

# THE BEE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY  
**JOSEPH BAYON, DELAUP & CO.**  
 NEW-ORLEANS.  
 WEDNESDAY (EVENING) MARCH 30, 1831.

The Gentlemen, whose names follow, will be supported in their respective wards, at the next election of their committee.

- 1st ward—J. H. Mallard.
- 2d ward—Peter Boal.
- 3d ward—F. Galigné and Cotton Healy.
- 4th ward—G. B. Dixon, L. A. Nadaud, Joo. M. Beck.

Superior virtue and superior sense, from time of mind have ever been exposed to the attacks of knaves and fools. It is the curse of our nature that few are known to be just to that which is not theirs, while many withhold the charities which should rivet man to man. Impressed with this belief, we fully appreciate the "sympathy of doubt" uttered by Richard in the communication, with which he has favored us. We can easily imagine the cold look, forbidding frown, and contemptuous sneer, which repaid his many hours, lost in dancing attendance on the wealthy. Yet we can only offer him better sympathy for his mishaps. The columns of the Bee are generally used as vehicles of public intelligence, not of private wrongs. *Nos Di non homines, non concessere columnas.*—Nor Gods, nor men, nor letters' post award that his lament should appear in our papers—Richard has his requiem.

It was rumored yesterday, in the afternoon, that the steamer *St. Louis*, from Cincinnati had brought intelligence, received in Louisiana, via New York, that war had broken out between France and Russia. It is very possible that this rumor is grounded on the article of the *Baltimore American*, copied and contradicted in our last Monday's paper; we can, at least, assure our readers, that the perquisitions which we made to get at the spring of the news, have proved utterly unsuccessful, and every thing leads us to believe that, however probable, this news is rather premature.

**Philadelphia, March 14.**  
 We learn that Commodore Bainbridge has been removed from the command of our naval station; and Commodore Warrington appointed in his place.—*Nat. Gaz.*

The *New-York Evening Post* says—The tone of our newspapers is growing more decent in some respects. Editors are beginning to see that attacks on each other's private characters have nothing to do with the questions which they discuss, and are not cared for by the public. We are glad to hear of this beginning. It is not, however, a war, as general yet, as it should be. The use of gross personal epithets, and the imputation of gross personal motives, are but too common.

The *Jamaica Royal Gazette*, of the 5th ult. says—

"In the liberal spirit of free trade reciprocity the American Government are resolved to bring our vessels to our ports, and to our commerce in every sense of the word."

**COLOMBIA.**—Capt. Leo of the packet brig *Gen. Nymph*, 20 days from Carthagena, informs us, that a Columbian man of war schooner, arrived on the 18th from Porto Bello, with Com. Boyson and lady passengers, they having left that place on account of a revolt. On the 12th Feb. Com. Fernandez took possession of Baranaguilla, and Gen. Montilla marched for that place from Carthagena on the 14th, with a battalion of 300 men, including 50 cavalry. The militia were ordered to be in readiness on the 15th, to march that night to Saranaguilla, a village about 45 miles from Carthagena, as a disturbance had taken place there. Report stated the inhabitants had arms and were in arms—their object being to overthrow the present government, and replace Gen. Montilla in the presidential chair. Carthagena was left with only 150 regular troops, and about 200 militia, to guard the place. Every thing was quiet there, and it was believed the insurrection in the interior would be put down with very little difficulty.—*N. Y. Merc.*

**NORFOLK, March 16.**  
 By the British schooner *Bridgewater*, arrived here yesterday in 22 days from Dominick, we learn that intelligence had been received from Martinique, stating that the insurrection in that island had been entirely suppressed, and tranquility restored. A great number of the insurgents had been shot, and many others were under trial.

From the *New-York Commercial Advertiser*.  
**THE POLISH REVOLUTION.**  
 Our intelligence from the capital of Poland, is no later than before; but there are several articles from other parts of the nation, containing statements not heretofore received here. It was reported that negotiations for the pacification of Poland, had been opened, and that the French minister at St. Petersburg has instructions in favor of such a measure.

