THE BEE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED DAILY BY
J. BAYON.

NEW-ORLEANS,
SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 7, 1831.

...ling of honest pride, too strong for the mastery of the will, rose in our heart, at the brilliant exhibition made on yesterday morning by the Louisiana Legion in the vicinity of the Rail Road. Horse and foot, manoeuvering with almost veteran precision,—well disciplined evolutions,—"the pride, pomp and circumstance" all concurred to make this turn out of the Legion one of the most moving and interesting displays of the kind which we have ever witnessed. It has been our lot to see almost all the volunteer corps in our sister cities of the North, and we can assert, without fear of contradiction, tha our Legion carries "the bell aboon them a' "

Our last Washington dates of the 23d ult. leave us still in ignorance on the subject of the cabinet. The *Globe*, with the loan of which we have been favored, intimates that the present incumbents are expected to remain in office, until their successors be appointed.

The news brought by yesterday's mail in no way realized the hopes created by the announcement of several arrivals at the north We have New-York dates to the 22d ult., Savannah to the 27th and Charleston to the 28th. The *Othello*, captain Tucker at Savannah, from Liverpool, brought dates from that place up to the 26th of March; and from London up to the 27th. They are three days later than those received by previous arrivals; yet add very little to the mass of information. The Irish Reform Bill had undergone a first reading in the Parliamentary sitting of the 24th of March, and a second reading set over for the 18th of April.

MR. PLUMER'S BENEFIT.

To allow this gentleman's benefit to pass, without a proper notice, would be gross neglect in us, who in common with the public, have derived so much pleasure from his efforts. Unassuming though talented, his only ambition, that of improvement excepted, has been to gratify the liberality that patronized, and the taste that approved his performances. He announces his BENEFIT for this evening; to doubt that it could fail to ensure the *Beneficiary* a reward proportionate to the claim that he has on public favor, would be to doubt of the characteristick munificence of this community—a munificence, which, though frequently called upon, never tires when the call comes from acknowledged talent.

We cheerfully give place to the following communication on a subject, which created considerable sensation at the time. It arose from a suit with Cline, of *funambular* memory and went to injure the manager of the Camp-street Theatre: not in this city—for here his rectitude and enterprize are duly estimated, but probably in the northern prints, where the details were circulated, distorted no doubt by interested prejudice. The judgment of the inferior court as will be seen has been reversed by an award of the supreme court, and a new trial by jury ordered.

[COMMUNICATED.]

It will be recollected that a considerable feeling was excited last year, in consequence of a disagreement between Mr. Caldwell manager of the American theatre and Herr Cline who had entered into an engagement with him as a rope-dancer—in consequence of a breach of contract on the part of Cline, Mr. Caldwell first took the field and commenced a suit against him; this Cline met by a cross suit and by *some means*, and by force of management contrived to have his suit brought on first; and obtained, contrary to all expectation a verdict for $1000 against which Mr. Caldwell appealed—and the verdict of the Court below was reversed. The suit brought by Caldwell was not brought on for hearing, till one year after the suit of Cline; and notwithstanding the strength and clearness of the evidence in support of Caldwell's claim to damage, the opposite counsel, supported to a certain extent by the judge, opposed Cline's judgment to it, and the jury not agreeing was dismissed—it was unfortunate for Mr. Caldwell that his appeal to the supreme court had not been decided previous to the trial of his suit against Cline, as then a judgment of an *inferior court* could not have affected in any way, his just right of action. It is now, however, settled, and there can be no doubt that Caldwell will ultimately obtain redress against Cline for a breach of contract. It is hard enough for a manager dealing liberally with his actors, and guaranteeing large sums for the amusement of the public, to be subjected to the inconveniences occasioned by the temporary success of a Rope-dancer; yet no sooner was the judgment of the court below promulgated, than it was hailed as a triumph on the part of Cline; and two papers unfriendly to Caldwell having published the verdict in this city; no pains were left untried, to introduce a garbled statement of the transaction to almost all the editors in the Union, by whom the subject was brought before the public to the great satisfaction of Cline, and, to a certain degree, to the injury of Caldwell.

JUSTICE.

Here follows the copy of the judgement rendered by the Supreme Court:

Supreme Court of the State of Louisiana.

Monday May 2d, 1831,—The Court met:

Present the honorable F. X. MARTIN,
The honorable ALEX. PORTER.

No. 2027. *John Cline, appellee,* v. *James H. Caldwell, appt.* } Appeal from the Parish Court of New-Orleans.

In this case the court this day delivered their opinion in writing in the words and figures following, viz:

This is an action for damages alledged to have been sustained by the plaintiff, a rope dancer, on a breach of contract, by the defendant the manager of a Theatre; the former had a verdict of judgment for one thousand dollars and the latter appealed after an unsuccessful attempt to obtain a new trial.

The evidence is not conclusive, and after a mature consideration, we think that the justice of the case demands that the case should be submitted to another jury.

