The New-Orleans Bee

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TERMS OF THE BEE.

SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily Paper, one year in advance $12
Country Paper, semi-weekly, one year in advance, 5

No subscription taken for less than a year. In all cases, whether the subscription be for the paper only, or to the paper and advertising, it will not be considered as discontinued on the part of the subscriber, unless one week's notice in writing be given previous to the expiration of the year.

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All notices of Candidates for political offices; all notices or articles of a personal nature (when admitted) will pay $2 per square, in advance.

J. MAGNE & WEISSE.

Candidates for Aldermen.

Mr. Editor.—Will you please to announce the following gentlemen as candidates at the Municipal Election to be held on Monday, 7th of April

FOR THE GENERAL COUNCIL.
First Municipality.
M. CRUZAT;
J. W. ZACHARIE;
A. PILIE;
L. R. FYNES.

ALDERMEN.
1st District—First Municipality.
LUCIEN HERMANN,
A. OBALDHE;
EUGENE MUSSON;
J. BENARD.
2d Ward.
NICHOLAS GURLIE;
EDOUARD FORSTALL.

PEOPLE'S TICKET.
FIRST MUNICIPALITY—First Ward.

FOR ALDERMEN:
JACKSON DUPLESSIS,
JOSEPH CURTIS,
F. SHIELDS.

Mr. Editor.—Please announce that RICHARD HAGAN has at the solicitation of a majority of the voters of the Fifth Ward, First Municipality, consented to become a candidate for Alderman of the Third Ward, at the ensuing election, and oblige, MANY VOTERS. 24

Messrs Editors of the Bee—Please announce that Mr. GEORGE K. ROGERS, will an opposed for Alderman in the First Ward, First Municipality

A LARGE NUMBER OF INDEPENDENT VOTERS

Messrs. Editors—Please announce Mr. PETER L. B. BURKLEMAN, as independent candidate to represent the Fifth Ward in the Council of the First Municipality. He will be supported by

A MAJORITY OF VOTERS.

We are authorised to announce J. A. BLANC, as a Candidate for Alderman of the First Ward, Third Municipality, at the request of MANY TAX PAYERS.

Messrs. Editors.—Please announce in your paper that a large number of voters of the Fourth District of the First Municipality will sustain Mr. HENRY DERAGUIN, as candidate for Aldermen to represent this district. MANY VOTERS.

Messrs Editors,—Please announce on the part of a large number of voters of the Fifth Ward, First Municipality that Mr. A. LAMICHEL will be supported at the ensuing election for Alderman, to represent this district

A large number of Citizens of both parties.

Mr. EDITOR—Please announce Mr. JULES LENOIR, as candidate for alderman of the Fifth Ward, First Municipality, who will be supported by

A LARGE NUMBER OF VOTERS.

Messrs Editors of the Bee—Please announce in your valuable paper that Mr. SYLVESTER MATHIEU MAGREAU will be supported as a candidate for Alderman of the Fourth Ward of the First Municipality at the ensuing election. MANY VOTERS OF THE WARD.

PERT & MORTON have removed to 48 Magazine Street.

DR. KAUFMANN,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
No. 110 St. Charles street. 1015—1m

Great Fall in Prices!

WHOLE & SALE.
GOODS AT RETAIL AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

At their Two Stores, Chartres street, No 30 and 54.

NOTICE—We have associated with us from the date of Messrs. J. G. STONE & WANTZ, OSKE, of this city.
CHARLES ODIER & Co.
1st September, 1844.

F. VORENBERGH & Co. No. 3 Old Levee will take Dental Insurance on Negro Slaves, Mulattoes, &c. connected by Benjamin H Field Esq. New York, or Mr. Field Phila. Esq. Boston. 3d

WILLIAM DAVIDSON & CO.,
Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,
No. 41 Canal street,
New Orleans.

MR. JOSEPH A. HALL is our legally authorized Agent and Attorney in fact, during our temporary absence from this city.
NORCROSS & FORDICK
ADVANCES—Liberal cash advances will be made on consignments of sugar, molasses and coffee, to our friends in Manchester.
REYNAUD & FALLON, 16 Bienville st

FORDICK & BROTHER,
Commission & Forwarding Merchants,
No. 56 Camp street, New Orleans.

BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co.
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
No 22 Tchoupitoulas street
LOUISIANA LEGION.

OFFICERS Commandant, Lt. Col. Gaines, companies of the Legion, are informed that the time allowed to the corps by the state, and by the second Municipality, for the year 1845, will be forty-eight hours, from the date signal, on Saturday next the 5th inst. at 5 o'clock, in the afternoon, in Rampart street, between Toulouse and St. Peter streets.
New Orleans, 31 April, 1845.
G. A. MONTMAIN,
Quartier Master of the Louisiana Legion.

