LATEST DATES.			
New York	apr 25	Liverpool	march 24
Boston	apr 26	London	march 23
Charleston	apr 24	Havre	mar 19
Philadelphia	apr 24	Paris	march 20
Baltimore	apr 25	Havana	apr 12
Washington	apr 26	Mexico	april 3
Tampico	mar 23	Bordeaux	mar 15
Vera Cruz	apr 3	Matamoras	april 6

COMMERCIAL.

Extract of a letter dated *Liverpool*, March 23.

Satisfactory arrangements having been made with the Bank to relieve the large American houses, who were considered in jeopardy, our market has been favourably influenced. There has been more doing for two days past with less disposition to press sales, and the reduction in price which took place in the early part of the week, has been recovered. The sales since the 17th are 17000 bales of which 3000 on speculation.

LIVERPOOL March 23

The market is now uniformly depressed to the lowest point of last week. We therefore reduce our quotations of this day to that uniform and settled standard.

Perhaps it cannot be said there is much difference between the lowest sales of the close of last week, and those of this day; but the market seems more settled; investments on speculation, to a limited extent, are being made, and the spinners are becoming less afraid of purchasing. A little time may confirm our present position; but that is evidently wanted before business can be transacted with the usual confidence.

3000 American have taken on speculation; and 350 American and 100 Surat for export.

Sales of the week.		Taken for Cons. from 1st Jan to 23d Mar. 1837	1836	Export Same period. 1837	1836	Import same period. 1837	1836	Computed stock 23d March 1837	1836	Av wkly qty tak. for consu. 1 Jan to 23 Mar 1837	1836
7100 Upland, 6¾ a 8¼; 5490 Orleans, 6 a 10¼; 1160 Alabama, 5¾ a 9¼; 70 Sea Island, 21 a 32d; 10 Stained do 15d	Amer	163500	188000	3700	3100	298393	196931	120000	92500	13057	16049
600 Pernam 8½ a 10d; 300 Maranham 7½ a 9d; 610 Bahia 6½ a 9d	Bral	31000	41500	300	500	3291	2618	44500	17000	2646	2519
340 Egyptian 9½ a 14	Med	6000	8500	100	300	3363	3615	14500	13000	512	726
670 Surat 3¾ a 6½d; 100 Madras 7¼d	E I	9600	18500	2600	5400	12573	16045	5000	9400	811	1597
30 Demarara 14½d	W I	5500	4500	200	2 0	4800	3724	1100	4000	470	394
10340		215500	261000	6800	9500	352030	236491	194900	150500	18396	22950

Average Weekly Quantity taken from Liverpool for Consumption in 1836, 18495 bags. Av. Wkly. cons. of G Brit. in 1836—Am. 14374, Br. 2503, Med 644, E. I. 1492, W. I. 433. Total 19438.

Prices of this day and of the same period last year.

	1837 D. D.	1836 D. D.
Upland, inferior	5¼ a 6	— 8½ a 9¼
middling	6¼ a 6½	— 9½ a 10¼
fair	6¾ a 7	— 10¼ a 10½
good fair	7¼ a 7½	— 10½ a 11
good	7¾ a 8	— 11 a 11¼
New Orleans, inferior	5¼ a 6	— 8½ a 9¼
middling	6¼ a 6½	— 9½ a 10¼
fair	7¼ a 7½	— 10¼ a 10½
good fair	7¾ a 7½	— 10½ a 11¼
good	8¼ a 8½	— 11½ a 12¼
very choice gin marks	8½ a 10	— 12 a 12¼

	1837 D. D.	1836 D. D.
Mobile inferior	5¼ a 6	— 8¾ a 9¼
middling	6¼ a 6½	— 9½ a 10¼
fair	6¾ a 7¼	— 10¼ a 10½
good fair	7¼ a 7¾	— 10½ a 10¾
good	7 a 8	— 11½ a 11¾
Alabama inferior	5 a 5½	— 8½ a 9
middling	5¼ a 5¾	— 8½ a 9¼
fair	5½ a 6¼	— 9¼ a 9½
good fair	6¼ a 6½	— 9½ a 9¾
good	7 a 7¼	— 10 a 10¼
S Island, std & saw gins'd	8 a 18	— 9 a 16
inferior	18 a 22	— 18 a 20

	1837 D.	D.	1836 D.	D.
Sea Island, middling,	22 a 25	—	20 a	22
fair clean, not fine,	25	27	— 23	24
good cl. & rather fine,	27	30	— 24	26
fine and clean	30	40	— 26	32
Pernambuco,	8¾	10¼	— 11¼	14¼
Maranham,	8	10¼	— 10¼	14
Bahia,	8	10	— 10¼	13
Egyptian,	9¼	14	— 13¼	15¼
Surat,	3¾	6¼	— 5¼	8¼
Demerara,	9	14	— 12	16
West Indie,	8	11	— 9	12
Carthagena,	6	7	— 8	8¼

Average quotation of Uplands, 1st January to 23d March 1837, 6½d a 5½d, 6¼d, same time 1836, 7½d 10¼d 9½d.

Vessels reported in Liverpool from the 18 to 23d March 1836 (both inclusive.

1 from New Orleans	1871 bags
1 from New York	562
1 from Smyrna	20
1 from Berbice	91
	2544

No Import into London from the 15th to the 20th of March, 1837, (both inclusive.

Vessel reported in Glasgow same period

1 from Mobile, 1194 bags

New York, April 24th.

10 shares	United States	Bank			113
50	do	do	do	do	113
50	do	do	do	do	113
10	do	do	do	do	113½
50	do	do	do	do ... a 30 days	112½
50	do	do	do	do	112½

WALL-STREET, One o'clock.—There is rather a better feeling in Wall street this morning; rather more confidence in the stock market. No arrangements have yet been concluded for the redemption of the safety fund country bank paper. Exertions are making for that object, however, for which purpose we learn that Mr Flagg, the comptroller, with Mr Olcott, and others of the Albany regency, are in this city. Several of the presidents and cashiers of the western banks are likewise in the city.

Most of the brokers bought western notes this morning at 2 per cent.

There were several additional failures on Saturday: the whole number of large houses that have suspended, since the first crash in Wall street, being two hundred and fifteen.

PHILADELPHIA, April 22

116 shares United States Bank	113
20 do Commercial, Cincinnati	90

BOSTON, Apr 1 22.

The mercantile community are too familiar with the present state of money matters and its bearing on merchandize, to require any remarks to be made in explanation suffice it to say the pressure still continues, and the sales for some time have been rapidly diminishing the sales during the past week have been less than in any preceding week. There is so little doing at the present time that it is difficult to draw a line of distinction, as it regards one article being duller than another. Holders of such goods as are likely to maintain their price, prefer keeping them to selling—confidence, however, is not probably so much shaken here as in many of the other commercial cities as the failures have been fewer, and in comparison of a considerable amount.

Cotton—The market remains extremely inactive, and there are no sales making of sufficient magnitude to require noticing; what few sales have taken place are within our range of quotations, which we have again reduced—quotations nominal

Coffee—As it regards this article, the market is at a complete stand. No sales have come to our knowledge the past week.

Molasses—We again reduce our quotations for all kinds. Since our last report, the sales of Havana and Matanzas for distilling, embrace about 3000 hhds at 27 a 27c, including a cargo Car ones of interior quality, 25c. At the close of our reports, the stock is light and higher prices are demanded. Sales of Sweet, to the trade, at 28 a 29c; 100 hhds Trinidad, 25 a 25c; 100 do Nuevitas, of prime quality, 28c per gal 6 mo. Public sale of 20 hhds Martinique, 25½ a 27c per gallon cash

Sugar—The market is heavy, and the private and public sales show a further falling off in prices. Sales of 125 bags Libara brown 8c; 100 boxes Trinidad brown, good quality, 8 1/4c, and about 159 do Havana fair to prime, 7¼ a 8½c per lb, 6 mos. Public sales 211 boxes Havana brown, ordinary 6 1/4 a 7¼, 4 mos; 100 do ordinary of another lot adv 5 sold, 5 7 8, ss, and 141 boxes common to fair white 9 1-4a9 5-8c per lb, 6 mos. The stock of good to prime Cuba is small—of East India large and dull.

EXCHANGE.

Bills on London, 30 days.	12a, pr cent adv.	On Philadelphia 3-4a, dis	
" 60 days, 11 1 2a	"	" Baltimore	1-4a, "
" France, 19c a, pr fr		" Charleston	1a1 2 "
" Holland, 40a, pr gld		" N. Orleans	1a1 2 "
" N. York, pr a dis.		" Augusta	2a3 "

SPECIE.

Sp Dollars, 1a prm.	Sovereigns, 4 84a4 98
Doubloons 16 25 a 16 50	Guineas 5 a pr ct.
" Patriot 15 75a16	Am Gold (old coin) 5a pr a

AUX CAYES, April 12th.

Market Prices.—Mess Pork, 45a47c per lb; Flour, New Orleans, 23a23; Lard, ditto, 31-32; Hams, 30, Kentucky Tobacco, 16a17: Coffee, 12a13.

FREE SCHOOL LOTTERY.

7, 39, 62, 1, 17, 21, 27, 74, 8, 63, 3, 43.

Are drawn numbers of the 59th Class of the Free School Lottery.

THE drawings are now closed for the season, in consequence of the disordered state of the currency, and the general depression of business. The holders of prizes will please present them for payment at the manager's office, No 37 Gravier, where they will find the cash ready.

J K MEAD, Manager.

N B Wanted to purchase Alabama and Mississippi money. m 1

DOCTOR EASTON, Accoucheur, No 37 Magazine street, Arcade buildings. Residence No 33, corner Bourbon and Customhouse.

References: Dr Valentine Mott, James Webster, M. D New-York; C. A. Luzenberg, M. D. New Orleans. april 4

PHILOSOPHY.

MR. J. MANGART, Professor of Philosophy in the French University, intends giving a complete course of lectures on intellectual and moral philosophy. The course will be given on the 1st of May next, and will consist of fifty lectures. The young gentlemen who, to complete their education, should wish to attend those lectures, are invited to subscribe their names from noon, to 1 P. M. at Mr. Boyer's Academy, 165 Royal street. april 16

HERRING—100 boxes herring for sale by a 17 ROST & WEITS.

