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# The New Orleans Bee.

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NEW ORLEANS, SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 12, 1853.

## THE DAILY BEE.

Saturday Morning, March 12, 1853.

☞ The Northern Mail failed yesterday from beyond Mobile.

### THE MUNICIPAL ELECTION

The party slogan has been raised by the Democrats for the approaching municipal election, and we perceive by the favorite journals of that party, that meetings of the faithful are already called in a large number of districts. To the bold and exulting voice of the Democracy no response has been made. The Whig clarion is mute. Not even a solitary champion appears in the arena to defend that cause, which erewhile numbered its devoted thousands. The Whigs of New Orleans are in a state of suspended animation; a deadly torpor has crept upon them, and they are locked in a slumber as deep and dreamless as that which invades the senses of those human subjects whom the Swedish philosopher freezes into insensibility, and then packs away on convenient shelves for a term of years.

We are not greatly astonished at this. The Whigs have been so thoroughly and completely beaten in the Presidential and State contests that a majority of them labor under a sincere conviction of the inutility of further effort for the present, to stem the tide of triumphant Democracy. They say, "let our adversaries have full scope and sway. A reaction is sure to follow. They will commit errors and blunders enough to arouse universal indignation, and the people will in the end awake from their apathy, and expel from authority incompetent and mismanaging pretenders. To struggle against the dominant party now is bootless. We should only be overwhelmed. Better to let them enjoy power with its responsibility. They will soon prove their incapacity for good, and their unlimited faculty for evil." They are the sentiments of very many Whigs. They are not ours distinctly and emphatically. We are always willing to combat a party whose doctrines we believe to be radically wrong, and inapplicable to the public weal; but the press cannot compel public opinion to follow its dictates. If the Whigs choose to surrender at discretion, to allow their adversaries to walk over the course—to yield a calm, dishonorable submission, instead of making a manly and vigilant resistance—upon them will rest the consequences of the act.

There is another reason alleged by the Whigs for their inaction in the coming canvass. The existing Council is Whig—at least in the popular branch. Ever since the election of the two Boards, the Locofoco press has maintained a systematic and unceasing grumbling and fault-finding. Nothing has gone right. The Council has been extravagant; the vital interests of the city have been overlooked and neglected; the members have either not understood, or failed to perform their duties. A change is required. Reform is the order of the day. Such has been the language of the opposition, and so constant and loud has been the clamor, that a considerable proportion of the Whigs of our city now declare that, for the nonce, they desire to abstain from making political nomination, and await the action of the citizens, without distinction of party—being perfectly willing to try the experiment so much vaunted by certain prints, of a no party Council. This might peradventure be worth consideration, but for the fact that this political abnegation happens to be all on one side. The Whigs remain quiet, and give no sign of life. The Democrats, on the contrary, are quickened into apparently greater energy by the inaction of their antagonists. They have no idea whatever of banishing politics from our municipal government; but finding themselves in a probable majority, and encouraged by the reluctance of the Whigs to offer any opposition, they are deaf to all other considerations than those of party success. They have commenced the work of nominating full fledged Democratic tickets, and will probably continue it, until they present an undivided and formidable political organization in every ward in New Orleans.

It thus appears from a survey of the field, that Locofocoism is this year to remain without a competitor, and we are menaced with an unanimous Democratic Board of Assistant Aldermen, and a largely Democratic Board of Aldermen. So let it be. We take it that New Orleans can struggle along for a while under the deadening influence of Democratic counsels. At all events, the citizens who hold the largest stake in her progress and prosperity are seemingly disposed to try the administrative qualities of that party. If they are satisfied, we can perceive no valid reason why we should complain. It is true that some six years ago, the Democrats got possession of the Second Municipality Council, and managed matters with such exquisite skill and transcendent ability, that at the subsequent election, the indignant suffrages banished them out in the most unceremonious style. But the experiment may be worth repeating, though we should a priori deem it somewhat hazardous. We don't exactly apply the necessity of twice discharging a thirty two pounder in a confined dwelling, when the last attempt shattered the windows and brought the ceiling about our ears; neither can we clearly comprehend the expediency of entrusting power to those who, when armed with it before, misused it to the detriment and suffering of the body politic. But our tax payers and property holders, and men of pith and enterprise think differently. Perhaps they are right—possibly they are wrong. We shall know the result in a year, though haply it may then be too late.

☞ Our thanks are due the Hon. PIERRE SOULE, and the Hon. L. St. MARTIN, for interesting public documents.

### The Crescent City Coming Up

We are indebted T. R. Jennings for the following telegraphic dispatch:

BALIZE, March 11

Steamship Crescent City, from New York, via Havana, at head of the Pass at 12 o'clock, M., and coming up the river.

She will sail again on Sunday morning, 13th instant at 8 o'clock.

NEW BOOKS.—Our thanks are due the publishers, D Appleton & Co., through J. B. Steel, No. 60 Camp street, for a copy of Mrs. Gore's new work, *The Dean's Daughter, or the Days We Live In*. It is said to be the best of this prolific writer's productions.

NEW ORLEANS MONTHLY MEDICAL REGISTER.—We are indebted to Dr. Axon, for the March number of this excellent and interesting publication.

INDUSTRIAL RESOURCES OF THE SOUTHERN AND WESTERN STATES.—Mr. DeBow has laid us under obligations, by sending us the third volume of this valuable and interesting work.—It contains information that cannot be found elsewhere.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—On Tuesday, the 22d inst., Messrs. Beard & May will sell at auction some of the finest, most eligibly situated, and most improvable real estate in our city, comprising property in the First and Second Districts, such as spacious lots in the rear of the city, which is filling up rapidly and extensively, and splendid stores on Canal, St. Charles, Levee, Chartres and Rampart streets. Most of this property is highly valuable, and the whole will be sold on a liberal credit. We invite the attention of capitalists to the sale, the particulars of which will be found in our columns.

☞ The Mobile *Register* of Thursday, says: Late in the evening, we heard from a friend, that a private cypher despatch had been received here, announcing the arrival of the Cunard steamer, with news of a firm market and large sales in Liverpool, prices stiffening. Receiving no confirmation of the report up to the hour of going to press, we leave our readers to form their own judgment of its truth; a few hours will suffice to substantiate or prove it simply an idle rumor.

☞ MEAGHER, the Irish patriot, is now on his way to the South. An interesting incident which occurred in Philadelphia, when he delivered his lecture there, is described as follows:

The Musical Fund Hall was crowded to excess. It was a most enthusiastic audience.—Several went away who could not procure seats, and many stayed at home who were afraid of the pressure. He was introduced to the audience by the Hon. John Binns, a rebel of '98, who was imprisoned in the Tower of London with Arthur O'Connor, and came to this country by virtue of the amnesty. Mr. Binns is in his 81st year, with a fine healthy and hearty look, and an active, unclouded intellect. Glory to God! his love for poor Ireland is as strong to-day as it was half a century ago.

I cannot attempt to describe the effect his introduction of Meagher produced. It was a noble picture. Taking Meagher by the hand with much emotion, the patriarch, with locks of snow, said—"Let an Irish rebel of 1798 introduce to this meeting an Irish rebel of 1848."—The scene which followed the enunciation of this simple but powerful sentence, it is not in my power to give the faintest outline of.

CHIROPODY.—We regret to learn that Dr. Levi, whose practice in this most important branch of Surgery, Chiropody, is in a few days to leave us, whilst in the middle of one of the most triumphant career ever professional man enjoyed. Dr. Levi, we fear, will have to leave a great many cases unrelieved, so numerous are the calls upon him. But as it happens in the experience of all professional men that some of his patients will violate an engagement, from uncontrollable causes, we would recommend sufferers to call upon the Doctor, and take advantage of any such blanks as may occur.

☞ The attention of city and country buyers is called to the sale of one hundred and twenty-five packages and lots foreign and American dry goods, this day at 10 o'clock, by Vincent & Co., at their auction room, No. 43 Bienville street.

SALES AT THE ST. LOUIS.—N. Vignie, [illegible] will sell THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock, eleven [illegible]

### CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, March 3.

The House refused to take up the bill supplementary to the steamboat law.

*Friday morning, 5 o'clock.*—Both Houses are still in session.

The naval appropriation, civil and diplomatic and Indian appropriation bills, are yet to be passed.

The Senate's amendment, recommended by the naval committee, for building a caloric propeller frigate, was rejected by 21 to 19.

The amendment appropriating $300,000 for the New Orleans navy yard, was agreed to.

SENATE.—The civil and diplomatic bill was agreed to, as reported by the conference committee.

The postoffice appropriation bill was passed.

A motion was made to take up Miss Dix's bill for the benefit of the insane.

Mr. Chase said he would move to add the homestead bill.

Mr. Gwin threatened to add the Pacific rail road bill.

The postoffice appropriation bill was received from the House, the amendments being disagreed to, the Senate insisted, and appointed a committee of conference.

The deficiency bill was received by the conference committee, and agreed to.

The lighthouse bill was agreed to.

The conference committee on the postoffice bill reported that they could not agree. The House insisting on striking out the amendments, including the amendment to establish a mail line of steamers to China.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The House took a recess from 9 until 10 o'clock, having first agreed on the reports of the conference committee on the Navy and Indian appropriation bills. This completes the whole number of bills before the House.

WASHINGTON, March 4, 11½ o'clock, A. M.—It has ceased snowing and is clearing off. The sun is peeping out from behind the blue curtain of the east, and everything indicates a pleasant day.

Mr. Fillmore will vacate the Executive mansion while the inaugural ceremonies are progressing, and Mr. Pierce will be escorted back to the mansion by a procession.

**Things in Washington—The Crowd.**

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The military, fire companies, and civic bodies are moving about in every direction.

There has been an immense crowd of visitors since daybreak to see the Jackson statue. The admiration for this master work of art is unbounded.

Both houses are still in session, the Capitol is thronged with ladies; hundreds of strangers slept in the rotunda and passages of the Capitol, lying down on cloaks, and indeed some lying on the floor, whilst thousands walked the streets the "live long night."

The first train from Baltimore this morning arrived at 8 o'clock, and the second at 9, bringing about 2,000 persons.

Pedestrians and horsemen from the surrounding country are arriving in immense numbers. The Alexandria boats arriving every half hour with large numbers.

Capt. Rynders, with delegations of the New York and Baltimore Empire clubs are parading the streets.

Hundreds of marshals, finely mounted, with badges and sashes, the military and fire companies, are moving to and fro like an invading army.

Mr. Fillmore and General Pierce were serenaded last night by the New York Continental band.

WASHINGTON, March 4, P. M.

The procession moved from the City Hall at noon. It was composed of a large military escort, and various civic bodies, Diplomatic corps, Judges of the Supreme Court, Ministers, members and ex members of the Senate and House of Representatives, various political clubs, the Baltimore and New York Empire Clubs, the Washington Fire Department, &c.

At Willard's Hotel Mr. Pierce was received into the procession, and entered a carriage by the side of President Fillmore, amid loud acclamations, ringing of bells, and the roaring peals of cannon.

An immense multitude was gathered along the route to the Capitol.

Both Houses of Congress had adjourned.

Mr. Pierce stood erect, bowing gracefully, in acknowledgment of the repeated cheers which greeted him.

The flag of the Senate Chamber was lowered, to indicate that the old Senate had adjourned *sine die*, and again raised, indicating the organization of a new Senate.

The procession entered the Senate chamber, and after various civil bodies had taken the stands assigned them, and the arrangements were completed outside, the procession again formed, headed by Chief Justice Taney. After prayer by Rev. Dr. Butler, the oath was administered by the Chief Justice.

Mr. Pierce stepped forward on the front of the stage, and was greeted by loud plaudits from the vast multitude. He then delivered the inaugural address.

At the conclusion of the speech the procession escorted the President to the White House, and Ex President Fillmore at Willard's Hotel. Judge Campbell and others, are understood to be in the Cabinet—they were in the procession.

The Senate met immediately after the ceremonies were over, and adjourned until Monday.

All the appropriation bills were passed, after being subjected to a modification by conference committees.

ROMANCE AND REALITY.—The Nashville American tells the following good story:

A scene of some interest came off at the Adelphi Theatre on Saturday night, during the performance of "Lucretia Borgia." The curtain was up, and the audience were intently gazing upon the poisoning scene, where five individuals were about to "give up the ghost," in consequence of partaking of the Syracuse wine. The death like silence which prevails was suddenly interrupted by the sobbings of some tender hearted female, whose sympathetic heart was keenly alive to the unfortunate condition of the aforesaid victims. A modest young man began to be interested in discovering the female whose heart, like his own, was so susceptible to human feeling. While the young Romeo was looking around from the parquette and scanning the countenances of the fair ones, he thought he experienced a sensation as if something was upon his head; he raised his hand and found to his delight that some lady had accidentally dropped her cambric handkerchief from the box seats directly above. Our young Romeo saw he had to discover that there was an opportunity to him to display his gallantry, he arose, and after privately pressing the cambric to his lips, extended it, delicately secured between the tips of his fingers, for the fair damsels to take possession of. At this moment a head protruded over the gallery above, and cried in a low but distinct voice, "chuck it up, massa!" The young man suddenly raised his eyes and beheld the blackest wench that ever white man looked upon. It is needless to add that he dropped almost lifeless into his seat, and a favored few who chanced to witness this ludicrous scene, burst into an uncontrollable fit of laughter.

