THE DAILY BEE.
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The New Orleans Bee.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:
One Dollar for every TEN lines, in such language, on the first insertion, and HALF that price for each subsequent insertion.
Advertisements on the first page One Dollar per each insertion.
Liberal deductions to [illegible] of intervals will be allowed. One Dollar for every TEN lines for a [illegible] charge, for each insertion.
The privileges of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business, and in contract it is also expressly stipulated that no other day [illegible] insertion within the year, [illegible] subscription to advertising will be charged until all changes are paid, unless at the option of the proprietors.

OFFICE, 83 CHARTRES ST. NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 7, 1858. VOL. XVII—NEW SERIES. VOL. XXXI—WHOLE NO. 10,563.

THE DAILY BEE.

THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 7.

[illegible] & N. RAILROAD MAIL failed yesterday from [illegible] M. [illegible]

HOW IT IS VIEWED.

[illegible] picture of Gen. WALKER is in one [illegible] by the press. It is a [illegible] introduced in the midst of [illegible] and hackneyed Kansas [illegible] presents a ready, spicy, copious [illegible] in which may be viewed in [illegible] hashed and rehashed, distorted, narrated, analyzed, sifted, criticised and censured. Accordingly it is [illegible] with the utmost avidity, and [illegible] to an unending process of comment. Its freshness and interest have not [illegible]. The Southern papers continue [illegible] and sarcastic attacks upon [illegible] in the matter; while the Northern [illegible] are by no means weary of discussing the arrest of the great [illegible]. From the most important dogmas [illegible] down to the statute, complex [illegible] speculation of Gen. WALKER; from [illegible] the ravings respecting the real [illegible] President, to perplexing and [illegible] to comprehend Capt. Cra[illegible] the imitation of English gram[illegible] surmises as to the fate in store [illegible] PAULDING, to guesses at the [illegible] the Southern members of Con[illegible] rise from grave argument to [illegible] incident invective to abound [illegible] the Walker business is a [illegible] journalists.

[illegible], however, the Northern [illegible] seem pretty well, similar [illegible] because the case is not [illegible] a diversity of opinion. They [illegible] of Commodore PAULDING ex[illegible] instructions, and violated the [illegible] a foreign nation, when he [illegible] arrested WALKER. The [illegible] heralded by the North, but [illegible] considered in all its [illegible] marked discrepancy of view ex[illegible] the South contends that the con[illegible] of PAULDING was censura[illegible] pandering to Great Brit[illegible] merits punishment; that [illegible] restored to Nicaragua at [illegible] the United States govern[illegible] demnified for loss of time, [illegible] dignity. The North main[illegible] the wrong was committed, a [illegible] was secured; that Commodore [illegible] praise instead of blame for [illegible] strict letter of his instruc[illegible] crowned the chief of the [illegible] up the expedition, and [illegible] similar enterprises for an [illegible] The conclusions of both [illegible] naturally biased by the pa[illegible] of the North, and the root[illegible] South. The former secret[illegible] the latter openly grieves at [illegible] impediments which the ac[illegible] officers has placed to the [illegible] institutions in a latitude [illegible] dangerous development.