It is therefore ordered, adjudged and decreed that the judgment of the parish court be annulled, avoided and reversed, the verdict set aside and the case remanded for a new trial; the appellee paying costs in this court.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Mr. Editor:—Permit me through the medium of your truly useful paper to express my astonishment and surprise at the strange, invidious comparisons which have been recently attempted to be made in the two last numbers but one, of the Courier, between the Plumers and Miss Clara Fisher: astonishment that one so blindly infatuated or so obstinately prejudiced should be held competent to discharge the duties assumed on an editor (I mean the writing editor) I am surprise that *even he* would have the presumption to attempt to detract any thing from the well and hard earned fame of those distinguished artists,—Mr. and Mrs. Plumer whose willingness and capability to entertain a judicious public has been manifested on more than one occasion. Is not the fact corroborated by the tribute of applause so unanimously bestowed on these gifted strangers?—The remarks in the last Courier, too, most unnecessarily, to lay an offering of adulation at the feet of Mr. C. J. Kean, wantonly attack the English editor of your paper. Whether the writer of those strictures considered it still necessary to shew rather this state of vassalage to the fictitious but fortunately ephemeral taste that did once prevail; than his real sense of justice, I am not at present to investigate.—This I do know: that not three representations of Mr. Kean had taken place before he was assailed in the Courier. But mark the sequel Mr. Editor, Miss Fisher (to whom I render all the justice due her as an actress) had no sooner been associated with Mr. K. in several representations, than this gentleman undertakes to exalt them at the expense of a most deserving couple, who for the first time have visited our shores and have by their repeated manifestations of a desire to please and unswerving good conduct acquired the general good will of the New-Orleans Public. THALIA.

CHARLESTON, April 28.

FOREIGN NEWS—THREE DAYS LATER.

The ship *Othello*, TUCKER, arrived at Savannah on the 26th inst., brings London and Liverpool papers to the 27th ult.

From our own files, received by this arrival, and from a slip from the office of the *Georgian*, we have made the extracts which will be found below.

The London *Courier* of the 25th ult. eulogises a speech made by Earl Grey, the preceding evening, on the Irish reform bill, in reply to the Marquis of Londonderry. It is represented to have been a bold avowal of principles, which are dear to Englishmen, and which ought to be considered by the aristocracy, as a guarantee against revolution. His Lordship is represented to have taken a correct and popular view of the influence which his order ought to have in society; and declared himself attached to it, only because he believes that, by the exercise of that influence, the welfare of the community at large is promoted.

The Duke of Wellington is stated to have admitted in the course of the discussion of that evening, that the majority of the people were in favor of the Reform Bill, but asserted that this was no ground for passing it.

The *Morning Post* states that Lord Grey threw out something like a hint that Parliament would be dissolved—and adds, "we cannot believe that the King will ever consent to place his empire in the state in which we see Belgium and Holland." But the Courier asserts, "that the King, on receiving the news of the division, told his minister that he would cheerfully do whatever they might consider conducive to the success of the great measure which they had brought forward."

The Paris *Messager des Chambres* of the 24th ult. contained a statement that the Austrians intended to limit their intervention in Italy to Modena and Parma, and not to interfere with Bologna. The French Funds remained pretty steady on the 24th; the Five Per Cents, closed at 81f. 50c. and the Three Per Cents at 52f. 55c.

The same paper says—"A letter from Nantes of the 20th inst. states that a communication from the Minister of Marine, addressed to the Chamber of Commerce of that town, announces that the friendly relations between our Government and other Powers, will allow foreign commerce to be proceeded in without any apprehension. This intelligence has produced a lively sensation on the Exchange, and it is stated that several merchants immediately manifested an intention of resuming the course of their commercial enterprises."

Accounts from Turin represented the King of Sardinia as dangerously ill; in consequence of which a Regency had been formed.

All the members of the Buonaparte family that remain at Rome, (says a Milan letter of the 16th inst.) are narrowly watched by the police, on account of the sons of Louis having taken part in the revolution; and even Cardinal Fesch, notwithstanding his inviolability as a prince of the church, has not been excepted from this measure.

LONDON, March 25.—A German mail arrived this morning with the Aligemein Zeitung to the 20th instant, the Austrian Observer to the 15th, the Nuremberg Correspondent to the 18th, and the Journal de Frankfort to the 19th. The accounts at Vienna state that orders had been issued for a levy of 5000 recruits in all the provinces of the empire (excepting the kingdom of Hungary.) A report is mentioned from Lemberg, in Gallicia, that by a new ordinance of the Imperial Government, the Austrian frontiers were to be opened to all unarmed fugitives from Poland. The accounts from Italy mentions that the vanguard of the Imperial troops entered Modena on the 9th, as well as the Duke, amidst loud acclamations, and it is added the insurgents "appear to be very good tempered, and no friends of bloodshed." At Vienna on the 13th inst. the 4 per cents. metalliques were 68⅞, and the bank shares 943. From Mayence, it is stated, that the Dutch Plenipotentiary had attached his assent to the regulations relative to the free navigation of the Rhine, but with the condition that Antwerp should be excluded from the treaty, and requiring that the free navigation from the Scheldt into the Rhine should be the subject of future negotiation.