INTERESTING SCIENTIFIC FACTS.—Professor Faraday, in a recent lecture before the Royal Institute of England, upon "the magnetic forces," made the following announcement:

"A German astronomer has for many years been watching the spots on the sun, and daily recording the result. From year to year the groups of spots vary. They are sometimes very numerous, sometimes they are few. After a while it became evident that the variation in number followed a descending scale through five years, and then an ascending scale through five subsequent years, so that the periodicity of the variations became a visible fact.

"While our German friend was busy with his groups of sun spots, an Englishman was busy with the variations of the magnetic needle. He, too, was a patient recorder of patient observation. On comparing his tabular results with those of the German astronomer, he found that the variations of the magnetic needle corresponded with the variations of the sun-spots—that the year when the groups were at their maximum, the variations of the needle were at their maximum, and so on through their series. This relation may be coincident merely, or derivative; if the latter, then we do not connect astral and terrestrial magnetism, and new reaches of sciences are open to us."

AN ACCOMPLISHED SWINDLER.—The Caddo *Gazette* has the following:

B. M. Johnson was the unfortunate victim, the other day, of a scoundrel who has been about Shreveport for several weeks past in the guise of a gentleman, with a woman represented to be his wife. The successful actor in this money arrangement which operated so injuriously to the cash drawer of Johnson called himself Dr. Carter, though it has since been made public that his real name was Major Case. At all events, on Tuesday last he had a draft presented to Johnson for $650 on some house in New Orleans, which was cashed by that unsuspecting gentleman. Carter, or Case, almost immediately afterwards left on the B. M. Jones for parts unknown, whereupon it turned out that almost every man in the community had known or thought "he was the d——st rascal out." In fact there was a gentleman in town who had known him in Missouri, and says he has been in some penitentiary, once swindled a firm in St. Josephs, Missouri, out of some several thousand dollars, &c., &c. Another knew him as a man for whom there was a reward of $200 offered in Louisville, Ky., and wished to arrest him, but was dissuaded from the step by a relative. Indeed both of the gentlemen who had previously known Carter wished to expose him to the community, but were advised by their friends to mind their own business, which they magnanimously did. No doubt they have the thanks of the lucky victimiser in this "cash transaction," if not of the unfortunate victim.

ORGANIZATION OF FOREIGNERS IN MEXICO.—To enable foreigners to protect themselves in case of an outbreak during the late troubles, the foreign ministers resident in Mexico recommended an organization of all foreigners in the city. Accordingly, on the afternoon of the 7th of January, the Americans met and passed resolutions as to the course they would pursue. A letter to the New York *Journal of Commerce* says:

The next day we (Americans) associated ourselves with the English and Germans. The Germans having the best and strongest rendezvous in case of an attack in the city, we made that, and still do, our headquarters. The Spaniards have their headquarters at the Bravo Hotel, and the French at a place called the Sociedad. These are all within one square's walk of each other.

According to this arrangement, our proportion of officers is one Lieutenant and two Sergeants; the whole five, viz: Americans, English, French, and Spaniards, under the command of a French officer, the number under arms [illegible] about 1,500. Most of us have two [illegible] six shooters, a musket and sword; so that [illegible] at all times ready, can fire about [illegible] balls, without reloading. In our head[illegible] fourteen men at and as sentinels every [illegible] They were attacked one night by about [illegible] Mexicans; but, as the latter were [illegible] fired upon, they instantly removed, [illegible] of their number dead.

### PRESIDENT PIERCE'S INAUGURAL.

Although yesterday's mail was a complete failure, we are enabled, through the enterprise of the St. Louis *Republican*, to lay before our readers the Inaugural address of President PIERCE *in extenso*, the document having been telegraphed to the *Republican*. We have examined it carefully, and entertain no doubt that it is nearly, if not entirely accurate.

It will be seen that the Inaugural verifies the comments we made a day or two ago, upon the telegraphic version which appeared in the Charleston *Courier*. Upon the subject of territorial aggrandisement the language of President PIERCE appears to indicate a desire to conciliate the two extremes of his party. His approval of the Monroe doctrine, coupled with the earnest asseveration that no acquisition of territory will be made save in conformity to the strictest national faith, justifies the inference. With regard to the distribution of federal patronage, the address is explicit and unambiguous. It intimates clearly enough what every reflecting mind must have anticipated—viz: that the offices under the General Government will be filled exclusively by the political adherents of the administration.

We like the tone of the Inaugural in reference to the Union and the Compromise. This portion of it will provoke violent objurgation from the Abolitionists, and may displease the rampant advocates of Southern rights; but it will elicit the unqualified approval of the discerning, the moderate and the patriotic throughout the Republic. On the whole, the address is a good one—fair and elevated in style and diction, though occasionally rather ambitious in its phraseology—it seems to be imbued with lofty purposes, and inspired by sound and praiseworthy sentiments. Let us hope that the practical bearing of the new administration will correspond with the vigor of the manifesto:

**Inaugural Address.**

FELLOW CITIZENS:

The circumstances under which I have been called, for a limited period, to preside over the destiny of the Republic, fill me with a profound sense of the responsibility, but with nothing like shrinking apprehension. I repair to the post assigned, not as to one sought for, but in obedience to the unsolicited expression of your will, answerable only for a fearless, faithful and diligent execution of my just powers. I ought to be and am truly grateful for the rare manifestation of the nation's confidence; but this, so far from lessening my obligations, only adds to their weight. You must sustain me by your strength. When looking for the fulfillment of reasonable requirements, you will not be unmindful of the great changes which have occurred even within the last quarter of a century, and the consequent augmentation and complexity of duties imposed on the administration, both of your home and foreign affairs. Whether the elements of inherent force of the Republic have kept pace with its unparalleled progression in territory, population and wealth, has been the subject of earnest thought and discussion on both sides of the ocean.

Less than sixty-three years ago, the Father of his Country made the then recent accession of North Carolina, one of the subjects of his special congratulation, at that moment, however, when the agitation consequent upon the revolutionary struggle had partially subsided, when we were just emerging from the weakness and embarrassment of the Confederation, there was an evident consciousness of vigor equal to the great mission which was so wisely and bravely fulfilled by our fathers. It was not a presumptuous assurance, but a calm faith, springing from a clear view of the sources of power of a government constituted like ours.—It is no paradox to say, that although weak, the new born nation was intrinsically strong. Inconsiderable in population and apparent resources, it was upheld by a broad and intelligent comprehension of the right and all pervading purpose to maintain the stronger power. It came from the furnace of the revolution tempered to the necessity of the times. The thoughts of the men of that day were patriotic; they wasted none of their energies upon idle or delusive speculations, but with a firm and fearless step advanced beyond the governmental landmarks which had hitherto circumscribed the limits of human freedom, and planted their standard where it has stood against dangers from abroad and the internal agitation which has at times fearfully menaced them at home. They have proved themselves equal to the solution of the great problem, to understand what their minds had been illuminated with by the dawning light of the revolution. The object sought was not a thing dreamed of, it was a thing realized. They had exhibited, not only the power to achieve, but what all history affirms to be so much more unusual, the capacity to maintain. The oppressed throughout the world, from that day to the present, have turned their eyes hitherward, not to find those lights extinguished, or to fear lest they should wane, but to be constantly cheered by their steady and increasing radiance. In this our country has, in my opinion, fulfilled its highest duties to suffering humanity. It has spoken, and will continue to speak, not only by its words, but by its acts—in language of sympathy, encouragement and hope, to those who earnestly listen to tones which pronounce for the largest rational liberty. But, after all, the most animating encouragement and potent appeal for freedom will be its own history and its triumphs, and prominently, the power of our example, but not example, be it remembered, to be powerful for lasting good, whatever apparent advantages may be gained, which is not based upon the eternal principles of right and justice.

Our fathers decided for themselves, both upon the hour to declare and the hour to strike. They were their own judges of the circumstances under which it became them to pledge to each other "their lives, their fortunes, and their sacred honor," for the acquisition of the priceless inheritance transmitted to us. The energy with which that great conflict was opened, and, under the guidance of a manifest and beneficent Providence, the uncomplaining endurance with which it was prosecuted to its consummation, were only surpassed by the wisdom and patriotic spirit and concessions which characterized all the counsels of the early fathers. One of the most impressive evidences of that wisdom is to be found in the fact, that the actual working of our system has dispelled a degree of solicitude which at the outset disturbed bold hearts and far-reaching intellects. The apprehension of dangers from extended territory, multiplied States, accumulated wealth, and augmented population, has proved to be unfounded. The stars upon your banner have become nearly three fold their original number; your densely populated possessions skirt the shores of two great oceans, and yet, this vast increase of territory and people has not only shown itself compatible with the harmonious action of the State and Federal Governments in their respective constitutional spheres, but has afforded an additional guarantee of the strength and integrity of both. With an experience thus suggested and cheering, the policy of my Administration will not be controlled by any timid forebodings of evil from expansion. Indeed, it is not to be disguised, that our attitude as a nation, and our position on the globe, render the acquisition of certain possessions, not within our jurisdiction, eminently important for our protection, if not, in the future essential to the preservation of the rights of commerce and the peace of the world. Should they be obtained, it will be through no grasping spirit, but with a view to obvious national interest and security, and in a manner entirely consistent with the strictest observance of national faith. We have nothing in our history or position to invite aggression—we have everything to impress upon us the cultivation of relations of peace and amity. I intend my administration shall leave no blot upon our fair name, and I trust I may safely give the assurance that no act within the legitimate scope of my constitutional control will be tolerated on the part of any portion of our citizens, which cannot challenge a ready justification before the tribunals of the civilized world. The Administration would be unworthy of confidence at home, or respect abroad, should it cease to be influenced by the conviction that no apparent advantage can be purchased at a price so dear as that of national wrong or dishonor.

It is not our privilege as a nation to speak of a distant past. The striking incidents of our history, replete with instruction, and furnishing abundant grounds for hopeful confidence, are comprised in a period comparatively brief.—But if our past is limited, our future is boundless. The obligations that throng the unexplored pathway of advancement will be limitless as their duration—hence, sound and comprehensive philosophy should embrace no less the distant future than the urgent present. The great object of our pursuits as a people, are best to be attained by peace, and are entirely consistent with the tranquility and interests of the rest of mankind. With the neighboring nations on our continent, we should cultivate kind and friendly relations. We can desire nothing in regard to them so much as to see them consolidate their strength and pursue the path of prosperity and happiness. If, in the course of their growth, we should open new channels of trade and international intercourse, it must always present a noble field for the moral influence of a great people.

Of the complicated system of European policy, we have heretofore been independent, and from their wars, tumults and anxieties, we have been entirely exempt. While these are confined to the nations with which they originate, and within their legitimate jurisdiction, they cannot affect us, except in appealing to our sympathies in the cause of human freedom and universal advancement.

With these views firmly and honestly carried out, we have a right to expect, and shall, under all circumstances, require prompt reciprocity. The rights which belong to us as a nation, are not alone to be regarded; but those which pertain to every citizen in his individual capacity, at home and abroad, must be sacredly maintained. So long as he can discern every star in its place upon that ensign, though he may be without wealth to purchase for himself a place, it will be his privilege, and must be his acknowledged right, to stand unabashed in the presence of princes, with the proud consciousness that he is himself one of a nation of sovereigns, and that he cannot, in his legitimate pursuits, wander so far from home that the agent he shall leave behind in the place I now occupy, will not see that no rude hand of power or tyrannical passion shall be laid upon him with impunity. He must realize, that upon every sea and upon every soil, where our enterprise may rightfully seek the protection of our flag, American citizenship is an inviolable panoply for the security of the American's rights; and in this connection it can hardly be necessary to reaffirm a principle which now should be regarded as fundamental. The rights, for the security and repose of this confederacy, to reject the idea of interference or colonization of this side of the ocean, by any foreign power beyond its present jurisdiction, as utterly inadmissible.

The opportunities of observation furnished by my brief experience as a soldier, confirms in my own mind the opinion entertained and acted upon by others, from the formation of the government, that the maintenance of large standing armies in our country would be not only dangerous but unnecessary. They also illustrate the importance, I might say, the absolute necessity, of military service, of practical skill which has made our army what it is. Our army, as organized, [illegible] every time of need, the strength of our military [illegible] the national militia—may be readily formed into a well disciplined and efficient organization. The skill and self devotion of the navy assure you that you may take the performance of the past as a pledge for the future, and you may confidently expect that the flag which has waved, untarnished, its folds over every sea, will still float in undiminished honor. But these, as well as many other subjects, will be brought before you at the appropriate time, through the subordinate branches of the government, to which I shall always look with profound respect, and with trustful confidence, for that cordial aid and support which I shall so much need, and which their experience and wisdom will readily suggest.

In the administration of our domestic affairs, you expect a devoted integrity in the public service, and an observance of rigid economy in all its departments, so marked as never justly to be questioned, and if this reasonable expectation be not realized, I frankly confess that one of my leading hopes is doomed to disappointment, and that my efforts in a very important particular must result in a humiliating failure.

