THE BEE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED DAILY BY
JEROME BAYON.

THURSDAY | MORNING, JUNE 7, 1832.

GOVERNOR,
J. B. DAWSON.

CONGRESS—*First District.*
M. D. WHITE.

Candidates for the state legislature.

B. Z. Cancoser,	A. Ducros,
W. F. C. Duplessis,	D. Augustin,
S. Marmeduc,	C. Dauboy,
A. Roa,	F. Labatut,
J. R. Sterrett,	L. Ricard,
S. D. Dixon,	J. Lalanne,
B. Marmont,	P. Rey,
J. R. Grimes.	L. Pierce,

J. M. Kennett.

A fire took place last night, in the frame house occupied by Mr. Bajolière, a cabinet-maker, in Royal street, between Bienville and Custom-house. All the house and the large number of furnitures, have been entirely destroyed in less than half of an hour.

Our paper to-day is "a thing of threads and patches." There is nothing in the shape of news with which to relieve the universal tedium. The mails arrived regularly enough, and as regularly bring nothing of interest. The latest dates from New York are to the evening of the 23d ult., from Washington to the 25th.

No business of any considerable importance was transacted by the city council at its setting last evening.

Mr. Finn's Glass Exhibition.—Our readers are reminded that this curious and interesting exhibition is announced to close the present week. Those who have not witnessed his ingenious operations on glass will do well to improve the opportunity the short time allows. They cannot fail of enjoying high gratification.

The numerous improvements that are taking place within the square of the city, indicate that the disposition to ameliorate property in this quarter, and migrate to the country, is somewhat subsiding. Almost the whole of Custom-House street is being rebuilt, the present season, in a handsome and durable manner, to say nothing of the numerous improvements that have already been made, and are still being made in Chartres street. The city will maintain its own, against the enterprise of both the upper and lower faubourgs.

The Boston granite, which is coming extensively into use for basements, has a light and airy appearance, and does not blacken in this climate. A manifest improvement in the style of architecture has taken place within the last two or three years.

Ten shares of the stock of the Louisiana Bank were sold at the New York exchange board, on the 23d ult. for 126. United States bank stock at 124¼.

General *E. W. Ripley* having resigned his seat in the senate of this state from the parishes of East and West Feliciana, *Wade H. Richardson* has been proposed by the Clinton *Olive Branch* as a suitable person to succeed him. The proposal meets the concurrence of the St. Francisville *Phoenix.*

The New York *Commercial* mentions a round about story of a revolution having broken out in Brazil. It is not entitled to much reliance.

The latest accounts of the British reform bill are to the evening of the 13th of April. Lord Wynford opened the debate in the house of lords that evening, and was speaking at the date of the latest advices. On the previous night of the debate, the earl of Winchelsea and the duke of Buckingham opposed the second reading; the earl of Radnor supported the bill; the bishop of Lincoln would vote for the second reading, but would never consent to a uniform 10*l.* qualification; the earl of Falmouth and the marquis of Bristol spoke against the bill; the bishop of London supported the bill; the bishop of Exeter opposed the bill, and somewhat startled their lordships, by telling them that the king could not assent to the bill without departing the interests of the Irish church, and violating his coronation oath; the bishop of Llandaff would vote for the second reading, but hinting, rather vaguely, that he might be for amending it in committee; the marquis of Lansdown supported the bill with his usual ability. Should the second reading be carried, as all seem to anticipate it will be, it was the intention of the ministers to go into committee on the evening of Monday. It was apprehended, however, that the anti-reformers, and the half-way reformers, would join forces, and postpone the further consideration of the bill until after the easter holydays.

By yesterday's mail we received our files of Paris and Havre journals, by the packet ship Havre, at New York. Their contents were anticipated by the New York papers received by Tuesday's mail. They contradict the report of a concerted attack, on the part of the papal and Austrian troops, upon the French forces at Ancona. Party spirit had somewhat relaxed at Paris, since the extensive prevalence of the cholera.

A vague rumor of the introduction of the cholera at St. Andrews, New Brunswick, from Dublin, has reached us through Boston papers. We give the news as we find it.

The present secretary of the navy appears to be very active in the discharge of his duties. It is mentioned in a Washington letter that another naval force is ordered to visit Sumatra. Sincapore is expected to be opened to our ships, and further facilities are looked for in our trade with Batavia.

The ancient relics discovered near Montevideo, mentioned in another article from the *National Gazette*, are calculated to stagger the greatest credulity, notwithstanding the authority from which the information is derived.

A riot took place in the quiet city of Philadelphia, on the 21st ultimo, which originated in a scramble for stock in the new Girard bank. A town meeting had been held on the subject, at which the conduct of a majority of the commissioners appointed to receive stock, was severely censured.