HEAD QUARTERS,
New Orleans, January 29, 1845.
GENERAL ORDER, No 11.

An election will be held on the first Saturday in May next, at 6 o'clock, P. M. for the purpose of electing a Major General to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Major General E. Boze.

The polls will be opened from 10 to 12 o'clock, A. M. at each place assigned in each Brigade, viz.
1st Brigade ..... Carrollton.
1st do ..... Lafayette.
1st do ..... Nais-Hill.
1st do ..... Mandeville.
1st do ..... Mouton.
By order of the Commander in Chief.
J. A. ARMANT, Adjutant Inspt General.

REMOVAL.—DR. DE PALOS, Professor of Medicine, begs to inform his friends, he is to be Exchange Place, where he continues his office, to No 14 Exchange the French and Spanish Languages.

He respectfully informs the public, that he will continue with the Modern Languages, that he is in the habit of teaching, and endeavors to make the pupils understand and speak the Spanish and French, in a few months, the school being so easy, and elegantly, which enables the pupil to read and speak the Spanish and French, in a few months. The scholar being so much pleased with the labor of years to read in a few months.

Young gentlemen, wishing to join the evening classes are requested to enter their names before the 15th instant, for the present month, at No 14 Exchange Place, up stairs, office No 5, opened from 8 o'clock in the morning until 9 P. M. and from 4 o'clock in the evening until 9 P. M.

DAVID & CHAPUS.

HAVE just received by late arrivals from Europe and at reduced prices for cash or part, viz.

Ladies' straw hats, ribbons, flowers, umbrellas, laconets, page, gauze, gloves, stripes, and checked Swiss muslins, thread and cotton damask, ticks, checks and stripes, linen and nankeens, from Dundee, Cambrics for shirts, linen and cambric handkerchiefs, cambrics, dark, white and colored edges, napped petticoats, in fine neckcloths, gingham and toilenings, fine gauze, cotton with fingers, Irish linen for family use, warranted pure linen, by the piece and half piece, cotton, white and colored, cotton, Tyrol denims, paper muslin, as ortied colors, 3 b 11 11 4, 6 a 8 a 10 quilts, hand embroidered, thread lace, ladies collarettes, mens' fancy stripes, stripe drills, checked and fancy cords, ordered tube for vests, Worsted needles, sewing silk, silk pins, buttons, hooks and eyes, Marshall's thread, suspenders, tailor's chalk, &c. &c.

ARTICLES FOR TAILORS

Summer cloth from Paisley, Lupin and other manufacturers.

Fine and black colored Arabian, small checks (at black) black wool cassimere, new article for pantaloons.

Marcellas for vesting—entirely new style.

Cambrics, a new style.

Brown Hollands, wadding and canvass.

Chamois for lining, silk lines by button holes.

New Gutsandes for pantaloons.

Grey Bess.

Pressing silk of the marks Patrick, Riccar and Sobels.

Black tissue for vests or cassimeres.

Black silk and velvet serges, very durable.

VIRGINIA MANUFACTURED TOBACCO—We have to day landing from barque Avenue, from Richmond Virginia manufactured tobacco, of the following well known and highly approved brands.

J Thomas's 16 to the pound, Gibson's do do do
McDonald's do do do; Osborne & Bragg's do do do
pound plugs, direct from the manufactory of Osborne & Gregg, Richmond, Va. goods, which do warrant equal in quality to any in the city.

A. T. BURNLEY & Co. 26 Carondelet.

CIGARS—24,000 landing from steamboat Alabama, from Havana, different brands and qualities, for sale by
RAYMOND CABUZAT 21 Old Levee.

HAVANA SEGARS—1,000,000 assorted qualities, in store, for sale by J. M CABALERO, 32 Old Levee

SARDINA FISH—In small frame of 8 to 10 lbs, of the Medon mark, for sale by LORELIKE & Co.
Corner Royal and Conti streets.

PERIGORD TRUFFLES—45 boxes of various sizes, for sale by LORELIKE & Co.
Corner Royal and Conti streets.

SEGARS—50 bale Boxes No 1, for sale by
A. T. VERENBURGH & Co, 26 Old Levee

NEW ORLEANS BEE

J. MAGNE & WEISSE, PROPRIETORS.
NO. 81 CHARTRES STREET.

Official Journal of the State.

NEW ORLEANS.
SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 5, 1845.