Offices can be properly accepted only as aids for the accomplishment of these objects, and as occupancy can confer no prerogative, or inordinate desire for preferment any claim, the public interest imperatively demands, and every good citizen may well claim, the protection of the law and the benign influence of a good government; but a claim for office is what the people of the Republic should never recognize. No reasonable man, of any party, will expect the Administration to be so regardless of its responsibility, and the obvious elements of its success, as to retain persons known to be under the influence of political hostility and partizan prejudices in offices which will require not only severe labor but cordial co-operation. Having no implied engagements to ratify, no rewards to bestow, no resentments to remember, no personal wishes to consult, in selecting for official stations, I shall fulfil the difficult and delicate trust, admitting no motive as worthy my character or position, which does not contemplate an efficient discharge of my duty and the best interests of my country.

I acknowledge my obligations to the masses of my countrymen, and to them alone, and as higher objects than personal aggrandizement gave direction to their exertions in the late canvass, they shall not be disappointed. They require at my hands diligence, integrity and capacity, whenever there are duties to perform, and without this guaranteed quality in their public servants, more stringent laws for the prevention or punishment of negligence and peculation will be vain, and with them would be unnecessary. But these are not the only points to which you look for vigilance and watchfulness of duty. The danger of the concentration of all the powers in the General Government in a confederacy so vast as ours, is too obvious to be disregarded; you have a right, therefore, to expect your agents, in every department, to regard strictly the limits imposed upon them by the Constitution. The great scheme of our constitutional liberty rests upon a proper distribution of power between the State and Federal authorities, and experience has shown that the harmony and happiness of our people depend upon the just discrimination between the separate rights and responsibilities of the States and your separate rights, and herein, in my opinion, are the considerations which should form the true basis of our future concord in regard to the questions which have most seriously disturbed the tranquility of the Government. In the exercise of the powers clearly granted by the Constitution, it can hardly happen that its action upon any question should endanger the institutions of the States, or interfere with their right to manage matters of a strictly domestic character, according to the will of their own people.

In expressing my views briefly upon an important subject which has recently agitated the nation to an almost fearful degree, I am moved by no other impulse than an earnest desire for the perpetuation of that Union which has made us what we are, showering upon us blessings, and conferring a power and influence which our fathers could hardly have anticipated, even with their most sanguine hopes directed to a far off future.

The sentiments I now announce were not unknown before the expression of that voice called me here—my own position upon this subject was clear and unequivocal, in the record of my words and my acts, and it is only recurred at this time, because my silence might be misunderstood. With the Union my dearest hopes are enlisted—without it, what are we individually or collectively? What becomes of the noblest field ever opened for the advancement of our race in religion, in government, in arts, and in all that dignifies and adorns mankind, from that radiant constellation which both illumines our own way, and points out to struggling nations their course, but let a single star be lost, and if other darkness does not follow, the lustre of the whole is diminished. Do my countrymen need any assurance that such a catastrophe is not to overtake them while I possess the power to stay it? It is with me an earnest and vital belief that as the Union has been the source, under Providence, of our prosperity up to this time, so it is a pledge of the blessings we have enjoyed, and which we are bound to transmit undiminished, to our children. The field of calm and free discussion in our country is open, and will always be so, but it never has, and never can, be traversed for good in a spirit of sectionalism and uncharitableness.

The founders of the Republic dealt with things as they were presented to them in a spirit of self sacrificing patriotism, and, as time has proved, with a comprehensive wisdom which it will be safe for us to consult. Every measure tending to the paternal feelings of all the members of our Union, has had my heartfelt approbation, but to every theory of society or government, whether the offspring of feverish ambition or of morbid enthusiasm, calculated to dissolve the bonds of law and affection which unite us, I shall interpose a ready and stern resistance. I believe that involuntary servitude, as it exists in the different States of this Union, is recognized by the Constitution, and I believe that it stands like other admitted rights, and that the States where it exists are entitled to efficient remedies to enforce the constitutional provisions. I hold that the laws of 1850, commonly called the Compromise measures, are strictly constitutional, and should be unhesitatingly carried out. I believe that the constituted authorities of this Republic are bound to regard the rights of the South in this respect, as they would view any other feature, and constitutional right, and that the laws to enforce them should be respected and obeyed, not with a reluctance encouraged by abstract opinions as to their propriety in a different state of society, but cheerfully and according to the decision of the tribunal to which their exposition belongs.

Such have been and are my convictions, upon them I shall act. I fervently hope that the question is at rest, and that no sectional or ambitious or fanatical excitement may again threaten the durability of our institutions, or obscure the light of our prosperity. But let not the foundation of our hopes rest upon man's wisdom—it will not be sufficient that our sectional prejudices find a place in the public deliberations—it will not be sufficient that the rash counsels of human passion are rejected. It must be felt that there is no rational security but in the nation's acknowledgment of God and his over ruling Providence. We have been carried safely through a perilous crisis—wise counsels like those who gave us the Constitution, prevailed to uphold it. Let the period be remembered as an admonition, and not as an encouragement in any section of the Union to make experiments, where experiments are fraught with such fearful hazard. Let it be impressed upon all hearts, that, beautiful as our fabric is, no earthly power or wisdom could ever reunite us after being broken into fragments.

Standing, as I do, almost in view of the green slope of Monticello, and, as it were, in reach of the tomb of Washington, with all the cherished memorials of the past gathering around me like so many eloquent voices of expostulation from Heaven, I can express no better hope for my country, than that the kind Providence which smiled upon our fathers may enable their children to preserve the blessings they have inherited.

STEAMBOAT ACCIDENTS.—We copy the following from the Shreveport *South-Western* of the 3d instant:

The steamboat Sun, on her way down from Fulton to New Orleans, with a cargo of seven hundred and seven bales of cotton, struck a stump at the foot of Black Bayou, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of the 21st ult., and immediately sunk, and now lies in such a position that no boat can either ascend or descend the bayou.—Capt. Stockman, of the Texas Ranger, went to her relief, and is rafting the cotton to Pine Island. It is thought that the Sun will be a total loss, with the exception of the machinery and furniture.

The steamboat Echo, Captain Whitenbery, bound from Port Caddo to New Orleans, with a cargo of eight hundred bales of cotton and thirty passengers, on the 26th ultimo, struck a stump at the head of Prairie Lake, and sunk. The cotton will be saved, but it is thought the boat will prove a total loss. The Post Boy has gone up to the wreck.

SHOCKING MURDER.—A shocking murder was committed in Trigg county, on Tuesday, by James Thompson Coats upon the body of a negro girl belonging to Miss Mary Walden. The brutal treatment the girl had received from Coats had induced her to go to her mistress with the hope of preventing it in future. Coats, upon ascertaining the fact, went in pursuit, and found her near Cabiz, returning to his house.—He bound her with a rope, confining it to the neck of his horse, and dragged her home, a distance of six miles, then stamping out of her the little life that was remaining, he left her corpse upon the floor, and fled. A party of gentlemen went in pursuit, but returned, we learn, without being able to overtake him.—*Hopkinsville Ryle.*

### City Intelligence

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.—This is the last night of the engagement of Mrs. Anna Cora Mowatt, and is also the last occasion on which will be performed the favorite comedy of "Fashion." M'lle Vallee will dance the Fisher's Hornpipe, and in conclusion will be represented the farce "Hercules, King of Clubs."

ORLEANS THEATRE.—To-night Halevy's Grand Opera of the "Queen of Cyprus" will be represented. To-morrow Mr. Chol takes his benefit, on which occasion will be given the drama of "The Bell Ringer of St. Pauls," and the vaudeville of "The Country Curate."

MUSEUM.—Dan Rice's Great Southern Museum is becoming a most fashionable resort. A constant stream of visitors continues to pour into the establishment from morning till night.

OLE BULL'S GRAND CONCERT.—The last Grand Concert of the great Norwegian artist, which was to have taken place to night at the Odd Fellows' Hall, has been unavoidably postponed until further notice; in consequence of the continued indisposition of Miss Adelina Patti, and of Mad. Amalia Strakosch. We are extremely sorry to hear that this delightful entertainment should be interrupted by so unpleasant cause, and trust that both these charming vocalists may be speedily restored to health.

THE INFANT DRUMMER.—This Lilliputian phenomenon, the most remarkable we have ever seen, will give a few more representations at the Armory Hall. Every body who has seen the little fellow, is delighted with his astonishing performances. There will be a day performance at 12 o'clock, which will afford a nice opportunity for children and families to visit this juvenile prodigy.

WAX FIGURES, ETC.—Vanuchi's exhibition of Wax Figures is still on exhibition at the Commercial Exchange. And so, also, is the great American Giantess, weighing a thousand pounds—more or less.

PLACIDE'S VARIETIES.—Benefit of the Firemen's Charitable Association.—As we have already announced, the performances to night have been set apart by Mr. Placide for the benefit of this excellent institution. Apart from the natural incentive that should prompt every good citizen to give the association a hearty and generous support, the entertainments selected for the occasion are such as should fill the house to its utmost capacity. The Batemans appear in "The Young Couple," and in Shakspeare's "Richard III." Besides this two comedies will be performed, viz: "The Secret," and "Where there's a Will, there's a Way." Miss Ellen Bateman will in the character of Little Mose, recite a Fireman's Address.

On Monday the Batemans take their final and farewell benefit.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—The mandamus case of Trepagnier vs Crozat, to which we have already alluded, came up for argument yesterday before Judge Larue. Messrs. Dufour and Wadsell addressed the Court on behalf of the plaintiff, and Mr. T. G. Collens replied for respondent. Mr. Roselius will conclude the argument for defendant to day.

The slave Dabney, belonging to Thomas J. Casey, and charged with the murder of another slave, was tried by a special jury of freeholders. It would seem that there were some extenuating circumstances; for though the jury found the prisoner guilty as charged, they only condemned him to work in irons in the service of his master for one year.

VAGRANTS.—D. M. Colt and Ellen Lippo, charged with being vagrants, were sent yesterday by Recorder Genois to the workhouse for one month. Catherine Murphy was sent to the same institution for 61 [illegible] days.

LARCENY.—M. M[illegible] and Hannah Brady, were brought up yesterday before Recorder Winter [illegible] stolen a chest from the house of Catherine Russell in Estelle street. They were also charged with having [illegible]. They will be examined on Wednesday.

ROBBERY.—A most daring robbery was perpetrated by one Ezekiel McKinney, on Thursday evening. It seems that Mrs. Rowditch was walking in Rampart street, near Canal when the accused ran up to her and snatched a [illegible] containing some $25 [illegible] from her hand. [illegible] McKinney was shortly afterwards arrested. Yesterday Recorder Genois committed him for trial before the First District Court.

ASSAULT.—Mary Louisa Danzeigery complained yesterday to Recorder Genois, that she had been assaulted on Thursday in her own premises by another female who, under the pretence of settling for a purchase, locked and bolted the door and then fell to, and beat her. A warrant was issued.

SHOOTING.—Wm. Davis was brought up yesterday before Recorder Winter on the charge of having on Thursday night shot Peter Whitley in Gravier street. A certificate from the attending Physician of the latter was exhibited, setting forth that the life of Whitley was not in imminent danger. Pending the result of the wound the Recorder declined to admit the accused to bail.

ABUSE AND THREATS.—Jas. Mason was brought up yesterday before Recorder Winter, charged with having come to the house of Dr. Copes, in Magazine street, and threatened and abused him. It appears that he claims a child which was left at the door steps of the Doctor's residence some months previous, and for which the Doctor has provided. Of course the Doctor refuses to deliver up the child, until some legal proof is brought forward to compel him to do so. Mason having promised not to annoy the Doctor in future was allowed to go.

STEALING A WATCH.—James Goodwin was arrested on Old Levee street, on Thursday night, on the charge of having stolen a watch from Wm. H. Gray. When brought before Recorder Genois yesterday, the evidence was insufficient to establish any guilt, and the accused was accordingly discharged.

**Steamboat Departures—This Day.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Cincinnati | J M Niles, Irwin | 4 P M |
| Louisville | Fanny Smith, Dunham | 4 P M |
| Wabash River | Hiram Powers, Stow | 4 P M |
| St. Louis | H D Bacon, Ester | 12 M |
| Illinois River | Georgia, Scott | 5 P M |
| Mobile | St. Charles, Post | 4 P M |
| Biloxi | Creole, Lake | 5 P M |
| Yazoo River | Moore, Owartney | 5 P M |
| Ouachita River | Latona No 2, Reese | 5 P M |
| Opelousas | Red River, Dow | 12 M |
| Vicksburg | Natchez No 2, Leathers | 4 P M |
| Milliken's Bend | Southern Belle, White | 5 P M |
| Cumberland River | Ingomar, Peterson | 4 P M |
| Attakapas | Rose, Meyer | 12 M |
| Vermilion | Gen Rusk, Sutherland | 12 M |
| Balize | Fashion, Fazot | 9 A M |
| Bayou Sara | Belle Donna, Gilbert | 4 P M |
| Vicksburg | H B Stacy, Tyson | 5 P M |
| Memphis | Gen. Pain | 4 P M |
| Pittsburgh | Ambassador, Hunter | 5 P M |
| Ouachita | Cora No 2, Keeting | 5 P M |
| Yazoo River | D B Mosby, Phelps | 5 P M |
| Red River | Caddo No 2, Graham | 5 P M |
| Red River | Shreveport, Tarbell | 5 P M |
| Red River | Patty, Parker | 4 P M |
| Covington | Lenora, Dunnica | 2 P M |
| Donaldsonville | Music, Streck | 9 A M |
| Red River | P F Kimball, Kimball | 5 P M |
| Arkansas River | Dove, Smith | 5 P M |

**To-Morrow, Sunday, March 13th.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Baton Rouge | Gipsey, Ure | 9 A M |
| Bayou Sara | Emperor, Cotton | 9 A M |
| Mobile | California, Robe | 4 P M |
| St. Louis | Grand Turk, Clayton | 5 P M |

**MRS. JOURDAN, (late Mrs. Gouachen,)**
No. 134 ST. ANN STREET.
**HAIR POMATUM.**

MRS. JOURDAN begs leave to inform the public, that she always keeps in her establishment No. 134 St. Ann street, corner of Dauphin, a POMATUM which BLACKS THE HAIR, and causes it to grow rapidly.