[illegible] amazed at the bewilder[illegible] that seems to pervade the [illegible] intentions of the Presi[illegible] reached Washington [illegible] kept busily engaged in [illegible] in all directions, the [illegible] which was that the com[illegible] commander of the *Wabash* was [illegible] consultation, and that [illegible] threatened. This pleasant [illegible] for several days, and [illegible] a striking modifica[illegible] Commodore PAULDING had [illegible] time of his duty, but [illegible] to account for it. [illegible] Northern view of the [illegible] accordance with Mr. [illegible] mode of dealing with [illegible] First, he turns his op[illegible] the South, and just as [illegible] occasion to get a satisfac[illegible] he performs a graceful [illegible] the North the benefit of [illegible] The Northern pa[illegible] yesterday's mail do not [illegible] aware of the Presi[illegible] disposition towards them, [illegible] parental perplexity as [illegible] they are well in[illegible] and surmises have [illegible]. What is astonish[illegible] some of the Southern [illegible] the belief that Mr. [illegible] with them, and this in the [illegible] information. Thus the [illegible] which evidently strives to [illegible] him involved in the [illegible] WALKER and the advo[illegible] are thoroughly satis[illegible] that the present adminis[illegible] the course by the [illegible] cabinet desire to extend [illegible] the jurisdiction of our [illegible] South, to which [illegible] Southern States deem it of [illegible] institutions should [illegible] a tenacity of faith our [illegible] to reasons for this [illegible] reconcilable, consisting [illegible] amendments of Mr. Bu[illegible] with his Cabinet, the [illegible] Inaugural platform, the [illegible] message, and the senti[illegible] of friendship cherished [illegible] towards the South for [illegible] Precedents in its favor, [illegible] by subsequent words [illegible] platform, like all [illegible] fences to bring together [illegible] opinions, has been cool[illegible] intimations of the mes[illegible] and the Americanization [illegible] part of the continent, and [illegible] ownership of Mr. BUCHANAN [illegible] by his appointment of [illegible] and his protection of the [illegible] in its infamous attempt [illegible] of the sovereign people of [illegible] represented in the Lecompton [illegible] *Register*'s confidence is [illegible]. We wish we possessed [illegible] spirit and hopeful tendency. We should certainly welcome any evidences [illegible] BUCHANAN'S strong and [illegible] extend the jurisdiction of [illegible] Southern regions of North [illegible]; however, there is not [illegible] tangible proof of the [illegible] desire on the part of our [illegible] support of the South—a [illegible] would assuredly have been [illegible] a recent course could have [illegible] justified.

[illegible] Messrs. SPENCER FIELD & Co. [illegible] their office, corner Camp [illegible] sections of the finest Lan[illegible] the price of 25 per ton [illegible] delivered in any part of the [illegible] settlement.

[illegible] the great magician, will give [illegible] representation on Friday, [illegible] at Nauruchi's Museum, St. [illegible] corner of Bourbon. Go and see [illegible] be entertained and as[illegible]

[illegible] CONTRACT.—The Washington [illegible] are suppose, from the best [illegible] that the contract between [illegible] the agent of the Atlantic and [illegible] Company should not be con[illegible] the national treaty negotiated [illegible] Secretary of State and the Min[illegible] Nicaragua. The contract is a [illegible] one, and that is ratified; [illegible] remains to be heard from. [illegible] are that there will be [illegible] on the part of the govern[illegible] now that it will be in[illegible] British intervention. Any [illegible] enough in Central America [illegible] Americans but in this case [illegible] a government is firm, de[illegible] independent, notwithstanding [illegible] Clarendon's nonsensical combi[illegible] other Britannic Majesty's fleet [illegible] at San Juan del Norte.

[illegible] from the officers of the steamer [illegible] that the usually quiet town of Na[illegible] Arkansas was thrown into great [illegible] on the 3d inst., in consequence of a [illegible] murder having been committed. [illegible] what we can learn, it seems that some [illegible] were served in a stiff, and upon leading [illegible] place among themselves, [illegible] resulted in the immediate death of [illegible] and another so dangerously wounded [illegible] he was despaired of. The citizens [illegible] on murder, and succeeded in capturing [illegible] connected in the murder. Their [illegible] sent to high, that a rope was added [illegible] the neck of one of them, who immediately turned State's evidence. The Mayor [illegible] trying them when the boat left, and the opinion was that one of them would be hung instanter, and the others sent to the penitentiary.

DEATH OF A REPORTER.—Mr. Samuel M. Bigelow, for several years a hard-working reporter on the daily press of New York, and for some time connected with the *Express*, died on Tuesday week, at the early age of twenty four years.

By Telegraph.

Transmitted to the New Orleans Bee.

FOUR DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE ATLANTIC.

ADVANCE IN COTTON.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—The U. S. mail steamship *Atlantic*, from Liverpool on the afternoon of the 23d, has arrived off Sandy Hook. Her advices are four days later than brought by the *Niagara*, and, in a commercial view, are very important.

ARRIVALS OUT.

The Royal mail steamship *Africa* arrived out at Liverpool on the 20th, and the *Kangaroo* on the 22d.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 23.—The sales for the past three days foot up 23,000 bales, of which 10,000 were taken by speculators.

All qualities of cotton have considerably advanced.

The circulars variously report the advance at ⅛d. to ¼d.

The market closed firm.

