## WILL BECOME A JOCKEY.

### Jimmy Michael to Abandon the Wheel for the Horse.

**Has Made Arrangements with Philip J. Dwyer, President of the Brooklyn Jockey Club, to Ride His Horses.**

The New York Journal and Advertiser says: Jimmy Michael, the world-famed bicycle rider, had a conference the other day with Philip J. Dwyer, president of the Brooklyn Jockey club, the owner of a big racing stable. Though it did not result in any contract being made, the little Welshman is started, nevertheless, on his new career as a jockey. After the conference, Michael said: "Yes, I am going to make the experiment. I have not signed any papers, but Mr. Dwyer has agreed to give me a chance, and I am going to start at once. I have ridden horses a good deal, though never a race horse, so that I am not altogether green. Of course, I shall have to learn the business, in which I am very hopeful of succeeding."

Mr. Dwyer, while not in any way overconfident, said: "It will certainly be a great advantage to the turf if a lad like Michael makes a success as a jockey. I hope that he will do so. I see no reason why he should not. Michael is not too old to begin, and he told me that he only weighs 98 pounds.

"Michael will not give up cycle riding at any rate, for the present. No papers are signed, nor will there be for the present. Michael will try the life and see how it suits him. He is to go to my stable at Gravesend to-morrow morning, and will take up his quarters there. If he gets along all right, I will give him every possible chance and the opportunity to show what he can do on the best horses in my stable."

## INCREASES ITS EXPORTS.

**Germany Doing More Business with This Country Than Ever Before.**

Germany's frantic protests against the operations of the Dingley law seem to have been a trifle premature. The export of sugar to the United States has been stopped, but the trade may be resumed just as soon as Germany stops giving bounties on beet root sugar. Aside from that some significant tables have just been received by the state department which show that German exports to the United States are increasing enough in other lines to make up for the loss on sugar. For instance, it is shown that the declared exports at the Berlin consulate for the last three months of 1897 show an actual increase over the last quarter of 1896 of $176,930. The total exports of Germany to the United States for 1897 were $97,347,198, as compared with $92,424,641 in 1896, thus showing the heavy increase of $4,922,556. The sugar exports were $756,522 larger than for 1896, but eliminating this increase entirely, Germany sold this country goods of an invoice value of over $4,000,000 more than the preceding year. That the sugar trade with this country is broken up so long as bounties continue to be paid is evident from the fact that the exports of sugar for the first six months of 1897 were $20,306,007, and for the last six months only $115,483, thus showing a practical extinction of this commerce. The figures given from the Berlin consulate for the last quarter of 1897 come from a place where there is no sugar trade, and hence are significant as showing how the Germans have directed their energies into lines where they do not find the new tariff prohibitory.

## NEW PROFESSOR FOR CHICAGO.

**Charles R. Barnes Coming to Fill the Chair of Plant Physiology.**

Dr. Charles R. Barnes, head professor of botany of the University of Wisconsin, has accepted an offer from the University of Chicago to fill the newly-created chair of plant physiology at the latter institution. He will begin his duties on October 1 next and will have the rank of full professor. Prof. Barnes studied under Prof. John M. Coulter, of the University of Chicago, at Hanover college. Prof. Barnes taught awhile at Purdue university, and went to Wisconsin ten years ago. With Prof. Coulter he has been one of the editors of the Botanical Gazette. He has been secretary of the Botanical Society of America since its organization, and in 1896 was general secretary of the American Association for the Advancement of Science. He has in press a text book for colleges on botany, and with Prof. Coulter is the author of "A Handbook of Plant Dissection." He has also issued a "Monograph of Fissidoms," an analytical key to North American mosses. Prof. Barnes' coming to the Chicago institution means the establishment of a physiological laboratory on the fourth floor of the botany building and the development of a particular branch of botany that has been little touched so far at the university.

## NOT WEARING WOOL HATS.

**Pennsylvania Industry Feels the Effect of the Change of Custom.**

Western civilization is revolutionizing one of the big industries of Pennsylvania. This is the manufacture of wool hats. In the Reading district there are a dozen factories employing 2,000 hands. The manufacturers formerly received $18 to $24 a dozen for their product and now the price has fallen to two to four dollars. Hatters at one time made $100 to $150 a month and to-day their wages are only 40 per cent. of that.

The hats were nearly all sent to the west, where they were worn on the plains, in frontier towns and mining camps. The western orders formerly came for 200 or 300 cases; they have now decreased to 25 and 30 cases.

**Men Have Always Known Use of Fire.**

According to the best authorities there has never been a race of men that was ignorant of the use of fire.

## EIGHTY YEARS A MASON.

**William Earle Cook Claims to Be the Oldest Member of the Craft.**

William Earle Cook, of Portsmouth, a small town on the outskirts of Newport, R. I., takes exception to the statement made in a recent dispatch from California that the oldest mason had died there. Mr. Cook claims to be the oldest mason himself.