The number of persons who have had the opportunity of ascertaining the excellence of Mrs. JOURDAN'S Pomatum, by constantly using it, is the best recommendation to the public. There is no mineral substance in the composition of this Pomatum, but vegetable plants only. mh12 1y

**Opening of Spring Goods.**
**F. FRYER,**
No. 54 Chartres st. between Customhouse and Bienville streets.

BEGS leave to inform the ladies that she has just received her new SPRING GOODS, comprising: Printed Muslin Robes, with flowers and flys-dores; Organdies and Armidee Garden Jaconet A'[illegible] bonnaces and Camayeux; silk muslin and grenadine; Alliance and Florence spring foulards; collars and sleeves, new style; embroidered muslin mantillas; thread and silk gloves; rich fans, linen cambric do, parasols. ALSO: Her assortment of plain rich straw bonnets; fancy embroidered do; Italian straw do; doctor girls. She has on hand mourning and half mourning apparels of the latest style. The opening of her new spring goods will take place on Monday, 14th instant. mh12

IN store and for sale by the undersigned—20 casks old Wine for family use; 10 do very old Chateau Margaux; 50 do ordinary Claret; 25 half do do do; 20 casks Bergerac Wine; 20 half do Haut Sauterne White Wine; 12 quarter do Cognac, brand Marquet; 25 demijohns very old Lacange Cognac; 30 boxes Brandy Apricots; 20 do do Prunes; 20 do do Pears; 12 do fruits in juice; 20 boxes Haut Sauterne white Wine, 25 do Larose Claret; 25 do St Estephe Medoc Claret; 30 do Edouard Pernod's Absynth; 15 do Sauvage & Branston do; 10 do Kirschwasser; 12 baskets Champagne in half bottles; 20 boxes Fontignan Muscatel; 15 do Zara Maraschino; 50 hampers empty bottles; 500 demijohns, various sizes; 15 bales containing 30 and 15,000 corks each; 50,000 corks in sacks, containing 500 each.
PAUL LACROIX, 13 Toulouse st. mh12

EXPECTED per ship Marion from Bordeaux, and for sale by the undersigned—100 casks ordinary Claret. PAUL LACROIX, 13 Toulouse street. mh12

EXPECTED ex ship Windsor Castle, from Bordeaux, and for sale by the undersigned—37 bales Corks, various qualities. PAUL LACROIX, 13 Toulouse st. mh12

CIGARS—4,000 fine Havana Cigars, about to be landed from brig Adams Grays, of all sizes and different brands.
ALSO—In store a general assortment of the most celebrated brands, such as—
Cabanas y Carbajal, Figaro,
Partagas, Intimidad,
Cabargas, Gutierrez,
Sebillana, &c., &c.
On sale by J. M. CABALLERO, 36 Old Levee. mr12

LYON SAUSSAGES—Just received from Havre, 3 cases of 800 pounds fresh Lyon Sausages, for sale by DUNTZE & IKEN, Corner Royal and Conti. mh12

TEAS—Imperial, Gunpowder and Powchong, assorted qualities and packages, for sale by JOS. H. MARKS, 76 and 78 Magazine st. mh12

MACKEREL—100 bbls large No 3, for sale by JOSEPH H. MARKS, 76 and 78 Magazine st. mh12

GOSHEN BUTTER, selected yellow—40 firkins, for sale by JOS H MARKS, 76 and 78 magazine. mh12

SOAP—No 1 Soap, assorted qualities; 200 boxes, for sale by JOS. H. MARKS, 76 and 78 Magazine st. mr12

FIGS—Extra Eleme in drums and cases, 30 packages, landing and for sale by JOSEPH H. MARKS, 76 Magazine st. mr12

LONDON PORTER—100 casks in store and for sale by F. J. HART & CO, 79 Tchoupitoulas st. mh12

BLACK PEPPER—100 bags, for sale to arrive, by F. J. HART & CO, 79 Tchoupitoulas st. mh12

LINSEED OIL—50 bbls English, in store, and for sale by F. J. HART & CO, 79 Tchoupitoulas st. mh11

RICE—250 casks in store and for sale by F. J. HART & CO, 79 Tchoupitoulas st. mh12

STAR CANDLES—250 boxes in a ore, for sale by F. J. HART & CO, 79 Tchoupitoulas st. mh 12

PECANS—300 sacks large Texas, in store, for sale by F. J. HART & CO, 79 Tchoupitoulas st. mr12

JAVA COFFEE—150 mats, in store, for sale by F. J. HART & CO, 79 Tchoupitoulas st. mr

CHAMPAGNE CIDER—[illegible] cases in store and for sale by F. J. HART & CO, 79 Tchoupitoulas st. mh12

GOSHEN BUTTER—30 firkins very choice, in store and for sale by F. J. HART & CO, 79 Tchoupitoulas st. mh12

COFFEE—600 bags prime green Havana, in store and for sale by DELVAILLE & MORENO, 34 Old Levee. mh11

### COMMERCIAL.

**The Markets.**

BEE OFFICE
FRIDAY EVENING, March 11, 1853.

The market has displayed more activity since the date of our last report, and in our leading staple especially the transactions have been very large. This increased activity is the result mainly of a more plentiful supply of tonnage, the arrivals from sea having been more numerous, though much of the demand for shipping that but few vessels remain disengaged. For Tobacco the demand has been fair and prices are steady. There is no change to notice in Sugar and Molasses. In Breadstuffs the transactions have been to a moderate extent at former prices. Provisions have been more active. In other respects we refer to our separate remarks at foot.

We had a very heavy rain yesterday, but with this exception the weather has been favorable for out-door business. The river remains at the same stage last noticed.

COTTON.—Arrived since the 4th instant, 37,137 bales. Cleared in the same time for Liverpool 20,798 bales; Havre 4124; Marseilles 770; Antwerp 2238; Genoa 2011; Barcelona 636; Vera Cruz 1130; New York 1411; Boston 2743; Philadelphia 602; Baltimore 482; together 37,130 bales; making a reduction in stock of 2 bales and leaving on hand inclusive of all on shipboard not cleared this day, a stock of 187,069 bales.

**STATEMENT OF COTTON**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Stock on hand Sept. 1st 1852 | bales | 9,758 |
| Received last week | 37,137 | |
| Received previously | 1,318,405 | 1,355,542 |
| | | 1,365,300 |
| Exported last week | 37,139 | |
| Exported previously | 961,072 | 998,211 |
| Stock on hand not cleared | | 367,089 |

Our report of Friday last closed on a steady market, and on Saturday there was no change though the sales were limited to 4,000 bales. On Monday the market opened with a good demand and the transactions of the day amounted to 16,000 bales. On Tuesday the Baltic's accounts were before the public reporting a dull market in Liverpool with sales of only 17,000 bales during three days. Orleans Fair was quoted at 6¾d, and Middling at 5¾d. Despite the tenor of this intelligence our own market was extremely animated on that day, and the business was swelled to fully 20,000 bales at firm prices. The same good enquiry prevailed on Wednesday and resulted in sales of 13,000 bales, whilst yesterday with a continued steady demand, 10,000 bales changed hands at full rates. To-day again the market exhibited much animation, and notwithstanding sectors' tables were somewhat bare in consequence of the heavy business previously transacted, the sales ran up to 13,000 bales, thus swelling the total operations of the week to the very large amount of 79,000 bales, the great bulk of which was taken for England. Prices close with great firmness, more especially for the better qualities, which are scarce and sought for.

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION—LOUISIANA AND MISSISSIPPI

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Inferior | 6 @8¼ | Fair | 10¾ @ — |
| Ordinary | 6¾ @7¾ | Fully Fair | — @ — |
| Middling | 8¾ @9¼ | Good Fair | — @ — |
| Good Middling | 9¼ @9¾ | Good and Fine | — @ — |
| Middling Fair | 10 @10¼ | | |

TOBACCO.—Arrived since the 4th instant, 124 hhds. Cleared in the same time for New York 5 hhds; Sabine Pass 2; together 7 hhds. Stock in warehouse and on shipboard, 9,345 hhds.

**STATEMENT OF TOBACCO.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Stock on hand Sept 1st 1852 | hhds. | 18,821 |
| Received last week | 1,280 | |
| Received previously | 25,661 | 26,962 |
| | | 45,781 |
| Exported last week | 7 | |
| Exported previously | 15,111 | 15,446 |
| Stock on hand and on shipboard | | 9,345 |

We have to notice a good demand for Tobacco during the past week, the sales having amounted to fully 1,300 hhds at decidedly firm prices. Amongst the transactions we notice [illegible]. We quote Lugs from 3 at 4¼c; Inferior to Common, 4¾ a 5¼c; Fair 5¾ a 5¾c; Fine, 6¾ a 7c; Choice 6¾ a 7c ₰ lb.

SUGAR.—The market has undergone no change since our last, though the demand for the past two or three days has been limited. The sales of the week amount to about 600 hhds, or about 100 a day. We retain our former quotations as follows: Inferior 2½ a 3c; Common 3½ c; Fair 3¾ a 4¼c; Prime 4¾ a 4¾c; Choice 5c ₰ lb.

MOLASSES.—There has been a moderate demand for this article without any change in prices. The sales comprise rarely [illegible] of which 500 to 600 ... at a range of 17 @ 18c for fermenting, 22½ to 24c for Fair to Prime, and 24¾ a 25c for choice reboiled.

FLOUR.—The business in the Flour market since the date of our last report has been on a limited scale, and prices have experienced no quotable change. The sales of the week amount to 11,000 bbls of which 1200 changed hands to-day. Prices for Ohio range from $4 00 @ $4 25, but we notice some sales of choice lots in good shipping order at $4 25. Sales of St. Louis and Illinois have been made at $4 25 a $4 35, and of choice extra brands at a range of $4 75 a $5 ₰ bbl.

GRAIN.—The receipts of Corn since our last have been moderate, and so also have been the transactions in this grain, which have been for the week. The sales of the week including [illegible] sacks sold today, amount to 30,000 sacks at a range of 37 @ 45c for yellow and mixed, and 40 @ 45c for white and yellow. There has been a moderate business in Oats. The sales reach about 24,000 sacks at 37 a 43c ₰ bushel for St. Louis. Bran has been selling at [illegible] to a moderate extent at 90c ₰ 100 lbs.

PORK.—The market has been characterized by a better feeling since our last, the transactions having been on a considerable scale and at prices in favor of sellers. The business has reached 7,000 bbls at a range of $15 75 @ $16 75 for Mess and unmerchantable Mess, and $11 12½ @ $11 75 for Prime, and $11 75 @ $12 for Rump. Bulk Pork has likewise improved, and we notice a sale of 300,000 lbs Sides at 7¾c; 200,000 lbs Shoulders at 6½c, and also 180,000 lbs partially damaged at 5c for Sides, 4c for Shoulders and 5¾c for Hams.

BACON.—The market has exhibited a rather dull appearance since our last, and prices have declined ½c for ₰ lb. The sales embrace 130 casks at 7¾ @ 7½c for Sides, but the outside figure can no longer be obtained. Shoulders have been selling to a small quantity at 6½ a 7c; and we notice a sale of a few small lots of Hams at 10¾ @ 11c ₰ lb.

BEEF.—There has been more doing in this article during the past week. A sale of 250 bbls and half bbls Mess was made at $15 25, and 50 bbls, and at $16 Mess at $14 75 and 250 bbls uninspected Prime Mess at $12 25. We also notice sales of 100 tierces Prime Mess in two lots at $18 25.

LARD.—The market has been quiet since our last, owing to moderate receipts, but prices are firmer than before noticed. The sales of the week amount to 1,800 bbls and tierces at various lots at 9 @ 9½c, and 250 kegs at 9¾ c, and 250 do at 10c and a few hundred in lots at the same figure.

BUTTER AND CHEESE.—The market has remained unchanged, the price of Western Butter ranging from 14 @ 26c ₰ lb. A lot of 300 kegs was taken for export at 16c ₰ lb. Cheese has been selling to a moderate extent at 8½ a 9½c ₰ lb.

RICE.—The demand has continued fair, and several small sales have been made at 4¾ @ 4¾c ₰ lb.

HAY.—We notice sales of 350 bales Western Hay at $19. Also 600 bales at the same rate.

WHISKEY.—The market has been very quiet since our last, the sales barely amounting to 300 bbls at 20¾ @ 21c ₰ gallon for rectified, and including also 100 bbls raw at 20½c ₰ gallon.

COFFEE.—The market was dull in the early part of the week, but a slight concession on the part of sellers has brought forward purchasers, and the sales of the week amount to 11,000 sacks, the bulk of which at 9½c 9½c ₰ lb. A sale of 1300 bags damaged was made at auction at 7¾c ₰ lb.

