THE DAILY BEE
No. 73 Chartres st.
NEW ORLEANS:
MONDAY MORNING FEB 27, 1865

Auction Sales this Day.

By B Gueisset et le Cousin—Cordage, Ancres, Chaînes et Sel, Pain et viande, epicerie.

THE FRENCH RESTAURANT.—It will be seen that this establishment, so conveniently located on Chartres street, will accommodate the public by remaining open the whole of Mardi-Gras Night to receive guests.

Amusements.

A dramatic sensation entitled the Six Degrees in Crime is to be the chief feature at the Varieties tonight, Miss Irving to personate Louise. With reasonable assurance of something especially good from this talented artist, there is ground for much general expectation of favorable results. In Jenny Lind, burlesque we presume, Miss Hain Wallace is announced to make her first appearance.

Sensation is also the order of the night at the St. Charles. The Streets of New York, a piece depicting some of the most stirring, startling, attractive and repulsive scenes incident to city life — criminality and heroism, fearful fires and splendid displays of desperate daring by firemen, policemen and thieves, beggars and dandies, hovels and palaces, shoe blacks and black legs, squalid poverty and blasted infancy, inside and outside their respective abodes—is on the bills of the theatre for representation tonight. Mr. Eddy will appear in the leading part, Badger. The play was originally French, *Les Pauvres*, and was manipulated by Boucicault and others for the New York and London stage.

Several new stars will still further increase the variety and interest of the Academy entertainment tonight, and most agreeable results may be anticipated at the ever pleasant and attractive institution of Grieve's old amusement.

The officers of the steamer W R Arthur have obliged us by polite attentions.

The Latest from the North and the West via the River.

EXTRACTS FROM PAPERS BY THE W R ARTHUR.

By the arrival of the steamer W. R. Arthur, Capt. Green, from Cairo on the 19th, we have packages of Western papers including St. Louis and Chicago dates of the 18th and Cairo dates of the 19th, from which we make the subjoined selection.

Movements of the Rebel Steamers Ajax and Tallahassee—Efforts Making for Stopping of Blockade Runners on Nassau.

New York, February 17.—The *Herald's* Washington report says that Consul Hall has informed the Government of the sailing from Kingstown, Ireland, of the steamer Ajax, this port for Charleston, is intended for a racer or fast vessel. Her armament has caused her to be classed in a sailing vessel. No wonder, during the fact that she is small, it is believed that she will be able to do much damage to the American shipping, if she gets started in her dedicated career. It is thought she would go to Nassau before taking on board her guns.

Seizing the port of Wilmington has been a follow to Nassau—blockading station there.

According to the *Herald's* correspondence of the 31 over looking, developed, two hundred passing vessels, recently entered in the contraband trade, were there, and the warehouses were filled with goods.

The private Tallahassee, now called Charleston was there on the first of the month, and the question of the Government was called to the last by our Consul.

Our gunboat Honduras arrived there on the 1st, and asked permission to anchor in the harbor, but was refused.

LANDING OF COLORED TROOPS AT NEWBERN, N. C.

New York, February 17.—The Richmond *Dispatch* report the landing of 20,000 men at Newbern. It believes that it is the intention to immediate advance on Raleigh or on the railroad lines. Grant visited Newbern lately.

PROCLAMATION OF THE PRESIDENT FOR AN EXTRA SESSION OF THE SENATE.

Washington, February 18.—The following proclamation by the President of the United States:

WHEREAS, Objects of interest to the United States require the Senate to be convened in extraordinary session on the 4th day of March, to receive and act upon such communications as may be made to it on the part of the Executive, Now, therefore, I, Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States, have considered it to be my duty to issue my proclamation declaring that an extraordinary occasion requires the Senate of the United States to convene for the transaction of business, at the Capitol, in the City of Washington, on the 4th day of March next, at noon on the day, of which all who shall at that time entitled to act as members of said body are hereby called to take notice.