THE BEE.

PRINTED BY J. BAYON, Printer of the State, General Council, and of the First and Third Municipalities.

NEW ORLEANS:

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 2, 1837.

A dreadful affray occurred last evening in a house at the corner of Burgundy and Hospital streets, in which a man named Acheson was terribly stabbed in the shoulder and breast by an individual who gave his name James Limly, the weapon used was a dirk or Bowie knife. Limly was arrested and being confronted with the man stabbed, the latter recognised him as the one who had wounded him. Limly was lodged in prison. It is doubted whether the wounds are mortal, although they are very large. Acheson states that before he was wounded he had 800 dollars in his pocket, which was not to be found afterwards. When Limly was confronted with the other, he had blood on his face.

We had hardly finished the preceding article when we were informed of another murder committed last night at the corner of Mandeville and Victory streets in the lower fauxbourg. The perpetrator was immediately arrested. The victim was a white man, and the weapon used was a dagger.

Mr G H HILL, the celebrated American comedian, has arrived at New York on board the packet ship George Washington from Liverpool.

The General Council assembled last evening, agreeably to law. After adopting certain resolutions of a general nature, and referring others to committees, the council proceeded to the election of two directors of the Commercial Bank on the part of the city, and Messrs Thomas Duplessis and Charles Lesseps were chosen. Mr J Bermudez was nominated by the mayor as appraiser of the Draining Company and was elected by the council. The message of the mayor appears to us so interesting that we shall take pleasure in laying it before our readers in our next with the journal of the sitting

NIGHT POLICE

Theory in matters of police is apt at times to perplex the magistrate. It is only after some experience that a system can be understood, and under the influence of the caution which this maxim has superinduced, we have abstained hitherto from alluding to the new police established in the first municipality. The application of the details of the ordinance by which it was created, presented difficulties at first which it was thought could no be surmounted. But now that experience has proved its utility, every one admires an arrangement of the police which embraces in its protective vigilance all parts of the city. This new system multiplies the force of the guard by giving it a uniformity and concentration of action, which can hardly be imagined by those who never witnessed the operation of a similar plan. It is surprising to see the exactitude with which different watchmen are made to understand one another by a signal from a club, which serves them as an instrument for sounding an alarm and of self defence. This method leaves nothing to be wished for it, as we doubt not will be the case, it shall continue to be as well executed as it is now, if the habit of routine shall have no effect to mutilate so fine an organization, and if, contrary to what is usually observed, a continual practice shall not abate the zeal of those who are intrusted with its execution. Difficulties seldom appear in projected improvements till an attempt is made to put them in execution. If there was any difficulty in this projected improvement of the police, it has already disappeared before the good sense and tact of the officers of the guard. There is no doubt that should the same system be adopted by the Third Municipality, it would have the happiest consequences in preventing and repressing crimes, and in the prompt apprehension of malefactors.

If this system of night police has been attended by such auspicious results, notwithstanding the difficulties that seemed to encompass it at the beginning, why should we not be permitted to hope that some similar plan would be of corresponding usefulness if adopted for the day police? How many larcenies, riots and violations of law of different kinds and complexions are perpetrated through the first municipality in the day time without being noticed, which for the peace and good order of society ought to be repressed on the spot and punished without delay! Private citizens, occupied with their own affairs, are too apt to be careless about redressing breaches of law, of whatever nature they may be, and to keep aloof from scenes of tumult and disorder. The fear of being detained as a witness frequently induces the spectator to hasten from such scenes—and this circumstance sometimes forces men, culpably fearful of giving offence, to conceal their knowledge of crimes which accident made them acquainted with. A day watch, similar in its organization and discipline to that which has been found so beneficial at night, would, for these considerations and others which will suggest themselves to the minds of the aldermen, be of great use. If the day watch made their rounds in the most frequented streets and in those where disorderly characters are most likely to be found, they would always be at hand to repress acts of criminality; and we should not then see at every corner of the street the ordinances of the city trampled upon with impunity and so many frauds committed upon the revenue of this municipality. This project, we admit, involves matter of grave reflection—many prejudices are to be encountered and old habits overcome; but we are convinced that as our city increases in wealth and numbers, the necessity of creating such a police will become more and more manifest.

In the neighboring city of Havana we see a striking example of the advantages of a wise system of police administered with vigour and impartiality. To one who knows what Havana was, compared to its present condition, it seems almost miraculous that the theatre of daily and nightly assassinations, and crimes of every kind and degree, should in so short a space of time be transformed into a tranquil and quiet city. Formerly its streets were stained by the blood of frequent victims of assassination—the murderer seldom sought even to hide himself and was scarcely ever apprehended. At this time the most complete security reigns at all hours. A rigid police has rendered the streets commodious for passengers, which before were impassable and hideous with filth.

These circumstances are well known, and they have been brought to mind by an intelligent and worthy gentleman, just arrived from Havana, who gave us a glowing description of the cleanliness, the quiet and the security to person and property that prevail through out that whole place.

We are far from wishing to compare New-Orleans as it is now with what Havana once was. Still if the regeneration of the police of the latter has been attended by so many advantages, why may not some degree of benefit be derived from an improvement in ours? What happy consequence may be anticipated from the establishment of a body of watchmen to do duty by day, when a similar corps doing duty by night, has been found so efficient and useful?

Mexico.—We have received from Mexico by way of Havana, the Diario of the 3d April, in which we find the following document, which under present circumstances is very interesting. At that date there was no discussion of the presidential election, and every thing seemed quiet in Mexico.

General Government—office of Foreign affairs.

To his excellency the Secretary of Foreign affairs of the United States of America. Palace of the National Government at Mexico, March 31, 1837.

The undersigned, senior officer, charged with the foreign affairs of the Mexican Republic, has the honor to address the Secretary of the same department of the United States of America, in order to express to him the just surprise with which the president ad interim of the republic has seen the annunciation, in the New Orleans Bee of the 13th of the present month of the acknowledgment by the congress of the United States of the independence proclaimed by the insurgents of Texas, and the subsequent appointment by the Government of Mr. Alcee Labranche, to be minister plenipotentiary to the pretended republic.

Measures thus premature have caused the more astonishment in the Mexican government that it had no reason to believe that they would be adopted and that it expected a tone conformable to the friendship that exists between the two republics, guarantied by solemn treaties, and the assurances which that government has given, the most recent and conclusive of which the undersigned takes the liberty to cite.

When on the 24th May of last year, Mr. Gorostiza, Mexican minister to that government, on the subject of the proposition made to the Senate of the United States, to acknowledge the independence of Texas, offered representations and objections, which he wished to render valid, the hon. Mr John Forsyth, secretary of foreign affairs, stated in his answer of the 20th of the same month, which is now under my eye, that he had received instructions from the President of the United States to assure him that the government would adopt no resolution or decision on that question, which was not founded on the same rules and principles which had guided it in the discussions between Spain and her colonies; that only when the parts should be well known and not before, after a complete, impartial and serious examination, and having always in view the considerations due to the friendly engagements that subsist between the two republics, the government would then proceed to decide a question which, with the Mexican minister, is considered as of the greatest importance in its immediate effects and in its inevitable results.

Such is precisely the language held by Mr. Secretary at the end of the month of May of last year, immediately after the victory obtained by the insurgents. Has the case supposed by Mr Forsyth now occurred? Are the Texans in the same position that the Mexicans were in regard to Spain, when the United States acknowledged their independence? Is there the slightest point of identity between a nation of more than six millions of inhabitants, who by their sole efforts had thrown off the yoke of Spain, after a sanguinary struggle of eleven years, and a few thousands of vagabonds, without country, without religion, without virtues, and without laws, menaced by a numerous army, full of enthusiasm, marching to reclaim the laurels which a capricious destiny ravished at St. Jacinto? Shall the atrocious insult be offered to Mexico to suppose that it is incapable of vindicating her rights on the territory which those miserable adventurers have usurped, and shall she submit to the success of that republic?

If the undersigned should undertake to attach value to those questions, he would render this note too long, and call in question the knowledge of the secretary whom he has the honor to address.

A document not less interesting than that just cited is now under the eyes of the undersigned. I refer to the message from his excellency General Jackson to the house of representatives, on the 21st of last December, transmitting extracts from the report of the agent whom he had despatched to collect information in relation to the situation political and civil of Texas, in consequence of the revolution of the two houses which declared that the independence of Texas should be acknowledged by the United States in case they received satisfactory information of the existence of government capable of fulfilling the duties and obligations of an independent nation.

This official document, founded on the solid bases of justice and the law of nations, was published in the American journals, as a new proof to Mexico of respect for her rights. Its whole contents are interesting—it tends entirely to support a neutral position between Mexico and Texas. At the onset, in laying down general principles, it qualifies the act of acknowledging a new state as extremely delicate and attended by great responsibility; it establishes that a premature acknowledgment, if not considered as a plausible cause of war, may at least be regarded as proof of a hostile spirit towards one of the belligerent parties; it declares that every question relative to foreign nations was considered as seditious by the United States and never credit them, but by most unquestionable evidence not only for a final decision, but to guard its decisions from all imputation.

Proceeding to particular cases, it recalls the prudence observed in the dissentions between Spain and her colonies, waiting not only till the ability of the new states was absolutely known, but also till all possibility of their being again subjugated had disappeared. Recurring to Texas it recounts the misfortunes suffered at St Jacinto and its immediate consequences, and alludes to the resources that had been put in operation to repair it, and inclining to the opinion that the acknowledgement of Texian independence ought to be postponed till the result of the expedition preparing to invade her should be known. But why should the undersigned further fatigue the honorable secretary by citing a document with which he is familiar, and which is at hand among the archives of his office? It is sufficient merely to call to mind that the president General Jackson was of opinion at that time prudence dictated that the United States should wait retaining their then attitude, till some one of the great foreign powers had acknowledged the independence of Texas, or at least till time and events proved, beyond doubt that the inhabitants of Texas were able to sustain their sovereignty and to support the government which they had established.

