SUPPLEMENT [illegible] EDITION.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE. NEW ORLEANS, FEBRUARY [illegible], 1852.

OFFICIAL.

LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.

Journal of the Senate.

First Session—Fourth Legislature.

FRIDAY, 23d Jan. 1852.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment. Present, the Hon. J. B. Plauche, Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate, in the chair.

A quorum present:

Mr. Butler presented to the Senate a memorial from David F. Faber, asking for relief, which memorial, on motion, was referred to the committee on claims.

Mr. Barthe presented to the Senate a petition from the "Good Intent Towboat Company," which, on motion, was referred to the committee on claims.

Mr. McVea laid before the Senate the Third Biennial Report of the Board of Administrators of the Insane Asylum of Louisiana, which, on motion, was referred to the committee on charitable institutions.

The same Senator presented a memorial from J. H. Gibbons, a resident of the parish of Point Coupee, praying for relief, which, on motion, was referred to the committee on claims.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

The following Senators gave notice of their intention to introduce on some future day, the following entitled Bills and resolutions:

Mr. Griffin—An Act granting pensions to Valery Cressat, Martin Dubroc, Julien Bernat, f. m. c., Pierre Charlure, Pierre Guillot, Raphael Doumet, and Pierre Dupuis, all of the parish of Avoyelles and veterans of 1814 and 1815.

Mr. Griffin—An Act for the relief of Fountain W. Cason, Caroline C. Cason, Frances M. Cason and Susan E. Cason.

Mr. Butler—An Act to establish the parish of Red River.

Mr. Sandidge—Resolutions providing for additional amendments to the constitution.

Mr. Richardson of Ouachita—An Act to abolish the office of Parish Superintendent of Public Schools, and confer upon the Recorders of the several parishes and others, the duties now performed by them.

Mr. Mayo—An Act more especially to define the fees of parish Recorders and Notaries Public.

Mr. Richardson of Ouachita, obtained leave to introduce the following Joint Resolutions: which were read a first time.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, That the thanks of the Senate and House of Representatives be tendered to General Persifor F. Smith, for the very appropriate and beautiful present of chairs for the presiding officers of both Houses of the General Assembly, constructed from the wood of one of the platforms of a battery in the castle of San Juan de Ulloa, which he has presented to the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana.

Resolved, That the Governor be requested to transmit a copy of this resolution to General Persifor F. Smith, with an assurance that the citizens of Louisiana will ever cherish the fondest recollections of the Hero of Contreras.

On motion, the rules were suspended, the foregoing resolutions underwent their second and third readings and were adopted.

Mr. Gardere obtained leave to introduce the following resolution, which was read for the first time.

Be it Resolved, That a joint committee of three members of the Senate and —— members of the House of Representatives, be appointed to examine into the organization of the office of Secretary of State, and to report on the reforms which it requires, particularly with regard to the copying of the laws and the expediting of their promulgation, and on the duties which may be retrenched from, or added to said office, such as the bureau of statistics, &c.

On motion, the rules were suspended, and this resolution was read a second and third time, and was adopted.

On motion, the blank was filled with the number three.

The President appointed on said committee on the part of the Senate, Messrs. Gardere, Benjamin and Philips.

Mr. Philips introduced the following resolution, which was read and adopted.

Resolved, That the committee on Internal Improvements, be instructed to prepare a memorial and resolutions to the Congress of the United States, asking a donation of public lands to aid in the construction of the New Orleans and Nashville Railroad, the New Orleans and Opelousas Railroad to the north western part of the State, and the Vicksburg and Shreveport Railroad.

Mr. Richardson of Ouachita offered the following resolution, which, after being read was adopted.

Resolved, That the judiciary committee be instructed to inquire into the constitutionality and expediency of conferring upon the Secretary of State, the duties now performed by the State Superintendent of public education.

Mr. Mayo obtained leave to introduce the following resolution, which, on motion, was read and adopted.

Resolved, That the Committee on Public Education, be instructed to inquire and report upon the expediency of abolishing the office of Parish Superintendent, and reducing the salary of the State Superintendent of Public Schools.

Mr. Soloman, assistant clerk of the House, informed the Senate of the concurrence of the House in the joint resolution appointing a committee to examine the Treasurer's accounts.

He also informed the Senate that the Speaker of the House had appointed on said committee on the part of the House, Messrs. Scarborough, Rivers, Parham, Williamson and Augustin.

On motion of Mr. Martin, the rules were dispensed with, to take up said resolution, which underwent its several readings and was concurred in.

On motion of Mr. Sandidge, the blank was filled with the number three.

And the President appointed on said committee on the part of the Senate, Messrs. Sandidge, Robb, and Provosty.

Mr. Butler obtained leave to introduce, without having given previous notice thereof,

An act to provide for the establishment of a session of the Supreme Court of Natchitoches.

On motion, the rules were suspended, said bill underwent its second reading and was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Provosty, agreeably to previous notice, introduced

An act to refund to the parish of Point Coupee certain expenses incurred by her.

On motion, the rules were suspended, said bill was read a second time by its title, and referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Phillips, agreeably to previous notice, introduced,

An act to improve the falls of Red river at Alexandria.

On motion, the rules were suspended, said bill underwent its second reading, and was referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

Mr. Cole obtained leave to introduce

An act to provide for carrying into effect the judiciary system of this State.

On motion, the rules were suspended, said bill underwent its second reading and was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Wickliffe, according to previous notice, introduced

An act to emancipate Robert H. Doherty and his wife Sarah A. Smith, (accompanied by a memorial of R. H. and S. A. Doherty.)

On motion, the rules were suspended, said bill underwent its second reading, and referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The same Senator, without previous notice, obtained leave to introduce

An act to provide for the payment of the expenses incurred in publishing the proclamation of the Secretary of State and amendments to the constitution of Louisiana.

On motion, the rules were suspended, said bill underwent its second reading, and was referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Provosty, agreeably to previous notice, introduced the following bills, which, on the dispensation of the rules, underwent their second readings, and were referred to their appropriate committees.

An act relative to fines imposed upon delinquent jurors.

An act to amend article 427, Code of Practice.

An act for the relief of Clement Enete, of Pt. Coupee, and

An act for the relief of Zenon Langlois, of Point Coupee.

Mr. Richardson, of Ouachita, according to previous notice, introduced

An act to incorporate the town of Trenton, in the parish of Ouachita.

On motion, the rules were suspended, said bill underwent its second reading, and was referred to the Committee on Parochial Affairs.

Mr. Mayo, agreeably to previous notice, introduced

An act to amend an act approved March 10th, 1846, for the reduction of the fee bills of clerks, sheriffs and notaries public.

On motion, the rules were suspended, said bill underwent its second reading, and was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Gardere, agreeably to previous notice, introduced

An act to refund to the heirs of the late Eugene Fortier, deceased, a certain sum of money by them paid for State duty, on amount of sales of property belonging to said succession.

On motion, the rules were suspended, said bill underwent its second reading, and was referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Martin, without previous notice, obtained leave to introduce,

An act to provide for taking the bonds of State collectors of taxes.

On motion, the rules were suspended, said bill underwent its second reading, and was referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. Moore obtained leave to introduce, without previous notice,

An act entitled, an act for the relief of James E. Tyson, of the parish of Rapides.

On motion, the rules were dispensed with, the bill underwent its second reading, and was referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Sandidge, agreeably to previous notice, introduced

An act reducing the price of the unsold seminary lands.

On motion, the rules were dispensed with, the bill underwent its second reading, and was referred to the Committee on Public Lands and Levees.

Mr. McVea obtained leave to introduce

An act to re-enact the militia of the State of Louisiana.

On motion, the rules were suspended, said bill underwent its second reading, and was referred to the Committee on Militia.

Mr. Martin obtained leave to introduce, without previous notice,

An act for the relief of Antonio Perrez, of the parish of Assumption.

On motion, the rules were suspended; said bill underwent its second reading, and was referred to the Committee on Claims.

The Senate took up on its second reading the following act, entitled,

An act for the organization and discipline of the militia of Louisiana, approved 21st of March, [illegible]

[illegible] to amend an act for the organization and discipline of the militia of Louisiana, approved the 21st of March, 1850.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened*, That section eight of the act approved the 21st of March, 1850, [illegible] for the organization and discipline of the militia

for the State of Louisiana," approved March 19th, 1842, be and the same is hereby repealed.

