Mercredi prochain.

PAIR OU NON.

Méthode perfectionnée.

HUITIEME CLASSE DE LA

LOTERIE

De l'Eglise Evangélique Française.

Dont le Tirage aura lieu le 6 Mai 1829.

D. MALCOLM—Directeur.

SYSTEME POPULAIRE DE PAIR OU NON.

5,400 lots gagnans et seulement 4,600 blancs. Aucun Gros Lot n'ayant été tiré, ils sont conséquemment sujets à sortir dans ce tirage.

☞ *Un paquet pourrait gagner tous les Gros Lots.*

—PROSPECTUS SPLENDIDE :—

1 lot de	$5,000	est	5,000
1 lot de	2,500	est	2,500
1 lot de	1,800	est	1,800
1 lot de	1,500	est	1,500
1 lot de	1,000	est	1,000
1 lot de	600	est	600
4 lots de	500	est	2,000
9 lots de	100	est	900
18 lots de	50	est	900
27 lots de	40	est	1,080
36 lots de	20	est	720
100 lots de	10	est	1,000
200 lots de	5	est	1,000
5000 lots de	4	est	20,000
5400 lots 4600 blancs	10,000 billets.		$40,000

Billets, cinq piastres ; paquets de $50, qui en garantissent 20.

S'adresser au bureau du Directeur, *No. 54 Rue de Chartres* ; Ou au BUREAU DE LA ROUE DE FORTUNE.

4 mai Rue de Chartres, No. 86.

A VENDRE.

UNE mulâtresse âgée de 23 à 24 ans, avec sa fille âgée d'environ 5 ans, la mère est bonne blanchisseuse, domestique de maison, gardienne d'enfant, boulangère et un peu cuisinière, elle est depuis 5 ans dans le pays. Elle parle anglais et français, elle a un très bon caractère, n'a aucun défaut ; et n'est vendue que parceque le propriétaire quitte le pays. S'adresser rue Ste. Anne, No. 150.

Si elle n'est pas vendue à l'amiable d'ici au 5 Mai, elle sera mise à l'encan, à la bourse, ce même jour. 21 avril.

PAR ordre de la Cour des Preuves dans et pour la paroisse St. Charles, avis est par le présent donné aux créanciers de feu *P. E. Foucher* et à tous ceux que cela peut concerner, d'avoir à faire connaitre, dans dix jours de date, les raisons (s'ils en ont) pour lesquelles le tableau de distribution établi par l'administrateur ne serait pas homologué et les administrateurs déchargés.

Paroisse St. Charles, 16 Avril 1829.

J. M. MOREL GUIRAMAND.

16 avril. Juge de la Cour des Preuves.

AVIS AU PUBLIC.

LE soussigné fait savoir que, Mardi dernier, 21 du courant, il a trouvé une selllette de cabriolet, un collier et les traits qui accompagnent l'enharnachement.

La personne à qui ces objets appartiennent, peut venir les réclamer chez LOUIS ST. AMANT, 24 av.—3f. faubg. Solet, maison Cavaliero.

A dame FOURCISY se disposant à se rendre au Nord pour rétablir sa santé, offre à vendre deux servantes, savoir, mulâtresse de 24 ans, bonne domestique de maison, et l'autre, négresse de très bonne blanchisseuse et bonne repasseuse : toutes deux très fidèles. S'adresser d'ici au 1er. Mai prochain, elles ne sont pas vendues à l'amiable elles le seront ledit jour à la bourse Hewlett. 15 avril—

PONCHARTRAIN HOTEL.

M. GIRAUDEAU Jr. has the honor to inform the public that he has taken the well established house known by the name of "PONCHARTRAIN HOTEL," and formerly kept by Mr. Coquet. Having made many important improvements in the establishment and intending to give all possible attention to those persons who may honor him with their company, he hopes that his efforts will meet with the approbation of the public.

He announces that he will open his House on Sunday next the 26th inst. when may be procured every delicacy that may be desired.

April 25

NEW STYLE.