Given under my hand and the seal of the United States, at Washington, the first day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of the independence of the United States of America the eighty ninth. (Signed) A. LINCOLN.

By the President:
W. H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

APPEARS BEFORE WILMINGTON—REPORT OF THE OFFICERS—SUN SHINE FOR VETERANS.

New York, February 17.—Additional details of the movement towards Wilmington last Saturday show that the troops engaged were exclusively those of General Terry's command, but the operations were directed in person by his superior officer, General Schofield. The attempt was successful, and what still remained to be done was a reconnoissance in force, to enable a permanent advance, the Union troops occupied and held two miles after considerable severe skirmishing. The new ground was held, and works were immediately thrown up on it almost as strong as those from which the rebels had fled back. The Union casualties during the day were only about two killed and fifty wounded.

New York, February 17.—The *Tribune's* Fort Fisher correspondent says that the rebel position in front of Wilmington is not tenable untenable. Their right rests on Cape Fear, and consists of a breastwork ten feet in height, with a ditch and abattis in front.

Gen. Schofield brought with him when he assumed command, a large number of veterans, and at once set at work.

REPORT IN FAVOR OF FIELD AND MANN, OF LA TO SEATS IN CONGRESS.

Washington, February 17.—House.—The Committee on Elections reported in favor of the admission of Field and Mann, rebel senators from Louisiana, and Messrs Jackson and Johnson as Representatives from Arkansas.

MEASURES OF GENERAL MCDOWELL AGAINST EMIGRATION TO FOREIGN HOSTILE TO THE UNITED STATES.

San Francisco, February 14—General McDowell issued an order requiring passengers to Mexico to obtain a permit from the Provost Marshal. No citizen of the United States will receive a permit without evidence of his peaceable intentions. In doubtful cases they will be required to take the oath of allegiance. Aliens must produce satisfactory certificates of their nationality. The object of the order is to cut off the increase of bands of persons inimical to the United States, and reported to be now assembling in Sonora with hostile intentions towards the former population and military title of the United States.

The shipments of treasure from this port during the last year were nearly $6 millions, the least ever made in the same time. Of the $5,000,000 was on Government account.

Affairs in Eastern Arkansas

(Special to the Memphis Bulletin.)

SUCCESSFUL SCOUT—REBEL SUPPLIES DESTROYED—HOW THE TRADE RUN BETWEEN WORK—THE WHERABOUTS OF PRISONERS.

Helena, ark., Feb 14, via Cairo, Ill.—The command, which is not often heard from in the papers, is an active one. General Halleck recently sent out a force to assist St Francis county, which returned last night with twenty prisoners of war, and twenty horses and mules. They marched a distance of over one hundred miles by desperate roads, through cypress swamps, swimming their horses, to the late headquarters of Colonel Dobbins, capturing some of his papers and burning about three thousand bushels of corn, which had been collected for guerrilla troops, at almost inaccessible places.

The troops were met at St Francis river by two boats sent by Gen Halleck with artillery and infantry, and returned with the loss of one man taken prisoner.

Colonel Drake reports that the people are fully supplied with goods received from Memphis under late cotton regulations, and that he sees St Francis and the Mississippi river there is a large portion of Price's rate away who long once now going to Memphis and succeed in getting the supplies they need in return.

Some of the lessees of the abandoned plantations not having succeeded in making money, undertook to make up their losses by buying cotton, stealing it from others and smuggling goods out by way for them. The parties concerned have come to grief. A Court Martial is now investigating one of the cases.

AFTERNOON REPORT TO THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT IN THE SENATE.

A special to the *World* from Frankfort Ky. says: "A majority of the committee on the judiciary of the senate, have reported that the constitutional amendment should be slowly rejected. The minority report insist on compensation as a condition precedent to the rebellion. Four of the committee are for rejection, and one for compensation, and one for unconditional ratification. Resolutions have passed the Kentucky senate asking the appointment of a committee to investigate military arrests.