Richardson & Spence report cotton closed with an advancing tendency, with a advance of ¼d. Orleans Middling 6¾d. Mobile Middling 6d. Uplands 5¾d.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 23.—P. M.—Cotton is quiet. Breadstuffs dull. Provisions closed dull.

Manchester markets are dull, and prices are lower.

BREADSTUFFS.

The market for breadstuffs generally closed quiet.

PROVISIONS.

Provisions closed generally very dull.

MONEY MARKET.

The money market is slightly easier.

Consols for account closed at 93¼ to 93¾.

MANCHESTER MARKETS.

Our advices from Manchester are still unfavorable, though there is a slight improvement.

The following private dispatch was received by a respectable merchant of this city:

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—The advance per the *Atlantic* is only one farthing, and not maintained.

GENERAL NEWS.

FAILURES.

Klingenden & Brothers, of Liverpool, have failed.

Their liabilities amount to half a million sterling.

EARTHQUAKE IN NAPLES.

An earthquake had occurred at Naples, causing great loss of life, and a great deal of damage otherwise.

BUCHANAN'S MESSAGE IN ENGLAND.

Buchanan's message had been received with favorable criticism in England.

INDIA.

We have nothing later from India.

ADDITIONAL BY THE ATLANTIC.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 23.—Richardson, Spence & Co. quote Red Wheat 6s. 2d. to 7s. 3d.; White 6s. 10d. to 7s. 3d. Mixed Corn 33s. 6d.

Provisions dull.

Flour very dull. Rice quiet. Rosin dull at 3s. 11d. for common.

INDIA AND ENGLAND.

The East India Company has been notified formally of the intention of the English government to terminate the double government in India.

ENGLAND.

MONEY—BUCHANAN'S MESSAGE, &C.

The London money market shows a better feeling, and discounts are readily made at 8 per cent.

The London *Times* endorses Mr. Buchanan's financial views, but says England should not abrogate the Central American treaty without a guarantee for the re-enactment of its most important provisions.

The *Post* says that the message is highly creditable to Mr. Buchanan in its moderation, judgment and public spirit.

The *News* praises the foreign and financial policy, but condemns that part relating to Kansas.

The launch of the *Leviathan* is postponed until the commencement of the next year.

The report of the intended alliance between the Prince of Orange and the Princess Alice of England is erroneous.

FRANCE.

Commercial affairs are improving in Paris.

Madame de Jenfres, her two sons and gamekeeper, have been acquitted of the murder of M. Gilbert Legee.

The trial produced great sensation.

It was suspected that the Bank of France would reduce the rate of interest to 5 per cent. before the close of the year.

NAPLES.

The towns of Salerno, Portenza, Nola and numerous others have been half destroyed by an earthquake.

The dispatch, which is supposed to exaggerate, says that thousands of persons were killed.

There is no doubt but that many lives were lost, and an immense amount of property destroyed.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—*House*.—L. Clancy Jones, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported a bill for appropriations to support the Military Academy at West Point.

Mr. Washburn, of Illinois, from the Committee on Commerce, reported a bill to amend the act for the better security of the lives of passengers on board steamboats.

Consideration was postponed until the first Tuesday in February.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—*House*.—Mr. Chapman, from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, reported a resolution (which was adopted) asking the President for the correspondence between the Secretary of State and Paraguay and New Granada; also what steps he has taken to the navigation of the Amazon and negotiations of reciprocity, and all other correspondence on the subject of our relations with Spain not heretofore made public.

The House went into a Committee of the Whole on the President's message.

Senate.—Mr. Hunter and Mr. Toombs asked, but the Senate refused to excuse them from serving on the French Spoliation Bill Committee.

The Senate is now considering Mr. Crittenden's resolution in favor of increasing the duties of imports by substituting the home for the foreign valuation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—*Senate*.—Mr. Crittenden thought that an increase of 5 per cent. on woolen and cotton goods produced an adequate revenue, and afford all necessary protection.

Mr. Fitch moved an amendment taking in bank bills, and discriminating against smaller denominations, to drive them out of circulation.

On motion of Mr. Clay, the resolution and amendment were tabled.

House.—Mr. BOCOCK defended the constitutionality of the Neutrality act of 1818, and was surprised to hear assertions that it was not right to go on the high seas to capture violators of said act. We are, he said, by treaty stipulations, to maintain a naval force for the suppression of the slave trade, and the policy had been recognized by all administrations and all parties. It would be the result of good sense in the House to add to the argument that Walker's expedition was fitted out to make war and take life and property in Nicaragua, with which country we were at peace, and had just made a treaty of amity and friendship.