He was born in Portsmouth on January 26, 1797, and has just passed his one hundred and first birthday. In his early youth he was apprenticed to a blacksmith, and he followed that trade, with the exception of two years, for 75 years. Those two years he passed in Cuba, where he went when 21 years of age, in the employ of the De Wolfs, of Bristol, planters and shippers of coffee, to take charge of their plantations. He has much sympathy for the Cubans and expresses the hope that they will win their freedom. Upon his return to Portsmouth he went into business for himself, and until he was 92 years of age could be seen shoeing horses.

He was married when quite young to Miss Eunice Sherman, of New Bedford, who died on December 20, 1890, after the couple had lived together for 70 years. They had one child, with whom Mr. Cook now lives. He has eight grandchildren living. It is a common sight to see gathered in his home five generations.

In 1819 Mr. Cook affiliated himself with freemasonry, becoming a member of St. Albans lodge of Bristol, and later a charter member of Eureka lodge of Portsmouth. He has been a mason for nearly 80 years. He has been a member of the Methodist Episcopal church for 78 years. Until lately Mr. Cook was in good health, but a short time ago he suffered a stroke of paralysis, and his strength and eyesight have since been slowly failing.

## WEDDED 280 FEET IN AIR.

**Ceremony Is Performed at the Top of the Auditorium Tower.**

A wedding 280 feet in the air was celebrated the other evening at Chicago. A man and woman were joined in the holy bonds of matrimony in a little office belonging to the weather bureau at the top of the big Auditorium tower.

H. Allen La Faunce was the groom. Miss Libbie Hall was the bride. George P. Foster, justice of the peace, tied the knot, and all the while the storm was swirling and whirling and roaring and the instruments that register the wind and rain and temperature were clicking and scratching and whizzing and creaking over the heads of those who were at the wedding.

In the little compartment which did duty for a bower were crowded besides the bride and groom and the justice, T. L. Hesse and wife, at whose home the bride has been living; Samuel W. Arend, a clerk at the Harrison street police station; Miss Lova Grant, the bridesmaid, and two or three desultory persons who had heard of the matter and were curious.

The adventure was the result of a banter by the bride prompted while the storm was at its highest and immediately before the hour for the ceremony, which was to have been performed at the residence of Mr. Hesse. But Mr. La Faunce would not permit a little thing like a jest to mar his wedding day, so he planned the elevated ceremony, and with the aid of friends took the bride at her word.

The groom is a retired opera singer and the bride is a 20-year-old resident of Michigan who has been visiting in Chicago for some months.

## HER YOUTH RETURNS AGAIN.

**Alabama Woman Whose Gray Hair and Wrinkles Disappear.**

Limestone county, Ala., has an interesting phenomenon, says the Atlanta Constitution. Mrs. Polly Emry, aged 87 years, a white woman of a highly respectable family, appears to have fallen heir to another maidenhood. For a quarter of a century she has been an old woman, with white hair and no teeth, and the weight of years was apparent in her wrinkled face and enfeebled movements. Twenty-seven years ago her oldest brother, who was a dentist, extracted every tooth from her mouth.

About a year ago her health commenced to materially improve, her figure became more erect, her eyes brighter, her movements more elastic. Her hair also became perceptibly darker. Her gums commenced to swell and finally new teeth appeared. The change in a year is said to be astonishing. Her hair is now black. She has a new and substantial set of teeth as white and strong as a maiden's. Her vitality is greatly increased; her strength has returned, and her appearance is said to suggest her age at 40 instead of more than twice that number of years. She is a woman of refinement and of admirable qualities, and her apparent new lease on life is a subject of sincere congratulation among her neighbors.

## SHE PHOTOGRAPHS A HANGING.

**Unknown Woman Attends Execution of Richard James with a Kodak.**

At the hanging of Richard James at Gainesville, Fla., on Friday, for killing his wife, a woman richly dressed and supposedly a tourist, carrying in her hand a kodak, pushed her way through the crowd and took a position on the step-ladder a few feet from the trap.

Despite the solemnity of the occasion, which would have caused the average woman to faint, this one was cool and perfectly composed. She gazed about the room with an expression of satisfaction and remained until after the trap was sprung, photographing the scene as Father Lynch and the doomed man stood in secret conference a second before the latch was pulled.

She also got a picture of the body as it swung in midair in its frightful contortions, and afterward as the body became still. After the hanging she took snap shots of the room and guards, and then unconcernedly walked off. Her name could not be ascertained.

## WAR SPIRIT IS ABROAD.

### Prisoners in an Illinois Jail Want to Leave at Once for the Front.

**The Toledo Bee Tells Johnny to Get His Gun—Two Little New York Boys Want to Enlist in the Navy.**

The prisoners in the Montgomery county (Ill.) jail have caught the war fever. They have organized a company, electing John Barsein captain, and sent the following telegram to Gov. Tanner:

"We, the prisoners in county jail here, tender our services to the state in case of war. We are all waiting to leave here at once."