SALT.—A very extensive business has been transacted in this article during the past week, and prices have improved. The sales comprise five cargoes containing 27,000 sacks mostly with a proportion of one-fourth fine at 75c; 5,240 sacks coarse (two cargoes) at 60 a 65c; 1,800 sacks, one-third fine, at 70c; 4,970 sacks coarse, at 75c; 6,900 sacks (2,000 fine) at 70c, and some 10 to 20,000 sacks to arrive, at prices ranging from 60 a 75c ₰ sack. From second hands sales continue to be made at 80 @ 85c for coarse, and $1 10 @ $1 15 ₰ sack for fine delivered.

BAGGING AND BALE ROPE.—The transactions since our last, include 200 pieces Bagging, at 12¾ @ 13c, 50 pieces at 13c, and 800 coils superior Rope in three lots at 7¾c ₰ lb. At retail, holders obtain 13 @ 13½c ₰ yard for Bagging.

GUNNY BAGS.—The market has been quiet, and the largest sale we have heard was 7,200 at 9¾c each.

HEMP.—No sales have transpired, the few lots that arrive being for transhipment. Prices are quite nominal.

LEAD.—We are still without any sales to notice, and prices are entirely nominal.

LIME.—There have been no arrivals, and small sales of Thomaston from second hands are now made at $1 75 ₰ cask.

CANDLES.—The demand is good, and we notice sales of 6 to 700 boxes Star Candles in lots, mostly at 25½c.

TALLOW.—We notice sales of 100 bbls Prime city rendered in two lots, at 8¾c ₰ lb.

EXCHANGES.—The large transactions in Cotton have thrown an increased supply of Foreign bills on the market, and the rates in consequence have given way. We quote Sterling, 108¾ @ 109. Paris, 5f 23¾ @ 5f 17¾. Northern Exchange is in better demand, and the rates are firmer; we quote 60 day Bills on New York at 1½ @ 2 ₰ cent discount. Checks, ⅛ @ ¼ ₰ cent disc.

**EXCHANGE OUT DOOR.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Sterling | 108¾ @109 ₰ c. |
| Francs | 5f 23¾ @5f 17¾ |
| New York, sixty day bills | 1½ @2 ₰ cent disc |
| Do. Checks | ⅛ @ ¼ ₰ cent disc |
| Boston, sixty days | 1½ @2 ₰ cent disc |
| Philadelphia, sixty days | 1¾ @2 ₰ cent disc |
| Havana at five to eight days | 0 @ 1 ₰ ct. prem |

FREIGHTS.—A very active business has been done in the Foreign Freight market since our last, and the engagements comprise two American ships for Liverpool, at 11-16d; one American and fourteen British vessels for Liverpool at ⅝d; three ships for Havre, at 1⅝c; one for Trieste, at 1⅝c; and a bark for Europe, on private terms. Coastwise freights are also active, and engagements have been made at ⅝c for Cotton; $1 @ $1 12½c for Pork; $5 50 for Sugar, and 18 @ 20c for Grain. Flour 55 @ 60c ₰ bbl.

**FREIGHTS**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| COTTON—Liverpool | ₰ lb | ⅝ @11-16d |
| Havre | ₰ lb | 1⅝c |
| Antwerp and Trieste | ₰ lb | 1⅝c |
| New York | ₰ lb | ⅝c |
| Boston, &c. | ₰ lb | ⅝c |
| TOBACCO—Cowes, &c. | ₰ hhd | —s d @ —s d |
| London | ₰ hhd | s d @ s 0d |
| Bremen | ₰ hhd | —s d @ —s d |
| Antwerp, Hamburg, &c. | ₰ hhd | [illegible] |
| Liverpool | ₰ hhd | [illegible] |
| Havre | ₰ hhd | $— @$0 — |
| New York | ₰ hhd | $0 0 @$0 00 |
| Boston | ₰ hhd | $0 0 @$0 00 |
| Philadelphia | ₰ hhd | $0 0 @$0 00 |
| SUGAR AND MOLASSES—To Northern Ports: | | |
| From the Coast | ₰ hhd | $0 00 @$0 00 |
| From the City | ₰ hhd | $ 5 50 @$0 00 |
| BACON—New York | ₰ hhd | $0 0 00 @$5 00 |
| Boston | ₰ hhd | $0 00 @$0 00 |
| PORK, &c.—New York | ₰ bbl | $0 00 @$1 12½ |
| Boston | ₰ bbl | $1 00 @$1 12½ |
| London | ₰ bbl | —s d @ —s d |
| Liverpool | ₰ bbl | —s 0d @s 0d |
| PORK AND BEEF—London | ₰ tce | —s d @s 0s d |
| Liverpool | ₰ tce | 7s 6d @ 0s d |
| FLOUR—New York | ₰ bbl | $0 00 @$0 00 |
| Boston | ₰ bbl | $0 00 @$0 00 |
| London | ₰ bbl | $0 00 @$0 00 |
| Liverpool | ₰ bbl | 3s 6d @ 0s 0d |
| LEAD—New York | ₰ ton | $0 00 @$0 00 |
| Boston | ₰ ton | $0 00 @$0 00 |
| WHEAT—Northern Ports | ₰ bu | — @ — |
| London | ₰ bu | none shipping |
| Liverpool | ₰ bu | none shipping |
| CORN—Northern Ports | ₰ bu | 12 @ 20c |
| London | ₰ bu | 00 @ —s |
| Liverpool | ₰ lb | 16 @ 17d |
| HEMP—New York | ₰ ton | $00 00 @$18 — |
| Boston | ₰ ton | $00 00 @$18 — |
| Europe | ₰ lb | —s d @s 00d |

HAVANA SUGAR.—Expected ex brig J B Gittings, from 300 to 400 boxes, comprising white, Cucuracho, Quebrado, brown, Florete, etc; and landing ex brig Kite, 133 boxes white sugar, for sale by DELVAILLE & MORENO, 34 Old Levee. mh11

PICADURA—A few bbls very fresh, in store and for sale by DELVAILLE & MORENO, 34 Old Levee. mh11

TOBACCO—Havana and Cuba Leaf Tobacco, for fillers and wrappers, in store and for sale by DELVAILLE & MORENO, 34 Old Levee. mh11

PAPER FOR CIGARETTES—A few bales in good order, for sale by DELVAILLE & MORENO, 34 Old Levee. mh11

PAPER CIGARS—An assortment of the most reputed brands, such as the Figaro, Dos Sibolas, &c, in store and for sale by DELVAILLE & MORENO, 34 Old Levee. mh11

### POSTSCRIPT.

**BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.**

[TRANSMITTED TO THE N. O. BEE]

STATE LEGISLATURE
BATON ROUGE, March 11.

SENATE.—Twenty members present. An act to regulate the transmission of intelligence by magnetic telegraph, passed.

An act to amend "an act for the appropriation of land for railroads and other corporations," Passed.

The act organizing public schools within the city of Jefferson was called up and referred to the Committee on Education.

Mr. Hodge introduced an act to restrict the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in civil cases to questions of law only. Refered to the Committee on Judiciary.

The act to incorporate the Pioneer Fire Company No. 1, of the city of Jefferson. Passed.

The Senate adjourned until tomorrow at 10 o'clock A. M.

HOUSE.—Mr. Marks introduced an act for the protection of minors. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

A communication from the board of school directors of New Orleans was received and referred to the Committee on public Education.

Several local bills were introduced, and the House adjourned until to morrow morning, 10 o'clock, A. M.

**By the National Line.**
**Steamboats Passing.**

VICKSBURG, March 11th.

The following steamboats have passed here during the last twenty four hours, bound for New Orleans.

The H M Wright, at 12 last night; Buena Vista, at 7 this morning; Eastport, at 3 this afternoon; Magnolia, at 6 do.

[By the Southern Line.]

**Mobile Cotton Market.**

MOBILE, March 11.

There has been a good demand in the Cotton Market during the past week, and the sales reach 23,000 bales. The receipts for the same time have been 19,000, and the exports 22,000 bales. Stock on hand this evening 119,000 bales. The quotation for Middling is 9¾ ₰ lb.

### SPECIAL NOTICES.

**Chief Justice of Louisiana.**

☞ CHRISTIAN ROSELIUS is a candidate for the office of Chief Justice of Louisiana. f24-tdsp

☞ We are authorized to state that by request of numerous friends Judge THOMAS SLIDELL has consented to be announced as a candidate for the office of Chief Justice of the Supreme Court at the approaching election. fe27 td

☞ Judge THOMAS J. COOLEY, of the parish of Pointe Coupee, is a candidate for the office of Supreme Judge for the Third Supreme Judicial District. mh10

☞ ROBERT PREAUX, will be supported as a candidate for the office of Associate JUDGE of the Supreme Court, from the First District, composed of the parishes of Plaquemines and St. Bernard, and that part of the parish of Orleans below Julia street. ja31

☞ We are authorized to announce GUSTAVUS SCHMIDT, as a candidate for Associate Judge of the Supreme Court, for the first District. VOX POPULI. f-9

☞ We are authorized to announce Judge THOMAS H. KENNEDY as a candidate for the office of Associate Justice of the Supreme Court for the First District, composed of the Parishes of Plaquemines, St. Bernard, Orleans (right bank of the river) and that portion of the city of New Orleans below Julia street. Election to be held on the first Monday in April next. fe25

☞ Judge A. M. BUCHANAN, is a candidate for the office of Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, for the First District, composed of the Parishes of Plaquemines, St. Bernard, Orleans (right bank of the river) and that portion of the city of New Orleans below Julia street.
Election to be held on the First Monday of April next. mh17 1m

☞ We are authorized to announce J. C. BEATTY, of the parish of Lafourche Interior, as a candidate for the office of Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, from the 3d District. fe25 dawtf

☞ ALBERT DUFFEL, of Donaldsonville, present Judge of the Fourth Judicial District Court of Louisiana, is presented to the Electors of West Baton Rouge, Iberville, Ascension, Assumption, Lafourche Interior, Terrebonne, St. James, St. John the Baptist, St. Charles, Jefferson, and the city of New Orleans, above Julia street, as a candidate for Associate Judge of the Supreme Court for the Second District, and will receive the cordial support of HIS MANY FRIENDS. mr

☞ MILES TAYLOR is a candidate for election as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of Louisiana, at the election to be holden on the first MONDAY of April next, in the Second District, comprised of that portion of the city of New Orleans above the middle of Julia street, and the Parishes of Jefferson, St. Charles, St. John Baptist, St. James, Ascension, Assumption, Lafourche Interior, Terrebonne, West Baton Rouge and Iberville. mh

☞ We are authorized to announce that ARISTIDE LOUIS CHAPPUIS? [illegible], of Greenville, Parish of Jefferson, is a candidate for the office of Associate Justice of the Supreme Court for the Second District, [illegible] West Baton Rouge and Iberville. [illegible]

☞ EDWARD RAWLE, of New Orleans, is announced as a candidate for Associate Judge of the Supreme Court, for the Second District, composed of the city of New Orleans above Julia street, and the parishes of Jefferson, St. John the Baptist, St. Charles, St. James, Ascension, Assumption, Lafourche Interior, Terrebonne, West Baton Rouge and Iberville, and will receive the cordial support of MANY FRIENDS. [illegible]

☞ Judge EDWARD SIMON, formerly one of the Judges of the Supreme Court, under the Constitution of the State, is a candidate for the office of Associate Justice of the Supreme Court for the Third District, composed of the Parishes of [illegible] St. Helena, St. Tammany, Pointe Coupee, Avoyelles, Rapides, Natchitoches, Lafayette, Vermilion, St. Martin and St. Mary's, and will be supported by the FAR AND PEOPLE OF THE DISTRICT. [illegible]

☞ I present myself to the voters of the Parish of Orleans as a candidate for Judge of the First District Court of New Orleans. JOHN C. LARUE. mh

☞ Please announce J. N. LEA as a candidate for the office of Judge of the Second District Court of New Orleans, or of the Court which may be organized to succeed it. fe15

☞ MARTIN BLACHE, is a candidate for the Judgeship of the Second District Court of New Orleans, or for the Court which may succeed it. fe15

☞ We are authorized to announce P. S. ERON, as a candidate for the Judgeship of the Court of Probates, for the Parish of Orleans, if such Court exists under the new Constitution, or for any other Court that might be created to succeed the Second District Court. fe15

☞ We are authorized to announce H. C. CASTON as a candidate for the Judgeship of the Third District Court of New Orleans, or to the Court which may succeed it under the new Constitution. mh3

☞ We are authorized to announce Judge ALPHONSE CANONGE, as a candidate for the Judgeship of the Third District Court of New Orleans, or for the Court which may succeed it under the new Constitution. fe15

☞ C. M. EMERSON is a candidate for the Judgeship of the Third District Court, or for the Court which may be organized to succeed it. fe15

☞ Please announce LOUIS DUVIGNEAUD, Esq., as a candidate for the Judgeship of the Third District Court of New Orleans. fe10

☞ RICHARD H. BARKER is a candidate for the Judgeship of the Third District Court of New Orleans, or the Court which may succeed it under the new Constitution.