The Hamburg correspondent contains the following, of the 23d ult. from Berlin:—"The cause of the dictator Chlopicki having so decidedly relinquished the dictatorship, is said to be, that knowing better than any one else the state of his country, he insisted on a reconciliation with the Emperor by negotiation, whilst the violent members of the Diet were of a contrary opinion. The injunctives given to the French ambassador (the Duke de Montemart) are also said to tend towards a reconciliation, for which object cannot appear likewise favorably disposed." The *Augsburg Gazette* gives the following extract of a letter, dated from Poland, Jan. 18:—"A general impression prevails in the country, that an amicable arrangement with the Emperor Nicholas is now quite out of the question. Until the 12th there was still a ray of hope that an intervention would take place; but the Emperor neither can nor will extend the amnesty to the ringleaders themselves. The reconstruction of the estates of Prince Czartorius by the old Polish province, and the transportation of 300 Wilna students into the interior of the empire, are measures which indicate that serious war will be applied, and what recent events can unfortunately Poland, distracted by internal broils, oppose to a Russian army of 100,000 men? What is said in the Warsaw papers of the enthusiasm with which every boy appears for the defense of the country is greatly exaggerated. The Germans who daily arrive on our frontiers from Warsaw as fugitives, despite the whole country as infected with arms of persons, who render the roads unsafe, and tempt every traveler who wishes to leave Poland as a laborer or spy." The *Gazette* has also the following of the 20th ult. from Warsaw:—"The Russian government has ordered the funds of the *Polish War* that were at Odessa, and the Emperor's agent who was sent there to withdraw them. A Monk from the Palestine of France, arrived at the head of a band of 5000 men, who were received with acclamations. The Duke of St. Bernard has followed his example. In the palatine of Cracow, the peasantry, armed with spears, are generally armed, and in the palatine of Poznan, who have been ordered by the Emperor to march, who have the cause at the

head of their companies. Secretaries and soldiers of the national guard are in formation, and the 13th regiment of the line has been doubled." From this letter it seems that the patriotic enthusiasm of the Poles has been revived, and they are ready to flow in, and exertion is unrelinquished. Among other instances of devotion, 60 young women have requested permission of the government to form themselves into a corps.

Private accounts of the 16th of January, from Cracow, state the commencement of the Revolution, extreme fermentation prevailed at Cracow. This town has now joined the Poles; the people have deposed the Senate, and the members of it who sought to fly have been arrested. The enthusiasm in favor of the independence of Poland is carried to the highest pitch. All the families in easy circumstances are selling their plate, to send the product to Warsaw. The use of silver spoons is considered disgraceful, and none but wooden ones are now used.

The *Messenger des Chambres* has the following article:—"Notwithstanding the contradictory and suspicious accounts of the various Journals, there is every reason to hope that Russian troops will not violate the territory of Poland.—Polish gentlemen, sent by the Diet, have been received by the courts of France, England, and Austria, though bearing no official character, and have laid before the ministers of these three cabinets a statement of their grievances and oppressions, founded upon the false interpretation and neglect of the acts of the congress of Vienna, relative to Poland, as well as the act whereby the Emperor Alexander guaranteed a constitution to the kingdom. The memorials presented by the envoys in support of their application for an intercession, have been examined with interest by the three powers, and Austria in particular appears to have shown a friendly disposition towards Poland. This is to be accounted for by considerations and interests which we are not at liberty at this moment to enter upon.—Notes have been sent to St. Petersburg, urging a suspension of all military attempts upon Poland. The Russian troops have marched to Lithuania, in order to place that province under restraint, and prevent the insurrection from spreading beyond the frontier. The attitude of the Russians is precisely the same as those of the Austrians and Prussians in Galicia and Posen, and they will remain in the same positions during the negotiations which have been opened between Russia on the one part, and the three powers with the Poles, on the other. The family alliance which attaches Prussia to Russia, has been the reason given by the former for not joining the other interested powers. It is however conceived that Prussia will ultimately be driven to participate in the negotiations by the consideration that if the insurgents are driven to despair, each of the participants in the division of Poland may lose his share of the spoil, and the ancient kingdom be re-established. The Emperor Nicholas is also said to have resolved to give to Europe a proof of his justice and humanity."

