SQUANDERED A FORTUNE

"Hub" Kingsbury Dies in the Poorhouse at Warwick, R. I.

One Hundred Thousand Dollars Left to Him by His Father Is Spent in Mad Extravagance.

"Hub" Kingsbury, a boon companion of John L. Sullivan in his palmiest days, died at the poorhouse in Warwick, R. I., the other day, and on a grave in the potter's field there was inscribed: "Herbert L. Kingsbury, born in Warwick and died at the town farm, aged 37."

Only a few years ago Kingsbury came into possession of his father's fortune, about $100,000, and he became a wine-drinking patron of the biggest sporting events in the country. The elder Kingsbury made his goodly pile in gathering junk, and a few years before his death he became a sport, and squandered $40,000 in fast living. The son started in where the father left off, and sometimes he squandered $1,000 in a night. One supper, to which Sullivan and his sparring partner, Jack Ashton, and some actresses were invited, was at an expense of $140 a plate.

In the Hoffman house, New York, one day Kingsbury asked for a good smoke and was shown some cigars for one dollar each. He did not relish the manner in which the attendant looked over him, and he quietly responded: "Give me 50." A $100 bill was laid upon the cigar case, and two twenties and a ten were handed back in change. Kingsbury had apparently some difficulty in using the matches the attendant supplied and it was not until the three bills were burned that the smoke curled up to suit the fastest Rhode Islander that had ever come to notice from the lowly walks of life thereabouts.

Kingsbury joined with John L. in the most extraordinary sprees, and they vied with each other in their apparent desire to see who could prove most conclusively that "a fool and his money are soon parted."

Kingsbury kept up the pace for two years, during which time he married Estella Vaughan, whom he tired of and later induced for a large consideration to leave him forever.

His riotous living undermined his constitution, and by the time his money was spent he was a wreck both physically and financially. He became a hostler, piano player in various resorts and was the recipient of nickels and dimes from men and women who had formerly joined as friends in his costly orgies.

WANTS HIS RELEASE.

Jockey Ted Sloane Anxious to Ride for English Lords.

A dispatch to the New York World from London says: Where Ted Sloane will ride this year has not yet been settled. The little American is now trying to get the Fleischmanns to release him, so that he can ride in England.

Lord William Beresford and Pierre Lorillard have offered him $15,000 for first claim on his services for the season of 1898. Sloane has been holding out for $20,000, a sum that Lord William is willing to give, but which Lorillard objects to.

Sloane has gone to Florida to see Lorillard and to try to arrange if possible to get his release from the Fleischmanns.

It is understood than another prominent English turfman has made Sloane an offer of $7,500 for second call on his services. This man, it is said, is close to the prince of Wales, and it is his offer that probably started the report that Sloane would ride in the prince's colors.

One thing is certain, that if Sloane returns to England he can ride in every race every day if he wishes to. He will have his hands full, and will have to use much discrimination in accepting the mounts offered to him.

A MODEL HOUSEKEEPER.

Mrs. L. Z. Leiter an Example of Industry and Skill.

There are few more thorough or industrious housekeepers in Washington than Mrs. L. Z. Leiter. The first morning of each month she spends looking over her accounts and settling all bills for her household. This is no inconsiderable task, as the accounts of an establishment like theirs are voluminous and complicated. New Year's day four hours of the morning were spent in this way by Mrs. Leiter. The morning room is bright and attractive, its windows facing south and looking out upon Dupont circle. Every department of the Leiter household is managed upon a most systematic plan and runs like clockwork.

America's Christmas Gift to the Pope.

The pope was the recipient at Christmas of a very expensive gift which has been subscribed for by several of the Roman Catholics of the new world, says the London Chronicle. This is a cross of gold set with 90 diamonds. All the stones, 40 of which are of 2½ karats and 50 of half a karat, with a central stone of 30 karats, are flawless, and have been cut to match each other. The cross has been designed by one of the chief jewelers of New York, and has been two months in the making, the back being delicately carved and bearing several Biblical inscriptions. Its value is said to be £2,000.

Japanese Decorative Effect.

One of the novel ideas of decorative effect in Japan is to catch fireflies, keep them in a cage or box of wire until you have company, and then release them in the garden for the guests to admire and talk about.

German Needles.

A German paper calls attention to the fact that at Aachen alone 800 tons of iron wire are used annually in the manufacture of needles — 4,500,000,000 needles, valued at $1,500,000.