The Charter Election in the city of New York which usually elicits an animated contest, seem this year to have occasioned more than ordinary excitement. There are three parties regularly in the field—the Whigs, Locofocos and Natives—to say nothing of the miserable squad of Abolitionists who have gravely put forth a vote of straw, to receive a hundred and fifty out of fifty thousand votes. Each of these parties has assumed an isolated and independent stand, and the triangular battle will be waged with *fierceness* and desperation. The Natives occupy the most unfavorable position of all the contending factions—they are the few, the powerless party, and are wicked fore and aft by broadsides from both the Whig and Locofoco press. It seems that the Natives are placed in office almost exclusively by the Whig party, not from any very marked sympathy between the two, but because the Whigs were unable of themselves to carry the city, but were anxious to beat the Locofocos, and willing for the nonce to confide in the promises of Corporation reform freely made by the Natives. The administration of the municipal affairs of New York under the latter has proved dissatisfactory. The Natives are charged with extravagance and mismanagement. They have moreover, pretty effectually alienated their former friends and allies by their overbearing and arrogant pretensions, and their disposition to ride rough shod over the Whigs. Consequently, the latter have cut loose from the connection, and leaving Nativism to fight its own battles with Mayor HARPER as its candidate and have nominated a true, faithful and able Whig DUNCAN SELDEN, as their candidate for the mayoralty. Mr. SELDEN has gone to work in this contest with a zeal and energy indicative of his intention to labor manfully in behalf of his party. He stumps it in every ward, before large and enthusiastic gatherings, and pours heavy and effective volleys into both locofocoism and nativism. Under the auspices of so distinguished a leader, the Whigs of New York appear determined not to suffer the election to go by default, but are rallying with uncommon vigor, and will poll a heavy vote, if they do not achieve an absolute victory.

On the other hand, the Locofocos, as is their wont, unembarrassed by entangling alliances and united as a phalanx in the contest for the City Government, have nominated a Mr. HAVEMEYER, a respectable gentleman of their party, and as they have in all probability the numerical strength, will, we apprehend, carry the election. The result might be considered uncertain but for the fact that quite a considerable segment of Whigs are warmly attached personally and politically to Mr. Harper, the present incumbent, and will doubtless sustain him for re-election. Nearly every vote given to HARPER will be a Whig vote, and will of course diminish the vote thrown for SELDEN, and in the same proportion increase the chances of success of the Locofoco competitor.

For our part, we are right glad that the Whigs have at length seen the wisdom of maintaining their independent organization. The Whig party numbers fifteen hundred thousand freemen. The idea of this immense body suffering itself to be swallowed up, absorbed by a party which is banded together for a single purpose, and repudiates all distinction of political opinion is supremely absurd. There can be but two great parties in a republican Government—Radicals and Conservatives. Shades of opinion upon political questions necessarily connected with the Tariff, Bank or Distribution questions may be freely entertained by either of the two parties. We ourselves are well known advocates of a reform in the Naturalization Laws, but we have no idea of permitting our homogeneity as Whigs to be utterly annihilated and lost in this question. The Whig platform is broad enough for us, and we need not be a jot less ardent in our defence of Whig principles, because we are desirous of purging the ballot-box and maintaining the purity of our elections.

A circumstance which has fatally injured the American Republicans at New York, is the inconceivably preposterous and narrow minded bigotry with which they have blended religious persecution, with their peculiar dogmas. This has disgusted—properly and rightly disgusted thousands of honest and true-hearted advocates of a reform in the Naturalization Laws, who are not disposed to infringe upon that sacred provision in the fundamental Charter of the Union—LIBERTY OF CONSCIENCE.

THE CONVENTION.

Mr. Dorris gave notice that he would move the reconsideration of the vote on Mr. Taylor's resolution relative to the Senatorial apportionment by the Legislature.

Mr. Garrett moved to reconsider the vote giving a Senator to Claiborne and Bossier.

Mr. Poole opposed the motion. After a protracted discussion, in which Messrs. Garrett, Brazeale, Benjamin, Porter, Downs, Mayo and *Messrs.* Taylor participated, the motion was put to the vote and lost—yeas 26; nays 40.

Mr. Downs proposed that the parishes of Jackson, Union, Morehouse, Ouachita and Caldwell should compose one Senatorial district, and be entitled to one Senator, and that the parishes of Franklin and Catahoula should constitute another, with one Senator.

Mr. Garrett moved that Caldwell be united with Catahoula and Franklin. He explained that the first district consisting of five parishes, would have a population of 8,000 souls; while the second consisting of but two parishes, would contain a population of 4,000 only, and that in such a distribution there would be flagrant inequality and injustice, which his amendment would correct.

Mr. Humble moved to lay the amendment on the table.

Mr. Lewis said that if we wished the Legislature to apportion the State equitably hereafter, we must set the example. To divide seven parishes into two districts, one containing five parishes and 3000 population, and the other two parishes and 4000 souls was grossly and glaringly unequal. He would therefore, sustain Mr. Garrett's proposition.

Mr. Downs declared that Catahoula and Franklin contained a larger extent of territory than the five others.