"*City*, 12 *o'clock*.—The accounts from Paris this morning, are again considered of a more favorable nature, the funds having closed on Wednesday a little higher, the five per cents. at 81 40, and the three per cents, at 52 50.

"No decision had been made relative to the new loan, nor was it expected until a Commission, which is sitting on the alteration of the land tax, had made their report.

"A speech of Casimir Perrier, which was delivered on Tuesday, had given much satisfaction.

The money market here has been in a very excited and fluctuating state. The opening price of consols was about 78, after which they suddenly rose, and some business was done at as high a quotation as 79, since which they have been gradually declining, and are now 78 ¾.

"*One o'clock*.—Consols have again been fluctuating, having declined to 78¼, at which price they are now quoted. Exchequer bills have risen to 21 3; India bonds remain at 24.

The House—In and Out.—On Wednesday morning at three o'clock, *expresses* were waiting in the neighborhood of the Palace Yard, in the Strand, and other places. Under the gallery continued crowded with Peers, Bishops, and amongst them a Royal Duke. Nor did the roof of the House escape—it was bountifully supplied with ladies of rank, and the wives and daughters of members, although (most ungallantly) they had no means of seeing or hearing the "debates," except through the *ventilators*!

The news of a fleet fitting out for the Scheldt was not believed at Brussels; there and at Paris, where it was expected to affect the funds, it produced no sensation.

Letters from Vienna intimate the deep sympathy felt by the Hungarians towards their almost compatriots, the Poles. It is supposed that a positive demonstration of a kind not very agreeable to Austria, is on the eve of breaking out. The frontiers of Galicia are watched with the most jealous care, to prevent the infection of air tainted with the liberty of Poland. It is feared that to inhale this breeze would brace the sinews of the Hungarians to a desperate effort.

The French papers of Tuesday, from which we gave as many extracts as necessary in yesterday's Times, contain accounts from the north of Italy to the 10th inst, and from Rome to the 8th. The Austrians had taken possession of Ferrara, as well as Parma and Modena. At Ferara they had immediately re-established the Papal Government, dissolved all the authorities created by the revolution, and declared all acts void which had emanated from the revolutionists. The persons deprived of their places by the insurgents had been restored, and the insurgents had been ordered to lay aside their colors, and to deliver up their arms. This Austrian soldiers not only interfere in the internal affairs of the Italian States, but dictate in the most minute details, as if they had the civil government and police entirely in their own hands.

Letters from Rome, state that the inhabitants daily expected the arrival of the revolutionary troops from Bologna. The tri-colour was seen from the towers of the city floating over the advancing force, and, and would soon it was supposed, be planted on the seven hills, unless the Papal army showed more courage and zeal than it had hitherto displayed. The two sons of Louis Bonaparte, who served in the ranks of the insurgents, had left them and proceeded to Ancona to embark for Trieste. The latter fact does not seem to lend much credibility to the reports of the great success or brilliant prospects of the party whom they have joined. Cardinal Bernetti, in order to overawe the disaffected at Rome, had announced the entrance of the Austrian troops into the northern duchies.

Ireland—The wretched peasantry of the west have organised a system (peaceful, but still most dangerous) of combination against the landlords—have set a price on lands, and though they do not resort to acts of violence, and have determined on abstaining from them, they take no land unless it will be let on their own terms. The evil which we hear is this; scarcity at present stares us in the face; the average stock of provisions, at least the poor man's sustenance, is not sufficient even with economy, to hold out until the harvest. The country generally is flooded, tillage backwards—*the peck of March dust* cannot be gathered—*the harvest must be late*—and if, additionally, lands be not taken and sown, a greater scarcity next season will be inevitable. On Wednesday morning, five pieces of cannon and three troops of the carbineers from Bellincollig, left Limerick for Emets, to attend the Clare election. Sir T. Arbuthnot and Major Warburton had already arrived at Clare, as commander and inspector general of the district. Captains Smyth and Markam have been discharged from Kilmainham prison, by order of his excellency the Lord Lieutenant. Six months of the time for which they were sentenced for the homicide of Mr. O'Grady have been thus remitted. Mr. O'Hagan has also been discharged from the same prison, on a memorial from his prosecutor, Capt Scott. We have not learned whether Mr. O'Hagan's late partner in the Louth Free Press has similarly experienced the clemency of the Irish executive. Several commercial failures are said to have taken place in Dublin. A remarkable case of forgery, wherein Mrs. Armstrong, the wife of a colonel, is accused of having forged her husband's signature to acceptances for an unknown amount was submitted to a police office examination on Monday last. The investigation is still proceeding.