NICHOLS & KEELER

No. 85 Chartres street,

Have received by ship LOUISIANA,

Several Cases of

ELEGANT BEAVER HATS

NEW STYLE.—Also, a very large Stock of HATS of inferior qualities, which will be sold on whole-sale on reasonable terms.

Adjutant and Inspector General's Office,
New-Orleans, April 23d, 1829.

CONFORMABLY to the 13th section of the act entitled "An Act supplementary to the General Acts relative to the Militia," approved March 17th, 1818, all commanders of regiments, battalions and companies and other officers of the militia, all persons having resigned their commissions as such, and finally all good citizens (except commanders and members of volunteer companies) who may have in their possession arms and accoutrements belonging to the State, are hereby requested to deliver up the same at the State's Arsenal No. 90 St. Peter street, in order to enable the Adjutant and Inspector General to comply with the provisions of the section above recited.

A. PEYCHAUD.

April 25

SUGAR. 3000 hhd of prime Sugar on plantations above and below the city, for sale by

feb 19 J. LOUDAY & CO.

LEECHES received by the ship *Shepherdess*, from Gottenburg, and for sale by M. JAMBU.

PATE Pectorale Balsamique de Regnauld Aini.

500 Boites de cet article, reçues et à vendre par

28 avril. FORESTIER & Co

THE BEE.

PRINTED DAILY, BY F. DELAUP.

St. Peter-Street, between Bourbon & Royal.

NEW-ORLEANS:
TUESDAY, MAY 5, 1829.

(From the National Intelligencer.)

The Madness of Party.—A bill has passed both branches of the Legislature of the State of Pennsylvania, to appoint a new Board of canal commissioners. The effect and object of this bill is to get rid of the services of such men as John Sergeant, an ornament and honor to his State, and Abner Lacock, the most efficient and useful man, probably that the State of Pennsylvania has in employ on her works of Internal Improvement, to make way for a set of [illegible] who are liege subjects to [illegible] Caucus, and bound to do his bidding;—who would not suffer a day labourer to work on the canal—no, nor a dog to eat the crumbs of that day laborer's frugal repast, who was suspected of not owing allegiance to the tyrant whose indivisibility and irresponsibility seemed but to clothe his decrees with the more sanctity in the eyes of his devotees. It is doubted whether the Governor will give his sanction to a measure so merely facetious as this palpably is. If he refuse, he will do himself honor—as much as the late Treasurer of that State did, when he refused to sell his honor even for bread. We all recollect, that under the influence of this same evil genius, blasting and withering every thing like liberal and generous feeling, the late De Wit Clinton, notwithstanding his honorable service in the station, and his splendid eminence of missioner of the State of New-York. The same disgust cannot fail to attend the proscription of talent and merit in the one as followed it in the other. Like that of Clinton, the names of Sergeant and Lacock will be cherished and honored, when these of their prescribers are forgotton; or remembered only to be loaded with just reproach for unmerited proscription.

JERUSALEM.—The present dwellinghouses of Jerusalem are clumsy, square, low masses, without either chimneys or windows, terminating in flat roofs or cupolas, and look more like prisons or tombs than habitations. The streets are narrow, and unpaved, and run up hill and down dale. Awnings which are spread from one house to that which is opposite, increase the darksome gloom of this labyrinth. Some miserable shops display only the wretchedness of their contents, and even these are frequently closed for fear of a kadi, or pacha, that may be passing them. No human being is to be seen in the streets; and hardly any noise is to heard but the gallop of a mare from the desert, or of a Janissary cantering along with the head of a Bedouin Arab in his hand, or leaving the town to plunder the Fellahs, (or peasantry).—*German paper.*

The Gazette de France says that the following anecdote is well authenticated, and that the incident occurred in a town in Germany.