Instantaneously on landing hostility was perpetrated, when shot down, and property seized. International law calls this robbery and murder.

He recognized the right of American citizens to emigrate to foreign countries peaceably, and himself wished the rebuttal to become Americanized, but not by expeditions like Walker's.

Paulding doubtlessly acted in accordance with the spirit of his instructions. The President has shown himself favorable to the interests of our people, in connection with Central American republics, by cultivating kind and fraternal relations with those governments with a view to Americanize them.

It is treason for laws made to make war upon peaceful cotemporaries.

Mr. Bliss anathematized the Dred Scott decision and its authors.

House.—Mr. Hiskins said that at the proper time he would go as far as any one in favor of a suspension of the neutrality laws, but not for the reason given by Mr. Quitman.

Nicaragua is the only power which can object to Commodore Paulding's course. She condemns it. He thought the thanks of Congress and a medal due Paulding.

He was a national and not an individual filibuster, a believer in the Monroe doctrine, and wanted the sentiments of the Gatesmanifest applied, and when the nations will take the responsibility of seizing Cuba and suspending the neutrality laws, he would go for it.

National Democrats (said he) believe the government should do certain things by Congress. They inherited that idea from the mother country, but Walker's invasions were petty larceny.

He was in favor of a national grand larceny. Stephens and declared himself a Hard-shell Democrat.

Mr. Stephens said he cast no imputation on Paulding further than the arrest of Walker justified. That arrest was without law or the color of law. On that Paulding was sustained. It was a great outrage.

Mr. Hiskins replied with abundant precedents to show that the American Congress and people had sustained both morally right, but technically wrong acts, among others the declaration of martial-law by Jackson at New Orleans.

Mr. BOCOCK repelled Mr. Stephens's assertion that Walker's men were a lazy, heavy set.

Mr. Gilmer deprecated the course of the argument on Paulding's conduct.

He thought the documents would justify it. He thought there was an increased necessity, after Walker's escape, to order naval and federal officers to exercise additional vigilance.

SUICIDE.—A soldier named Thomas Wilson, a few days ago, committed suicide at Ruggs Barn, by taking poison.

A dispatch from Schenectady, of the 30th ult., says:

Charles W. Burhyte, of the firm of Charles W. and Oliver B. Burhyte, grocers, of this city, was found dead in his store this morning with a pair of shoes clutched in his hands. The top of his head was blown off. Powder burns upon his face showed that the deed was committed by himself. Burhyte was a man of high character, and has been prominent in the Democratic party. He was also a director in the Mohawk Bank. He was about 45 years of age, and leaves a wife and family.

MOVEMENTS FOR 1860.—One of the New York papers notices a meeting of the Republican leaders, Banks, Preston King, Trumbull, Doolittle, &c., at the pleasant country residence of Francis P. Blair, in Maryland, known as Silver Spring. Speaking of this gathering, the writer says:

Important political measures are often concerted and arranged at these festive meetings. It was at Silver Spring, in the winter and spring of 1856, that the nomination of Col. Fremont was settled. Parties are forming their plans already for 1860, which is but two years hence. The preliminary movements of the Republicans are of most public interest; because they are the party which will succeed to power. Buchanan says that the chasm in the Democratic party cannot possibly be closed or bridged, and that the Republicans can only defeat themselves by gross mistakes. The Republican candidate for 1860 will be taken from the circle of these names: Mr. Seward, Col. Fremont, Gov. Banks, Gov. Chase, Gov. Bissell, Senator Douglas or Gov. Walker will probably be the candidate of the Buraburners or Freesoil Democracy, and President Buchanan will necessarily be renominated by the Administration party. This latter result will be brought about by the unreconciled rivalry of Messrs. Wise and Hunter, and the struggles for ascendency between Jefferson Davis and Robert Toombs.

Such speculations are rather premature just now. The position and prospects of the Democratic party will have to be ascertained ere the preliminaries for the next Presidential campaign can be settled. The party is at this moment in a decided fog.