It is with pleasure that we copy a sensible article on the subject of the tariff project of the secretary of the treasury, from the *Franklin Gazette.* The views of the editor, in regard to the trifling diminution of the sugar duty, are discreet, and will commend themselves forcibly to the sugar planters who are reasonable in their demands. The other class would do well to remember the dog and his shadow.

The report of Mr. Adams, in the national house of representatives, on the subject of a reduction of the tariff, alluded to yesterday, is one of those wordy documents of which it is difficult to give any account, except by republication or by extracts. We have room at present for neither. As, however, the bill which he has reported is based upon on the project of the secretary of the treasury, of which we already made an abstract, it must suffice to point the difference in the details of the bill of Mr. Adams from that of Mr. McLane. All wool, under six cents per pound is to be admitted free of duty; on all above that price, four cents per pound specific, and 25 per cent. ad valorem, instead of ten per cent. as by the treasury bill; of coarse blankets, under 75 cents, five per cent. ad valorem; on other woollens, 20 to 30 per cent. ad valorem; on salt, ten cents per bushel; on carpets, oil cloths and chemicals, an increase of 20 per cent.; on hemp, a reduction of 25 per ton from 50 in the bill (60 by the present tariff); duties on anchors stricken out—drawback retained.

The passage in Mr. Adams' Bank Report in which the charge of *collusion* between the late secretaries of the treasury and of war, to exercise a control, pecuniary and political, over the bank and its branches, is as follows:

"The complaints made against the president of the bank at Portsmouth, New Hampshire, in the summer of 1829, and the correspondence between the board at Philadelphia and the late secretaries of the treasury and of war, form a portion of the documents relating to the books and proceedings of the bank called for by the committee, and communicated to them. They are not noticed in the report of the chairman, but in the opinion of the subscriber, are more deserving the attention of congress and of the nation, than any other part of the papers commented upon in the report. An effort very thinly veiled, on the part of two of the executive departments of the general government, to exercise a control, political and pecuniary, over the proceedings of the bank and its branches, a control highly exceptionable in principle, and contrary to law, appears to him to be fully disclosed in these papers. He will not permit himself to inquire into the motives of the agents in these transactions. It is sufficient for the public interest, that the projected encroachments of power were disconcerted and laid aside."

Mr. Ingham meets the charge with the most unqualified denial. He says:

"It was never known to me, that the late secretary of war ever wrote a line to, or received a letter from the board at Philadelphia:—nay more, the only correspondence of his with the branch bank at Portsmouth, so far as my knowledge goes, was an order to that bank, to transfer the funds deposited there for the payment of pensioners, to a state bank, which order, as soon as it was made known to me, being deemed necessary to law, I addressed a letter to the war department, intimating my opinion to that effect. The case was afterwards, as I understood, submitted to the attorney general, who gave a similar opinion, when the order was revoked."

We will remember that at the time of the transactions alluded to, it was charged that the object of Mr. Ingham in directing a transfer of the custom-house deposites, &c., from the United States branch bank at Portsmouth, was to gratify and benefit a political partizan of some note in New Hampshire. Be that as it may, however, Mr. Ingham says he does not shrink from the responsibility of the measure, and states that he has taken measures to have the correspondence with the board at Philadelphia, growing out of the complaints against the president of the bank at Portsmouth, published as soon as possible.

FRANKLIN, LA. May 30.

The report of the secretary of the treasury, on the adjustment of the tariff, has been received. The secretary has accompanied the bill with his own suggestions, on that all important subject. He proposes that the duties on brown sugar be reduced one half per cent per lb.; that the act of 1828 be repealed; and, that the modification of the tariff to have effect from and after the 3d of March, 1833.

The proposed reduction on brown sugar would not materially affect the sugar growers of Louisiana; it would cause no alteration in the prices, and they would be much better satisfied, as the scale of duties would be much more permanent. We speak not from mere conjecture when we say, that a large majority of the sugar planters of Attakapas, would be entirely satisfied with the proposed reduction; and content with a certain and permanent system, and not content with extreme protection, to the oppression of their brethren of Virginia, N. Carolina, S. Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee and Mississippi, as we have already seen the evil consequences that have arisen therefrom, and threaten at every moment to disturb the peace and harmony of our prosperous, social and happy republic!—*Repub.*

ST. FRANCISVILLE, June 2.

The third district court for the parish of West Feliciana, closed its session on Thursday last. We are proud to state that the grand jury found no bill on any charge of a grave nature, notwithstanding the zeal of the district attorney, A. Haralson, esq. and the industry of the grand jury, to bring to punishment every offender. There were several convictions of a minor character—a colored man was convicted of larceny—four white men were convicted of assault and battery, one for selling liquor to a slave. We think the judge, the district attorney and the grand jury, deserve the thanks of the good people of the parish for their industry and zeal. "Well done good and faithful servants."

Phoenix.

WASHINGTON, May 25.

