., Agents, 37 Natchez street. au1 6m

St. Joseph Institute.

THE undersigned will open, about the end of this month, corner St. Paul and Prieur streets, under the name of "ST. JOSEPH INSTITUTE," a school for white boys, where English, French, Mathematics, Writing, History and Geography will be taught.

Terms—Beginners, $2 a month; those reading and writing, $3. Evening classes from 6 to 8. Apply to the undersigned No. 235 St. Philip street, from 1 o'clock p. m. ADELARD JOURDAN, Director. aug19 tf

French Cooking—Private Boarding.

FURNISHED ROOMS, well ventilated, opening on the street, and others in the yard, in a draught. Rooms, without the board, $12 to $15 a month, $3 to $7 a week, 50c to $1 a day, for each occupant. Board $20 to $30 a month, $5 to $8 a week, 75c to $1 25 a day. (Wine 25c to 50c.) Board and lodging $25 to $40 a month. Washing $1 per dozen pieces. Dishes 15c to 25c each. Meals carried to all parts of the city. Wanted, a Cook and a Washer. MRS. J. B. LASSENNES, Toulouse street, No. 22.

New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad.

A PASSENGER TRAIN leaves daily at 5:30 p. m., making connections with trains for Vicksburg, Meridian, and with the Mississippi Central Railroad for the North and East.

Accommodation Trains leave on Sundays, at 7:40 a. m., going as far as Brookhaven, returning leave Brookhaven at 5:30 a. m. on Mondays, arriving at 10:30 a. m.

Excursion Tickets are good for Train of Saturday or Sunday going North, and Trains of Sunday or Monday South.

Passenger train arrives in New Orleans at 1:50 p. m. Freight Train leaves daily (except Sundays) at 6:30 a. m.

T. S. WILLIAMS, General Superintendent.
ED. WARE, General Passenger Agent.
JAMES YONGE, General Freight Agent. wy11 tf

Home Mutual Insurance Company of New Orleans.

Office, No. 78 Camp street, Corner of Natchez street.

SIXTEENTH YEAR.

Premiums received during the year ending December 31, 1867 ...... $231,590 75
Losses, taxes, expenses, re-insurance, etc., paid during same period 217,740 96
Assets on the 31st December, 1867 ...... 279,734 06

This Company continues to insure against the perils of the Seas, Rivers, and loss or damage by Fire, at the current rates of premiums.

ALFRED MOULTON, President.
WM. M. PERKINS, Vice President.
A. W. HUNTER, Secretary.

TRUSTEES.

J. M. Allen,	J. B. Ledwigson,	R. S. Converse,
A. Moulton,	Wm. Chambers,	A. H. May,
S. P. Ethel,	John T. Moore,	Robert Hare,
Wm. M. Perkins,	J. S. Isenhour,	John C. Rogers.

Office Levee Steam Cotton Press Co., New Orleans, July 24, 1868.

AT a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a dividend of two per cent. was declared, and payable to the Stockholders on the 15th inst. J. V. CHAFFEY, Secretary.

Dr. C. Blancke,

416 & 418... St. Charles St..... 416 & 418

GREAT REVOLUTION IN DENTISTRY.

ALUMINIUM! ALUMINIUM

THE LATEST DISCOVERY OF THE AGE!

GREAT SUCCESS!

DR. C. BLANCKE begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally that he will furnish Artificial Teeth, set in this newly discovered metal, executed in the most skillful and elaborate manner. The Aluminium Sets are far superior to those of Gold or Silver for comfort and durability, being much lighter, cheaper, and not susceptible of being impaired by acids.

J. A. CASADAVANT,

SURGEON DENTIST,

NO. 196 CANAL STREET,

BETWEEN BURGUNDY AND RAMPART STS.

HE continues to perform all operations in Dental Surgery in the most scientific manner. Consultations in French, Spanish and English. sep1 tf

Citizens' Bank of Louisiana, New Orleans, August 3, 1868.

AT a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a dividend of FIVE per cent. on the capital stock of the Banking Department was declared, payable to the cash stockholders on and after Monday, 10th instant. J. L. DELERY, Cashier. aug4 tf

STEAMSHIPS, &c.

Only Direct Line to France.

The General Trans-Atlantic Company's New Line of First-Class Mail Steamships Between New York and Havre, Calling at Brest.