From Richmond.

SHERMAN REPORTED WRECKED AND BEATEN—GARD SELLAS—GEN. PRICE FAILS TO HAVE LEFT FOR THE SOUTH—STAND AGAINST SHERMAN ON THE RAPIDAN—GEN. BRAGG IN RICHMOND.

Baltimore, February 17.—The *American* has a special dispatch from Annapolis as follows: The flag of truce boats, New York and Savoy, returned here this morning with 1518 parolee Union soldiers and 1 Rebel from Richmond. The condition of the last is much better than of those heretofore received. Only 100 had to be sent to Jackson hospital.

A report was current in Richmond when the boat left that Sherman had been checked, and that Kilpatrick had been killed.

New York, February 17.—The *Times' James River* correspondent of the 11th says that the Confederate Gen. Gardner was invouacked on the Clover river, near Chickahominy, at last point where it crosses the Chickahominy, and is steadily moving toward Charleston, the center of the meantime reluctantly retiring in the same direction.

The *Tribune's* army of the Potomac correspondent says he has been told by a deserter that Lee left for the South on the 13th, going, it is said to Branchville. Longstreet is said to be in command of the defenses of Richmond.

New York, February 17.—The Richmond *Whig* says: We learn upon good authority that our forces are falling back before Sherman's advancing columns in the direction of Columbia, South Carolina, and will probably make a stand at that place.

We learn that a distinguished fighting officer and Gen. Bragg, commanding a corps of the army, has arrived in Richmond.

The Rebel Congress has passed a bill to arm the negroes.

Movements of the Rebel Forces—Sherman at Kingsville, Commanding the Wilmington and Columbia Railroad Junction—His Advance a few miles from Columbia—Beauregard Reported on the North bank of Quite River—A battle Imminent—Landing of Schofield's Army in the rear of Wilmington and probable close Siege or Capture of that City—Bold Reconnoissance up Cape Fear River by Capt. Cushing, his capture of Shallotte.

From Richmond—A Flag of Truce Boat Blown up by a Torpedo—Work on the Monitors Stopped—Alleged Design to Evacuate the City—A Bender Rider Blown Up—Disclosures Regarding Corruption in Davis' Cabinet Seddon Charged with Suicide.

Cairo, February 18, 1865.

EDITORS CAIRO NEWS—GENTS: Considerable speculation arises with parties in this place, originating from your market quotations of produce.

You quote corn at $1 25 per bushel, when it has not been sold this winter at over $1 30. You quote hay at $30 for prairie, when $25 is the highest price that has sold for. Timothy is quoted $5 higher than it is worth.

Corn to-day could not be sold here at over $1 20. Oats 35 cents. Prairie hay $22 per ton. Timothy hay $30 per ton. Parties enough their produce here expecting to get the above quotations, and failing to do so are not satisfied. We are daily in receipt of letters inquiring how it is that produce is so much higher than the market report. It is your interest as well as ours to have the error corrected. You truly,

SAM'L BEARDS & CO.

Particulars Regarding the Closure of the American Consulate at Matamoras.

By a late arrival from Matamoras the *Tribune* has some particulars relative to the closure of the American Consulate at Matamoras, which it relates as follows:

Prior to the 1st December, 1864, Mr L Pierce was the accredited commercial agent of the United States resident in Matamoras. He had obtained his exequatur from Juarez, and his official position has been recognized by the Imperial Government as having existed since prior to the institution of the new regime. But it appears that on the 1st of December last our Government sent to Mr Pierce as Consul Mr. Fulton, who proceeded to act the new Consul in pursuing the necessary official recognition to enable him to perform the duties of his office. Application was made to Gen. Bazaine for permission to act by Mr. Fulton, but this exequatur could be obtained from Maximilian, who gracefully granted the request, but the Prefect was informed that the Secretary of State, refused. The latter is only informed the Consul that no recognition is only of Mr. Pierce he acts could be had in consequence of his exequatur. He then wrote to the Secretary of State, at the city of Mexico, a statement of the case, and received a reply in order to direct that the United States consulate at Matamoras be closed at once. This letter was received on the day the news of the capture of Fort Fisher reached Mexico.