The motion to lay on the table was lost—yeas, 28; nays, 36.

Mr. Brazeale proposed to constitute the seven parishes into one district, and allow it two Senators.

Mr. Mayo moved to lay Mr. Brazeale's amendment on the table.

Mr. Brazeale withdrew his motion.

The question then came up on Mr. Garrett's substitute to unite the parishes of Caldwell, Franklin and Catahoula.

Mr. Mayo objected, because it would produce a great disparity betweeen that district and the county of Ouachita—rendering both districts very unequal in population.

Mr. Garrett's substitute was carried—37 to 27.

Mr. Downs then moved to reconsider the provision requiring the Legislature to re apportion the Senate in 1855. Carried.

A motion was then made to strike out 1855, and substitute "in any year in which they shall apportion representation." This motion prevailed.

Mr. Culbertson then moved to limit the Senate in all future time to 32 members.

Mr. Ratliff was in favor of fixing this limit, to be neither increased nor diminished hereafter, allowing the Legislature hereafter only to equalize representation, by changing the apportionment according to circumstances.

Mr. Lewis then moved to strike out the whole sentence and simply state that the Senate consist of 32 members. The motion prevailed.

Mr. O'Bryan moved to strike out the basis of total population and substitute that of electors.

This was resisted as out of order, but after some discussion the President decided that the motion was not in order, the motion to strike out having been once before rejected.

Mr. Downs offered an amendment requiring that in future apportionments, the population of New Orleans shall be separated from the rest of the State, and have four members; and then the remainder shall be apportioned according to the basis of total population—and further that after a new apportionment, the Senate shall be vacated until a new election be held.

The motion of Mr. Benjamin, it was ordered to be printed.

Mr. Preston moved to reconsider his vote on the basis of total population. He had always preferred the electoral basis, but had voted for the former in a spirit of compromise, though against his better judgment.

The motion to reconsider was lost—24 to 37.

Mr. Lewis now proposed to amend that portion of the section which divides the city of New Orleans into three Senatorial districts, so that the city shall form one district and be entitled to four Senators. He was surprised at the proposition to divide it had ever been made. He felt as much with regard to the country, it would have excited great indignation. There was great jealousy of the city prevalent in the country, nor was he prepared to say that this jealousy was utterly without foundation. New Orleans would probably at no distant day outnumber the balance of the State.

Looking to the representation of the city in the House, he found a single parish divided into nine election districts, and now an attempt was made to divide it for the Senate in the teeth of the principle that representation should be equal and uniform. New Orleans was restricted to one eighth of that body. By the basis adopted, 9000 persons in the country were equal to 45,000 in the city. This might be necessary, but it was not equality, and it was neither fair, proper nor just to subdivide the city still further. But if it must be subdivided, in the name of justice, let it be done as equally as possible.

Mr. Merigny was in favor of the section as it stood. As the total population had been taken for the basis, the 1st Municipality having 50,000 in 1840 was entitled to two Senators; while the 2d and 3d having the one 22,000 and the other 28,000 were entitled to but one apiece. Moreover, the population of the Second Municipality was, in a great degree, a floating population.

He opposed any other division than the one contemplated by the section, because in his opinion, it would tend to concentrate power in the 2d and 3d Municipalities at the expense of the First. He further contended that there was a great diversity of interests between the several municipalities.

The Convention adjourned, Mr. Rosselius having the floor.

We announce with pleasure the name of Mr. LUCIEN HERMANN, as a Candidate for Alderman, of the 1st Ward, First Municipality, who has consented, at the solicitation of his friends, to have his name brought forward.

We have been requested to publish the following letter:—

Messrs Editors of the Bee—Permit me to call the attention of the Electors on the following Ticket, which seems to me to contain the names of gentlemen deserving to be elected at the ensuing Municipal Election, on Monday:

Members for General Council.—Messrs. Manuel Cruzat, J. W. Zacharie, A. Pilie and Louis Fynes.

Aldermen.—First District—Messrs. Lucien Hermann, Eugene Musson, A. Graillhe and J. J. Benard.

Second Ward—Messrs N. Gurlie and E. Forstall.

Fifth Ward—F. Cerripolles.

Fifth Ward—Jules Benit.

I have the honor, &c.

METAIRIE COURSE RACES.—The entire Friday for the purse of $1,000, four mile heats, are Rover, Jerry Lancaster, Tarantula, Joe Chalmers and Marco, each of which has gained the highest laurels in well contested fields at different distance. We predict a brilliant race and thousands in attendance.

The race which is to follow promises to be still more interesting, if we are to judge from the amount of money betted upon the result.

The celebrated pacing horse *James K. Polk*, is for a bet of $3,500, to beat *Jim Brennan*, in a distance of two miles, 500 yards, both to go under the saddle.—He may do it, but he will be compelled to go at a rate that no pacing horse ever yet has done. We name his time 4, 58, if called upon!