THE splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent are the following:

PEREIRE......Duchesne......Saturday, 5th Sept.
NAPOLEON III...Lemarie......Saturday, 19th Sept.
ST. LAURENT....Bocande......Saturday, 26 October.
VILLE DE PARIS...Surmont......Saturday, 17th Oct.

PRICE OF PASSAGE (IN GOLD) TO BREST OR HAVRE.
First Cabin, $140; Second Cabin, $85, including table wine for either class.
TO PARIS—(Including Railway Tickets, furnished on board):

First cabin...... $145
Second cabin...... $90
Third Cabin...... $45
Do. including railway tickets...... $47

Baggage checked through to Paris.

The steamers of this line do not carry steerage passengers.

Medical attendance free of charge.

Persons leaving for France may obtain their passage tickets here, in New Orleans, by applying to the undersigned, instead of writing or telegraphing to New York.

For passage, apply to VICTOR FERRILLIAC, 147 Common street. nov4 tf

For New York.

Merchants' Steamship Line.

Comprising the first class Steamships:

GEN'L GRANT......Capt. H. S. QUICK
CRESCENT CITY......Capt. WM. WEIR
SHERMAN......Capt. WM. F. HENRY
GEN'L MEADE......Capt. A. W. SAMSON
UNITED STATES......Capt. GEO. L. NORTON

Sailing from New York and New Orleans.

The steamship

CRESCENT CITY,

Wm. Weir Commander,

will leave her wharf, opposite Jefferson street, on Saturday, September 12th, at 5 P. M.

These Steamers have superior accommodations for passengers.

CABIN PASSAGE...... $60 00

For Freight or Passage apply to WOOD, LOW & LUDWIGSEN, No. 129 Common street.

For New York Direct.

The Cromwell Line.

This line is composed of the following steamships:

GEO. WASHINGTON, CORTES,
GEO. CROMWELL, MARIPOSA.

The steamship

MARIPOSA,

E. Kimble, Commander,

will leave her wharf, foot of Toulouse street, on SATURDAY, September 12th, at 8 a. m.

PASSAGE...... $60

Freight for LIVERPOOL, BREMEN and HAVRE taken by this line, and through Bills of Lading given for the same.

For freight or passage apply to ALFRED MOULTON, 61 Carondelet street. sept 4y

For New York.

Merchants' Steamship Line.

Comprising the first class Steamships:

GEN'L GRANT......Capt. H. S. QUICK
CRESCENT CITY......Capt. WM. WEIR
SHERMAN......Capt. WM. F. HENRY
GEN'L MEADE......Capt. A. W. SAMSON
UNITED STATES......Capt. GEO. L. NORTON

Sailing from New York and New Orleans.

The steamship

GEN'L. MEADE,

Capt. A. W. SAMSON,

will leave her wharf, opposite Vegetable Market, Second District.

Tuesday, September 15th, at 5 P. M.

This Steamer have superior accommodations for passengers.

CABIN PASSAGE...... $60 00

For Freight or Passage apply to WOOD, LOW & LUDWIGSEN, No. 129 Common street. sept 9 1d

For Washington.

Parish of St. Landry.

In Connection with the N. O., O. & G. W. R. R.

THE steamer MINNIE, commencing on WEDNESDAY, September 2d, will leave Brashear every SUNDAY and WEDNESDAY, on the arrival of the 7½ o'clock a. m. train from New Orleans. Freight received and through bills of lading given at the Railway Ferry Landing, on regular days of departure.

All outward freight payable at the time of shipment and all upward freight on delivery.

New Orleans, August 28th, 1868. G. W. R. BAYLEY, General Superintendent.

New Orleans, Opelousas and Great Western Railroad.

U. S. MAIL ROUTE BETWEEN NEW ORLEANS AND WESTERN LOUISIANA AND TEXAS.

The Railroad FERRY BOAT will leave the foot of St. Ann street, opposite Jackson Square, DAILY, at 7½ a. m., connecting with the PASSENGER TRAIN leaving Algiers at 8 a. m.

Shippers and consignees of freight, by giving notice to the New Orleans Transfer Company, corner Canal and Carondelet streets, can have their goods called for, and delivered in any part of the city at reduced rates of drayage.

Freight for stations on the road, for landings on the Teche, and for Opelousas, deliverable at New Iberia or St. Martinsville, received daily, (Sundays excepted) from 7 a. m. to 4 p. m., at the foot of St. Ann street.

