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The New Orleans Bee.

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OUR CANDIDATES.

There should be but small trouble in getting good candidates for State offices. Twenty worthy citizens could readily be named for each office, who are men of sterling qualities of head and heart, men in whom their neighbors confide by instinct, men who will at once be recognized as competent, men who carry no stain or stigma, who will entertain nothing foul and who will leave behind them no legacy of disgrace. The better men of the State demand an honest administration. The Conventions must therefore choose candidates who are honest in every sense, honest from pride of character and honorable instincts, honest from sound morality, honest from philanthropic charity, honest by antecedents, habits and associations, and discovered from honest ancestors.

They should have this prime quality as the other and varied requisites. The honest man must also be a patient, persistent, hard-working man of business, free from time-generating vices, with ability will, manly independence of thought, sufficient knowledge of character, well versed in knowledge of the general business of the State, familiar with the situation and wants of the people, a natural enemy to all shams, frauds and intrigues, a hater of idle office-hunters and politicians, a good manager but likely to be managed, with sagacity to detect the first appearance of public mischief. The Governor should be one able to bear rule over the whole people with even-handed fairness. He should be thoroughly a man, with large heart, large brain, broad ideas and steady convictions. He should be so wise and so free from prejudices that from the hour of his inauguration all fear and all pretence of fear on the part of newly enfranchised citizens should cease, a man whose very character would at once put an end to all apprehension on their part. He should have physical courage for every emergency, and moral courage in the highest degree.

The candidate for the second office should be in all respects qualified for the field, which may by accident devolve upon him. All other negatives being equal, the Convention will do well to select a gentleman who will preside over the Senate with efficiency, impartial equity and easy dignity.

Our financial officers, Auditor and Treasurer, should be laborious men of business, capable of giving good counsel and all needed information respecting the business of the State. They ought to be capable of suggesting equitable laws for raising a revenue, practicable plans for reducing our enormous debt, trustworthy budgets of expenditure adapted to the impoverished condition of our people, and such far-reaching fiscal schemes as will remove the embarrassments and restore the credit of the State. They should be the capable advisers of the Legislature in all financial business. Men of this kind can be had, who, for the honor and the solid salaries now paid, will give very able and altogether faithful service. The positions are of primary importance and should be filled by men of the first order of business talents.

The Attorney General, the law officer of the State, the legal adviser of the Governor and heads of departments, the representative of the State before the Supreme and other courts, ought of course to be an able, experienced, laborious, bold and conscientious lawyer. We have many such in the ranks of the Democratic, Reform and Conservative parties; the conventions can have their choice and they should choose the best. As a prosecuting officer and law representative of the State it is to be hoped that he will carry dismay into all gangs of plunderers and all rings and cousinages of public swindlers.

For Superintendent of Public Education there should be chosen one whose learning and high character command respect, one well known among scholars, one accustomed to hard work, a practical teacher, and a known friend of teachers, a friend to the cause of education, a model of enthusiasm and dignity, kind in all particulars a gentleman. The ruin which threatens our educational system in unfriendly, incompetent hands must admonish the Convention to choose a successor with extreme care.

Delegates will not for a moment forget that our men of the first class, such as we have described, are not in the habit of soliciting public employment. They "wait and the solicitation to find them out" and to call them from private life to the post of public service.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.—In another column readers will find a notice of the opening of the famous Springs Hotels for the current season with a memorandum of the changes. The merits of this delightful and renowned resort for invalids and men of the sedentary habit need but little to require recapitulation. It has been a favorite for many years and must long continue such.

CALEDONIAN EXCURSION.—We are requested to remind the amusement loving friends of the Caledonian of Monsieur Lundy's announcement of the return of the excursion steamer Bayou City, with comfortable accommodations, for the enjoyment of the occasion, on the 6th instant.

The Democracy of St. Landry.

At a meeting held at Opelousas on the 25th ult., to select delegates to the Democratic State Convention, to represent the parish of St. Landry, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That it is the sense of this meeting that any coalition with Warmoth, or any party of which he is the acknowledged leader would be detrimental to the best interests of the State of Louisiana.