The editorial funny bone of the Toledo (O.) Bee has been struck by the flying chunks of war rumors and talk, and the paper breaks out in this call to arms:

Yes, Johnny, run along and get your gun. Polish up your armor. Pack your haversack. Put on your bullet proof chest protector and a few porous plasters. Get your corns trimmed for marching. Load your canteen to the very neck. Kiss your sweetheart good-by and report instanter, if not sooner. Spain must come off the perch. So get ready below there. Draw the drawbridge! Let fall the portcullis! Close the windows and shut all the doors! Hoist the poop-deck to the top-gallant jib-jabber! Ship the rudder and make fast the anchor to the hurricane hatchway! Reef the roof, haul aft the belaying pin, but let the flying jiblet stay!

Now, every man stand to his hitching post! Let not a dastard duck or dodge! So, Johnny, get your gun!

Two neatly-dressed boys, each carrying a bundle wrapped in newspapers, accosted the marine at the York street entrance to the Brooklyn navy yard the other afternoon. They asked where the place was to enlist. "Enlist for what?" asked the sentry.

"Why, in the navy," said the taller of the two boys. "Our mother knows about it, and said we could come."

They were taken to the waiting-room, where they said they were John and James Cronin, aged 14 and 12 years respectively. John said: "I have been reading the papers, and me and Jim talked it over. I gave up my job in a florist's shop and we decided to join the navy and be ready in case of trouble."

"Yes," chimed in Jim, "a man what lived on our block in New York was on the Maine and was killed. Our mother knew that, too, but that don't worry us."

"We ain't afraid," added John.

The sergeant told them they were too young to enlist, and sent them home.

## HIS JOKE TURNED VERY WELL.

**How a Senator Got Rid of a Susceptible Young Diplomat.**

A prominent senator told an interesting story to a group of attentive listeners at an uptown hotel the other evening, the senator in question, a young woman and a member of the diplomatic corps being the principals, says the correspondent of the Chicago Tribune. It happened that the senator was on his way to New York, and the young woman in the case was intrusted to his care. Shortly after leaving Washington the senator noticed that the diplomat was casting sheep's eyes at the pretty girl in the opposite chair. It became the duty of the senator to speak to his charge on some trivial matter and this was the long looked for opportunity for the dude. He knew the senator slightly, and therefore did not hesitate about improving his acquaintance. First seeing that the coast was clear he sidled up to the senator, remarking as he did so: "That's a deucedly pretty girl with you, senator. If you do not consider it presumptuous on my part I would like to make her acquaintance."

There was just a suggestion of a twinkle in the senator's eye as he replied: "That's my sister's maid. She is going to New York to meet some of my folks who are returning from abroad."

A horrified look came over the face of the young diplomat, who found it convenient to change his seat into another car for the remainder of the journey.

"After the fellow called my attention to the fact," said the senator, "I noticed that although it was a fine-looking girl who had been intrusted to my care she was not bothered by any more attention from her fellow-passengers."

## FATAL CAT MALADY.

**Felines Dying by Scores of Unknown Disease in Iowa.**

An epidemic of a peculiar disease is destroying the lives of all the cats in the vicinity of Webster City, Ia. The malady broke out about two weeks ago among the household pets and has continued with no abatement until the present time, when it is estimated that over 300 felines have died in the immediate vicinity.

The highways in the country are strewn with the carcasses of dead cats. W. S. Worthington has lost ten out of twelve on his place, which were kept to exterminate rats and mice, and other farmers are all reporting the death of their felines from the same disease.

**A Handy Fire Extinguisher.**

If 20 pounds of common salt and ten pounds of sal ammoniac are dissolved in seven gallons of water and the mixture afterward put into quart bottles of thin glass, tightly corked, the grenades so made will be found to be very efficient for extinguishing small outbreaks of fire. When a fire occurs they must be thrown in or near the flames so as to break, and thus liberate the gas contained to effect the desired object.

**Newsboys in Moscow.**

Persons who sell newspapers in the streets of Moscow are compelled to appear in uniform.

L'ABEILLE DE LA NLLE-ORLEANS

Est très répandue en Louisiane et dans tous les Etats du Sud. Sa publicité offre donc au commerce des avantages exceptionnels. Prix de l'abonnement, pour l'année: Edition quotidienne. $12 00; Edition hebdomadaire. $3 00

# Bulletin Financier.

Vendredi, 25 mars 1898.

COMPTOIR D'ECHANGES (CLEARING-HOUSE) DE LA NOUVELLE ORLEANS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Jusqu'ici cette semaine.... | $7,788,552 00 | $879,134 00 |
| Même temps la semaine dernière..... | 9,907,702 00 | 1,082,923 00 |

**ETAT HEBDOMADAIRE DU CLEARING-HOUSE.**

Compilé par Thos C. Herndon, Directeur.

