No. 114: VOL VII.—NEW SERIES

The New-Orleans Bee.

NEW ORLEANS. TUESDAY MORNING. MAY 20. 1845.

VOL XVIII—WHOLE NO 4054

NEW ORLEANS BEE

J. MAGNE & WEISSE, PROPRIETORS.
NO. 84 CHARTRES STREET.

Official Journal of the State, AND COUNCIL OF MUNICIPALITY No. 3

NEW-ORLEANS.
TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 20, 1845.

☞ THE NEW CONSTITUTION.

The reader of the *Bee* will find in this days paper a re-publication of the New Constitution, carefully revised and corrected from the official copy.

LATER AND INTERESTING FROM MEXICO.

The schooner *Tiki*, arrived yesterday from Havana, bringing us files of papers from that city to the 10th inst., inclusive. In the *Diario de la Marina*, we find later intelligence from Mexico, received by the British steam packet which arrived on the 6th. The dates from the city of Mexico are to the 26th April, and from Vera Cruz to the 28th. On the 21st, Senor Luis. G. Cuevas, Minister of Foreign Affairs, addressed the following communication to the Chamber of Deputies:

The affairs of Texas are so exceedingly grave, and merit such profound consideration both by Congress and the Executive, that it is impossible, without assuming a special responsibility, to delay the course to be pursued, in order to prepare a line of conduct compatible with the honor and interest of the Republic. As the Government has already taken steps for the assemblage of a considerable body of troops on that frontier, employing all its resources to enable them to embark, and as it is now engaged in obtaining those resources, which it has demanded of the Legislature, nothing remains but to continue to carry out the plan proposed, in order that the Republic may sustain herself with the dignity befitting her good name and sovereignty.

But circumstances have occurred which render not merely expedient but absolutely necessary, a negotiation in order to prevent the annexation of Texas to the U. States, and which Mexicans cannot tolerate, whatever may be the consequences of such a rupture. Texas has taken the initiative *(acaba de iniciar su arreglo,)* and his Excellency, the President *ad interim*, who fully comprehends the importance of the movement, is likewise entirely convinced that he can put nothing into execution, without the previous sanction of the august chambers, since under present circumstances, he does not consider himself invested with the attributes conferred by the Constitution in diplomatic negotiations with foreign powers. The Government being faithful to its prescribed duties; frank even to the extent of submitting its views to the great discussion, and convinced that these national questions should be treated with the purest patriotism, and with a sense of justice superior to every attack and every prejudice from whatsoever source they may emanate, has concluded that under the present aspect of the Texas question, the negotiation which has been tendered should not be refused, nor should the Government abolve itself from the duty of submitting its proposition to the great tribunal, without previous consultation with the Legislature body. When honorable arrangement can be made—one which would satisfy the national honor, the Government will feel the pleasure of submitting it to Congress, and if such arrangement be found impracticable, however deeply the Government may be of a peace conservative of the Republic, it will be the first to decide in favor of a war which will be the more just, as every possible effort will have been made to avoid it.

The preliminary propositions presented by Texas before the approach of an honorable transaction, favorable to the Republic, and the Government, without entering to any final conclusion, will undoubtedly accept them as the foundation for the final settlement which has been solicited. To decline negotiation, would be at once to consummate the annexation of Texas to the United States, and the Chamber will not fail to remark that an event resulting from such evil *(pesar tan mal acontecido)* would form an overwhelming charge against the present administration. To refuse to listen to propositions of peace which may bring about a satisfactory arrangement, and to proceed at once to extreme measures, may for the moment flatter a justly irritated patriotism, but is not what the nation should expect from its supreme authority, whose duty it is to foresee and consider the evils of a war, and expedite every means to avoid them, and to embrace this calamity only when honor can be prepared in no other manner, in a crisis so momentous as the present one.

The Government wers to follow simply the impulse of its own feelings with respect to the law of Annexation, Congress well knows what its course would be, and is aware that it would decide upon a rupture which would be gloriously sustained by the patriotism of every Mexican. It is a heavy sacrifice both for the President *ad interim* and his ministry, to require the authority asked for in the present communication, but that they make this sacrifice under a profound conviction and an ardent desire for the prosperity of the Republic, and with the confident belief, that having done every thing possible for the preservation of peace, if war be unavoidable, the issue will be as worthy of the national renown, as of the justice of the people who have been provoked into it.

In view of the above, His Excellency the President *ad interim*, in a session held by unanimous agreement, instructs me to submit the following request to the deliberation of Congress:

That the Government be authorized to listen to the proposition made to Texas, and to proceed to an arrangement or to negotiate a treaty which it may consider expedient and honorable for the Republic the same to be submitted to Congress for its examination and approval.