The following extract of a letter from Trieste, dated Jan. 18, is from the *Augsburg Gazette*:—"Private accounts from Constantinople of December 18, mention that the Porte has ordered considerable armaments to be made, both by sea and land. All the ships in dock are fitted out for sea, with the utmost despatch. New levies have commenced, and the troops are exercised daily. Although these preparations are said to be destined against Candia, or Yarus, it is thought by many that it is the intention of the Porte to take advantage of circumstances, should the affairs of Poland assume an unfavorable turn for Russia."

The *Hague Journal*, of the 23d January, speaks of the energy with which the Dutch cabinet protest against the decisions of the London conference. M. de Vrederik, Minister for foreign affairs, has made the following communication to the states-general:—"For the last two days the disagreeable situation in which His Majesty's fleet is placed by the protocol No. 9, has become still more so, by the communication made to the foreign merchants, on the part of the powers, that the Scheldt should be open. The question being thus decided, His Majesty had no alternative but that of opposing, by force of arms, the navigation of the Scheldt, or of remaining a quiet spectator of it. The King, wishing to avert further evils, has adopted the latter course, convinced that the final advantage is not for those who are defenceless against numbers, and are unjustly, but for those who commit it, with superior forces, and by threatening employment of these forces." This Journal annexed a reflection, the protocol of Aix-la-Chapelle, of Nov. 15, 1818.

A letter of the 27th Jan. from Wissemburg, contains the following:—"The Bavarian General Braun, Commandant of the fortress of Landau, situated five leagues from our town, has just announced to one of his friends here, that this day the town of Landau will be given up to the troops of Austria and the Germanic confederation."

**PARIS, Feb. 1.**  
 Subscription in aid of the Poles.—We have already announced the opening of a subscription in this capital, to assist the Polish nation in its present noble struggle to throw off the Russian yoke. We have been requested by the Committee, formed under the presidency of venerable Lafayette, to receive subscriptions from the English friends of the cause, in aid of this truly generous fund, with which we are most happily disposed to comply. Subscriptions will therefore be received at Messrs. Galigné's from this day.—The following stirring appeal to the friends of Freedom in France has just been put forth by the Committee:—"Poland has made an appeal to France, which France cannot fail to answer. On hearing the name of Poland pronounced, what Frenchman's heart is not filled with emotion? She was partitioned out in the 18th century, and the France of that age approved the scandalous transaction by a disgraceful silence. Our Revolution burst forth, and at once the Poles presented themselves to their glory—our republics were their friends; the French Empire crumpled into dust, and Poland perished with it. When France became no longer free, Poland lost her liberty also; there was no longer any grandeur for Poland when France fell under the scythe of the Restoration. On a sudden, we arose again, and the cry of Liberty was re-echoed by our brothers in arms! Dombrowski, Kosciuszko, Poniatowski, names that belonged to France as well as to Poland, your fellow countrymen invoke our aid, and it shall be granted. No doubt, the policy of states has its rights and its regulations, but a conscientious people acknowledge but one—the right of independence in all people—they have but one rule of conduct—that of giving succor to the oppressed. It is by these sentiments that the friends of Poland have been actuated. A committee has been formed in the capital, the presidency of which is acknowledged right, devolved upon the friend of Kosciuszko, and General Lafayette is eagerly accepted. Warriors who have seen the Poles on the field of battle—Frenchmen of the Revolution and of the Empire who have been accustomed to consider them as brothers—and you the Youth of the present day, who rejoice in our glory with our consanguinity of your age—assist us with your concourse. There is another sympathy which cannot fail to be excited by this sacred cause. Never was there more patriotism—more greatness of soul displayed, than by the females of Poland. Their fortunes, their dearest pledges, even their wedding rings have been deposited upon the altar of the country. Ye women of France lead your aid to the women of Poland. Yesterday you were applauded for your generous devotion in favor of humanity. To-day heroes implore your aid, and you are distinguished by patriotic heroism. The Goddess already shows you; let Poland have to con-