FISCAL ANECDOTE.—A certain degree of *fiscality* is to be found everywhere, but there are countries where it is carried so far that it seems as if the art of emptying the pockets of the governed constituted the sole science of the governors. Brisquet, the Spaniol of whom we are about to relate the history, experienced this imposition in a most deplorable manner. The companion of his old master, Brisquet had always lived with him on the best terms. He lost his master—and his fate was extreme. At the same time Brisquet was his heir to five thalers a month and the guardianship of a friend of his master secured to him a comfortable subsistence. Sick and lame, the poor animal had scacely taken possession of his lodgings, when a decision of the Minister of Finance came to disturb his repose.

The officers of the treasury unaccustomed to see a dog figure in a last will and testament in the character of a legatee, did not dare to determine the class in which he could be placed, nor the tax which they were entitled to exact from him. They therefore referred the question to the Minister of Finance himself. The gap in fiscal legislation, by which this case was left out, was accordingly filled up. A formal ordinance decided that Brisquet could not be an inheriter, either direct or collateral, and he was therefore entered in the class of *donees*, and ordered to pay eight per cent, upon his legacy. Thus five thalers per month amounted to sixty per annum, making a capital of 1200 thalers. Brisquet then owed the treasury 96 thalers, which the Receiver had orders to exact.

Armed with the receipt in the name of M. Brisquet, the officer lost no time in paying him a visit. But a kennel composed all his possessions, and a few bites were all that the officer could carry away. The execution of the ordinance became difficult, and as expedition was necessary, recurrence was again had to the decision of the suppreme authority. His excellency, somewhat embarrassed by the obstacles which the execution of his ordinance had met with, still would not abandon the claim of the Treasury upon the legacy of Brisquet, and resolved on its recovery in another way. The dog was unassailable; but the friend of the defunct, the guardian of Brisquet, could pay for him—and a method was easily found to oblige him to do so. The Genius of the Fisc inspired his excellency with the following plan. One thaler per month was judged sufficient for the lodging, subsistence and medicines of old Brisquet. Hence the guardian of the poor animal must be the gainer of four thalers each month, which made forty-eight per annum, and gave a capital of 960 thalers, eight per cent. upon which was due to the treasury. The officer on this ground, received an order to exact from the honest man, whose humanity, and respect for the last wish of a friend, had induced him to take charge of a sick and aged dog, the sum of 76 thalers. On his positive refusal to pay the money, process was issued for the seizure and sale of the effects of the guardian of the heir Brisquet.

In his extreme perplexity, the unfortunate man resolved to take Brisquet in his harms, and appear before the Minister of Finance. A lively contest occurred at the door as to allowing Brisquet to pass : but his character of inheriter, which was proved to the officer of the department, at last obtained for him permission to enter. His excellency appeared, and Brisquet, through the organ of his guardian, expressed himself with considerable eloquence. He represented that he was advanced in years, that his health was bad—that his sorrows weighed heavily upon him, and that a few months would probably terminate his existence; and in such a case the 76 thalers exacted as the dues of his life rent could not be recovered by the guardian, from whom the payment was demanded. While friendship was thus pleading his cause, Brisquet, accustomed to take his ease, had established himself upon the sofa of his excellency. Great was the terror of his new master, lest this familiarity should prejudice the success of his object. But there was no cause for fear. The great man was a lover of beasts, (bêtes) and Brisquet was not the first who had been stated on his couch. The conversation therefore continued, as though nothing had happened. The principal argument of the Minister was that the Fisc could not, under any circumstances, lose its rights, that it was not his fault that Brisquet happened to be a dog; that he had taken the place of a man in the will, and must therefore pay as if he were one.

But, Monsieur, it is an animal.

We know nothing but his quality of inheritor.

Look at his condition.

You can cure him, and he will recover his strength.

Be compassionate. I pray you.

The duties of the Treasury must be collected. He must therefore pay.

But a dog has no money.

The legacy has furnished him. You profit by the legacy, and you can pay for him.

I do not profit by it, all. Monsieur. Brisquet has expensive habits.

Then you must correct them.

I am in duty bound to fulfil the injunctions of the testator. It is a sacred obligation; and I deprive myself of necessaries rather than neglect it.

The first of all duties, Monsieur, is to satisfy the demands of Fisc.