I request to you gentlemen, the assurances of my distinguished consideration.

God and Liberty. Mexico, 21st April, 1845. Luis G. Cuevas To the Secretaries of the Chamber of Deputies."

The above document will take some of our citizens by surprise. Though it had been whispered about that the Government of Texas had made overtures to Mexico for the recognition of the independence of the young republic, the fact was neither officially known, nor generally believed. The communication of Senor Cuevas settles the matter beyond all "if's or buts," and proves very conclusively that President Joaze and his cabinet have been pestering Mexico to acknowledge Texian independence in the hope that such acknowledgement by gratifying the national pride of the Texians might induce them to reject annexation. We entertain no such belief. But continue our budget of news:

The Mexican Government in the event of the failure of the proposed negotiations, is preparing for war. The authority of Congress has been required, in order to raise a loan of three millions of dollars, at an interest not greater than fifteen per cent. Authority has likewise been asked for the settlement of the foreign debt of Mexico.

Various projects have been submitted to Congress for a general amnesty of the military chiefs, against whom prosecution has been commenced, and some have proposed that the amnesty should be extended to all the political criminals, with the restriction that Santa Anna and Cabalos, and the four ministers who signed the decree of the 29th November, should quit the country for ten years, or submit to the continuation of their trial. The latter proposition, slightly modified, was adopted by the Chamber of Deputies on the 16th. Santa Anna, Canalizo and the four ministers are allowed eight days to determine whether they will choose an expatriation of ten years, or the continuation of their trials. Breaches of trust in pecuniary matters form an exception to this general pardon, and Santa Anna's abdication of the Presidency is accepted.

Gen. Almonte had arrived in the city of Mexico.

The papers still speak of the disastrous effects of the earthquakes of the 7th and 10th April. A letter from Guanajuato states that the village called "Valle de Rio Blanco" has almost ceased to exist, as a considerable part of its small population was engulfed during the earthquake, in a yawning abyss 36 yards long and 13 wide. More than sixty persons were swallowed up.

There are other items of information given by the Mexican journals, but they have been already published by us.

THE WEATHER merits a passing paragraph, if for further reason than for its exquisite balminess and beauty. The mornings and evenings are delightfully cool and pleasant—the nights indeed cool enough for blankets—while mid day is far from being oppressive. Fine weather has never been experienced in New Orleans during the month of May.

☞ The Philadelphia *American* of the 9th says: We have already recorded the fact that by means of a quiet subscription—started in this city—Mr. CLAY was relieved of considerable embarrassments incurred through his generous and extended to a relative. We place here, that the amount raised for Mr. CLAY is about 30,000 dollars, of which about 35,000 dollars have been appropriated to the removal of all incum brances from his estate. ASHLAND therefore stand free, and his noble owner has besides a moderate sum remaining from the offerings of his friends. The testimonial was alike unsought and unexpected—a tribute as worth which the donors rejoiced in their ability to make.

☞ Almost the only local news in the Havana papers, is the project of Senor Marty, for the establishment of an Italian Opera in that city, by subscription. He says that all the waste is to be guaranteed from subscribers, and premiums, if the amount necessary be subscribed, to hire out by far the most perfect troop which has ever visited America. The Company will perform about two-thirds of the year at Havana, and will during the recess visit New Orleans and other parts of the United States.

The Washington Union has an article on Prof. Espy's Theory of Storms, in the course of which it says:—

"Some years ago the celebrated Volney visited our country expressly—just enough to understand our people and their institutions, then, as a wag said at the time, "to see how the wind blows in America." The same effort, in our 'age of magnificent distances,' of many a epidemic, is to discover how the wind blows from day to day. We have rumors enough, indeed; but not a story fit to report. Our government has as far superior about it as any other upon the face of the earth; but speculation frequently extracts, and sometimes adulterates, the vapor, and many a man is put at a loss to know how the wind blows."

We propose, therefore, we shall not be the wrong when we consider The Union, hereafter, as the political organ of the Administration, and keep our eyes to it, whenever we want to know "how the wind blows" in Washington. If the idea associates itself with a disturbance, which changes as the "wind blows," it is the logical sense.—*Alex. Gazette.*

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

ECLIPSE COURSE, CARROLLTON.

Report of Ellworth's performances during the last 24 hours, viz: from 20 minutes of 6 o'clock, P. M., the 18th, until 20 minutes past 4 o'clock, P. M. the 19th of May, 1845:

	TIME OF STARTING		TIME MADE		REMARKS:
May 18.	Min.	Sec.	Min.	Sec.	
1945	20	0	0	30	
	30	0	11	00	
	20	0	16	0	
		0	17	0	
	20	10	16	30	
	20	15	16	00	
20th.	20	15	16	0	
		15	14	30	
	20	4	17	00	....Cool during the night.
		4	16	30	
	20	6	16	45	
	20	1	14	00	
		5	13	35	
	20	10	14	00	....Very warm during the day
	20	12	13	30	
		12	13	00	
	20	3	14	00	
		3	14	00	
	20	4	14	30	
		4	14	00	

Time of walking 24 miles, 0 hours, 4 min. 0 seconds.
Completed 420 miles at 18 min. 45 seconds, past 4 P. M.