In lieu of the great flag United States flag was displayed from the office. The Prefect, with more considerate civilities, had been expected under the circumstances, proposed sending official notice to close up and after some, when he saw the flag was left to hang down of course. In the evening, however, the order came, news of which spread rapidly throughout the town, and caused Mr. Pierce to hasten to the house of the Consul to remove effects of the United States, who still regarded him as possessed of some power. He succeeded in the purpose and removed all the effects packed up and removed to Mr. Pierce's house and the office left empty. Mr. Pierce left Matamoras via the Boca with the intention of returning soon.

Force was then posted to prevent leaving Mr. Pierce had to be escorted out of the city by two officers, who, at points on our possession escorted to the last outlying ranchos. On Tuesday, about 10 o'clock, the Prefect accompanied by Yankees with articles of commerce. They would prefer to purchase elsewhere, but have to trade with Yankees rather than with them.

The Columbia, S. C. *Guardian*, of a recent date, says: Sherman, placed by recent events, feels doubtful of marching on Columbia South Carolina. We are willing to hold out the decision to his heart, as far as it will be greater to him, in proportion to the feeling of confidence in our ability, indulge feelings of confidence in our strength, based upon far different and much greater grounds.

The Richmond *Sentinel* of the 14th, in an article on arming slaves, argues that the proposed measure would be of great advantage to the South in the matter of supplies, which is a very important question with the rebel government.

River and Steamboat News.

The steamer Hannibal was advertised to leave St. Louis for New Orleans on the 12th, and the Alabama and the M S Mepham on the same day for the same destination.

The St. Louis *Democrat* of the 18th says:

The river is falling slowly, with nine feet water in the channel to Cairo. The river is in good order, and the weather is favorable for navigation. In the matter of business, freights are abundant, and tonnage light, but increasing. Matters promise to be about very brisk on our waters, for the being immense amounts of produce on the upper rivers, awaiting boats for St. Louis. Rates for freight, yesterday, to New Orleans were: $1 50 per barrel for flour, $2 25 per barrel for pork, and pound freight 75 per hundred. Way freight $1 50 to $250 per hundred. Cattle to New Orleans $20 per head.

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(From the Cairo Democrat, Feb 19.)

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Corn—Sold dull, and nominally lower, at $1 38 to 1 39.

Pork—Better more active, at $21 10 to 1 10 Lard—Firm, $15 87 to 16 for new mess, $13 75 to 14 for prime mess, $12 50 to 30 for prime. Lard—Firmer at 20 to 21½c.

Wheat—Rather more active at $2 27 to 2 28 for Western.

Petroleum—Dull at 48c for crude, 67 to 81 for refined, and 87 to 90 for lime.

New York, Feb 18.—Gold closes at 201.

St. Louis Market.

St Louis, Feb 17, P. M.—Flour—We hear of no large transactions. The market is inclined to be easier, but the little low grade at $5 50 to $6 25 for superfine, $7, 25 to single extra, $8 to $9 25 for double extra, $9 25 to $11 for family, and 50 to choice double extra $10 50 per sack.

Tobacco—The leaf trade remains quiet and unchanged, with a fair demand and rather better disposition to hold. Sales include 4 hds scraps at $2 50, 8 hds shipping at $4 to $5 50, 70 to 80 do, 4 factory do from $6 to 10, 40 common and medium manufacturing from $24 to $1 50 to 17 50, 9 medium shipping from $18 25 to 24, 8 good to fine do from $24 to 32 50, 5 common and medium manufacturing from $24 to $1 25, 2 wrapper leafs loose and 7 boxes, from $40 to 25 to 50 per 100 lbs.