But the Treasury should be equitable, the tax which on demand, will take more than a year's revenue from Brisquet. Observe his condition, Monseigneur, he will not probably live three months. Would your excellency have a man of small porperty deprive himself of the necessaries of life to perform an act of humanity—to fulfil an obligation.

I know nothing of that; I look only to the rights of the treasury.

The guardian was vehement, the minister was [illegible] the conference was long, but his excellency would absolutely abate nothing of his demand. The honest man finally took a resolution which threw advantage upon his side. "Very well, Monsieur, said he, since your excellency exacts rigorous tax on the subsistence of a poor animal, since you force upon me the alternative of shortening my own necessaries or of neglecting my duty, I renounce the legacy which my frion assigned for the support of his dog. Come, Brisquet, I will share with you the little I possess."—The animal was in his arms, and he reached the door.

Monsieur, Monsieur, said his excellency, we will see whether the law will authorise you to renounce the legacy. But in the mean time, the treasury will seize upon it. Take care of the dog, for if he dies before the five thalers are paid, you shall be responsible for the payment.

*It is difficult to find an English word to express the French "fiscalite."

ORLEANS THEATRE.

On Tuesday Evening, May 5, 1829,
(By request of many inhabitants.)
A Representation of the

WHITE LADY,

An Opera in three acts, by Scribe, master piece of music of Boieldieu, with full scenery and decorations.

To be followed by a representation of the

HEIRESS,

A Vaudevil in one act.

Last Drawing for this Season,

OF THE

BATON-ROUGE

CATHOLIC CHURCH

LOTTERY,

—*SENETH CLASS, FOR* 1829.—

[*To be drawn on Saturday, the* 16*th of* MAY, 1829.]

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$7000	is	$7000
1 prize of	3000	is	3000
1 prize of	2000	is	2000
1 prize of	1600	is	1600
1 prize of	1200	is	1200
1 prize of	1184	is	1184
6 prizes of	500	are	3000
6 prizes of	300	"	1800
6 prizes of	100	"	600
138 prizes of	36	"	4968
690 prizes of	8	"	5520
6072 prizes of	4	"	24288
6924 Prizes 10626 Blanks	17550 Tickets		$56,160

This scheme, formed by the ternary permutation of 27 numbers, and the drawing of 4 ballots, gives only 17,550 tickets. There will be 24 prizes with three of the drawn numbers on them, 828 with two of them on, and 6072 with only one of them on ; those tickets having none of the drawn numbers on being blanks. To determine the fate of the 17,550 tickets, 27 numbers, from 1 to 27, will be severally placed in a wheel, and four of them will be drawn, and the ticket having on it the 1st, 2d and 3d drawn numbers in the order in which drawn, will be entitled to the prize of..... $7000

That having on it the 1st, 3d and 2d, in the order in which drawn, will be entitled to the prize of..... 3000

Do. do. do. 1st and 3d, do. 2600

Do. do. do. 3d and 1st, do. 2000

Do. do. do. 3d and 2d, do. 1600

Do. do. do. 2d and 1st, do. 1184

Those six tickets having on the 2d, 3d and 4th drawn numbers in either order, will each be entitled to a prize of 500

Those six other tickets having on the 1st, 3d and 4th drawn numbers, in either order, will each be entitled to a prize of 300

Those six other tickets having on the 1st, 2d and 4th drawn numbers, in either order, will each be entitled to a prize of 100

Those 138 tickets with two of the drawn numbers, and those two the 3d and 4th, will each be entitled to a prize of..... 36

Those 690 tickets with two of the drawn numbers, and those two the 2d and 3d, will each be entitled to a prize of..... 8

And all tickets having only one of the drawn numbers, being 6072, will receive..... 4

Prizes payable forty days after the drawing, and subject to the usual deduction of 15 per cent.

A. REGNAUD, } *Managers.*
E. VIDAL, }

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets $4, Halves $2, Quarters $1. Packages of nine Tickets, warranted to draw not less than sixteen dollars, $36.