HAVEN'T SPOKEN FOR YEARS.

Queer Feud Between an Ohio Father and His Son.

The curiosity of the residents of McKean township, in Licking county, O., has been aroused by the relations of a father and his son. It has been 12 years since the eldest son, Evan Brevard, Jr., and his father, Evan Brevard, Sr., have exchanged a single word, notwithstanding the fact that both live under the same roof, eat at the same table, work together side by side in the fields and have considerable business in common.

The cause of this estrangement is shrouded in mystery. It is frequently commented upon, but no one can account for the strange relation between the two men who are in each other's company almost all of the time. If the son, who is 33 years of age, wants anything of his father, the request is communicated in a roundabout way, the mother usually serving as a go-between. If the father has an order to give or a favor to ask, it is invariably directed to his son through his wife.

Naturally both men are of a genial disposition and light-hearted temperament, but the long-standing feud has made both gloomy and morose in each other's company, and each has apparently hardened his heart against all attempts at reconciliation.

The aged wife and mother has repeatedly tried to "break the barriers" away in vain. Each attempt is met with disappointment, and the strained relationship between her husband and her first born is causing her great sorrow in her old age. The trouble is said to be no nearer a settlement than it was a dozen years ago when it started from a cause known only to the immediate members of the family.

MONEY ALL OVER THE HOUSE.

Search of a Dead Woman's Home Produces Rich Results.

Barney Picker, living three miles north of Delphos, O., died about eight years ago, since which time the widow has been making her home with her nephew, Henry Picker. The other morning she was stricken with heart disease and died in the hayloft. It was thought by the relatives that the widow's holdings would not amount to over $100, but when the administrator, Michael Kimmet, searched the room occupied by Mrs. Picker startling discoveries were made.

In every drawer of the dressing case money was found, $4,500 in gold, silver and paper money and $5,000 in gold notes being turned up. The cash consisted of gold eagles, bank notes, silver dollars, halves, quarters, dimes, nickels and pennies. In a bonnet which the woman had worn for years was found $1,500 in paper money, secreted beneath the lining. The money represented the earnings and savings of over 30 years' labor.

The finding of the money recalls a visit made to their home by robbers about 20 years ago. The couple were beaten almost into insensibility in an effort to force them to reveal the hiding place of their wealth, which the robbers thought was secreted around the premises, but without success. Their bare feet were held to a hot stove, but they would not give up the hiding place of their gold. The house was ransacked, but nothing was secured.

GRAND CAKE WALK.

Two Governors and Other Notabilities Witness the Event.

Society turned out in force to the interstate cake walk, which was given at the big auditorium at Wichita, Kan., the other night, at which the champion cake walkers of Kansas, Missouri, Colorado and Oklahoma contended for the interstate championship.

The governors of Kansas, Oklahoma and their respective staffs, were present, and delegations from Kansas City, Denver, Guthrie, St. Louis and many other points attended.

The judges included Chief of Police Campbell, of Wichita; L. G. Tiblack, of Guthrie, president of the Oklahoma Press association, and W. H. Robinson, of Kansas City, superintendent of the Pullman Palace Car company. Twelve couples competed for the prizes.

The first prize, an enormous cake, weighing 100 pounds, and a pocket full of gold coins was carried off by Walter Gray, of Guthrie, O. T. This revival of the old southern entertainment was received with unbounded enthusiasm. The men contestants were handsomely dressed, and their women partners were arrayed in rainbow colors.

CALLS RELIGION A SHAM.

Remarkable Will Left by a Prominent New York Presbyterian.

One of the most remarkable wills ever filed in the office of the surrogate at New York is that of Henry Morehouse Taber, offered for probate the other day.

In spite of the fact that Mr. Taber was president and treasurer of the board of trustees of the First Presbyterian church, in the opening clauses of his will he denounces all religion as sham and as having its origin in superstition.

He requests that no services be held over his body and that it be cremated. The estate, valued at more than $1,000,000, is left to his two children.

Aluminium Balloon.

A steerable aluminium balloon, driven by a benzine motor, was tried recently in Berlin. It rose to a height of 1,000 feet, but could not work against the wind, and soon came down with a crash. It was 13 meters high by 45 meters long, weighed 75 hundred weight, and is said to have cost 200,000 marks, while the experiments preliminary to its construction cost 3,000,000 marks.