At this time, what events have occurred of so great importance as induce the government of the United States to depart from the circumspect and equitable line of conduct which had been traced? The Mexican government is at a loss to know, what guarantees have the Texians exhibited that are referred to in the message above cited? What evidence is there to justify an acknowledgment, particularly when we refer to the consideration due to a neighbouring and friendly republic? Assuredly none!

The Mexican government regards that of the United States as too just to suppose that ignoble views of aggrandisement could govern its movements. Nevertheless the measure comprehended of is incontestable—it is announced in an official paper of the United States, the New Orleans Bee, and the undersigned has received instructions from his excellency the president, ad interim, of the republic, to protest, as he does now protest in the most solemn manner before all civilized nations against the acknowledgment of the independence of the pretended republic of Texas, made by the United States of America, declaring that it cannot in any manner or mode, either now or at any time to come, weaken, diminish or compromit, in the least, the rights of the republic of Mexico on the territory of Texas, nor the right which it possesses to employ all the means which are or may be in its power to recover the said territory.

The undersigned prays the honorable the secretary of state for foreign affairs of the United States to make known this note and protest to his excellency the president of the United States, and takes this opportunity to offer him the expression of his respects and distinguished consideration.

(Signed)

JOSE MARIA ORTIZ MONASTERIO.

BY THE EXPRESS MAIL.

Latest from Europe.—By the packet ship George Washington, at New York, from Liverpool, we received dates up to and including the 24th March.—The most important intelligence they contain is that the Bank of England had determined under certain conditions to sustain the houses concerned in the American trade, the consequence of which was a firmer confidence in the holders of cotton, a partial revival of prices, and a more cheerful aspect of affairs in general.

Private letters state that a considerable amount of bills drawn by houses that have failed here, had been protested in London and Liverpool. Their failure therefore must have been anticipated in England, and consequently the fact, when it shall be certainly known there, will excite no surprise, and will have no more effect than it has already had, upon the English market.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

The money market at New York was still in a very depressed state at the date of the last advices: though the news from Liverpool by the George Washington would doubtless have a happy effect upon it. When intelligence arrived there of the failures that occurred here about the 15th April, it caused much gloom in Wall street, and several houses stopped in consequence.

LATE FROM LIVERPOOL.

The packet ship George Washington, Capt. Holdridge, from Liverpool, brings dates to the 24th March.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND HAS AGREED TO SUSTAIN AMERICAN BANKING HOUSES IN GIVING AID TO AMERICAN CREDIT THERE, UPON A JOINT BOND OF THE MERCHANTS, WHICH WAS DEEMED SUFFICIENT, AS IT WAS BELIEVED THERE THAT THE AMERICAN HOUSES WOULD BE ABLE TO MEET THEIR ENGAGEMENTS.

LONDON, March 23

PARIS, March 20.—We are here in the most painful state of suspense respecting the intelligence from General Evans, about which party-spirit is, as usual, prolific in the most alarming rumours. But as yet (near five o'clock) nothing had been received further than the telegraphic dispatch dated the 18th, from Bayonne. It is the general opinion that the gallant Englishman has been sacrificed by the means of jealousies, if not worse, of the Spanish Generals; and the experience of the entire contest seems too truly to confirm the suspicion

Serious accounts are in town from Algiers respecting a mutiny in the 62d Regiment, from which nine officers were recently placed on half-pay; and several others, including the Colonel, punished more or less for irregularity of conduct. Report is also busy with this affair, and the entire army is, according to rumor, said to have joined their comrades. Nothing is, however, known with any certainty, more than that the one regiment alluded to have exhibited symptoms of insubordination.

The pecuniary and commercial difficulties which lately occupied attention in England are beginning to be felt rather strongly here. Nevertheless the rumor of the run upon the Saving Banks in Paris seems to be wholly founded upon error. The only week in which the sums withdrawn were larger than those funded was the week before last; that is to say, the week of M. Careme, the last of the carnival; and it is a well known fact, that hundreds of the poorer classes in Paris save for the whole year in order to enjoy themselves at that season. As for Lyons, it was ruined by the riots of 1833. The silk trade there at present is a mere struggle for existence. Smaller and more peaceable towns nearer Paris now monopolise a great portion of this manufacture—an event foretold at the time.

Paris, March 19.

A letter from Oran, dated Feb 28, to the Toulonnais, has the following paragraph: "It appears very evident from the sending of cattle by Ab del Kader, through the medium of Ben Durand, that the treaty of peace with the Emir is nearly concluded. We hear also of negotiations opened with Achmet, the Bey of Constantine. The Arabs of the tribes which are aware of the pacific intentions of their chief, rejoice at them; our allies are alarmed for their future fate, not knowing the terms of the treaty."

From 20,000 to 30,000 workmen are out of employ at Lyons, and consequently in want of bread, and but a very few of them can find employment on the emuna- ments. The Mayor of Lyons has drawn a faithful picture of their condition, which calls for prompt assistance. The sum of 30,000 francs distributed among them by the order of the Minister of the Interior, gives only 70 cents to each individual. The melancholy accounts from St. Etienne tend to increase this calamitous state of things. We are assured that two deputations from the departments of the Loire and the Rhone have pressed ministers to alleviate this distress by some legislative measure.

From the Morning Chronicle of March 28.

Every measure adopted by the Bank of England in regard to commercial matters is naturally watched with the greatest anxiety at this critical period, but as every thing connected with that establishment is involved in so much mystery, it is at all times extremely difficult to arrive at the truth. Respecting the recent application for assistance by certain parties connected with the American trade, it is stated by those who have the best means of obtaining information, that the bank has engaged to advance the sum required, about 500,000l. on the same conditions as were imposed on those houses in the same business who obtained loans at the beginning of the same month—namely, that persons in the city of undoubted means should become collateral security; but whether this has been complied with does not appear. Nothing but the most pressing embarrassments could induce any firm to accede to such terms; but no blame can attach to the Bank for securing themselves against loss;—for however well acquainted the directors may be with the immediate stability of any house, and however high they may esteem them,—they cannot possibly know whether their employer to the different states of America are justified in entering into large speculation; and the state of things require that every caution should be taken. More than one of the leading houses in this trade has now up wards of 2,000,000l, acceptances in circulation, and that even is a contraction of their liabilities. In November last the acceptances of the firms in the American trade at Liverpool and in London amounted to about 20,000,000l, but [illegible] 15,000,000l. and this has [illegible] more or less [illegible] of course, many [illegible] with America, the others [illegible] of unimportance.

From the Constitutionnel of March 22.

COURT INTELLIGENCE.—Wednesday evening.—British [illegible] have become considerably firmer to-day [illegible] any material increase [illegible] The last price of Consols [illegible] and for the [illegible] mall accounts. The transactions effected presented no peculiarity.

Contrary to all reasonable expectation we have all day been kept in the same state of suspense respecting the foreign affairs of Spain. The bad news of General Evans as a matter of course, maintained the excitement in the Foreign Market, where the business in Spanish securities, both old and new, has been again very extensive. No confirmation of the telegraphic despatch which reached Paris on Saturday being received by the French mail in the morning, it so much increased by the probability of the account being a fabrication, that the old stock advanced to 23½. This was followed by many conflicting and adverse rumours which produced a considerable number of fluctuations and finally closed it at 22½. We never attach much importance to Stock Exchange opinions on general questions, but there, as well as out of doors, a disbelief of the statement conveyed by the French Telegraph has been gaining ground in proportion to the lapse of time and the knowledge of intervening circumstances. As all doubt upon the subject must speedily be removed, it would be a waste of time and space to speculate further on the subject.

Portuguese securities were comparatively steady the Five per Cents varying only from 48 1/4 to 47¼, and the Threes from 31½ to 30¼, with relatively a small number of transactions.

The Money Market for commercial purposes has been decidedly easier to day in consequence of the arrangement made by the Bank of England with the firms connected with the trade of the United States.—By the way, while on this subject, we observe a statement has been put forth, that the Chairman of the U. States Bank was in London, and a party to the supposed negotiation with the Bank of England, for bringing back apart of their bullion, which has no foundation in fact. It is probable that this assumption has arisen from the circumstance of his nephew, Mr Biddle, a young man of 18 or 19 years of age, being lately in this country on a first visit to Europe and altogether unconnected, with business of any description. He left England, however, upwards of a fortnight ago, and is now we believe in Paris. This incident would not have been worthy of notice, had it not been plainly brought in juxtaposition to color a case that had otherwise neither local habitation nor name beyond what we stated last night.

The accounts received from the East India markets yesterday, to which our time compelled us to allude very briefly last night, have tended rather to increase the anxiety of persons involved with the houses that have been connected with that branch of the trade. The prices given for indigo, in the Calcutta market in particular, are considerably higher than there is any prospect of their realising here, exclusive of charges, which must produce a corresponding recoil. Strong hopes, as father to the wish, are however entertained that the Hong merchants will hold out at the high prices at Canton, until the account of the revulsion in Europe reaches them, which will throw the onus on the other side, instead of further involving us here by losses extending to from 30 to 50 per cent. It is, we apprehend, much to be dreaded, that a conference would take place before the accounts could reach them, as the Hongs would be compelled to regulate their measures so that they should be able to transmit the revenue derived from the trade to the celestial empire at Pekin within the usual period. Other matters will considerably affect the ultimate settlement of the affairs of some of the houses that failed at the commencement of the convulsion in the Money Market, as some of them had sent out large orders on letters of credit to purchase at the eastern sources of production.

Extract of a letter to the editor of the Baltimore Gazette, dated

LIMA, Jan 17.

"An opportunity offering by the United States frigate Brandywine for the United States, I embrace it to give some particulars respecting affairs here.