And the following gentlemen were elected delegates to the Convention: Dr. J. Thriston, John J. Gardner, O. C. Duss, N. Quatrevaux, Elisha Andrus, E. D. Estillette, F. Robin, Louis Lafargue, Eliel Vidrine, Dr. J. L. Estorge, Dr. J. A. Taylor, L. S. Havard, Isaac Littell, A. Garrigues, James Webb, D. P. Ledoux, T. S. Fontenot, Ell Clark, L. M. E. Wilson, Prosper Delre, Dr. J. E. Hawkins, A. B. Carle, C. W. Foreman, D. McDavitt, Joel H. Sandoz, Dr. E. M. Millard, Dr. T. A. Cooke, L. D. Prescott, Dr. J. A. McMillan.

BY TELEGRAPH.

To the New Orleans Bee.

Summary of the Latest Dispatches.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

Paris, May 31.—Many Carlists officers and soldiers who fled into France have gone to Bourges, Alava, Caboccilla, and other chiefs of bands have reached Bayonne. They had passports signed by Serrano.

London, May 31.—Reine won the Oaks stakes. The Grenadier Guards Band left for Boston to-day.

London, May 31.—The powder magazine exploded at Gawsarty, in Shropshire, today. Six persons were instantly killed.

Fleury, the absconding cashier of the Limerick Bank, who was supposed to have fled to America, has surrendered to the officers of justice.

London, May 31. — Miss Kellogg, the American prima donna, sings at Buckingham Palace on the 20th.

The Times to-day asserts that there never has been any question the agreement between England and America touching indirect claims. It cannot help thinking if official telegrams on the subject had been communicated directly to the Foreign Ministers of either Government instead of being filtered through a medium, the chasm which separated them would have been remedied long ago. With the correspondence, concludes the *Times*, we must consider the failure of arbitration inevitable. We may thank the American Senate for this; had it accepted the supplemental article without amendment our position would have been awkward.

London, May 31.—In the House of Lords to-night the Earl of Derby urged the Government to produce the text of the supplemental article to the Treaty of Washington, with the Senate's amendments. The House needed a thorough understanding of the present position of the negotiations.

Lord Granville replied that the American Congress would adjourn on Monday, the negotiations had not yet been brought to a close, hence it would be impossible for the Government to comply with the demands of the noble Lord.

Earl Grey wished to know whether the Government would proceed with arbitration if indirect claims should not be withdrawn. The country, he said, regarded the situation with great alarm.

Earl Granville declined to answer this question. He indignantly denied that the Government had involved the country in trouble.

Lord Cairns said the Government was straining principle in refusing to submit the documents.

The Marquis of Salisbury begged to be informed what instructions had been given to the British representatives before the Geneva board as to their action in case the American Government should not withdraw indirect claims.

Granville again declined to answer.

Lord Westbury advised the Government to make a complete declaration.

Earl Granville again replied that the Government were frequently favored with Lord Westbury's advice, and suggested the impropriety of repeating questions when warning had twice been given. Direct our delegates to the Democratic Convention to be holden in New Orleans, on the 3rd of June next, to vote for the nomination of a man on the State or District ticket who is not known to be in favor of Economy, Retrenchment and Reform in our State Government.

Be it further resolved, That we invite the assistance and co-operation of the good people of every party to this work of reform.

Be it further resolved, That we, the citizens aforesaid, in a Convention assembled, do hereby nominate and appoint, and that our other persons be added to the list of our delegates, which resolutions were adopted, viz: Matthew Musser, W. F. Bewley, Alex. Development, Charles Mercer and Dorville Sauvinet were duly appointed and added delegates.

Be it further resolved, That the members of this Convention do earnestly urge the delegates of Capt. E. R. Mills: that from its counsels; that the Secretaries be requested to transmit to him a copy of this resolution, with the expression that he be present at the Convention to represent the rating of Bartis, as one of the delegates at New Orleans, on Monday, June 3d.

Resolved, That in reviewing the action of the State Convention, lately assembled in New Orleans, and to be assembled on the 3d June, we do most cordially approve, among other things, above all other things, the action of the Convention in nominating Gov. H. C. Warmoth, and of the highly honorable Democratic Convention of