**Fourth District Court.**

☞ I am a candidate for Judge of the Fourth District Court of New Orleans. M. M. REYNOLDS. mh7

☞ Please announce JOHN GEDGE, as a candidate for the Judgeship of the Fifth District Court of New Orleans, or for the Court which may succeed it under the New Constitution. At the request of NUMEROUS FRIENDS. mh

☞ We are authorized to announce that a large number of independent voters will support, for Judge of the Fifth District Court, GENERAL D. AUGUSTIN. f17

☞ We are authorized to announce Judge J. CALVITT CLARKE a candidate for the office of Judge of the Sixth District Court of New Orleans, or the Court to be created to succeed the Third District Court of Jefferson in its jurisdiction over Lafayette. fe23 te

MESSRS. EDITORS.—Will you please announce LOUIS GAGNET as a candidate for Assistant Alderman to represent the Third, Fourth & Fifth Wards of the Second District, at the ensuing election. MANY FRIENDS. mh11

☞ We are authorized to announce Mr. JULIUS JAEHNE, as a candidate for Assistant Alderman, to represent the First and Second Wards, Second District. [illegible]

☞ ALFRED ROUSSEAU is a candidate for Clerk of the First District Court.

☞ P. M. BERTIN, for the last fourteen years Deputy Clerk of the late Probate, and of the present Second District Court, is a candidate for the Clerkship of said Second District Court or whatever Court the same may be changed to. mh1

☞ THOMAS C. POOLE, Clerk of the Second District Court, is a candidate for re-election. mh10

☞ We are authorized to announce Col. CHAS. A. LABUZAN as a candidate for Clerk of the Third District Court, or whatever Court the same may be changed to. mh1

☞ THOMAS GILMORE, Clerk of the Fourth District Court, is a candidate for re-election. mh9

☞ W. A. NOTT is a candidate for Clerk of the Fifth District Court. mh12

☞ We are authorized to announce SAMUEL G. RISK as a candidate for Clerk of the Fifth District Court, or whatever Court the same may be changed to. fe22 te

**For District Attorney,**
**HENRY ST. PAUL.**

**For Sale by J. D. Berrey,**
Broker, No. 26 Customhouse st.

A NEGRO woman, aged 23 years, good cook and washer, and her two children, one aged 7 years, and the other 5 years.

Two negro women, aged 36 years, also cooks and washers.

The above Slaves are fully guarantied.

ALSO—Several Lots of Ground fronting on Canal Carondelet; several valuable Properties in suburb Treme and the 2d district. mh9

**Notice to Creditors.**

THE Creditors of the late Eugene Artiguenave are requested to present their claims within ten days to Mr J. H. Ashbey, the testamentary Executor of the deceased, at the corner of Old Levee and Jefferson street, or to L. FAYOUR, Attorney at Law, at his office, No. 7 St. Peter street. mh2

**O. ROBIN'S DRUG STORE,**
Orleans street, corner of Villere.
**French Chemical Produce.**

RECEIVED per bark Olivia, from Havre, a grand assortment of DRUGS and MEDICINES, such as Extracts (by the new process of Grandval) of Absynth, Belladona, Hemlock, Colchicum, Colombo, Digitalis, Hops, Bark, Opium, Hoarhound, Poppy, Gentian, Valerian, amara dulcis, Thridace, Rhubarb, Distilled Waters of Scurvy Grass, Cresses, Water Lily, Plantain, Pardon, Black Nightshade, Cherry Laurel, Cinnamon, Violet Syrup, Raspberries and Strawberries, Extracts; Tincture of Arnica and Veratrum Album; Roger's, Lartigue's and Blancard's Pills; Roger's Purgative Powders; Pectoral Pastes, of various substances; Provins's Roses; 200 ounces of French Sulphate of Quinine; genuine English [illegible] various Preparations against the Worms; a general assortment of Trusses, etc, etc.

☞ Gentlemen of the Medical Profession are respectfully requested to call at said Drug Store, and ascertain the good quality of his produce. mh9 1m

ENGLISH SUGAR KETTLES—Landing ex ship John G. Harris, from Liverpool— WROUGHT IRON of the following dimensions, to wit: 36X14, 40X15, 44X16, 50X[illegible] [illegible] per pound. On hand—Cast Iron [illegible] one dollar per pound.

The above Sugar Kettles are from the celebrated manufacture of Edwin Man, Liverpool. JUAN Y DE EGANA, For sale by 47 Bienville st. mh11

### PUBLIC NOTICES.

**WANTED.**

DIVING BELL—We will either buy or hire. Apply to F. J. HART & CO, 79 Tchoupitoulas st. m4

MANTUA MAKERS WANTED—Apply at No. 48 Chartres st.

NOTICE.—L. A. LEVY, Jun'r and HORACE HARBY, have become this day associated with us in business. The firm will continue as heretofore. M. BARNETT & CO, No. 3 Magazine st. New Orleans, March 8th, 1853. mh11 1m

**Branch Louisiana State Bank.**

New Orleans, 7th March 1853.

THE following named gentlemen have been appointed Directors of this Branch for the ensuing year, viz:
Wm. H. Avery, Jas. W. Zacharie,
Wm. L. Lamer, A. Brother,
M. Greenwood, J. U. Lavillebeuvre,
S. H. Kennedy, Wm. Tufts,
J. Menard, A. H. May.
And at a meeting held this day, Wm. H. Avery, Esq., was unanimously elected President.
mr9 1m N. J. PALFREY, Cashier.

**Notice to Mariners.**

THE "Ship Shoal Light Vessel" having been repaired, is now moored at the West end of the Ship Shoal, N. N. W. from the wreck of the steamer Galveston, about half mile to Northward of the shoal. The light bears South-West by South from Raccoon Point—distance about 12 miles. Vessels should pass outside the Light Ship.
(Signed) GEO. C. LAWRASON, Collector.
New Orleans, Feb. 21, 1853. 1m

**New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad Company.**

SEALED proposals will be received at the office of the Company, 45 Carondelet street, until the 19th instant, for the grading and crib work, required for seventeen miles of road, from the lands of Mr. Butler Kenner to the 30th mile. Plans and specifications can be seen at the Engineer's office.
m12 JAMES CLARKE, Chief Engineer.

**Notice to Contractors.**

OFFICE N. ORLEANS, OPELOUSAS, AND G. WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY.
New Orleans, March 4, 1853.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until the 10th of May next, for the construction of that portion of the road between Bayou Lafourche and Berwick's Bay, a distance of 31 miles. Also from Berwick's Bay to Washington, 92 miles, including a branch road of 1½ miles. Proposals will be received for the entire construction of the road, the Company furnishing the iron alone. Ample security and evidence of ability will be required. Plans and specifications of the work can be seen at the office, after the 10th of April.
JAMES G. GIBBS, Chief Engineer. mh5 td

**Notice to Contractors.**
*New Orleans Jackson and Great Northern Rail Road.*

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Company No. 45, Carondelet street, N. Orleans, until the 8th of April next, for the grading, masonry and bridging of the remaining part of the first Division of the New Orleans Jackson and Great Northern Rail Road, extending from the line of the State of Louisiana, to the city of Jackson Mississippi, a distance of 95 miles.

The route is generally through a high healthy pine country, which, with the character of the work, renders it worthy the attention of Northern Contractors. Satisfactory evidence of ability will be required with proposals.

Plans and profiles will be ready for examination at the Engineer's Office, in New Orleans, and information regarding the line given by the Assistant Engineers at Jackson and Gallatin after the 20th of March.
JAMES CLARKE, Chief Engineer.
New Orleans, Feb 26th 1853. td

**New Orleans and Pearl River Railroad and Navigation Company.**

BOOKS of subscription to the capital stock of the Company are now open at the offices of the New Orleans Canal and Navigation Company, No. 29 St. Charles street, G. D. Ferel at W. Vignie's auction room, corner of Conti and Exchange Alley, and at Wm. L. Cushing & Co's office, No. 43 Common street, and will remain open for the term of four months, according to charter.
By order of the Board of Directors,
WM. L. CUSHING, Secretary pro tem. fe11 4m

**Office of the New Orleans, Opelousas and Great Western Railroad Company,**
*Corner Bienville St. and Exchange Alley.*
NEW ORLEANS, January 1, 1853.

NOTICE.—The Stockholders of this company are hereby notified that an instalment of ten per cent on the number of shares to be called during the present year, and the periods of their payment as required by the third section of the charter, the stockholders are hereby notified that an instalment of 10 per cent will be due and payable at the office on MONDAY, the 4th day of April next, and 10 per cent on the 3d day of October next.
By order of the Board.
BENJ F. FLANDERS, Secretary. j20

**New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad Company.**
New Orleans, January 17 1853.

SUBSCRIBERS to the stock of this Company are hereby notified that an instalment of ten per cent will be due and payable at the office of the Company, on TUESDAY, the 15th day of March 1853.
By order of the Board. JOHN CALHOUN, Secretary. j30 td

**NOTICE.**

MESSRS. JOHN McGARA, JOSEPH ALLEN, and Mrs. MARGARET McKEON, by calling at our office, will hear something concerning their interest.
LEG. ROCHEREAU & CO., 1? and 16 St. Louis st.

**French Language—Evening Classes.**

PROF. FAUCONNIER is now organizing two French Evening Classes—one for beginners, the other for persons who have a ready some knowledge of the language. Those gentlemen who may be desirous of joining either, are respectfully requested to call on the Professor, 73 Common street, up stairs. fe9

ADVANCES.—Liberal cash advances made on consignments of Tobacco to Messrs. Bellamy & Williamson, Gibraltar.
WILLIAMSON, ZARATIN & CO., 30½ Poydras st. f20

ADVANCES—Liberal cash advances on consignment of western produce to my friends in Havana will be made by D. BORNIO, Jr., 31 Gravier st.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made on consignments to our friends in Bordeaux.
FUENTES & CO., 22 Old Levee. f26 1m

EXCHANGE on Genoa and Bordeaux, for sale by LANATA & GONDOLFO, 9 and 11 Jefferson st. m9

EXCHANGE on Bordeaux, for sale by [illegible] A. F. MAGNAN, 25 St Louis st.

**Harpers' Magazine for February.**

Just received and for sale by J. B. STEEL, 60 Camp street, Opposite Commercial Place.

**Paper and Stationery Warehouse.**
*51 and 53 Common Street.*

E. R. STEVENS & CO, invite the attention of merchants, printers and others using articles in their line, to their extensive and varied stock of

PRINTING, WRITING and WRAPPING PAPERS
BLANK BOOKS, PLAYING CARDS,
AND STATIONERY.

adapted to almost every branch of trade, and for sale at the lowest prices.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Writing Paper, | Journals, | Steel Pens, |
| Printing Paper, | Ledgers, | Quills, |
| Book Paper, | Day Books, | Cash Boxes, |
| Colored Paper, | Cash Books, | Bill Head Boxes, |
| Envelope Paper, | Record Books, | Postoffice Boxes, |
| Hardware Paper, | Copying Books, | Wafers and Sand, |
| Cloth Paper, | Copying Presses, | Slates and Pencils, |
| Shoe Paper, | Playing Cards, | Ink stands, |
| Sampling Paper, | Printers' Cards, | Letter Files, |
| Druggists' Paper, | Writing Ink, | Padded Folios, |
| Grocers' Paper, | Copying Ink, | Tin Cutters, |
| Blotting Paper, | Printing Ink, | Ivory Folders, |
| Music Paper, | Round Boards, | Binders' Leather, |
| Sheathing Paper, | Straw Boards, | Binders' Cloth. |
| Envelopes, | Binders' Boards. | |

☞ We invite particular attention to our stock of BLANK BOOKS, which, for variety and extent, cannot be surpassed.

Also, to the following new articles for counting-houses, viz: Perry & Co's Double Action Extra Fine PENS, very flexible; Gillott's Double Elastic Liver-pool PENS, extra fine points; Mann's Patent Parchment COPYING LETTER BOOKS; Patent Letter and Invoice Gummed FILES. fe20 3m

**Penmanship and Book-keeping.**

New classes begin this week at DOLLEAR'S Academy, No. 106 Canal street, which is open the entire year. Citizens and strangers are invited to call. Private classes for Ladies. Persons from 6 to 60 years of age attend. A few lessons will correct the worst hand. Pupils from this establishment readily find employment in good houses.
fe14 2m RUFUS DOLLEAR, 106 Canal st.

**MRS. FREMINEAU,**
112 CANAL STREET.

DESIROUS of withdrawing from business, offers for sale at COST PRICE the fine assortment of Seasonable Goods she has on hand. The fixtures of said Store, which is well situated, being next to Mr Holmes' Store, are also for sale on very reasonable terms.

☞ Persons who are indebted to Mrs. Fremineau, are requested to call until March 1st and settle their accounts. fe12 1m

CARPETING, Floor Oil Cloth Matting.—A large assortment of Velvet and Brussels, Tapestry 3 plys, Brussels, Ingrains, Venetian Druggets, Crumb Cloths, Window Shades, Table and Piano Covers, Hair Cloths, Rugs, Mats and 2 Floor Oil Cloth, 24 feet wide new patterns lately received, and to suit all apartments. Matting 500 rolls white checked and fancy; all of which we offer at the lowest market prices.
A. BROUSSEAU & CO, mr7 1w 21 Chartres st.