"Peru and Chili are on the eve of going to war on account of some political differences, and even now Chilians have a blockading squadron lying in Callao roads, but as yet they have not molested neutral vessels allowing them to enter and depart. Under the present state of affairs it has produced an advance in Merchandize—Last sales of American produce I herewith give you. Sales on board, Flour 15; Wax 50; Sperm Candles 31 a 4 rs; Tobacco, Virginia, 12 a 15 per quintal; Cane seat chairs 46, Wood do 23; 37 inch Brown Shirtings, 15c; narrow goods not saleable, Quicksilver 126, Cuba Tobacco 40 a 50. There is lying in the port, Callao, American brig Canada, of Baltimore, bound to Payta and Guayaquil, and will sail in course of 10 days—Brig Index, of New York, bound to Central America, schr Amanda, Hurtey, of Baltimore, repairing—Barque Minerva, of New Bedford; whaling ship Hope; ship George Howland, and ship Alexander, all have sailed on a whaling cruise within the last week

"We are in much anxiety to hear news from the U. States as our latest accounts are 9 th Sept. The Brandywine in leaving here leaves American property unprotected, and we hardly know what will be the result if the relief Squadron does not soon arrive, for these Republics are in troubles."

Communicated.

The subscription books of the Mexican Gulf Railway Company was opened yesterday and will remain open during 20 days in conformity with the charter. This railroad will pass through Good Children street, as far as it has been opened, it will follow the high road of the Terre aux Boeufs, whence a branch will strike lake Borgne on Gen. Proctor's plantation, and the main road will traverse the peninsula of Plaquemine to the Gulf of Mexico in the direction of Cat Island. Those who are acquainted with these localities, cannot doubt the great utility of such an undertaking. As far as lake Borgne this road passes through high and fertile lands, occupied by a dense population. When it shall be finished to the Gulf of Mexico or only to lake Borgne, the numerous travelers to the Bay of St Louis, Passe Christian, Biloxi, Pascagoula, Mobile, Pensacola, or the north, will prefer this means of communication to every other, as more agreeable and expeditious. A donation of land for the establishment of a port at the place of termination on the Gulf of Mexico has already been applied for and will no doubt be granted by Congress at the next session, and the considerable depth of water and other natural advantages which are there found, will no doubt attract shipping and business. Nor should it be believed that the success of this undertaking will only withdraw and invest already existing business from its accustomed channels; abundant experience has proved that all similar improvements develope resources which until then were neglected, and lay open entirely new fields of enterprise. The establishment of this railroad must therefore be an object of deep importance to all those who have the property of New Orleans at heart, and to those particularly, whose habitations and property will by it be brought into contact, as it were, with the great centre of business. Under this conviction the commissioners appointed by the Legislature have determined to open the subscription books notwithstanding the present crisis and the prostration of all business. The charter requires only the payment of $2 per share at the time of subscription—no more are given for the balance and the directors cannot call in more than $10 per share at any one time. But it may still be expected from the discretion of the directors that they will not require the payment of another instalment, until the gloom which now hangs over money matters is dispelled, and until the business has regained a healthful condition. The interval will be usefully employed in collecting information, in making surveys and in preparing and maturing the plans of operation. It is therefore believed, that those whose confidence in the future greatness of New Orleans, in the energy of her inhabitants and her immense resources remains unshaken by the passing events of the moment, will subscribe the number of shares necessary for the organization of the company.

Council of the First Municipality.

Sitting of Friday, April 28, 1837.

The council met pursuant to adjournment.

The recorder having called the members to order, and directed the secretary to call the roll, it appeared the following members were present, to wit: Messrs T. Duplessis, E. Duplessis, Armitage, Faures, Guillot, Wiltz, High, Lesseps, Davis, Brusle, Morel, Lefebvre, Lambert, Canon, Correjolles, Fernandez, and Coquet—17.

Absent—Messrs Talane, Dyrive, Stringer Armas Cougat and Preval

On motion, the absence of Mr. Preval was excused.

The journal of the last sitting being read and approved,

A letter was read from Mr. R. R Keene, soliciting the council to refer to a committee the documents which he transmitted to the council on the 10th April, and which had been referred to the committee on the general Sinking Fund.

On motion of Mr Lesseps,

Resolved, That the documents presented by Mr. Keene, be referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr Wiltz, chairman of the committee charged with verifying the election of Mr F. Lambert, elected alderman of the 3d ward, presented the following report, which was adopted:

The committee to whom was referred the duty of inquiring into the election of Mr Lambert Alderman elect of the 3d ward, report that he is duly elected.

[Signed] URSIA WILTZ, Chairman

Mr High, chairman of the paving committee, presented a report accompanied with a series of resolutions, which was, on motion of Mr Correjolles, ordered to be printed, and made the order of the day for the next sitting.

Mr Canon presented the following ordinance, which was adopted, the rules being dispensed with:

Ordinance respecting the duties of the wharfinger and concerning the encumbrances on the Levee of Municipality No 1.

The Council ordain as follows:

Art. 1. From and after the passage and promulgation of the present ordinance, the wharfinger of the 1st Municipality is charged with all the duties and responsibilities mentioned in the ordinance entitled, "an ordinance to define more particularly the duties of the wharfinger" approved the 16th February, 1830; the said ordinance being hereby revived and put in full force.

Art. 2. All ordinances or resolutions contrary to the dispositions of the present be and the same are hereby repealed.

On motion, the following ordinance presented by Mr Canon, and made the order of the day for to-day, after being discussed article by article, and having undergone several amendments, was adopted:

Ordinance concerning the assessment of taxes on real property and slaves in the 1st Municipality.

The Council of the 1st Municipality ordain as follows:

Art. 1st. The taxes on real property and slaves be and the same is hereby increased of fifty cents for each thousand Dollars of the value of real property; and of fifty cents for each head of slave.

Art. 2. The proceeds of said additional tax shall be exclusively applied to the payment of the city Guard.

Art. 3. The assessors of the taxes of the 1st Municipality, shall take as a basis of their assessment on real property, the value affixed by the appraisers of the Citizens Union and Consolidated Banks.

Art. 4. From and after the promulgation of the present ordinance, the assessors shall mention on the tax list nominally and with a designation of the sex and of the age as much as possible all slaves declared by their owners.

Art. 5. Whenever a slave shall have been arrested and brought to the jail by the guard or in any other manner, the owner shall not be entitled to reclaim or withdraw the same from jail, unless he prove to Mayor, that said slave is mentioned on the tax list.

Art. 6. If said slave be not mentioned on the tax list, the owner shall not withdraw the same unless he produce his title of property and pay the tax from the day of purchase.

Art. 7. If more than one year have elapsed since the day of purchase the owner shall besides pay a fine of ten dollars and further prove that, he has taken the necessary steps in order to have his slave mentioned on the tax list and that it is there mentioned.

Art. 8. The number of the assessors is five at five, one for each ward, and the [illegible] before being delivered to the Treasurer, shall be submitted to the examination and approval of the Aldermen of each Ward.

Art. 9. For the purpose of indemnifying the assessors for the increase of labour imposed upon them by virtue of the present ordinance, there shall be allowed to each of them a sum of two hundred dollars; Provided that in consideration of this emoluments allowed they shall be bound to make out the tableau of their wards further that all said assessors shall proceed to the appraisement of the said property so as to assess the tax upon a footing of equity and uniformity in all the wards.

Art. 10. The provisions contained in articles 5, 6, and 7 of the present ordinance, shall be in force only after the completion of the tax list agreeably to article 4th of the present ordinance.

The Council took into consideration the following ordinance concerning the cleaning of the streets of the 1st Municipality, reported by the committee of improvement and health:

A letter was read from Messrs Chalupt, Pinard, and Pierce, composing a committee on the part of the Medical Society, suggesting certain measures concerning public health.

The following substitute to the forgoing ordinance presented by Mr Correjolles, was adopted:

Resolved, That the ordinance approved the 29th of June, 1830, concerning the cleaning and watering of the streets of the 1st Municipality of the city of New Orleans be so amended as to substitute the following article to article 21 of the said ordinance, which is hereby repealed:

Art. 2. Each contractor shall employ a sufficient number of carts daily to take and carry away all the filth, offal or any other matter whatever prejudicial to the health of the city, as also all chips, manure and feculent matter which he may find in the streets, or the Levee or border of the river, whether in boxes, baskets or tubs, or thrown or spread about the streets, &c., without any exception whatever, and shall employ the same in the back part of the city, not beyond Galvez street, at such point or points as may be designated by the surveyor; he shall take and carry away all dead animals of every description which may be found within his district; and the same dispose of in the manner which shall be pointed out by the surveyor: Provided, that nothing in this ordinance shall affect the ordinance relating to the cleaning or emptying of privies

The following motives were submitted to the council to be entered upon the journal:

We vote against the substitute proposed, because we think the depositing of the filth behind the city can have alone prejudicial influence to the salubrity of the city of New Orleans.

(Signed) F. COQUET, S. HIGH, U WILTZ, A. FERNANDEZ

On motion of Mr Canon:

Resolved, That the committee on health be instructed to report at the next sitting an ordinance to compel the proprietors of property to have privies, and to prohibit the transportation of fecal matter.

The Recorder named on the committee on charity for the month of May, Mr G R Stringer for the 1st ward, Solomon High 2d Ward, Manuel Cruzat 3 Ward, F. Correjoles 4 h ward, F. Coquet 5th ward.

On motion of Mr Faures, the rules being dispensed with:

Resolved, That the interest upon the bonds to be emitted by the Mayor in favor of the fire company No 4 in virtue of the resolution of the 24th April last, past, be at 6 per cent instead of 8.

On motion, the council adjourned to Tuesday, 2d of May, at 5 o'clock in the evening.

A true copy. D AUGUSTIN, Secretary.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.

Master Burke's Last Night.

THIS EVENING, MAY 2,

Will be presented the farce of

A GENTLEMAN IN DIFFICULTIES.

Mr Sedley,	Mr Latham
Piminy,	Miss Melton

After which, the drama of

OLD HEADS UPON YOUNG SHOULDERS

Written expressly for Master Burke, in which he will assume several characters, play upon eight instruments, and sing a Buffo Scena!

Grand Overture to Lestocq.

To conclude with the farce called

MORE BLUNDERS THAN ONE.

Larry Hoolagan, Master Burke

Tomorrow

THE ITALIAN OPERA.

On Thursday, Master Burke's Benefit.

AMERICAN THEATRE

CAMP STREET.

Last night of the engagement of MRS DUFF.