tribute, that she may be worthy to receive the assistance of Liberty.

**Members of the Committee.**—General Lafayette, President; Com. Larivière, Eugene Salvière, Vice President; Dabrowski, E. J. Thierry, Secretaries; M. M. Burignon, Bassac Menegie, Boulay de la Meuzelle, General Carbolnet, Armand Carlé, Canebois Lemaire, Chatelet, Leonard Chodak, Chatelet, Daumon, David, Gen. Decen, Colonel Delaroche, Cassini Delavigne, E. Dolezianowicz, d'Herbier, Dubouzon, General Mathieu Dumars Esvaris Danoullin, Dupont de l'Éars, General Fabris, A. Jules, Victor Hage, A. Balabaud, General Lamarque, E. de Las Cases, J. de Lamoignon, N. Lezotier, A. Marchais, Masquin, De Morlay, Goetan, Murat Odillon, Barrot, Surran, De Schonen, Gen. Suberville, Victor de Tracy, Franz Zeltner.

## MARINE JOURNAL.

**PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.**  
**CLEARED.**  
 Ship Plutarch, Johnson, Liverpool, L H Gale  
 Brig Charles Miller, Robinson, Baltimore,  
 J W Zacharie & Co  
 Schr Active, Toothacher, New York,  
 W W Caldwell.

**ARRIVED.**  
 Steamer Plough Boy, Patterson, from St. Martinsville, with 104 hds 2 lbs sugar 7 kgs butter, 500 beef hides, 2000 hams sac & cc to H R Lee & Co; T Segond, an order.  
 Steamer 76, Howari, from Cincinnati, with 28 hds hams-C J Jordan; 16 bxs type & G Ashbridge; 10 bbl oil, 1 cask do Tupper & Brett; 11 bales mdze J Hagun & Co; 1 bx, 447 bbls pork Steaton & Avery; 1 bbl segars 8 Cucull; 1005 bbls flour York, Maclester & Co; 54 bbls bacon Wallace, Lambeth & Pope; 6 bbls put 19 bbls 1 crate Reynolds & Waller; sundries to order of J. M. 110 slaves on deck.  
 Steamer Palm Woods, from Manchester, with 310 bales cotton 2 1/2 & cc; 40 J G Greys 24 W M Beck; 2 N & J Dick & Co; 42 Eagle & Merritt; 10 Hico & C; Fenbody; 80 J Linton & Co; 54 J Hagun & Co; 100 do owners on board—7 cabin, 19 way and 15 deck passengers.

**CIRCUS.**  
 Custom House street, between Dauphin and Burgundy-sts.  
 Wednesday March 30 1831.  
 The performance to commence with a **New Grand Entrée.**  
 Horsemanship by master Joseph.  
 Song by Mr. Creighton.  
 The Egyptian Pyramid, or men piled upon men by the company.  
 Horsemanship by Mr. Howard.  
 For the first time performance of a lady tumbling in which Mrs. Minnich will appear.  
 Horsemanship by Mrs. Smith who will introduce the scene of the Indian Princess.  
 Song Jim Crow by Nichols.  
 Flying vaulting by the company.  
 Horsemanship by Master Birdsall without saddle or bridle, who will conclude his performance with the wonderful effort of the drunken Hussar, Metamorphosis of the Sack or the Crown executed by a woman, by master Smith.  
 The whole to conclude with the Hunted Tailor, or Mr. Button's unfortunate journey to Brentford.—Billy Button, M. M. Grandly.  
 Doors open at half past 6, performance to commence at 7.  
 Admission \$1 00—children and servants half price