Hide Hope and Bagging—No large transactions reported. We quote ropes at 9½ to 9¾c, large and small lots, and bagging at 22 to 23.

Lead—Market unchanged, and sales yesterday of 400 and 500 pigs soft Missouri at 13 cents per lb.

Corn—The market was dull and unsettled, with sales of 900 sacks mixed at $1 05, 970 do on time at $1 09, 1000 do mixed, for Mississippi delivery, and 200 do white, in two lots, at $1 10 per bushel.

Oats—The demand was good, and the market firm, with sales of 1650 sacks prime in good order, at 90c, and 940 do choice in tale, taken to retail, at 92 to 93c per bushel.

Barley and Rye—Market dull, with sales of 500 sacks prime fall barley at $1 85, 83 sacks choice at $1 87 1-2, on outside prices, and 100 do common at $1 45 per bushel, exclusive of sacks in all cases. We heard of no sales of rye. The last sale was at $1 20 per bushel, exclusive of sacks.

Provisions—Few of the large transactions usually are reported, consequently our quotations are generally nominal. Sales were reported to day of 1000 tierces city prime steam lard at 22c, 1000 do do prime leaf lard, and 80 kegs choice leaf at 23c. The last mentioned the sale of prime country lard was at 22 1-2c per pound. We quote city prime steam at 22 50 to 23c, prime mess at $24 to 25 per bbl; fresh meat pieces in salt—shoulders, 15 1-2c; hams 16 to 16 1-2c; sides, 17 1-2c; city smoked shoulders, 15c, clear sides, 22c; sugar-cured 23 to 23½c per lb.

Whisky—Is very small business, sales comprising 35 bbls at 2c 19c; $2 20 per gallon.

Hay—

MONETARY AND FINANCIAL.

OFFICE
SATURDAY EVENING February 25, 1865.

With a return of fine weather, the general market has exhibited more animation to day. Paper sell at advanced figures, but operations are limited. It were not relieved by limited supplies. Western Produce showed more activity without any improvement in rates, and our last big step in to better prices, and recommended full prices, the market closing with increased firmness under the receipt of dispatches from New York to the 18th quoting gold at the advanced rate of 1-2c.

Specie opened at about yesterday's figures, and at the close Gold was quoted at 224@225, against 224 and evening. At one time, during the morning, it could have been bought at 224@225. A round sum and up @224 was offered at 107,000 was the highest bid. In Silver we hear of some sales of American half dollars at the extreme of 10 cents. Mexican dollars are quoted at 90@95.

Foreign Exchange exhibited but little variation, although it was partial and early in the day at a trifle within they would not accept subsequently. The sales of Sterling for long sight at 1 1-2@1 1-4 and short at 1 3-4@1 7-8 day another of about the same amount at 2@2 1-4 Sterling Banks asked 2@2. Private bills may be quoted at 1 3-4@2, but some Matamoras would hardly bring the inside figure. Nothing was in prime Francs. But Bank drafts could have been bought at 5. Nothing transpired to establish quotations for private bills.

In Domestic Exchange we noticed a moderate count for demand which was supplied by Banks and drawers at 1 discount to par, the latter being the ruling rate and showing a decided advance. Some who observed at 1 and 1 discount would not sell at those rates, expecting to deal regular customers. The Banks are regarded as selling at par for Bank checks. On doubtful there was but little demand. For the only sales reported were a small amount of these days' sight on New York at the advanced rate of 1 discount, and 2@3 to day's sale. A liberal amount of Baymasters and Quartermasters Checks were passed at 1@1½ discount, the latter being the ruling rate.

Nothing transpired in Stocks. Gas Light may be quoted at 3@1@5. City Railroad at 6@8, Waterworks at 3@4 and Bank of America at 6@8. All others in the list is nominal. Nothing was passed in City Bonds which are quoted at 102@2 for the Consolidated, and 70@70½ for the Railroad issue. With the exception of some fifty sales at a small gain, nothing was reported in Insurance Stocks.

