THE DAILY BEE,
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G. P. WHEEDE & Co.,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.
G. P. WHEEDE, E. DUVERGER, E. HARDY, E. DUPOIS.
DAILY BEE, (one year in advance).....$12
COURIER BEE, sent weekly, (one year in advance).....
In all cases the money must give upon receipt of notice in writing before they can be allowed to discontinue.

The New Orleans Bee.

OFFICE, 88 CHARTRES ST.

NEW ORLEANS, FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 6, 1857.

VOL. XVII—NEW SERIES, VOL. XXXI—WHOLE NO. 10,513.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
One Dollar Square (TEN LINES) in each language, on the first insertion, and daily that price for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements inserted for less than one dollar in each language.
Advertisements on the first page One Dollar per square each insertion.
Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged One Dollar for every TEN lines, for each insertion.
The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business, and to count in one uninterrupted column.

THE DAILY BEE.

FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 6.

THE NORTHERN MAIL failed yesterday from beyond Washington. The mail due the day previous came through.

A CONFLICT OF OPINION.

The telegraph informed us some days ago that Gov. Lecon, of Maryland, had tendered to Mayor SWANN, of Baltimore, the services of the military to ensure the peace of the city during the State Election on the 4th, and that Mayor SWANN had declined the offer. The correspondence between these functionaries is published in the Baltimore papers, and presents rather an interesting case of a conflict of authority. The Governor, in a letter dated the 27th October, states that he has been induced by representations from a number of persons as to the condition of things in Baltimore, and by his own convictions of duty, to consult Mayor SWANN as to the provisions to be made to guarantee personal security and safety, and expresses his desire to co-operate with the Mayor in the adoption of the necessary measures for accomplishing this result.

Mayor SWANN answers with some vigor and considerable tartness. He says, in substance, that while he should claim the privilege of the initiative in consulting the Governor, by virtue of his commission, he has no objection to impart to his Excellency, "or any other citizen," the fullest information in regard to the subject. He goes on to declare that he (as Mayor) is the judge of, and is responsible for, the completeness and efficiency of his arrangements for the public peace; that the events which have lately transpired, and the murdered and murderous policemen who have fallen in the late effort to preserve the public peace, and secure the unrestricted right of suffrage, amply attest the activity of his labors; and that he has made such thorough and effectual arrangements for the November election as, in all probability, will prevent any outbreak or disturbance. Having furnished these explanations, Mayor SWANN proceeds to vindicate his authority. He says:

As Mayor of the city of Baltimore I hold my commission directly from the people, and am accountable to them for the manner in which I discharge my trust. The office which I have been called upon to assume was conferred upon me without solicitation, and will be laid down whenever it shall be made to appear that I have lost the confidence of those whom it has been my highest endeavor to serve. I can recognize "subordination" to no other power within the sphere of my duty. I deemed it due to courtesy to afford to your Excellency the amplest information in regard to the matters to which you refer in your letter, and now invite from you any reliable evidence upon which I can legally act of a combination on the part of any of our citizens to obstruct the laws at the coming election. But, while I am thus frank in forehadowing my plans for the preservation of the public peace and the protection of the voter by every means at my command, I must be equally so in declining to recognize any joint administration of the affairs of the city. The powers of the Mayor are believed to be ample. He has his resort, in case of emergency, to the civil posse as well as to the military arm, which, like the former, is placed by the law under his control. It will be his duty to use his best efforts to see that every citizen is protected in his constitutional rights, and that the peace of the city is preserved by every means at his disposal. If, however, it should be attempted to introduce a power in the city of Baltimore above that of its regularly constituted authorities, or if the power should be assumed in anticipation of a state of things which may not occur, to bring the military in contact with the people on the day of election without an official requisition on the part of the local authorities, I can only express the sincere belief that such a policy might seriously endanger the peace of the city, and lead to consequences which it should be the duty of all good citizens to endeavor if possible to avert.