**AMONG** the numerous Steam-boats that ply on the Mississippi, there is one of the *Hull-TER SCOTT*, the captain of which took upon him on the 26th instant, to steal a quantity of firewood which was lying on the levee in front of our plantation. We went to him and reproached him in the most energetic manner with the business of his conduct, and he was so indignant as to use a vulgar and abusive language. We then invited him to come ashore, with a view to give him the chastisement his conduct deserved; but he soon proved to us his courage was not in unison with his words.—We therefore continued him as a man destitute of every sentiment of honor, and respectfully solicit patronage of his friends and the public in general.  
 JOHN C. KLEMM,  
 49 Canal street.

**ROBERT CARY**, formerly of the Wall street house, New York, begs leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has opened the Eastern Hotel, No. 140 in the corner of Hospital and Levee streets, for the accommodation of business, and respectfully solicits patronage of his friends and the public in general.  
 march 23

**CAST** Iron frame Piano Fortes.—The subscriber has received per ship Chester and other late arrivals an elegant assortment of cast iron frame Piano Fortes, of superior tone and workmanship. Also, flutes of every description, violins, violoncellos, guitars, clarinets, bassoons, horns, trumpets, bugles, horns, files, strings, reeds, and every article of musical merchandise, wholesale and retail, on reasonable terms.  
 JOHN C. KLEMM,  
 49 Canal street.

**MOST** assuredly the best ten days of the great Annuals, &c. being exhibited in this city.  
 Mr. Cops takes this opportunity of informing his friends and the public, that his exhibition of the great Serpents, Camels, &c. now exhibiting on the corner of Conti and Levee streets, will finally close on Sunday the 3d of April 1831.  
 march 23—10

**M. M. KERR**,—300 Barrels, 3 mackerels, 40 do no. 1 do, for sale by  
 march 23 LINCOLN & GREEN

**SPERM CANDLES & CHOCOLATE.**—21 boxes Sperm candles; 50 halfboxes Chocolate, landing and for sale by  
 march 23 STETSON & AVERY

**SPERM CANDLES.**—50 BOXES of superior quality, received per ship Hewes, and for sale by  
 march 23 STETSON & AVERY.

**THIS DAY.**  
**BATON ROUGE.**  
**CATHOLIC CHURCH LOTTERY.**  
**6th class for 1831.**  
 To be drawn publicly on Wednesday March 30 1831.

**HIGHEST PRIZE \$10,000.**  
**SCHEME.**

1 Prize of 10,000	15	100
1 " " 3,000	60	100
1 " " 1,500	60	100
1 " " 800	60	100
1 " " 400	60	100
1 " " 200	60	100
1 " " 100	60	100
1 " " 50	60	100
1 " " 20	60	100
1 " " 10	60	100
1 " " 5	60	100
1 " " 2	60	100
1 " " 1	60	100

**PRIZE OF TICKETS.**  
 Whole Tickets, \$4; halves, \$2; quarters, \$1.—Packages of ten whole tickets, \$40, and wanted to draw not less than \$16; half and quarter packages at the same rate. Apply at the  
**Manager's Office,**  
 No. 81 Chartres-street.

**REMOVAL.**  
 DR. PLOUGH, Dental Surgeon has the honor of announcing to the public that he has removed to Mrs. Le Coure's Royal street, no. 140 where he shall continue to exercise his profession. Dr. Plough will call on persons, who may need his services, and honor him with their trust.  
 march 29

**LANDING** from ship *Helvetia*, from Boston 100 bbls for sale by the subscribers 500 casks  
 march 29 THOMSON & AVERY.