THE QUICKEST TRIP ON RECORD.—The magnificent steamer *Bulleanc*, made her last trip from this city to Louisville, in four days, twenty-one hours and fifty eight minutes!—the shortest time in which the trip was ever accomplished up stream.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—If "*Tiny Cochrane*," will embody his views in a form more suitable to our columns, we will cheerfully give them publicity.

CHARLES A. FLETCHER, Esq., a member of the Maryland House of Delegates, from Washington county, died a few days ago at his residence, in the 29th year of his age.

The trial of Polly Bodine has been resumed, in consequence of the recovery of the juror who had been ill. The examination of the witnesses was not yet concluded at the last accounts.

At the election of town officers in the borough of York, (Pa.) a few days ago, the whigs elected their whole ticket. In the county of York, the general results of the election was decidedly favorable to the whig cause.

REMOVALS AND APPOINTMENTS.—The rumors of the appointment of Col. Garnner, of Mr. Washington, Seth Barton and Dr. Miller, are all confirmed. The latest *do dit* now is, that Anson Kendall! will be appointed Minister to Spain in place of WASHINGTON IRVING—We hope, for the sake of Mr. Polk's reputation, that this will prove mere surmise.

A SERIOUS BLOW AT AMERICAN SHIPPING.—The *Courier des Etats Unis*—quoting probably from some Paris journal—says that the schedule for the approaching adjudication of tobacco to be imported from the U. States into France will contain a clause requiring, but with certain restrictions, that all the tobacco shall be exported in French vessels. The *Courier* adds that the duty on American tobacco, imported into any of the French colonial possessions, is to be increased.

NAVAL.—The Hon. John Y. Mason, United States Attorney General, has been appointed by the President Acting Secretary of the Navy, during the temporary absence of Mr. Bancroft.

Orders are received in Boston from the officers of the U. States ship *Constitution*, under command of Captain Percival, state that she was to leave Zanzibar, on the 26th November, for the Island of Sumatra.

A Washington letter says that the vote in the Cabinet, on the selection of a Government "Organ" was as follows:—

For the Globe, under Mr. Blair—Messrs. Buchanan, Mason and Walker.

Whereupon Colonel Polk decided the question by giving the casting vote in favor of the "*Globe*."

WAR WITH MEXICO.—The New York *Journal of Commerce*, of the 27th ult., says:—General Almonte has received advices from his Government since the overthrow of his particular friend Santa Anna. The Ambassador has been recognised by the new Government, but will nevertheless, return home on the first of April. He expresses the opinion that as the Resolutions for the annexation of Texas were passed by so very small a majority, that the Mexican government will not think it necessary to disturb the friendly relations now existing between the two nations.

The New York papers announce the decease of Mr. Willis, wife of N. P. Willis, editor of the *Evening Mirror*. The New York *Commercial* says:—Mr. Willis married in England; and often, when we have met him walking in Broadway, with his life's companion, we have thought upon the woman's devotion which sustained and cheered her in her severance from country and kindred—never without a hopeful wish that a long life of happiness might be the sure equivalent for all she had given up. Youth and beauty was knew to be a portion of the dower she had brought her husband; and we had heard that they were accompanied in rich measure by the graces of mind and heart. It is a heavy blow under which Mr. Willis is called upon to exercise his fortitude.

At Mr. SEGUIN's benefit at Mobile on Tuesday night, an incident occurred particularly gratifying to the fair beneficiary. In the Tamborine dance, in the Bohemian Girl, a magnificent bouquet, attached to which was a diamond ring, was thrown to Mrs. S., while bouquets and money were showered down from all parts of the house. After the performance, Mrs. SEGUIN, accompanied by her husband, appeared in front of the curtain, and read the following note:

"To Mrs. SEGUIN:

"Please receive this as an humble offering from those who are the appreciate, and who are free to pay their homage to talent.

"Mobile, April 1, 1845."

After thanking the public in a neat and appropriate speech, she retired amid the cheers of the audience.

The Caddo *Gazette* of a late date has the following:

The execution of the slaves Nelson and Asbury took place on Friday last betw en the hours of 3 and 4, in conformity to the sentence. Nelson met his fate with apparent calm resignation.—the other maintained a dogged indifference. The practice of sending slaves to witness the execution of their fellows as a terror to them, has many advocates, but we are inclined to doubt its efficacy. We took particular pains to notice, on this occasion, the effect which the horrid spectacle would produce on their minds, and our observation taught us, that while a very few turned with loathing from the scene, a large majority manifested that levity and curiosity superinduced by witnessing a monkey show.