Russia.—A letter from St. Petersburgh in the Algemeine Zeitung, of the 16th inst contains the following passage:—

The Emperor is resolved to incorporate the Polish kingdom with Russia, as a Province of his great empire. This would be a merited satisfaction given to the Russian nation. It was, perhaps, originally an ill judged proceeding to attach Poland to Russia, and yet as independent of the Russian Government, and to give it constitutional institutions, while the form of government among us remained absolute. There was in this a contrast which could not fail to excite mutual dislike, and greatly contributed to the dreadful catastrophe of 1815.

Large sums of money are daily sent to the army, and the extraordinary military preparations which continue to be made in the interior of the empire, excite a conjecture, that after the suppression of the Polish revolution our army will have another destination.

Four new divisions of 16,000 men each, have lately commenced their march from the interior of the army, to which recruits are sent daily, so that, by the end of April our army in Poland (not deducting those who have fallen in action) will amount to 25,000 men.

Netherlands.—We learn from good authority, that the negotiations for the loan which our government was to contract have failed in England, on account of the unsettled state of the Continent, which would not permit this loan to be contracted except on very low terms, to which the minister of Finance could not accede.

The Ministers of Finance and War have resigned.—Le Belge, March 20.

COMMERCIAL.

From Wilde's Commercial Report of Saturday May 7.

GENERAL REMARKS.—The Mississippi is swelling slowly, has only risen one inch since our last, leaving it yesterday noon at eleven inches below ordinary high water mark. The weather has been unpleasantly warm, dry and dusty, otherwise favorable for out-door business. Our market generally has varied but little this week, and cannot fairly be considered as brisk. With the exception of a decline in Leaf Tobacco, and a small improvement in Kentucky Bagging and Bale Rope, we have but few material alterations to notice. Western Produce is now abundant; indeed more so at the landing and in the ware houses, than we have witnessed for the last fifteen years.

COTTON.—Considering the large supply on hand for sale, the demand has been more dull and the sales less during the past week, than since opening of the market. We continue our former quotations, remarking that conflicting opinions vary much as regards those rates being fully supported in the next heavy operations. The few sales which took place were principally limited to the better qualities of Louisiana and Mississippi. In that from Tennessee and North Alabama very little changed owners, and the only movement of note was in the shipping on owners account. Cleared this week, for Liverpool 6991 bales Greenock 599, Havre 857, Marseilles 59, New-York 3760, Providence 1033, Portsmouth 60, Philadelphia 40—in all 13,399 bales. Arrived in the same, from Tennessee and North Alabama 10405, the interior and Mississippi 4260, across Lake Pontchartrain 59—together 14,724 bales. Using the Liverpool classification, we quote Louisiana and Mississippi as before, viz:

Ordinary	6 3-4 a 7 1-4	dull
Middling	7 1-2 a 8	
Fair	8 1 2 a 8 3-4	
Good fair	9 1 4 a 9 1-2	
Good and fine	9 3-4 a 10	

SUGAR AND MOLASSES, on the Plantation, have not altered in price or demand for the last three weeks. The principal business doing in those articles are in the city at the landing. The former sells at various prices according to quality, say from four 1 2 up to five and a half cents. Inferior is plenty and dull, and *very* choice scarce at a higher rate. The sales in the latter have ruled at 18 a 19 cents, in tierces and barrels found. Cleared this week, for New-York 643 hhds. and 126 bbls., Portsmouth 60 hhds and 298 bbls., Charleston 30 hhds.; and of Sugar, for New-York 823 hhds., Providence 227 Charleston 172, Philadelphia 129, Portsmouth 10. Exported since the 30th September last for the following ports, viz:

TOBACCO has met a fair demand since our last. The sales have been full two thousand hhds. at 1 1 2 a 1 3-4. 2 1-2 a 2 3-4, 3 1-2 a 3 3-4, for crossed, seconds and firsts. The majority of the sales were at the lowest quotations and among the last of the operations. The crop, so far as inspected, is regularly fair, being neither usually good or bad. Cleared, for New York 654 hhds., Liverpool 93, Philadelphia 33, Kingston, Ja. 5, Nassau 2—together 779. Arrived 1842 hhds.

FLOUR has arrived freely, and is plenty and dull at $5 per bbl. Cleared since our last 10,568 bbls. principally for foreign ports.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Tilma, Dennis, New-York, Wilbor & Hazard
Brig Clio, Little, New-York, master
Brig Criterion, Cox, New-York, L H Gale
Brig Virginia Bachelor, Philadelphia, master
Schr Bien Aparecieda, Jover, Havana, J Viosca
Schr Mobile, Loomis, Mobile, master
Schr Robt Centre, Arnous, St. Jago de Cuba, J Gouie
Schr Ploughboy, Norris, Baltimore, master
Schr Flecha, Sanchez, RioGrande, Tuyes & co

ARRIVED.