Rheumatism Cured by Aluminium.

A German doctor of reputation prescribes aluminium as a cure for rheumatism. A finger ring made of this metal joined with another generates a gentle current of electricity, which, he says, effects a perfect cure.

A MATRIMONIAL MIX-UP.

Queer Complications Growing Out of a Double Wedding.

A Widower and His Daughter Are United in Marriage to a Brother and Sister at Columbus, O.

Some peculiar complications of relationship have grown out of a double wedding celebrated in Columbus, O., recently. Justice J. W. Stader was the magistrate who tied the knots and thereby brought about the entanglement of ties. The parties to the contracts were father, daughter, brother and sister. Russell Debusk was a widower with one daughter, Miss Alpha Debusk. But he realized that with his only child wedded he would be very much alone in the world, so he decided to make a second matrimonial venture. When young William Bevars asked for the hand of Alpha Debusk he received the paternal blessing. Then as one good turn deserves another, William consented to the marriage of his sister, Miss Eva Bevars, to Russell Debusk.

Justice Stader was called upon and the vows were plighted in one ceremony. The result is that Mrs. Bevars becomes the sister-in-law of her father's wife, while the latter becomes her daughter-in-law's sister. Debusk becomes his daughter's brother-in-law, holds the same relationship to her husband, as well as that of father-in-law to the young man. The young man is brother to Mrs. Debusk and also her son-in-law. She is his sister and by virtue of the two marriages is also his mother-in-law. By the same reasoning Bevars becomes an uncle to his wife and she is her own aunt. Mrs. Debusk is not only the sister-in-law of Mrs. Debusk, but is also her mother-in-law and aunt.

These are a few of the complications which arise out of the double wedding. They are merely such as would arise out of the laws concerning the relationships by marriage without consanguinity. But all of the parties are bound by ties of blood as well as law. Here is a field for the lawyer well versed in the canons of the law and the statutes regulating descents and distributions. If these can be relied upon, then it may be that Mrs. Bevars as her father's daughter, sister-in-law and her own aunt may be called upon some day to inherit her own estate. Strange things have happened before now under what are termed fictions of law. But with this entanglement of vows and blood, fiction is once more demonstrated to be out of the running with truth.

STYLE AT INDIAN WEDDING.

The Penobscot Tribe in Maine Does Honor to the Occasion.

The most notable wedding for years in the Penobscot tribe of Indians was celebrated on Indian island at Oldtown, Me., the other evening with a reception and dance. The ceremony took place in the afternoon at the Catholic church on the island. John T. Rance, a young guide, and one of the most promising members of the tribe, married Miss Josephine Newell, niece of the famous woodsman and moose hunter, Joseph Francis. There was a very large attendance and the church was superbly decorated for the occasion. Rev. Father Cleary, of St. Joseph's church, Oldtown, officiated. Miss Cornelia T. Crosby acted as bridesmaid. The best man was Lewis Sockalexis, the famous ball player and member of the Cleveland National league club.

The bride, one of the handsomest of the Indian maidens on the island, wore a light blue satin gown with a train. Her veil was held in place by orange blossoms. Miss Crosby wore green silk and was the center of admiration of the Indians. At night the wedding reception was very exclusive, only those having invitations being admitted. Many of the guests wore the picturesque costumes of the tribe.

MAY WITHHOLD ROYALTIES.

Government's Position Towards the Harvey Armor Plate Process.

It has been ascertained at the navy department at Washington that the decision of the patent office experts recently submitted in the matter of the patents for the Harveyized armor plate may result in the withholding of the payment of further royalties on plate furnished by the large steel companies. The question submitted by Secretary Long to the patent office was whether the employment of a temperature above that of molten cast iron is an essential feature of the Harvey patents, and the experts reached the conclusion that such heat was an essential feature of the device. The navy department plate experts are of opinion that the highest temperature is not essential to the obtaining of the most satisfactory face-hardened plates. The use of temperature not quite so high as that covered by the Harvey process is not regarded by them as an infringement of the Harvey patents.

A Native Zulu Xylophone.

In a collection of curiosities from the Zulu and Kaffir tribes of Africa, which has just been purchased for the University of Pennsylvania museum, there is a native xylophone of rude appearance, but possessing rich tones. The invention of the xylophone is ascribed to the Zulus, after whom it was probably named.