THIS EVENING, MAY 2,

Will be presented the Drama of

CHARLOTTE TEMPLE.

Belcour,	Mr Foster,
Montraville,	Fenno,
Mr Temple,	Barclay
Charlotte Temple,	Miss Russell,

After which the interesting drama of

VICTORINE,

Or, The Orphan of Paris.

Marquis Valvisier,	Mr Fielding,
Jean,	Farren,
Victorine,	Mrs Duff.

To conclude with the favorite Farce of

A Husband at Sight

Catherine, Miss Russell.

Tomorrow,

MRS DUFF'S BENEFIT.

NOTICE.—The owner of ship Moro Castle, Cherry master, begs the passengers to come and settle their passage on board said ship, being to sail to Bordeaux on Saturday, 6th May. m6 at

TO LET—The upper part of the house No 46 Conde street, corner of Dumaine. Possession given immediately. JOS. BARTHET, 30 Toulouse st.

TO RENT. The large and spacious fire proof store or office, situated at 5 Royal street, near the corner of Conti at in Musson's building. Possession given immediately. For further particulars apply at No 8, next door. m 3

UNITED STATES DRAGOONS! LOST from the stable of the New Barracks, on the night of the 27th, a large bay Horse, 16 1-2 hands high, white spot on his forehead, two four feet white, and having the appearance of a substantial built bg horse. A handsome reward and all expenses will be paid for the return of or any information about the above horse, at the New Barracks, or at No 19 Conti street, New Orleans. may 2 3t

LOST yesterday, between 6 and 9 o'clock in the morning, a black pocket book, containing the sum of $1200, ten bills of which are of one hundred dollars each, two of fifty dollars, and the balance in small notes. Said pocket book was lost between the Barracks and the plantation of Mr Gabriel Villere. It shuts with an elastic lock. A very good reward will be given to whoever will bring it to the office of the Bee, or to GABRIEL VILLERE. 2m

CHAMPAIGN WINE for sale by the subscriber. 78 baskets A 1 wine. A. CHOPAR 36 Chartres street. may 2

WAS found on Saturday evening, a BULL TERRIER, the owner in claiming it, will pay the expense of the notice. Apply at this office. may 23 P PAQUET, cor Girod & Commerce.

SOAP—100 boxes No 1 and 2 soap for sale by FROST & CO, 8 Custom house st m2

THE undersigned offers for sale, 160 bags green Havana Coffee; 2000 boxes raisins; 20 casks dry Malaga Wine; 150 Indian barrels sweet Malaga Wine; 100 do do Jerez Wine; 300 best Tampico Hides; 700 bars round iron (Mineras.) A. M. de MIRANDA, No 85 St Louis st. 2m 10t

DRAYS, Carts, &c.—Heavy brick or timber carts, light do, drays, ox cartwheels of different sizes, wheelbarrows, cart do, wood do, all of Philadelphia manufacture, constantly on hand and for sale by I. N. MAYNARD, 36 Poydras street m2

PALM LEAF HATS.—20 cases Palm Leaf Hats various qualities, for sale by FROST & CO., No 8 Customhouse st 2m

CLOTHING AT COST. No. 3 Old Levee. THE Proprietor of this establishment offers his entire stock of Clothing at cost, (for a short time only) The stock is large and well assorted, and worthy the attention of any person wanting clothing either at wholesale or retail, or would be a good opportunity for any person wishing to commence the business. The store has a good run of custom, and the proprietor has determined to relinquish the business. Terms would be made accomodating. m2 1t

NOTICE.—Messrs. Jacques Lefort, Charles Heyman, Z. P. Morgan, G. Legendre, J. Davery, J. Daluz, Antoine Torcha, Felix Lambert, Jean Rousseau, Jacob Holtzman, P. J. Michon, J. Spayer, Marcos Perez, A Laurent, and Melie Marie Louise, are requested to call at Louis Feraud's Notarial office, for the purpose of fulfilling the conditions of the sales of property, made them, on the 28th January 1837. This is to notify all persons concerned, who may not conform to the conditions, devolving on them, on or previous to the 6th of May instant, the property purchased by them will be re-sold at their own risk and cost. m2

FRENCH GAUZE & FLANNELS—The subscriber have received by ship Valiant from Havre, one case gauze flannels, a light and beautiful article for summer wear. TOOLE & BARRIERE, 20 Chartres street. may 2

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the Honorable J. N Duncan, presiding judge of the city court of New Orleans, I shall expose at public sale on the 15th of May 1837, at noon, at Hewlett's Exchange, corner of St. Louis and Chartres streets, a note for five hundred and sixty one dollars and 1-4 cents dated New Orleans January 25th 1837, and payable three years after date, drawn by H. Blakely to the order of and endorsed by Mr. Daniel H. Twogood, and also by James McPherson and Charles Byrne, seized at the suit of Chas Guesnard. Terms: Cash. B BEAUREGARD, Marshal may 2

STATE OF LOUISIANA—Parish Court for the parish and city of New Orleans—Present the Honorable Charles Maurian, Judge—No. 9560—Charles Risso vs. his creditors—The cession of property by the petitioner is hereby accepted by the court for the benefit of his creditors, and it is ordered by the court that a meeting of said creditors be held at the office of Theodore Seghers, Esq. Notary Public, on Tuesday the 30th day of May next, then and there to deliberate on the affairs of the petitioner, and in the mean time all proceedings against his person and property are stayed—It is further ordered that M. Grivot, Esq. Attorney and Counsellor at Law, be appointed to represent the absent creditors. By order of the court—Clerk's Office, New Orleans, May 1st, 1837 A GUYOL, Clerk. may 2 3t

TEN DOLLARS REWARD will be paid to any person who will give any information respecting the negro man AMOS, the slave of the undersigned. He left home on the 27th of April 1836; with a horse and dray, No 1157, the horse came home about 12 o'clock p m same night, and has never since received any information respecting said slave or dray: when he left he had on an iron collar round his neck, and has a lame step. OWEN COOKE. m1 3t Marius at between Jackson & Common sts.

FOUND last Thursday, near the Pointe de L'Orange on the border of the Lake Pontchartrain, about 18 miles from this city, a Red Crown American Horse, having both front feet and one hind foot white. Said horse has been seen a few days before, in the neighbourhood where he was found, he had then a collar of cabriolet, [illegible] which he was found. The road that [illegible] and the town to the Pointe, being [illegible] it is to be supposed, that this horse went away from a cabriolet, or stealer. The owner is requested to take him immediately and pay the expenses. may 1 3t

RECEIVED by the last arrivals—14 cases plain and white China, 5 do glass ware, 8 do fancy glass, bronze, plated, candlesticks with or without glass shades, 1 case Swiss muslins, 1 do Embroidery for waistcoats and pantaloons, 10 trunks perfumery, Persian cream, toilet soaps, 20 casks Orleans vinegar, 30 do Burgundy, Beaune white, 100 boxes Bordeaux wine, 20 do prunes in brandy, 60 do assorted liquors of Paris, English tidbits, 50 do Swiss absynth, 200 do Burgundy wine, Chambertin, Bonard, Romanee, Beaune & Volnay, 50 baskets Burgundy white wine, 20 do Chablis, 300 do Champaign, Oil de Perrin, Nectar Mousseux, Etoile, Couronne de formes by may 1 J. VATINEL, 21 Conti st.

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Creole, Tracy, Liverpool, J Lafonde.
Ship Orwell, Gow, Liverpool, E H Gale.
Ship Eleanor, Child, Marseilles, Shaun & co.
Brig George, Wise, Liverpool, Bailey & Abbott.
Sch Magnolia, Mayo, New York, B & T P Whitney.
Sch Pax, Vanstavern, Tampico, Master.
Sch Henry, Grimes, Houston, T Clark.
Sch Oneko, Nickerson, Mobile, Babson & Sheffield
Sch Corine, Giberson, St Josephs, Fa., Shields, Turner & Renshaw.
Sch Emeline, Sawyer, Tampa Bay, D Goldsmith.
Steamer Chancellor, Walthall, Forsyth, Goodwin & co

ARRIVED.

Tow boat Feliciana, Wood, from the Passes, towed to sea barque Gazelle, brigs Tribune, Criterion, Margaret Ann, Henry and Euphrates; left the pass on the 29th at 9 P M, reports to have spoken ship Portsmouth 15 miles east of the N E Pass from Mobile, barque Dependent aground on the Bar; brought up schs Fancy, Mount Moriah, Grecian, and New Albany; and to Slaughter House Point pilot boat Jaguar, in the river several small vessels bound up.

Tow boat Lion, Riddle, from N E Pass, towed to sea ship Orient, barque Strafford, brigs Margaret, Catharine and sch Hyperion; left the bar on the 29th at 7 P M, brought up ship Citizen, brig Freeman and sch Emblem; reports barque Dependant on the N E bar, 3 sail in the offing.

Ship Citizen, Thorpe, from Liverpool, 6th March to B Lloyd.

Brig Freeman, Sparks, 18 days from Aux Cayes, St Domingo, to master.

Sch Emblem, J hnson, from Grand Caire.

Sch Grecian, Stevens, from Attakapas, to Bein & Hall.

Sch New Albany, Castagnier, from Attakapas, to master, in ballast.

Sch Frances Hawes, Tampa Bay, to master, in ballast.

Steamboat Velocipede, Dorsey, from St Martinsville, to Lastrapes & Desmare.

Steamboat Despatch, Underwood, from Vermillionville, to master.

Steamboat Levant, Riefel, from Natchitoches, to master.

Steamboat Swan, Day, from Mobile, to master.

Layet & Smith 3 boats from Breckenbridge county, Ky.

Carter's boat from Smith county, Tenn.

One boat from Jackson county, Tenn.

Wood's boat from Ohio county, Ky.

EXPORTS.

LIVERPOOL—ship Creole—1571 bales cotton.
——ship Orwell—1201 bales cotton, 1000 hides.
——brig George—739 bales cotton
MARSEILLES—ship Eleanor—1006 bales cotton, 3700 staves.
NEW YORK—sch Magnolia—1570 sacks corn, 41 bbls beef, 5 do flax seed, 7000 staves.
TAMPICO—sch Pax—sundry goods.
HOUSTON—sch Henry—groceries, provisions, &c.
MOBILE—sch Oneko—provisions, &c.
ST JOSEPHS Florida—groceries, provisions, &c.
TAMPA BAY—sch Emeline—government stores.
LOUISVILLE—steamer Chancellor—104 crates and 3 casks earthenware.

