

BYRRH

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Agents: PAUL GELPI & SONS, New Orleans

RECOMMANDÉ AUX FAMILLES

VENTE EN 1912: 11.000.000 DE BOUTEILLES

L. VIOLET. - THUR, FRANCE

BYRRH

ENGLISH SECTION

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HAPPENINGS 60 YEARS AGO.

(By Count de G. —)

Death of Gen. Taylor.—Millard Fill-
more.

The melancholy tidings of the death of the President of the United States has by this time reached all our readers. He has long suffered from derangement of the digestive organs, but no intimation reached here of his illness until it was accompanied with the intelligence of his death. He died on Tuesday evening the 9th inst., of something like bilious colic. The first hint of his illness reached Baltimore on the 8th and at 5 o'clock the next evening he was no more. Gen. Taylor passed through life, and faced many perils without fear, and he seems to have met the egregeous enemy, to whom even a hero must surrender, with the same firmness. His last words were: "I die; I am waiting death's approach; I am ready for the summons; I have endeavored faithfully to perform my duty. I regret to leave my friends."

Simple and solemn words that indicate a heart at peace, a readiness to obey the inevitable call, and a spirit that even in the dark valley of the shadow of death, still dwelt on its friends and its country. This is a sublime death—far more so than to have fallen, amidst the shock of arms, on one of the fields of his glory.

General Taylor was in his sixty-fifth year. He entered the public service as First Lieutenant in the 7th Infantry in 1808, and remained in it, without in-
formission, until his decease; a long career characterised by deeds of heroic daring and fruitful of great events to illustrate and enoble the history of his country. His acts are a part of her records, and the trophies won by his valor are at once his monument and her glory. Party asperges over the grave, and the whole nation mourns for one of the greatest soldiers of the age.

(To be continued.)

COMMERCIAL

Spot Cotton.

New Orleans..... 18.25

Galveston..... 18.65

Mobile..... 18.37

Little Rock..... 18.50

Montgomery..... 18.25

Memphis..... 18.75

FINANCIAL

Bonds.

Street Railroads—American Cities 5-6%..... 98% 99

Birmingham Ry. L. and R. 4%..... 99% 100

Meridian 3%..... 96%

N. O. City R. R. gen. mix..... 104

N. O. Ry. and L. Co. 4%..... 92

State and City—

97%

97% 97%

Cotton bonds..... 99% 99%

Public Improvement, 1950..... 99% 99%

Public Improvement, new..... 92 99%

TO THE PUBLIC.

The New Orleans Bee, No. 520 Conti St., is prepared to publish in the English language in its daily paper all legal and judicial advertisements and notices at the rate of three and a half (3 1/2) cents per agate line, net, payable cash in advance, instead of seven (7) cents per agate line as heretofore.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Louis Hollinghorst to Emile Pomes, tract fronting on north or Lake side of Gentilly Road, between crossings of the L. and N. R. R., \$700—Watt.

Gentilly Terrace Co. to Henry Mader, 3 lots, St. Roch, Lombard, Music and Gentilly Blvd., \$1,600—Wenck.

George Wambegan to Third Dist Bldg Assn, portion, St. Claude, Tupelo, Marais and St. Maurice, \$2,000—Zen- gel.

Purchaser to Vendor, same property, \$2,000—Zengel.

John Albert Lafaye to Industrial Homestead Assn, 2 lots, Lafaye, Ba- dich, Lombard and Gentilly Blvd., \$2,000—Dreyfous.

Purchaser to Vendor, same property, \$2,000—Dreyfous.

In recent years the vote of California has been divided three times: In 1880, Maier received 5 of its electoral votes, and Garfield 4; in 1892, Cleveland received 8 and Benjamin Harri- son 1; in 1912, Roosevelt received 11 and Wilson 2.

In 1892, by virtue of a law passed the year before, the electors in Michigan were chosen by districts and Cleveland received 5 electoral votes and Benjamin Harrison 9, and the vote of North Dakota, the first year in which it participated in a presidential election, was divided between the three candidates, Benjamin Harrison, Cleve- land and Weaver, one to each.