Bank Statements within any few feature, continuance of any magnitude having transpired since the liberal amount Bank of Louisiana notified to our last issue, the Bank of Louisiana specie stands at 1,000,000, Bank of New Orleans at $ 64,000, Bank of Commerce at 67,000, Crescent City at 50 and Union at 40,000. These figures are for late of a few days, and are taken from the Bank Tellers, trifling sales effected at their counters. The Bank of New Orleans and the Crescent City Bank have Bonds to exchange for their circulation, the Mechanics and Union Banks have not, the Florence and Charleston Bank at was interrupted. Boatmen and in report of a boat being on the North bank. The Quarter river.

City Point, Va., February 17, 1 10 p. m.—Two rebel boats came down the James, Atlanta, while on her outward trip from Cox's Landing this afternoon, was blown up by a torpedo. The boat went down immediately, and four or five picked up; there were no survivors from her. There were no passengers aboard at the time. It probably arise from one of the enemies contrabands, which has been in the water for a long time.

Philadelphia, 17.—A special to the *Press* says I have just seen a Capt Goose, a deserter from the rebel navy, who left the Richmond on Saturday. He says that the south-side road ordered all work on the monitors at Richmond to cease. A double-ender was thrown up by them on the 14th inst. He says they are about to evacuate Richmond.

Commercial Results of Peace.

The commercial world of the New York *Commercial Advertiser*, speculating on the possibility of peace resulting from recent correspondence, remarks:

The effect of such a consummation, if it is not having been anticipated. A thousand new problems would be presented for solution. The first question would be, what to do with the Rebel Debt? And, as a corollary, what is to be the ultimate fate of the Rebel States? Then, the question would be, what to do with the immense number of men, who have received his exequatur. He then wrote to the Secretary of State, at the city of Mexico, a statement of the case, and received a reply in order to direct that the United States consulate at Matamoras be closed at once. This letter was received on the day the news of the capture of Fort Fisher reached Mexico.

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FROM OUR SUNDAY EDITION.

BALL OF THE YOUNG MEN'S BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION ON MARDI GRAS NIGHT—We acknowledge an invitation to a general fancy dress and mask ball, to be given by the Young Men's Benevolent Association, at the New Opera House, on Mardi Gras night, the 28th, for the benefit of the Association. This promises to be one of most elegant and agreeable of the various festivities which wind up the carnival season. An enclosed programme of the ball room comprises thirty-two sets in a variety favorite and fashionable selections.

We learn by passengers from Matamoras that the French bank Le Verier, loading at Brez Santiago, with a portion of her cargo on board, consisting of cotton, bound to Havre, was blown off from her anchorage, about the 1st instant, and went ashore between Brazos and Boca del Rio. Vessel and cargo a total loss, no lives lost.

BY TELEGRAPH

(To the New Orleans Bee.)

Two Days Later from the North.

New York Dates of the 18th Western Dates of the 19th.

BY THE W. R. ARTHUR AT MORGANZA.

GOLD IN NEW YORK ON THE 18TH 201½
COTTON 55.

Further Confirmation of the capture of Branchville—Sherman at Kingsville, commanding the Wilmington and Columbia Railroad Junction—His Advance a few miles from Columbia—Beauregard Reported on the North bank of Quite River—A battle Imminent—Landing of Schofield's Army in the rear of Wilmington and probable close Siege or Capture of that City—Bold Reconnoissance up Cape Fear River by Capt. Cushing, his capture of Shallotte.

From Richmond—A Flag of Truce Boat Blown up by a Torpedo—Work on the Monitors Stopped—Alleged Design to Evacuate the City—A Bender Rider Blown Up—Disclosures Regarding Corruption in Davis' Cabinet Seddon Charged with Suicide.

AN EXTRA SESSION OF THE U. S. SENATE CALLED BY THE PRESIDENT.