IMPORTS

Per ship Citizen—80 t n salt.
Per brig Freeman—324 bags coffee, 101 logs mahogany, 50 tons log wood to H Lavigne & co, and order.
Per sch Emblem—sugar, moss, &c, to order.
Per sch Mount Moriah—lime.
Per sch Grecian—40 hhds sugar.

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE.

Per steamboat Levant—9 bales cotton, A Maurin & co, 29 J B Plauche; 127 Lambeth & Thompson, 20 packs peltries and sundries, Turner & Woodruff; 1 bbl beans, C Rugg.

Per steamboat Despatch—31 hhds sugar, 438 hides, 9 bundles leather, Lastrapes, Desmare & co; 12 hhds sugar, Hall & Bein; 35 do and 10 bbls molasses, T Segund, 5 bales cotton, J Mateer; 10 bbls molasses, 37 hhds sugar, 18 bales cotton, C Toledano; 3 hhds sugar, F J Anel, 193 hides, 700 horns, 103 bales cotton, J B Plauche & co.

Per steamboat Velocipede—111 hhds sugar, 5 bbls do, 2 tierces and 18 bbls molasses, [illegible] and 3 boxes indigo, to H P & Bein, and owners [illegible] board.

Per Layet & Smith's 3 boats—[illegible] hhds tobacco, to A H Walne & co, and order

Per Carter's boat—111 hhds tobacco, to Lambeth & Thompson.

Per 1 boat from Jackson county, Tenn—60 hhds tobacco, to Price, Johnson & co.

Per Wood's boat—18 hhds tobacco, to Beir & Steever.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamboat Levant—Messrs. Heard, Dine, Dawson, Alexander, Archer, Thompson, Atkinson, Peabody, Brother, Odras, Douglass, Heron, Marble, Posey, Montreuil.

Per steamboat Despatch—Wilcoxon, Young, Chamber, Stevens, Humphreys, Logan.

Per steamboat Velocipede—Gillett and family, Radford and family, Fuller, Patterson, Snell, Demarest, Kelly, Brown, Tepnett, Lacey, Pritchard, Bruce, Moore, Hutchinson, C Gillett, Wilkinson, Edwards, Trowbridge.

MEMORANDA

Sch Grecian, Stevens, in lat 28 40, long 89, at 12 M, saw a brig to leeward under easy sail had two boats out in a school of whales, each of the boats were fast to a whale.

Cleared at New York for this port, April 24, ship Nashville, Jackson

Here at New York, 25th ult. brig Grand Turk, Franklin.

Sailed from Milford, for this port, 19th March, ship Elizabeth Ann, 19th, ship Abbotsford.

Entered for loading at Liverpool for this port, ship Lowell.

Sch Forester, from St Croix, at New York, on the 5th April, lat 25 long 65 30, fell in with a wreck on her beam ends apparently a sch about 70 tons, high deck, with a new plank on her starboard bow, topmast and bowsprit standing, mainmast gone, being mostly under water could not see her name, saw two letters O N on her stern, passed within 20 yards of her, saw no one on board.

Key West—Advices from Key West are to the 12th instant.

Ship Austerlitz—On the night of the 8th the ship Austerlitz, from Mobile for Havre, struck on Pickle's Reef. She was got off by the wreckers, and arrived at Key West on the 11th. She had a cargo of 1567 bales cotton, four hundred of which were taken out to lighten her. A survey was to be held on her.

On the 9th the schooner Cumberland from New Orleans, for Philadelphia, with cotton, sugar, &c, struck on the Tortugas. The weather was bad at the time, and the rudder was knocked off &c. Part of the cargo had been taken out by the wreckers and had arrived at Key West, the remainder was hourly expected: the schooner would probably be towed in. The cargo was much damaged.

April 23d, 1837.

The U. S. Revenue Cutter Campbell, Capt Coste, having on board Mr John J Anderson, the Ornithologist, and party, sailed from Atchafalaya Bay bound westward; all well on board. The U. S. Revenue Boat Crusader, Captain William B G Taylor, in company.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS.

THE price of fresh flour being this day $6 25 per barrel, according to the tariff, bakers must give during the ensuing week commencing Monday, May 1, 41 ounces of bread for a bit. The loaves which are half of one bit for three loaves, are required to weigh 25 per cent more, that is to say 51¼ ounces.

May 1, 1837 DENIS PRIEUR, Mayor.

TO RENT—A front office on the second floor of store No 38 Camp st, apply on the premises of m1 JOHN CROSBY.

PROPERTY WANTED—Persons having property well situated in the city square or in the vicinity, and who should wish to sell them at very moderate prices, will easily find customers by applying to BERNARD DE SANTOS, Broker, Rampart st, between St Philip and Dumaine sts. m 1—15

REMOVAL—Felix Percy informs his friends and clients that he has removed his office into the one occupied by M Horatio Davis notary public No 18 Exchange place between Canal and Customhouse streets. m1—3—law

LANDING from the Constellation, 32 jars of 8 lbs each, half fine almonds for sale by m1 J VATINEL, 21 Conti st

REMOVAL.—Phillips & Hart, has removed from 28 Camp, to 12 Bienville st. Coming from up stairs. m1 1m

TEXAS PICANS—10 bbls fresh Texas picans nuts, just received and for sale by m1 JOHN CROSBY, 38 Camp st

SUGAR—53 hhds prime quality, in store and for sale by GALLWEY & BOUDOUSQUIE, 31 Common st

MONONGAHELA WHISKEY, &c—77 bbls old Monongahela whiskey, 14 do peach brandy, 1 pipe Holland Gin, 1 pipe mixed brandy, in store, for sale by GALLWEY & BOUDOUSQUIE. m1 31 Common st

CORN—4,000 bushels of superior quality, in flat, boat, for sale by SOMERS & ALEXANDER, 1m 3t 80 Magazine st

TAR IN KEGS—A lot of Tar in 5 and 10 gallon kegs in good shipping order, for sale by W. E. & R. MURPHY, No 132 Bagin st 1m

KIRSHWASSER—100 cases Kirshwasser received per ship Vaillant from Havre, for sale by KOHN, DARON & Co. m1 28 Bienville street

EXTRACT d'Absynthe—100 cases of the celebrated mark Y L, in store and for sale by KOHN, DARON & Co. m1 28 Bienville street

CORN—5000 bushels Indian sacks corn of superior quality, in fine order, for sale by QUARLES & CO, 4 Custom house st m1

WANTED TO HIRE, a steady, and honest Drayman, apply at 73 Royal street. m1

1000 Bbls Flour, Pork Lard, Whiskey, Butter, Red & White Beans, Sugar in tierces, in store, and for sale by G DORSEY, 48 New Levee. may 1

LARD, &c.—170 kegs and 10 bbls lard; 9 bbls beef rounds and 3000 lbs bulk pork shoulders on board flat boat, for sale by GRIVOT & FAIGE, m1 11 Poydras st

LANDING from ship Moscow of Marseilles, and for sale by the subscribers, 5 bales corks for demijohns, in sacks of 2000, 20 do do for bottles, 5 do do for flagons and stoppers, 300 casks Marseilles wine, Bergasse brand, 50 baskets Sweet Oil, Playneol do, 100 do do do, 20 do do do, 300 boxes Frontignac Wine, 100 do Lunel do, 150 casks imitation Madeira wine, 20 do Oporto wine, 20 do sweet Malaga wine, 50 bales soft shell Almonds, 100 boxes Fruits in brandy, 150 do assorted Liquors. A. DELASSUS & MONTREUIL, a27 12 New Levee.

COGNAC BRANDY—21 pipes old cognac brandy, landing from the Diligent. GUERIN & POUVERIN, Corner of Dumaine & Royal st a 29—9

NOTICE. MR. JOS. CAUVIN—Respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has purchased from Mr. Brevost the Commercial Coffee House, corner of Chartres and St. Louis street, where he will keep as formerly the choicest wine, spirits and cordials, and also coffee, chocolate with butter, eggs, &c. all hours of the day.

From the first May, he will also supply families with [illegible] and sherbets of all flavors, and the same will be constantly found in the establishment.

Mr J. C.—Having many years experience in that branch of business, hopes by his unremitting exertions to please the public, and deserve their patronage. april 29

CHEESE—15 cask cheese landing and for sale by ROBERT H WHITE.

FOR ST. LOUIS & ALTON—The fast running regular trader steamboat Pawnee, J. W Dunnica master, having the best part of her cargo engaged, will positively sail on tomorrow at 12 o'clock A M. For balance of freight, or passage, having superior accommodations, apply on board, or to JULIUS VAIRIAN, may 3 26 Poydras st.

FOR LOUISVILLE. The splendid fast running steamer North Alabama, F B Faber master is hourly expected, and will proceed up or down the coast for sugar, by immediate application. For freight or passage having splendid accommodations, apply to GRIVOT & FAIGE, m1 11 Poydras st

FOR ST. MARTINSVILLE, Attakapas and intermediate landings—The well known steamer Monmouth, M W Hinkle master, will depart to-morrow, Tuesday the 2nd inst, at 10 o'clock, a. m. For freight or passage, apply on board, or to EASTMAN & BROTHERS. 1m

FOR NEW YORK. New Line—Packet for Monday 8th May.—The packet ship Saratoga, Wm Hathaway master, having a part of her cargo engaged, and going on board, will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply to the captain on board, opposite to the vegetable market, or to FRANKLIN & AMES, 8m 55 Camp.