Apply at the Managers' office, *No. 53 Chartres Street, Corner of Bienville st. Orders enclosing cash or prize tickets, will be punctually attended to by addressing*

A. REGNAUD,
may 4 No. 53 Chartres street.

Notice to the People of the UNITED STATES.

HAVING been since the commencement of the year 1824 constantly employed in making experiments for ascertaining the best method of constructing SAW-MILLS, I feel myself authorised (having previously examined with attention the laws of the United States relative to the encouragement of Arts) to claim from the general government the exclusive right of making use of a movement of Saws of less than 16 inches in length. According to the information I have received from persons well instructed on such matters it appears that the use of Saws of 18 or 20 inches in length has entirely ceased, and Saws of 24, of 30 and even of 36 inches have been substituted in their place as it is believed that the longer is the movement the greater is the advantage. From my own experience I am convinced of the contrary, I have ascertained that the shorter the movement is the better provided in all cases that the length of the stroke be equal to the length of the teeth of the Saw. I would request the Judges and other magistrates of the different parishes and counties of the United States, to observe the Saw-Mills established in their parish, or county, and to remark the length of the movement of the Saws. I shall consider all persons as making use of my invention, who make use of Saws having less than 16 inches of movement.

Placide Plauché.

N. B.—As the above subject appears to me to be of a general interest, I would request the Editors of gazettes (in the United States as well as in others) who can find place in their columns, to give it an insertion. P.

FOR VERA CRUZ.

The elegant coppered brig AMOS PALMER, Paine, master, having a considerable portion of her cargo engaged, will sail with despatch—for freight of the remainder, or passage, having fine accommodations, apply on board above the Ferry or to

april 28 J. W. ZACHARIE & Co.

FOR BORDEAUX,

The superior fast sailing ship ELEN-HY ASTON, coppered, and copper-fastened, Capt. UNTERSECHO, jr will sail for the above port between the 10th and 15th of April next.—For passage only, having very superior accommodations, apply to the captain on board, between the two markets, or to VICTOR ROUMAGE.

March 16

FOR BORDEAUX.

The fast sailing coppered, copper fastened and armed Ship

MILTON,

Capt. WEBB, will sail for the said port on the 25th inst.

For passage only, having excellent accommodations, apply to

D. G. BORDUZAT & Co.

April 13 No. 108 Royal street.

NOTICE.

THE partnership hitherto existing between me and A. FONTENEAU is dissolved from this date. F. ESCOFFIE.

New-Orleans, April 31st, 1829.

SALES AT AUCTION.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

Perault & Pascal *vs.* A. H. Smith,
Beardslee *vs.* the same.

BY virtue of two writs of fieri facias, directed to me by the hon. G. Preval, associate judge of the city court, I shall expose to sale on Friday the 15th inst, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Coffee House, corner of Chartres and St. Louis streets, a Horse seized in the above suits.

may 5 L. DAUNOY, marshal.

BY. F. DUTILLET.

ON the 21st of May next, at 12 o'clock, at Hewlett's Coffee-House, by order of the Court of Probates of the Parish of St. Bernard, the following belonging to the estate of the late Francois Ganc;

A House situated in Bourbon, between Conti and Bienville streets, built on a lot 40 feet in front, on 50 in depth, French measure.

TERMS—One third cash, one third at 6 months, and one third at 12 months credit, in notes endorsed to the satisfaction of the Parish Judge of St. Bernard, with mortgage until final payment.

The act of sale shall be passed before Mr. Arnaud, Notary Public, at the expense of the purchaser. april 18

MARSHAL'S SALE.

Louis Mathews *f. fa. vs.* Frisbee Freeland *t. m. c.*

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed, by the hon. G. Preval, I shall expose to sale on the 13th day of May, at 4 o'clock, on the premises of the defendant, situated in a back part of Julia street, a quantity of Pickets, Shingles, and Laths, seized in the above suit.

L. DAUNOY,
May 4 marshal

MARSHAL'S SALE.