Normal Propositions said to have been made to France and England to give up Slavery for Recognition of the Confederacy.

Morganza, February 26, 4 P. M

Steamer W. R. Arthur passed down o'clock this afternoon with New Y the 18th and Western dates of

New York, Feb. 18.—G

A rumor that Mazz Confederacy al

The quot price

AMUSEMENTS.

VARIETIES THEATRE.

Monday Evening, Feb. 27, 1865.

The great sensation drama of "SIX DEGREES OF CRIME," MISS HENRIETTA IRVING as Louise. Dance by Miss Ward. After which JENNY LIND, in which the beautiful and talented Comedienne BELLE WALLACE will make her first appearance. Doc Nobbs will be given of the appearance of LAWRENCE BARRETT.

St. Charles Theatre—St. Charles st.

Mardi Gras.

THE ANNUAL MASKED AND FANCY BALL Will take place at this Theatre on the evening of TUESDAY, February 28th, under the direction of the following

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

J J Hitchcock, O D Bores, Geo E Davis, W H Lathan, Chas Strong, L L Terrell, J Wood, T W Kibler, H Miles, Col. Day, F Miles Sanderson.

Gentlemen's Tickets—Three dollars.

Tickets admitting the holders to the Theatrical performances and Ball—Three dollars and fifty cents.

Cards of Invitation and ticket may be had of the above Committee, or at the Box Office of the St. Charles Theatre. feb 25 td

FAIR

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE HOLY CROSS ORPHAN ASYLUM.

The opening of this Fair is fixed for the 15th of April next, at the Opera House. feb 26 tf

Mail Steamers to France Direct.

The General Trans-Atlantic Company's New Line of First-Class Side Wheel Steamships Between New York and Havre.

THE first five splendid vessels in this line will be for "paid" upon the favorite route for the United and are the following:

WASHINGTON, LAFAYETTE, FRANCE, NAPOLEON III.

FROM NEW YORK TO HAVRE
WASHINGTON, Wednesday, February 1.
LAFAYETTE, Saturday, February 11.

First Cabin, $150 in gold.
Second cabin, $100 in gold.
Steerage, $60 in gold.

MEDICAL ATTENDANCE FREE ON BOARD.

For freight or passage apply to
GEORGE MANDEVILLE & CO.
No. 2 Bowling Green.
At Havre—M. Schlumberger & Co.
feb 25 tf

Steam Weekly to Liverpool.

Line of Side-wheel Steamers to NEW YORK DIRECT.

STAR OF PEACE, Capt. Parsons.
Memphis, Capt. Mallory.
HONGKONG, Capt. Mallory.
STAR OF NORTH, Capt. Mallory.
MOSAIC STAR, Capt. Mallory.
DAY STAR, Capt. Mallory.

Unrivaled Passenger Accommodations.

First Cabin, $55 to $75
Second Cabin, $35 to $40
Steerage, $25 to $30
Steerage Passengers, $25 to $30

Passage Money Refunded to Passengers Not Satisfied.

Freight Engagements Taken at Lowest Rates.

Bills of Lading Signed at Office on Board Steamer.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
JAMES HENDERSON, Agent,
No. 2 Bowling Green.
feb 25 tf

MARINE NEWS.

Port of New Orleans, Feb. 27, 1865

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

No arrivals from sea yesterday.

—STEAMBOATS—

W R Arthur, Green, from Cairo

BELOW COMING UP.

Bark Hannah, Grey, Orleans, from Havana, to mate.

Brig Oriental (British) Orders, from Matamoras to Liverpool, Cargo: 2,7 bales cotton Consolidated Bee.

Brig Juliet, ——, from Bangor, (Me) to master

RECEIPTS FROM THE INTERIOR.

CAIRO—Per steamer W R Arthur—41 bbls whisky, 6 do brandy, 1 do ale, 1 do sundries, 1 do 1 pkg 1 do 1 do 1 do