☞ On Sunday night about half-past nine o'clock, a named George Dieurdonné was attacked in Congo Square by three scoundrels who demanded his money. Dieurdonné resisted the demand, and on his doing so, the villains fell upon and stabbed him with a knife or poniard in seventeen places before he could make his escape, which, although very severely wounded, he at length succeeded in doing, and went into a house in the vicinity where he was taken care of. The police were immediately informed of the affair, and under the able care of the politicians here, however, that the friends of Mr. CALHOUN will not countenance the present administration by accepting office under it, until its policy on the subject of the tariff is more explicitly declared and practically acted upon. The late announcement given by the *Union* on this subject, though sufficiently unpalatable to the high tariff of the North, will hardly be satisfactory to the free trade party of the South.

It is announced that Mr. WALKER is preparing a body of state papers for the purpose of aiding Congress in the formation of the best, wisest, and most equal system of revenue that can be adopted. It will be difficult, however, to effect any satisfactory arrangement of the revenue that can be adopted. The sugar growing interest will be strengthened in the next Congress by the accession of four Senators from Texas and Florida, and it may happen, as heretofore, that all the interests seeking protection will combine in support of the sugar interest.

All apprehensions of a war with England have been dissipated by the declaration of the official journal that we shall continue to negotiate. As to a war with Mexico it does not seem to be apprehended. While we have prepared for defence by a squadron in the Gulf of Mexico, and another on the California coast, and a military force on the southwestern frontier, pacific measures have not been lost sight of. It will be the policy of the Government to endeavor to conciliate Mexico by just and reasonable propositions for the adjustment of all difficulties pending between the two countries. A special mission for that purpose will ultimately be sent to Mexico in case she should avoid the alternative of war.

GREAT SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

On this day, the public sale will be held of lots belonging to the First Municipality, and situated in Condé street between Hospital and Barrack streets. The great improvements constantly in progress in that part of the city and the fine descendants of the lots, will undoubtedly claim the attention of capitalists and of those who desire to provide themselves with advantageously situated residences.

LATENT DATES.

Boston	May 10	London	April 18
New-York	May 11	Liverpool	April 19
Philadelphia	May 11	Paris	April 16
Washington	May 12	Havre	April 16
Baltimore	May 13	Bordeaux	April 20
Charleston	May 13	Tampico	May 6
Cincinnati	May 13	Vera Cruz	April 30
Mobile	May 10	Mexico	April 26
Havana	May 10	Galveston	May 1

COMMERCIAL.

NEW-ORLEANS, MONDAY NIGHT, MAY 19, 1845.

The Cotton market opened again this morning with a good demand, but the limited quantity on sale, especially of Louisiana and Mississippi, together with the high prices demanded by holders, prevented the transactions from being extensive, and the entire business only amounted to 1600 bales. Prices are exceedingly firm.

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION

LOUISIANA AND MISSISSIPPI.		TENNESSEE AND N. ALA.	
Inferior	4½ 5	Trash and Inferior	5
Fair (Good Ord.)	5½ 6	Middling	5½
Middling	5½ 6	Middling, Long, Good Middling	6
Good Middling	6½ 6¾	Good Middling Fair	6½
Middling Fair	6¾ 7	Fair	Ex tremes
Fair	7 @ 7½	Good Fair	7½
Good Fair	7½ 8	Fine	8
Fine	8 @ 8½		

There was a good attendance at the public sale of Rice Coffee this morning, but the bidding went off languidly. The 1190 bags in a damaged *condition* were sold at 4¾@4¾c. and the 2000 bags sound brought from 5¾@5¾ ℔ ℔ establishing a very marked decline on former prices. The market is however by no means abundantly supplied, and the principal holders refuse to sell under 7@7½c ℔ ℔.

Exchange is in good demand for all former rates. We quote Sterling bills at 9¾@9 per cent premium. Paris 5.25.27½. New York 60 days per cent ¼@¼ ℔ cent discount; Checks ¼ per cent premium.

☞ Eradicate the unbecoming growth of hair when it grows below on the forehead or back of the neck, and let their exhibit the high, intelligent and beautiful forehead and clean neck intended by nature and only hid by the accidental growth of hair. The process is easily and effectually done by the Chinese Eradicator sold by Comstock & Russ 7 at 50 paydras street. m20

☞ The steamship MCKIM, leaves the day, at 8 o'clock P. M., from foot of St Louis street, at which hour passengers will please be on board.