Steamer Shark, Wood from S W Pass, towed up ships Helen Mar, and Gibraltar; and schr Cometa; at fort Jackson, ships Jane, Mars, Calumet; brig Industry and a brig from Boston with ice.

Ship Gibraltar, Woodberry, Boston, to the master, cargo.

Ship Helen Mar, Harrison, New-York, to the master, cargo.

Schr Cometa, Proetto, Tampico, with 1 bag specie & ballast.

Brig Nun, Clements, New-York, in ball.

Schr Alert, Knowles St, Thomas, cargo.

Steamer Pocahontas, St ong, Bayou Sarah, with full cargo.

Steamer Rapide, Waters, Natchitoches, with 161 bales cotton to W Bulitt; 56 T R Hyde & brother: 70 M Croyer; 120 Maurnin & O'Duhigg; 42 Toledano & Gaillard; 34 Plauche and Courcelle; 71 J Linton; 9 N Cox: 26 Peyroux, Riva de & co; 14 do 24 hides P Smith & co; hides, deer skins, bears oil &c to W L Robeson; M Maloy; F M Grasmey & co; and owners on board. 24 cabin and 7 deck passengers.

Steamer Stranger, English, Bayou Sarah, with 258 bales cotton Plauche & Courcelle, 20 Maurin & O'Dhigg; 16 do, 4 bales moss P Dubertrand. 32 cabin and 10 deck passengers.

Steamer Lady Franklin, Kilgour, from Cincinnati, with 1552 kegs, 90 bbls, 81 hf do lard, 222 bbls pork, 117 hhds hams Stetson and Avery; 5 hhds bacon, 96 bbls flour, Damarin and Sloane; 400 do do, 23 bbls oil D M Bush; 337 bbls flour, 19 do wheat G P & W C Bowers; 4 ps castings Allain, Perrault & Allain; 1 bbl 1 bx Wallace, Lambeth & Pope: 1 bx Byrne, Ryon & co; 3 bdls P M Tourne. Passengers, Mrs O'Gorman, Mrs Bledsoe, Mrs Adams, Maj Wallace, Dr Hunt, Messrs Nash, Brandon, Ducher, Penrice, Finn, Patterson, Powell, Lane, Gilmore, Little, Quinn, Adams, Cox, Jefferson, Relf and lady, Hibbard, Lapham, McDuffy. *Extract*, left Portland at 11 a m on the 30th, in port steamers Caledonia Powhatan, Hudson and Car of Commerce, Cotton Plant at Louisville, met Louisville at Brandenburg, Atlantic at North Hampton, May 1st Helen McGregor at Diamond island, Lexington at Hurrican island, unknown at mouth of Salline; 2d, Tennessean at Smithland; Pelicians at Paducah; Philadelphia at Iron banks; 3d, Orleans no 14, Walk in the Water at Cut off, Kentuckian at Barfield, Lafourche 3 miles below, Brandywine at President's island, Uncle Sam below do; 4th George Washington no 57, D. Boone no 76, Carrollton 20 miles below pt Chicot, 4th Coosa no 100, Hibernia at My Wife's island.

Steamer St John, Barrett, from Ecore Fabre, with cotton, sugar, deer skins &c &c to Whiting, Slark & co; J H Graham; Soher & Goodman; Plauche & Courcelle; A Fisk & co; P Dubertrand and order.

Steamer Convoy, Reeder, from Louisville with 17 hhds tobacco J Kennady; 48 E Kerny; 24 Foster & Hutton; 27 Wallace, Lambeth, & Pope; 4 do do 1002 sacks corn J Ogilvie & co; 31 bbls castor oil M Morgan & co; sundries & 2 hhds tobacco A Kirkpatrick; 53 do do E Wathen; 35 do do &c T Sloss jr; 127 bbls whiskey, Byrne, Ryon & co; 51 bbls oil, 1 hhd tobacco Gray & Durrive; 700 sacks corn J Dolton; 8 casks bacon J G Stevenson: 14 bales cotton W L Robeson; 9 do owner on board.—Passengers, Mrs Dolton, Mrs Reeder, Messrs Dolton, Kirkpatric, Watham, Stoo, and Reeder. 27 way and 26 on deck. Ohio low and falling.

19 flat boats from Kentucky, Tennessee and Aalabama, with 4170 bales cotton 311 hhds tobacco and sundries.

MEMORANDA.

Hence at New-York, ship St Louis, Story, 18 days; brig Henry, Stinson, 17 days.

Sailed from New-York for this port, april 22, ship Alabama, Rockett.

Cleared from Baltimore for this port, april 23, brig Richmond, Blanchard.

Hence at Baltimore, april 23, schr Union, Storer.

Hence at Liverpool, march 25, the Salem, the William Nielson, toe Mount Vernon, the Comet and the Sappho.