SEC. 2. *Be it further enacted, &c.*, That the tax already collected and paid into the parish treasuries, as provided in said eighth section, shall be expended by the police jury of each parish, in the payment of the volunteer companies entitled to the same under said eighth section; and if there is no company in a parish entitled to the benefit of said eighth section, the tax collected may be expended in such manner, by the police juries, as they be deemed proper; and that portion in the parish of Orleans by the General Council of the City.

SEC. 3. *Be it further enacted, &c.*, That the tax secured under said eighth section for the year eighteen hundred and fifty-one shall not be collected, but if in any instance or instances said tax has been collected for the year eighteen hundred and fifty-one, the sheriff of the parish, or receivers of such tax or taxes collected and received, shall, on application of the person or persons having paid such tax or taxes, refund the same.

SEC. 4. *Be it further enacted, &c.*; That all laws or parts of laws in opposition to the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed.

Mr. Martin moved to take up the bill section by section.

The first section being read was adopted.

On the adoption of the second section, Mr. Richardson, of Ouachita, moved to amend said section, by striking out all of said section after the words "eighth section," and inserting the following: "Shall be paid out to the parish Superintendents, or such person or persons as may be entrusted with the custody of the parish school fund, for the benefit of the public schools of the respective parishes."

Mr. Martin moved to lay the amendment on the table.

The yeas and nays being called for, resulted as follows:

Messrs. Baker, Benjamin, Barthe, Cade, Clark, Dauney, Declouet, Durney, Gardere, Kenner, Martin, Phillips, Provosty, Robb, Sandidge, Tatman and Watterston, 17, voted in the affirmative, and,

Messrs. Butler, Cole, Griffin, McVea, Mayo, Moore, Richardson, of St. Helena, Richardson, of Ouachita, and Wickliffe, 9, voted in the negative.

Consequently said motion prevailed, and the amendment was laid on the table.

Mr. Richardson, of Ouachita, moved, to strike out the word "expended" in the second section, and to insert "appropriated."

Said motion was lost.

On the adoption of the 3d section

Mr. Richardson, of Ouachita, moved to amend said section, by adding after the words "eighteen hundred and fifty-one" the words "and the uncollected tax, assessed under the eighth section of said Act, for the year 1850,"

Mr. Martin moved to lay the amendment on the table, and the yeas and nays being called for, resulted as follows:

Messrs. Baker, Benjamin, Barthe, Butler, Clark, Cole, Dauney, Declouet, Durney, Gardere, Martin, Phillips, Provosty, Robb, Sandidge, and Tatman, 16, voted in the affirmative, and

Messrs. Griffin, McVea, Mayo, Moore, Richardson, St. Helena, Richardson, Ouachita, Watterston, and Wickliffe, 8, voted in the negative; consequently, said motion prevailed, and the amendment was laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Martin, the third and fourth sections of the bill were adopted, and having obtained the dispensation of the rules, said bill was read by its title a third time and passed.

The Secretary was directed to inform the House of the passage of said bill, and to ask the concurrence of the House therein.

On motion, the Senate adjourned until to-morrow at 10 o'clock, A. M.

SATURDAY, Jan. 24, 1852.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment.

Present, Hon. J. B. Plauche, Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate, in the Chair.

A quorum present:

Mr. Clark moved to have printed two hundred copies of the Citizens Bank Bill, passed at the last session of the Legislature, which motion was adopted.

Mr. Benjamin on behalf of the Committee on the Judiciary, moved, that Bills Nos. 5 and 6, referred to that Committee, be printed for the use of the Senate; no objection being made, on motion, two hundred copies were ordered to be printed.

The same Senator on behalf of the Committee on the Judiciary, reported the Bill No. 10 entitled, An Act vesting in the Police Jury of the Parish of Lafourche Interior, certain defined powers.

The following title was recommended in lieu thereof.

An Act providing for the manner of raising the means necessary for the erection of the public buildings required at the Seat of Justice, for the Parish of Lafourche Interior; and recommended also, the adoption of the 1st and 2d sections of said Bill.

The Bill was taken up, the first and second sections read a second and third time, and with the title reported by the Committee were passed.

The third and fourth sections of the Bill were referred to the Committee on Parochial affairs.

On behalf of the Judiciary Committee, the same Senator reported unfavorably on the following entitled Bill:

An Act amendatory of Article number 292 of the Civil Code of Louisiana, and the interdiction of habitual drunkards.

Mr. Benjamin on the part of the same Committee, to whom was referred:

An Act entitled, An Act to amend Article 3675, of the Civil Code, reported the following substitute to said Bill, which underwent its several readings; and on the rules being suspended, was adopted.

An Act to entitle the lessee to retain certain moveable effects out of the property subject to the lessor's privilege.

Be it enacted &c. &c., That the lessee shall be entitled to retain out of the property subjected by law to the lessor's privilege, his clothes and linen, and those of his wife and family, his arms, military accoutrements, and the tools and instruments necessary for the exercise of the trade or profession by which he gains his living, and that of his family.

Mr. Benjamin, on behalf of the Judiciary, to whom was referred

An act entitled, an act to prevent white persons gambling and betting with free negroes, mulattos and slaves,

Reported the following as a substitute to said bill, which underwent its several readings, and, on the rules being suspended, was, on motion, adopted:

An act to punish white persons for the offence of gambling or betting with free negroes, mulattos or slaves.

Be it enacted, &c., That any free white person who shall play at any game of chance, or make any bet, or in any manner gamble with any free negro, mulatto or slave shall on conviction thereof, be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned in the parish jail for a term not less than one month nor more than one year, and on a second or any subsequent conviction for a similar offence, shall be fined one thousand dollars and imprisoned one year in the parish jail.

Mr. Martin, on behalf of the Committee on Militia, to whom was referred certain resolutions, instructing the committee on militia to inquire into the expediency of abolishing the office of Adjutant and Inspector General of this State, reported the following entitled bill:

An act to reduce the salary of the Adjutant and Inspector General of Louisiana.

The bill, on motion, the rules being suspended, underwent its first reading, and pending the second reading of the first section,

On motion, the further consideration of the said bill was postponed.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

The following Senators gave notice of their intention to introduce, on some future day, the following entitled bills:

Mr. Clark—An act to reimburse the parish of West Baton Rouge for moneys expended by said parish in making levees on lands in that parish, abandoned by the individual owners.

Mr. Mayo—An act to create a new parish, to be formed out of parts of the territory of the parishes of Rapides, Natchitoches, and Catahoula.

Mr. Butler—An act giving to the police juries the exclusive right to establish ferries and toll bridges.

Mr. Wickliffe, according to previous notice, introduced

An act entitled, an act granting pensions to Josiah Rennes, Francois Otis and Garret Jordan, of the parish of West Feliciana.

On motion, the rules were suspended, said bill underwent its first and second readings, and was referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Gardere, agreeably to previous notice, introduced the following bills:

An act granting pensions to Mathew Billaud, Zenon Boute, Vincent Perche, and Theophile Boutte, of the parish of Jefferson, veterans of 1814 '15.

An act granting a pension to the widow of Pierre Dome, a veteran of 1814 and '15.

On motion, the rules were suspended, said bills after being read by their titles, were referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Dauney, without previous notice, obtained leave to introduce

An act in relation to the Orleans Navigation Company.

The rules being suspended, the said bill underwent its first and second readings, and was referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

On motion, the Senate adjourned until Monday at 12 o'clock M.

LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.

Journal of the House.

First Session—Fourth Legislature.

WEDNESDAY, January 21, 1852.

The House met pursuant to adjournment, 70 members present.

Mr. Peck asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Dieere.

The following members appeared and took the oath:

Messrs. Peck, of Assumption; Dalferes, of Assumption; Robin, of St. Landry.

The following members presented petitions:

Mr. Augustin—From a number of residents, praying for relief.

The same was referred to the Committee on Militia.

Mr. Seley—From a number of citizens of the Parishes of Madison and Carroll, to amend a act of the Legislature of 1848.

The same was referred to a committee of the delegation from Carrol, Madison, and Concordia.