☞ NOTICE—Should JOHN, JAMES, and ALEXANDER ROACH, supposed to have arrived here in 1836, be still in the city, they are requested to call at the office of the British Consulate, where they will hear of something to their advantage. m20—1t

W. E. MURPHY,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Office 84 Orleans street, St Anthony's Square.

☞ The barque ELIZA THORNTON, for London, will clear to-day. Shippers will please make out their export manifests.
m17 L H GALE 93 Common.

☞ NOTICE—The Ladies interested in the Fair to be held in December next, for the benefit of the Orphan Boys Asylum, are respectfully requested to meet at the A ylum on Tuesday afternoon, 20th inst. Cars provided expressly for their conveyance will be in readiness at 5 o'clock precisely at the corner of Canal and Bacourse streets. Should the weather prove unfavorable the meeting will be deferred until the next fair day. m17

☞ NOTICE—The undersigned having been appointed by His Excellency the Governor, successor of the late Carlos Pollock, Esq., a NOTARY PUBLIC in this city, takes this method of informing the friends of the deceased in general, that he has taken an office at No. 56 Canal street, next door to the Bank of Orleans, where ref rence can at all times be had to the records of his predecessor.
New Orleans, April 29, 1845.
m17 1t JOHN E. HOLLAND.

☞ NOTICE—During my absence from this city, Messrs H. Gally and P. M. Rose have my power of attorney, passed before Louis T. Caire, notary public, dated this day.
PIERRE POUTZ.
New Orleans, May 16, 1845. m3

GENERAL AGENCY OFFICE

THE subscriber has established in the town of St Landry, Opelousas, an AGENCY OFFICE for the collection of Notes, drafts, &c. on either in Opelousas or Attakapas. He will also devote his attention to the sale of Slaves sent to him from the city or elsewhere, also for the purchase of Mules, Wood and other Produce.

Any information desired may be obtained from references annexed, and orders left with J F Bercier & Co, 84 Old Levee.

REFERENCES:
J Albert, } New Orleans.
A A Perchaud,
P Pascal,
F Tio,
m20

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

TRUE POLITENESS—The Ladies' Book of Politeness. De Do The Gentlemen's Book of Politeness.

The World in a Pocket Book.
Miss Edgeworth' Moral Tales, new Edition.
Melodies of T T S Sullivan, adapted to airs.
Selected from the German, Italian, and French composers.

Just received at the New Orleans Stationers warehouse by
m20 J. S. STEEL, 14 Camp.

LATELY IMPORTED FROM BORDEAUX—40 boxes, 1 dozen each Grande Larose claret; 500 do. do. St Julien Medoc do; 15 bales Chateau Margaux claret; 20 bbls white vinegar; 8 baskets, 6 dozen each champagne; 8 dozen pots do; 12 bbls, 20 gallon each, old cognac brandy; 90 qr pipes do cognac do; 7 casks cognac brandy 6 years old; 1 pipe, 1 dozen each, Malaga Sweet wine; 25 baskets do Guignolet; 118 boxes no assorted cordials; 96 do Absynthe Swiss; 10 do. 1 dozen each, Jaus Curacoa; 60 do Orange flower water, 12 half bbls Sauterne wine, for sale by
REYNAUD & FALLON,
m20 24 Tchoupitoulas

HOOLES TASSO'S JERUSALEM DELIVERED.

TWO copies of this valuable work, for sale by
WM MCKEAN, Bookseller and Stationer,
m20 corner Camp and Common sts

SUGARS—50 boxes landing par brig Tete, from Havana
E THOMSONS,
m20 98 Old Levee

SOAP—25 boxes No 1 castile, for sale by
m20 BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,
23 Tchoupitoulas

BALE ROPE—100 coils of superior and small Missouri, for sale by
m20 BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,
23 Tchoupitoulas

PORK—600 brls mess, M O, prime, &c, now in inspection, and for sale by
m20 BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,
23 Tchoupitoulas

LARD—120 brls and dockets prime lard, for shipping or other, for sale by BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,
m20 23 Tchoupitoulas

BEEF—50 bbls mess, prime and E, for sale by
m20 BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,
23 Tchoupitoulas

FLOUR—1000 bbls fine and superfine, for sale by
m20 BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,
23 Tchoupitoulas.