Sailed from Liverpool for this port, march 25th, the Planter, the Marcia, and the Meridian.

Cleared from Philadelphia for this port. april 23, brig Eliza Williams, Long.

Cleard from New York 22, ship John & Elizabeth, Mansfield.

American Theatre.

MR. CRAMER PLUMER,

respectfully announces that his farewell benefit is fixed for Monday next 9th of May, 1831, on which occasion will be presented Morton's popular and interesting historical play, called

HENRI QUATRE, OR
PARIS IN THE OLDEN TIME.

Louison, Mrs. Cramer Plumer.
Frederick St. Leon, Mr. Cramer Plumer,

In the course of the evening the following pieces of music by Mr. and Mrs. Cramer Plumer.

"Vive La Danse," "Fear never assail me," "Una Voce poco fa," "Echo Duet" (from Zuma,) "William Tell the Swiss Patriot," The lass of Gowrie," "Let fame sound the trumpet," "Cushlamachree," and the celebrated Italian duett, from Tancredi, "Ah si di Mal miei."

To conclude with the Comic Farce of the

CRITIC,
OR
A TRAGEDY REHEARSED.

In which Mr. Caldwell will appear as Puff and Mr. Cowell as Don Wiskerando.

The Box is now open. may 7

DRAWN NUMBERS

Of the Baton Rouge Catholic Church Lottery.

CLASS NO. 8.

7: 15: 24: 25:

may 9 J. VIGNAUD, *Manager.*

EXCHANGE, on Boston, for sale by
may 9 STETSON & AVERY.

John McVuigh, vs. J. C. Warren.

BY virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*, to me directed by the Hon. P. Smith, associate judge of the city court, I shall expose for sale, on Wednesday the 18th of May, at 5 o'clock, at the corner of Mr. Genois' brick yard, Tchoupitoulas and Robin-st-ects, 1665 feet of plank, and 12 doors, sashes &c. &c. seized in the above suit.

may 9 L. DAUNOY, marshal.

ICE CREAMS & SHERBETS.

THE undersigned have the honor to inform the public that they have entered into an arrangement with Mr. SERRAU, well known by his *Ice-Creams*, who will keep the best assortment of refreshments to be had every evening beginning on Sunday 8th of May; such as extracts of fruits from Europe and the West-indies, *Sherbets Punch à la romaine*, at their establishment corner of Chartres and St. Louis sts.

MERLE & GIRODEAU.

N. B. Mr. SERRAU, having been informed that ice creams were sold about the streets, purported to be manufactured by him, announces to the public that his creams have never been sold in such a manner. may 6.

FOR LOUISVILLE.

The new light draft steam boat CREOLE, Wm. B. Barnett master, having a greater part of her cargo ready to go on board will depart on Wednesday next the 11th inst at 10 o'clock A. M. for freight or passage apply on board or to

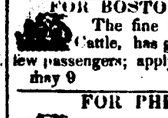
P. M. TOURNE,
may 9 15, New-Levee.

FOR LOUISVILLE.

The fast sailing steamboat HURON, C. T. Maynard, master, will positively leave for the above and intermediate landings on Thursday next the 5th inst. at 9 o'clock A. M. for passage having good accommodations both for cabin and deck passengers apply on board or to

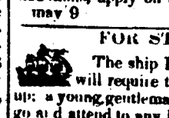
J. W. TOURNE,
may 4 15, New-Levee.

FOR BOSTON.—(*Passage only.*)



The fine brig AMERICA, Capt. Cattle, has good accommodations for a few passengers; apply to Wm. G. HEWES,
may 9 No. 9, Camp-street.

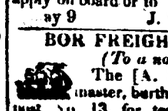
FOR PHILADELPHIA.



The packet ship EDWARD BONNAFFE, Vandyke master, will be ready to receive cargo on Tuesday next. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply on board or to

may 9 S. C. BELL.

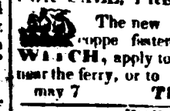
FOR ST. THOMAS.



The ship PEARL, Hoit master, will require the bulk of 400 bbls. to fill up; a young gentleman will go out as supercargo and attend to any business that may be confided to his care. For passage and particulars apply on board or to

may 9 J. W. ZACHARIE & co.

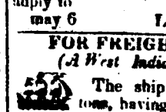
BOR FREIGHT, OR CHARTER
(*To a northern port.*)



The [A. 3.] brig NUN, Timmins master, burthen 223 tons, lying opposite post No. 13, for terms apply to the master on board or to

may 9 THEODORE NICOLET.

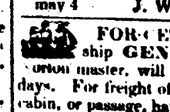
FOR SALE, FREIGHT OR CHARTER.



The new fast sailing copper'd and copper fastened schooner WATER-WITCH, apply to capt. Preswick on board near the ferry, or to

may 7 THAYER, HURD & co.