**Hats, Hats, Hats.**
**Notice to Country Dealers.**

THE undersigned have just received by late arrivals from France and the North, a large assortment of Spring goods, which they offer for sale to country dealers at very moderate prices, to wit:
Silk hats of all qualities for men and youths,
Black and Grey hats do do do;
Felt do do do do;
Unprepared felt do of various colors;
Panama do do forms,
Double and plain Italian Straw hats of various forms;
Fancy Straw hats for children;
Amazon do for ladies;
Swiss and Mountain Straw hats for men and youths;
Campechy hats of all qualities for man and youths;
Palm Leaf do do do;
Various Sewed Straw hats;
Straw caps for youths and children.
—ALSO—
A large variety of fancy articles for youths and children. ALBERT & TRICOU,
m7 37 Chartres and 63 Royal streets.

**Marble Statues.**

RECEIVED on consignment, per bark Furica, a large assortment of Marble Statues, among which are:
2 Dancing Girls, copies from Canova;
Leda, by Tommaso Ratto;
Shepherd,
Child at Prayer, by Pompeian;
2 splendid Fountains, 10 feet high, with jets;
4 beautifully carved Mantels;
4 Marble Statues representing the Seasons;
9 Monuments, Urns and Crosses;
Garden Vases, &c.
The above are now on exhibition, and for sale at P. H. MONSSEAUX'S Marble Yard, corner St. Louis and Robertson sts. mh5

SPOOL COTTON—For sale to arrive ex ship Charles Cooper daily expected, 18 cases 3 cord 100 yds white sewing thread; also 3 cases do containing a variety of colors, by WILLIAMSON, ZARATIN & CO., 30½ Poydras st. mh1 1w

FINE MATTING—Just received ex bark Industria, a large assortment of fancy patterns, in pieces suitable for rooms of various sizes, for sale by WILLIAMSON, ZARATIN & CO, 30½ Poydras st. mh10 9w

CHAMPAGNE—For sale to arrive ex ship Henriberg, daily expected, 75 baskets of the Presidente brand, a very superior article by WILLIAMSON, ZARATIN & CO, 30½ Poydras street. mh11 1w

SCOTCH WHISKEY—The subscribers have still on hand, a few puncheons of the celebrated Islay and Campbeltown brands, for sale by WILLIAMSON, ZARATIN & CO, 30½ Poydras st. mh11 3w

CORKS—40 bales corks of 15,000 each, for bottling mineral water, just received and for sale by PAUL JOHN FILS & CO, 127 St Louis st. m10

SEGARS—25,000 Cabanas y Carbajal, Cabargas, Palma Celebrada, &c., for sale by S. DE VIGNES & CO, 54 and 56 Old Levee. m10

SWEETMEATS—160 boxes assorted, and Guava Jelly and Paste, landing per brig [illegible] from Havana and for sale by S. DE VIGNES & CO, 54 and 56 Old Levee. mh9

### REMOVALS, ETC.

**Removal.**

THE UNDERSIGNED begs leave to inform his friends and the public that he has removed his store from No 60 Canal street, (formerly No 13,) to No 118 on the same street, between Royal and Bourbon streets, (Touro's Buildings,) and that he will always have on hand a large and well selected stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, which he will sell at the very lowest prices.

Also: All kinds of Plantation goods and negro clothing always on hand. F. A. HEBRARD, No 118 Canal, between Royal and Bourbon streets, Touro's Buildings. fe15 2m

**Removal.**

F. FAERE & CO., have removed from No. 29 Magazine street, to the corner of St. Charles and Common streets, under the St. Charles Hotel, and invite the attention of their friends to their large stock of fashionable clothing, which is now rendered complete by recent arrivals from their manufactory in New York. n30

**Removal.**
**W. HARTKOPF.**

PIANO maker and importer of Pianos, begs leave to announce to his friends and to the public in general, in order to enlarge and improve his store, that he has removed from 172 Royal, to No 116 Royal, between St. Louis and Conti streets.

Has just received per ships Sea Eagle and Eastern Queen, from France, his supply of Erard's and Pleyel's Pianos of Paris, comprising a carefully selected assortment of all descriptions, consisting of Grand Pianos, Pianos upright obliques, Pianos upright.

Tuning and repairing promptly attended to. Pianos to hire and taken in exchange.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, he hopes by continued efforts to please, to retain his present patrons and make many new ones. o6

**$25 Reward.**

RAN AWAY, on the beginning of November last, the mulatto girl EMILIE, aged 21 years, ordinary size, well shaped, and yellow complexion. She used to hire herself by the week.

The above reward will be given to whomsoever will deliver her to her mistress, Mrs widow DECUIR, No. 113 Bourbon street. mh5

**$25 Reward.**

RANAWAY, on March 13th, 1853, a young negro girl named CORINNE, aged 17 years, very black, fine teeth, common size and speaking French. The above reward will be given to whomsoever will lodge her in one of the jails of this city. Apply to Mad. WIDOW LEVASSEUR, fe2 19 Dauphine bet. St Claude and Rampart.

**Time set for the Delivery of the Books of the Great Auction Sale of Spear & Co.**

THE public are informed that the delivery of the BOOKS secured at the GREAT AUCTION SALE will be delivered on the 25th March instant, or sooner should the sale be brought to an earlier close.

There has been some delay in consequence of the character of the sale being misunderstood, but now that the public is alive to its merits and perceive the fair and business nature of the purchases, confidence restored and unlimited is accorded to our proceedings. There is no trickery, no deception—all is open and above board—what is advertised will be carried out under the superintendence of the Judges publicly announced.

The great prize Books will be on exhibition towards the close of the sale—viz: AUDUBONS illustrated rare and valuable Works on Ornithology and on Quadrupeds—Boydells illustrated Shakespeare—and the Indian Gallery—till then, it would be unwise to subject them to inspection as they would be subject to be soiled or otherwise abused.

Those desirous of securing a useful or ornamental library at a cheap rate, should lose no time in embracing this opportunity at our office, 77 St. Charles street. [1067] THOS. J. SPEAR & CO

**PAPER & STATIONERY WAREHOUSE,**
**No. 57 Camp Street.**

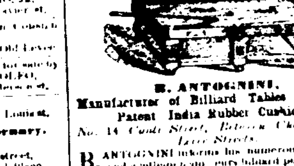
**PAPER STATIONERY**
Of Every Description.
WRITING, PRINTING & BOOK PAPER,
*Playing Cards, Printers' Cards and*
PRINTING INK.
**Blank Books of all Kinds.**
And a general assortment of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC STATIONERY,
Adapted to every branch of the trade.
HENRY L. POTTER, 57 Camp street. fe5 ly

**DUFFIELD'S**
**American Westphalia Hams,**
THE PIONEER BRAND
ESTABLISHED IN 1835, AND FOR WHICH
**A PRIZE MEDAL**
WAS AWARDED AT THE
**World's Fair,**
OR LONDON INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION IN 1851.

CAN BE HAD IN THIS CITY, throughout the present season, at the following establishments:
PETERS, MILLARD & CO, corner of Old Levee and Bienville street;
R. M. McALPIN & CO., No 20 Common street, and No. 33 Canal street Row;
HALL, KEMPE & CO, corner of Canal and Tchoupitoulas streets;
J. E. JOHNSTON & CO, corner of Magazine and Poydras streets;
WHITCOMB & LANIER, corner of Tchoupitoulas and Poydras streets;
A. J. ROBERTS & CO, No 10? Poydras street;
JOHN S. WALLIS, No 100 Magazine street;
DUDLEY & NELSON, No 20 Common street and 20 Canal;
G. M. BAYLY & CO, No 22 Common street and 2 Canal;
KENDALL, YOE & CO, corner of Gravier and Tchoupitoulas streets;
R. W. ADAMS, No 15 Tchoupitoulas street;
HOLMES & CLAUSS, No 9 Gravier street;
J. M. JOHNSTON & CO, No 3 Front Levee;
JNO. C. SHANNON, No 3 Fulton street;
W. S. WRIGHT & CO, No 31 Tchoupitoulas st;
CONVERSE & CO, corner of Lafayette and Tchoupitoulas street.

"Duffield was the FIRST to establish the character of Western Hams, and is, emphatically, the WESTERN PIONEER in the business. His cure is invariably good none better." [Cincinnati Gazette.

☞ Cured and for sale by CHAS. DUFFIELD & CO, Louisville, Ky.
MARTIN, OWEN & CO, Contracting Agents. f24 6m2dp



**B. ANTOGNINI,**
**Manufacturer of Billiard Tables and U S Patent India Rubber Cushions.**
*No. 14 Conti Street, Between Chartres and Levee Streets.*

B. ANTOGNINI informs his numerous customers and gentlemen, billiard players generally that after diligent researches and numerous trials, he has just obtained an extraordinary success in the manufacture of billiard cushions. These cushions are made of India rubber, they are entirely different from those made of caoutchouc and superior to all cushions hitherto used, both on account of their duration and the precision of the ball. Mr. Antognini will deliver, to whomsoever buys a billiard table in his establishment, a certificate warranting, for the time fixed by the purchaser, the duration of the table and cushions. Mr. Antognini avails himself of this opportunity to inform persons who, since 1849, have bought from him tables with French caoutchouc cushions, that he is ready to replace them, without charge, by India rubber cushions.

He has on hand a large assortment of new billiard tables made of solid mahogany, and second hand tables. There are also to be found in his establishment all articles pertaining to the game of billiard, complete sets of Loto and Ten Pin Alley balls and pins.

Persons who cannot visit New Orleans and wish to purchase some of the above named articles, are requested to forward their orders to E. Antognini, who will attend to them promptly and to the satisfaction of the purchaser.

N. B. Persons who wish to judge of the excellence of the above mentioned cushions, can call at the Veranda Billiard Saloon, No. 92 Common street, New Orleans. The prices are moderate. [illegible]

**Improved Copying Books.**

THE undersigned, Agents for the Southern States for MANN'S PARCHMENT PAPER COPYING BOOKS, are in receipt of a full supply of Pack et Post Size, with printed Index of 300, 500, 700 and 900 pages. The books are strongly bound and sewed on parchment, with horse backs.

☞ Wherever these copying books have been introduced, they have invariably been preferred over the ordinary kind.

☞ Fine writing on the common copying paper will run together, but a distinct and perfect copy can be taken on the PARCHMENT PAPER.

☞ The parchment paper being made from linen stock, can be written on without spreading.

Also a large supply of Copying Presses at reduced prices.

For sale by E. R. STEVENS & CO., 51 and 53 Common st. 1227 lm

**ADOLPHE BLACHE,**
**69 ROYAL STREET**

HAS just completed his assortment of seasonable Goods, comprising chiefly
Linen Goods of all sorts for Ladies,
Spring, Sandal wood Fans and others,
Mittens, Gloves and Parasols;
Embroidered and plain Handkerchiefs;
Scotch Thread and silk Stockings;
Fine Perfumery of the best Paris manufactures.
GENTLEMEN'S GOODS:
Drawers and Undershirts of all sorts;
Scotch Thread and silk Half Hose;
Linen, ball do, Jaconet, white and fancy;
Shirts from $12 to $30 per dozen,
Sewed shirt Fronts; do with mechanical folds;
Colored linen cambric, embroidered and festooned Cravats;
Silk, linen cambric and light silk do;
Scotch Thread and silk Gloves;
Light reasonable Suspenders;
White and printed linen cambric Hdkfs;
Merino, white Drilling and colored Gaiters. mh10

HAVANA CIGARS—Landing ex brigs Kite and Adams Gray, a great assortment of the well known brand La Intimidad—and expected per brig J. S. Gittings, 300,000 Cigars of the most favorite brands, Figaro, Espanola, Las Indias, Cosmopolita, Empire City, Gigantes, Cristovado, F. R. Marquez, Flor, Pero de Tenerife, Cabargas, &c. &c. to add to a stock of 1,000,000 Cigars always on hand, comprising all the sizes and qualities to please the most fastidious, the whole for sale by DELVAILLE & MORENO, mh11 1w 34 Old Levee.

LANDING ex ship Emma Watts, from Havre, and for sale by the undersigned—30 cases Nantz Sardines, in boxes, quarters do, two thirds and halves; 2 cases Truffled Pates, in qr and half boxes; 1 case Perigord Truffles, in boxes and half do; 3 boxes cooked Petit Pois. HENRY VALETON, 90 St. Louis st. mh10

**Wholesale Dry Goods Trade.**
JOSEPH H. PALMER & CO.,
*47 Camp Street,*

OFFER to city and country merchants a large assortment of NEW SPRING GOODS, at the lowest market prices, by the piece and package. mh9

IN STORE and for sale by the undersigned:—30 boxes J. Pepeno's assorted Fruits, in juice; 500 quarter boxes Sardines, brand Deffes & Co. 1000 half do do do;
130 baskets genuine Flagniol Oil;
40 casks White Wine Vinegar;
30 boxes Layer's Raisins;
10 do English Pickles;
4 do Worcestershire Sauce;
40 do Olives and Capers;
12 do French Pickles;
3 tons Gruyere Cheese.
FAURES & NORMAN, mh8 33 and 35 Royal st.