**LANDING** from ship *Helvetia*, from Boston 100 bbls for sale by the subscribers 500 casks  
 march 29 THOMSON & AVERY.

**CALL.**  
 Public are respectfully informed that the exhibition of this invaluable picture at no. 3 Chartres street will positively close on the 3d of April

**NOTICE TO EMIGRANTS TO TEXAS.**  
 IN compliance with the instructions and orders just received from their excellencies MEXICO on MEXICO TEXAS, Commander General of the State of Coahuila and Texas and Territory of New Mexico, and from the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United Mexican States at Washington, it becomes the duty of the undersigned to make public, that no citizen of this country can obtain from this consulate passports to emigrate to Texas, unless he give satisfactory proofs of his belonging to the settlements of E. F. Austin, and Green Brazos; known by the names of Rio de los Rios, and City of Gonzalez, or having already contracted with said grants. And furthermore, That General TEXAS has given orders to check the future emigration to said countries, of persons not fitting the indispensable qualities, above mentioned.

**FIANCOS PIZARRO MARTINEZ.**  
 The editors of the St. Louis Beacon, Missouri; Nashville Republician, and Knoxville Register, Tennessee; the Alabama Intelligencer, State of Alabama; the Arkansas Gazette, Little Rock; the Georgia Journal, Mill-kill, Ohio; and the Ohio State Bulletin, Columbus, Ohio; will please insert the above three times in their respective papers, and send their bills, together with the numbers containing the same, to the Mexican Consul at this place.  
 march 29

**TEN DOLLAR REWARD.**  
 RUNAWAY from the subscriber, since the 14th of the present month, a white female, named CHARLOTTE, 28 or 29 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches (American measure) generally well dressed. She is very intelligent, free, and woolly headed. She has lost one of her front teeth; speaks the French English and Spanish. The above reward shall be paid to whoever will bring said slave to her master, or will lodge her in one of the jails of this State.  
 If masters of vessels, and others, are informed not to harbor said slave, under the penalty of ten dollars.  
 march 29 J. C. MARTIN.

**FINE AND COMMON CHAIRS.**  
 The subscriber has just received from the North, and offers for sale, cheap, a good assortment of fine WOOD and STRAW bottomed CHAIRS, of solid WORKMANSHIP.

**J. ROUSSEAU**, Cabinet Maker, No. 148, Chartres, between Toulouse and St. Louis street.

**CAST** Iron frame Piano Fortes.—The subscriber has received per ship Chester and other late arrivals an elegant assortment of cast iron frame Piano Fortes, of superior tone and workmanship. Also, flutes of every description, violins, violoncellos, guitars, clarinets, bassoons, horns, trumpets, bugles, horns, files, strings, reeds, and every article of musical merchandise, wholesale and retail, on reasonable terms.  
 JOHN C. KLEMM,  
 49 Canal street.

**ROBERT CARY**, formerly of the Wall street house, New York, begs leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has opened the Eastern Hotel, No. 140 in the corner of Hospital and Levee streets, for the accommodation of business, and respectfully solicits patronage of his friends and the public in general.  
 march 23

**MOST** assuredly the best ten days of the great Annuals, &c. being exhibited in this city.  
 Mr. Cops takes this opportunity of informing his friends and the public, that his exhibition of the great Serpents, Camels, &c. now exhibiting on the corner of Conti and Levee streets, will finally close on Sunday the 3d of April 1831.  
 march 23—10

**M. M. KERR**,—300 Barrels, 3 mackerels, 40 do no. 1 do, for sale by  
 march 23 LINCOLN & GREEN

**SPERM CANDLES & CHOCOLATE.**—21 boxes Sperm candles; 50 halfboxes Chocolate, landing and for sale by  
 march 23 STETSON & AVERY

**SPERM CANDLES.**—50 BOXES of superior quality, received per ship Hewes, and for sale by  
 march 23 STETSON & AVERY.

**THIS DAY.**  
**BATON ROUGE.**  
**CATHOLIC CHURCH LOTTERY.**  
**6th class for 1831.**  
 To be drawn publicly on Wednesday March 30 1831.