Freight for all points on Bayou Lafourche, and Donaldsonville and Lockport, for Brashear Canal, and the Sabine, will be received and transported through, and to Terrebonne, Lafourche, &c., &c., &c. ...... stations.

All outward freight payable at the time of shipment and all upward freight on delivery.

G. W. R. BAYLEY, Superintendent.

Pontchartrain Railroad Company.

THIS Road, as now extended, will be opened to the public on SUNDAY, the 19th instant.

Fare to and from the Lake, 25 cents. Children under twelve years of age 10 cents.

The City Terminus is fixed at the head of Elysian Fields street, where, within a few yards of the STEAMBOAT AND BARGE LANDINGS, AND IN THE IMMEDIATE VICINITY OF ALL THE WAREHOUSES AND SHIPPING DEPOTS, the company has erected a GRAND FREIGHT DEPOT, with a capacity of at least ten thousand bales.

Observing CITY TELEGRAPH TIME, as regularly as possible, the Trains will run as follows, halting at Canal street, at the French Market, at Old Pontchartrain Depot, and at Claiborne street:

STEAM TRAINS LEAVE NEW STEAM TRAINS LEAVE LAKE DEPOT.

6 o'clock A. M.	5 o'clock A. M.
[illegible]	[illegible]

The P. M. Train from the Lake will not go beyond the Passenger Depot at the head of Elysian Fields street.

The Horse Cars will leave the City at 4 a. m. and the Lake at 10 p. m., and connect, for the present, run beyond the Old Depot.

For the convenience of bathers and fishing parties, a steam Train will leave the New Depot at 4 o'clock on Sunday mornings; an extra trip will also be run at 1 o'clock in the day.

Baggage, light household effects and family supplies will be received at the OLD DEPOT if the traveler so prefers it. In that event, the packages must be brought only on the day of the departure of the steamer for which they are intended, and then not later than thirty minutes prior to the passing of the train which connects with her.

Travelers from Mobile or the Watering Places who may desire their baggage and effects delivered at the OLD DEPOT will please express their wish to the officers of the boat, who will take pleasure in seeing that their property is secured and placed properly on the wharf. G. PANDELY, General Superintendent. jy21 tf

Memphis and Charleston Railroad and Connections.

FAST FREIGHT LINE.

BETWEEN NEW ORLEANS AND

GRAND JUNCTION,	MACON,
NASHVILLE,	LYNCHBURG,
CHATTANOOGA,	PETERSBURG,
ATLANTA,	NORFOLK,
ROME,	RICHMOND,
AUGUSTA,	BALTIMORE,
CHARLESTON,	PHILADELPHIA,
	NEW YORK,

And all intermediate points on the line.

Through Bills of Lading given to all points.

All claims for loss, damage or overcharge settled promptly at point of delivery.

Shippers pay no Insurance, Drayage, Forwarding or Commissions.

Rates always Low as the Lowest.

For further information apply at the TICKET OFFICE, UNDER THE CITY HOTEL; or address Box 2604 N. O. Postoffice.

D. S. FEONS, General Southern Agent.
aug16 tf Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

Through Rates of Freight

BETWEEN

NEW ORLEANS

New York, Boston, Philadelphia and All Points North and East.

VIA N. O. J. AND GREAT NORTHERN AND MISSISSIPPI CENTRAL RAILROAD, ETC.

ALL RAIL ROUTE.

NO INSURANCE REQUIRED.

Through Bills Lading Signed and Rates Guaranteed.

N. O., J. & G. N. Railroad Office, New Orleans, July 1, 1868.

Shippers are informed that we are now prepared to contract freight between New Orleans and New York, Boston, Philadelphia, etc., at very low rates, making a saving to the shipper by this route of from TWENTY to FIFTY PER CENT.

All claims for loss, damage or overcharge will be promptly settled at points of delivery.

For further information apply at the Depot, on Calliope street, or at the Office of the Company, No. 44 Carondelet street.

T. S. WILLIAMS, General Superintendent.
James Yonge, General Freight Agent. jy6 3m

For Rent.

A SMALL HOUSE, containing four rooms, situated in Ursulines street, No. 184, near the corner of Tremé.

Apply at No. 94 Esplanade street. jy21 tf

ORLEANS INSTITUTE,

YOUNG LADIES' DAY AND BOARDING SCHOOL

DIRECTED BY MRS. FARNET,

99 ...... Toulouse Street 99

THE regular session begins on the 1st of September, Courses of study in English and French. Music specially attended to. aug 1m