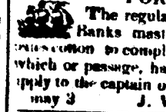
FOR BOSTON.



The fine brig PAUL JONES capt. Ward, can take 300 bales cotton, apply to

may 6 LINCOLN & GREEN.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER,
(*A West India voyage preferred.*)



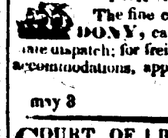
The ship PERLA, burden 260 tons, having undergone a full and complete repair, and rates A 3 at the different insurance office. For terms apply to captain Norton, on board, or to

may 4 J. W. ZACHARIE & CO.

FOR CETTE.—The fine coppered ship GENERAL HAND, J. B. Norton master, will sail in the course of a few days. For freight of 40 bales of cotton in the cabin, or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to

may 4 J. W ZACHARIE & CO.

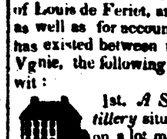
FOR HAVRE.



The regular packet brig BOURNE Banks master; requires two hundred bales cotton to complete her cargo, for freight of which or passage, having good accommodations apply to the captain on board or to

may 3 J. W. ZACHARIE, & co.

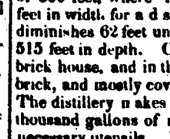
FOR NEW-YORK.



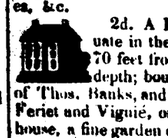
The fine coppered brig CHALCEDONY, capt. King, will have immediate despatch; for freight or passage having good accommodations, apply to

may 3 WM. G. HEWES,
no. 9, Camp street.

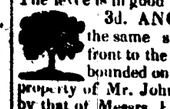
COURT OF PROBATES.—*Sale by the Register of Wills.*—On Thursday, 9th June, 1831, at 12 o'clock P. M. I shall offer for sale, for account of the community which existed between the late Mercelite Maxent deceased, wife of Louis de Feriet, and the said Louis de Feriet, as well as for account of the partnership which has existed between the said Feriet and J. B. Vignie, the following property and slaves, to-wit:



1st. *A Sugar Refinery and a Distillery* situate in the suburb Clouet, on a lot measuring 65 feet 10 inches front to the river on about 515 feet in depth; which lot agreeably to the plan made by Joseph Pilié, city surveyor, is regular to a depth of 300 feet, where it widens and measures 254 feet in width, for a distance of 140 feet, and then diminishes 62 feet until it reaches the end of the 515 feet in depth. On the front part stands a brick house, and in the depth a building also of brick, and mostly covered with a terrace roof. The distillery makes upon an average 100 a 120 thousand gallons of rum a year, and has all the necessary utensils. It is in good condition and was newly repaired about 2 years ago. The fermentation tubs are well made and of choice wood. There are five stills, two rectificators. The establishment is supplied with water by means of a steam engine of five horse power which draws water from the river by iron pipes 6 inches in diameter. The engine is a very simple one, requires little fuel and draws a great quantity of water. Also, a basin 200 feet long and 40 wide, on which is established an iron bucket wheel, which with a horse draws a sufficiency of water, when the use of the steam engine is dispensed with. There is in the same establishment, a sugar refinery with all the necessary utensils to work it. Also a good large lodgings for the mechanics, stables, coach house, &c. &c.



2d. A LOT OF GROUND situate in the suburb Clouet, measuring 70 feet front to the river, and 300 in depth; bounded below by the property of Thos. Banks, and above by that of Messrs. Feriet and Vignié, on which stand a dwelling house, a fine garden containing many fruit trees, kitchen, and a passage for carriages and horses. The levee is in good condition.



3d. ANOTHER LOT situate in the same suburb, measuring 60 feet front to the river, and 200 feet in depth, bounded on the side of the city by the property of Mr. John Lewis, and on the other by that of Messrs. Feriet and Vignié, on which lot there are a great quantity of fruit trees.

SLAVES.

Julien, a negro aged 50 years, carpenter; Tom, a negro aged 30, carpenter; Fox, a negro aged 30, well acquainted with the business of a refinery; Moses, a negro aged 21, also well acquainted with the same business; Pierre, a negro aged 38, and Tom Brown aged 30, both cartdrivers and wood cutters; Gregoire, a negro aged 40 cartman acquainted with the business of a distillery; Solomon, a negro aged 60, employed in the distillery; Thomas, a mulatto aged 28 years, cartman, employed in the distillery; Daniel, aged 25, cooper and wood cutter; Francois, a negro aged 60, somewhat of a carpenter, have a hernie. All the above slaves are very intelligent and handy at all sorts of work.

TERMS:—1 & 2 years credit in approved endorsed paper with mortgage until final payment. The notes to be divided in amount as may suit the vendors. ☞The acts of sale to be passed before T. Seghers, at the expense of the purchasers. By order of court.

may 7 MARTIN BLACHE, *Regier.*

YOUNG HYSON TEA.—100 Boxes, each 10 lbs for sale by A GARNEY
may 6 62 Gravier st.