Luck Came with the Cat.

A cat was sold in Augusta, Ga., the other day for $100, says the Atlanta Journal. The cat came into an establishment some time ago and took up its abode. The cat was beautifully marked, and a few days ago a New Yorker who saw the animal made the offer for it and the deal was closed the other day.

Largest Clock.

The clock in Westminster abbey is the largest in the world.

DE LA NLLE-ORLEANS
... et dans tous les Etats du Sud. Sa publicité offre donc un commerce de l'abonnement, pour l'année: Edition quotidienne, $12 00; Edi-

Bulletin Financier.

Vendredi, 4 février 1898.

COMPTOIR D'ECHANGES (CLEARING-HOUSE) DE LA NOUVELLE ORLEANS.

Jusqu'ici cette semaine	$10,191,942 00	$1,028,555 00
Même temps la semaine dernière	11,271,919 00	1,384,734 00

ETAT HEBDOMADAIRE DU CLEARING-HOUSE.

Compilé par Thos C. Herndon, Directeur.

Actif:

Billets des Etats Unis et des Banques Nationales	$ 5,561,900 00
Autres items, comptant	—
Change à vue sur N. Y	5,426,800 00
Change étranger	32,600 00
Dû par des banques et banquiers éloignés	661,400 00
Prêts et escomptes	16,744,900 00
Autre actif comptant	3,880,600 00
Total	$32,308,200 00

Passif:

Circulation	541,500 00
Dépôts	20,920,800 00
Dû à des banques et des banquiers éloignés	4,402,300 00
Autre passif dû à des banques et banquiers	5,000 00
Autre passif comptant	58,700 00
Total	$25,988,300 00

Comparé avec la semaine dernière:

	Augmentation	Diminution
Legal Tenders	76,300	
Prêts		586,900
Dépôts	120,900	
Dû aux banques et banquiers		52,000
Change	531,300	

MARCHE MONETAIRE.

Nouvelle-Orléans—	
Papier exceptionnel	7
do A1	6
Prêts sur garanties collatérales	4
Time do do	4
Papier hypothécaire	7

Monnaies américaines et étrangères et Billets de Banques.

MONNAIE—	
Souverains Victoria	$4 80@4 90
20-francs	$3 80@3 90
Doublons espagnols	$15 40@15 60
25-pesetas espagnols	$4 70
Or léger américain	97@97½c
Argent mutilé américain, par oz	52@54
Dollars mexicains	43
Sols péruviens	40½
Pesos chiliens	40½
Argent anglais, par £	$4 60@4 80
Billets de la Banque d'Angleterre	$4 80@4 90
Billets de la Banque de France	18⅞@19⅞
LONDRES—	
Taux de la Banque d'Angleterre 3 0[0.	
Consols pour l'argent 112½.	
Pour compte 112⅝.	
PARIS—	
Rentes 103.52½.	
ARGENT EN LINGOTS (PAR ONCE —	
Londres 26 1[16.	
New-York 56¼@57¼.	

CHANGE.

Le STERLING est stable.

Commercial (60 jours)	481¼@481⅞
Traites de banques (à vue)	485½

Les FRANCS sont stables.

Francs de commerce (60 jours)	5.23⅛
Traites de banques (à vue)	5.17½
REICHMARKS—94⅛	

Le CHANGE A VUE SUR NEW-YORK est calme.

Traites de commerce $1 00 d'esc.

Traites de banques au pair.

VENTES A LA BOURSE DE LA NOUVELLE-ORLEANS.

Entre les appels de 10 A. M. et de 2 P. M.

$1,000 N. O City and Lake RR 5s	97
$2,000 R. R. A & B. Bl L. Bds	107
$7,000 Louisiana 4s	103

Après l'appel de 2 P. M.

$500 Bons a prime	205½

ACTIONS ET BONS.

Dernières cotes du N. O. Stock Exchange.