GLUE—A lot of superior quality, for sale by
m20 BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,
23 Tchoupitoulas

STARCH—50 box Lilienburg's superior, for sale by
m20 BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,
23 Tchoupitoulas

BAR LEAD—In kegs, for sale by
m20 BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,
23 Tchoupitoulas

HAMS—25 bales dow twine, compressed bales, for sale
m20 BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,
23 Tchoupitoulas

OIL—50 kegs in splendid order, for sale by
m20 J. E. WOODRUFF, 80 Camp

SAILING DAYS OF THE STEAM SHIPS.

FROM LIVERPOOL. FROM ASSINIBOIA

Britannia, Hewett.....May 1 ..... June 1
G. Western, Matthews.....May 17 ..... June 15
Caledonia, Jenkins.....May 19 ..... June 18

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

EXPORTS.

LIVERPOOL—Per ship Henrietta: 1510 bales cotton.
HAVANA—Per ship Francis: 1400 bales cotton.
NEW YORK—Per ship Saratoga: 848 bls cotton 81 hhds tobacco 40 bags Pimento 1000 pipes staves 108 bags and 57 kd do tobacco 1 do beeswax 113 bags sugar.
TRIESTE—Per barque Lycurgus: 920 bls cotton 12 cks beeswax 426 pipe lead 3402 sticks logwood.
ABERDEEN—Per barque Abagail: 1009 bls cotton.
BRISTOL, R I—Per schr Batton: 200 brls molasses.
MOBILE—Per schr Sinus: 18 bls cotton 40 do hides, 94 brls molasses 500 sks corn.
HALIFAX, N S—Per brig Resolute: 50 brls bread 900 sks wheat 700 do corn.

IMPORTS.

NEW YORK—Per barque Lorenzo Fish: Assorted mdse.
APALACHICOLA—Per schr Ashland: 11 bales cotton Cook & Horn.
MOBILE—Per brig Tilt: Sugar, sugarcane, tobacco, 90 cds specie and coaders.
MATAMOROS—Per schr Wm C Preston: 9 1000 specie 1 box Mexican dollars 1 do 1000 bldes J W Zacharie & co; 50 do D Goldsmith.

RECEIPTS FROM THE INTERIOR.

FORT TOWSON—Per steamer Agnes: 800 bales cotton McMahon, Trotter & Pearsall—21 E Smith & co—58 Thos Barrett—21 Fellows, Johnson & co—41 Harrod, Darling & co—30 H Moore—30 Bailey & Baxter—31 Hill, Randolph & co—16 W F Hamilton—15 M D Cooper & co—15 W Davidson—3 Bee, Fenton & co—3 Collier, Martin & co—2 West & Phillips—1 to pilots to order.

LANSPORT, Ark—Per steamer Gazelle: 237 bls cotton McMahon, Trotter & Pearsall—104 Adams & co, Wh Hill—80 Dick & Hill—44 E Smith & co—30 Brander, Williams & co—1 Watson & McAlister—9 bales peltries—18 hides William Wyatt.

SHREVEPORT—Per steamer Tensas: 999 bales cotton Williams, Wheman & co—119 Jno Tomlin—57 Dick & Hill—48 H White & co—33 D Fowler & co—31 J Harrison—31 Jno Jones, Williams & co—31 Bailey & Allen—9 Fort & Wilson—3 West & Phillips—1 B G Bussey—1 Wm Hill.

—ST LOUIS—Per steamer Red River: 1 bale cotton—61 W ed & Simmons—38 S Barr Edgell & Mulford—100 cts rope R C Cammack & co—128 boxes tobacco Narcissa B F Smith—101 bales hemp Walker & Cain—18 bales peltries M Calhoun will not countenance the present administration by accepting office under it, until its policy on the subject of the tariff is more explicitly declared and practically acted upon. The late announcement given by the *Union* on this subject, though sufficiently unpalatable to the high tariff of the North, will hardly be satisfactory to the free trade party of the South.

It is announced that Mr. WALKER is preparing a body of state papers for the purpose of aiding Congress in the formation of the best, wisest, and most equal system of revenue that can be adopted. It will be difficult, however, to effect any satisfactory arrangement of the revenue that can be adopted. The sugar growing interest will be strengthened in the next Congress by the accession of four Senators from Texas and Florida, and it may happen, as heretofore, that all the interests seeking protection will combine in support of the sugar interest.

All apprehensions of a war with England have been dissipated by the declaration of the official journal that we shall continue to negotiate. As to a war with Mexico it does not seem to be apprehended. While we have prepared for defence by a squadron in the Gulf of Mexico, and another on the California coast, and a military force on the southwestern frontier, pacific measures have not been lost sight of. It will be the policy of the Government to endeavor to conciliate Mexico by just and reasonable propositions for the adjustment of all difficulties pending between the two countries. A special mission for that purpose will ultimately be sent to Mexico in case she should avoid the alternative of war.