DISTRESSING.—The Wilmington (Del.) Journal, says:—

A short time ago we publish ed a letter from Dover, detailing an account of the burning of a portion of the dwelling of George P. Fisher, Esq., and the intrepid rescue of his two children from destruction by Miss Richards; the children and Miss Richards being severely injured. We regret to learn that both of the children have since died, and that Miss Richards is still dangerously ill.

Quite a young servant girl in the family of Mr. Fisher, has confessed that she set fire to the bed, in which the children slept, for the purpose of destroying them. She is now in Dover jail.

ARREST.—We learn that one of the cabin passengers who came out in the packet ship Westminster, arrived yesterday from London, has been arrested, charged with passed off Bank Bills; she was boarded by two police officers, from a pilot boat, who remained on board until the ship reached the wharf, when they made the arrest. The prisoner had his wife and two children with him, and had been a great favorite during the passage. Only $76 were found in his possession.—*N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.*

MELANCHOLY.—We regret to say that Dr. Miller, of Williamsburg, was found in the hold of the ship Henry Clay, yesterday morning, dead. It is supposed that while the company were on board the launch, Dr. Miller went below, and the hatches of the main deck being closed, it was entirely dark and he fell through the hatchway of the lower second deck upon the stone ballast at the bottom.—*Journal Commerce.*

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.—That charming actress Mrs. Kent, take a benefit this evening, on which occasion will be presented for the first time in this city, Bouucicault's new comedy entitled, *Old Heads and Young Hearts*; together with Sheridan's farce of *The Critic*. We hope her numerous friends and admirers will not fail to be present.

George Munday, the bare-headed prophet, will lecture this evening at the Washington Armory, Camp street. Subject—Truth as an element of happiness—Falsehood as an element of crime. Admittance—25 cents. The proceeds, after defraying expenses, to be given to the Orphan Asylum. The lecture will commence at 7 o'clock.

METAIRIE COURSE.—JOCKEY CLUB RACE.—*Spring Meeting*, 1845.—Third Day, Friday, April 4th. Proprietor's Purse, $500—three mile heats.

Wm. Baird's ch. f. *Narise*, by imp. Jordan, out of Louisiance, 4 y. o. 1 1
George Elliott's bl. c. *Iago*, by Othello, dam by Timoleon, 4 y. o. 2 2
Scruggs & Fanning's b. c. *Illinois*, by Medoc, dam by Bertrand, 3 3
A. H. Carroll's ch. f. *Oleander*, by imp. Glencoe, dam by Bertrand, 4 dis.
Time—5 41; 5 39.

Both heats were well contested by *Iago*, who was the favorite at starting at odds of two to one vs. the field.

ROBBERY.—The Treasurer's office of the St. Charles Theatre, was entered on Thursday night, and the iron safe robbed of $611, in silver and bank notes. It appears that the Treasurer, about two months since, lost one of the keys of the safe, and upon entering the office yesterday morning, discovered the lost key in the lock of the safe, which had been stripped of its contents, with the exception of a small amount of gold, which was overlooked by the thief.

CRIMINAL COURT.—John Hushagen, and John Potts, indicted for receiving stolen goods, and James Butler, charged with larceny, were yesterday arraigned and severally pleaded not guilty.

The District Attorney filed a bill of information against William, alias Simpson, for larceny.

Nolle prosequi were entered by the District Attorney, in the cases of John Jackson, Abraham Kingston, alias G. Smith, Eliza Lafleche, Laura Hommers and Eliza Hulzof, charged with larceny, and John Burns and Peter Gilomey, charged with assault and battery.

RECORDER BALDWIN'S COURT.—Edward Canfield, John Hagen and William Watts were yesterday examined before the Recorder, on the charge of assaulting and beating Antonio Vidal, and fully committed to prison. Elias Fernandez, before the Criminal Court, Odyssee, f. w. c., arrested for stealing a quantity of dry goods from different stores in Chartres and Canal streets, was committed for trial before the Criminal Court.—Eliza, Priscilla and Frances, three slaves arrested upon similar charges, were sent before Recorder Genois, for examination.

RECORDER GENOIS' COURT.—Eliza, a slave of Madame Lamar; Priscilla, a slave of Madame Cubelier; Frances Preck, a slave of Madame Arche, and Caroline, the slave of Madame Villery, were yesterday brought before the Recorder, charged with stealing dry goods from the stores of Messrs. Dameron & Todd, Barrier, Simpson, Riley, Sawyer, etc., on Chartres and Canal streets. Some two or three hundred dollars worth of stolen goods having been found in their possession, they were all remanded to prison for further examination.