In the Senate.—The resolution offered yesterday by Mr. Robbins, relating to the committee on the library to enquire into the expediency of erecting an equestrian statue of Washington, executed in bronze, in the square east of the capitol, was taken up and agreed to.

In the house of representatives.—The house went into the consideration of the bill re-appropriating certain unexpended balances of Indian appropriations, which was discussed at length, and the amendment of Mr. Vance thereto, appropriating $30,000 for the Shawanee tribe of Indians was rejected—ayes 70, noes 96.

An amendment kpp opriating $150,000 to defray the expenses to be incurred by the Illinois militia; now in service, was adopted. After other small amendments, the bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.

On motion of Mr. Hubbard, the house went into committee of the whole on the state of the union, and took up the revolutionary pension bill, from the senate. Mr. H. observed, that he wished this bill to be passed with all its faults, as there was no likelihood of the bill which had previously passed this house being carried through the senate this session. Whatever objections might be found to exist in it, could be obviated the next congress. The house rejected several amendments that were offered.—*Nat. Int.*

PENSACOLA, June 2.

James Shannon, Esq. charge of the United States of America, to Guatimala, with his family, arrived in this place on the 31st ult. to take passage in the U. S. Ship Vincennes, now lying in the bay.—*Gaz.*

Rumors of cholera at St. Andrews, N. B.—Considerable excitement was produced at St. Andrews, N. Brunswick, a few days since by the arrival of a vessel from Dublin which was supposed to have the cholera on board. From the report of a committee appointed to examine the circumstances, it appears that the alarm was groundless, and that nothing like cholera had been on board. On the second day after the vessel left Dublin, a family of ten persons were taken sick, and eight of them died. Four other individuals also died on the voyage. It was ascertained by the committee that this family of whom so many died, travelled twenty miles on foot previous to embarking, with very little sustenance, and on the next day they ate voraciously of pork and eggs, and drank very freely of whiskey. In less than forty-eight hours all were taken sick, and eight out of ten died.—*Boston Adv.*

Numerous evidences have left no doubt that the new world was visited by the ancients some centuries before its discovery by Columbus. Without referring to the temples of Mexico, formed upon the same plan as those of Delphos and Pausanias, and bearing the significant name of Teocallia, we find the following in the Universal Gazette of Bogota. "At the village of Dolores, about two leagues from Montevideo, a planter has just discovered a remulary stone covered with unknown characters. On taking away the stone he found a vault of brick work, containing two antique swords, a helmet, and buckler, much worn with the rust, with an earthen amphora of large dimensions. On these remains being shown to father Martinez, he succeeded in making out the following words in Greek characters, 'Alexander, son of Philip, was king of Macedon about the 63d Olympiad. In these places Ptolemy'—but the remainder of the inscription was wanting. On the hilt of the sword is an engraved portrait, which appears to be that of Alexander, and on the helmet is chased work representing Achilles dragging the body of Hector round the walls of Troy. It is to be concluded from this discovery that the land of Brazil was explored by a cotemporary of Aristotle? It is probable that Ptolemy, the well known commander of Alexander's fleet, driven by tempest into what the ancients called the great ocean, and cast upon the shore of Brazil, marked the event by the erection of this monument? At all events the fact is a subject of great curiosity for the archeologists."—*Nat. Gaz.*

Washington Irving has arrived at New York, after a long absence from his native country, during which he has rendered a constant and rare service, by the great and brilliant enhancement of his literary fame, the solid value as well as peculiar charm of his works, and the uniform excellence of his private life and character.

The American name has gained doubly through the author and the man, as the Scottish has been brightened with twofold honor by Sir Walter Scott. There is no reproach which ought to be deemed more painful to both parties, than that which the spirit of patriotism is obliged to cast upon an authors genius and renown, whose personal history is discreditable, or who has published what tends to vitiate morals and taste.

Mr. Irving is mentioned, in one of the New York papers, as late secretary of legation. The government has the most reason to be proud that he bore the title: to it the advantage accrues. When Mr. Hume accompanied Lord Hervey, and Dugald Stewart Lord Lauderdale, to Paris, each as a member of the British embassy, no one of the court, the political, literary or fashionable circles, could see or think of the secretary as such, however accomplished and able as such. In the same capital mere attention and admiration was given to Sir Walter Scott than to Mr. Channing; and to the latter, more in his capacity of genius, scholar and orator, than that of minister of state. So the politician was nearly forgotten in M. de Chateaubriand on his visit to England, even in the elaborate public compliment of Mr. Channing: it was the gifted and illustrious author who was hailed and incensed on every side.—Intelligences of their endowments and exploits sound out in estimation beyond all adventitious rank or office business; they have a higher existence and more general acceptance; they possess an absorbing distinction and superior meed.

"Letters admit not of a half renown,
They give you nothing, or they give you a crown.
We work o'er gain'd true fame, or overwhelm,
But what done honor to the name of man."

Nat. Gaz.