Actif:

| | |
|---|---|
| Billets des Etats-Unis et des Banques Nationales..... | $ 6,408,300 00 |
| Autres items, comptant..... | |
| Change à vue sur N. Y..... | 7,005,500 00 |
| Change étranger..... | 85,700 00 |
| Dû par des banques et banquiers éloignés..... | 905,600 00 |
| Prêts et escomptes..... | 15,267,500 00 |
| Autre actif comptant..... | 3,998,600 00 |
| Total..... | $33,671,200 00 |

Passif:

| | |
|---|---|
| Circulation..... | 538,100 00 |
| Dépôts..... | 22,191,200 00 |
| Dû à des banques et des banquiers éloignés..... | 4,403,300 00 |
| Autre passif dû a des banques et banquiers..... | |
| Autre passif comptant..... | 42,600 00 |
| Total..... | $27,175,200 00 |

Comparé avec la semaine dernière:

| | Augmentation | Diminution |
|---|---|---|
| Legal Tenders..... | 40,600 | |
| Prêts..... | | 84,800 |
| Dépôts..... | | 54,500 |
| Dû aux banques et banquiers..... | | 98,800 |
| Change..... | | 94,100 |

**MARCHE MONETAIRE.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Nouvelle-Orléans— | |
| Papier exceptionnel..... | 7 |
| do A1..... | 6 |
| Prêts sur garanties collatérales..... | 4 |
| Time do do ..... | 4 |
| Papier hypothécaire..... | 7 |

**Monnaies américaines et strangères et Billets de Banques.**

| | |
|---|---|
| MONNAIE— | |
| Souverains Victoria..... | $4 80@4 90 |
| 20-francs..... | $3 80@3 90 |
| Doublons espagnols..... | $15 40@15 60 |
| 25-pesetas espagnols..... | $4 70 |
| Or léger américain..... | 97@97⅛c |
| Argent mutilé américain, par oz..... | 52@54 |
| Dollars mexicains..... | 43 |
| Sols péruviens..... | 41½ |
| Pesos chiliens..... | 41½ |
| Argent anglais, par £..... | $4 60@4 80 |
| Billets de la Banque d'Angleterre..... | $4 80@4 90 |
| Billets de la Banque de France | 18⅞@19⅛ |
| LONDRES— | |
| Taux de la Banque d'Angleterre 3 0/0. | |
| Consols pour l'argent 111 7/16. | |
| Pour compte 111 9/16. | |
| PARIS— | |
| Rentes 103.37½. | |
| ARGENT EN LINGOTS (PAR ONCE— | |
| Londres 25 9/16. | |
| New-York 55⅝@56. | |

**CHANGE.**

Le STERLING est calme.

| | |
|---|---|
| Commercial (60 jours)..... | 479¼@480 |
| Traites de banques (à vue)..... | 485 |

Les FRANCS sont calmes.

| | |
|---|---|
| France de commerce (60 jours)..... | 5.25⅝ |
| Traites de banques (à vue)..... | 5.18¾ |

REICHMARKES—93⅜

Le CHANGE A VUE SUR NEW-YORK est calme.

Traites de commerce $1 00 d'esc.

Traites de banques au pair.

**VENTES A LA BOURSE DE LA NOUVELLE-ORLEANS.**

Appel de 10 A. M.

| | |
|---|---|
| $5.000 City 4s..... | 103 |

Appel de 2 P. M.

| | |
|---|---|
| $1,000 Bons à prime..... | 204 |

**ACTIONS ET BONS.**

Dernières cotes du N. O. Stock Exchange.