**HIGHEST PRIZE \$10,000.**  
**SCHEME.**

1 Prize of 10,000	15	100
1 " " 3,000	60	100
1 " " 1,500	60	100
1 " " 800	60	100
1 " " 400	60	100
1 " " 200	60	100
1 " " 100	60	100
1 " " 50	60	100
1 " " 20	60	100
1 " " 10	60	100
1 " " 5	60	100
1 " " 2	60	100
1 " " 1	60	100

**PRIZE OF TICKETS.**  
 Whole Tickets, \$4; halves, \$2; quarters, \$1.—Packages of ten whole tickets, \$40, and wanted to draw not less than \$16; half and quarter packages at the same rate. Apply at the  
**Manager's Office,**  
 No. 81 Chartres-street.

**REMOVAL.**  
 DR. PLOUGH, Dental Surgeon has the honor of announcing to the public that he has removed to Mrs. Le Coure's Royal street, no. 140 where he shall continue to exercise his profession. Dr. Plough will call on persons, who may need his services, and honor him with their trust.  
 march 29

**LANDING** from ship *Helvetia*, from Boston 100 bbls for sale by the subscribers 500 casks  
 march 29 THOMSON & AVERY.

**LANDING** from ship *Helvetia*, from Boston 100 bbls for sale by the subscribers 500 casks  
 march 29 THOMSON & AVERY.

**FOR BOSTON.**  
 The fine new and fast running steam boat *WATERBURY*, having on board a complete crew, and having the entire of Thursday next, 31st inst. at 12 o'clock A. M. for passage only, having superior accommodations, both for cabin and deck passengers; apply on board or to  
 march 20  
 E. M. TOURNE,  
 no. 15 New Levee

**FOR HAVANA.**  
 The schooner *WHALE*, Wolf master, will sail in all this week for freight or passage; apply to the capt. on board, or  
 THAYER HURD & Co.  
 No 29 Magazine street  
 march 29

**FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.**  
 The fine brig *EXERTION*, burden 202 tons, apply to  
 W. G. HEWES,  
 no. 8 Camp street  
 march 28

**FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.**  
 The fine brig *HOPE*, will carry about 2000 barrels, apply to  
 W. G. HEWES, 9 Camp st.  
 march 28

**FOR HAVANA.** (Passage only.)  
 The packet *HELVETIA*, M. R. master, will have immediate despatch. For passage, having superior accommodations, apply to  
 march 28 T. NICOLET & Co.

**FOR SALE FREIGHT OR CHARTER.**  
 The brig *ATTAKAPAS*, apply to  
 march 28 J. W. ZACHARIE & Co.

**FOR LIVERPOOL.**  
 The (A) ship *GOLCONDA*, J. N. Wills master, has the principal part of her cargo engaged; for freight of 400 bales of cotton and a deck load, apply to  
 march 28 LINCOLN & GREEN.

**FOR KINGSTON, JAMAICA.**  
 The fine fast sailing schooner *SWAIN*, Green, master, having all of her cargo engaged, will sail in a few days; for passage only, having good accommodations apply to the capt. on board opposite the blue stores or to  
 march 28 J. W. ZACHARIE & Co.

**FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.**  
 The fast sailing (A) ship *GEORGES*, capt. Fales, apply to  
 W. G. HEWES,  
 no. 9 Camp street.  
 march 26

**FOR NEW YORK.**  
 The fine fast sailing ship *CHARLES*, CAPT. BRIDLEY, can take the bulk of 30 bales of cotton and accommodate several passengers; if application is immediately made to  
 march 26 LINCOLN & GREEN.

**FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.**  
 The fine schooner *WILLIAM HENRY*, burtn 121 tons, stows about 200 lbs. sugar, is in readiness for a voyage; for further particulars apply on board or to  
 march 26 J. W. ZACHARIE & Co.

**FOR LIVERPOOL.**  
 About 75 bales cotton, can be taken on deck of the fine (A) brig *CONCORD*, apply to  
 W. G. HEWES,  
 march 25 no. 9 Camp street.

**FOR BOSTON.**  
 The fine fast sailing brig *ELIZA*, capt. Palmer, having part of her cargo engaged will have despatch for balance of freight or passage apply on board, or to  
 march 25 STETSON & AVERY.

**FOR BOSTON.**  
 The copped brig *FLOYD*, capt. Bennett, wants 75 bales cotton on deck load. Apply on board, or to  
 march 25 STETSON & AVERY.

**FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.**  
 The (A) ship *HEWES*, capt. Spear, apply to  
 march 24 W. H. HEWES.

**FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.**  
 The (A) ship *GOLCONDA*, J. N. Wills master, will carry 1200 bales of cotton; for terms apply to  
 march 24 LINCOLN & GREEN.

**FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.**  
 The (A) ship *HENRY TAYLOR*, capt. Miles, burthen about 13500 bales of cotton, apply to  
 march 24 LINCOLN & GREEN.

**FOR PHILADELPHIA.**  
 The fine brig *ALCYONE*, capt. Byram, will have despatch, apply to  
 W. G. HEWES,  
 9 Camp street.  
 march 23 For sale on board 50 tons good potting stones.

**SALES AT AUCTION.**  
 BY T. MOSSY.  
 On Thursday, April 14, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange coffee house, will be sold  
 An African negro named *Phillip*, aged 30 years, center set; a ploughman; an American negro named *Allen*, aged 28 years, center set; a ploughman and sawyer; an African negro named *Pierre*, aged 30 years, field hand. All the above slaves are warranted against vice and diseases contemplated by law, and are bound fallows.  
 Payable in March 1832, in approved endorsed paper, with mortgage usual final payment.  
 march 28

BY T. MOSSY.  
 On Monday, 4th April, at 10 o'clock, a. m. will be sold in the store no. 12 Levee st. occupied by Messrs. Gallagher & Co.  
 A complete assortment of Chinaware, glassware, earthenware, looking glasses, &c.  
 Terms—Up to \$100, cash; from \$100 to \$500 three months; from \$500 to \$500 six months; and over \$500 eight months credit; an approved endorsed paper.  
 march 28

BY F. DUVILLER.  
 On Wednesday, 20th of March next, at twelve o'clock, at Hewlett's coffee house, will be sold  
 1st. A LOT OF GROUND situated on Plaque, between Bayou and Esplanade streets, designated under no. 7, and measuring 40 front feet, 100 depth, 7 feet, 7 inches, French measure.—There is, on this lot, a quantity of fruit trees of every species.—An annual income of \$300, to 400, might be derived from this orchard.  
 2d. A lot of ground situated in the new Marigny's Faubourg, corner of Bagelle and St. John the Baptist's street, no. 217; square no. 26; measuring 60 front feet, and 120 depth of 120.  
 Terms:—1, 2, and 3 years credit; endorsed paper with special mortgage.  
 march 28

BY JOSEPH LEGARPIERRE & Co.  
 In virtue of a judgment rendered by the honorable first Judicial Tribunal of the Court of the state of Louisiana, there will be sold at Hewlett's exchange coffee house on Saturday the 23d of April 1831, at one o'clock precisely p. m.  
 A lot of ground, situated in this city, in the Royal street between Toulouse and St. Peter streets, measuring 60 feet front by 120 feet in depth. French measurement; bounded on one side by the property of Mrs. Widow Louche, and on the other side by that of John H. Grymes, Esq.; together with the buildings and improvements thereon.  
 Terms—Payable in three equal instalments on one year and three years from the day of