FOR HAVRE—The splendid A 1 fast sailing ship Franconia, Blake, commander, will positively sail on Saturday next, the 6th inst; she can accommodate in good style, if immediate application is made, 4 or 6 four passengers, having two state rooms unengaged. For terms, apply on board or to BAILEY & ABBOTT. m 8 14 Bienville st

FOR MOBILE.—The fast sailing packet schooner Fred Arnet, Arnet, master, is now ready to receive cargo, and will meet with despatch. For freight or passage, apply on board at Pass line her, or to m1 GRIVOT & FAIGE, 12 Poydras st

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER. —The fine newly coppered ship Calumet, capt Shreve, burthen about 1100 bales cotton, will be ready to load in two days. Apply to 1m GEO. GREEN, 60 Camp street,

FOR LIVERPOOL.—The superior and fast sailing A 1 brig Cyclops, capt Finney, will have immediate despatch. For freight of 50 hhds or passage, apply to 1m LEVI G. GALE, 93 Common st

FOR HAVANA—The fast sailing copper fastened brig Orizaba, London master, will positively sail on Tuesday next. For passage only apply on board, or to 1m R. GRONING & CO.

FOR HAVANA.—The fine fast sailing packet brig Morris Cooper, Smith master, will positively leave on Thursday next for the above port. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply on board, or to 1m R. GRONING & CO.

FOR LIVERPOOL.—The A 1 very fast sailing ship Hermitage, Sturgis, master, has her cargo nearly engaged and can take 100 bales. For terms of which or passage, having splendid accommodations for four passengers, apply to BAILEY & ABBOTT, m1 14 Bienville st

FOR HAVRE—The A1 fast sailing ship Vandalia, Sprague, commander, to sail on the 3d inst can handsomely accommodate few passengers For terms, apply on board, or to m1 BAILEY & ABBOTT, 14 Bienville st

FOR GALVESTON BAY. The regular packet schooner Kosciusko, A Burns master, having part of her cargo engaged, will meet with despatch. For freight or passage, apply on board opposite the public square, or to a29 JAMES REED & CO., 35 Royal street

FOR NEW YORK. The fine fast sailing brig Harvest, Gorgias master, has part of her cargo engaged, will have quick despatch. For balance of freight or passage, apply to BAILEY & ABBOTT. a29 14 Bienville st.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER. The ship Montreal For terms apply to captain Henry on board, to H. C. CAMMACK & CO., a29 65 Gravier street.

FOR RICHMOND VA. The brig Adelaide, Lanning master, will positively sail this afternoon. For freight of a few bbls, or passage, apply to a29 ROBINSON & CO., 45 Camp.

FOR LIVERPOOL.—The superior and fast sailing A 1 ship Peruvian, Capt Spear, will have immediate despatch for the above port. For passage only, having handsome accommodations, apply to LEVI H GALE, a 29 93 Common st.

FOR NEW YORK.—The A 1 fast sailing coppered and copper fastened brig Comet, Dickinson, master, having her entire cargo engaged, will have immediate despatch. For passage only, having large and beautiful accommodations, apply to BAILEY & ABBOTT, a29 14 Bienville st

FOR COWES, Passage only.—The superior and fast sailing ship Hull, Paine, master, will have immediate despatch For passage, having handsome accommodations apply to a27 LEVI H GALE, 93 Common st

FOR LIVERPOOL.—The British bark Margaret, A 1, coppered and copper fastened. For freight, charter or passage apply to H C CAMMACK & Co. a27 65 Gravier street

FOR HAVANA—The fast sailing schr Mars, Coleworth master, requires the bulk of 200 bbls to complete her cargo. For freight or passage apply to the master on board, or to a26 R GRONING & Co.

FOR HAVANA—The fine packet brig Morris Cooper, Smith, master, will have immediate despatch for the above port. For freight or passage apply on board or to a26 R GRONING & Co.

FOR MATANZAS—The schr Sabine, Tilgen, master, having her cargo on board can accommodate a few passengers for the above port by immediate application to the captain on board, or to a26 R GRONING & Co.

FOR HAVANA—The Brig Gustave, J H Hoffmann master, has one half of her cargo engaged and will be despatched forthwith: for freight or passage apply on board opposite Suzette st, or to a 25 HARRISON, CLEGG & CO, Customhouse st.

FOR LIVERPOOL—The ship America, J Cunningham master, wants 150 bales cotton to complete her cargo; for freight or passage apply on board opposite post No. 106, or to HARRISON, CLEGG & CO, a 25 Customhouse st.

FOR NEW YORK—The A 1 fast sailing brig Denmark, Delano master, requiring a deck load; for terms of which or passage apply to BAILEY & ABBOTT, a 25 14 Bienville st.

FOR NEW YORK—The A 1 fast sailing brig Deane, Deane, commander, require 250 bbls on deck and accommodate 4 or 5 passengers, having fine accommodations, For terms of which or passage apply to BAILEY & ABBOTT, a 24 14 Bienville st.

FOR NEW YORK—NEW LINE. Packet for Monday 8th May. The ship Saratoga, W Hathaway master, will sail on her regular day as above. For freight or passage apply on board opposite the vegetable market, or to FRANKLIN & AMES, a 25 55 Camp st.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER—The fast sailing coppered schr W A. Turner, Hagedorn master, burthen 400 bbls. Apply to E & J ANDREWS, a25 36 Gravier st

FOR LIVERPOOL. The superior and fast sailing ship GLOBE capt Porter, will have immediate despatch for the above port. For passage only, having handsome accommodations, apply to L H GALE, a 25 93 Common st

FOR HAVRE. The fine and fast sailing A 1 ship Isaac Hicks, capt Ingersoll, can take 400 bales to complete her cargo. For terms or passage, apply to LEVI H GALE, a 25 93 Common st

FOR LIVERPOOL.—The superior and fast sailing ship New England Capt Stanton, will have immediate despatch: for passage having handsome accommodations, apply to April 24 L. H. GALE, 93 Common st

FOR GALVESTON & HARRISBURG, the schr Minerva, having part of her cargo engaged, will have despatch for the above ports. For freight or passage, apply to the Captain on board, opposite Toulouse st. or to a 21 JAMES REED & Co. 35 Royal st.

FOR LIVERPOOL—The superior and fast sailing ship Ann Mary Ann, Captain Clark, will receive immediate despatch, and can handsomely accommodate a few passengers, apply to LEVI H. GALE, 93 Common st ap 20

FOR HAVRE. The A 1 fast sailing ship Vandalia, Sprague master, having her entire cargo engaged and going on board, will meet with quick despatch. For passage, having beautiful and spacious accommodations, apply to BAILEY & ABBOTT, a20 14 Bienville street,

DRAYS WANTED. TWENTY cents per rail will be paid for the hauling of the rails of the New Orleans and Nashville rail road company from the place of discharging to the Depot of the Company, up the foot of Canal street Apply to the person in charge, on the Levee below the Pontchartrain rail road. a29—6t

NOTICE is hereby given to the owners of taxable property in the parish of Jefferson, the payment of their State taxes for the year 1836 is demanded of them at the Sheriff's office within thirty days from this date, thereof; those who will not pay said taxes, will be dealt with according to law. MANUEL J GARCIA, Sheriff. City of Lafayette, April 29, 1837. 6t

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS. AGREEABLY to a resolution of the first municipality, notice is hereby given that on Tuesday the 9th of May next, there will be elected an Alderman to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Mr B Plauche—said election will be held at Mr A Fernandez, in Vilere street, from 8 o'clock a m, until 5 p m. Messrs. J D Rabassa and B Plauche are appointed inspectors, and Mr A Longe clerk of the same. D PRIEUR, a29 Mayor.

STRAY HORSE. HAS been lost a horse, red colour, having the mark of an old wound on his neck, his left hind foot is deformed. A reward will be given to whoever will bring him to the subscriber on the Pontchartrain rail road, between Amour and Bonaventure sts. a29 GORDIER.

NOTICE. THE subscribers received by late arrivals from France, Summer goods, such as—muslins, jaconets, embroideries and other articles, they offer for sale at reasonable prices, wholesale and retail.

Wishing to go as soon as possible, they hope by their low priced goods, to have a great sale. THOMAS & ROZAT de MANDES, a29 Conti between Royal and Chartres

NOTICE is hereby given to the subscribers of Jefferson college, that an election of 15 directors of that institution will take place in the St James Parish court house on Monday, the 21st of May next. A ODDUOSQUIE, President and Jaffer on college Direction.

Sales at Auction.

SALE AT AUCTION, On Account of Departure.

THE undersigned, going to France in the course of the month of May, respectfully informs the public that he will cause to be sold by Messrs. Ferrand and Whiting, Auctioneers in this city, all the goods of his store, consisting in Bordeaux wines, Cognac Brandy 3d proof, superfine Cordials, Aniseed, Cherries in cases and in barrels, and many other articles too numerous to be mentioned. The sale to take place on the 5th of May next, at 10 o'clock. As it is positive, a very good chance is offered, persons wishing to lay in a good stock at a very cheap price would do well to attend to the sale.

The undersigned having made arrangements with the house of Messer & Co., 37 Lombard street, Paris, and being authorized to draw upon them for all goods for which he might receive orders, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that they can be supplied at the cheapest rates with all kinds of Paris articles and that he will take charge of all commissions entrusted him, confident of giving complete satisfaction to those who will favor him with their patronage may 2 A. LACOUTURE.

BY S. GUINAULT. Unreserved Sale.

WILL be sold on Thursday, 4th inst, at 12 o'clock precisely, at the Exchange, corner of Chartres and St Louis streets,

30 Lots of Land, each 10 acres, in the vicinity of Allabama city, well adapted for gardening and well situated for summer residences. The wharf building by the Company will shortly be completed, when a daily opportunity can be had of going to and from the same by the boats plying between this city and Mobile. The Rail Road chartered to Pensacola will pass in the immediate vicinity of this land.

The land is high and well timbered, abounding with fine springs of water. The healthiness of this section of country is most unquestionable. The sale positive, without the least reserve, and will take place agreeably to a plan now exhibited at the Exchange.

Acts of sale before Wm Boswell, Esq. notary public. m2

BY JOS. LE CARPENTIER.

WILL be sold on Wednesday 3d of May, 1837, at 4 o'clock P. M. on the Levee, opposite post 95, four tiers above the Cotton Press, for account of whom it may concern,

100 crates porter bottles (12 doz each) landing from the Mohawk, from Liverpool m2

BY T. MOSSY & GARIDEL.