| | Valeur au pair | Offre | Demande |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Banques.** | | | |
| Canal & Banking Co..... | 100 | 120 | 125 |
| Citizens'..... | 100 | .... | 93½ |
| Germania National..... | 100 | .... | 100 |
| Germania Savings..... | 100 | 310 | .... |
| Hibernia National..... | 100 | 180 | 195 |
| Louisiana National..... | 100 | .... | 130 |
| Metropolitan..... | 100 | .... | .... |
| N. O. National..... | 100 | 500 | 560 |
| People's..... | 50 | 37 | 40 |
| Provident Savings..... | 100 | 75 | 82 |
| State National..... | 100 | 82½ | 90 |
| Teutonia..... | 100 | .... | 87 |
| Union National..... | 100 | .... | 90 |
| United States Savings..... | 100 | .... | 90 |
| Whitney National..... | 100 | 350 | .... |
| **Compagnies d'assurance.** | | | |
| Firemen's..... | 50 | .... | 8½ |
| Germania Ins. Co..... | 100 | 70 | 77½ |
| Hibernia Ins..... | 100 | .... | .... |
| Home Ins..... | 100 | .... | 75 |
| Lafayette..... | 50 | 92 | .... |
| Merchants' Ins. Co..... | 100 | .... | 84 |
| Mechanics' and Traders..... | 100 | 70 | 83 |
| N. O. Ins. Ass..... | 100 | .... | 85½ |
| Sun Mutual Ins..... | 100 | 129 | 135 |
| Southern Ins. Co..... | 100 | 100 | 105½ |
| Teutonia..... | 100 | 137 | 144 |
| **Chemins de fer urbains.** | | | |
| Carrollton..... | 100 | 123 | 125½ |
| Crescent City..... | 100 | 23½ | 30 |
| Canal and Claib. [new stock] | 100 | 140 | 160 |
| New Orleans City..... | 100 | .... | 90 |
| Orleans..... | 50 | 14½ | 16½ |
| St-Charles Street..... | 50 | 53 | 54 |
| **Actions diverses.** | | | |
| O. O. Slaughterhouse..... | 50 | 31 | 35 |
| Imp. Bonded Warehouse..... | 100 | 41 | .... |
| Jefferson City Gas Light..... | 100 | .... | 40 |
| Metairie Cem'y Ass..... | 100 | 105 | .... |
| M. L. & B. As..... | | 24 | 26 |
| N. O. Gas Light Co..... | 100 | .... | 116 |
| N. O. Waterworks Co..... | 100 | 109 | 113 |
| N. O. Brewing Ass..... | 100 | 21 | 24½ |
| Jackson Brewing Co..... | 100 | .... | .... |
| N. O. Cold Storage Co..... | 100 | 112 | .... |
| N. O. Land Co..... | 10 | 4 | 5½ |
| Sugar Shed Co..... | 100 | .... | .... |
| Louisiana Electric Light..... | 100 | .... | .... |
| Standard Guano & Chem..... | 100 | .... | 190 |
| St. Martin's Oil Works..... | | .... | .... |
| Std'ard F'less Bn. Co. of Ch i.. | 10 | .... | .... |
| Jockey Club..... | 100 | .... | .... |
| Comb. T. Stand..... | | .... | .... |
| Edison Elec. Co..... | | .... | .... |
| Fakemina Ferment Co..... | | .... | .... |
| Rosetta Gravel..... | | .... | .... |
| Varie. Theatre..... | | 1400 | 1600 |
| Stafford Mineral Spring..... | | .... | .... |
| Independent Oil Works..... | | .... | .... |
| Young Men's Ath. Club..... | | .... | .... |
| Traction Pref'd..... | | .... | .... |
| do common..... | | .... | .... |
| Algiers W. W. & Elect. Co Ex. | | 35 | 70 |
| French Opera Association..... | 250 | .... | 85 |
| Texas and Pacific RR. Co..... | | .... | .... |
| Interstate Trans'n Co..... | | .... | .... |
| **Bons d'Etat.** | | | |
| Louisiana 4s..... | | 92¾ | 100 |
| Constitutional Bds..... | | .... | .... |
| **Levee 6s.** | | | |
| Atchafalaya Levee Bds..... | | 106 | .... |
| Bienville Lev. Bds..... | | 109 | 110¼ |
| Caddo Levee Bonds..... | | 108¾ | 110¼ |
| 5th District Levee Bds 1908..... | | 101 | .... |
| do do do 1911..... | | 102 | .... |
| do do do 1913..... | | 102 | .... |
| Lamourche Lev. Bds..... | | 109 | 112 |
| Lake Borgne Lev. Bds..... | | .... | .... |
| Pontchartrain L. B. 15 yrs..... | | 107½ | 112 |
| Pontchartrain L. B. 20 yrs..... | | 107½ | 112 |
| Pontchartrain L. B. 50 yrs..... | | 105 | 107 |
| Red River Atch. & S. B. Bds.. | | 106 | .... |
| Tensas Basin Bonds..... | | .... | 107 |
| **Bons de ville.** | | | |
| City 4's..... | | 102¾ | 103½ |
| Premium..... | | 203½ | 204½ |
| Premium drawn number..... | | .... | 250 |
| City 7's, gold..... | | .... | .... |
| Privilege on Nos..... | | .... | .... |
| **Bons divers.** | | | |
| United States 4's of 1907..... | | 109½ | .... |
| U. S. 4's of 1925..... | | 119 | .... |
| U. S. 5's..... | | 109½ | .... |
| Boston Exchange Stock..... | | 85 | 105 |
| Mech., Dealers and Lumb..... | | 22½ | 32½ |
| Sugar Exchange..... | | .... | 85 |
| Canal and Claib. St. M. old..... | | 102 | .... |
| Canal & Claib. St. R.R. M. [Gold].. | | 119 | 121 |
| American Brew'g Co. Bds..... | | 111 | 119 |
| Algiers W. W. & E. Bds Gold.... | | 100 | 104½ |
| Jackson Brewery 1st Mort. Bds | | 104 | .... |
| Jackson Brewery 2d Mort. Bds.. | | 105 | .... |
| Morgan's L. and T. R. R. 7's... | | 132 | 132¾ |
| Morgan's L.T.R.R.S.S. gold.... | | 121½ | 124 |
| Tex. & Pac. RR. 1st gold mort.. | | .... | .... |
| Tex. & Pacific RR. 2d gold mort. | | .... | .... |
| Nat & Red Riv RR. 1st mort. gold | | 70 | 100 |
| Crescent City RR. 1st 6s..... | | 101 | .... |
| Crescent City RR. new 5s [Gold]. | | 74½ | 76 |
| N. O. City RR. Co. mort 6s.... | | 108 | 111 |
| N. O. City and Lake 5s [Gold].. | | 97 | 98 |
| Mobile & Choctaw R. Riv. Valley Bds | | .... | .... |
| Orleans RR 6s [Gold]..... | | 98¼ | 100 |
| St-Charles St. RR. mort. 1901.. | | 104 | .... |
| Carrollton [R.R.] Gold 5s mort..... | | 103 | .... |
| Carrollton 2nds 12 yrs [Gold].. | | 110 | .... |
| Carrollton 13 yrs [Gold].. | | 111 | 114 |
| Carrollton 14 yrs [Gold].. | | 111½ | 115 |
| N. O. Waterworks 1st mort..... | | 114 | .... |
| New South Bld Ass'n A..... | | --- | .... |
| " " " C..... | | --- | .... |
| N. O. Brewing Ass'n bonds..... | | 78 | 80½ |
| Hylton Land Company Bond 6s. | | .... | .... |
| " " " 5s. | | .... | 48 |
| Edison Bonds..... | | .... | .... |
| La. Elect. Light Co. 1st mort... | | .... | .... |
| La. Elect. Light Co. 2d mort... | | .... | .... |
| Lyons S. Cotton Press mort..... | | 100 | .... |
| Cotton Exchange 1st mort..... | | 102 | .... |
| **Certificats et Warrants.** | | | |
| Police certificates..... | | .... | .... |
| School certificates..... | | .... | .... |
| City scrip, new..... | | .... | .... |
| Certificats émis en vertu de l'acte 93 de 1880..... | | .... | .... |
| Unpaid State coupons No 12..... | | .... | .... |
| State school warrants..... | | .... | .... |
| C. St. L. & N. O. Gold 5s..... | | .... | .... |
| N. O. Abattoir Co..... | | .... | .... |
| N. O Cotton Ex. 1st Mrt..... | | .... | .... |
| N. O. Traction Co., Power House Bds..... | | 102 | 108 |
| Algiers W. W. & Elec. Co..... | | .... | .... |
| Orleans RR 2nd mort ..... | | .... | .... |

# Bulletin Commercial

Vendredi, 25 mars 1898,

**COTON.**

**Marché de la Nlle-Orléans.**

SUR PLACE.

Le Cotton Exchange a rapporté aujourd'hui des ventes de 4,200 balles et 350 à arriver.

Le marché est stable.

Les cotons tachés sont de ⅛ à ⅜c. plus bas que les cotes suivantes

| | Aujourd'hui |
|---|---|
| Low Ordinary..... | 3 15/16 nom |
| Ordinary..... | 4 7/16 " |
| Good Ordinary..... | 4 13/16 |
| Low Middling..... | 5⅛ |
| Middling..... | 5 7/16 |
| Good Middling..... | 5 13/16 |
| Middling Fair..... | 6 3/16 nom |
| Fair..... | 7 7/16 " |

**N. O. FUTURES**

Calmes et stables.

| | |
|---|---|
| Janvier..... | 5,61@5.63 |
| Février..... | —@— |
| Mars..... | 5,45 Bid |
| Avril..... | 5.43@5.45 |
| Mai..... | 5,47@5,48 |
| Juin..... | 5.50@5 51 |
| Juillet..... | 5,54@5.55 |
| Août..... | 5,53@5,54 |
| Septembre..... | 5,55@5 56 |
| Octobre..... | 5,55@5 56 |
| Novembre..... | 5,55@5 57 |
| Décembre..... | 5,59@5,61 |

Les ventes comprennent 31 100 balles.

**MARCHES DIVERS.**

Aujourd'hui le middling était coté à—

| | |
|---|---|
| Galveston..... | 5 11/16 |
| Mobile..... | 5⅝ |
| Savannah..... | 5 9/16 |
| Charleston..... | 5⅝ |
| Wilmington..... | 5¾ |
| Norfolk..... | 5¾ |
| Baltimore..... | 6 |
| Boston..... | 6 1/16 |
| Philadelphie..... | 6 5/16 |
| Memphis..... | 5 9/16 |
| Augusta..... | 5 13/16 @ 5⅞ |
| St-Louis..... | 5⅝ |

**MARCHE DE NEW-YORK.**

SUR PLACE.

Calme.

Cotes—Middling Gulf 6¼.

**N. Y. FUTURES.**

Stables.

| | |
|---|---|
| Janvier..... | 5,96@5.97 |
| Février..... | —@— |
| Mars..... | 5.79@5.80 |
| Avril..... | 5,79@5,80 |
| Mai..... | 5,84@5 85 |
| Juin..... | 5,85@5,86 |
| Juillet..... | 5.89@— |
| Août..... | 5,91@5 92 |
| Septembre..... | 5,90@5,92 |
| Octobre..... | 5,90@5,91 |
| Novembre..... | 5,90@5,91 |
| Décembre..... | 5,93@5,94 |

Les ventes comprennent 121,000 balles.

**MOUVEMENT DU COTON.**

REÇU, NET—

| | |
|---|---|
| A la Nlle-Orléans depuis le 1er septembre..... | 2,421,737 balles |
| Même temps l'année dernière. | 1,942,891 balles |
| A tous les ports des Etats-Unis..... | 7,924,936 balles |
| Même temps l'année dernière. | 6,274,248 balles |
| EXPORTATIONS A L'ETRANGER— | |
| De la Nouvelle-Orléans depuis le 1er septembre..... | 1,814,524 balles |
| Même temps l'année dernière. | 1,613,144 balles |
| De tous les ports des Etats-Unis..... | 6,060,206 balles |
| Même temps l'année dernière | 4,994,387 balles |
| STOCKS— | |
| A la Nouvelle-Orléans..... | 427,656 balles |
| Même temps l'année dernière. | 266 708 balles |
| Dans tous les ports des Etats-Unis..... | 1,012,548 balles |
| Même temps l'année dernière. | 744,761 balles |

**MARCHE DE LIVERPOOL.**

SUR PLACE.

Calme

Cotes—3 5/16 pour le Middling Américain.

**FUTURS.**

Stables.

**MARCHE DU HAVRE.**

SUR PLACE.

Calme.

Cotes—43 fr. pour l'Ordinaire (sur place); 40¾fr. pour le Très Ordinaire (sur place); 38¾fr. pour le Bas (sur place).

**FUTURS.**

Les vendeurs aux cotes.

**SUCRE ET MELASSE.**

Jobbing ⅛@¼c plus élevé par livre pour le sucre, et 3@5c plus élevé par gallon pour les mélasses que les cotes suivantes du Sugar Exchange.

SUCRE—OPEN KETTLE—Calme.

| | |
|---|---|
| Par livre..... | 2⅛@3 11/16 |
| Centrifugal kettle..... | —@— |

CENTRIFUGAL—Inactif

| | |
|---|---|
| Granulated..... | —@— |
| Whites..... | —@— |
| Yellows..... | 4@4⅛ |
| Fancy yellows..... | —@— |
| Seconds..... | 2⅝@3 15/16 |

MELASSE—OPEN KETTLE—Il n'y en a plus sur le marché.

CENTRIFUGAL—Calme 5@14c.

SIROP—Il n'y a plus de sirop.

SUCRE RAFFINE—

| | |
|---|---|
| Cut Loaf..... | 5⅜ |
| Powdered..... | 5⅜ |
| Standard granulated..... | 5 1/16 |
| Confectioners' A..... | 4 15/16 |

Moins ⅛c et 1/16c d'escompte en lots de 100 barils.

**RIZ**

[A la Bourse.]

RIZ ECALE—Fert.

| | |
|---|---|
| Fancy..... | 5⅜@6 |
| Choice..... | 5⅛@5⅜ |
| Prime..... | 4⅞@5 |
| Good..... | 4½@4¾ |
| Fair..... | 4¼@4⅜ |
| Ordinary..... | 3⅝@4 |
| Common..... | 3¼@3½ |
| Screenings..... | 2½@2¾ |
| Inferior..... | —@— |
| No 2..... | 1⅞@2 |

RIZ POLI—Ton. $14 00 à 15 00

SON—$9 00 à 10 00

RIZ BRUT—Fert.

.....$1 80@4 00

**FARINES.**

A LA BOURSE

Clôture officielle de la Bourse:

FARINE—

| | |
|---|---|
| Patente, le baril..... | $5 00 @5 05 |
| Extra fancy..... | $4 00 @4 65 |

FARINE DE MAIS—$1 65@1 70.

Hors de la Bourse les prix de farine et de farine de maïs sont de 25 à 50c. plus cher par baril.

**GRAINS ET FOURRAGES**

MAIS—On cote 39 à 40 pour le blanc; 38 à 39 pour le mêlé et 39 à 40 pour le jaune.

AVOINE—No 2 de l'Ouest 33 à—c.; Choix —à 34c.; Texas No 2 32 à 33.

SON—75 à 76c.

FOIN—Prime $13 00 à 14 50; Choice $15 50 à 16 50.

Les petits lots se vendent aux prix suivants: mais 2c. de plus par boisseau; avoine 2 à 4c de plus par boisseau; son 5 à 8c. de plus par 100 livres, et le foin $2 00 à 2 00 de plus par tonneau.

**PROVISIONS.**

A LA BOURSE.

Clôture officielle de la Bourse pour les lots en gros:

MESS PORK—

| | |
|---|---|
| Vieux..... | $10@10⅛ |
| Nouveaux..... | 11@11⅛ |

VIANDES SALEES SECHES—

| | |
|---|---|
| Epaules..... | 5 @ 5⅛ |
| Short rib sides..... | 5¾@ — |
| Short clear sides..... | 5⅝@ — |
| Long clear sides..... | 5⅝@ — |

BACON—

| | |
|---|---|
| Epaules..... | 5⅝@ 5¾ |
| Short rib sides..... | 6⅜@ 6½ |
| Long clear sides..... | 6⅜@ — |
| Short clear sides..... | 6⅜@ — |

GRAISSE—

| | |
|---|---|
| En tierces, refined..... | 4 @ — |
| Lard pur..... | 5⅜@ 5½ |

JAMBON—8½@9½.

Les cotes des provisions à la Bourse sont pour le marché en gros; les prix des détaillants sont de 25 à 50c. plus élevés pour le porc; et de ¼ à ½c. pour les autres articles provenant du porc.

**EPICERIES.**

Le Board of Trade donne les cotes suivantes pour les lots de chargement de café.

Job lots ¼ à ½c plus élevé.

RIO—Inactif.

| | |
|---|---|
| Fair No 3..... | 8⅝ |
| Low Fair No 4..... | 7⅞ |
| Good Ordinary No 5..... | 7¼ |
| Ordinary No 6..... | Non |
| Low Ordinary No 7..... | .. |
| Strictly Good Ordinary No 8..... | .. |
| Good Common No 9..... | .. |

SANTOS—Inactif

| | |
|---|---|
| Fair No 3..... | 8⅞ |
| Low Fair No 4..... | 8⅛ |
| Good Ordinary No 5..... | 7⅝ |
| Ordinary No 6..... | 7⅛ |
| Low Ordinary No 7..... | 6⅝ |
| Strictly Good Common No 8..... | 6⅜ |
| Common No 9..... | 6⅛ |

MEXICAIN—Inactif.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cordova—Fair..... | 8⅞ |
| Barely fair..... | 7⅞ |
| Low fair..... | 8⅛ |
| Coatepex—Fair..... | 8⅞ |
| Barely fair..... | 7⅞ |
| Low fair..... | 8⅛ |

BEURRE—

| | |
|---|---|
| Western Creamery—Extra..... | 20 |
| Extra firsts..... | 19 |
| Firsts..... | 17 |
| Western Dairy—Extra..... | 14@— |
| Extra firsts..... | 11@12 |
| Firsts..... | 10 |

Jobbing un peu plus élevé.

FROMAGE—

| | |
|---|---|
| New York creams..... | 10½ |
| Young America's, full cream..... | 10 |
| Twins, full cream..... | 10 |
| Singles..... | 10¼ |

Jobbing un peu plus élevé.

**GRAINE DE COTON ET SES PRODUITS.**

Graine de coton—Ici $7 00 à — per ton.

Farine de graine de coton par chargement au dépôt $17 00 per short ton, pour l'exportation $19 25 f. o. b. per long ton

Oil cake—$19 00 à 19 25 pour l'exportation f. o. b.

Huile de graine de coton (en gros ou pour l'expédition), par gallon, prime crude 16c.; refiné 21 à 21½c.

TOILE D'EMBALLAGE — 2¼-pound 6¼ per yard; 2-pound 5¾; 1¾-pound 5½.

Twine—Jute 7½c. la livre; Hemp 10c.

COTTON TIES—70@75c.

**FRUITS ET NOIX.**

| | |
|---|---|
| POMMES— | |
| Par boîte..... | 1 50@ 1 60 |
| Par baril..... | 3 50@ 4 25 |
| ORANGES— | |
| Par boîte..... | 2 50@ 2 75 |
| LIMONS— | |
| Par boîte..... | 2 50@ 2 75 |
| COCOS— | |
| Par 1000..... | 20 00@22 00 |
| Par 100..... | 2 52@ — |
| ANANAS— | |
| Par douzaine..... | 3 00@ 4 00 |
| POIRES— | |
| Par boîte..... | 2 25@ 2 75 |
| PECHES— | |
| Par boîte de 1/3 de boisseau..... | —@— |
| BANANES— | |
| Par régime..... | 1 35@ 1 60 |
| RAISINS— | |
| Par boîte..... | 1-50@ 1 65 |
| PISTACHES— | |
| Par livre..... | 2@5c. |
| PACANES— | |
| De la Louisiane, par livre..... | 9@16c |
| Du Texas, par livre..... | —@— |

Jobbing un peu plus élevé que les prix ci-dessus.

**PRODUITS DE LA CAMPAGNE.**

Nos cotes représentent le prix du gros au landing. Les marchands obtiennent 15 à 25c de plus par baril et ¼ à ½c. par livre en lots.

POMMES DE TERRE—Par baril $2 40 à 2 70.

PATATES DOUCES—Ordinaires par bar $1 25 à $1 40.

YAMS—$1 60 à 1 75.

TOMATES—$1 50 à 2 00 par boîte.

OIGNONS—Par baril $2 50 à 2 75.

CHOUX—90c à $1 00 par crate.

AIL—80 à 90c. par macoone.

CHOUCROUTE—Baril $1 90 à 2 00.

VOLAILLES — Les marchands en gros demandent de 15 à 25c. de plus que les prix suivants par douzaine de vola