LATEST DATES

Boston	Mar 29	London	Mar 1
New York	Mar 29	Liverpool	Mar 1
Philadelphia	Mar 27	Paris	Mar 1
Baltimore	Mar 28	Havre	Mar 1
Washington	Mar 28	Mexico	Mar 5
Charleston	Mar 26	Tampico	Mar 14
Savannah	Mar 28	Vera Cruz	Mar 14
Louisville	Mar 29	Houston	Mar 22
Cincinnati	Mar 28	Galveston, approx	Mar 28

MONEY MARKET

Consolidated	1946 17	cent discount
Citizens'	9a10	do.
Improvement	6a7½	do.
Louisiana	5a6	do.
Exchange	50a61	do.
Relinding	8a10	do.
United States Treasury Notes—		
$1,000 bills,		
$500 bills	none to market	
$5 and $100 bills		
Kentucky	par@1½	do. discount
Tennessee	1a1½	do.
First Municipality	par	
Second Municipality	par	
Third Municipality	par	
Alabama	¾a¾	do. do.
Ohio	¾a¾	do. do.
Illinois	none	
Indiana	1½@1	do. do.
Texas Treasury Notes	1½@1	discount of a dollar.
Do Bonds	17a19	do do

WESTERN PRODUCE.—A very fair amount of business has been done in the Provision market during the last three days, and prices at all kinds are fully sustained with a tendency to advance. Pork is in good request at $12 bbl for Mess, some are holding at 12 5; MOSS 12 75. Prime $11 00@11 25; Rump Pork $10 50 @ barrel. The transactions in Mess Beef have been limited at former prices, say, 90 @ 95 barrels sale bs 30 on barrel; Prime Beef $7 50 @7 75 @ barrel. Bacon $10 50 @ barrel. The stock of Lard is low, good quality selling readily at 7½ cents @ lb, and the tendency of prices is still upward. There has been a great demand for Bacon since our last, and prices have further improved. We quote Shoulders 5a5½; Sides 6½; Uncovered Hams 6½@7½; Canvassed do and Skins raised 6@10 cents @ lb.

WHISKEY.—We have had a limited demand for this article since our last, and the article seems to ease off a little. Sales 19 cents @ gallon for Rectified. Common is held at 20@21½ cents.

BAGGING AND BALE ROPE.—There has been no change in the market during the past few days, and the transactions have been too limited to merit particular attention. We quote Kentucky Bagging 10@10½ cents @ yard, cash, and 10½@11 cents on time; Kentucky Rope 5½@6½ cents @ lb, according to terms, cash; &c.

SALT.—We are now advised of Lady's sale of Liverpool salt from shipboard since our last. Less from second hand are selling at former prices, say for coarse from 90 to 95 cents; fine 1 00 @ 1 05 @ sack. There is nothing doing in Turks' Island.

COFFEE.—Rio Coffee has been in very good demand at former prices under better than before, we quote from 8@6½ cents @ lb according to quality, very dull, the heavier part can be had at the middle figure. Scarcely anything is doing in other descriptions.

GRAIN.—There is an abundant supply of Corn in market without much demand. Prices have not varied since our last, and we quote Ear Corn at 75@80 cents @ barrel; in selling 80@85 cents @ barrel. Oats are in fair demand at 42@45 cents @ bushel in bulk, and 50@60 cents in sacks. There is no Wheat on sale.

BUTTER.—No alteration has occurred in the market since our last. Western Butter is selling pretty freely at 8@10 cents @ lb. Goshen is held at 12@14 cents @ lb according to quality.

CANDLES.—The supply of Sperm Candles is large, but there is little or no demand for them. Prices are unchanged and we quote New Bedford and Boston 27@27½ cents; Nantucket, do 26@26½ cents @ lb.

RICE.—Small mills of Rice are made at $6 37½@6 62½ @ 100 lbs, according to quality.

EXCHANGE.—At the date of our last report the market for Bills of Exchange was much depressed, in consequence of the large amounts tendered for sale, but since then the offerings have diminished, and the rates now ruling show a decided improvement, the tendency of the general range of the market, although some bills are selling much below what we quote. There is very little doing in Francs, which we quote from 5 3 @5 2½; Bills on New York at 60 days sight, be quoted at ½@¾ cent discount, and at sight at ¼@½ cent premium.

EXCHANGE OUT DOORS

Sterling	7½ @ ½ pct. prem
France	5 3 @ 5 2½
New York, on 60 days sight	½ @ ¾ pt. dis.
do 30 sight checks	50 @ 60 pt. c
do 10 days sight	75 @ 1 pct. c
do 5 days sight	1 @ 1½ pct. c
Philadelphia, Balto, Cinn	½ @ ¾ pt. dis.
do sight	½ @ ¾ pt. dis.
Boston, sight	½ @ ¾ pt. dis.
Cuba, sight	½ @ ¾ pt. dis.
Sugar and Molasses from Cuba, @ bbl	$4 00 @ $4 50
Rum do do do	$3 00 @ $3 50
Jots of bills to the north	$5
Lots of bills to the north	$5

TO THE QUEEN OF CYPRES.