P. S. Newton & Co. *vs.* Mary Conelly; Hall and Adams *vs.* the same; T. Spencer *vs.* the same; Mayor, Aldermen & inhabitants *vs.* the same.

BY virtue of four writs of fieri facias directed to me by the hon. Gal. Preval, associate judge, I shall expose for sale in front of the City Marshal's Office in St. Ann street, between Condé and Royal streets, at 4 o'clock P. M. on Wednesday, May 6th. 4 doz. chairs, 4 bedsteads, matrasses, sheets, and 1 sideboard, 1 set of mahogany dining tables, 1 tea table, 2 armoirs, 1 set of drawers, 4 looking glasses, 3 fenders, shovel and tongs, mantle piece furniture, servers and other household and kitchen furniture, seized in the above suit.

april 27 L. DAUNOY—Marshal.

BY order of the Court of Probates, in and for the parish of St. Charles, notice is hereby Given to the Creditors of the late P. E. Foucher, and all others concerned, to shew cause, if any they have, within ten days, why the tableau of distribution field by the administrator should not be homologated, and the administrators discharged.

Parish of St. Charles, April 16, 1829.

J. M. MOREL GUIRAMAND,
April 16 Judge of Probates

FOR SALE,

A MULATTESS aged, between 23 and 24 years, together with her daughter aged about four years, the mother is an excellent washer, house servant, child-nurse, somewhat of a cook, and understands baking. She is since 5 years in the country, speaks both French and English, this is not a very good disposition and without any faults; and is sold only because the owner is about quitting the country. Should she not be sold at private sale previous to the 5th of May next, she will on that day be sold at public auction, at the Exchange Coffee-House. april 21

NOTICE.—Whereas William C. Randall has applied to me praying that the bond which he subscribed on the twentieth day of March eighteen-hundred and twenty seven, as Register of Mortgages for the Parish of Ascension, jointly with David A. Randall, as security, be raised and annulled.

These are to give notice to all persons interested to shew cause in writing at the office of the Secretary of State, within ninety days after the last publication hereof, why the said bond and the mortgages resulting therefrom, should not be raised and annulled.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State, at the city of New-Orleans, on the second day of April, eighteen-hundred and twenty nine, and the forty third year of the Independence of the United States of America.

P. DERBIGNY, *Governor of the State of Louisiana.*

By the Governor,

GEORGE A. WADDAMAN, *Sec'y of State.*

$20 REWARD.

RUNAWAY from the subscriber, a negro man named DICK BROWN, aged about 35 years, 5 feet 2 inches high, French measure, strong complexion, flat nose and very dark face, has several marks on the face. When he left the subscriber he wore blue home spun trowsers mended on the knees, a check shirt, and a white woollen roundabout; he took with him a bundle of clothes. Said slave was bought about four months and a half ago from Mr. Stephen Pellion. The above reward will be given to any person that will lodge him in one of the jails of the State or bring him back to the subscriber, No. 112, Marigny's suburb, Marigny street.

Captains of steam boats and vessels are warned not to receive or harbour said slave under pain of being prosecuted according to law.

april 21 FRANCOIS ROBIQUAN.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS Alexander Williams, sheriff and collector of taxes for the parish of West-Baton-Rouge, has applied to me, praying for the cancelling of two bonds which he subscribed on the eleventh day of February eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, as principal, jointly with Victor Hebert, Ursin Landry and Onezi-phort Bernard, as securities; and of one bond which he subscribed on the twenty fifth day of February eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, as principal, jointly with J. B. Hebert and Onephort Bernard, as securities.

These are to give notice to all persons interested to shew cause in writing at the office of the Secretary of State, within ninety days after the last publication hereof, why the said bonds and mortgages resulting therefrom should not be raised and annulled.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State, at the City of New-Orleans, on the [L.S.] twentieth day of February, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine.

P. DERBIGNY,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

By the Governor,

GEO. A. WADDAMAN,
april 21 *Secretary of State.*

VINEGAR, Sweet Oil and Brandy FRUITS, for sale by

D. G. BORDUZAT & Co.

March 9 108 Royal str.