HEAVY ROBBERY.—The Albany (New York) *Knickerbocker* says:

W. H. Emerson is a merchant doing business at Newport, Canada West. Thursday morning Mr. Emerson left Buffalo for Albany accompanied with a leather satchel, containing $64,000 in bank bills.

Mr. Emerson was bound to New York, where his brother is in business. The money in the satchel was to pay for a cargo of sugar which his brother purchased last week. Mr. Emerson placed his satchel on his seat alongside of him, and threw his shawl on it. At Rome Mr. Emerson got out of the car to obtain some refreshments, leaving his satchel and money behind him. He got refreshments and returned to the car. Seeing his shawl where he placed it he supposed the satchel was all right, and took his seat. Just this side of Schenectady, he thought he would examine matters, and made the discovery that his satchel, containing $64,000, had been stolen. He immediately apprised the conductor of his loss. The conductor instantly instituted a search of every bag and passenger in the train, but of course without finding the money.

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DEATH OF AN EX-U. S. SENATOR.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 6.—Ex-United States Senator David Stewart died here yesterday.

RAILROAD TROUBLES IN OHIO.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 6.—The trains on the Cincinnati and Marietta railroad are stopped and business suspended. The employés are on a strike for wages due.

The furnaces have destroyed the track to the vicinity of Athens. The cause for this latter movement is unascertained.

THE WEATHER.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—Dispatches from the East and North say it is very cold, and snow falling heavily along the coast of Massachusetts and Maine.

It is snowing here, but melting as it falls.

The Gazette, Montreal—Toronto, Tuesday, Dec. 29, 1857.—There were a number of arrivals at the port yesterday, but the [illegible] of the ice in the river where we [illegible] the mildness of the weather, [illegible] any ship from coming up. In addition [illegible] the number of vessels now [illegible] the harbor, [illegible] are anticipated.

The result of the election in Upper Canada is favorable to the Hincks Ministry, [illegible] will be sustained by a majority [illegible] Mr. Hincks, it is said, will [illegible] in a few days, when [illegible] will be reconstructed. The Hon. [illegible] A. McDonald, Premier, died at Kingston, U. C.

PATRIOTISM.—The Louisiana *Baptist* says: The distilling-house of Mr. John Chaffe, of Minden, was blown up last Friday (Christmas) night, severely injuring both Mr. Chaffe and his wife. The explosion, supposed to be a keg of powder, took place about midnight, under the bed in which they slept, indicating that it was the purpose of the fiend to destroy them.

The house is a wreck—the force of the powder passing upwards through the first and second floors, and carrying away the roof so that one of the rafters fell in. It is a matter of surprise that Mr. and Mrs. Chaffe were not instantly killed. But such is the signal protection of Providence. Suspicion, we learn, rests pretty strongly upon the cook, a negro man, not long since purchased by Mr. Chaffe in New Orleans.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

CAPT. RIVIÈRE ON SEBASTOPOL.—The lecture of Capt. H. A. de Rivière, of the "Zouaves," as delivered last evening at the City Hall, on the capture of the Crimean war, and more particularly the siege and fall of Sebastopol, embraced the most delectable entertainment to a fair audience. The Captain's style is of a delicate descriptive character, enabling him to present to the mind of the audience a very complete picture of the shifting operations in the Crimea, as they fell under his own observation as commander of a company of the impetuous Zouaves. He was assisted by vivid executed diorama, representing the fortress of Sebastopol itself, and the various points of attack, by sea and land, of the allied forces mustered.

It is unnecessary to assert this exceedingly interesting lecture was, he said, "the stab the Czar in the heart of his dominions."

He compared the attack, also, from the position of Sebastopol as a peninsula, to the siege of New Orleans by General Packenham in 1814, and alluded to the spirit by which the Allied forces were actuated—the patriotism of Hanover and Waterloo to the French and English, now brothers in arms against the common foe—the Russian. The lecture was illustrated by many anecdotes, which we, by my Oft, and I will not be responsible for the [illegible] of the lecture, but brothers in arms and soldiers will be, and [illegible] Saturday Oct. 29, 1853 [illegible] street, near Chartres. From 10 o'clock [illegible] 60 seats and fit.

FOR SALE, CHARLES DE CRUZE, Sole Editor of Stories Oft in the World.

Not removed.

For sale to New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by J. T. WEBSTER & CO.,

jan4-Odim 21 and 151 Chartres st.