GREAT SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

On this day, the public sale will be held of lots belonging to the First Municipality, and situated in Condé street between Hospital and Barrack streets. The great improvements constantly in progress in that part of the city and the fine descendants of the lots, will undoubtedly claim the attention of capitalists and of those who desire to provide themselves with advantageously situated residences.

LATENT DATES.

Boston	May 10	London	April 18
New-York	May 11	Liverpool	April 19
Philadelphia	May 11	Paris	April 16
Washington	May 12	Havre	April 16
Baltimore	May 13	Bordeaux	April 20
Charleston	May 13	Tampico	May 6
Cincinnati	May 13	Vera Cruz	April 30
Mobile	May 10	Mexico	April 26
Havana	May 10	Galveston	May 1

COMMERCIAL.

NEW-ORLEANS, MONDAY NIGHT, MAY 19, 1845.

The Cotton market opened again this morning with a good demand, but the limited quantity on sale, especially of Louisiana and Mississippi, together with the high prices demanded by holders, prevented the transactions from being extensive, and the entire business only amounted to 1600 bales. Prices are exceedingly firm.

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION

LOUISIANA AND MISSISSIPPI.		TENNESSEE AND N. ALA.	
Inferior	4½ 5	Trash and Inferior	5
Fair (Good Ord.)	5½ 6	Middling	5½
Middling	5½ 6	Middling, Long, Good Middling	6
Good Middling	6½ 6¾	Good Middling Fair	6½
Middling Fair	6¾ 7	Fair	Ex tremes
Fair	7 @ 7½	Good Fair	7½
Good Fair	7½ 8	Fine	8
Fine	8 @ 8½		

There was a good attendance at the public sale of Rice Coffee this morning, but the bidding went off languidly. The 1190 bags in a damaged *condition* were sold at 4¾@4¾c. and the 2000 bags sound brought from 5¾@5¾ ℔ ℔ establishing a very marked decline on former prices. The market is however by no means abundantly supplied, and the principal holders refuse to sell under 7@7½c ℔ ℔.

Exchange is in good demand for all former rates. We quote Sterling bills at 9¾@9 per cent premium. Paris 5.25.27½. New York 60 days per cent ¼@¼ ℔ cent discount; Checks ¼ per cent premium.

☞ Eradicate the unbecoming growth of hair when it grows below on the forehead or back of the neck, and let their exhibit the high, intelligent and beautiful forehead and clean neck intended by nature and only hid by the accidental growth of hair. The process is easily and effectually done by the Chinese Eradicator sold by Comstock & Russ 7 at 50 paydras street. m20

☞ The steamship MCKIM, leaves the day, at 8 o'clock P. M., from foot of St Louis street, at which hour passengers will please be on board.

☞ NOTICE—Should JOHN, JAMES, and ALEXANDER ROACH, supposed to have arrived here in 1836, be still in the city, they are requested to call at the office of the British Consulate, where they will hear of something to their advantage. m20—1t

W. E. MURPHY,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Office 84 Orleans street, St Anthony's Square.

☞ The barque ELIZA THORNTON, for London, will clear to-day. Shippers will please make out their export manifests.
m17 L H GALE 93 Common.

☞ NOTICE—The Ladies interested in the Fair to be held in December next, for the benefit of the Orphan Boys Asylum, are respectfully requested to meet at the Asylum on Tuesday afternoon, 20th inst. Cars provided expressly for their conveyance will be in readiness at 5 o'clock precisely at the corner of Canal and Bacourse streets. Should the weather prove unfavorable the meeting will be deferred until the next fair day. m17

☞ NOTICE—The undersigned having been appointed by His Excellency the Governor, successor of the late Carlos Pollock, Esq., a NOTARY PUBLIC in this city, takes this method of informing the friends of the deceased in general, that he has taken an office at No. 56 Canal street, next door to the Bank of Orleans, where ref rence can at all times be had to the records of his predecessor.
New Orleans, April 29, 1845.
m17 1t JOHN E. HOLLAND.

☞ NOTICE—During my absence from this city, Messrs H. Gally and P. M. Rose have my power of attorney, passed before Louis T. Caire, notary public, dated this day.
PIERRE POUTZ.
New Orleans, May 16, 1845. m3

GENERAL AGENCY OFFICE

THE subscriber has established in the town of St Landry, Opelousas, an AGENCY OFFICE for the collection of Notes, drafts, &c. on either in Opelousas or Attakapas. He will also devote his attention to the sale of Slaves sent to him from the city or elsewhere, also for the purchase of Mules, Wood and other Produce.

Any information desired may be obtained from references annexed, and orders left with J F Bercier & Co, 84 Old Levee.

REFERENCES:
J Albert, } New Orleans.
A A Perchaud,
P Pascal,
F Tio,
m20

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

TRUE POLITENESS—The Ladies' Book of Politeness. De Do The Gentlemen's Book of Politeness.