Mr. Livingston—From certain citizens of the State of Louisiana, praying for aid to build a plank road across the northern part of the State.

The same was referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

Mr. Payne—From certain citizens of the State, in regard to the Opelousas, Algiers and New Orleans Rail Road.

The same was ordered to lie on the table subject to call.

Mr. Livingston—From certain citizens of the Parish of Morehouse, in relation to a free colored man named Randy Stuart.

The same was referred to a special committee of three.

The Speaker appointed Messrs. Livingston, Parham and Seely.

Mr. [illegible]—From certain citizens of the Parishes of [illegible], praying for a new parish.

The same was ordered to lie on the table subject to call.

Mr. Seven—The petition of J. B. Leeds and others, contesting the election of Mr. Weinheimer.

The same was laid on the table subject to call.

Mr. Carr—Petition of W. Culbertson to emancipate two slaves.

The same was referred to a special committee of the members from Jackson, Caldwell and Union.

Mr. Curry—Petition of Mr. Turner, an inmate of New Orleans, praying for relief.

The same was referred to a committee of one from each municipality in the city of New Orleans.

The Speaker appointed Messrs. Curry, Devergez and Weinheimer.

Mr. Phillips—Petition of B. Mills and others, praying for relief.

Mr. Campbell—Petition of [illegible], praying for relief.

Both of the above petitions were referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Soloman—Petition from veterans of 1814 and 1815, praying for relief.

The same was referred to the Committee on Militia.

Mr. Hough—Petition of N. M. Davis and others, to appropriate the military commutation tax to school purposes.

The same was referred to the Committee on Education.

Mr. Augustin—Petition of the committee on the Jackson Monument.

The following members introduced the following resolutions:

Mr. Phillips—

Resolved, That the Sergeant-at-Arms be directed to cause the window at the back of the Speaker's Chair to be darkened by a green cloth or other suitable material, before the meeting of the House to-morrow morning.

On motion, the same was adopted.

Mr. Lathrop—*Resolved*, That the Speaker be requested to have suitable tables and seats provided for the Reporters of the press.

On motion, the same was adopted.

Mr. Condelly—*Resolved*, That the Clerk of the House be directed to inform the Senate that this House will be ready to receive them at the hour of 12 o'clock, for the purpose of counting the votes given for Auditor of Public Accounts.

On motion, the same was adopted, and the Clerk was directed to notify the Senate.

Mr. Campbell—*Resolved*, That the Committee on Charitable Institutions be called the Committee on Charitable and Public Institutions and be increased to nine members.

Resolved, That the Committee on Commerce and Manufactures be increased to seven members.

On motion, the rules being dispensed with, the above resolutions were adopted.

Mr. McCutchen—*Resolved*, That the use of this Hall be granted to the citizens of Baton Rouge, for the purpose of holding a public meeting on the subject of rail roads, this evening at 7 o'clock, P. M.

On motion, the same was adopted.

Mr. Munday—*Resolved*, That the Sergeant-at-Arms be instructed to attend to the duties of receiving from the post office the letters of the members, and delivering them, and of mailing all letters and papers.

Mr. Chaplin—*Be it resolved, &c.*, That our Senators in Congress be instructed, and the members of the House of Representatives be requested to obtain from the General Government of the United States, a donation of the military reserve at Fort Jessup, in the Parish of Sabine, to the State of Louisiana, for the purpose of establishing a public seminary of education therein.

On motion, the rules being dispensed with, the said resolution underwent its first and second readings.

Mr. Harang—Whereas, the removal of the obstructions in Bayou Lafourche has long been ordered to the State Engineer, and that nothing so far has been done by him towards the accomplishment of such a work, whether it be negligence or impossibility on his part.

Whereas, the work to be done is one of great importance, that cannot be delayed without great injury to the parish of Lafourche Interior.

Be it therefore Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened, That the State Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and ordered, to have at the next low water season, one of the State boats in the Lafourche, for the purpose of removing all the snags or other obstacles that obstruct the navigation of the Bayou.

Mr. Cole—*Be it Resolved, &c.*, That the sum of —— dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated for the purpose of making additional improvements in the Lunatic Asylum, situated in the town of Jackson, parish of East Feliciana, out of any monies in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated.

Mr. Devergez—*Resolved*, That a joint committee of 5 members of the House and members of the Senate be appointed by the chair, to examine the banks of the State, whether in operation or in liquidation, with power to send for persons and papers, whose duty it shall be to report as early as possible.

On motion, the same was adopted.

The Speaker appointed Messrs. Devergez, Connelly, Rivers, Cole and Hughes.

Mr. McCutchen—Whereas the improvement of the river Amite and bayou Manchac is of great importance to a large and interesting portion of the State, and as the improvement of said river and bayou has been heretofore very much neglected, therefore,

Be it Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened, That the State Engineer be and he is hereby required to direct the State force, belonging to the Internal Improvement district in which said water courses are, to repair to these streams at the earliest convenience, and commencing with the Manchac, continue the force on these works, till all the obstructions to the safe and successful navigation of these streams be fully and effectually removed: *Provided*, this work does not interfere with works previously ordered.

The same was referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

Mr. Routh—*Resolved*, That a special and joint committee of five members from the House and —— members from the Senate be appointed to enquire into the present law governing the making and repairing of levees in this State, and also to have full power to send for persons and documents, to arrive at the best means to be recommended so as to prevent the frequent overflow of the waters of the Mississippi River and other streams connected therewith, and that said committee be requested to report by bill or otherwise in as short a delay as possible.

On motion, the rules being suspended, said resolution underwent its several readings and was passed.

The clerk was directed to inform the Senate of the same, and request their concurrence therein.

Mr. Augustin,

Resolved, That a committee of —— members of the Senate and of five members of the House of Representatives be appointed for the purpose of reporting upon the most expedient measures to be adopted, in order to assist the general committee of citizens of New Orleans and Lafayette in the erection of a monument in memory of the Hero of New Orleans, General Andrew Jackson.

On motion, the rules being dispensed with, said resolution was adopted, and the Speaker appointed the following committee:

Messrs. Augustin, Williamson, Vaughn, Edwards and Lewis.

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Mr. Curry—*Resolved*, That a joint committee of —— members from the Senate and five members from the House of Representatives be appointed to examine into the condition and report on the State Library.

On motion, the rules being dispensed with, the said resolution underwent its several readings and was passed.

The Speaker appointed on said committee: Messrs. Curry, McCutchen, Leeds, Moise, and Selby.

The clerk was directed to inform the Senate of its passage, and request their concurrence.

Mr. Chaplin—*Resolved*, That there be printed 3000 copies of the Governor's message for the use of the members.

On motion of Mr. Moise, the same was amended by referring it to the select committee, to whom was referred the Governor's message, and it was then adopted.

The following members gave notice that at some future day, they would introduce the following entitled Bills:

Mr. Stuart—An Act authorizing an enumeration of the qualified electors within the limits of a contemplated new parish, to be formed out of the parishes of Sabine, Rapides, Calcasieu and Natchitoches.

Mr. Augustin—An Act to amend an Act entitled, an Act "For the encouragement of the volunteer corps belonging to the 1st division of the militia of Louisiana, approved 7th March, 1846, No. 159, and to extend the benefit of said Act to the Louisiana Legion.

Mr. Price—A Bill to amend articles 2772 and 2173 of the Civil Code of Louisiana.

Mr. Vaughn, gave notice that he will on Saturday next, present an Act to abolish the non jury terms of the District Court in the Parishes of Claiborne and Bienville.

Mr. Parham—An Act to form a levee district, composed of the parishes of Madison and Carroll, for the better protection of the said parishes from inundation. Also, An Act to reduce the price of the Seminary Land undisposed of to one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre.

Mr. Curry gave notice that he will on to-morrow or some future day introduce an Act to authorize the State of Louisiana to purchase a certain number of copies of a new edition of the Civil Code of Louisiana, and of a new edition of the Code of Practice.

Also, an Act to authorize the State Treasurer to contract for a certain number of copies of a new revised edition of Martin's and Louisiana Reports.

Mr. Livingston gave notice that he will introduce the following Bills on to-morrow. An Act for the leveeing the Bayou Bartholomew at the point where it overflows its banks and passes down Bayou "Bonne Idee."