	Valeur au pair	Offre	Demande
Banques.			
Canal & Banking Co	100	122½	127
Citizens	100	83	95
Germania National	100	....	....
Germania Savings	100	340	....
Hibernia National	100	192	200
Louisiana National	100	....	125
Metropolitan	100	125	....
N. O. National	100	500	560
People's	50	39	41
Provident Savings	100	77	80
State National	100	75	78
Teutonia	100	....	87½
Union National	100	87½	90
United States Savings	100	....	92
Whitney National	100	335	400
Compagnies d'assurances.			
Firemen's	50	7	9
Germania Ins. Co	100	70	75
Hibernia Ins	100	98½	....
Home Ins	100	....	75
Lafayette	50	91	....
Merchants' Ins. Co	100	....	95
Mechanics' and Traders	100	....	90½
N. O. Ins. Ass	100	83	92
Sun Mutual Ins	100	150	195
Southern Ins. Co	100	106	112
Teutonia	100	137	145
Chemins de fer urbains.			
Carrollton	100	122¼	124
Crescent City	100	....	....
Canal and Claib. (new stock)	100	140	150
New Orleans City	100	....	....
Orleans	50	10	12
St. Charles Street	50	54¾	55¾
Actions diverses.			
J. O. Slaughterhouse	50	36	36½
Imp. Bonded Warehouse	100	41	....
Jefferson City Gas Light	100	....	40
Metairie Cem'y Ass	100	101½	....
M. L. & B. As		25	27½
N. O. Gas Light Co	100	116¾	119½
N. O. Waterworks Co	100	111	114
N. O. Brewing Ass	100	23	25
Jackson Brewing Co	100	205	225
N. O. Cold Storage Co	100	112	....
N. O. Land Co	10	4¼	5½
Sugar Shed Co	100	....	....
Louisiana Electric Light	100	....	....
Standard Guano & Chem	100	....	....
St. Martin's Oil Works		....	....
S'dard F'lers Ex. Co. of Ch	10	....	....
Jockey Club	100	150	165
Comb. T. Stand		....	....
Edison Elec. Co		....	....
Takemine Ferment Co		....	....
Rosetta Gravel		....	....
Varie. Theatre		....	1750
Stafford Mineral Spring		....	....
Independent Oil Works		....	....
Young Men's Ath. Club		....	....
Traction Pref'd		....	....
do common		....	....
Algiers W. W. & Elect. Co		....	100
French Opera Association	250	60	75
Texas and Pacific RR. Co		....	....
Interstate Trans'n Co		....	....
Bons d'Etat.			
Louisiana 4s		102⅞	103½
Constitutional Bds		....	....
Levee Cs.			
Atchafalaya Levee Bds		105	109
Bossier Lev. Bds		109	....
Caddo Levee Bonds		108¾	111
5th District Levee Bds 1908		101	104
do do do 1911		103½	108
do do do 1913		104	....
Lamproie Lev. Bds		107	110
Lake Borgne Lev. Bds		105	110
Pontchartrain L. B. 15 yrs		107	111
Pontchartrain L. B. 20 yrs		107	111
Pontchartrain L. B. 50 yrs		107	....
Red River Atch. & B. R. Bds		108¾	109
Tensas Basin Bonds		107	111
Bons de ville.			
City 4's		104¾	105
Premium		205	200
Premium drawn number		235	....
City 7's, gold		....	....
Privilege on Nos		....	....
Bons divers.			
United States 4's of 1907		114	....
U. S. 4's of 1925		128	....
U. S. 5's		113	....
Cotton Exchange Stock		....	100
Mech. Dealers and Lumb		....	....
Sugar Exchange		....	....
Canal and Claib. St. M. old		102	....
Canal & Claib. St. RR. M. (Gold)		119	122
American Brew'g Co. Bds		112	120
Algiers W. W. & E. Bds Gold		100	105
Jackson Brewery 1st Mort. Bds		....	....
Jackson Brewery 2d Mort. Bds		....	....
Morgan's L. and T. R. R. 7's		131	134
Morgan's L. T. R. R. 6's gold		121	123
Tex. & Pac. RR. 1st gold mort		....	....
Tex. & Pacific RR. 2d gold mort		....	....
Sab & Red Riv RR. 1st mort. gold		....	....
Crescent City RR. 1st Cs		100	....
Crescent City RR. new Bs (Gold)		77½	80
N. O. City RR. 1st mort Cs		108¼	110
N. O. City and Lake Bs (Gold)		98¾	98½
[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]		90	95
[illegible]		124	....
Carrollton RR. Gold mort. 5s	100	....	....
Carrollton 2nds 12 yrs (Gold)	Ex108	....	....
Carrollton 13 yrs (Gold)	Ex109	....	....
Carrollton 14 yrs (Gold)	Ex110	....	....
N. O. Waterworks 1st mort	113¾	....	....
New South Bld Ass'n A		....	....
do do C		....	....
N. O. Brewing Ass'n bonds		79¾	81
Hylton Land Company Bond 6s		....	....
do do 5s		....	50
Edison Bonds		....	....
La. Electr. Light Co. 1st mort		....	....
La. Electr. Light Co. 2d mort		....	....
Levee S. Cotton Press mort		100	....
Cotton Exchange 1st mort		102½	....
Certificats et Warrants.			
Police certificates		....	....
School certificates		....	....
City scrip, new		....	....
Certificats émis en vertu de l'acte 93 de 1880		....	....
Unpaid State coupons No 12		....	....
State school warrants		....	....
O. St. L. & N. O. Gold 5s		....	....
N. O. Abattoir Co		....	....
N. O Cotton Ex. 1st Mrt		....	....
N. O. Traction Co., Power House Bds		....	....
Algiers W. W. & Elec. Co		....	....
Orleans RR 2nd mort		....	....