It appears that a further interchange of letters took place between the parties, but they have not yet been made public. That the determination of the chief magistrate of Baltimore, and the view taken by him of the scope of his authority, were unacceptable to Gov. Lecon, is evident from the upshot of the correspondence. On the 28th ultimo the Governor issued a proclamation to the citizens of Baltimore. In this document he declares that, having failed to receive a satisfactory reply from the Mayor, and being resolved to do his duty, he has directed the proper military officers to enroll and hold in readiness their respective corps for active service on the day of election. A few words of earnest exhortation to the citizens, to observe and obey the laws, follow this order, and appendix are notifications addressed to Major-Generals STEWART and SHIRK, commanding them to carry out the provisions. Whether these orders were fulfilled we do not know, though, as the telegraph reports that the election in Baltimore was conducted quietly and without bloodshed, it may be presumed either that an imposing military force overawed the ruffians, or that Mayor SWANN's arrangements for maintaining public tranquillity were effectual.

We notice the correspondence between the two functionaries in order to direct attention to the conflict of opinion that springs from the antagonistic views of their rights and powers entertained by both. The correspondence creates intense excitement in Baltimore. The Democratic sheets defend and approve of the Governor's course, while the American and independent journals condemn it without reserve. We are hardly aware to what extent the Executive is empowered to interfere in municipal concerns, unless upon a requisition addressed to him by the Mayor. This, we take it, is the general rule in such matters. Under the clause in the Executive of Maryland commander-in-chief, and authorizing him to call out the militia to repel invasions, suppress insurrections, and enforce the execution of the laws," he might indeed exercise this power, and probably will avail himself of that feature in the Constitution to vindicate his action. The probability is that the subject will be brought officially before the Legislature of Maryland, though when that body assembles Governor LECON will be *functus officio*.

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BY TELEGRAPH.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

EUROPE—BY THE CANADA.

TURKEY AND THE PRINCIPALITIES.—The Divan was resolved to recognize the rights of the Porte, and to favor the union of the Principalities under a sovereign, to be chosen from one of the Western dynasties—a representative form of government—and the neutrality of the State of Wallachia.

The Turkish Ministry is overthrown, and Rechid Pacha is appointed Grand Vizier, Halil Pacha Minister of War, Yarif Pacha to the command of the Imperial Guard, and Petri Pacha to the Artillery.

The Duke of Oporto, brother of the King of Portugal, will probably occupy the throne of the United Principalities.

France regrets this arrangement, fearing that complications may arise between Austria and Turkey.

ELECTIONS.

NEW YORK.—New York, Nov. 5.—The Tribune thinks that the Republicans are defeated by 10,000 to 20,000 majority in the State, and that the Democrats will have a majority in the House, and the Republicans in the Senate.

MARYLAND.—Baltimore, Nov. 5.—The American city ticket, including Harris and Davis in the Third and Fourth Districts, is elected. In the Fifth District, Kenkle (Dem.) gains.

NEW JERSEY.—New York, Nov. 5.—In New Jersey the Democrats have carried both branches of the Legislature by a large majority.

OHIO ELECTION.—Cincinnati, Nov. 5.—The official returns make Chase's plurality 565.

WISCONSIN.—Milwaukie, Nov. 5.—The *Daily Wisconsin* says that Randall is elected by 6800 majority, and that there is a Republican majority in both Houses of the Legislature.

MARKETS.—New York, Nov. 5.—Cotton, Flour, Wheat and Corn are firm. Beef steady. Coffee, 10½ to 11c. Lard in kegs, 13 to 14c. Tallow, 9½c. Linseed Oil, 56c.

Cincinnati, Nov. 5.—Flour unsettled. Whisky, 15½c. Red Wheat, 80 to 90c. Barley, 55c. Money easier.

STEAMBOATS COMING.—Vicksburg, Nov. 5.—The Virginia passed down at 10 A. M., and the Anglo-Saxon at 7 P. M.

NATCHEZ, Nov. 5.—The Eclipse will arrive at New Orleans at noon to-morrow, with over 4000 bales of cotton.