An Act for the leveeing the little "Bonne Idee" where it leaves the main bayou "Bonne Idee" and the one that goes from big "Bonne Idee" into Lake Lafourche.

The following members gave notice that they would shortly introduce the following Bills.

Mr. Alexander—An Act to amend an Act entitled, an Act incorporating the town of Trinity.

Mr. Hyne—An Act relative to legal and [illegible] mortgages.

An Act relative to the trial of criminal cases.

An Act for the purpose of leveeing the [illegible] parish of Rapides.

An Act relative to the Clerks of the District Courts of this State.

Mr. Commander—An Act to provide for the election of two State Tax Collectors in and for the parish of Jefferson in this State.

Mr. McCutchen gave notice, that he will [illegible] to authorize Henry [illegible] and Florestine [illegible], his wife, to adopt Rebecca Malvina [illegible].

Mr. Taber—An Act in relation to the Orleans Navigation Company.

Mr. A. J. [illegible]—An Act to legitimate the children of Jules Charles [illegible].

Mr. Richardson—An Act prohibiting the [illegible] of any slaves in this State, [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] of the parish of St. Mary.

Mr. Theard—An Act to create an office in each of the Municipalities of the city of New Orleans, for the purpose of registering [illegible] of the legal [illegible] said city.

Mr. Connelly—An Act to amend an Act entitled an Act for the improvement of the Bayou D'Arbonne, in the Parish of Union, approved [illegible].

Mr. Augustin—An Act relative to the [illegible] of Grocers and other Merchants [illegible].

Mr. Chaplin—An Act to re-enact an Act entitled, Amendments to the Constitution, approved 20th March, 1850.

Mr. Daly gave notice, that on Tuesday next he will introduce a Bill to revise and amend our Public Free School system.

Mr. Heard gave notice, that at some future day, he will introduce a Bill to authorize Antoine B. D'Autrive and [illegible] Celestine D'Autrive [illegible] Martin, to dispose of by deed of sale or otherwise, a certain piece of tract of land situated in said parish, on the right bank of the Bayou Teche, being the same tract of land [illegible] contract between said parties.

Mr. White—An Act to compensate the Editors and Publishers of the different newspapers throughout the State, for having published the proposed amendments to the Constitution recommended at the last session of the General Assembly.

Mr. Hopkins of St. Martin—An Act repealing the present system of internal improvements and ordering a sale of all the negroes and other property of the State invested therein.

Mr. Blackman—That he will introduce on to-morrow, or at an early day thereafter, An Act to repeal the Act entitled, "An Act to appoint Commissioners to lay out a road from Trinity to Whatley's Ferry, on the lake of Catahoula."

Mr. Sever—That he will on Saturday next, introduce a Bill to [illegible] by establishing a Registry duty for the city of New Orleans.

Mr. Vaughn—An act to repeal an act approved the 21st of March, 1850, entitled, an act to amend an act for the organization and discipline of the Militia of the State of Louisiana, approved 19th of March, 1842, and to refund the money collected under said act.

Mr. Theard—An act to exempt the officers and privates of the Orleans Battalion of Artillery, of the city of New Orleans, from Jury duty.

Mr. Theard—An act to emancipate Marie Celestine Durel, of the Parish of Orleans.

Mr. Payne—That he will introduce on Wednesday next, or as soon thereafter as possible, An act to repeal the present Pilot laws of this State, and for establishing Pilots for the mouths of the Mississippi river.

Mr. Payne—An act relative the present laws in relation to Harbormasters and Portwardens.

Mr. Theard—An act to change the time of the sessions of the District Court in the Parish of St. Martin.

Mr. White—An act authorizing the citizens of Lafourche Interior to fix the seat of justice of the said Parish by a vote of the people, and for other purposes.

Mr. Selby—An act to authorize the making of the Ashton levee and road in the Parish of Carroll.

Mr. Selby—An act to incorporate the Lake Providence, Bastrop, Farmerville, &c. Road Company.

Mr. Commander—An act to amend section second of an act entitled, "an act to exempt Firemen in the Parish of Jefferson from the performance of militia and jury duty.

Mr. Commander—An act for the relief of Dr. Tourneur, a veteran of 1814 and 1815.

Mr. Commander—An act to amend an act entitled "an act to provide for the assessment and collection of taxes in this State.

Mr. Berlieux—An act for the improvement of the Attakapas Canal of the Parish of Assumption.

Mr. Pugh—An act to repeal section eight of an act entitled, "an act for the organization and discipline of the militia for the State of Louisiana," approved 19th of March, 1842, said act having been approved March 21st, 1850.

Mr. Phillips—An act to change the time of holding the sessions of the District Court of the 7th Judicial District.

Mr. Soloman—An act to authorize Gratz Phillips and his wife, Adele Botrel, by first marriage Mrs. Bernaski, to adopt Charles Bernaski, and to change his name to Charles Phillips.

Mr. Rivers—An act for the relief of the citizens of Township 5 Range 9, East, in the Parish of Concordia.

Mr. Fleming—An act to give the right of appeal from the judgment of Justices of the Peace for any amount.

Mr. Castille—A bill for the relief of Henry Train.

Mr. Lathrop—An act to establish a general system of Free Banking.

An act to repeal all tacit mortgages.

An act to establish a general corporation law repealing the present one.

An act to establish an Alms House or House of Industry, in New Orleans.

An act to repeal the usury laws.

An act to authorize the collateral securities, and repealing the laws interfering therewith.

An act to amend article 2812, civil code.

An act to repeal the law creating a Board of Liquidators of New Orleans.

The House then took up the bill entitled "A bill to take the sense of the people on the expediency of calling a Convention to change the Constitution, which underwent its first reading and was ordered to be printed.

By a message from the Senate, through their Secretary, J. B. Walton, the House was informed that the Senate would meet the members of the House in the hall at 12 o'clock, for the purpose of counting the votes for Auditor of Public Accounts.

On motion, the House took a recess of five minutes.

The hour of 12 having arrived, the Speaker called the House to order.

The Senate having entered the hall of the House, and on the roll being called, 25 Senators answered to their names, and 86 members of the House answered and were present.

The President of the Senate appointed on behalf of the Senate, Messrs. Phillips and Gardere to act as tellers, and the Speaker of the House appointed Moise and Connelly.

The General Assembly then proceeded to count the votes cast for Auditor of Public Accounts in the different parishes, which resulted as follows:

VOTE FOR AUDITOR.

Parishes.	Bordelon.	Porter.
Plaquemine,	189	267
St. Bernard,	78	156
First Mun'y, N. O.	1836	1710
Third Mun'y N. O.	777	967
Second Mun'y N. O.	2514	2170
Right Bank Miss. river,	67	109
Jefferson,	795	881
St. Charles,	107	27
St. John Baptist,	236	150
St. James,	299	132
Ascension,	316	297
Assumption,	526	485
Lafourche Interior,	711	126
Terrebonne,	387	120
Avoyelles,	347	349
Catahoula,	388	201
Carroll,	246	260
Madison,	231	118
Concordia,	170	37
St. Tammany,	250	218
St. Helena,	170	266
Livingston,	164	257
Washington,	11	285
East Feliciana,	341	401
West Feliciana,	180	257
Pointe Coupee,	290	333
East Baton Rouge,	420	456
West Baton Rouge,	372	190
Iberville,	356	379
Tensas,	119	114
Franklin,	135	219
St. Mary,	432	159
St. Martin,	483	191
Calcasieu,	121	233
Lafayette,	137	244
St. Landry,	[illegible]	523
Rapides,	397	535
Natchitoches,	378	594
Caddo,	356	449
Claiborne,	449	807
Union,	477	371
Ouachita,	329	235
Bienville,	138	209
Bossier,	263	179
Vermillion,	135	171
Sabine,	264	397
Morehouse,	206	121
De Soto,	154	481
Jackson,	126	330
Caldwell,	84	165
	10,426	10,115
	10,115	
Maj. for Bordelon,	372	

Louis Bordelon having a larger number of votes than any other candidate, was declared duly elected Auditor of Public Accounts of the State of Louisiana for the term of two years from the 2d Monday of January.

On motion, the Senate retired to the Hall of their sittings.