Translated for the Courier & Enquirer from the Bremen "Zeitung."

PARIS, OCT. 26 of the conference which was held on the 8th April, 1832, at the office of foreign affairs in London—

Present, the Plenipotentiaries of Austria, France, Great Britain, Prussia and Russia.

The plenipotentiaries of the five powers met together in conference at the foreign office. The plenipotentiaries of France and Great Britain opened the conference with observing—

That two months has already expired since the 31st January, when the ratifications of the treaty of the 15th November, 1831, were exchanged with the Belgian plenipotentiaries.

That by the protocol of the conference held on that occasion, it was left open to the three courts of Austria, Prussia and Russia, to exchange their ratifications at a subsequent period, in order not to disturb the good understanding which has up to this time, happily prevailed between the five powers, and on the continuance of which the preservation of the peace of Europe actually depends.

That the determination on the part of France and England to wait for a communication from their allies on the subject of the ratification, is a strong proof of the importance attached by the courts of England and France to the preservation of harmony and of general peace. That communications which the two courts have lately received, give them reason to believe that the plenipotentiaries of their allies are provided with the necessary instructions for the ratification of the treaty of 15th Nov., and as it is urgently required for the peace of Europe that the Belgian affairs should be speedily settled, the plenipotentiaries of France and England invite those of Austria, Prussia and Russia, to declare if they are ready to exchange the ratifications of the treaty of 15th November, and if they are not, to explain the circumstances that prevent it.

The plenipotentiaries of Austria, Prussia and Russia hastened to reply to the plenipotentiaries of France and Great Britain.

They declare that they place a due value on the assurances repeated to them by the plenipotentiaries of France and Great Britain, and are happy to have been since the opening of the conference, the medium through which the pacific desires of the three great powers they represent, have been expressed. Desires which have induced, and will further induce them to neglect nothing that can contribute to the preservation of general peace and good understanding between the five courts.

The plenipotentiaries of Austria, Prussia and Russia, farther declare, that they are not yet authorized to exchange the ratifications of the treaty of the 15th November; that the three great powers have been led to delay the exchange of these ratifications, until they have ascertained the effect of the representations made by them at the Hague, to induce the king of Holland to assent to the 24 articles of the 15th October, and that the zeal which they have shown in endeavoring to attain this wished for end, is the strongest proof they can give of the desire of three powers to preserve the peace of Europe. That the result of the last steps taken towards H. M. the king of the Netherlands, and the effect of the recent declarations made to him on the part of Austria, Prussia and Russia, cannot yet be known; that it has therefore been impossible for the three powers to send definitive instructions to their plenipotentiaries in London. That the plenipotentiaries hope, however, to receive these instructions very soon, and will, on receiving them, hasten to communicate it to the conference.

WESSENBERG.
NEUMAN.
TALLEYRAND.
PALMERSTON.
BULOW.
LIEVEN.
MATUSCEWIEZ.

London, April 13.—We have received by an arrival from Terceira, the papers from that island up to the 19th ult. They contain, among other articles of interest, the decree of Don Pedro, on assuming the regency of Portugal, and another decree establishing the customary forms of government during a regency, according to the provisions of the constitutional charter.—Among the acts of the new regent, we find a decree relieving the people of his dominions from the burthensome operations of the tithes, and another annulling all acts of confiscation by the usurper against the faithful Portuguese, to whom Don Pedro promises full compensation, in proper season, for the injuries which they have sustained in supporting the rights of the Queen, and adhering to the constitutional charter. One of these papers gives a long and very gratifying account of the reception of Don Pedro in the island of Terceira. It appears to have been of the most ardent description, and will prove a bitter disappointment to the Miguelites, and *soi-disant* liberals who had speculated upon a different result. Our private advices from Terceira announce that the Conde de Funchal has been accredited by Don Pedro to this court, and his arrival here may be hourly expected. We sincerely trust that he will be immediately recognized, and that our government will take every opportunity through him of promoting the cause of the legitimate sovereign of Portugal.

DECREE.

The regency having represented to me, by means of a deputation to my august daughter, the queen of Portugal, and myself, the lively desire which is felt by the people of the Azores, as well as the other faithful subjects of her majesty residing in those islands, that I should take upon myself the part which belongs to me in the affairs of her majesty, as her father and guardian, and natural protector, and also as a head of the august house of Braganza; and considering that these sacred titles, above all, the salvation of the state, impose upon me the duty of acquiescing in this just representation, I consent for this purpose to re-assume the authority which by the force of circumstances, I had deposited in the hands of the regency, considering that body from this moment dissolved. I applaud the members of that body for the zeal with which they have hitherto exercised their authority which I have re-assumed, until the legitimate government of Donna Maria the second, shall be re-established in Portugal, and until the cortes, whom I will convoke immediately, shall decide whether it be expedient that I should continue in the exercise of the rights provided by Article the 9th, of the constitutional charter of the Portuguese monarchy; and when this question shall be resolved affirmatively, I will take oaths required by the same charter for the exercise of the permanent regency. Let this be understood by the regency, and orders be given accordingly.