The World in a Pocket Book.
Miss Edgeworth' Moral Tales, new Edition.
Melodies of T T S Sullivan, adapted to airs.
Selected from the German, Italian, and French composers.

Just received at the New Orleans Stationers warehouse by
m20 J. S. STEEL, 14 Camp.

LATELY IMPORTED FROM BORDEAUX—40 boxes, 1 dozen each Grande Larose claret; 500 do. do. St Julien Medoc do; 15 bales Chateau Margaux claret; 20 bbls white vinegar; 8 baskets, 6 dozen each champagne; 8 dozen pots do; 12 bbls, 20 gallon each, old cognac brandy; 90 qr pipes do cognac do; 7 casks cognac brandy 6 years old; 1 pipe, 1 dozen each, Malaga Sweet wine; 25 baskets do Guignolet; 118 boxes no assorted cordials; 96 do Absynthe Swiss; 10 do. 1 dozen each, Jaus Curacoa; 60 do Orange flower water, 12 half bbls Sauterne wine, for sale by
REYNAUD & FALLON,
m20 24 Tchoupitoulas

HOOLES TASSO'S JERUSALEM DELIVERED.

TWO copies of this valuable work, for sale by
WM MCKEAN, Bookseller and Stationer,
m20 corner Camp and Common sts

SUGARS—50 boxes landing par brig Tete, from Havana
E THOMSONS,
m20 98 Old Levee

SOAP—25 boxes No 1 castile, for sale by
m20 BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,
23 Tchoupitoulas

BALE ROPE—100 coils of superior and small Missouri, for sale by
m20 BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,
23 Tchoupitoulas

PORK—600 brls mess, M O, prime, &c, now in inspection, and for sale by
m20 BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,
23 Tchoupitoulas

LARD—120 brls and dockets prime lard, for shipping or other, for sale by BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,
m20 23 Tchoupitoulas

BEEF—50 bbls mess, prime and E, for sale by
m20 BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,
23 Tchoupitoulas

FLOUR—1000 bbls fine and superfine, for sale by
m20 BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,
23 Tchoupitoulas.

GLUE—A lot of superior quality, for sale by
m20 BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,
23 Tchoupitoulas

STARCH—50 box Lilienburg's superior, for sale by
m20 BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,
23 Tchoupitoulas

BAR LEAD—In kegs, for sale by
m20 BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,
23 Tchoupitoulas

HAMS—25 bales dow twine, compressed bales, for sale
m20 BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,
23 Tchoupitoulas

OIL—50 kegs in splendid order, for sale by
m20 J. E. WOODRUFF, 80 Camp

☞ The N. Y. *Tribune* says:—"Making plants grow by electro-magnetism is one of the wonders of modern science—one of those fragmentary facts of electrical phenomena lying scattered by hundreds all about, and which will one day be erected into a theory beyond conception sublime, both in its operations and results. We yesterday saw a little plant in a jar about the size of a coffee cup furnished with the electro-magnetic seeds (copper and zinc) planted beside the roots. In the last twelve hours it had grown three-quarters of an inch.

PECULIARITIES OF LANGUAGE.—In all hot countries men use is speaking, a multitude of vowels which are all pronounced by greater or lesser apertures of the mouth, in breathing and in speaking, and use very few consonants all of which are produced by more or less complete interruption of breath, and sometimes, or even closure of parts, among the organs of speech. Any one who examines the Italian language will find, therefore, about sixty vowels in every hundred letters; (Italian) language, which sounds very like Italian, there are seven more. It is said about seventy five or eighty vowels in every hundred letters. The proportion is very different in English, in which consonants predominate; and, if we examine the tongues of Lapland or Greenland, or the Arctic American or Esquimaux, we shall find that there are an enormous number of consonants in their more than sesquipedalian words, and that most of those consonants are guttural, as they do not like to open their mouth to the cold air sufficiently to pronounce the labial, dental or lingual consonant, or ch less the vowels, and least of all, the more open of the vowels. This is an universal law, and it shows immigration or colonization, or the ancient translation of a whole nation by a tyrant conqueror, may sometimes present an apparent exception or anomaly, by our finding a language or a people, originally temperate in speaking, or a frigid zone or *very serse.*—*Medical Times.*

The Washington correspondent of the Charleston *Courier* furnishes the following bonsh of political *ondits*:—

"It is stated here that Mr. PICKENS has declined the London mission. We have not heard to whom it will be offered next. As it was the President's wish that some friend of Mr. CALHOUN should take it, it may again be offered to South Carolina. It is the conjecture of the politicians here, however, that the friends of Mr CALHOUN will not countenance the present administration by accepting office under it, until its policy on the subject of the tariff is more explicitly declared and practically acted upon. The late announcement given by the *Union* on this subject, though sufficiently unpalatable to the high tariff of the North, will hardly be satisfactory to the free trade party of the South.