The Speaker laid before the House the following communications:

From the Hon. Charles Gayarre, Secretary of State, his report on the State Library, which on motion, was referred to the Joint Committee on Library, and ordered to be printed.

From J. M. Relf, President of the Board of Bank Managers, which on motion, was ordered to lie on the table.

From the Register of the Land Office, which was, on motion, referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

From the Hon. Charles Gayarre, Secretary of State, on the subject of the printing the amendments to the Constitution, which on motion, was ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Rivers moved for a suspension of the rules, to enable him to introduce a bill, which was adopted.

Mr. Rivers introduced the following entitled bill:

An Act to provide for the payment of the members, officers and contingent expenses of the General Assembly.

On motion, the rules being dispensed with, and the same being read, the House formed itself into a Committee of the Whole for the consideration of said bill; Mr. Moise in the chair.

After some time, the committee rose and reported the same back to the House.

On motion, the House took up said bill, the rules being dispensed with, the same underwent its second and third readings, and was passed.

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

On motion of Mr. Connelly, the House adjourned until to-morrow.

Plumbing and [illegible]. JOHN McCARTHY, Plumber, No. 136 Gravier st., New Orleans, has just received a large and [illegible] assortment of [illegible] Lift Pumps, [illegible] Bathing Tubs, [illegible]

Lumber......Lumber......Lumber. [illegible]

PENITENTIARY REPORT.

To His Excellency Joseph Walker, Governor of the State of Louisiana.

The Board of Directors of the Louisiana Penitentiary, through their Committee beg leave to report—That among the subjects which claim our attention at the [illegible] is that in this report is one to which your attention was called in our last report: the crowded state of the Prison and increased number of Convicts. The number of cells is two hundred and forty.—At the commencement of the present year the number of convicts was two hundred and forty nine, but now at the close of the year there are [illegible] hundred and ninety eight and they are constantly increasing. Temporary arrangements have been made by the Lessees for the accommodation of prisoners during the night, [illegible] the circumstances will permit [illegible] the former report of the Board that urged the necessity of increasing the number of cells, by adding one hundred and sixty, but from the great increase of the past two years, and the probable increase in the future, they would recommend that another Cell Room be built of the same size and capacity as the present, and an equal number of cells be put up.

The Board would repeat that it is unsafe and unwise to confine during the night more than one in the same cell—In the Penitentiary there are great variety of characters—from the youth who has been detected and convicted perhaps for his first criminal act, to the old, experienced and hardened villain; by bringing them together during the night, the cell becomes a place where deeds of darkness and plans for escape are concocted, and where the novice in crime is [illegible] and prepared for darker deeds when his time in prison shall expire and he turned loose again.

The Board would urge immediate action in this matter.

The Lessees have during the past year as heretofore conducted the affairs of the Prison with prudence and skill. The comfort and health of the Convicts have been attended—few complaints have been made, when they have, they have been of a character incident to an Institution of this kind, and generally without reasonable grounds; occasional complaints have been made that there was not food enough provided or that it was not wholesome. The members of the Board of Directors have enquired and examined as to the reasonableness of their complaints, they have happened in frequently at meal time, when neither the Lessees or the officers of the Prison knew of their coming, and they have uniformly found food enough and of good quality.

The report of the *Clerk* of the Penitentiary shows that at the commencement of the year there was in the Prison, two hundred and forty nine convicts,

In the Prison at the commencement of the year		249
Received during the year, 1851,		151
		400
Discharged during the year,	89	
Pardoned by the President of the United States,	1	
Died during the year,	9	
Escaped,	3	102
Remaining in Prison,		298

The profits of the Penitentiary during the year, A. D., 1851, according to the report of the Clerk is $12,630,67 four thousand dollars of which sum is to be paid into the Treasury of the State agreeable to the terms of the *Lease*, leaving the balance of profits to the *Lessees* of $8,630,67, upon a business as appears from their books of more than $215,00.

For the general health of the prisoners and the number of deaths you are referred to the report of the Physician accompanying this report.

For the moral and religious instruction and improvement you are referred to the report of the Chaplain, also accompanying this reports in which he recommends an increase of salary to the Chaplain, so that inter Sabbath may be appropriated to the Prisoners.

All of which is

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) AMOS ADAMS,
Chairman of Committee.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

To His Excellency, Joseph Walker,
Governor of the State of Louisiana:

In the discharge of the duties of the Board of Directors of the Louisiana Penitentiary, during the past year, they are satisfied that the general management of the prison and convicts, by the lessees, received but little, if any alteration. Few complaints have been made, and all seem to have been perfectly conducted; a large portion of the convicts have been employed in the cotton factory, and no branch of industry is carried on in the *prison* that interferes with the mechanical labor elsewhere. The comfort and health of the prisoners have been cared for, and *good, wholesome*, and suitable food provided. The affairs of the institution are properly and judiciously managed.

There has been a large increase in the number of convicts as will appear by reference to the Report of the Clerk of the Penitentiary. According to said report, there has been an increase of fifty-six prisoners from the last report to the first of January, 1851.

The profits of the institution during the same time, from October 1st, 1849, to January 1st, 1851, according to the Report of the Clerk, is $22,316 54, one-fourth of which is to be paid over to the State, amounting to $5,579 13 1-2. Accompanying said report is an account of McHatton, Ward & Co., for cash and clothing furnished discharged convicts, amounting to the sum of $562.

Accompanying is the Report of the Physician. In his report, he strongly urges the propriety, yea, the necessity of some arrangement to provide for the better accommodation of insane convicts. There is one now in the prison, and the hospital is the only place where he can be kept and treated for his malady. Reference is made to his report for the amount of sickness and the number of deaths in the prison.

Accompanying also is the Report of the Chaplain. It appears, by reference to said report, that the moral condition of the convicts has not been neglected; that they have had regular preaching during the past year, and that by the exertion of the Rev. F. Harman and others, a respectable library has been provided for the use of the convicts.

Before closing this brief report, it is necessary to explain why this report extended through fifteen months, from October first, 1849, to January first, 1851. Heretofore the year closed October 1st. This has been found to be inconvenient to the lessees in making up their annual statement of profits. It is much more convenient to make up their statement to January 1st; and it is believed by the Board that it would be more satisfactory, in making an annual statement for the Legislature, to bring it up to near the time of their sitting: so that hereafter it will be made at that time.

The attention of your Excellency is called to a resolution of the Board of Directors recommending the enlargement of the *Cell Room*, for the accommodation of the increased and increasing number of convicts. There are two hundred and forty cells only; and on the first of January there were two hundred and forty-nine convicts, and since that time they have greatly increased. There is no safe or convenient place in the prison to confine the surplus number. It is unsafe and unwise to confine during the night many together or more than one in a cell. There is a great variety of character among the convicts. The hardened villain and the novice in crime. To put them together, the cell becomes a school for vice, in which the hardened and experienced in vice becomes the teacher, and the novice, under his teaching, becomes hardened, and on leaving the prison, practice the lessons of vice thus taught.

The Board of Directors believed, under all the circumstances, that immediate action was required, and passed resolutions recommending the lessees to put up a building similar to the present cell-room, and to put up one hundred and sixty additional cells, provided it met the approbation of your Excellency, and they still think the matter one of urgent necessity, both for the *safety, comfort, health* and morals of the convicts.

And, in concluding this Report, the Board recommend for Executive clemency the following convicts as the best deserving for their good conduct during the time they have been in prison:

1st. *Martin Malone*, Sentenced Nov. 30th, 1839, for 15 years for manslaughter.
2nd. *John Crowell*, do April 17, 1841, for 21 years for assault with intent to kill
3d. *Dennis Scully*, do 13th Nov. 1840, for 14 years for robbery, they recommend for pardon. They also recommend
4th. *Vincent D. Cranic*, Sentenced 8th Dec., 1849, for forgery, for 8 years, for commutation to one half the time of his sentence, for meritorious conduct in saving the life of one of the officers of the prison.

AMOS ADAMS,
R. F. TISDALE.

REPORT OF THE CHAPLAIN.

Baton Rouge, La., January 1st, 1852.