Bulletin Commercial

Vendredi, 4 février 1898,

COTON.

Marché de la Nlle-Orléans.

SUR PLACE.

Le Cotton Exchange a rapporté aujourd'hui des ventes de 5,400 balles et 3,600 à arriver.

Le marché est ferme.

Les cotons tachés sont de ⅛ à ⅜c. plus bas que les cotes suivantes

	Aujourd'hui	
Low Ordinary	3¾	nom
Ordinary	4½	"
Good Ordinary	4⅝	"
Low Middling	4 15[16	"
Middling	5¼	"
Good Middling	5 9[16	"
Middling Fair	6	nom
Fair	7¼	"

N. O. FUTURES

Inactifs.

Janvier	— @ —
Février	5,27 Bid
Mars	5,33@5,34
Avril	5,36@5,37
Mai	5,42@5,43
Juin	5,47@5,48
Juillet	5,52@5,53
Août	5,57@5,58
Septembre	5,60@5,62
Octobre	5,63@5,65
Novembre	— @ —
Décembre	— @ —

Les ventes comprennent 6,600 balles.

MARCHES DIVERS.

Aujourd'hui le middling était coté à—

Galveston	5⅛
Mobile	5¼
Savannah	5 3[16
Charleston	5¼
Wilmington	5⅜
Norfolk	5⅜
Baltimore	5⅝
Boston	5 15[16
Philadelphie	6 3[16
Memphis	5 5[16
Augusta	5⅜
St-Louis	5⅜

MARCHE DE NEW-YORK.

SUR PLACE.

Inactif.

Cotes—Middling Gulf 6 3[16

N. Y. FUTURES.

Calmes.

Janvier	— @ —
Février	5,71@5,73
Mars	5,75@5,76
Avril	5,78@5,80
Mai	5,82@ —
Juin	5,8[illegible]@5,86
Juillet	5,88@5,89
Août	5,91@5,92
Septembre	5,91@5,92
Octobre	5,92@5,93
Novembre	5,94@5,95
Décembre	— @ —

Les ventes comprennent 55,900 balles.

MOUVEMENT DU COTON.

REÇU, NET—

A la Nlle-Orléans depuis le 1er septembre	2,019,569 balles
Même temps l'année dernière	1,747,405 balles
A tous les ports des Etats-Unis	6,812,406 balles
Même temps l'année dernière	5,683,610 balles
EXPORTATIONS A L'ETRANGER—	
De la Nouvelle-Orléans depuis le 1er septembre	1,383,835 balles
Même temps l'année dernière	1,420,920 balles
De tous les ports des Etats-Unis	4,845,923 balles
Même temps l'année dernière	4,234,331 balles
STOCKS—	
A la Nouvelle-Orléans	533,706 balles
Même temps l'année dernière	385,168 balles
Dans tous les ports des Etats-Unis	1,814,326 balles
Même temps l'année dernière	998,400 balles

MARCHE DE LIVERPOOL.

SUR PLACE.

Montant.

Cotes—3 7[32 pour le Middling Américain.

FUTURS.

Calmes.

MARCHE DU HAVRE

SUR PLACE.

Calme et stable.

Cotes—42¼fr. pour l'Ordinaire (sur place); 40¼fr. pour le Très Ordinaire (sur place); 38 fr. pour le Bas (sur place).

FUTURS.