100 BALES Havana and Cuba leaf Tobacco for wrappers and fillers, superior segs:
20 sacks superior green Coffee;
20 thousand Havana Cigars;
20 cask Bergerac wine;
20 baskets genuine Flagniol oil;
20 boxes St Julien Medoc Claret;
40 baskets extra fine Bordeaux Anisered;
20 baskets Bordeaux liquors;
200 Tampico skins, landing ex schooner J Trueman from Tampico, and for sale by FCO. TIO, 56 St. Ann st. mr3

**J. CARBERGUE,**
*Merchant Tailor, Royal street No. 106 between St. Louis and Conti.*

HAS just received per ships Lemuel Dyer and Gen Harbet, from Havre, a complete assortment of black cassimeres, light black and colored cloths, new materials for vestings, plaid and colored drilling for pantaloons, drawers, and merino shirts, which will be sold at the lowest price. mh9 1m

PICKLED HERRING—50 kegs for sale by JOS. H. MARKS, 76 and 78 Magazine st. m9

PIMENTO—300 bags Tobasco Pimento, in store and for sale by J. M. CABALLERO, 36 Old Levee.

BRANDY CHERRIES—100 boxes for sale by JOS H MARKS, 76 and 78 Magazine. 1m

### AMUSEMENTS.

**ST. CHARLES THEATRE**

Last night of the engagement of that popular actress Mrs. ANNA CORA MOWATT, and last night of her comedy called FASHION.

SATURDAY evening, March 12th, The comedy by Mrs Mowatt, called FASHION. Gertrude, Mrs Mowatt, Adam Trueman, Mr Lyons, Count Jolimaitre, Mr Nagle; Snobson, Mr Dellar; Col How ard, Mr Stone; T Tennyson Twinkle, Mr Lowe; Zeke, Mr Duncan; Mrs Tiffany, Mrs Kemble; Prudence, Mrs Melville; Millinette, Mrs Stone. Between the play and the farce, Dance, FISHER'S HORNPIPE, by M'lle H. Vallee. To conclude with the farce of HERCULES KING OF CLUBS. Hercules, Mr Dellar.

☞ SUNDAY Farewell Benefit of MR. NAGLE.
☞ MONDAY Farewell Benefit of MRS. MOWATT.
☞ Mrs JULIA DEAN, is engaged and will shortly appear.

**PLACIDE VARIETIES.**

ANNUAL BENEFIT OF THE
**Firemen's Charitable Association.**

SATURDAY EVENING, March 12th, 1853, will commence with the comedy of THE SECRET. Thomas, Mr Holland. To be succeeded by the 5th act of Shakspeare's tragedy of RICHARD THE THIRD. Richard III, Miss K. Bateman, Richmond, Miss E. Bateman. After which the GRAND SICILIAN PAS DE DEUX, by M'lle Lucy Barre and Mr C. Hill. Followed by Miss E. BATEMAN in the character of LITTLE MOSE, reciting a FIREMEN'S ADDRESS. After which the comedy of THE YOUNG COUPLE, Charles, Miss E. Bateman, Henrietta, Miss K. Bateman. To conclude with the elegant comedy of WHERE THERE'S A WILL THERE'S A WAY. Don Manuel, Mr C. Howard, Don Scipio, Mr C. Holland, Donna Francisca, Mrs C. Howard, Donna Blanche, Miss Harcourt. ☞ Boxes 75 cts, Colored boxes 50 cts, Gallery 25 cts.

**SOUL STIRRING MUSIC,**
THRILLING NOVELTY AND SURPASSING EXCELLENCE. The Grand Champion of all Musical Wonders—
**THE INFANT DRUMMER**

Will give Grand Musical Festivals at ARMORY HALL, DAILY, at NOON, and EVENINGS at 8 o'clock, previous to his departure for Europe, on which occasion he will be assisted by the distinguished and talented Artists,
MME. EL DORA LOUIE,
And the Eminent Pianist and Ballo Singer,
PROFESSOR L. LOUIE.

For full and interesting particulars, see small bills, presenting attractions of Thrilling Interest and surpassing all the most unique and the exciting entertainments ever given in this country.

☞ Tickets 50 cents. Children and servants half price.

☞ Doors open at 11 A M and 7 P M to commence at 12 M and 8 P M. mh10

**GREAT SOUTHERN MUSEUM,**
**Nos. 105 & 107 St. Charles Street.**
Re-engagement of the
WILD BOY OF CEYLON,
And of the
CHINESE FAMILY

THESE greatest of human curiosities, each of which have been Magnets of Attraction to every visitor of the Museum, have been re-engaged and will appear every day and evening this week. The ZEUGLODON, the largest of antediluvian monsters, is also on exhibition. Together with the HAPPY FAMILY and numerous curiosities in every department of nature and art.

☞ Doors open from 9 A. M. until 10 P. M. A fine Band of Music in attendance. A Lady is always present to give polite attentions to ladies and families.

☞ Admission 50 cents. Children half price.

**American Giant Girl in Bloomer Costume.**
**The Exhibition of the Season.**

SIGNOR VANNUCHI'S Exhibition of Wax Statuary, &c., are now open at Commercial Hall, St. Charles street, corner Poydras. Admission 25 cents. Children and servants [illegible] price. Schools at a [illegible] rate. Teachers free. For particulars see small bills.

Open morning, noon and night, every day. In addition to the above the American Giant Girl, the largest female living. Only 17 years of age, measuring two feet four inches around the arm, five feet around the waist, weighing 457 pounds, and is remarkably well proportioned. Has been engaged for a short time. Her levees will commence on SATURDAY morning, 5th inst. No extra charge. f25

**Concert Hall and Lecture Room.**
*MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.*

Philippa street, between Canal and Common streets. THIS large and commodious Hall, which is capable of accommodating [illegible], is adapted to musical and oratorical [illegible], is now nearly completed, and will be immediately opened for the accommodation of persons requiring the above hall on the most reasonable terms. Apply to LUTHER HOMES, Treasurer, No. 106 St Charles st. o7 6m

**Pocket Map of New Orleans, &c.**

MAP OF NEW ORLEANS and Environs, by P. & A. Cohen, portable, expressly for Travelers.

COHEN'S Directory of the City and its Environs, for 1853, with the new Constitution of the State of Louisiana. ALEXANDER LEVY & CO.
For sale by Law Book Sellers and Stationers, No. 50 Camp street. fe24

THE UNDERSIGNED has the honor to inform the public and his friends that he has bought the contents of Mr. Nadaud de Treil's store, and wishes to continue the business with all his care, and to satisfy the purchasers. He respectfully requests a continuance of the patronage bestowed on his predecessor. CH. CASSICHET, 95 St. Louis st. fe24

IN STORE and for sale by the undersigned: 20 casks Claret; 25 do Bergerac Wine; 70 bbls white Wine; 10 Grande Champagne Eau de vie; 10 do do Cognac; 40 do do assorted Fruits; 10 bbls. of Bourbon Whiskey; 20 do Monongahela Whiskey; 15 quarter Madeira Wine; 10 do do Port Wine; 10 baskets Flagniol Oil; 20 boxes Vermouth, brand Noilly Son & Co.; 10 do Absynth; 20 do Kirschwasser; Grande Cognac, Jamaica Rum, old Madeira Wine. CH. CASSICHET, 95 St. Louis st. f15

RECEIVED per ship Conduct Dyer from Havre for sale by the undersigned; American extracts; fine French Perfumery from the best Parisian manufacturers such as Lubin, Guerlain, Prevet, Violet Bonnard, Riviere & Vincent &c.

Powders, soaps, pomatums, &c. cologne water, Paris water, dentifrice waters, vinegar, &c. &c. extracts of flowers, Pectoral paste, jujube paste, &c.

Patent Sedimette, chemical preparation to dye hair or beard, brown, black, or [illegible], in a minute without color.

Fever Balm and Whiskey immediate tinctures, to restore the use of the hair.

Peeler's Improved schools mechanical for the restoration of hair.
LION, FINSARD & CO, 8 and 9 Royal st, cor Bienville.

PORTABLE PHARMACIES—Received per ship Lemuel Dyer from Havre, complete portable pharmacies for family use, Plantations, &c. for sale by LION, FINSARD & CO, 8 and 9 Royal st, corner Bienville. mh1

INJECTION.—[illegible] Records Injection, a sure remedy, for sale by LION, FINSARD & CO, 8 and 9 Royal st. cor Bienville. mh1

LANDING ex ship John Cooper, from Marseilles, and for sale by the undersigned: 60 casks Bergerac Claret, Champagne, Pruple Bottles, Sauterne; [illegible]; 20 bags Bordeaux, Marseilles Oil, in large bottles, etc. E. TALAMON, 156 Royal st. [illegible]

DEMIJOHNS—Just landing, containing each 5 gals 100 do do do 3 gals; 100 do do do 1½ gals; 100 do do do 1½ do, expected per ship Zare Hamilton from Havre, and for sale by E. TALAMON, 156 Royal st. fe11

RECEIVED by steamship Wm Penn, Boston, Franklin and Empire City: 40 boxes Gum Arabic and Marshmallow Lozenges, all flavors.

Patent breast pumps with nonelastic bags attached, from the Union India Rubber Co.

Patent self injecting bag, with ivory tubes, manufactured under Goodyear's patent.

Glass, pewter, and Ivory Syringes, all sizes and patterns.

A fresh supply of Congress Water.
Thorn's compound extract of Sarsaparilla and Cubeba.
Sands' and S. P. T. Townsend's Sarsaparilla.
Sands' and Ball's Sarsaparilla.
Fahnestock and Winer's Vermifuge.
Swaim's celebrated Panacea.
Honey and Marshmallow Soaps.
Extracts, herbs, roots, powders, chemicals, cosmetical, patent medicines, perfumery, Ham, [illegible] Leeches, &c., constantly on hand and for sale by E. E. MOUGIN, Jos. [illegible] corner Dauphine and Customhouse. mr

**AT NO. 60 CAMP STREET,**
*(Opposite Commercial Place.)*
POPULAR SCHOOL BOOKS—At
**New Orleans Stationers' Warehouse,**

| | |
|---|---|
| Rowan's Modern French Reader, | Emerson's North American Arithmetic. |
| Fouey's Syllabaire Francais, | Smith's Arithmetic. |
| Comley's English Grammar, | Smith's Primary Geography. |
| Bullion's First Lessons in English Grammar | Morse's School Geography. |
| McGuffey's Eclectic Readers, | Worcester's Dictionaries. |
| Mandeville's Series of do | Smith's Anatomy, Mitchell's and Goodrich's School Geographies. |
| Goodrich's Child's History of the U. S. | Pinner Smiley's Dictionaries, Webster and Johnson's Almanacs. |
| Tower's Series of Readers | |
| Guernsey's History of the U. S. | |
| Willard's do do | |

An extensive assortment of Standard School Books and Miscellaneous Works, in every department of Literature, Science and Arts, together with every variety of Stationery in general use.
For sale by J. B. STEEL, 60 Camp street. m7

A LITHOGRAPHIC PORTRAIT of the Hon. Christian Roselius, in gilt frame, for sale by ALEXANDER LEVY & CO, Law Book Sellers and Stationers, No. 50 Camp street. fe23

**Law Books.**

ABBOTT on Shipping;
RUSSELL on Crime;
STORY on Promissory Notes;
STORY on Bills of Exchange;
STORY on Partnership;
LANDOWNER'S Manual.
And many other valuable Law Books. Together with a large collection of miscellaneous books, on all subjects and in several languages. New and second hand books, for sale cheap by J. FOWZER, m3 Franklin Book Store, Jackson Square.

**The Northern Farmer for February.**

JUST received and is ready for delivery, by J. FOWZER, Franklin Book Store, Jackson Square. feb 5

**VALUABLE TEXT BOOKS**
**On Natural Philosophy, Chemistry and Botany.**

JOHNSON & MOFFAT'S Natural Philosophy. Jones' Conversations on Natural Philosophy. Mrs Phelps' Natural Philosophy for Families and Private Students. Smellie's Philosophy of Natural History. Blake's Natural Philosophy with Dictionary of Terms. Silliman's, Blake's, Jones's, Phelps & Gray's Systems of Chemistry. Comstock's, Phelps' and Lincoln's systems of Botany. Together with a general assortment of the best standard school and college books for sale much below the usual rates by J. FOWZER, mh9 Franklin Book Store, Jackson Square.

**New Law Book.**

A SUPPLEMENT to HARRISON'S ANALYTICAL DIGEST, containing a Digest of all the reported cases decided in the Courts of Equity, Common Law, Admiralty, and Ecclesiastic Courts, and by the Lord Chancellor of Ireland, in the years 1848, 1850, and 1851. By R. Tarrant Harrison, Esq., carefully arranged by a member of the Philadelphia Bar. Vol. 7, 1853.
Just received and for sale by ALEXANDER LEVY & CO., Law Booksellers and Stationers, No. 50 Camp street. mh9

**TO MILLINERS.**

THE subscriber has received by the latest arrivals, a large assortment of Bonnet Ribbons, Straw Goods, Artificial Flowers, Embroideries, Lace Goods, and various other articles for millinery purposes, which he offers for sale on the most liberal terms.
J. LOUVRIER, No. 63 Customhouse st, fe25 1m 2 doors from Chartres.

IN store and for sale by the undersigned—15 casks Bergerac Wine; 10 do Haut Sauterne White Wine; 10 do do do; 6 half pipes Edmond Joubert's Cognac; 25 quarter pipes do do do; 35 do very old do do; 25 demijohns, containing each 5 gallons Irish Whiskey. E. LAMBERT, f21 64 Magazine st.