It is announced that Mr. WALKER is preparing a body of state papers for the purpose of aiding Congress in the formation of the best, wisest, and most equal system of revenue that can be adopted. It will be difficult, however, to effect any satisfactory arrangement of the revenue that can be adopted. The sugar growing interest will be strengthened in the next Congress by the accession of four Senators from Texas and Florida, and it may happen, as heretofore, that all the interests seeking protection will combine in support of the sugar interest.

All apprehensions of a war with England have been dissipated by the declaration of the official journal that we shall continue to negotiate. As to a war with Mexico it does not seem to be apprehended. While we have prepared for defence by a squadron in the Gulf of Mexico, and another on the California coast, and a military force on the southwestern frontier, pacific measures have not been lost sight of. It will be the policy of the Government to endeavor to conciliate Mexico by just and reasonable propositions for the adjustment of all difficulties pending between the two countries. A special mission for that purpose will ultimately be sent to Mexico in case she should avoid the alternative of war.

GREAT SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

On this day, the public sale will be held of lots belonging to the First Municipality, and situated in Condé street between Hospital and Barrack streets. The great improvements constantly in progress in that part of the city and the fine descendants of the lots, will undoubtedly claim the attention of capitalists and of those who desire to provide themselves with advantageously situated residences.

LATENT DATES.

Boston	May 10	London	April 18
New-York	May 11	Liverpool	April 19
Philadelphia	May 11	Paris	April 16
Washington	May 12	Havre	April 16
Baltimore	May 13	Bordeaux	April 20
Charleston	May 13	Tampico	May 6
Cincinnati	May 13	Vera Cruz	April 30
Mobile	May 10	Mexico	April 26
Havana	May 10	Galveston	May 1

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF NEW ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Henrietta, (Brit) Whitney, Liverpool, Wm Prehn & co
Ship Triton, Hall, Liverpool, J Alexander & Cohen
Ship Saratoga, Russell, New York, Jenkins & Tagloe
Barque Argus, Feeney, Aberdeen, Wm Moss
Brig Reindeer, (Brit) Doane, Halifax, N S, Hamilton & co
Schr Burton, McIntyre, Bristol, R I, via Grand Caillou, master
Schr Sinus, Vedal, Mobile, C D L Hunt
Steamer Bois d'Arc, Smoker, Port Caddo, master

ARRIVED.

Towboat Daniel Webster, McClain, fm the Passes—brought barque Leda, brig Tilt and schr Wm C Preston.

Ship Ashland, Davis, fm Liverpool 120 days—to sea on the 14th ship Cochin, barque Montpelier brig Bubble and schr Louisiana—brought up barque Loretto Fish, schr Ann Eliza, and schr Ann.

Barque Loretto Fish, Bickmore, 25 days fm New York to master—3d my.

Barque Leda, Roach, 41 days fm Havana to Augustus & Brown—3d my.

Schr Wm C Preston, Taylor, 7 days fm Matamoros to D Goldsmith—1st my.

Schr Ann, Burton, 8 days fm Apalachicola to E G Rogers & co—21 my.

Schr Octavia, Churchill, 3 days fm Apalachicola to Isaac Rogers & co—3 my.

Steamer J L Day, Reynolds, fm Mobile.

Steamer Tensas, Wright, fm Shreveport.

Steamer Agnes, Hall, fm Fort Towson.

Steamer Gazelle, Vanwagenin, fm Lansport, Ark.

Steamer Louis Philippe, Anabaila, fm Smithland.

Steamer Red River, Robertson, fm Red River, Ark.

Steamer Ned Rover, Robertson, fm St Louis.

Steamer St Mary, Muggah, fm St Martinville.

AT THE NEW BASIN.

Schr Cornelia, Stern, 3 days fm Pensacola, with 67,000 f. lumber and 30,000 shingles to J F Bourgeois.

Schr Adele, Brown, 2 days fm Pensacola, with 30000 dre brick to T Tunbull.

MEMORANDA.

☞ Towboat Daniel Webster towed down ships Louisiana and Tamesond, and to sea, on the 14th, ship Leonidas.

☞ On the Bar bound out—ship Tamesond.

COASTWISE PORTS

BOSTON, May 9—Cld, ship Sarah, Dean, and Carolus, Storer, for Mobile.

NEW YORK, May 10—Cld, ship Clifton, Ingersoll New Orleans, brig Ann Gardner, Lewis, and schr A Vinal, Adams, do

CHARLESTON May 13—Ar, brigs K