SALES AT AUCTION.

BY T. MOSSY.

WILL be sold without reserve, on Saturday next, May 14th at Hewlett's, at 12 precisely.

120 LOTS OF GROUND,

advantageously situated in the new Marigny faubourg, near the rail road. Said lots will be sold by parcel or by squares, according to a plan drafted by L. Bringer, state surveyor; said plan will be exhibited at the Exchange, before the day of sale. Purchasers will have to apply to said surveyor for possession of the lots.

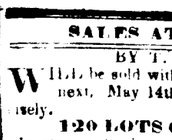
Terms:—6, 12, 18 and 24 months credit, in approved endorsed paper, and mortgage until final payment.

The deeds of sale to be drawn before L. T. Caire, N. P. at the purchaser's cost. may 9

BY T. DUTILLET.

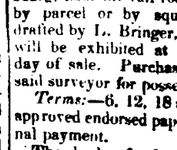
SALE of the property belonging to the estate of the late Charles Jumonville de Villiers.

By virtue of an order of the probates court of this parish, will be sold at public auction, on Tuesday 7th of June next, at Hewlett's exchange coffee house, the property belonging to the estate of the late Charles Jumonville de Villiers, consisting in



1st. A lot of ground situated in Bourbon street in this city, having ninety-five French feet front on Bourbon street by one hundred and twenty feet in depth, the whole bounded on one side by the property belonging now, or heretofore to Mr Stephen Greffin, and on the other side by that belonging to Mr. Stephen Debon. This property will be divided and sold in two lots, according to a plan drawn by the surveyor of the city, and which will be exhibited at the exchange.

One of the two lots shall consist of the baking establishment occupied by Mr. Casenave; and the other occupied by Mr. Erard shall be sold without the improvements thereon, belonging to the said Erard, who shall have the right of removing them.



2d. A piece of ground situated in this city, measuring 128 feet front on Damaine street, on 64 feet in depth, facing Condé street, bounded on the latter by M. Pradon sen. property, and on the former by Mr. Antoine Carraby's. This piece of ground will be divided into six lots, agreeably to a plan, drafted by the city surveyor, which will be exhibited at the exchange.

Each lot will be sold separately, together with the fine brick buildings thereon situated;—the lots no. 1, 3, 5, will be obliged to furnish on the ground floor only a common passage with the lots which respectively adjoins them.

The following slaves, viz:

1st. *MICAH*, an american negro, about twenty five years of age, good field hand cartman, ploughman and wood cutter.

2d. *JULIEN*, a mulatto, twenty years in the country, about twenty seven years of age, cook, cartman, carriage driver, and a handy servant.

3d. *ZEYON*, creole negro, about twenty eight years old, ploughman, cartman, and a good handy servant.

4th. *CHARLOT*, a black boy, aged about twenty two years, cartman, coach driver and a good house servant.

5th. *PAULINE*, black girl, about twenty six years of age, a house servant.

6th. *DESIREE*, an african negress, about 35 years of age: a good laundress, and cook.

7th. *MANON*, a creole girl, about 15 years old; a good house servant.

8th. *TEMPE*, an american wench, about 22 years of age, a seamstress and house servant, with her babe.

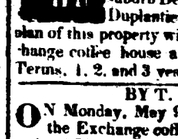
TERMS.

The slaves will be sold on a credit of six, twelve and eighteen months; and the lots with their improvements, at one, two, and three years credit. The whole on endorsed paper, approved by the testementary executors of said estate, with special mortgage on said properties until final payment. The notes shall be given, and divided into as many shares as required by said testamentary executors. The deeds of sales to be drawn up by Louis T. Caire, not. pub. may 6

BY J. LECARPENTIER & CO.

POSPONED SALE.

ON Friday 13 of May, will be offered for sale in lots,



That valuable property now occupied by Mrs. Widow Poydfarre in suburb Delor, fronting Tchoupitoulas, Duplantier and Foucher streets. A plan of this property will be deposited in the exchange coffee house a few days before the sale. Terms, 1, 2, and 3 years. may 3—10

BY T. MOSSY.

ON Monday, May 9, next at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange coffee house, will be sold.

An African negro named Philippe, aged 30 years, carter and ploughman; an American negro named Allain, aged 28 years cartman, ploughman and sawyer; an African negro named Pierre, aged 29 years, field hand. All the above slaves are warranted against all vices and diseases contemplated by law, and are honest fellows.

Payable in March 1832, in approved endorsed paper, with mortgage until final payment. april 29.

AMPHITHEATRE.

Corner of Orleans and Royal streets, opposite the French theatre.

Monday, May 9th.

The amphitheatre will close in a few nights. Last night of the *Cataract of the Ganges*. The performance to commence with sports of the Ring, by the whole troop.

Horsemanship by Master Birdsall.

The *Hunted Taylor*, or