In 1894, Parker received 7 electoral votes in Maryland and Roosevelt 1; and in 1900 Bryan received 6 and Taft 2. In 1892, in Oregon, Benjamin Harris- on received 3 electoral votes and Weaver 1, and in Ohio, Benjamin Harri- son received 22 and Cleveland 1, and in 1896 McKinley received 12 electoral votes in Kentucky, and Bryan 1.

Female Help.

Any individual or firm employing female help, whether clerical or domestic, should apply to Mrs. Olivia Blanchard, U. S. Government Federated Employment Clearing House, City Hall, St. Andrew and Liberty, \$2,000.00—Parsons.

Dennis J. Curran to John Fahney, lot, St. Thomas, Chippewa, Saraparu and First, \$1,000—Stafford.

Peter Jung to Oscar J. Selmer, lot, Fontainebleau Drive, Belfast, Bernadot and Burdette, \$5,000—Payasse.

Frank Orliges and Wife to German American Homestead, lot, Ursulines, Robertson, Villere and St. Phillip, \$1,100—Meunier.

Purchaser to Prosper Jais, same property, \$2,000—Meunier.

New Orleans Land Co. to James Dobson, 2 lots, Homedale, Woodlawn, Monroe and Maythorn, \$700—Private.

William J. Castell to New Orleans Land Company, 2 lots, Louisville, Iber- ville, Ridgely and Fillmore Ave., \$500—Liambias.

French Market Homestead Assn to Salvatore Ferrera, lot, Canal, Tonti, Miro and Iberville, \$4,200—Dreyfous.

Mrs. Mary O'Leary to Security Bldg and Loan Assn, 2 portions, Metairie, Felicity, Clara and Willow, \$300—Zen- gel.

Purchaser to Vendor, same property, \$2,000—Zengel.

Chas. S. Thomas to Acme Homestead Assn, lot, White, Broad, Canal and Cleveland, \$2,400—Legier.

Purchaser to Henry M. Pearce, same property, \$2,400—Legier.

Child Betterment and Social Wel- fare, Chicago, Ill.

Time to Act.

Again the press reports tell us of the useless sacrifice of infant lives during the past summer by the fly poison.

We are reprinting the list of cases as reported by the press; but, owing to the similarity of the symptoms of arsenical poisoning to those of cholera infantum, it makes it quite certain that there were a great many more cases than are here reported.

Cholera infantum, one of the most common ailments of very young chil- dren, is prevalent at the time these

poisonous fly killers are most used. A majority of the children are too young to tell the cause of their illness, and arsenical poisoning may not be suspected unless they are seen taking the poison.

Through our efforts, a bill was introduced and passed by the Michigan legislature at its last session, regulating the manufacture and sale of poison fly destroyers, but the slaughter goes on in other States.

Last year the Honorable Harry F. Hamlin introduced a similar bill in Illinois, and the Lower House refused to pass this bill that had been ap- proved by the Senate. During the past summer there have been seven cases of child poisoning by fly destroyers in Illinois. In THREE cases the child died.

New Orleans, Nov. 4, 1916.

To the Editor of The N. O. Bee, City.

Dear Sir:

The question recently having been discussed as to the division of electoral votes in some of the States, the following synopsis of such division may not prove uninteresting at this time:

Washington, as is well known, received every electoral vote in 1792 (89) and in 1792 (132), but many of the

States were divided in their votes for

the other candidates, and in every

election except 1836, 1844, 1848, 1852,

1856, 1864, 1868, 1884, 1888 and 1900

there has been a division of the elec-

toral vote in some States, either for

President, Vice-President, or both.

In recent years the vote of California has been divided three times: In 1880, Maier received 5 of its electoral votes, and Garfield 4; in 1892, in Oregon, Benjamin Harris- on received 3 electoral votes and Weaver 1, and in Ohio, Benjamin Harri- son received 22 and Cleveland 1, and in 1896 McKinley received 12 electoral votes in Kentucky, and Bryan 1.

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