(Signed) DON PEDRO, Duke of Braganza.

"Given on board the frigate *Rainha de Portugal.*

Ordered that this be registered and executed, and the necessary notices be given.

(Signed)
"MARQUIS DE PALMELA.
CONDE DE VILLA FLOR.
JOZE ANTONIO GERREIRO."

[Here follows a proclamation of the same date, more fully declaratory of the motives of Don Pedro in assuming the regency.]

Marine Journal.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED

Packet ship Creole, Page, New York and Liverpool, Foster and Hutton
Ship Chester, Winslow, Philadelphia, T Toby
Ship John Hale, Crowel, Havre, L H Gale
Brig Manuelita, Martorell, Havana, Master
Schr Grecian, Saunders, Jamaica, D Marston

The Grampus left for sea yesterday afternoon with Spanish brig Manuelita, for Havana.

The Shark will leave for sea this afternoon, with line ship Creole, Page, for New York and Liverpool; and packet bark Hercules, Longcope, for Philadelphia.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Pilot, Riddle, from the S W Pass, towed to sea brig Commerce and brig Glide, brought up from sea ship Feliciana, 54 days from Bremen, and Com. Morris, 78 days from Cadiz. Nothing in sight in the offing. Steamer Post Boy coming up with ship Warsaw, of Boston;—Steamer Florida, with brig Kenawa, from Havana; met the Pocohontas, bound down, (with ships Antira Packet and ship Gem) and Whale at Poventry Point.

Steamer Post Boy, from sea, brought up ship Warsaw.

Steamer Florida, from sea, brought up the brig Kenawa.

Ship Feliciana, Gerald, from Bremen, to F Frey and co.—cargo, brick, demijohns, jugs, etc.

Ship Warsaw, Drew, from Liverpool, 30th March, cargo.

Bark Com. Morris, Fairfield, 78 days from Bremen—cargo, 200 tons salt.

Brig Kanawa, ——, from Havana—cargo.

Steamer Farmer, Cave, 5 days from Louisville—cargo, flour, corn, cotton, bagging and rope, tobacco, etc. to J Hagan & co; Caruthers and co. 20 pass.

Steamer Huntsville, Bradford, from Waterloo, with cotton to N and J Dick and co; W L Robeson and co; Wilcox and Fearn; J Hagan and co; M. White, and others.

Steamer Telegraph, Lawrent, from Bayou Sarah, with cotton and 40 passengers.

At the Basin.—Schr Splendid, Eldridge, from Mobile, with 101 bales cotton to Wilcox and Fearn; lumber to Guenard and Alpuente; and the master.

MEMORANDA.

Ship Cincinnati, Barstow, cleared at New York for this port, May 23d.

Ship Congress, Miner, hence at do. same day; brig Creole, Clarkson, do.

THE shippers of goods per schr, SWAIN, for Brazos St. Jago, are requested to send their bills of lading to the counting house of the subscribers, as the vessel will positively leave this afternoon.

j une 7 J. W. ZACHARIE & CO.

NOTICE.—*Isaac L. McCoy* has removed his office to the second story of No. 92, near the corner of Conti street.

june 6

10 Casks Porter and Ale, received by the Philadelphia, and for sale at No. 45 Duane st.

june 6

ORLEANS THEATRE.

Representation of the amateurs for the benefit of an unfortunate actor.

On Sunday evening, June 10, will be enacted Voltaire's celebrated tragedy, in five acts, entitled MAHOMET, which will be preceded by a comedy in one act, entitled BRUEYS ET PALAPRAT.

THE subscriber has the honor to announce to the amateurs to the Lake, that the road by the bayou is entirely finished and covered with shells.

J. L. RABASSA.

NOTICE.—The subscriber constitutional sheriff for the parish of Jefferson, informs those who have business relative to his office, that they will find at the office of the sheriff, of this city, a communication box. His office will be kept at Mr. Denough's reserve on the opposite side of the river.

J. CHARBONNET.

Just received and for sale by the subscriber,

105 boxes, of 2 doz. each, Madeira Wine, 1st quality,
50 do., 1 doz. each, Champaign, J. Lemoreuve & Co's brand, the best which can be imported,
50 do. do. Bourgogne Tache,
50 do. do. Chambertin,
50 do. do. Rignancé,
50 do. do. Fruits.

Also, an invoice of printed Calicoes, new patterns, for the Mexican market, each bale entitled to debenture, and a case of black Crape, No. 36, broad selvage, 1st quality.