To the President of the Board of Directors
Louisiana Penitentiary:

In making my annual Report, I see much in the past to regret. Circumstances in the early part of the year, placed it out of my power to attend regularly at the prison on Sabbath, but in accordance to your suggestion, I placed a gentleman of much piety and handsome talents to supply my place when absent. In July my health so far failed as to render it necessary for me to visit the North. I am indebted to the Rev'd. J. Woodbridge for his services during my absence.

I have been gladdened at the increase of the library, through the exertions of the late Rev. F. Harman. Many valuable books were added, the voluntary offerings of individuals and societies. I doubt whether a better system for instructing the prisoners might not be adopted. If the Chaplain could be so situated as to give them each Sabbath entire, he might organize a regular Sabbath School, by means of which those who cannot read would be taught, and a general desire to acquire knowledge be encouraged among them. To do this, only one thing is necessary. Grant to the Chaplain an amount of pay sufficient to relieve him from other pastoral cares. This the State might well afford to give out of the profits, she desires from the labor of the convicts; or if not granted to the Chaplain, to some other person whose duty it should be to give a regular course of instruction in elementary branches at least. The want of this has brought many, no doubt, to their present position. For the constant kindness of the lessees, and their officers, to me, I am under many obligations, and to the Board, I return my sincere acknowledgments.

Respectfully,
W. D. CRENSHAW,
Late Chaplain.

REPORT OF THE CLERK OF THE PENITENTIARY.

LOUISIANA PENITENTIARY, Baton Rouge, 21st April, 1851.

To His Excellency,
JOSEPH WALKER, Governor of the State of Louisiana.

Sir:—I am informed by Mr. J. H. McHatton, that it is your wish that I should state if either of the four convicts recommended for executive clemency by the board of directors, is confined for a second offence. I am happy to have it in my power to say that they are here for the first time; and that their conduct has been uniformly good. And also for information respecting the convicts, Manwarring and Dewitt Clinton Rathbon.

S. P. Manwarring for slave stealing, was sentenced in the parish of St. Mary, on the 5th of October 1847, to imprisonment for seven years and one day.

The name of Dewitt Clinton Rathbon, is not upon the register. I find Dewitt Clinton Ritchi, for inveigling a slave, sentenced in New Orleans on the 19th of June, 1848, and discharged 1st February, 1851; also, Charles Dewitt, for larceny, sentenced in New Orleans on the 18th January 1851, a second offence.

Yours, very respectfully,
SAM. S. BETT, Clerk
Louisiana Penitentiary.

REPORT OF THE PHYSICIAN.

BATON-ROUGE, APRIL 18, 1851.

To the Board of Directors, La. Penitentiary.

GENTLEMEN,

On the first day of October eighteen hundred and forty-nine, I took charge of the medical direction of the Louisiana Penitentiary, and herewith submit for your consideration, my annual Report,

October	admitted	18	discharged	20
November,	do	7	do	5
December,	do	7	do	7
January,	do	9	do	17
February,	do	10	do	6
March,	do	16	do	13
April,	do	26	do	20
May,	do	41	do	26
June,	do	16	do	14
July,	do	[illegible]	do	[illegible]
August,	do	19	do	[illegible]
September,	do	[illegible]	do	27

On the 7th day of October 1849, Wright died of pulmonary consumption.

On the 21st day of April 1850, John [illegible] was admitted [illegible] and conveyed to the Hospital immediately, and died on the 28th of April [illegible].

On the 27th day of May, G. W. Moore was admitted to the Hospital [illegible] concussion of the head; caused by jumping [illegible] in the prison yard, [illegible] hours.

On the 18th day of June 1850, [illegible] died of chronic [illegible].

On the 24th day of June 1850, [illegible] died of [illegible].

The above is the entire number of deaths which occurred in the Hospital from the first day of October 1849 to the 30th day of September [illegible].

There has occurred but one [illegible]

I would respectfully call the attention of the Board of Directors to the fact that there is no provision of the Legislature for [illegible] insanity [illegible] in the Hospital, with the [illegible] and if he should become [illegible]

It is [illegible] worthy of remark, that during the prevalence of cholera in the winter of 1849 and 1850, not one case of the disease occurred in the prison.

[illegible]

For the discharge of the duties imposed on me as Physician, I refer you to the Clerk Mr. S. L. Bett and the Lessees.

Very respectfully,
F. M. HEREFORD.

To Messrs.
J. [illegible],
A. [illegible],
E. [illegible],
R. F. TISDALE,
[illegible].

CLERK OF THE PENITENTIARY TO BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

BATON ROUGE, LA., January 8th, 1852.

To the President and Board of Directors, of the Louisiana Penitentiary.

GENTLEMEN; Herewith enclosed, you will please find a list of the number of convicts received and discharged, and the number remaining in confinement on the 31st of December, 1851. Also a statement of the profits arising from each branch of business with the expenditures for the year, showing a balance in favor of the institution of twelve thousand six hundred and thirty-nine dollars and sixty-seven cents, all of which I hope will be found correct.

Very respectfully,
your obedient serv't,
[Signed] SAM. L. BETT,
Clerk.

REPORT OF THE CLERK OF THE PENITENTIARY.

Comprising Convicts, expenditures and profits, and account of Messrs. McHatton, Ward & Co.

LOUISIANA PENITENTIARY, Baton Rouge, 20th February, 1851.

The President and Board of Directors of the Louisiana Penitentiary.

GENTLEMEN:—I have the honor to hand you herewith enclosed a statement of the number of convicts received, pardoned, died and discharged by expiration of sentence, during the year ending on the 31st of December, [illegible], showing the number remaining in confinement [illegible]:

Number in confinement, 1st October, 1849,		[illegible]
Number received [illegible] 31st December, 1850,		[illegible]
To be accounted for,		[illegible]
Discharged by expiration of sentence,	97	
do Pardoned,	[illegible]	
do Died,	[illegible]	[illegible]
Remaining in prison, 1st January, 1851,		[illegible]
Of this number there were:		
White Females,	3	
do Males,	172	175
Colored Females,	[illegible]	
do males,	[illegible]	74
		[illegible]

Also a statement of the receipts and expenditures and profits accruing to this institution for the same time, showing a balance in favor of the Penitentiary of twenty two thousand, three hundred and sixteen dollars and fifty four cents, as follows:

Profits arising from the Bagging and Rope factory,		[illegible]
Cotton and Wool factory,		[illegible]
Foundry and Smithing shop,		[illegible]
Shoemaking shop,		[illegible]
Brick yard,		[illegible]
Merchandise account,		[illegible]
		[illegible]
Expenditures same time:		
Expense account,	[illegible]	
Pay to officers and guard,	[illegible]	
Provision account,	[illegible]	
Clothing account,	[illegible]	
Hospital account,	[illegible]	
Interest and Insurance,	[illegible]	
Contingent on [illegible],	[illegible]	
Loss on Horses and mules,	[illegible]	[illegible]
Net profits,		[illegible]

You will please find enclosed the account of Messrs. McHatton, Ward & Co., Lessees for cash and clothing furnished to discharged convicts, agreeably to the [illegible] section of an act, approved the [illegible] March, [illegible], amounting to $562.

Very Respectfully Yours,
(Signed), SAM. L. BETT, Clerk.

The Board of Directors of the Louisiana Penitentiary

1851.	To McHatton, Ward & Co.,	Dr.
December 31st, To cash paid to [illegible] discharged convicts to date,		[illegible]
To clothing for same,		[illegible]
		[illegible]

Baton Rouge, 1st January, 1851.

REPORT OF THE LOUISIANA PENITENTIARY HOSPITAL, FROM OCTOBER 1st, 1849, TO DECEMBER 31st, 1850.

	Admitted.	Discharged.	Deaths.	No. Remaining.
In the Hospital on 1st October,	1	—	—	—
October,	[illegible]	[illegible]	—	2
November,	[illegible]	[illegible]	—	4
December,	[illegible]	[illegible]	—	2
1850,				
January,	[illegible]	[illegible]	—	1
February,	[illegible]	[illegible]	—	4
March,	[illegible]	[illegible]	—	[illegible]
April,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
May,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
June,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
July,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
August,	[illegible]	[illegible]	—	[illegible]
September,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
October,	7	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
November,	[illegible]	[illegible]	—	[illegible]
December,	7	4	—	5
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

January 1st, 1851.