ON Thursday, 4th May instant, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange, corner of Chartres and Saint Louis streets, will be sold

A Lot of Ground, No. 234 Royal Street, between Saint Anne and Dumaine streets, measuring 40 feet front, by 120 in depth, on which there is a dwelling house, built of brick, between posts, together with kitchen, &c.

TERMS.

The purchaser to take his own note for the payment of two notes of 1500 dollars each, to be falling due the 7th October next, and the second on the 7th of April 1838, and the balance of the purchase money payable at one year, for approved endorsed paper, secured by mortgage until final payment.

Act of sale before L. T. Caire, Esq. Notary. m2

BY J B BLACHE.

WILL be sold on Saturday the 6th inst at 10 o'clock, A. M. at the auction store, Conti street, without reserve for cash account,

40 bales Havana leaf Tobacco, Vuelta Abajo 2m

BY J. B. BLACHE.

WILL be sold on Wednesday the 3d of May, at 10 o'clock, A. M. at the auction store, by order and under the inspection of the wardens of the port, for account of whom it may concern, one case containing 1¼ beaver piece fecula, 2 pieces silk stuff for hats, 20 pieces cottonee cover, and 16 do oil cloth, imported in and damaged on board the ship Vaillant, Capt Fabre, from Havre a 29

BY J. B. BLACHE.

WILL be sold on Wednesday next, the 3d of May at 10 o'clock, a. m. at the auction store, a hand, some assortment of summer ready clothing. a28

BY JOSEPH LE CARPENTIER. Sale on account of Departure.

WILL be sold on Tuesday, 2d May, at 10 o'clock A M precisely in St. Philippe street between Conde and Levee.

Several articles of furniture Silver ware Clocks, and other articles of household furniture, also kitchen furniture &c. apr 27—2t

BY F. DUTILLET & DELERY.

WILL be sold on Saturday, the 6th of May, at 4 o'clock at the auction room in Esplanade street, between Dauphine and Burgundy, by virtue of an order from the Honorable the Court of Probates in and for the parish and city of New Orleans, bearing date the 21st April inst. the moveable effects belonging to the succession of the late Madame Marthe Macarty the deceased wife of F. R. G. Montreuil, consisting of tables, chairs, clock, a Horse and Gig, &c &c

Terms: Cash. april 24

BY P. BOUNY.

WILL be sold on Friday, 5th of May, 1837, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange, corner of Chartres and St Louis sts, for the account and risk of Mr Emile Gardette, who did not comply with the terms of the adjudication to him made, on January 13th 1837,

6 Lots of ground situated in suburb Franklin known by nos 11, 12, 13, 24, 25, and 26 of square 230 according to a plan drawn by Vacquon, architect.

Terms, 6 and 12 months credit in notes dated January, 1837, endorsed to satisfaction, with mortgage until final payment.

The act of sale before J Cuvillier, notary public. a 25

BY M. BOUNY.

WILL be sold on Monday May 8th, 1837, at the Exchange, corner of St Louis and Chartres streets, for the account and risk of M. A Delpeuch who did not comply with the terms of the adjudication to him made on February 2d, by B Bony, auctioneer.

5 lots of Ground situated in new suburb Marigny, square 22, between St Avide, St John the Baptist, Union and Frenchmen streets, as per plan drawn by the latter deposited in the office of M. L. Ferraud, N. P.

TERMS.

One-third at 6 months from February 2d.
One third to July 2d, 1837.
One third to July 2d, 1838 a23

STATE OF LOUISIANA—Parish of St John the Baptist—Court of Probates—Succession of the late John Joachim Lagmann.

Whereas, Adele Moris has petitioned the Court of Probates of the Parish aforesaid, in order to be appointed administratrix of the succession of the late John Joachim Lagmann, notice is hereby given to all to whom it may concern, to shew cause within ten days from the publication hereof, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

By order of the court.

A SORAPURU, Clerk.

Parish of St John the Baptist, April 26. a29

STATE OF LOUISIANA—Court of Probates in and for the parish of St John the Baptist

Present the Honorable Cyrenne Le Blanc, Judge—Wednesday 26th April, 1837. In the matter of the estate of the late Prudent Becnel.

On motion of Zephyrin Barre, one of the creditors of this estate, on giving information to the court that the heirs of said Prudent Becnel had renounced his succession, it is ordered by the court, that a meeting of the creditors of said estate take place at the office of the Judge ex officio notary public of this Parish, on Wednesday the 5th of June, 1837, at ten o'clock a m., then and there to elect Syndics to determine upon what terms and conditions the property belonging to said succession shall be sold, and to take such other measures as their interests may require.

Extracts from the minutes this 26th April, 1837.

a29 A SORAPURU, Clerk.

CARD. THOMAS SPEAR. HAS taken the store, corner of Magazine and Gravier street, formerly occupied by Jonas Robeson & Co. where he will continue the auction and commission business on his own account.

N. B. T. J. S will attend to the sale of Slaves & Real Estate as usual. a 17—1m

ORLEANS THEATRE COMPANY—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the company, 153 Royal street, until the 10th of May next, for the lease of that part of the company's establishment known under the name of the Orleans Ball Room, comprising the house and its dependancies, occupied at present by Mr John Davis.

By order of the Board, a27 6t J A DUREL, Secr'y.

RECEIVED by the late arrivals from Havre, and for sale by the subscribers, 200 baskets Champaign and Nectar Mousseux of Lambert & Co. 180 baskets Burgundy, fly brand, 25 boxes Sardines in Cotton oil, 30 boxes Paris mustard. A. DELASSUS & MONTREUIL, a27 12 New Levee.

NOTICE—the Assessment Roll of the 2nd and 4th districts of the 3d municipality will be exhibited during 10 days at the treasurer's office, corner of Victory and Champs Elysees streets in order that all persons liable to taxation of those two districts may correct it if necessary during the time above prescribed. S ST AMAND, L GUERIN, 29 avril J. B. GIQUEL.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have received by late arrivals from France, and by ship Vicksburg from New York, the following Goods which they offer for sale at low prices:

Robes; embroidered Cambrics, superior quality; Cambric hdkfs, embroidered, single and double, with lace; Bysmiose and Paitan, new article for gowns; ladies white English hose; superfine plain black silk hose; French embroidered black and white silk hose; muslin bfeiis, Scotch thread, embroider collars and pelerines; silk worsted, muslins and ornaments; colored neck silk hdkfs, for ladies and gentlemen, of the best style; 10 boxes assorted Italian straw hats; and a large assortment of bonnets and light articles of different qualities.

Brass Bathing Tubs in store a28 SOULE, VIGNIE & Co.

WANTED, 10 Wood-choppers to cut wood on the river Pascagoula, one of the most healthy sites on the Gulf of Mexico, will find employment on application at the office of Mr. Bardo, Exchange alley, near the New Exchange, St. Louis street. April 27.

LITERARY PREMIUM. THE subscribers offer a reward of $150 for the best Address, to be spoken by a Lady or Gentleman, at the opening of the New Theatre, in Government street. In consequence of Mr. Valentine's having broken his engagement with the subscribers, the reward offered by them for an Address to be spoken by him, is withdrawn, and the above substituted.

The competitors to send in their productions previous to the 25th inst. L. & F. PERRY. ap 21

DELABOUSSAYE, PLANCHARD & CO Auctioneers. a8 EXCHANGE ALLEY.

L. DE POORTER, DENTIST, No. 61 St. Louis street.

B. H. BRUNET, Auctioneer. Office No 91 Common street.

THE subscribers have the honor to inform their friends and the public in general, that they have purchased the Cabinet maker's establishment, situated in No 86 Conti street formerly belonging to Messrs Pouponneau and Griffin; they will follow the same business as their predecessors, and hope by their activity to deserve the public patronage.

N B—They will undertake the repairing of furniture, also the installation of stores.

a 25 A DULIEPVRE, F GALLAUD.

NOTICE.—At a meeting of Lake Borgne Canal Commissioners it was resolved: That the subscription Books of said Canal should be opened the day 23d inst. at Mr. L. H. Feraud's office, Royal street between Toulouse and St. Peter, under the inspection of Mr Feraud. DUVERNAUD, Secretary. april 20

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD. Ranaway about one month since, the negro woman Henriette, about 25 years old, middle size, having very prominent features, speaking French and English. The above reward will be given to whoever will bring her [illegible]

L'ABEILLE.

Journal officiel de l'État, de la Nouvelle-Orléans [illegible]

[illegible]

Il paraît [illegible] avec les [illegible] quelque [illegible] d'un mo[illegible] velle Orléans [illegible] terrible [illegible] meut douloureux [illegible]

Le gouvernement mexicain [illegible] à celui des États-Unis, pour se [illegible] ignobles, et d'agrandissement [illegible] la démarche dont il s'agit [illegible] étant un fait incontestable [illegible] un journal officiel des États-Unis, la Nouvelle-Orléans [illegible] de S. E. le président ad interim [illegible] Mexique de protester [illegible] la manière la plus solennelle [illegible] civilisés, contre [illegible] de la prétendue république du Texas [illegible] Unis d'Amérique [illegible] façon, ni maintenant, ni [illegible] minuer, ou compromettre [illegible] de la république mexicaine sur le [illegible] non plus que tous les droits [illegible] d'employer tous les moyens [illegible] son pouvoir pour le recouvrer.

Le soussigné supplie l'honorable [illegible] relations extérieures des États-Unis [illegible] porter à la connaissance de S. E. [illegible] note et cette protestation [illegible] son pour lui offrir l'expression de sa [illegible] considération distinguée.

Signé JOSE MARIA ORTIZ MONASTERIO.

MALLE EXPRESS.

L'état du marché monétaire [illegible] New York : les maisons qui ont [illegible] ne depuis la faillite des Josephs [illegible] deux cent quinze. Une faible [illegible] dans le marché aux actions 116 [illegible] des États-Unis ont été vendues [illegible] avril à $113.

NOUVELLES D'ANGLETERRE PLUS RÉCENTES.

Le paquebot George Washington [illegible] arrivé de Liverpool le 24 [illegible]