F. PERRET,
june 7. No. 59, Toulouse st.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD, will be given to whoever will arrest the American mulatto named Orange or Honoré, who ran away on Saturday the 2d instant. He is about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches in height, of a large figure, thick whiskers and a plain face. He formerly belonged to Mr. Rouse. The above reward will be paid to whoever will lodge said runaway in jail, or deliver him to his master. Captains of steamboats and vessels are cautioned under the penalties of the law, from receiving him on board.

june 6 PAUL MOUCHON.

COURT OF PROBATES.—WHEREAS Lewis C. Ball has petitioned the court for letters of curatorship on the vacant estate of the late Otis F Burlingame, dec'd, notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, to shew cause, within ten days, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted. By order of the court

june 7 M. BLACHE, Register.

COURT OF PROBATES. Sale by the register of Wills. On Tuesday the 10th of July next, at 12 o'clock, I shall expose for sale at Hewlett's coffee house, for the account of the estate of the late J. B. Rouquigney, f. m, c, a Lot of Ground, situated, in Barracks street, between Royal and Bourbon streets, and measuring 30 feet front by 60 feet in depth, together with the building thereon.

Terms: 200 dollars cash, and the balance at one year's credit, in notes satisfactorily endorsed, with special mortgage; the purchaser binding himself to pay the expenses for making the side walk. By order of the court. MARTIN BLACHE, Register.

N B The act of sale to be passed by L. Firaud, esq. not. pub. at the expense of the purchaser. j 7

COURT OF PROBATES.—Sale by the register of wills.—On Tuesday the 10th of July next, at 12 o'clock, I shall expose for sale at Hewlett's coffee house, for the account of the estate of the Francois Joseph Landon:—A lot of ground situated in the Faubourg Marigny, in Peace street, between Mercas and Casaqu Calve streets, and having 30 feet front by 100 and 30 feet in depth, together with the buildings thereon. Terms: 6, 12, 18 and 24 months credit, in notes satisfactorily endorsed, with special mortgage until final payment. By order of the court,

MARTIN BLACHE, register of wills.

N. B. The act of sale to be passed before C. Pollock esq. not. pub. at the expense of the purchaser. june 7

COURT OF PROBATES.—*Sale by the Register of Wills.*—On Tuesday the 10th of July, 1832, at 12 o'clock, I shall expose for sale for the account of the estate of the late Jules Davenne de Castera, a negro woman, named Ann, aged about 24 years, a runaway and subject to fits. Terms, 6 and 12 months credit, in notes satisfactorily endorsed, with special mortgage. By order of the court,

june 7 MARTIN BLACHE, Register.

N. B. The act of sale to be passed before L. Ferand, notary public, at the expense of the purchaser.

THE subscribers wish to employ a dozen Irishmen to dig a canal twenty feet wide and four feet deep, through six arpents. Those who may wish to engage in the work are requested to apply at our office.

THEODORE NICOLET & CO.
june 6 No. 106, Royal street.

EIGHTY tons Campeachy Wood now landing and for sale by JOSE PRATS,
june 6 No 55, St. Ann st.

WAS brought to the Livery Stable of the subscriber, No. 110 Bourbon street, a bay horse, about 11 years old, having the mark of the letter D. reversed on his left shoulder. The owner is requested to come forward and pay charges and take him away.

june 6 J. B. LESPARE & CO.

SPLENDID LUCK *at Felton's Office.*—Drawn numbers of the last lottery, 22, 18, 20, 16, prizes of $500, $100, and several other smaller prizes sold and cashed by FELTON, No. 11, St. Philip street, at the vegetable market.

Lottery draws again on Saturday the 9th instant.

N. B. ☞ Highest prizes $10,000, $2000, 1500, etc. etc. Far tickets apply at

FELTON'S

Lucky Prize Office, No. 11, St. Philip street, head of the vegetable market. june 5

WRITING.—MR. DOLBEAR Will commence giving lessons, this week, at half past 5 A. M. at his writing establishment, (corner of Chartres and Conti streets,) for the accommodation of those gentlemen who may wish to acquire a more *elegant* and *rapid* style of writing, but are engaged during the remainder of the day. All applications should be made immediately. Other classes, as heretofore. june 5

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.—REMOVAL.—Madame Perez has the honor to inform the public that she has taken a new establishment for the accommodation of Boarders, situated at No. 173, Chartres street, opposite Jefferson st. The house is large and airy, and she is prepared to receive ladies, and accommodate all respectable persons who may honor her with their patronage. She also keeps an ordinary, where breakfasts and dinners may be had at moderate prices. june 4

FOR SALE.—An American mulattress, 22 to 24 years of age, a good house servant, cook, washer and tolerable ironer. She has two children, the one 2 years, and the other 3 months. She will be sold at auction on the 8th of this month, unless previously sold at private sale. In the meantime, any one in want of a valuable servant, will please apply at this office. j 4

CHARLES ROMAIN, No. 97 Chartres street, has received by the ship Tuscaloosa, from Liverpool, a superb assortment of Rodger's razors and scissors. Also, true Macassar Oil, for the preservation of the hair; Carbon prepared for the teeth; English tooth brushes, mounted in ivory with silver wire. In store, a general assortment of fresh perfumery, gum elastic suspenders, &c. june 1

UNION BANK OF LOUISIANA.