WESTWARD THEY GO.—For the last week, says the Selma *Sentinel* of the 31st, we have noticed a large number of persons moving through this city on their way to the West, some for Texas, some for Mississippi, but most of them going to North Louisiana. They are from North and South Carolina and Georgia, mostly, however, from Georgia. Within the week past there have been at least 1000 negroes passed through the city. How long this tide of emigration is to last we cannot tell, but should it continue for the winter we will be in a position to inform our journals in regard to the matters to which you refer in your letter, and now invite from you any reliable evidence upon which I can legally act of a combination on the part of any of our citizens to obstruct the laws at the coming election. But, while I am thus frank in forehadowing my plans for the preservation of the public peace and the protection of the voter by every means at my command, I must be equally so in declining to recognize any joint administration of the affairs of the city. The powers of the Mayor are believed to be ample. He has his resort, in case of emergency, to the civil posse as well as to the military arm, which, like the former, is placed by the law under his control. It will be his duty to use his best efforts to see that every citizen is protected in his constitutional rights, and that the peace of the city is preserved by every means at his disposal. If, however, it should be attempted to introduce a power in the city of Baltimore above that of its regularly constituted authorities, or if the power should be assumed in anticipation of a state of things which may not occur, to bring the military in contact with the people on the day of election without an official requisition on the part of the local authorities, I can only express the sincere belief that such a policy might seriously endanger the peace of the city, and lead to consequences which it should be the duty of all good citizens to endeavor if possible to avert.

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SOUTHERN LOTTERY,
SAVANNAH, GEORGIA,
ON THE HAVANA PLAN OF SINGLE NUMBERS
ADMISSION 5 DOLLARS, Whole Ticket.
Sixteen County Residency Lottery,
IN AUTHORITY OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA.
Our Lottery draw in Thomas, Georgia, (Rural Schemes) every Saturday, and in Savannah, Ga., (Large Schemes) about the 15th of every month.
CLASS DD
Brave November 15th, 1857, at Sixteen Month, Savannah, Georgia, Under the Supervision of
W. S. SIMONS & J. J. PERSTER, Esq'rs
Whole 1 Dollar to Every 9 Tickets.
20,000 tickets—3,304 Prizes.
Prizes Payable Without Deduction.
CAPITAL PRIZES, $60,000.
1 Prize of.....$20,000
1 " " 10,000
1 " " 5,000
1 " " 4,000
1 " " 3,000
2 Prizes of $2,000 ea.....4,000
2 " " 1,500 ea.....3,000
2 " " 1,000 ea.....2,000
2 " " 500 ea.....1,000
100 " " 100 ea.....10,000
200 " " 20 ea.....4,000
APPROXIMATION PRIZES.
4 Prizes of $600 to $200.....$2,400
4 " 300 to 150.....1,200
4 " 50 to 100.....600
12 " 50 to 100.....1,200
12 " 40 to 80.....960
12 " 30 to 60.....720
12 " 20 to 40.....480
2999 " 10 to 20.....$40,000
3,304 Prizes, Amounting to.....$215,200
Whole Tickets, $20; Halves, $10; Quarters, $5 ea.
Look to your interest, and compare this scheme with any lottery.
Certificate of Packages of Six Tickets are sold at the following rates, which is the cost:
Six Whole Tickets, $100.....$70.00
Six Half Tickets.....35.00
Six Quarter Tickets.....17.50
Satisfactory Small Schemes.
CAPITAL.....$12,500
To be drawn in Thomas, and Savannah, Ga., EVERY SATURDAY throughout the year.
Whole Tickets, $5; Halves, $2; Quarters, $1
Certificate Scheme of equal tickets taken at par. Orders for Tickets, Certificates of Packages of Tickets to
HADEN & SON, Managers.
ca-dd-1y HADEN AND SAVANNAH, Ga.