To the President and Directors of the Louisiana Penitentiary:

Gentlemen,—The above report is respectfully submitted for your consideration.

Respectfully,
F. M. HEREFORD,
Physician.

LIST OF CONVICTS IN THE LOUISIANA PENITENTIARY DURING THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1851.

Convicts remaining on the 1st of January, 1851,		249
Do received during the year,		[illegible]
		[illegible]
Discharged by expiration of sentence,	[illegible]	
Pardoned by the President U. S.,	1	
Died during the year,	[illegible]	
Escaped [illegible]	3	
		[illegible]
Remaining 1st January, 1852,		[illegible]
Colored males,	[illegible]	
Do females,	[illegible]	
White males,	[illegible]	
Do females,	[illegible]	
		[illegible]

Baton Rouge, 1st January, 1852.

SAM. L. BETT,
Clerk.

STATEMENT OF THE PROFITS AND EXPENDITURES IN THE LOUISIANA PENITENTIARY FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1851.

PROFITS ARISING FROM THE

Bagging and Rope Factory,		[illegible]
Cotton and Wool,		[illegible]
Foundry and Finishing Shop,		[illegible]
Shoemaker [illegible]		[illegible]
Brick Yard,		[illegible]
Merchandise Account,		[illegible]
		[illegible]

EXPENDITURES SAME TIME.

Expense Account,	[illegible]	
Pay of officers and guard,	[illegible]	
Provision Account,	[illegible]	
Clothing,	[illegible]	
Hospital,	[illegible]	
Interest and Insurance,	[illegible]	
Contingent [illegible],	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nett profits,		[illegible]

SAM. L. BETT, Clerk.

Baton Rouge, 1st January, 1852.

[illegible]
RUSHTON, CLARK & CO.'S IMPROVED GENUINE MEDICINAL COD LIVER OIL.
THIS valuable remedy, introduced by us to the notice of the Medical Profession, but little more than two years since, has, during that short period advanced more rapidly in the public estimation than any remedy yet discovered for the dread ... of the human race. It has been used with the most signal and gratifying success, even in cases considered hopeless, and in the late reports of the New York and Pennsylvania Hospitals, on its use, it is spoken of as being more valuable than any remedy yet discovered for Consumption and Pulmonary Affections, and it has the great advantage over all other remedies that instead of reducing it increases the strength and flesh of the patient, thus enabling Nature to co-operate with the remedy, and overcome the disease.
Owing to the purity and superior quality of the Oil of our manufacture, having given it a popularity over all others, [illegible]
For sale by [illegible] Davis & Co., J. Wright & Co., [illegible] Druggists [illegible]

[illegible]
RECEIVED and for sale by the undersigned [illegible]
PAUL [illegible]
13 Toulouse st.

THE undersigned offers for sale [illegible]
967 & 969 Royal street, corner Bienville.

SAL SODA, [illegible]

CHAMPAGNE [illegible]

DRY GOODS at REDUCED PRICES,
At No. 20 Chartres Street.
BARRIERE, LACAPERE & CO., being anxious to reduce their large stock, offer for sale, at reduced prices, the following goods, of which their stock is [illegible]:
[illegible] Printed Colored Mousselines de Laine,
Rich Printed Cashmeres, latest styles;
Colored and Black French Merinoes, very low; at $1
Embroidered Merino Dresses; at $6.
Muslins, with satin borders;
Colored and Black Barpours; at $10.
Rich Printed French Calicoes;
5-4 Black Mousseline de Laine; 60cts. to $1 a yard,
5-4 Black Satin de Laine, for dresses;
Black Bombazines, all qualities, very low;
Black Alpacca, some very fine;
Colored Figured Alpacca;
English, French and German Hose and Half-Hose, for ladies, men, misses and boys, in great variety;
Linen Sheetings, French, English and German;
Pillow Case Linens,
Irish Linens [illegible]
[illegible]
Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, great variety;
[illegible] Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs,
[illegible] great variety;
[illegible]
Florence, Marcelines Gros de Naples;
Poplins, Black and Colored Velvets;
Also, a great variety of Black Cloths, Colored do. Black and Fancy Cassimeres for pants, &c. d18

IN store and for sale by the undersigned—300 casks Claret, good ordinary; 30 do do old, for family; 10 do vinegar; [illegible] 200 boxes St. Julien, very old; 500 [illegible] of all qualities, 50 do Sardines in oil, [illegible] Orange Flower Water; [illegible] Oranges, superior, in [illegible]
PAUL LACROIX,
13 Toulouse st.

LANDING [illegible]
LOISON & SILVESTRE.

[illegible]

LANDING ex ship [illegible]
V. & E. MAIGNAN,
[illegible] St. Louis st.

LANDING [illegible]
[illegible]

Plough, Carts and Hardware.
THE [illegible] Agents for the sale of the Mayville (Ky.) Ploughs, [illegible] Hall and Bellanger, have in store a large assortment of their cast and wrought-iron Ploughs, which they offer at [illegible] prices:
[illegible]
They have now in store, 37 pairs of wheels, with iron axles and skeins of 3 to 5 inches, and 20 pairs of 2 to 5 inch [illegible].
ALSO—[illegible] WAGONS, complete with iron axletrees, also [illegible] Timber Wheels, with [illegible]
They also [illegible] all kinds of Wagon work and do. [illegible]
ALSO—A large assortment of HARDWARE, for plantations, viz: Chains, wrought and cut Nails; Hunt's Axes, assorted Spades, long handle Shovels and Spades, Hoes of all kinds, Cane Knives, hook and plain Hinges, Grindstones, [illegible] Coffee Mills, Mills and [illegible] Rope, Ox [illegible], Files of all kinds, [illegible] a large assortment of English and American Bar Iron, [illegible] Spirits of Turpentine, Putty, Window Glass, and Paints of all kinds.
HOGAN & TURKAUD,
corner Commons and Levee;

J. PRETTEL,
HAVING just arrived from the North, where he received his orders from France and England, informs his friends and the public in general, that he is now ready to open his splendid assortment of JEWELRY, of the most style and model, and composed partly of Broaches, Breast Pins, Diamond Earrings, and Ruby, do. Emerald, Pearl Lorgnettes and Chatelaines, with Brilliants, etc., Safety and Vest Chains of all descriptions and prices, and various other articles.
His assortment of WATCHES cannot be surpassed, for the value of the movements or the elegance of the cases. These Watches are from the best manufactories, and partly from T. F. Cooper and David Taylor, London, and R. & Tobias, Liverpool. Chronometers, Lepine Watches, Savonettes, Anchors, Ladies' Watches ornamented with precious stones, etc.
He trusts that by his reduced prices, and the excellent style of his goods, those persons who may visit his establishment will not fail to be entirely pleased.
All his articles will be found guaranteed.
He has received a complete assortment of sets of French Silver Forks and Spoons in cases; also, in various articles Galvanized by the Ruolz process. He offers the best articles at the lowest market prices.
The attention of Hotel and Restaurant Keepers is specially invited, M. Prettel being prepared to accommodate them in any quantity they wish.

Rockwell's Spanish and Mexican Law.
A Compilation of Spanish and Mexican Law in relation to Mines and Titles to real Estate in force in California, Texas and New Mexico, and in the Territories acquired under the Louisiana and Florida Treaties when annexed to the United States, Volume 1st. Also, Extracts from Public Documents, and from the Laws of California in relation to Mines and Mineral Lands, together with a Digest of the Common Law on the subject of Mines and Mining, by John A. Rockwell, Esq., 1851.
Life and Letters of Joseph Story, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, &c., edited by his Son, William W. Story, in 2 volumes.
Howard's United States Supreme Court Reports, volume 12th.
Roberts on Wounds.
Pothier on Obligations, 2 vols.
Just received and for sale by
ALEXANDER LEVY & CO
[illegible] Law Book Sellers and Stationers, 51 Camp st.