Stables.

SUCRE ET MELASSE.

Jobbing ⅛@¼c plus élevé par livre pour le sucre, et 3@5c plus élevé par gallon pour les mélasses que les cotes suivantes du Sugar Exchange.

SUCRE—OPEN KETTLE—Stable.	
Par livre	2½@ 3⅜
Centrifugal kettle	3⅛@ 3⅜
CENTRIFUGAL—Très fort.	
Granulated	4⅜@4 11[16
Whites	3⅞@4 15[16
Yellows	3 11[16@4⅛
Fancy yellows	— @ —
Seconds	2¼@ 3½
MELASSE—OPEN KETTLE—Fort.	14@27c.
CENTRIFUGAL—Fort 5@13c.	
SIROP—Il n'y a plus de sirop.	
SUCRE RAFFINE—	
Cut Loaf	5⅝
Powdered	5⅝
Standard granulated	5⅛
Confectioners' A	5⅛

Moins ⅛c et 1[16c d'escompte en lots de 100 barils.

RIZ

(A la Bourse.)

RIZ MOULE—Fort et actif.

Nouvelle: Fancy	5½@5¾
Choice	5⅛@5⅜
Prime	4⅝@5
Good	4½@4¾
Fair	4¼@4⅜
Ordinary	3⅞@4
Common	3¼@3½
Screenings	— @ —
Inferior	— @ —
No 2	— @ —

RIZ POLI—Ton. $14 00 à 15 00

SON—$9 50 à 10 50

RIZ BRUT—Fort et actif.

$1 50@4 25

FARINES.

A LA BOURSE.

Clôture officielle de la Bourse:

FARINE—

Patents, le baril	$4 95 @5 05
Extra fancy	$4 55 @4 65

FARINE DE MAIS—$1 60@1 65.

Hors de la Bourse les prix de farine et de farine de maïs sont de 25 à 50c. plus cher par baril.

GRAINS ET FOURRAGES.

MAIS—On cote — à 39 pour le blanc 38 à — pour le mêlé et 38 à 39 pour le jaune.

AVOINE—No 2 de l'Ouest 31¼ à —. Choix 32 à — c.; Texas No 2 34 à 35.

SON—72½ à 75c.

FOIN—Prime $13 00 à 14 50; Choice $15 50 à 16 50.

Les petites lots se vendent aux prix suivants: maïs 2c de plus par boisseau; avoine 2 à 5c de plus par boisseau; foin [illegible] de plus par 100 livres; [illegible] à la tonne.

PROVISIONS.

A LA BOURSE.

Clôture officielle de la Bourse pour les lots en gros:

MESS PORK—	
Vieux	$10 50@10 75
Nouveaux	11 25@11 50
VIANDES SALEES SECHES—	
Epaules	5½@ 5¾
Short rib sides	5⅜@ 5½
Short clear sides	5⅜@ 5½
Long clear sides	— @ 5⅝
BACON—	
Epaules	5½@ 5⅝
Short rib sides	6⅛@ 6¼
Long clear sides	— @ —
Short clear sides	6 @ 6⅛
GRAISSE—	
En tierçons, refined	3⅞@ 4
Lard pur	5 @ 5⅛
JAMBON—8¼@9½.	

Les cotes des provisions à la Bourse sont pour le marché en gros; les prix des détaillants sont de 25 à 50c. plus élevés pour le porc; et de ¼ à ½c. pour les autres articles provenant du porc.

GROCERIES.

Le Board of Trade donne les cotes suivantes pour les lots de chargement de café.

Job lots ¼ à ⅛c plus élevé.

RIO—Calme et stable.	
Fair No 3	9
Low Fair No 4	8¼
Good Ordinary No 5	7¾
Ordinary No 6	Nominal
Low Ordinary No 7	..
Strictly Good Ordinary No 8	..
Good Common No 9	..
SANTOS—Calme et stable	
Fair No 3	9¼
Low Fair No 4	8½
Good Ordinary No 5	8
Ordinary No 6	7½
Low Ordinary No 7	7
Strictly Good Common No 8	6⅞
Common No 9	6⅝
MEXICAIN—Calme et stable.	
Corlova—Fair	9¼
Barely fair	8¼
Low fair	8½
Coatepex—Fair	9¼
Barely fair	8¼
Low fair	8½
BEURRE—	
Western Creamery—Extra	21 @ —
Extra firsts	18 @19
Firsts	17 @ —
Western Dairy—Extra	14 @15
Extra firsts	12
Firsts	10 @11
Jobbing un peu plus élevé.	
FROMAGE—	
New York creams	10¾
Twins, full cream	9¼
Young America's, full cream	9½
Singles	9½
Jobbing un peu plus élevé.	