STEAMSHIPS, SHIPS, &c.
Galveston and Orange Steamship Bay.
To sail on SATURDAY, Nov. 14, at 8 o'clock, A. M.
REDUCED RATES.
CABIN PASSAGE TO GALVESTON.....$10
SOUTHERN STEAMSHIP COMPANY
J. T. Lawton, commander, leaves on Saturday, Nov. 14, at 8 o'clock, A. M. Passenger accommodations unsurpassed and copper fastened steamship
BERWICK, J. T. Lawton, commander, leaves on Nov. 21, at 8 o'clock, A. M.
Passenger accommodations unsurpassed, elegant accommodations, apply on board, or to
HAMLIN, WRIGHT & CO., foot of Julia st.
To sail on SATURDAY, Nov. 28, at 8 A. M., positively
Fine Bay Boat, the Steamboats, Apalachicola, Tampa Bay and Galveston.
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FOR HAVANA AND HAVRE.
REGULAR LINE FRENCH
Spanish Mail Steamships HAVANA and HAVRE, between HAVANA and Havre, touching at Vigo, regularly on the 17th of every month.
Price of passage from Havana to Havre.
First Cabin.....$170
Second Cabin.....$100
An experienced Surgeon attached to each ship
Apply to HAVANA
J. M. GANDOUNY,
Agent.
Apply to New Orleans to
MM. DUPASSAGE & CO.
The steamships of Vigo will not extend over eight hours.
Wall Paper! Wall Paper!
BAUMGARTEN & BYERS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS
French and American Paper-Hangings, Borders, CURTAIN DAMASKS, OAKS AND MAHOGANY.
No. 24 EXCHANGE PLACE, NEW ORLEANS, in every variety
Particular attention paid to the trade in their line.
ca-dd-1y
TO arrive per ships Harper and Antonia, from Liverpool—200 quarter casks Spanish Wine, very fine; 50 half do do do, for sale by
LANATA BROS.
ca-dd 11 Jefferson st.
TO ARRIVE per ship Harper, from Marseilles—40 cases Burgundy wine, 100 boxes vermouth, Holly, Fruit & Co; 500 boxes Marseilles olive oil, Plaquiol, 24 and 12 oz. boxes; 200 boxes Provence olives, 24 and 12 oz. boxes; 24 do do Verdale olives; 24 do fine marachino; 24 do genoa lemon peel; 50 boxes Italian soap; 4000 marachino bottles. For sale by
ca-dd-1y LANATA BROS. 9 and 11 Jefferson st.
SUPERIOR CLARET.—Just received from Bordeaux: 16 boxes superior Chateau Margaux, 1847; 24 do do Chateau Lagrange, 1846; 24 do Chateau Gloria, 1847; 24 do Chateau Lafite, 1847; 24 do Chateau Quin; 100 do St. Julien Medoc; 50 do Grave Claret; 100 do St. Emilion Medoc; 50 do Grave Claret; 100 do Chateau Margaux; 100 do Chateau Yquem, Best Sauternes; 24 do Haut Sauternes.
DUPUYE & IKEN,
corner Royal and Conti sts
OIL MACARONI AND OIL.—200 baskets Olive Oil, superfine, Marquisot, 24 oz; 200 do do 12 oz; 100 boxes Italian Vermicelli and Macaroni; 20 kegs Olive Oil, 5 gallons each; 20 boxes do do Orange Flower Water. For sale by
LANATA BROS.
ca-dd 11 Jefferson st.
SHERRY PORTO PORT.
50.....ST. LOUIS STREET.....60
Very best for sale, in store consignment.
Also, Sherry, Port, Malaga, Bordeaux, Marguax Sherry, superior articles.
40 casks Sherry Sherry, various brands;
25 " " Port;
25 " " Port Bordeaux white wine;
500 boxes, 12 bottles each, ordinary St. Julien Medoc claret;
200 boxes, 12 bottles each, superior claret, very fine;
200 boxes, 12 bottles each, the Bordeaux, Haut Sauternes, Haut Lafite, Chateau Margaux, Pape Clement, Paul Cabet and other wines.
50 boxes Bordeaux white wine, superior;
20 hogsheads superior champagne wine, quarts and pints;
200 baskets ordinary champagne wine, quarts and pints;
50 boxes Burgundy and Rhenish wine;
100 baskets Rhenish Montrachet;
100 baskets Rhenish Hock, Sherry bounce;
200 boxes Madeira, Holly, Frit & Co, and Sherry;
50 boxes Madeira and Malmsbrown, vintage of 1844;
1 hogshead Madeira fine liquors, in bottles and decanters, richly labelled;
200 boxes superior Madeira, each dozen;
100 boxes superior Madeira, half dozen;
100 boxes superior claret, rich labels;
10 hogsheads superior cognac brandy;
12 demijohns each, extra massive, rich labels;
1 hogshead Old Cognac brandy;
100 boxes Holland gin, imported;
100 boxes Holland gin, fine soap;
Cordials, fine soap;
Cordials;
Cordials;
Cordials