P. IHOS,

HAS the honor to inform the public that he will open on Monday the 1st, his Store at the corner of Perdido and St. Peter streets, and that he will have constantly on hand an extensive assortment of French, English and American GOODS.

He solicits the patronage of the inhabitants of the city and country, assuring them that he will continue to merit the favor of purchasers, by the low prices at his goods sell their super quality.

To his patrons—customers his sincere thanks for the patronage heretofore bestowed upon him, trusting they will continue their liberal support.

He offers the following articles, received by late arrivals. Blended Cartans and Organ lies

Jaconas—printed new styles; Batistes; Mousselines, Bareges; Grenadines; Poplins; blue and white, half mourning, and green dot prints, white and black barege de veils; striped do, satin Zephyrs

A large assortment of Swiss Muslins, cure fine, fine and ordinary; embroidered white and colored for dresses

White Muslins, 4 to 7 yards and wide reel, for dresses; Check Muslins, large Romeros and checked do, for morning gowns and curtains;

Small striped and checked Muslins for blouses and morning gowns;

Embroidered Cambric Muslins for dresses, full, blue and checked, dotted, satin, plain and edged;

Cambrics, a large assortment of 4 fabrics from cheap fine and ordinary, manufactured expressly for family use;

Sheeting 1½; Pillaters and Bongrenes, assorted qualities; Pure Dublin, for waste, for pastel color;

Linen Aprons and Lockets;

Black Silk and grey Lusen for lining;

Black and white Cambrics;

Lupin and others, double chain;

Alpacas and Merinoes, assorted qualities;

Black Alpacas and Mousseline de laines, small and large patterns;

A large assortment of Silk, Pissette, Fil d'Ecosse, and Cotton Stockings, for women and children;

Black, white, pink, plain, embroidered and open worked, dot, white and unbleached horse stocks, extra size white and black Cashmere Stockings for men;

Egyptian Flax and genuine Lisle Thread short Gloves and Mitts, with fingers, for women and young girls;

Gros de Naples and Silk Twill, assorted white;

Black Silk and colored Velvets;

A fine assortment of linen cambric Hdkfs, embroidered, and hemstitched, for gentlemen;

Watered Hdkfs embroidered and hemstitched;

Do do do Hemstitched, with open work corner and together; Do do do;

Scotch cambric Hdkfs, embroidered, printed and hemmed, without edging;

French Hemstitched ditto, assortment Madras and India;

Gentlemen's fancy Cravats in Polka;

Polka Handkerchiefs for children and ladies;

Parasols and half Parasols;

Thread and cotton stuffs for Mosquito Netting;

Glasses cut for oil cloth;

Black and white silk, thread and cotton Lace;

Worked and unbleached Cotton and Bed ticking;

French, English and American Cottonades;

Linen and Cotton Bed Ticking;

Plain and Colored Cotton for Dresses;

Tow cloth and black sewing silk;

Assorted Thimbles, Needles, black and white port and Hose Buttons;

Silk tassel Strings and Thread do for dresses;

Pearl Buttons for do Strings;

French and English Gimp and Tape;

Silk and cotton white and black Tassels;

Fine and common Perfumery in setting of Perfumes and Medicine do Bottles; Cologne Water and other Perfumes, Brushes, &c. &c.

P.S.—Black and white lace veils, genuine and imitation.

NOTE of $.22 $3.100, with the interest authorized by the law cited per annum, issued by Mr. Annette Nauin, in favor of Mr. Charles Fourcade, dated New Orleans Nov. 1st, 1841, payable four months from date, endorsed by Mr. Vavasor by J. B. Mc Neary Public having been lost or mislaid, and the parties are hereby warned against negotiating or receiving the same, as I am ready to pay the money to the legal holder thereof.
J. MUSON.

BANK OF LOUISIANA,
New Orleans, 24 April 1845.

A MEETING of the Stockholders of this Bank, will be held at the Banking House, on Monday the 14th of May next, at 12 o'clock, to deliberate on an increase and amend the several acts of the Legislature relative to the adjustment of the debt of the Bank, and to recommend proper measures for the Directors to adopt in the premises.

By order of the Board.
WM. K. LEVESON, Jr.
Cashier.

FIREMENS CHARITABLE ASSOCIATION.—N. O. April 1, 1845.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors, it was resolved in the Hall of Philadelphia Fire Company, No. 14 on Saturday Evening next, 5th instant, at 7 o'clock.

By order,
THOMAS LAGAN, Secretary.

GROCERY STORE FOR SALE—The well established store at the corner of Royal and Barracks streets—Lease made to be sold in block. For particul