Fashionable Hair Dressing Saloon.

MME. [illegible] respectfully informs the ladies of New Orleans and vicinity that she has taken the elegant and commodious rooms recently occupied by Mrs. [illegible] on Canal street, between Bourbon and Dauphine, where she will be happy to receive a call from her friends and patrons. Mme. [illegible] is a practical hair dresser, and will guarantee entire satisfaction to all who favor her with a call. Mme. [illegible] has also a large assortment of hair goods, which she will sell at reasonable prices. Ladies' hair dressed in the most fashionable style. Combings worked up into puffs, curls, &c. Mme. [illegible] would also call the attention of the ladies to her [illegible] Hair Restorative, which is warranted to restore gray hair to its original color, and prevent it from falling off. Also, her Hair Dye, which is perfectly harmless, and will not stain the skin. Mme. [illegible] has been in the business for many years, and feels confident that she can give satisfaction to all who may favor her with a call. Ladies' hair dressed at their residences. Mme. [illegible] has also a fine assortment of children's hair dressing combs, which she will sell at reasonable prices. Ladies' hair dressed in the most fashionable style. Combings worked up into puffs, curls, &c. Mme. [illegible] would also call the attention of the ladies to her [illegible] Hair Restorative, which is warranted to restore gray hair to its original color, and prevent it from falling off. Also, her Hair Dye, which is perfectly harmless, and will not stain the skin. Mme. [illegible] has been in the business for many years, and feels confident that she can give satisfaction to all who may favor her with a call. Ladies' hair dressed at their residences. Mme. [illegible] has also a fine assortment of children's hair dressing combs, which she will sell at reasonable prices.

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Dry Goods.—The particular attention of buyers is called to the auction sale of dry Goods, to take place THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at N. Peychaud, Hyde & Co., No. 25 Old Levee. Terms at sale.

A FINE-RATE CHANCE.—At No. 160 Poydras street, FRANZO continues to offer splendid opportunities to purchasers. His stock of jewelry and fancy articles is unsurpassed in beauty and variety, and to all who invest one dollar, or more, a gift will be presented to be selected by themselves. As the holiday season is at hand, we certainly advise our readers to embrace the occasion. Call at FRANZO'S, and the elegance and cheapness of his wares will assuredly induce you to choose some pretty article for a present to your friends.

Dr. Stedman and His Remedies.

The names which has attended the proctor of this distinguished Swedish physician gives far to confirm the theory that the source of all diseases is in the blood. His famous "Scandinavian Remedies" operate directly upon the elements of that fluid, neutralizing the acrid and morbid matter in the circulation, and bringing back health to every organ, by purifying the stream which sustains and nourishes the whole system. Certain it is that his Blood Purifier and Blood Pills have worked wonders in nervous complaints, bronchitis, rheumatism, cough, catarrh, dyspepsia, general debility, hypochondriasis, epilepsy, erysipelas, scrofula, and many other painful and dangerous maladies. Hence their great popularity. We are informed that the correspondence of Dr. Stedman amounts on an average to 100 letters per day, of which 500 are requests for advice and orders for his celebrated remedies. See advertisement.

For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by J. WEBSTER & CO.,

21 and 151 Chartres st.,

General agents for the South, and to whom all orders should be addressed.

Hostetter.

Three bottles of Hostetter's Vegetable Stomach Bitters will cure the Dyspeptic; one bottle will create an appetite, force off the leaden bile, purify the blood and invigorate the system; two bottles will cure the worst form of Liver Complaint; one bottle will dissipate that weakness at the pit of the stomach, give color to the countenance, impart tone and strength to the system, and lend cheerfulness to the mind. Every family should have Hostetter's celebrated Stomach Bitters. No article is so positively adapted to the depressing effects of our climate.

Sold by druggists and dealers generally, and by J. WEBSTER & CO.,

21 and 151 Chartres st.

jan4-dalm

Consumption Shall Have Other Victims!

Many consumptives are appalled! Every newspaper teems with the names of victims who have fallen a prey to this fell disease. Instead, however, of despairing, let them be encouraged by the fact that we are daily receiving testimonials from those who have been restored to health by the use of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. Sold by druggists everywhere.

Sold in New Orleans by PAIN EXTRACTOR DEPOT, 56 Camp street.

Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry