The New-Orleans Bee.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF GENERAL COUNCIL.—NEW-ORLEANS, SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 20, 1848.

MAGNE & WEISSE, PROPRIETORS.
No. 81 Chartres, and 13 Camp streets.

TERMS OF THE BEE.

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☞ The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business, and in extent to one square every other day.

The New-Orleans Daily Bee

Saturday Morning, May 20, 1848.

The Mail failed yesterday from beyond Charleston.

Yucatan.

The recent intelligence from this unfortunate county must inspire the liveliest sympathy in every human bosom. The wretched inhabitants appear utterly unable to protect themselves, from the sanguinary incursions of the savages. They have lost all heart and courage, and are completely panic stricken. Those who possess the means of flight, hasten to abandon their homes and fire-sides and to place themselves in a position of comparative safety, by collecting together into the sea port towns; while the poorer classes, who cannot fly and will not fight, await the coming of the barbarous foe with feelings of silent horror and despair.—One hundred thousand Yucatanese are crowded into the little town of Merida, and helpless and terrified are they, that with this enormous physical force they do not dream of venturing to meet the Indians. The offshoot of the Mexican race in Yucatan, cannot even claim the mere animal courage that distinguishes it elsewhere. It is something new in the history of civilized nations, that a populous country should thus be overrun by a band of savages, and, that the white inhabitants, numbering as they do, some hundred thousands, should be unable to cope with and overcome their barbarous enemy. The sufferings of the Yucatanese excite the profoundest pity, but this sentiment is largely mingled with contempt for their cowardice.

However, we must take things as they are. The facts are before us. The Yucatanese are, literally, at the mercy of a ruthless foe, and are menaced with absolute extermination. In their forlorn and helpless condition, they have applied with the earnest solicitation of the United States, Spain and England, for succor and protection, tendering the uncontrolled dominion and sovereignty of the peninsula to that power which shall give them speedy and efficient aid. Already, has the British minister at Mexico sent a favorable reply, and there is no earthly doubt, that England will grasp at the offer, and accept the quasi-cession of Yucatan, as the price of her assistance. Now, without entering upon the abstract political question of the *right* of this country to prevent, at all hazards, the establishment of new colonies on the American Continent by British or other European powers, it is, beyond a doubt, the *duty* of the United States in the case before us, to preclude the possibility of Yucatan's falling into the hands of the English. We are, likewise, bound by every impulse of humanity to avert the awful doom that seems impending over the peninsula. As a civilized people, as a Republican government, as the victim of cruelty, lust and every demoniacal passion that rages in the breast of her southern neighbors, Yucatan appeals to us for aid; and in our humble opinion, we should not pause to discuss nice questions of political casuistry, ere we extend it freely and effectually. A train will rest upon our national character, should we allow distant nations to anticipate us in the sacred obligation of protecting a near and friendly neighbor from the most deplorable of calamities.

The bill now before Congress, especially with the amendment of Senator Lewis, would amply fulfill the proposed object and enable the President to send to Yucatan a detachment of American soldiers strong enough to drive her savage hordes back to their mountains and forests. The amendment referred to will do away with all the captious objections of those who would have us coldly look on a beloved and neighboring people gradually extirpated, for fear we might be tempted to take possession of her territory. It authorizes the Executive to send an armed force to Yucatan, with a special proviso that nothing contained within the bill shall be construed to favor the permanent occupation or annexation of Yucatan to the United States. It is our sincere hope that when the important intelligence published yesterday, reaches Washington, all doubts and hesitation as to the course demanded of us by the promptings of humanity, and the instigations of policy will be dispelled; and that a bill may be at once passed, which shall guarantee to Yucatan the cordial co-operation of this country in the effort to repel the merciless savage who is now scattering desolation and terror around him.

Arrival of the Cambria.

SEVEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

A Telegraphic despatch from Mobile to the Editors of the *Picayune*, announces the arrival at New York, on the night of the 13th inst., of the Steamship *Cambria*, which left Liverpool on the 29th ult. Her advices are therefore seven days later. The *Hermann* did not leave at the appointed time in consequence of an injury to her machinery, but was to depart on the 15th of May. The advices by the *Cambria*, are as follows:

The most important intelligence brought by the arrival relates to the elections in France, and the general improvement in commercial feeling both in England and on the Continent. The French elections went off quietly and the moderate party is reported to be in the ascendancy.

The Pope of Rome had given a cordial reception to the U. S. Charge. Political affairs in the Papal States remained unchanged.

Commercial matters were gradually improving in England and France.

The troops of the Confederation have captured the Schleswig after several severe engagements. The Danish artillery and fortifications were carried at the point of the bayonet. The conflicts were bloody;—the Danes having lost twelve thousand men in killed and wounded. The Prussians lost three thousand.

The war is still progressing in Lombardy King Charles Albert gallantly maintains his position in Mesena—his quarters are at Volta. Lombardy is separated from the Venician provinces. The Austrians having taken Trevano and Valvassaul, the Sicilian Commons dreading Ferdinand as one of the Bourbon dynasty which has always been unsuccessful, have determined to govern themselves.

Spanish affairs are very much disturbed. A revolution is in prospect. Lord Palmerston had addressed a letter to the Spanish Government which was returned in an insulting manner. Madrid was in a state of great excitement; fearless of all kinds was at a stand in that capital.

Portugal is on the verge of a revolution. The Queen is reported to be about to abdicate in favor of her son.

The accounts from Baden are deplorable. The inhabitants capitulated to a force sent against them. Gen. Gadern was shot dead by the rebels, which brought on a conflict and great slaughter.

Vienna is represented to be tranquil.

MARKETS.—The London money market was firm. Consols 82; wheat had advanced one shilling per quarter; flour unchanged; corn 25 to 30 shillings.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.—Fair Uplend, 4 1-4; fair Mobile, 4 3-8; fair Orleans, 4 7-8d. The sales of the week ending Friday, 28th ult., amounted to thirty-seven thousand bales.

The following is upcoming weather, was finer. Sugar and molasses had advanced. Lard had also improved—sales at 46 to 47s. 6d. Provisions had declined in Manchester and Yorkshire. There was an improved feeling in the cotton manufacturing districts.

NEW YORK, May 13.—Cotton firm at last quotations.

A Girl Kidnapped.

—We learn from a letter addressed to the Hon. John P. King, of this city, from Nashville, Tennessee, says the Augusta *Chronicle & Sentinel*, that a girl 13 or 14 years of age was stolen from that place by Dr. John S. Crocket and Lucinda Crocket, with an intention, it is thought, of sailing for Europe. The kidnapped child was the ward of M. W. Brown, Esq., of Nashville, and said to be "very rich." A reward of $6,000 and all expenses paid, is offered for her return. She will answer to the name of Mary McNeille, has blue eyes, light complexion, and hair a little darker than flaxen, and fence slender. Crocket has assumed the name of Johnson, and had been joined by a Dr. Simpson and his family.

City Intelligence.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—Judge Mellenry was yesterday occupied with the hearing of civil cases. Sentences will be passed this morning on several convicted prisoners.

CHARGE OF MURDER.—We noticed some time since the arrest of one Matthew Cauderan, on a charge of having murdered Patrick Downey, at the corner of St. Joseph and Tchoupitoulas streets. The accused was yesterday brought up before Recorder Baldwin to be examined, there being no evidence whatever against him, he was forthwith released.

ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE.—Yesterday morning, between four and five o'clock, a Frenchman, named Benoist Girardin, residing in Claouet street, in the Third Municipality, attempted to cut his throat with a razor, but was prevented by his sister from committing the fatal deed, who held his hand.

HEAVY LOAD.—Officer Arroyo, of the First Municipality police, arrested, yesterday, the driver of a wagon loaded with 1,400 bricks—He was yesterday brought up before Recorder Genois, and fined ten dollars, for contravening the police ordinances. It is forbidden to carry such heavy loads.

HONORABLY DISCHARGED.—L. Mayer charged by Peter Athum with having stolen sundry articles, worth about twelve dollars, was yesterday examined before Recorder Genois, and was honorably discharged, there being no proof whatever that he committed the theft.

DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.—Day before yesterday, a distressing accident occurred at the South-West Pass, on board a Bremen ship.—Some German passengers were leaning against the sides of the vessel, when a towboat, on coming alongside, gave a sudden jerk to the ship, which caused some of the poor Germans to fall into the river. They were drowned before assistance could be rendered.

STEALING A BOAT.—The police of the Second Municipality arrested one Henry Kearney charged with stealing a small boat from T. W. Tschnor. He will be examined to-day, before Recorder Baldwin.

BILL VANBOOK.—This notorious individual, arrested some days ago on two very aggravated charges, was yesterday brought up before Recorder Baldwin to be examined on the charge of stabbing a police officer while in the discharge of his duty, and also for robbery. He was committed for trial before the first District Court. His worthy associates, Oliver Hunt and Bill Tracy, were also committed before the same tribunal to be tried on a charge of robbery only.

ROBBERY.—On Thursday morning, some three hundred dollars in notes from Ann Hedgeson, a *marchande* under the Poydras market, a sum of about twenty dollars which she had upon her person. She made yesterday an affidavit before Recorder Baldwin, but she could not state the name of the thieves. The police, however, will find them out.

BENEFIT OF MDME. POUZZOL.—The entertainments this evening at the Orleans Theatre are for the benefit of Mdme. Pouzzol, the Seconda Donna of the troupe. The claims of the beneficiary to the patronage of the public are of themselves intrinsically substantial, and, when we add, that with precarious health she has faithfully labored in her vocation, an additional incentive is offered to the liberality of the *habitués* of the French Theatre. The performances this evening close the theatrical season, the delicious opera of Norma constitutes a part of the programme.

FROM GUADELOUPE.—An arrival from Guadeloupe, brings intelligence that the population there are in a state of great agitation, in consequence of reports that a vessel from France was on its way to the Island, with delegates from the Provisional Government, who were to proclaim emancipation and organize a Republican Government. This information had produced symptoms of general revolt, many of the slaves about Point Petre, having refused to work. It was reported that fighting had already commenced at Martinique.

A TRIBUTE FROM THE NORTH.—A Taylor delegate to the Whig National Convention has been appointed in the Penobscot district, Maine. The Convention passed the following resolution:

Resolved, That in the estimation of this Convention, among many accomplished men whom the Whig party delights to honor, and who are prominent candidates for elevation to the Chief Magistracy, there is no one in whom these essential elements of firm and popular rule are so happily blended as in Zachary Taylor—by whom, on a great stage before the world, have been conspicuously exhibited the sterling attributes of valor and patriotism, of integrity and firmness, of energy and skill, of sagacity and common sense, of moderation and humanity, all under the control of an intellect equal to every emergency and a heart responsive to the noblest emotions—qualities which have obtained for him the plaudits of mankind, and secured him a place second to none in the hearts of his countrymen.

SUPPOSED MURDER AND ARSON.—The Washington (Pa.) *Press* states that on the morning of the 4th inst., the citizens in the neighborhood of the residence of Mr. Charles Greer, on Rich Hills, were aroused from their slumbers by the appearance of fire, and on reaching the spot found the residence of Mr. Greer wrapped in flames, and the bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Greer stretched upon their bed and *burnt to a cinder!* It is supposed that the cold couple had been murdered in their bed by some demon in human form in order to possess himself of Mr. G's. money, and that after committing the robbery, to cover the villainy, had fired the house.

POPE PIUS IX.—A letter in the Boston *Advertiser*, dated Rome, March 20th, thus describes the person and manners of the present Pope:

Two days ago, I had the honor of a private presentation to his Holiness. The dignity and simplity of his manners are very striking. The gentleman who obtained the audience for me, and who went to introduce me, is an abbot. His holiness was standing by his table, dressed in plain white robes, and with a linen white cap covering the crown of his head. My friend preceded me a little in entering the room, and, when I hailed within the door, and not further, it, to make my bow, the abbot was down upon his face, trying to kiss the Pope's foot, which, when he is standing, is no easy performance.—I never witnessed a little sight of this great prostration, when his Holiness addressed me briskly in French, saying, "Come in, come in, my son," at the same moment extending his right hand to me with an inviting gesture, and evidently endeavoring to induce my ghostly friend to make short work of diving at his foot. I confess to kissing the Pope's ring before I parted with his hand.

He immediately began to speak of the United States—said he was very thankful for the kind notice of him which the people of our country had taken—said the government had sent him some valuable books—that he was always happy to see my countrymen—that he thought the liberty and happiness of the people was well secured in the United States, &c., &c. His Holiness has evidently quite familiar with our political history, and has a lofty appreciation of the character of Washington. He manifested acquaintance with the great names of the past and the present, and among the latter spoke of Mr. Webster, Mr. Clay and Mr. Calhoun.

In size, figure and a certain brisk carriage of his person, Pius IX reminded me of Chancellor Kent, of twenty years ago. The expression of his countenance is that of sadness and anxiety; and this I thought was especially manifested when an allusion was made to the reception of his new constitution, and he replied, "It is very difficult to provide for the wishes of all—in a case so complex as that committed to my charge. I have most at heart the spiritual interest of the people, and what has now been done I hope may promote that as well as their temporal happiness." Soon after this, we took our leave. His Holiness gave me his hand again, and obeying more the impulse of the moment than the etiquette of the Court, I gave it a rather short upshake, whereat I thought the holy father took no offence.—Coming out into the drawing room, I found a party of English and Germans waiting to be presented in a body, and, as I had been called in first, and remained some time, I fancied John Bull looked a little sour at Brother Jonathan as he made his way into and out of their presence. Pius IX lives in a most frugal way, and bestows all his income on the poor. I cannot help feeling great respect for him, and I believe him to be a sincere and devout man of God.

INDIAN DIFFICULTIES ON OUR FRONTIER.—We learn by a letter from Col. Upshaw, the vigilant agent for the Chickasaws, dated April 25th, that conflicts have recently taken place between some Indians of the Prairie tribes and the Texians in the vicinity of Preston on Washita. Col. U. writes us that a party of Western killed three Surveyors, citizens of Texas. Subsequent to the murders, a party of Rangers overtaking the Indians, they were driven by the appearance of fire, and on reaching the spot found the residence of Mr. Greer wrapped in flames, and the bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Greer stretched upon their bed and *burnt to a cinder!* It is supposed that the cold couple had been murdered in their bed by some demon in human form in order to possess himself of Mr. G's. money, and that after committing the robbery, to cover the villainy, had fired the house.

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

Reported for the New Orleans Bee.

TELEGRAPH OFFICE,
MOBILE, May 19—7 P. M.

The sales of Cotton to-day reach 400 bales—yesterday 1,000—middling at 5c. per lb.; good, 5 1-4c. The market for better grades is very stiff, in consequence of accounts from the North. Nothing doing in Exchange, though former rates are maintained. No news from the North.

NOTHING LIKE THE TELEGRAPH!—The importance of the magnetic telegraph as a rogue detector machine, is forcibly illustrated in the following paragraph, which we clip from the Trenton News:

We understand that one of the men engaged at the Bristol depot, recently found a check in the cars for $300. The finder and the brakeman joined together to get the money. It was made payable in New York. The brakeman took it there, and sold it to a broker for a trifle less than the face. The payment was stopped at the Bank in New York, by intelligence communicated by telegraph. The broker traced out the offenders, and the information coming to the knowledge of the Railroad Company, both were immediately discharged. One of them has been in the employ of the company for many years.

AFFAIR OF HONOR.—A duel took place at or near Annapolis, recently, between two of the midshipmen attached to the Naval School in that city, and one of them, named Queen, was badly wounded, receiving a ball in the hip joint. The wound is not considered dangerous.

☞ The body of Zachariah Reister, of whose suspected murder we gave some account the other day, has been recovered. It was found within fifty yards of the place on Big Creek, which, as we have stated, exhibited an appearance of a struggle. It was lying with the face downwards, and had a wound showing that the deceased had been shot with a rifle—the ball evidently entering in the front of the neck and coming out behind.

This is the second murder that has been committed within the last three weeks by the desperate ruffians who have so long infested the neighborhood, and who seem to treat the laws with perfect contempt.

Both the murdered men were good citizens, and had large families. Palmer left a wife and five children, who were entirely dependent on their support. Reister has left seven children with his wife near the period when another will be added to the family. He was a hard-working, sober, inoffensive citizen, and a member in good repute of the Baptist Church. We are told that the means of the poor family are not sufficient to afford them subsistence for a fortnight.—*Mobile Trib.*

Council of Municipality No. 2.

SITTING OF MONDAY, May 15th, 1848.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment.

Present—The Honorable P. Bonzano, President, Messrs. Bernard, Nicomede, De la Ronde, Sieverstenen, Jones, Meehan, Farrar, Flanders, Collins, Solomon and Page.

On motion of Mr. Jones, the reading of the proceedings of last meeting was dispensed with.

A letter from Mr. Jones was read, in the Council, tendering his resignation as a member of the Committee of Finance.

On motion of Mr. Sieverstenen, the resignation of Mr. Jones was accepted.

A resolution from the General Council was read, fixing the salary of the Secretary of the Board of Health, at $1,500 per annum, to be paid pro rata by each Municipality.

A letter from a Committee appointed by the Board of Health, was read, praying the Council to appoint two Councilmen to be ex officio Health Wardens, to inspect the thoroughfares and tenements of the City, &c.

On motion of Mr. Meehan, the above letter was laid on the table, subject to ☞.

A letter from Mr James Ritchie, was read, asking the Council to authorize the ☞ of certain fire-hooses, &c., to grant him a ☞ Licenses for $30, &c. &c.

On motion of Mr. Jones, the above letter was referred to the Committee on Claims.

A letter from Mr. Robert Spedden, Coroner of the Parish of Orleans, was read, asking to be paid the sum of $170, for inquests.

On motion of Mr. Sieverstenen, the above letter was referred to the Committee on Claims.

A letter from Mr. C. de Chouzeul, was read to the Council, praying that an account which was placed in his hands for collection, and amounting to $386-91, be paid.

On motion of Mr. Flanders, the above letter was referred to the Finance Committee.

A letter from T. Drouet, Attorney for Widow Jacques Lavergne, was read, offering for sale, a lot of ground on St. Ayuls street, between Bourbon St. Ferdinand streets, for the sum of $530, payable at ☞ years.

On motion of Mr. Sieverstenen, the above letter was laid on the table, indefinitely.

The resignation of Mr. F. P. Farre, were read, praying that his salary for the months of January, February, March and April, as aid to the Secretary of the Council, be paid to him.

On motion of Mr. Sieverstenen, the above accounts were referred to the Finance Committee with power to act.

CALL OF COMMITTEES—COMMITTEE ON CLAIMS.

Mr. Flanders, on behalf of the Committee on Claims, offered the following report which was adopted.

The Committee on Claims have to report on the petition of Mr. Dubocq—That, the planting of Trees in the Public Highways, is a work in pursuance of a letter of contract with the Municipality, and that when the contract is fulfilled, and the work accepted by the Surveyor, the Contractor must be paid without further action of the Council.

Your Committee therefore, advise that Mr. Du Bocq be permitted to withdraw his petition.

(Signed) B. F. FLANDERS, Ch'n

The Ordinance concerning Candle and Soap Manufactories was read for a second time to the Council.

On motion of Mr. Jones, the aforesaid Ordinance was referred to the same Committee, composed of Messrs. Nicomede, Meehan and Collins.

COMMITTEE ON UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

The Committee on Unfinished Business, beg leave to report—

That they have had in consideration, the claim presented to this Council in March last, by Messrs. Magne & Weisse, Printers to this Municipality, which was referred to the Committee on Finances, the members of which were unanimous in favor of granting said claims. That as they are fully satisfied that said Printers lost money in fulfilling their contract with this Council, they beg to submit the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Mayor be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant on the Treasurer of this Municipality, in favor of Messrs. Magne & Weisse, Printers, for the sum of eight hundred dollars, being the balance due them since June 1st, 1847, to June 1st, 1848.

(Signed) JOS. SOLOMON, Ch'n.

Mr. Bernard offered the following amendments to the preamble and resolution:

"And in favor of Mr. J. Bisso for $400—being amount lost by him in printing the Municipal Ordinances, for the year commencing the 1st of May, 1846, to the 1st of June, 1847."

Mr. Meehan moved to strike out the words "eight hundred dollars" in the original resolution, and insert the words "twelve hundred dollars;" and to strike out the words "eight hundred dollars" as offered by Mr. Bernard, and insert "two hundred dollars."

The motion of Mr. Solomon and the above amendment were adopted.

Mr. Flanders moved to insert seven hundred dollars in the original resolution; and three hundred dollars in the amendment offered by Mr. Bernard, which motion was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Solomon, to adopt the above resolution, as lastly amended,

Mr. Jones called for the yeas and nays:

YEAS—Messrs. Bernard, Nicomede, De la Ronde, Sieverstenen, Meehan, Farrar, Flanders, Solomon and Page, 9.

NAYS—Messrs. Jones and Collins, 2.

The resolution having the above resolution was adopted, as amended.

Mr. Meehan called for the letter of the Board of Health, which was laid on the table, subject to call, and, offered the following resolution which was adopted.

Resolved, That the Commissaries of Police of this Municipality be and they are hereby required to act in unison with the Board of Health of the city of New Orleans, for the better fulfilment of their duties, especially during the summer months.

ORDER OF THE DAY.

The majority of the Finance Committee herewith submit to you the accompanying document, referred to them for reconsideration, mark A and B. C. and D. A. is the general balance from 1838 to the 1st April, 1848.

B. is a statement of the receipts, expenditures and settlements from January 1st to April 1st, 1848.

C. exhibits the indebtedness of the Municipality as shown by the general balance of the Treasurers' Books.

D. presents the probable receipts and disbursements for the fiscal year, ending May 31st, 1849.

The three first named documents are: A., B. and C., are the same as originally submitted; your committee finding nothing to alter or amend.

In preparing document D. your Committee has been assisted by the Surveyor and Treasurer, and they obtained the information relative to the assessed value of taxable property within the limits of the Municipality, from the State Assessors, for 1848. By referring to this document (D.) you will perceive that the total amount to be provided for is $158,955. in which the current expenses figure for $73,000; the remainder $75,955 is reserved for appropriating the cleaning of Claiborne street, to provide for appropriations to fire companies, to pay the contracts for paving the several streets in said documents, and to meet the warrants and due bills remitted for current expenses for watchmen, cartmen, laborers, repairs of port, &c., during the last fiscal years.

By referring to the receipts (document D.) you will observe that the total sum to be received from the State Municipality, in the present year which this Council has control, is, one hundred and thirty-eight thousand six hundred and five dollars ($138,605.) leaving a deficiency of $18,000 to be provided for.

Your committee are of opinion and recommend in order to relieve the Municipality from its present embarrassment, and ultimately tend to extricate it from its difficulties, that the different committees curtail the expenses in the several departments, and the paving contracted for, be postponed until Municipal affairs assume a more favorable aspect.

Your Committee have estimated the amount of taxes for 1848, at seventy-one thousand dollars, being one per cent. on all taxable property within the limits of the Municipality, and that when the whole amount of tax cannot be collected within six months, but with judicious management and proper economy on the part of the Treasurer, the Municipality next year to a more prosperous condition than they now find it.

Your Committee are of opinion that if proper measures are resorted to, the owners of property on Claiborne street might be induced to resolve, to settle their claims for the opening of the same, by the issuance of Municipal Bonds, bearing a rate of 6 per cent. interest, which recommendation the Police Committee left to the Council to act upon, believing the measure to be advantageous to the Municipality, as the interest would be retained for that purpose.

We believe that Col. Duncan has been engaged in negotiating the sale of Bonds to the amount of $100,000, and we understand that he has obtained a party of Dutchmen to take them, but they are most positively [illegible] [illegible] of the Treasurer.—P. S. [illegible]

Resolved, That the tax be and shall be collectable on the 1st July next.

DOCUMENT D.

Probable Receipts and Expenditures of Municipality No. Three, to the 31st May, 1849:

RECEIPTS.

Taxes in arrears from 1836 to 1846,		$10,000 00
Taxes of 1847,		15,000 00
Taxes of 1848, at one per cent,		71,000 00
Taxes on drays, carts, &c.	$10,000	
Taxes on 1st Ward, No. 3,	3,000	7,000 00
Taxes on wholesale and retail Merchants,		6,000 00
Taxes on pedlers and hawkers,		1,000 00
Taxes on negro traders,		[illegible]
Taxes on coffee-houses, &c.,		[illegible]
Taxes on balls, circuses, &c.,		[illegible]
Ground rents,		[illegible]
Oyster stands,		[illegible]
Third Municipality Ferry,		[illegible]
Fines,		[illegible]
Police Room,		1,000 00
Amount to be provided for,		$130,000 00
Total,		75,955 00
		$150,955 00

EXPENDITURES.

Current expenses as fixed by the Ordinance of the Council passed the 17th January, 1848,	$75,000 00
Opening of Claiborne street; amount to be paid by this Municipality, as per judgment of the Fifth District Court,	13,975 00
Fire Department unprovided for in the Ordinance of January 17th, 1848,	1,500 00
Paving for the following contracts, viz:	
Gravious street, from Champs Elysees to Esplanade,	4,925 00
Craps street, from Champs Elysees to Esplanade,	4,925 00
Canalvet st., fm Champs Elysees to Louise,	3,850 00
Louise street, from C [illegible] ealon to Levee st.,	1,200 00
Side Walks, for the third part, due by Municipality No. 3 to property-holders, as per Surveyor's bonds,	1,230 00
Unforseen expenses, for lumber, blacksmith work, nails, &c.,	3,000 00
Warrants outstanding,	$34,210
Due Bills, "	14,000 48,200 00
New Orleans, May 6th, 1848.	$150,955 00

(Signed,) M. BENARD,
Treasurer Municipality No. Three.

On motion of Mr. Sieverstenen to adopt the above report, Mr. Solomon called for the yeas and nays:

YEAS—Messrs. Bernard, Nicomede, Sieverstenen, Jones, Farrar, Flanders, Collins and Page—8.

NAYS—Messrs. De la Ronde, Meehan and Solomon—3. Consequently, the above report was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Sieverstenen to adopt the resolution of the Finance Committee, Mr. Bernard moved to amend the same by inserting ¾ per cent instead of one per cent on Real Estate, &c.

Mr. Sieverstenen called for the yeas and nays:

YEAS—Messrs. Bernard, Nicomede, De la Ronde, Sieverstenen, Jones, Meehan, Farrar, Flanders, Collins and Page—8.

NAYS—Messrs. De la Ronde, Meehan and Solomon—3. Consequently, the above resolution was adopted.

Mr. Sieverstenen called for the yeas and nays:

YEAS—Messrs. Bernard, Nicomede, De la Ronde, Sieverstenen, Jones, Meehan, Farrar, Flanders, Collins and Page—8.

NAYS—Messrs. De la Ronde and Solomon—2.

Consequently, the above resolution was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Jones to adjourn, Mr. Meehan called for the yeas and nays.

YEAS—Messrs. Bernard, De la Ronde, Farrar, Solomon and Page, 5. NAYS—Messrs. Nicomede, Sieverstenen, Jones, Meehan, Flanders and Collins, 6.

Consequently the motion was lost.

ORDER OF THE DAY.

An Ordinance concerning foreigners arriving within the limits of Municipality No. 2, of the city of New Orleans, and other persons herein mentioned.

The Council ordains as follows:

ARTICLE 1st. It shall be the duty of all persons arriving or landing within the limits of Municipality No. 2, and who shall have arrived at the levee within the limits of Municipality No. 2, to deliver every Monday, until otherwise directed, to the Recorder's office, a list of persons who have arrived at the levee either under or board with them, and to specify therein with accuracy, those who may have come to their knowledge, and who may be in their employ or list.

ART. 6th. All persons required by the foregoing articles to make at the Recorder's office, a declaration of their arrival in this Municipality, shall pay into the Treasurer's office, twelve and a half cents, for the benefit of the Hospital, for each person who shall be forced to captains for their passengers, and on their leaving, to pay the same amount for each person himself, &c. for the persons entertained by them at the time of delivering their lists, and a receipt for the same shall be delivered to each of the captains for their having fulfilled the formalities prescribed by the present ordinance. Said amount shall be appropriated for the benefit of the public schools of this Municipality.

ART. 5th. Any person or persons neglecting to deliver any lists required by the first and second article, or delivering a false one, shall forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding ninety-nine dollars, and if the offender shall be a master of a vessel, or have a boarding house, they shall in case of a repetition of such an offence, forfeit their rights to the receipt of their fees, and their license, and he shall never after, be granted another to the same effect.

ART. 6th. The ordinance relative to foreigners coming to New Orleans, and other persons therein mentioned, and approved on the 19th December, 1807, is hereby abolished in what concerns Municipality No. 2.

On motion of Mr. Sieverstenen to adopt the above ordinance, Mr. Sieverstenen called for the yeas and nays.

YEAS—Messrs. Bernard, Nicomede, De la Ronde, Sieverstenen, Jones, Meehan, Farrar, Flanders and Page, 9. NAYS—Messr. Flanders and Solomon. 2.

Consequently the above ordinance was adopted.

The resolution, relating to the loading and discharging of vessels, with horses, and which was made the order of the day for this sitting, was, on motion of Mr. Jones, made the order of the day for two weeks.

The Resolution, fixing the day of election of the officers, for the 15th instant, was read in the Council, and, on motion of Mr. Flanders, the aforesaid resolution was laid on the table indefinitely.

ORDER OF THE DAY.

Whereas, a considerable amount of arrearage tax, on landed property and slaves, in amount of $180,000, remain uncollected, and whereas, it is the duty of this Council to adopt such measures as may, in future, facilitate the punctual collection of our revenues.

Therefore, be it ordained, that from and after the publication of this ordinance, the collection on property real and slaves, in the Municipality No. Three, shall be so divided as to form two distinct years as follows: the first and fourth wards to be designated as the first year, and the second and third wards as the second district, and, that this Council will proceed to the appointment of two collectors, in conformity to the Municipal ordinance, at the approaching election of officers, to enter upon the duties of the charge of their duties, on the 1st day of June, 1848, and all ordinances or ordinances to the contrary, be, and the same are hereby repealed.

On motion of Mr. Bernard, to amend the above ordinance so as to include that portion of the second ward, comprised within Champs Elysees, Spain, Good Children and Levee streets in the first district; Mr. Jones called for the yeas and nays.

YEAS—Messrs. Bernard, Nicomede, Sieverstenen, Meehan, and Collins—5. NAYS—Messrs. De la Ronde, Jones, Farrar, Flanders, Solomon and Page—6. Consequently, the above amendment was rejected.

On motion of Mr. Jones, to postpone the action of the Council on the above ordinance, Mr. Solomon called for the yeas and nays.

YEAS—Messrs. Bernard, Nicomede, Sieverstenen, Jones and Meehan—5. NAYS—Messrs. De la Ronde, Farrar, Flanders, Collins, Solomon and Page—6.—Consequently, the above motion was lost.

On motion of Mr. Johnson, to adopt the above ordinance, Mr. Bernard called for the yeas and nays.

YEAS—Messrs. De la Ronde, Farrar, Flanders, Collins, Solomon and Farr—6. NAYS—Messrs. Bernard, Nicomede, Sieverstenen, Jones and Meehan—5. Consequently, the above ordinance was adopted.

Mr. Meehan offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Sergeants of the day and night police of this Municipality, shall be elected by this Council, at its next meeting.

Mr. Collins offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That a Committee consisting of three members, be appointed to report to this Council at its next meeting, the amount of salary to be paid to each officer or employee of this Municipality for the year commencing June 1st, 1848.

On motion, the chair appointed Messrs. Collins, Jones and Nicomede, on the above Committee.

Mr. Jones informed the Council of his intention of offering an ordinance re-establishing the office of Superintendant of the Public Schools.

Mr. Sieverstenen offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Treasurer be, and is hereby authorised to pay on the warrant of the Mayor, to P. F. Farrar, as aid to the Secretary of the Board, the sum of $36, the salary due him for the month of April.

On motion, the Council adjourned to Monday next, 22d May, 1848, at six P. M.

(Signed) P. F. FARRAR, Sec'y.

☞ Dr. Dailey's Magical Pain Extractor.—The medical world may pronounce, always has the written signature of the proprietor, "H Dailey," on the wrapper of each box.

Beaudro Depot, 181 Chartres street, New Orleans.

Rheumatism May be Cured!

HEWES' HERBS and BONE LINIMENT and LINDAS' CELEBRATED ELIXIR.—A Cure for Rheumatism Guaranteed.—This simple is most fatty means, as it penetrates to every nerve and sinew of the person affected, and it has attained a reputation unsurpassed by any other remedy in the United States, especially with the Indian Vegetable Elixir, which, when the above two named remedies fail, will relieve the most severe cases of rheumatism. Sold by the proprietors, HEWES & LINDAS, No. 1 Camp street, and by all druggists.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW ORLEANS, FRIDAY EVENING, May 19, 1848

The accounts by two steamers have came to hand during the past week. The Britannia's advices made the market somewhat flat, but the more favorable tenor of the news by the Cambria received yesterday has again stiffened prices, and they close steadily at our quotations. The sales of the week amount to 18,000 bales, taken for England and the North.

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION—LOUISIANA AND MISSISSIPPI.

INFERIOR	3¾@4¼
ORDINARY	4¼@4¾
MIDDLING	5@5¼
GOOD MIDDLING	5⅜@5⅝
MIDDLING FAIR	6@
FAIR	nominal.
FULLY FAIR	—@—
GOOD FAIR	—@—
GOOD AND FINE	—@—

TENNESSEE AND NORTH ALABAMA—AVERAGE LOTS

GOOD	—@—
COMMON	—@—
EXTREME PRICES	—@—

TOBACCO.—There has been more activity in this article during the past week, the sales amounting to 800 hhds. but as most of the transactions are kept secret we cannot yet quote with accuracy.

GRAIN.—The sales of Corn during the past week have reached 28,000 sacks, at a range of 38@38c. ℔ bushel, according to quality. Some small sales of Wheat have been made at 87½@88c. ℔ bushel.—Oats have been selling at 30@34c. ℔ bushel, according to quality.

FLOUR.—In the early part of the week, the Flour market was very firm at $4 75@$5 00 for common brands, but within the last day or two, there is less steadiness, and parcels are offering at $4 50.

SUGAR.—The Sugar market has undergone no change during the past week, and the transactions have been to a moderate extent only, embracing 900 hhds. No quotable difference is apparent in prices, and we continue our former figures—say for fair to prime, 3½@4¼c. ℔ lb. Molasses is dull and nominal, at 13@15c. ℔ gallon.

MOLASSES.—The market for this article during the past week has been very dull, the transactions having scarcely reached 600 bbls. The supply is quite adequate to the demand, as it consists of inferior quality, which is almost unsaleable. The range of prices for fair to prime lots is from 14@15c. and for very choice parcels 15½@16c, whilst inferior lots may be quoted at 12@13c ℔ gallon. There have been no transactions on Plantation for some time past.

PORK.—There has more activity displayed in the Pork market during the past week than for some time previous. Sales amount to 4,500 bbls. at the following rates: Mess at $9 50@9 75. Prime, $7 00. Mess Ordinary, $8 00. The current rate for Mess and Prime, in small lots is $9 75 @7 25 ℔ bbl. The receipts for the past week have been 1,000 bbls. and no change is reported in the market.

LARD.—But little business has been done in this article since our last, the sales being confined to small lots at prices ranging from 6 to 7c ℔ lb.

WHISKEY.—The market has been more active and prices have advanced slightly. The sales of the week are 2,500 bbls. at 18½@19c ℔ gallon for rectified.

EXCHANGE.—Foreign Exchange remains unaltered. We quote Sight ½@¾ ℔ cent. prem. New York 60 days, 3 ½ ℔ cent discount; Checks, at sight, ¼@¾ ℔ cent. discount.

New York	3@7 ℔ cent. prem
France	nothing doing
Sight Drafts, 30 day bills	3@3¼ ℔ cent dis.
" 60 days	3½@3¾ ℔ cent dis.
" 90 days	4@4¼ ℔ cent dis.
" Entaroon, do do	15 bales, 30,000 each, pointed
Cuba	for sale by
	N. DESCOUTT.

FREIGHTS.—No change has taken place in Foreign Freights, Cotton to Liverpool in American vessels, 9 16d—in British vessels ½ @ 17-32d.

☞ The Consignee of 200 bales of hay, to order, per bark SHERWOOD, from New York; is requested to make himself known to the discharging clerk of the Levee opposite the vessel, and receive and waive the hay will be stored at his risk and expense.

LEVI H GALE, 93 Common st.

☞ The large SHERWO