OWNERS of vacant lots situate on Royal street in the vicinity of the United States Bank, who may be desirous of disposing of them, are hereby informed that proposals to that effect will be received until Wednesday, 6th inst. J. B. PERRAULT, Cashier.

june 1

W. C. NORRIS & CO. No. 36 Chartres st. Have just received per Ella, fine white drilling pantaloons; grass coatees, jackets and pantaloons; bombazine do.; summer, cloth and nankin pantaloons; fine linen shirts, fine check shirts suitable for travellers, &c. &c., to which the attention of purchasers is respectfully invited june 1

UNION BANK OF LOUISIANA,
New Orleans, May 26, 1832.

THE subscribers to the capital stock of this Institution who have not yet deposited their titles are invited to hand them in for examination as soon as possible. (may 26) J. B. PERRAULT, Cashier.

PIG LEAD, for sale by J. MAGER.
may 14

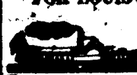
FOR HAMBURGH, AMSTERDAM,

and other landings on the Big Black, and all intermediate ports,

The new and fast running steamboat WOODSMAN, Captain Park, is now loading and will depart on Wednesday morning the 6th inst at 10 o'clock; for freight or passage apply on board, at the upper landing, or to

FOSTER & HUTTON,
june 5 77 Canal street.

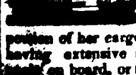
FOR LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI.



The superior low pressure steamer CINCINNATIAN, captain PERRY, will meet with dispatch, having part of her freight engaged. For freight or passage, having a commodious upper cabin, apply on board, or to

june 2 STETSON & AVERY, 31 Camp st.

FOR LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI.



The superior first class steamer PHILADELPHIA, Capt. PENNEBAKER, will have despatch for the above ports, having a good portion of her cargo engaged. For freight or passage, having extensive and comfortable accommodations, apply on board, or to

m 23 STETSON & AVERY.

FOR MARSEILLES.—The A. 1 Brig LATONA, S. Snow master, will meet with despatch. For freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to

june 7 LAUVE & BENEDICT, 88 Common st.

FOR TAMPICO. The fine schooner TWO BROTHERS, Capt. HARPER, has the principal part of her cargo engaged, and will be despatched in a few days. For freight or passage apply to captain Harper on board, or to

june 7 BENJ. BOOTH & CO.

FOR LIVERPOOL.—The A. 1. ship CALUMET, capt. Osgood, is now loading. For freight, apply on board, or to

june 5 LINCOLN & GREEN.

NEW YORK PACKETS—*New Line.*

The pac. ot ship TENNESSEE, Capt. G. Fowler, will positively sail on her regular day, Friday, the 8th inst. at 5 o'clock, p.m. A few more passengers can be accommodated; apply to the captain on board, opposite the house of Mr. Maigny, or to WM. G. HEWES,

june 5 No 9 Camp st.

A Few tons light freight wanted for the ship JOHANNES, capt. J. Moller, for Gottenburg, to sail on the 9th inst.; a few more passengers can be comfortably accommodated, apply on board opposite post no 49, or to

june 5 I. OGDEN & CO; 59 Canal st

FOR NEW YORK, PROVIDENCE OR BOSTON.—The fine fast sailing (A) packet ship FRANCIS, Kemp master, burthen about 700 barrels; for freight or passage apply on board, near the ferry, or to THAYER, HURD, & CO.

june 5 29 Magazine st.

FOR TAMPICO.—The elegant new schr. BONITA, capt. W. H. Taylor, will sail on the 7th inst; for freight of a few barrels or passage, having a spacious cabin, apply to

TUYES & CO. No. 104 Royal st.

FOR BALTIMORE. The very fast sailing copper fastened and coppered packet brig BOURNE, Captain Benthall, will positively sail on Saturday next the 10th instant. For passage, having commodious accommodations, apply on board opposite pier No. 19, or to

june 4 HARRISON, BROWN & CO.

FOR TAMPICO.—THE schooner EMPEROR, capt. L. Cornier, will leave positively, on the 6th inst. For freight or passage, apply to the captain on board, or to

june 1 S. CUCULLU.

FOR THE BRAZOS OF ST. JAGO.—The fine schooner SWAIN, Green, master, will sail on the 2d of June;—for freight or passage, apply to the captain on board, or to

J. W. ZACHARIE & CO.
may 28 81 Bienville st.

FOR HAVRE. The first class coppered and copper fastened ship CRESCENT, P. Rogers, has the greatest part of her cargo engaged and wants 300 bales cotton to complete her lading; Apply to I. OGDEN & CO.

may 23 59 Canal st.