GRAINE DE COTON ET LES PRODUITS.

Graine de coton—Ici $7 00 à — par ton.

Farine de graine de coton par chargement au dépôt $17 00 par short ton, pour l'exportation $18 25 à 18 50 f. o. b. per long ton

Oil cake—$18 25 à 18 50 pour l'exportation f. o. b.

Huile de graine de coton (en gros ou pour l'expédition), par gallon, prime crude 17½ à 18c.; refined 21 à 21½c.

TOILE D'EMBALLAGE — 2¼-pound 5 15[16 per yard; 2-pound 5 7[16, 1¾-pound 5 3[16.

Twine—Jute 7½c. la livre; Hemp 10c.

COTTON TIES—83@85c.

FRUITS ET NOIX.

POMMES—	
Par boite	1 75@ 2 00
Par baril	3 50@ 4 25
ORANGES—	
Par boite	2 15@ 3 00
LIMONS—	
Par boite	2 75@ 3 50
COCO S—	
Par 1000	20 00@22 00
Par 100	2 50@ —
ANANAS—	
Par douzaine	3 00@ 4 00
POIRES—	
Par baril	2 00@ 2 25
PECHES—	
Par boite de 1[3 de boisseau	—@—
BANANES—	
Par régime	1 35@ 1 60
RAISINS—	
Par boite	1 50@ 1 65
PISTACHES—	
Par livre	20@50c
PACANES—	
De la Louisiane, par livre	9@16c
Du Texas, par livre	—@—

Jobbing un peu plus élevé que les prix ci-dessus.

PRODUITS DE LA CAMPAGNE.

Nos cotes représentent le prix du gros au landing. Les marchands obtiennent 15 à 25c de plus par baril et ¼ à ½c. par livre en lots

POMMES DE TERRE—Par baril	$2 40 à 2 60.
PATATES DOUCES—Ordinaires par bar	$1 00 à $1 25.
YAMS—$1 25 à 1 50.	
TOMATES—$2 00 à 2 10 par boite d'un boisseau.	
OIGNONS—Par baril	$3 00 à 3 25.
CHOUX—50c à 90c par crate.	
AIL—80 à 90c. par macerone	
CHOUCROUTE—Bar.	$1 90 à 2 00.

VOLAILLES — Les marchands en gros demandent de 15 à 25c. de plus que les prix suivants par douzaine de volaille, et 1 à 2c. de plus par douzaine d'œufs.

Grosses volailles de l'Ouest, la douzaine	$4 25@ 4 50
Poulets	1 50@ 3 50
Canards	2 50@ 3 25
Oies	3 75@ 4 50
Dindes	7 00@13 00
Grosses volailles de la Louisiane la douzaine	$3 40@ 3 75
Poulets	1 40@ 3 00
Canards	2 40@ 3 00
Oies	3 50@ 4 00
Dindes	6 50@11 00

OEUFS—12@12½c.

SUIF — 3¼c. la livre pour celui de la ville; 2¾c. celui de la campagne.

CIRE D'ABEILLE — Prime yellow 23 à 23½c la livre.

LAINE—Burry 8 à 10c. la livre; Louisiana clear 17c.; clear Lake 18 à —c.

PEAUX AUX ABATTOIRS—70 livres et au-dessus 5¾c.; steer et peaux de vaches 30 à 70 livres 5¼c.; kips 14 à 30 livres 5¾c. peaux de veau 45c. pièce; grub selection 5¼c.

PEAUX DE LA CAMPAGNE—Wet salted sound 7¾ à 8c., dry salted 12¼c; dry flint 14¼ la livre.

PELLETERIE—Otter $1 00 à 6 00; castor 5 à 65c. pièce; raccoons 5 à 50c.

PEAUX—Chevreuil 16c. la livre; mouton 10 à 40c. pièce; chèvre 10 à 15c.

MOUSSE—Mêlée 2 à 2½c. la livre; grise 1¼ à 1½c.; noire 2 à 2¼c.

CORNES—Cornes