Popular School Books,
AT THE
New Orleans Stationers' Warehouse,
60 CAMP STREET.
ROWAN'S Modern French Reader;
Porney's Syllabaire Francais;
Comley's English Grammar;
Bullion's first Lessons in English Grammar;
McGuffey's Eclectic Readers;
Wilkinson's Reader; or, The Children's Friend;
Goodrich's Child's History of the United States;
Wilkinson's History of the United States;
Swan's Instructive Reader;
Emerson's North American Arithmetic—Parts 1 and 2;
Smith's Arithmetic;
Mitchell's Primary Geography;
[illegible] School Geography;
Worcester's Dictionary abridged;
Smith's, Olney's, Mitchell's and Goodrich's School Geographies;
Pike's, Smiley's, Davies' and other Arithmetics.
An extensive assortment of Standard School Books and Miscellaneous Works, in every department of Literature and Art, together with every variety of Stationery in general use, for sale by
J. B. STEEL, 60 Camp st.

FASHIONABLE AND POPULAR
BILLIARD SALOON,
90 COMMON STREET,
Above the Barber Shop, next to Verandah Hotel Bar-room.
NEW AMUSEMENTS FOR GENTLEMEN
AND
Billiard Amateurs.
Upon newly invented ROUND BILLIARD TABLES. This establishment is specially recommended to the Amateurs of the Game for its magnificent Tables. There are also five round Tables with pockets, newly invented, far superior to the old ones. This new system is infinitely preferable to the one usually in vogue, and amateurs who have experienced the novelty with which caroms may be made, will no longer consent to play upon old Tables.
Persons desirous of purchasing round Billiard Tables, similar to those of the Establishment, may apply on the premises, No. 90 Common street, or at [illegible]
R. ARTOGIONI. 11 Conti

ADOLPHE BLAUCH,
60 Royal street,
INFORMS the Ladies that he has a fine assortment of the following articles:
Flowers for dressing, for soirees;
[illegible] wedding;
White, silk, and embroidered hose;
[illegible] and plain do.
Gloves, Ribbons, etc.;
Fans, rich and plain, Flower cases,
Portemonnaies, for balls, etc.
A splendid dessert service in China-ware, the principal pieces mounted on gold bronze, valued at $1,000 will be drawn in lottery.

WHITE WINE.—150 barrels Haut Sauterne, for sale by J. & J. TARDOS, [illegible] Old Levee.

SUNDRIES—[illegible] half bbls mess pork; [illegible] bbls dried beef; [illegible] kegs pickled beef tongues; 40 boxes smoked tongues; [illegible] bbls alcohol; 60 bbls Ohio whiskey; [illegible] sides and shoulders; [illegible] for sale by
SECOMB, VOORHIES & CO.
15 Tchoupitoulas st

Clothing............Clothing.
H. HUARD,
No. 69 Common Street.
RECEIVED per ships Westminster, Marathon and steamship Georgia, a large and complete assortment of Clothing of best qualities, and very lowest prices, etc.
French super black Cloth Dress Coats;
Frock Coats, black, blue, olive and brown;
[illegible] Cloth, Cashmere and Tweed Paletots, Sacks and Bobtails, complete assortment;
Overcoats of all colors, very well finished and perfectly lined;
Black Doeskin, Cloth and Cashmere Pants;
Fancy Colored Pants, new patterns and very good [illegible];
Rolling Collar and double breasted Cloth, Silk and Cashmere Vests;
Cloaks, Gloves, Cravats, Umbrellas, Trunks, Valises, etc.
All articles above stated of the best New York manufactures, are warranted in all respects. A particular care having been given to the making, and which is of the latest style, leaves nothing to be desired even by the most fastidious.
SHIP MARATHON.
Received by the above named ship, a large assortment of Shirts of the best finish. Also, a splendid assortment of Merino Lamb's Wool and Cotton Under-shirts and Socks of all sizes.
H. HUARD, 69 Common st.

French Merino Wool—Scotch Cashmere Wools at reduced Prices.
REDIAREN[illegible], between the two markets, the new [illegible] Meat Market.—The undersigned, respectfully invite the ladies to visit their fine assortment of French Merino and Scotch Cashmere, all wool, at 80 cents the yard, being a reduction of 40 per cent of the regular prices.
They also offer a quantity of other goods, at reduced prices, in order to get the preference of buyers.
d5 JOS. K. ROBERT & CO.

Duffield's American Westphalia Hams.
THE subscribers will soon be in regular receipt of ample supplies of "C. Duffield & Co's" celebrated American Westphalia Hams, which will be furnished to the trade on accommodating terms.
The well established character of these Hams renders them peculiarly adapted to the wants of the city dealers. MARTIN, OWEN & CO.
[illegible] 112 Magazine st

HAVANA CIGARS—50,000 of the best quality and of the most selected brands, such as: Cabanas, Cabarga, Figaro, Sol, Perfeccion, Sultana, Sou'Iltos, Lira de Oro, Dos Hermanos, [illegible], Concordia, Dos Banderas, Quatro Sobrinos and several others, for sale by
D. MORRIO, Jr., 34 Gravier st.

LANDING—ex ship Andover, from Bordeaux—[illegible] casks Claret, [illegible] 12 bottles white Wine, Haut Sauterne, for sale by
V & E MAIGNAN, 96 & 97 St. Louis st.

HAVANA CIGARS—250,000 Cigars of the best quality, and of the best brands, such as Cabanas, Figaro, Partagas, El Sol, Dos Hermanos, [illegible], Quatro Sobrinas, Concordia, Conquista, [illegible], Guatimala, Florida, El Danubio [illegible] de Valdoncea, etc., etc., of all sizes, viz., Imperiales, Regalias, Conchas, Milar, Panetelas, Primas, Londres, Medianos, Trabucos, in store and for sale by
D. MORRIO, 34 Gravier street.

Wooden Ware, &c.
75 Dozen Pine Wash Boards;
20 do [illegible] do do;
40 boxes Clothes Pins;
200 dozen Brooms;
175 do pails and fancy Buckets;
30 nests Tubs;
30 cased Measures;
For sale by CONVERSE & CO.,
of Tchoupitoulas st.

SUNDRIES—[illegible] boxes White Wine, [illegible] 50 do do, Chateau Eyquem, [illegible] 20 do Haut Brion; [illegible] 60 do Chateau Lafitte & Larose, [illegible] do Sauterne, 2 do do Cote Dantamelles, [illegible] Haut Brion & St. Emilion, in store for sale by
E. MOEL & GUIRAUD, 104 Royal st.

FOR SALE on the arrival of ship Atlas, from Bordeaux—30 quarter pipes of old fine Cognac Brandy.
X. LAMBERT,
64 Magazine st.

LIME—Thomaston Lime afloat—300 bbls Thomaston Stone Lime now landing and for sale by
THOS. M. [illegible] & CO., 91 Magazine st.

MOLASSES BARRELS—1000, warranted good, for sale, delivered on the coast above or below the city, by LOISON & SILVESTRE,
24 Customhouse st.

FOR sale to arrive, per ship Adriatic, from Bordeaux, 4 casks red wine, Chateau Margaux, 15 half do white wine, superior quality; 20 half do white wine vinegar; 107 boxes claret, St. Estephe brand; [illegible]
CAVELIER & MAXENT, 109 Royal st.

BEEF—100 bbls, 200 half bbls J. H. Davis family Mess, 25 bbls, 100 half do Wyeth Mess, 100 bbls Prime, for sale by
SECOMB & VOORHIES,
15 Tchoupitoulas st.

VANILLA—[illegible] boxes fresh Vanilla, [illegible] to be sold, for sale by
DELVAILLE & MORENO, [illegible] Levee.

FOR SALE—A large assortment of [illegible] Pecan [illegible] received, for sale by
DUPUTZ & BROS, cor. Royal & Conti

HAVANA CIGARS—[illegible] boxes Cigars, different brands, and of the best quality, for sale by
D. MORRIO, Jr.,
34 Gravier street

BERMUDA WINE—40 casks in store and for sale by X. LAMBERT,
62 Magazine street.

LANDING ex ship Diogenes, from Marseilles—[illegible] casks Burgundy Wine, for sale by
CHARLES CAVAROC, [illegible] Bienville st.

BELLE CHASSE Steam Sugar Refinery. Loaf, Crushed and powdered refined Sugar of superior quality, from the above Refinery, for sale by
JUAN [illegible], [illegible] Bienville st.

PEPPER AND ALLSPICE—[illegible] bags, for sale by [illegible]

SUGAR—[illegible] Old Levee.