FOR NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL, to sail 5th June, (Louisiana and New York Line,) the new and elegant ship CAROLS, Capt. Page, will commence loading to-morrow, and sail as above. This ship will take freight to Liverpool only; will stop at New York to land passengers, where her detention will not exceed two days. To passengers bound to Liverpool this conveyance presents unusual comforts and conveniences. For freight or passage apply on board, opposite the vegetable market, or to

may 22 FOSTER & HUTTON, 77 Canal st.

BILLS on New York, for sale by
(june 2), A. QUERTIER & BOUTIN.

EXCHANGE on London, Liverpool payable in London, Paris, Boston and Philadelphia, for sale by (may 28) TH. NICOLET & CO.

BILLS on Paris, Nantes and Bordeaux, for sale by A. QUERTIER & BOUTIN.
may 29

EXCHANGE ON LONNON for sale by
m 28 FOSTER & HUTTON, 77 Canal st.

EXCHANGE on France, for sale by
may 19 J. MAGER.

EXCHANGE ON PARIS, LONDON AND NEW YORK, for sale by
m 21 F. PERRET, Toulouse st.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON for sale by
m 18 I. OGDEN & CO., No. 59, Canal street.

EXCHANGE on New York for sale by
m 4 WM G. HEWES, 9 Camp st.

BILLS ON LONDON for sale by
may 3 A. QUERTIER & BOUTIN.

EXCHANGE on New York, for sale by
m 18 W. G. HEWES, 9 Camp street.

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK for sale by
may 12 I. OGDEN & CO.

THE subscribers offer for sale the cargo of the ship Emulous, from Marseilles, consisting of the following articles:

440 casks claret, 1st quality,
250 boxes Frontignan muscat wine first quality,
25 boxes Macaroni,
50 boxes Vermicelli,
200 boxes superfine sweet oil, large bottles,
10 bags almonds,
50 boxes of assorted pickles,
30 boxes anchovies,
30 boxes stuffed olives,
1 bag long corks,
10 hampers claret bottles
4 jars of sausages
10 boxes plums in bottles,
100 Dutch cheeses,

C. OGER & CO.
june 5 17 Toulouse street.

SUPERIOR French Wine: red and white Hermitage and Santern, for sale by

HARRISON, BROWN & Co.
june 5.

LAST WEEK.

EXHIBITION OF FANCY GLASS WORKING, over Mr. Muh's Jewelry store, 115 Chartres street. Mr. FINN returns his sincere thanks to the inhabitants of New Orleans for the very liberal patronage he has received, and begs leave to inform them that his Exhibition of Fancy GLASS WORKING, in miniature, will close the latter part of this week. A beautiful collection of specimens on sale, well adapted for relatives or friends. Admission 50 cents—children half price. Open from 10 in the morning till 9 at night. june 4

THE HYDROCONION,
OR SHOWER BATHS.

THE undersigned has the honor to inform his friends and the public that he has opened his BATHING ESTABLISHMENT at No. 235 Bourbon street, between St. Anne & Dumaine streets, where can be had vapour and shower Baths the Hydrocomion proper, which is used as a remedy for Rheumatism, sulphurous baths for the cure of pains in the shoulders, aromatic Baths, Baths of strong douge for pains in the skin and the most incurable pains.

Persons who wish to prescribe for their patients any of these remedies will be served with the greatest punctuality. (may 21) GICQUEL.

MACKEREL.—50 bbls of No. 2, Boston inspection, in fine order, and for sale low to close sales by STETSON & AVERY.
m 30 31 Camp st.

SALES AT AUCTION.

BY T. MOSSY.

TO be sold at his new auction store, Toulouse street, on Friday the 8th June, at 11 o'clock, under the inspection of the British consul. 10 bales cotton bagging, 7 do wide Osnaburgs, 2 do common do, 2 do Russia sheeting, 1 do Ticklenburgs; damaged on the voyage of importation. Also, 6 pieces cotton bagging wet by falling into the river. Terms, cash. june 7

BY T. MOSSY.

ON Monday the 11th instant, will be sold at the store of Mr. L. P. Ferry, on the Levee, between Toulouse and St. Louis, at 10 o'clock, the stock in trade, consisting in hardware, belonging to the said gentleman. june 7

BY T. MOSSY.

ON Saturday, the 9th inst., at Hewlett's Exchange, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold, CHRISTOPHER, a negro about 26 years of age, since his infancy in the country, speaking French and English; he is an excellent cook, having acted as such during many years at Mr. Davis', and at Mde Herries' hotels—he, also, is a good steward, and is warranted against malafides, but not against vices—the title is good. Terms, 6 months in approved endorsed paper, secured by mortgage. The act of sale, at the costs of purchasers, to be passed before Mr. Pollock. june 7

BY JOSEPH LE CARPENTER & CO.

WILL be sold at auction, on the 14th instant, at 12 o'clock, at the